# TICOM

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#### CONTENTS:

- Experiments in Spread Spectrum Interception Pg. 2
- Bell System Special Services Interexchange Customer Handbook CLCI, NC, NCI Codes - Pg. 3-19

## Experiments in Spread Spectrum Interception

Having an interest in unusual and "exotic" communications equipment, I recently acquired a Transcrypt SC-1000 frequency hopping spread spectrum (FHSS) transceiver at a local hamfest (It pays to check them out. You never know what you might find.). FHSS is used as a means of combating jamming and signal interception in a few communications systems. The biggest one that comes to mind is SINCGARS (Single Channel Ground/Air Communications System) used by the U.S. Military. I wanted to see just how secure it is against commonly available commercial off-the-shelf equipment. The unit operated in the VHF-high band, and when not in "comsec mode" was a single channel frequency agile transceiver operating in the 163-173 Mhz. Range. The following pieces of equipment were used in evaluating the transceiver:

- ♦ Information Security Associates ECR-1 TSCM receiver/spectrum analyzer
- ◆ Optoelectronics R-10 Interceptor near field receiver
- ♦ Icom R-10 communications receiver
- ♦ Aceco FC3002 frequency counter (reaction tune capability with Icom receiver)

The objectives of this exercise were to determine how easily it would be to detect the FHSS signal, and to see if it were possible to actually hear the transmitted audio while in FHSS mode. The first step was to fire the thing up in single channel mode, make sure it worked, and make sure the test equipment worked. The transceiver was attached to a dummy load, and keyed up in single channel mode. It was a stock VHF-high FM transceiver. The ECR-1 showed a nice spike on the screen, the Opto Interceptor locked on the signal, and the Aceco frequency counter registered a hit and tuned the Icom R-10 to the frequency. No problem. Now for things to get interesting.

I flipped the "comsec mode" switch to "on", and keyed the thing up. The first thing I noticed was that the frequency counter and Icom receiver reaction-tune combo did not detect a signal. That was no surprise. The FHSS signal hopped too quickly for the counter to get a lock, yet alone tune a receiver via a 9600 baud TTL serial link. Optoelectronics is currently selling a "Digital Scout" that allegedly has the capability to measure TX frequency on FHSS signals. Since I don't have one handy to evaluate, it remains to be seen how well it would work. Taking the Aceco out of "capture mode" and using it as a regular frequency counter however would result in the frequency display showing a signal within 500 KHz.-1 MHz. The counter had to be within a foot of the transmitter (keying into a dummy load though) to get this reading however.

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The next piece of test equipment I checked was the ECR-1. The spectrum display clearly showed a nice FHSS signal. One could even narrow the display down to the 10 MHz. of spectrum the transceiver operated on, and make out individual frequencies in the hopping pattern. The receiver's sweep speed, however was not quick enough to make out the audio of the transmitter while it was in FHSS mode. All one heard was a "popping" sound above the squelch noise. A FHSS signal makes a distinguishable pattern on a spectrum display, provided one is looking at a wide enough chunk of the spectrum. If I went down to too narrow a display, I wound up "missing" parts of the hopping sequence, and an unskilled operator may overlook the signal. Interestingly enough, on a wide enough sweep range, I could make out the second harmonic of the transmitter hopping in time to the fundamental frequency.

Finally there was the surprise of the experiment. The Optoelectronics R-10 Interceptor continually locked on to, and followed the FHSS signal. The sweep speed of the R-10 was quick enough to allow one to hear the transmitted audio! It wasn't perfect. The audio sounded "clipped" as the Interceptor was still playing catch-up. The Interceptor near field receiver would lock onto any strong local signal, and this would result in losing the FHSS signal. Upon hitting the skip button on the Interceptor however, it would shortly reacquire the signal. The evaluation was done in a rural area where there were few "near field" signals, which meant there was little for the Interceptor to lock onto. This technique would probably be less effective in an urban area with more radio traffic. The lack of a delay period before resuming its sweep proved to be a handy feature for tracking the FHSS signal well enough to hear the transmitted audio. The Interceptor is a neat piece of equipment that many clueless hobbyists didn't understand, but the pros knew better. It harks back to the days before the cellular phone companies managed to pay off enough CONgressmen (congress is the opposite of progress) to declare 54 MHz. of spectrum "private" (as if passing a law would do that), and a symbol of eliteness was a 2135 key. (I wonder how many modern "hackers" play around with items that require a 2135 key, or even real-world locks these days?)

In conclusion, FHSS is readily detectable and even able to be monitored under certain circumstances depending on available equipment and other factors. There are few things a skilled operator with a spectrum analyzer cannot detect; which is probably why it is the number one piece of equipment used for RF sweeps by TSCM pros. The transceiver I used for the evaluation only operated in a small 10 MHz. piece of RF spectrum. SINCGARS transceivers have 58 MHz. of operating space, so I suspect monitoring more modern FHSS equipment would be more difficult. Additionally, encrypting the signal with a good cryptographic system would prevent communications from being monitored (but not detected); which is the case with the latest SINCGARS units. Frequency hopping spread spectrum initself does offer security against the common



scanner dweeb and others using less sophisticated monitoring equipment and techniques.



 Circuit Identification and Interface Code Descriptions

# 4A. Circuit Identification

New Common Language Circuit Identifiers (CLCI) are provided to allow discrete identity for LATA Access Services. The following example and tables are referenced in BSP 795-402-100 which is currently being revised.

Telephone Number Format

PRF	FIX	CODE	-	MODI	TER		CODE	
- ILL			-	110021				1
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

Serial Number Format

SERVICE

PREFIX	CODE		MODIF	IER	SI	ER	[A]	- NI	JMB	ER	
1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1

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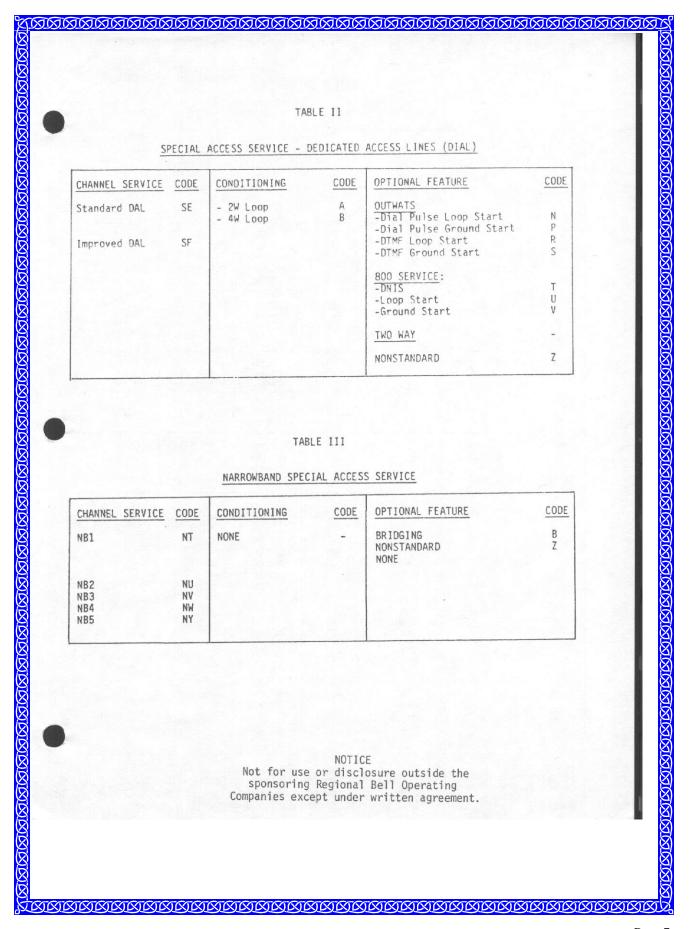
					tifier # Tracter #	Position 5
Service	Codes					
Characte	r Pos	ition 3-4		INT	ERLATA	INTERLATA
				INT	RASTATE	INTERSTATE CODE DESCRIPTION
USE	CODE	USE	CODE			ALL SVC TYPES
Switched	1	Tele-	TV		F	G DATA AND VOICE
Access	SB	vision	TW	and the loss		
	NT	2	WJ	Modifier #2		
	NV	Wide	WQ	(Character Po	sition (	6)
Narrow	NV	Band	WL			
Band	NW	Analog	WR	SPL ACC SVC	SPL ACC	C SVC
	NY		WN	EXCEPT GOV'T	GOV'T S	SVC CODE DESCRIPTION
	LB		WP	S	М	All Fax and equip. excluding
	LC	Dedicated	SE			IC is BOC provided.
	LD	Access	SF			
	LE	Wide	WB	S	Р	Part of the Fax and equip. exc-
	LF	Band	WE			luding IC and equip. is CPE.
Voice	LG	Digital	WF	a second and a second		
Band	LH		WH	S	J	All Fax are BOC provided except
	LJ		XA			IC and equip. is CPE.
	LK	DDS	XB		and the second	
	LN		XC	S	S	CKT terminates in an interface
	LP		XH			for connection to an IC or con-
	LR	Sub	RB	a second		nects to Fax provided to an IC.
	LU	Rate	RC			
Program	PE	Mpx	RC	V ·	۷	CKT terminates in an Interface
Audio	PF	Digital	HC-HD			for connection to a radio com-
	PJ	High	HE-HF			mon carrier (RCC)
	РК	Сар	HG	S	F	CKT directly connects to a channel of CPE communication system within the LATA
				S		Official service (refer to tariff.)
			sponsor	NOTICE use or disclosu ing Regional Be except under wr	11 Opera	ating

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	<u>INNNNN</u>
- 3 -	SIXIX
4B. Network Channel Codes (NC)	
48. Network Channel Codes (NC) The Network Channel Codes (NC) The SC codes describe the conditioning and features related to the La the SC codes describe the conditioning and features in length and divided into the service Grade, Conditioning and features). The first two characters code are actually the new switched or dedicated access service codes An example of an NC code is as follows: Channel Svc (Svc Code) $\int \int e A N N$ Channel Svc (Svc Code) $\int e A N N N$ Channel Svc (Svc Code) $\int e A N N N$ Channel Svc (Svc Code) $\int e A N N N N N$ Channel Svc (Svc Code) $\int e A N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N$	) ., ; of
An example of an NC code is as follows:	
Channel Svc (Svc Code) $\xrightarrow{S} \xrightarrow{E} \xrightarrow{A} \xrightarrow{N}$	
Conditioning (2 Wire Loop)	
Optional Feature (Dial Pulse Loop Start)	
The following tables reflect NC code availability.	
Table I - Switched Services	NN NN
II - Special Access Service, Dedicated Access Lines	XX
III - Narrowband Special Access Service	XX
IV - Voicegrade Special Access Service	
V – Program Audio Special Access Service	
VII - Wideband Analog Special Access Service	
VIII - Wideband Digital Special Access Service	
IX - Digital Access Channel 🧳	
X - High Capacity	
VII - Wideband Analog Special Access Service VIII - Wideband Digital Special Access Service IX - Digital Access Channel * X - High Capacity XI - Digital Subrate	
<u>NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN</u>	<u>INNNNN</u>

HANNEL SERVICE CODE	TABLE <u>SWITCHED</u>			
HANNEL SERVICE CODE	SWITCHED	ACCESS		
HANNEL SERVICE CODE		ALLESS		
	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	COD
ransmission SD	-Second Dial Tone	F	FEATURE GROUP A	
rade B 4W Interface)	-Foreign Dial Tone -Private Switch	G	-Dial Pulse Loop Start	A
SB	Network	Н	-Dial Pulse Ground Start -DTMF Loop Start	E
ransmission rade C			-DTMF Ground Start	G
2W Interface)			TERMINATE ONLY	
			-Dial Pulse Loop Start	N P
			-Dial Pulse Ground Start -DTMF Loop Start	R
	The second		-DTMF Ground Start	S
			ORIGINATE ONLY	
	Constant Section		-Loop Start -Ground Start	UV
	None		FEATURE GROUP B -Multi Frequency	В
	and the second second		-Rotary Dial Station	Н
	Sales and		Signalling	
			FEATURE GROUP C -Multi Frequency	С
			-Dial Pulse	M
	Star State To State Sta		FEATURE GROUP D	
	3		-Multi Frequency	D
			FEATURE GROUP E	
		-	-Multi Frequency -Dial Pulse	K
			DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE	J
	News		FEATURE GROUP D	
* Transmission SH Grade A	None	-	-Multi Frequency	D
			DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE	J
		1		



CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	CODE
VG1	LB	NONE	-	Effective 4W Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI + EFF. 4W Nonstandard None	A D Z
VG2	LC	NONE	-	Effective 4W CO Bridging Imp. R.L. for EFF 2W Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI + EFF. 4W A + B B + C B + D Nonstandard None	A B C D F G E Z -
VG3	LD	None	-	Effective 4W Imp. R.L. for EFF 2W Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI + EFF. 4W Nonstandard None	A C D Z
VG4	LE	None	-	Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI for EFF. 4W Nonstandard None	D Z -
VG5	LF	BRIDGING MODIFIERS *DSAS -2 Wire .Addressable .A + C .Sequential .S + C -4 Wire .Addressable .X + C .Sequential .Y + C #TABS -Split Band Active .F + C -Passive Bridging .P + C -Summation Active .B +,C C Conditioning None	AGSH XJYK FLPMBNC -	Effective 4W CO Bridging Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI + EFF. 4W A + B B + D Nonstandard None	A B D F E Z -
DataPhone Selec Telemetry and A		ridging spor	nsoring	NOTICE e or disclosure outside the g Regional Bell Operating cept under written agreement	

		TABLE IN	IAL ACCES		
CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	COD
VG6	LG	C Cond D Cond C + D Cond None	C D F	CO Bridging Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI + EFF. 4W CO Multiplexing Voice to Narrowband B + D D + M Nonstandard None	B D E J Z -
VG7	LH	C Cond C D Cond C + D Cond None	Effec D E -	tive 4W Imp. R.L. for EFF. 2W Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI + EFF. 4W Nonstandard None	A C D Z
VG8	LJ	C Cond None	С -	-Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI for EFF. 4W Nonstandard None	D Z -
VG9	LK	C Cond None	C -	Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI for EFF. 4W Nonstandard None	D Z
VG10	LN	C Cond D Cond C + D Cond None	C D E -	CO Bridging Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI for EFF. 4W B + D Nonstandard None	B D E Z
VG11	LP	TA (Telephoto) None	- 7	Effective 4W CO Bridging Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI with EFF. 4W A + B B + D Nonstandard None	A B D F E Z

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		TABLE I	V (Cont'd)		
		VOICE GRADE SPE			
<u></u>			0005		CODE
CHANNEL SERVICE			CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	A
VG12	LR	None		Effective 4W CO Bridging Imp. 4W R.L. @ POI with EFF. 4W	
				A + B B + D Nonstandard None	F E Z. -
VG13	LU	None	-	Nonstandard None	Z -
AP1	PE	Gain Conditioning	Р	Bridging Nonstandard	B Z
CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	CODE
AP1	PE	Gain Conditioning None	P -	Bridging Nonstandard None	B Z -
AP2	PF				
AP 3	PJ	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1			
AP4	РК	Gain Conditioning None	P -	Bridging Stereo B + S Nonstandard None	B S K Z -
		ΤÆ	BLE VI		
		TELEVISION SPE	CIAL ACCES	S SERVICE	
ТV1	τv	None		Nonstandard None	Z -
TV2	τw				
		coonsoring	Regional	E osure outside the Bell Operating written agreement.	

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# Page 10

		sponsoring Re Companies excep	egional Be t under wi BLE VII	ure outside the ell Operating ritten agreement. CESS SERVICE	
CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	CODE
WA1	MJ	None	-	CO Multiplexing Nonstandard None	M Z -
WAIT	WO				
WA2	WL				
WAZA	WR				
EAW	WN	None	-	Nonstandard None	Z -
WA4	WP				

## TABLE VIII

### WIDEBAND DIGITAL SPECIAL ACCESS SERVICE

CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	CODE
WD1	WB	None	-	Nonstandard None	Z -
WD2	WE				
WD3	WF				
WD4	WH				

#### TABLE IX

#### DIGITAL ACCESS CHANNEL SPECIAL ACCESS SERVICE

CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	CODE
DA1	XA	None	-	Bridging	В
				Transfer	Т
DA2	XB			Arrangement	
				CO Multiplexing	M
DA3	XG			B + T	U
		Contraction and the second		B + M	Х
DA4	XH			B + M + T	V
		Sector Phase Sector		Nonstandard	Z
		and the second second		None	-

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		T,	ABLE X		
		HIGH CAPACITY SP		SS SERVICE	•
		1			
CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	CONDITIONING	CODE	OPTIONAL FEATURE	CODE
HC1	нс	None		Auto Protection Switching CO DS1 to Voice Multiplexing P + M CO DS1 to DS0 Multiplexing P + L	P M L H
				Nonstandard None	Z
HC1C	HD	None	-	CO Multiplexing Nonstandard None	M Z -
HC2	HE				Lander Provide
нсз	HF				
HC4	HG	 			•
		DIGITAL SUBRATE S			CODE
CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	DIGITAL SUBRATE S		OPTIONAL FEATURE	<u>CODE</u> M
CHANNEL SERVICE SR1	CODE RB	DIGITAL SUBRATE S	SPECIAL ACC		
CHANNEL SERVICE	CODE	DIGITAL SUBRATE S	SPECIAL ACC	OPTIONAL FEATURE	

Page 12

	- 4 - <u>4C. Network Channel Interface (NCI) Codes</u>
	The NCI describes the electrical conditions, on the access circuit, at the POP interface and at the customer premise interface. An NCI code is not provided on switched access at the switched (open) end of the circuit.
	LATA access service WORD documents list the NCI at the POI and NI. The following describes NCI make-up and codes.
	The NCI is made up of five elements;
	<ol> <li>Physical conductors (2 numeric characters)         <ul> <li>describes the number of wires that transverse the interface (See Table 1 for codes)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Protocol (2 alpha characters)         <ul> <li>identifies the signaling and/or transmission</li> <li>characteristics at the interface (See Table 2) for codes</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>Impedance (1 numeric character)         <ul> <li>identifies the nominal reference impedance termination of the channel (See Table 3 for codes)</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
	<ul> <li>4. Protocol Options (3 alphanumeric characters)</li> <li>- describes options applicable to protocol codes (Not all protocols have options) (See Table 2 for codes)</li> </ul>
D	<ol> <li>Transmission Level Point (TLP) (2 alpha characters)</li> <li>the TLP at the interface one for transmit level, one for receive level (See Table 4 for codes)</li> </ol>
	An example of an NCI code is as follows:
	No. of Wires (4) Q 4 E X 3 B Z A Protocol (Tandem Channel) Impedance (900 ohms) Protocol option (IC Dialtone) TLPs (+ 7 - 16)
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CODE       CODE         2       02         4       04         6       06         7       07         8       09         10       10         12       12	TAL	NF 1	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	TOTAL	WIRFS	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	1014	- MINLO	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the			
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	NUMBER OF WIRES	CODE	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	2	02	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	4	04	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	6	06	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	7	07	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	8	08	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	9	09	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	10	10	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the	12	12	
NOTICE Not for use or disclosure outcide the			
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			TABLE 2 PROTOCOL CODES AND OPTIONS
			PRUTUCOL CODES AND OFITIONS
5	Code AB - AC -	<u>Option</u>	Definition accepts 20 Hz ringing signal at IC point of interface accepts 20 Hz ringing signal at end user network
			interface
	AH - - B		analog high capacity interface 60 kHz to 108 kHz (12 channels)
	- C		312 kHz to 552 kHz (60 channels)
	– D DA –		564 kHz to 3084 kHz (600 channels) data stream in VF frequency band at end user network
	DB -		interface data stream in VF frequency band at IC point of interface
	-	10	VF for NW and NY service codes
	-	43	VF for 43 Telegraph Carrier type signals, NW and NY svc. codes
	DC -		direct current or voltage
	-	1	monitoring interface with series RC combination (McCulloh format)
	-	2	Telephone Company energized alarm channel
	-	3	Metallic facilities (DC continuity) for direct current/low frequency control signals or slow speed
			data (30 baud)
	DD -		DATAPHONE Select-A-Station (and TABS) interface at IC point of interface
	DE -		DATAPHONE Select-A-Station (and TABS) interface at the user NI
D	D0 -		digital interface at IC terminal location at the digital signal level zero A (DS-OA)
	DS -		digital hierarchy interface
	-	15 15E	1.544 Mbps (DS1) format per PUB41451 plus D4 8-bit PCM encoded in one 64 kbps of the DS1 signal
	-	15F	8-bit PCM encoded in tow 64 kbps of the DS1 signal
	-	15G 15H	8-bit PCM encoded in three 64 kbps of the DS1 signal 14/11-bit PCM encoded in six 64 kbps of the DS1 signal
		15n 15J	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451
	-	15K	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451 plus extended framing format
	-	15L	1.544 Mbps (DS1) with SF signaling
	-	27 27L	274.176 Mbps (DS4) 274.176 Mbps (DS4) with SF signaling
	- I -	31	3,152 Mbps (DS1C)
	-	31L	3.152 Mbps (DS1C) with SF signaling
	-	44 44L	44.736 Mbps (DS3) 44.736 Mbps (DS3) with SF signaling
	-	63	6.312 Mbps (DS2)
	-	63L	6.312 Mbps (DS2) with SF signaling
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DU -		digital access interface at end user premises
-	24	2.4 kbps
-	48	4.8 kbps
-	56	56.0 kbps
-	96	9.6 kbps
-	A	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451
_	B	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451 plus D4
_	č	1.544 Mbps format per PUB 41451 plus extended framing
	U	format
DX -		duplex signaling interface at IC POI
DY -		
EA -	Е	duplex signaling interface at end user NI
CA -	L	Type I E&M Lead Signaling. IC at POI or end user at
EA -	М	NI originates on E Lead.
CA -	PI	Type I E&M Lead Signaling. IC at POI or end user at
EB -	Е	NI originates on M Lead.
CB -	E	Type II E&M Lead Signaling. IC at POI or end user at
50		NI originates on E Lead.
EB -	М	Type II E&M Lead Signling. IC at POI or end user at
		NI originates or M Lead.
EC -		Type III E&M signaling at IC terminal POI
EX -	A	tandem channel units signaling for loop start or
		ground start and IC supplies open end (dial tone,
	1911	etc.) functions.
EX -	В	tandem channel unit signaling for loop start or
		ground start and IC supplies closed end (dial
		pulsing, etc.) functions.
GO -		ground start loop signaling - open end function by IC
		or end user
GS -		ground start loop signaling - closed and function by
		IC or end user.
LA -		E.I.A. (25 pin RS-232)
LA -		end user loop start loop signaling - Type A OPS
		registered port open end
LB -		end user loop start loop signaling - Type B OPS
		registered port open end
LC -		end user loop start loop signaling - Type C OPS
		registered port open end
L0 -		loop start loop signaling - open end function by IC
		or end user
LR -		20 Hz automatic ringdown interface at IC with
		Telephone Company provided PLAR
LS -		loop start loop signaling - closed end function by IC
		or end user
NO -		no signaling interface, transmission only
PG -		program transmission - no dc signaling
-	1	nominal frequency from 50 to 15000 Hz
-	3	nominal frequency from 200 to 3500 Hz
-	5	nominal frequency from 100 to 5000 Hz
-	8	nominal frequency from 50 to 8000 Hz
		instanting in the second in

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Page 16

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(	Code	Option	Definition
F	RV -	0	reverse battery signaling, one way operation.
)		т	originate by IC
		and the se	reverse battery signaling, one way operation, terminate function by IC or end user
5	SF -		single frequency signaling with VF band at either IC POI or end user NI
	IF - IT -		telephotograph interface
	11 -		telegraph/teletypewriter interface at the IC POI or end user NI
	1		20.0 milliamperes 3.0 millamperes
	-		62.5 milliamperes
	ΓΥ - -		television interface combined (diplexed) video and one audio signal
	-		combined (diplexed) video and two audio signals
	-		video plus one (or two) audio 5 kHz signal(s) or one (or two) two wire
4	- AV	15	video plus one (or two) audio 15 kHz signal(s) wideband bandwidth interface at end user NI
	-	1	limited bandwidth
h	- VB -	2	nominal passband from 29000 to 44000 Hz wideband data interface at IC POI
	-	18S 19A	18.75 kbps, synchronous
	1	195	up to 19.2 kbps asynchronous 19.2 kpbs synchronous
	-	23A 23S	up to 230.4 kbps, asynchronous 230.4 kbps, synchronous
	-	40S	40.8 kbps, synchronous
	-	50A 50S	up to 50.0 kbps, asynchronous 50.0 kpbs, synchronous
	-	64	64.0 kbps, restored polar
W	/C - -	18.75	wideband data interface at end user NI kbps, synchronous
	-	19	for 12-wire interface: 19.2 kbps, synchronous for
	-	23	10-wire interface: up to 19.2 kbps, asynchronous up to 230.4 kbps, asynchronous
	2	23S 40	230.4 kbps, synchronous 40.8 kbps, synchronous
	-	for	12-wire interface: 50.0 kbps, synchronous for
W	ID -		10-wire interface: up to 50.0 kbps, asynchronous wideband bandwidth interface at IC POI
	-	1 2	nominal passband from 300 to 16000 Hz
	-	3	nominal passband from 28000 to 44000 Hz nominal passband from 29000 to 44000 Hz
			NOTICE
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### TABLE 3 IMPEDANCE

The nominal reference impedance with which the IC or end user will terminate the channel for the purpose of evaluating transmission performance:

Value (ohms)	Code(s)
110	0
150	1
600	2
900	3+
1200	4
135	5
75	6
124	7
Variable	8
100	9

+ For those interface codes with a 4-wire transmission path at the POI at the IC's terminal location, rather than a standard 900 ohm impedance the code (3) denotes an IC provided transmission equipment termination. Such terminations were provided to ICs in accordance with the F.C.C. Docket No. 20099 Settlement Agreement.

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		TABLE 4
IDD         CODE(S)           -15.0         B           -14.0         C           -13.0         D           -12.0         E           -11.0         F           -10.0         G           -9.0         H           Refer to TLV (S&E section)         (1)           -7.0         K           -6.0         L           -5.0         M           -4.0         N           -3.0         P           -2.0         Q           -1.0         R           -3.0         N           -3.0         N           -4.0         N           -5.0         Q           -1.0         R           -3.0         Y           -4.0         N           -5.0         Q           -1.0         X           -5.0         Y           -7.0         Z           -7.0         X           -7.0         X           -7.0         X           -7.0         X           -7.0         X           -7.0         X           -7.0 <th>TRANSMISSION LEVEL PO</th> <th>INT CODE FOR INTERFACE LEVELS</th>	TRANSMISSION LEVEL PO	INT CODE FOR INTERFACE LEVELS
Image         Control           -15.0         B           -15.0         B           -14.0         C           -13.0         D           -12.0         E           -11.0         F           -10.0         G           -9.0         H           Refer to TLV (S&E section)         (I)           - 8.0         J           - 7.0         K           - 6.0         L           - 5.0         M           - 4.0         N           - 3.0         P           - 2.0         Q           - 1.0         R           0.0         S           + 1.0         T           + 2.0         U           + 3.0         Y           + 4.0         M           + 5.0         X           + 6.0         Y           + 7.0         Z	TID	CODE(S)
-15.0       B         -14.0       C         -13.0       D         -12.0       E         -11.0       F         -10.0       G         -9.0       H         Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (1)         -8.0       J         -7.0       K         -6.0       L         -5.0       M         -4.0       N         -3.0       P         -2.0       Q         -1.0       R         -5.0       M         -4.0       N         -3.0       P         -2.0       Q         -1.0       R         0.0       S         +1.0       T         +2.0       Q         +4.0       M         +5.0       X         +6.0       Y         +7.0       Z	-16.0	A
-14.0       C         -13.0       D         -12.0       E         -11.0       F         -10.0       G         9.0       H         Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (I)         - 8.0       J         - 7.0       K         - 6.0       L         - 5.0       M         - 4.0       N         - 3.0       P         - 2.0       Q         - 1.0       R         0.0       S         + 1.0       N         + 5.0       X         + 6.0       Y         + 7.0       Z	-15.0	В
13.0       0         -12.0       E         -11.0       F         -10.0       G         -9.0       H         Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (1)         -8.0       J         -7.0       K         -6.0       L         -5.0       M         -4.0       N         -3.0       P         -2.0       Q         -1.0       R         0.0       S         +1.0       T         +2.0       Q         +3.0       Y         +4.0       M         +5.0       X         +6.0       Y         +7.0       Z	-14.0	C
-12.0       E         -11.0       F         -10.0       G         -9.0       H         Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (I)         -8.0       J         -7.0       K         -6.0       L         -5.0       M         -4.0       N         -3.0       P         -2.0       Q         -1.0       R         0.0       S         +1.0       T         +2.0       U         +3.0       V         +6.0       X         +6.0       X         +7.0       Z	-13.0	D
-11.0       F         -10.0       G         -9.0       H         Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (I)         -8.0       J         -7.0       K         -6.0       L         -5.0       M         -4.0       N         -3.0       P         -2.0       Q         -1.0       R         0.0       S         +1.0       T         +2.0       U         +3.0       Y         +4.0       N         +5.0       X         +6.0       Y         +7.0       Z	-12.0	E
-10.0       6         -9.0       H         Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (I)         -8.0       J         -7.0       K         -6.0       L         -5.0       M         -4.0       N         -3.0       P         -2.0       Q         -1.0       R         0.0       S         +1.0       T         +2.0       U         +3.0       Y         +4.0       N         +7.0       Z	-11.0	F
- 9.0       H         Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (I)         - 8.0       J         - 7.0       K         - 6.0       L         - 5.0       M         - 5.0       M         - 8.0       N         - 8.0       N         - 6.0       L         - 5.0       M         - 6.0       N         - 7.0       K         - 6.0       L         - 7.0       R         <	-10.0	G
Refer to TLV (S&E section)       (1)         - 8.0       J         - 7.0       K         - 6.0       L         - 5.0       M         - 4.0       N         - 3.0       P         - 2.0       Q         - 1.0       R         0.0       S         + 1.0       T         + 2.0       U         + 3.0       Y         + 5.0       X         + 6.0       Y         + 7.0       Z	- 9.0	Н
- 8.0       J         - 7.0       K         - 6.0       L         - 5.0       M         - 4.0       N         - 3.0       P         - 2.0       Q         - 1.0       R         0.0       S         + 1.0       T         + 2.0       U         + 3.0       V         + 5.0       X         + 5.0       X         + 6.0       Y         + 7.0       Z         NOTICE         NOTICE         NOTICE	Refer to TLV (S&E section)	(I)
-7.0       K         -6.0       L         -5.0       M         -4.0       N         -3.0       P         -2.0       Q         -1.0       R         0.0       S         +1.0       T         +2.0       U         +3.0       V         +4.0       M         +5.0       X         +6.0       Y         +7.0       Z         NOTICE		