Robocolor II System users guide

CONTENTS

	3
INSTALLING THE ROBOCOLOR II SYSTEM	3
OPERATING WITHOUT A LIGHTING CONTROLLER - STAND ALONE	4
OPERATING STAND ALONE IN MASTER/SLAVE MODE	5
OPERATING VIA A LIGHTING CONTROLLER	5
ADDRESS SETTING	7
SPECIAL DIP-SWITCH SETTINGS	10
TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	10

INTRODUCTION

The *Robocolor II* is a high performance, color changing spotlight which features:

- 250W/120V ENH lamp.
- 11 dichroic colors, plus white and blackout.
- Color split effects.
- Variable strobe effect.
- Precision optics with adjustable focus.
- All functions DMX 512 and Martin RS-485 implemented.
- Built-in sequences with auto and music trigger.
- Electronic voltage control combined with BIAS option and soft start ensures long lamp-life.
- High quality stepper motor.
- Efficient fan cooling.
- Overheat thermostat.

INSTALLING THE ROBOCOLOR II SYSTEM / ROBOCOLOR II MOBILE

A Robocolor II System consists of two different units: The Robocolor II Heads, which are the color changing spotlights, and the Robocolor II Controller, which is the driver unit. You can connect either two or four Robocolor II Heads to one Robocolor II Controller. In the Robocolor II Mobile, one Robocolor II Controller and four Robocolor II Heads are built into one flight-case. Apart from the flight-case, the Robocolor II System and the Robocolor II Mobile provides the same performance.

WARNING!

Do not attempt to operate the Robocolor II Heads without the Robocolor II Controller (e.g. plugging the Robocolor II directly into the mains outlet) as damage may occur to the units.

Before attempting any of the following, ensure that the Robocolor II Controller is disconnected from the mains supply.

- Remove the 2 finger screws on the top-cover of each *Robocolor II Head* and carefully remove the covers. The lamps can now be installed in the lamp holders. Ensure that the lamps are pressed firmly into the lamp holders.
- Replace the top-covers and tighten the finger screws. You can now install the *Robocolor II Heads* in the desired positions. You are allowed to tilt the units ± 90 degrees from horizontal position. Do **not** turn the units upside down.
- For each Robocolor II Head plug the power cable into the dedicated socket on the Robocolor II Controller, and then the motor cable into the 5-pin DIN socket of the same channel. If the Robocolor II Controller is a 230V model you must connect a Robocolor II Head to both socket 1 and 2 or 3 and 4 as the lamps are series connected.

NOTE: Do not attempt to connect more than one *Robocolor II Head* to each of the four output sockets.

NOTE: It is NOT recommended to pair worn lamps with new ones, or, to pair lamps of different brands as variations in specifications may shorten the lamp life. This only concerns the 230 V model where head 1 & 2 and 3 & 4 are series connected.

OPERATING WITHOUT A LIGHTING CONTROLLER - STAND ALONE

You can now operate the *Robocolor II System* in the **Stand Alone** mode which means that the *Robocolors* will perform a pre-programmed sequence at a pre-set speed or triggered by sounds picked up by the microphone built into the *Robocolor II Controller*. Before applying power to the *Robocolor II Controller*, you will need to set the DIP-switch according to the sequence you wish to run. The sequence settings table on page 10 shows the various DIP-switch settings for Stand Alone Sequences. E.g. switching on DIP-switch 1, 2 and 10 will make the *Robocolor II System* perform an auto triggered stand alone sequence.

Note: Some sequence settings shown on the sequence setting table are for service use only and should NOT be selected for light performances.

OPERATING STAND ALONE IN MASTER/SLAVE MODE

If you have two or more *Robocolor II Systems*, this feature - Stand Alone in Master/Slave mode - allows you to operate all systems in perfect synchronisation. You must assign one, and only one, *Robocolor II Systems* to be **master** and all the rest to be **slaves**. Please follow the procedure listed below:

- On the Master System set the DIP-switch to the desired Stand Alone Sequence as described in the previous section. Remember, only one unit must be set to master.
- On all the *Slave Systems* set DIP-switch number 1 ON and all others, i.e. 9 to 10, OFF.
- Insert a 120 Ohm female XLR termination plug (Martin Part no. 309952) in the male XLR socket of the master system.
- To allow the master system to transmit data to the slaves you will need to daisy-chain all Robocolor II Systems. Using XLR/XLR cables, connect the data output of the Master System to the data input of the first Slave System. Then connect the data output of the first Slave System to the data input of the next, and so on. The order in which the systems are connected is not important - use an order which gives the easiest and shortest cable routing.
- Finally, insert a male XLR termination plug (Martin part no. 309950) in the last *RoboColor II System* on the link and apply power.

IMPORTANT!

It is vital that ONE, and only one, system is set as master and ALL others as slaves. Otherwise damage to the electronic circuitry may occur.

OPERATING VIA A LIGHTING CONTROLLER

The way to benefit most from your *Robocolor II System* is by operating it via a lighting controller. The *Robocolor II System* accepts two different protocols - **Martin RS-485** and **DMX 512**. All data (instructions) go from the controller, via XLR/XLR data cables, to the data input (3 pin male XLR) on the *Robocolor II System*. The data **output** (3 pin female XLR) on the *Robocolor II System* allows you to continue the serial data link to further units.

The following instructions describe how to make a proper serial data link:

- 1 Connect the data output on your lighting controller to the data input on the first *Robocolor II System*. If you are using a Martin lighting controller then use the XLR-XLR / DSUB-XLR cable supplied with the controller. Otherwise, use a cable that plugs into your DMX 512 lighting controller and the *Robocolor II System*. This would normally be a cable that adapts from 5 pin XLR to 3 pin XLR. The following table shows the proper connections in such a cable. Please note that the (+) and (-) wires swap from the DMX output to the input on the *Robocolor II System*.
- 2 If you are using one *Robocolor II System* only, then insert a terminating plug into the

unused data output socket on the unit. This plug is supplied with all Martin controllers and has a 120 Ohm resistor between pin 2 and 3 (Martin part no. 309950).

- 3 If you are using more than one unit with the lighting controller then connect the data output on each unit to the data input on the following, using XLR-XLR cables. The order, in which you connect the units, is not important and has no influence on the channels as far as the controller is concerned use an order which gives the easiest and shortest cable routing. To ensure proper transmission on the data link it is **very** important to insert the XLR terminating plug in the last fixture on the link.
- 4 Use the DIP-switch to select the desired controller channel(s) on each of the units. If you are not familiar with this, read the following section named 'ADDRESS SETTING'. Ensure that none of the *Robocolor II Systems* are set to Stand Alone mode.
- 5 Switch on, and configure the controller (please refer to the controller's manual). Then apply power to the *Robocolor II Systems*.
- 6 A short start-up and test routine will now be performed and the units will await data to be transmitted from the controller.
- 7 You can now start operating the *Robocolors*. As soon as the units receive data from the controller they automatically detect whether DMX 512 or Martin RS-485 signals are sent and respond accordingly.

NOTE: It is possible to insert other brands of DMX lights (with 5 pin XLR in and out) on the link. In that case you will need a cable that adapts from the 3 pin female output on the Martin light to the 5 pin input on the following DMX light. This cable is shown in number two of the following tables (Martin part no. 309163).

5 pin XLR to 3 pin XLR cable (5 pin DMX Output to 3 pin Robocolor II Input)				
Description5 Pin male XLR (Out)3 Pin female XLR (In)				
Ground (screen)	1	1		
(-) signal	2	3		
(+) signal	3	2		
Not used	4			
Not used	5			

This table shows the proper connections for the 5 to 3 pin XLR adapter (Martin part no. 309162).

3 pin XLR to 5 pin XLR cable (3 pin Robocolor II Output to 5 pin DMX Input)					
Description 3 Pin female XLR (Out) 5 Pin male XLR (In)					
Ground (screen)	1	1			
(-) signal	3	2			
(+) signal	2	3			
Not used		4			
Not used		5			

This table shows the proper connections for the 3 to 5 pin XLR adapter (Martin part no. 309163).

ADDRESS SETTING

Setting a Martin Channel:

The DIP-switch located on the *Robocolor II System* allows you to set the channel, between 1 and 32, on which you want the unit to respond from the lighting controller. Please note that the *Robocolor II System* requires 1 channel only, when operated via a Martin lighting controller.

The channel number is selected by switching ON one or more of the first six DIP-switches. A switch that is ON, assigns the value listed in the following table. Switches that are OFF assign the value 0. The channel number is determined by adding the values from switch 1 to 6. Note that switch 7 to 10 should all be OFF.

Example: Pin 1, 2 and 5 ON will set channel = 1 + 2 + 0 + 0 + 16 + 0 = 19.

Setting a DMX 512 Channel:

The DIP-switch on the *Robocolor II System* allows you to set the first DMX channel, between 1 and 511, from which you want the unit to respond from the lighting controller. Please note that the unit requires 5 DMX channels when mode 1 is selected and 6 channels in mode 2 (see the DMX protocol in the following section which also describes how to switch between DMX mode 1 and 2). Setting the DIP-switch to channel 1 means that the unit will use DMX channels number 1 to 5 for operation in DMX mode 1 - the DMX channel offsets listed in the protocol are added to the DIP-switch channel. The channel number is selected by switching ON one or more of the ten DIP-switches. A switch that is ON assigns the value listed in the following table. Switches that are OFF assign the value 0. The channel number is determined by adding the values from switch 1 to 9. Note that switch 10 should be switched OFF.

Example:	Pin 2, 3, 7 and 8 ON will set DMX channel = $0 + 2 + 2$
	4 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 64 + 128 + 0 = 198.

DIP-Switch values							
Switch	Value	Switch	Value	Switch	Value	Switch	Value
1	1	4	8	7	64	10	OFF
2	2	5	16	8	128		
3	4	6	32	9	256		

DMX 512 PROTOCOL

All features in the *Robocolor II System* are fully DMX implemented. When operating via DMX you can choose between two modes: Tracking (mode 1) and Vector & Tracking (mode 2). Tracking mode means that the speed of a color scroll is determined by the change in DMX value per time unit, i.e. color wheel is tracking the slope generated by the DMX controller. The more rapidly the DMX value changes the faster the color scroll becomes. When working in vector mode, the scroll speed is determined by a speed value set on a separate DMX channel. This channel also allows you to enable tracking mode.

You can switch between DMX mode 1 and 2 by placing or removing a jumper on the printed circuit board (PCB) inside the unit. This jumper is located on a connecter labelled PL113 and should be set according to the table below. Follow this procedure to set the jumper:

WARNING!

To avoid electrical shock or damage to the unit, ensure that it is disconnected from the mains supply before attempting any of the following.

- Remove the six Philips screws which secure the cover on the Robocolor II Controller. If you have a Robocolor II Mobile there are six Philips screws on the sides of the lid, which you will have to remove.
- Remove the cover/lid.
- There are two PCBs inside the unit. On the one without the aluminium heat sink, locate the 4 pin connector labelled PL113. On this connecter you will see a jumper (a small device that makes connection between two adjacent pins). Set the jumper according to the following table, thus selecting the desired DMX mode.

DMX Setup	DMX Requirements	PL113 Jumper setting	
Mode 1 - Tracking (factory default)	5 Channels	No Jumper	
Mode 2 - Tracking/Vector	6 Channels	Pin 1 and 2	

Each DMX channel in the *Robocolor II System* is used to provide several different functions depending on where it is set within 0-255 increments. The functions are described in the DMX protocol listed below. If adding the DIP-switch address of the *Robocolor II System* to the DMX channel offset value listed for a certain function, you get the absolute DMX channel controlling that particular function.

DMX Channel Offset			
Mode 1	Mode 2	DMX values	Function
0		0 - 10 11 - 74 75 - 138 139 - 170 171 - 202 203 - 255	Lamp ON/OFF, Strobe, Stand-Alone, Reset Lamp OFF Lamp ON Color-Strobe on (Fast -> Slow) Stand-Alone Auto trigger Stand-Alone Music trigger Reset Unit
1	- 4	0 - 15 16 - 30 31 - 45	Colors Black -> White White -> color 1 Color 1 -> color 2
(Head 1 - 4)		46 - 60 61 - 75 76 - 90 91 - 105 106 - 120 121 - 135 136 - 150 151 - 165 166 - 180 181 - 184 185 - 189	Color 2 -> color 3 Color 3 -> color 4 Color 4 -> color 5 Color 5 -> color 6 Color 6 -> color 7 Color 7 -> color 8 Color 8 -> color 9 Color 9 -> color 10 Color 10 -> color 11
		190 - 194 195 - 199 200 - 204 205 - 209 210 - 214 215 - 219 220 - 224 225 - 229 230 - 234 235 - 239 240 - 255	Color 9 Color 7 Color 7 Color 6 Color 5 Color 4 Color 3 Color 2 Color 1 White Black
-	5	0 1 - 255	Color Speed Tracking Speed (fast -> slow)

SPECIAL DIP-SWITCH SETTINGS

Description	DIP-switches ON
Protocol auto-detect (DMX/Martin)	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10 (All)
Stand Alone Sequence - Auto-trigger	2,10
Stand Alone Sequence - Music-trigger	1,2,10
Stand Alone Sequence - Auto-trigger (Head 1 - 4 same color)	2,3,10
Stand Alone Sequence - Music-trigger (Head 1 - 4 same color)	1,2,3,10
Color adjust pos. 1 / color adjust pos 2 (toggle with DIP-switch 1)	(1),5,10
L.E.D. Chase - Auto-trigger (for service use only)	4,10
L.E.D. Chase - Music-trigger (for service use only)	1,4,10

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

	Robocolor II Head	Robocolor II Controller	Robocolor II Mobile
Length: Width: Height:	180 mm 160 + 40 mm (handle) 150 + 70 mm (bracket)	276 mm 125 mm 85 mm	1385 mm 225 mm 405 mm
Weight:	3.0 kg	2.5 kg	28 kg
Power consumption:	250 W	N/A	1000 W
AC supply 230 volt model: 115 volt model:	N/A N/A	200-270 V / 50-60 Hz 100-130 V / 50-60 Hz	200-270 V / 50-60 Hz 100-130 V / 50-60 Hz
Lamp:	250 W / 120 V (ENH)	N/A	250 W / 120 V (ENH)
Beam angle standard: Beam angle optional:	18° 25°	N/A N/A	18° 25°
Fuse (primary):	N/A	10 AT / 250 V	10 AT / 250 V

PS-960624