

# III. LY TANIUM MUSICAL INSTRUMENT AND SOUND REINFORCEMENT SPEAKERS, SELECTED COMPARATIVE SPECS<sup>1</sup>

## SOUND REINFORCEMENT SPEAKERS

Model	Long-Term Power Capacity <sup>2</sup>	Half-Space Sensitivity (1 W/1 m) <sup>3</sup>	Reference Efficiency	X <sub>max</sub> <sup>4</sup>	X <sub>lim</sub> <sup>5</sup>	Typical/Range of Vented Box Volume(s)	Typical/Range of LF 3-dB-Down Point(s)	Applications
DL10X	300 W	98 dB	3.5%	0.16 in.	0.6 in.	0.4 ft <sup>3</sup>	115 Hz	Mid-bass reproducer, including horn loaded
DL12X	300 W	95 dB	4.5%	0.16 in.	0.6 in.	1.3-2.6 ft <sup>3</sup>	58-80 Hz	Woofer in compact two-way systems
DL15X	400 W	98 dB	5.0%	0.16 in.	0.6 in.	3.2-6.4 ft <sup>3</sup>	45-63 Hz	Woofer in two-way extended-LF systems
DL125b	200 W	95 dB	3.64%	0.16 in.	0.86 in.	2-4 ft <sup>3</sup>	43-54 Hz	Very compact subwoofer
DL18mt	400 W	96 dB	2.9%	0.22 in.	0.5 in.	8 ft <sup>3</sup>	38 Hz	Subwoofer, especially for f <sub>s</sub> 's >40 Hz
EVX-150A	1,000 W <sup>2</sup>	98 dB	4.32%	0.25 in.	0.78 in.	6-10 ft <sup>3</sup>	40-55 Hz	High-output woofer in two-way extended-LF systems; high-output subwoofer, especially >40 Hz
EVX-180A	1,000 W <sup>2</sup>	98 dB	3.42%	0.25 in.	0.98 in.	6-10 ft <sup>3</sup>	30-40 Hz	High-output subwoofer, especially <40 Hz

## MUSICAL INSTRUMENT SPEAKERS

10BX	150 W	98.5 dB	3.0%	0.13 in.	0.5 in.	~1.2 ft <sup>3</sup>	N/A <sup>6</sup>	Extended-range bass guitar
15BX	400 W	102 dB	5.3%	0.16 in.	0.6 in.	3-5 ft <sup>3</sup>	N/A <sup>6</sup>	Long-throw bass guitar
18BX	400 W	101 dB	5.2%	0.16 in.	0.6 in.	5-10 ft <sup>3</sup>	N/A <sup>6</sup>	Long-throw bass guitar
EVM-10M	300 W	99 dB	5.0%	0.13 in.	0.5 in.	0.5 ft <sup>3</sup>	90 Hz	High-performance guitar speaker
EVM-12L	300 W	100 dB	4.3%	0.13 in.	0.5 in.	1.3 ft <sup>3</sup>	60 Hz	The classic guitar speaker <sup>1</sup>
FORCE 10	150 W	98 dB	2.6%	0.13 in.	0.5 in.			Lead
FORCE 12	150 W	99 dB	2.9%	0.13 in.	0.5 in.			Lead
FORCE 15	150 W	100 dB	3.3%	0.13 in.	0.5 in.			Lead/bass

1. For more and special mechanical details as noted below

1. Cutted from assorted engineering data sheets and other materials. Some data is approximate but still useful in "positioning" each speaker.  
 2. Shaped random noise applied for eight hours with a 6-dB crest factor, per IFA RS-426-A, with the exception of the EVX-150A and EVX-180A, whose listed capacities are "program power," a two-hour sine-wave test at minimum impedance.  
 3. Broadband averages, bandwidths vary but most are a conservative 100-800 Hz.  
 4. X<sub>max</sub> = maximum one-way excursion ability for 10 percent distortion of the current waveform, a conservative indication of maximum speaker output.  
 5. X<sub>lim</sub> = maximum one-way excursion before speaker mechanics limit excursion. Electro-Voice has found that in musical instrument and subwoofer applications normal use typically drives cone motion beyond X<sub>max</sub>, so that X<sub>lim</sub> is a better indicator of maximum useful speaker output.  
 6. Tune the enclosure in the range of 34-44 Hz, depending on the lowest tone on the bass guitar.