Precautions

Before you use this scanner, please read and observe the following.

**IMPORTANT!**

This scanning radio has been manufactured so that it will not tune to the radio frequencies assigned by the FCC for cellular telephone usage. The Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986, as amended, makes it a federal crime to intentionally intercept cellular or cordless telephone transmissions or to market this radio when altered to receive them. The installation, possession, or use of this scanning radio in a motor vehicle may be prohibited, regulated, or require a permit in certain states, cities, and/or local jurisdictions. Your local law enforcement officials should be able to provide you with information regarding the laws in your community.

Changes or modifications to this product not expressly approved by Uniden, or operation of this product in any way other than as detailed by this Operating Guide, could void your authority to operate this product.

**EARPHONE WARNING!**

Be sure to use only a monaural earphone with this scanner. You can also use an optional 32 Ω stereo headset. Use of an incorrect earphone or stereo headset might be potentially hazardous to your hearing. The output of the phone jack is monaural, but you will hear it in both headphones of a stereo headset.

Set the volume to a comfortable audio level coming from the speaker before plugging in the monaural earphone or a stereo headset of the proper impedance (32 Ω). Otherwise, you might experience some discomfort or possible hearing damage if the volume suddenly becomes too loud because of the volume control or squelch control setting. This might be particularly true of the type of earphone that is placed in the ear canal.
**WARNING!**

Uniden does not represent this unit to be waterproof. To reduce the risk of fire or electrical shock, do not expose this unit to rain or moisture.

Motorola®, PL®, PRIVACY PLUS®, Private Line®, SMARTNET®, and SMARTZONE® are registered trademarks of Motorola, Inc.

LTR® is a registered trademark of E.F. Johnson Co.

EDACS® is a registered trademark of M/A-COM Private Radio Systems Inc.

Uniden® and Bearcat® are registered trademarks of Uniden America Corporation.

TrunkTracker™, Trunk Tracking™, and Close Call™ are proprietary trademarks of Uniden America Corporation.

Other trademarks used throughout this manual are the property of their respective holders.

Important: If you use the supplied AC adapter to power the scanner but have not installed batteries in the scanner, never turn the scanner off by disconnecting the AC adapter or unplugging it from the AC outlet. This might corrupt the scanner’s memory.

Always use to turn the scanner off before disconnecting AC power.

---

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The FCC Wants You to Know

This scanner has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a scanning receiver, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This scanner generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

There is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this scanner does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the scanner on and off, you are encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna
- Increase the separation between the scanner and the receiver

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and 2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Scanning Legally

Your scanner covers frequencies used by many different groups, including police and fire departments, ambulance services, government agencies, private companies, amateur radio services, military operations, pager services, and wireline (telephone and telegraph) service providers. It is legal to listen to almost every transmission your scanner can receive. However, there are some transmissions that you should never intentionally listen to. These include:
• Telephone conversations (cellular, cordless, or other private means of telephone signal transmission)
• Pager transmissions
• Any scrambled or encrypted transmissions

According to the Electronic Communications Privacy Act (ECPA), you are subject to fines and possible imprisonment for intentionally listening to, using, or divulging the contents of such a conversation unless you have the consent of a party to the conversation (unless such activity is otherwise illegal). This scanner has been designed to prevent the reception of cellular telephone transmissions and the decoding of scrambled transmissions. This is done to comply with the legal requirement that scanners be manufactured so they are not easy to modify to pick up these transmissions. Do not open your scanner’s case to make any modifications that could allow it to pick up transmissions that are illegal to monitor. Modifying or tampering with your scanner’s internal components or using it in a way other than as described in this manual could invalidate your warranty and void your FCC authorization to operate it.

In some areas, mobile and/or portable use of this scanner is unlawful or requires a permit. Check the laws in your area. It is also illegal in many areas (and a bad idea everywhere) to interfere with the duties of public safety officials by traveling to the scene of an incident without authorization.

A license is required to use this product in Canada.
Introduction

Your Bearcat BR330T scanning receiver is a state-of-the-art scanner radio with TrunkTracker III™, extended frequency, and racetrack operation. You can store frequencies such as police, fire/emergency, marine, air, amateur, and other communications into the scanner. You can carry it with you wherever you go. You can use the scanner's scroll control to quickly select channels and frequencies, and you can automatically program channels in a system using the AutoStore feature. Use your scanner to monitor:

- Analog trunked public safety systems *
- Police and fire departments (including rescue and paramedics)
- NOAA weather transmissions
- Business/Industrial radio and utilities
- Marine and amateur (ham radio) bands
- Air band
- Railroad

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<th>Modulation</th>
<th>Step (kHz)</th>
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* Motorola®, SMARTNET®, SMARTZONE®, and PRIVACY PLUS®, M/A-COM Private Radio Systems Inc. EDACS®, Wide, Narrow, and SCAT, and E.F. Johnson Co. LTR systems.
Feature Highlights

General

2500 Dynamic Channels - Your scanner stores channels more efficiently than conventional scanners, letting you store and quickly tune greater numbers of interesting frequencies.

Close Call™ RF Capture Technology - You can set the scanner so it detects and provides information about nearby radio transmissions. See “Using the Close Call Feature” on Page 107 for more information.

Dynamically Allocated Channel Memory - Your scanner’s memory is organized so that it more closely matches how radio systems actually work, making it easier to program and use your scanner and determine how much memory you have used and how much you have left.

Preprogrammed Systems - Your scanner is preprogrammed with over 1000 channels covering police, fire, and ambulance operations in the 25 most populated counties in the US as well as many major races. A complete list of the scanner’s preprogrammed systems is in “Preprogrammed Systems” on Page 148.

99 Quick Keys – You can set the scanner so you can quickly select systems and groups by using the keypad. This makes it easy to listen to or quickly lock out those systems or groups you don’t want to scan.

Race Track Operation – You can set the scanner to scan races using a frequency list or preprogrammed into the scanner. You can scan by car number and driver name, assign the car to a quick key, and set the scanner so it sounds an alert when the car you are scanning transmits.

13 Service Searches - frequencies are preset in separate Public Safety, News, HAM Radio, Marine, Railroad, Air, CB Radio, FRS/GMRS, Racing, Special, AM Broadcast, FM Broadcast, and TV Broadcast searches, to make it easy to search and scan for specific transmissions.

Lockout – You can lock out any system, group, frequency, or channel while scanning or searching.

Feature Highlights
If you lock out a system or group, any channels belonging to that system or group are also locked out.

You can lock out up to 200 frequencies and review all locked-out frequencies. The scanner skips locked-out frequencies while using the Close Call feature or while searching.

**CTCSS and DCS Squelch Modes** – prevent interference from stations not using the mode you select.

**Fire Tone-Out Standby** – Lets you set the scanner to alert you if a two-tone sequential page is transmitted. You can set up to 10 settings (transmit frequency, tone frequencies) then select one for standby monitoring.

**Broadcast Screen** – Sets the scanner so it ignores Close Call™ or search hits on known broadcast frequencies including pager frequencies.

**Custom Screen** – Lets you input up to 10 frequency ranges that the scanner will ignore during Close Call™ or search operation.

**Dropout Delay** – You can set whether the scanner pauses at the end of a transmission to wait for a reply. You can set the delay time for each system you scan, and while searching and using the Close Call™ feature.

**Built-In Bar Antenna** – Lets you clearly listen to AM radio broadcasts.

**Attenuator** – You can set the scanner’s attenuator to reduce the input strength of strong signals by about 18 dB.

**Repeater Reverse** – You can set the scanner so it switches to the input frequency on a conventional repeater system.

**Channel Alert** – You can set the scanner so it alerts you when there is activity on any channel you specify.

**Memory Check** – Lets you see at a glance how much total memory is left.

**Scan and Search Operation** – Lets you include selected service searches or custom search ranges during normal scan operation.
Custom Alerts – For each alert in the scanner (such as channel alert, Close Call alert, emergency alert), you can select from 9 different tone patterns and also set the alert volume level independently from the main volume level.

Automatic Channel Step – Accepts frequencies on any valid channel step, even if it does not fall within the band plan’s default step.

Frequency Step – Lets you select a frequency step (5, 6.25, 7.5, 8.33, 9, 10, 12.5, 15, 20, 25, 50 or 100 kHz) for manual mode and chain search mode. The scanner’s auto step feature lets you set the scanner so it automatically chooses the correct step.

Quick Recall – Lets you quickly select a specific channel by choosing the system, group, and channel.

Scan/Search Delay – You can set the scanner so it remains on a frequency up to 5 seconds after the last transmission to wait for a possible reply.

Text Tagging – You can name each system, group, channel, talk group ID, custom search range, and SAME group, using up to 16 characters per name.

Unique Data Skip – Allows your scanner to skip unwanted data transmissions and reduces birdies.

Duplicate Frequency Alert – Alerts you if you try to enter a duplicate name or frequency already stored in a system.

Memory Backup – If power is lost or disconnected, the scanner retains the frequencies you programmed in its memory.

Note: The scanner’s frequency coverage is not continuous and does not include the cellular telephone bands.

Trunk Tracking

Trunk Tracker III™ Operation – Follows unencrypted conversations on analog Motorola, EDACS, EDACS SCAT, and LTR trunked radio systems, including systems in VHF, UHF, 800 MHz, and 900 MHz bands.

Feature Highlights
The scanner can scan both conventional and trunked systems at the same time.

**Control Channel Only Scanning** – If the scanner is set to scan Motorola trunking frequencies, you can set it so it scans using only control channel data. You do not have to program voice channel frequencies into memory in this mode as long as all possible control channels are programmed.

**Weather**

**Weather Search** – Lets your scanner receive your local NOAA weather transmission.

**SAME Weather Alert** – Lets your scanner alert you when a SAME weather alert is transmitted on a NOAA weather channel. The scanner also displays the transmitted alert type. This helps you quickly find out about severe weather in your area and lets you avoid false alarms.

**WX Priority** – Lets your scanner alert you when a SAME weather priority alert is transmitted on a NOAA weather channel.

**Search**

**Service Search** – Lets you quickly select and search the scanner’s preprogrammed frequencies.

**Custom Search** – Lets you program up to 10 custom search ranges. You can search any of these ranges simultaneously.

**CTCSS/DCS Search** – Lets the scanner search for CTCSS or DCS tones. You can identify up to 50 CTCSS tones and 104 DCS tones.

**Quick Search** – Lets you search from the currently-tuned frequency if you are searching a conventional system.

**Auto Store**

**Frequency AutoStore** – Automatically stores all active frequencies into the selected conventional system.
**Talk Group ID AutoStore** – Automatically stores all new talk group ID’s into a channel group you select.

**Priority**

**Priority Scan** – Priority channels let you keep track of activity on your most important channel(s) while monitoring other channels for transmissions.

**Priority Plus** – You can set the scanner so it scans only the priority channels

**Backlight and Power**

**Display and Keypad Backlight** – Makes the display and keypad easy to see in dim light. You can adjust the back light so it turns on when you press a key, when squelch breaks during a transmission, or manually.

**Low Battery Alert** – The scanner alerts you if the batteries need to be recharged or replaced.

**Battery Save** – You can set the scanner so it reduces the amount of power it needs if there are no transmissions.

**Key Controls**

**Key Lock** – You can deactivate the scanner’s keys to help prevent accidentally changing the scanner’s programming.

**PC Control and Cloning**

**PC Control** – You can transfer programming data to and from your scanner and your personal computer, and control the scanner using a computer. This helps you find frequencies listed on the Internet and load them into the scanner. Free PC control and programming software will be available at [http://www.uniden.com](http://www.uniden.com).

**Clone Mode** – You can clone all programmed data, including the contents of the scanner’s memory, menu settings, and other parameters from one BR330T scanner to another BR330T scanner.

**On-Air Cloning** – You can clone all programmed data over the air from a PC to one or more BR330T scanners.

**Feature Highlights**
About This Manual

The screen displays used in this manual are representations of what might appear when you use your scanner. Since what you see depends on the frequencies and user IDs for your area and the settings you select, you might notice some differences between what is in this manual and what appears on your scanner.

Using the Multifunction Scroll Control

The scroll control on top of the BR330T lets you easily control channel selection, volume, and squelch, and how information appears on the display.

To adjust menu settings, change channels in Hold mode, and resume scanning: Simply rotate the scroll control.

To change the scanner's volume: Briefly press the scroll control once, then rotate it. VOLUME LEVEL and the current volume level appear on the display.

To adjust the squelch: While holding down FUNC on the left side of the scanner, briefly press the scroll control once then rotate it. SQUELCH LEVEL and the current squelch level appear on the display.

Entering Text

To enter a letter, turn the scroll control until the character you want appears. To enter a number, press a number key. To enter a decimal point, press ·.

To move the cursor to the left, press 14. To move the cursor to the right, press 6.

To clear a character, press · twice. To clear all characters, press · three times.

To accept an entry, press down on the scroll control or press E.
How the Scanner’s Controls Are Represented in This Manual

To help navigate the scanner’s menus, the steps shown in this manual show the displays you see and the keys you press or control you operate to get a desired result.

This example shows you how to use the scanner’s menu to edit an existing system name. It shows you the key to press (Menu) to select a menu option and the option you see (Program System) when you press Menu. It also instructs you to turn the scroll control (shown as ⌊) to view a series of choices then press the scroll control (shown as ↓) to select a choice (Edit Name).

Follow these steps to enter/edit the system name.

1. The first character of the system name is covered by a cursor. Rotate the scroll control to select the character you want.

2. Press 6/ on the keypad to select the next character. The cursor moves to the next character. To move the cursor to a previous character, press </4.

3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 until you have entered the system name. Then press down on the scroll control or press E to accept the setting.

Hints:

• Each system name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.

Feature Highlights
• The default system names include the following letter in the 16th position to indicate the system type:
  - R = Racing
  - M = Motorola
  - E = EDACS
  - L = LTR
  - C = Conventional

• Press • twice to delete the current character.
• Press • three times to clear the entire alpha tag.

To get the most from this manual, review the contents to become familiar with the basic functions available. If you are new to scanning or trunk tracking, be sure to read “Understanding Scanning” on Page 19 for a quick background on the technology. The first thing you’ll need to do is install batteries in the scanner. Then you need to connect the included antenna to the scanner. See “Setting Up Your Scanner” on Page 32 if you need any help doing this.
Understanding Scanning

This section provides you with background on how scanning works. You don’t really need to know all of this to use your scanner, but some background knowledge will help you get the most from your BR330T.

Understanding the Scanner’s Memory

Your scanner’s memory is organized in an architecture called Dynamic Allocated Channel memory. This type of memory is organized differently and more efficiently than the bank/channel architecture used by traditional scanners. Dynamic Allocated design matches how radio systems actually work much more closely, making it easier to program and use your scanner and determine how much memory you have used and how much you have left.

Instead of being organized into separate banks and channels, your scanner’s memory is contained in a pool. You simply use as much memory as you need in the pool to store as many frequencies, talk group ID’s, and alpha tags as you need. No memory space is wasted, and you can tell at a glance how much memory you have used and how much remains.

With a traditional scanner, when you program it to track a trunked system, you must first program the frequencies. Since you can only program one trunking system per bank in a traditional scanner, if there were (for example) 30 frequencies, the remaining channels in the bank are not used and therefore wasted. Also, since some trunked systems might have hundreds of talk groups, you would have had to enter those types of systems into multiple banks in order to monitor and track all the ID’s.

What is Scanning?

Unlike standard AM or FM radio stations, most two-way communications do not transmit continuously. Your BR330T scans programmed channels until it

Understanding Scanning
finds an active frequency, then stops on that frequency and remains on that channel as long as the transmission continues. When the transmission ends, the scanning cycle resumes until the scanner receives another transmission.

What is Searching?
The BR330T can search each of its bands and up to 10 bands together to find active frequencies. This is different from scanning because you are searching for frequencies that have not been programmed into the scanner. When you select frequency bands to search, the scanner searches for any active frequency within the lower and upper limits you specify. When the scanner finds an active frequency, it stops on that frequency as long as the transmission lasts. If you think the frequency is interesting, you can program it into the scanner’s memory. If not, you can continue to search.

What is CTCSS/DCS?
Your scanner can monitor systems using a Continuous Tone Coded Squelch System (CTCSS) and Digital Coded Squelch (DCS) system, which allow squelch to open only when the tone you have programmed with a specific frequency is received along with a transmission.

CTCSS and DCS are subaudible tone signaling systems sometimes referred to as PL or DPL (Motorola’s trademarked terms for Private Line and Digital Private Line respectively). CTCSS and DCS are used only for FM signals and are usually associated with both amateur and commercial two-way frequencies. These systems make use of a special subaudible tone that accompanies a transmitted signal.

CTCSS and DCS are used for many purposes. In many cases, CTCSS and DCS are used to restrict access to a commercial repeater, so that only those
units which transmit the correct tone along with their signal can “talk” to the repeater.

CTCSS and DCS are also used in areas that receive interference where there are several stations with output frequencies close to each other. When this occurs, you might hear multiple communications on the same frequency. The stations might even interfere with each other to the point where it is impossible to clearly receive any of the stations. A scanner equipped with CTCSS and DCS (like your scanner) can code each received frequency with a specific CTCSS or DCS frequency. Then, when you receive multiple signals, you only hear the transmission with the CTCSS or DCS tone you programmed. If you do not receive the correct tone with a signal, the scanner’s squelch remains closed and you hear nothing.

You can search for the following CTCSS frequencies and DCS codes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CTCSS Frequencies (Hz)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>67.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>82.5</td>
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<td>100.0</td>
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<td>123.0</td>
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<td>151.4</td>
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<td>171.3</td>
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<td>189.9</td>
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<td>210.7</td>
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<td>250.3</td>
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<thead>
<tr>
<th>DCS Codes (Octal)</th>
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<td>023 025 026 031 032 036 043 047</td>
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<td>051 053 054 065 071 072 073 074</td>
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<td>114 115 116 122 125 131 132 134</td>
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<td>143 145 152 155 156 162 165 172</td>
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Understanding Scanning
Conventional Scanning

Conventional scanning is a relatively simple concept. Each group of users in a conventional system is assigned a single frequency (for simplex systems) or two frequencies (for repeater systems). Any time one of them transmits, their transmission always goes out on the same frequency. Up until the late 1980s, this was the primary way that radio systems operated.

Even today, there are many 2-way radio users who operate using a conventional system:

- Aircraft
- Amateur radio
- FRS/GMRS users
- Broadcast AM/FM/TV stations
- Many business radio users

When you want to store a conventional system, all you need to know is the frequencies they operate on. When you are scanning a conventional system, the scanner stops very briefly on each channel to see if there is activity. If there isn’t, the scanner quickly moves to the next channel. If there is, then the scanner pauses on the transmission until it is over.

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<th>174</th>
<th>205</th>
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Simplex Operation

Simplex systems use a single frequency for both transmit and receive. Most radios using this type of operation are limited to line-of-sight operation. This type of radio is frequently used at construction job sites, and with inexpensive consumer radios such as GMRS/FRS radios. The range is typically 1-8 miles, depending upon the terrain and many other factors.

Repeater Operation

Repeater systems use two frequencies: one transmits from the radio to a central repeater; the other transmits from the repeater to other radios in the system. With a repeater-based system, the repeater is located on top of a tall building or on a radio tower that provides great visibility to the area of operation. When a user transmits (on an input frequency), the signal is picked up by the repeater and retransmitted (on an output frequency). The user’s radios always listen for activity on the output frequency and transmit on the input frequency. Since the repeater is located very high, there is a very large line of sight.

Typical repeater systems provide coverage out to about a 25-mile radius from the repeater location.
What is Trunk Tracking?

Your BR330T is designed to track the following types of trunking systems.

- Motorola Type I, Type II, Type III hybrid, SMARTNET, and PRIVACYPLUS analog trunking systems, which are extensively used in 800 MHz communication systems.
- LTR trunking systems
- EDACS SCAT trunking systems
- EDACS trunking systems

When tracking these types of systems, you might want to remember that your scanner can track more than one trunking system at a time and scan conventional and trunked systems at the same time.

Conventional scanning is a simple concept. You enter a frequency used by someone you want to monitor into your scanner's memory. For example, the police in your area might transmit on 460.500 MHz, the fire department on 154.445 MHz, the highway department on 37.900 MHz, etc. So when your scanner stops on a frequency, you usually know who it is, and more importantly, you can stop on a channel and listen to an entire conversation. This type of scanning is easy and fun.

However, as the demand for public communications has increased, many public radio users do not have enough frequencies to meet their needs, creating a serious problem. Trunking radio systems help solve this problem.

Trunked Scanning

While conventional scanning worked great while there were only a few groups wanting to use the frequencies, with the advent of smaller, lower-cost radios more and more agencies and businesses wanted to take advantage of the utility of 2-way radio. As a result, the bands that were used most became
Understanding Scanning

full, so new users were not able to take advantage of the technology as quickly as they wanted.

Trunking solved this frequency shortage by allowing multiple groups to use the same set of frequencies in a very efficient way. While each type of trunking system operates a little differently (see the next few sections), they all work on the same basic premise: even in a system with a lot of users, only a few users are ever transmitting at any one time.

Instead of being assigned a frequency, as with conventional systems, each group is assigned a talk group ID. A central computer controls the frequency each group operates on...and this frequency selection is made each time a user transmits. So, while on a conventional system queries, replies, and follow-ups are all on a single frequency, they could each be on completely different frequencies on a trunked system. This semi-random frequency assignment made monitoring such a system impossible prior to Uniden's invention of the TrunkTracker scanner.

Not only does your BR330T scan channels like a conventional scanner, it actually follows the users of a trunked radio system. Once you know a talk group’s ID, you won’t miss any of the action.

If you are a new scanner enthusiast, you might want to read the first part of this manual and use your scanner in conventional mode before you begin trunk tracking. Understanding scanning fundamentals and terminology will make trunk tracking much easier. If you are already an experienced scanner operator, you might want to go to “Programming Motorola Systems” on Page 69, “Programming EDACS Systems” on Page 73, or “Programming LTR Systems” on Page 76 now.

Understanding Scanning

25
Types of Trunking Systems

Trunking systems divide a few frequencies among many different users, but the way that each system does this is slightly different. This section describes some of the technical data behind Motorola, EDACS, and LTR trunked radio systems.

Motorola Trunking

While there are different types of Motorola trunking systems, they all use the same basic trunking method. The system consists of one control channel (or as many as 4 per system but only one is active at any one time), plus one or more voice channels (typically 10, 20, or 28 total channels). When a user presses Push To Talk (PTT) to transmit, their radio first sends their talk group information to the control channel. The computer then assigns that talk group to a specific voice channel and transmits that data over the control channel. All radios in that talk group switch over to the assigned voice channel and the user can begin speaking. This all typically takes place in about a second...the person transmitting hears a beep from their radio when the channel is assigned and then it is OK to start talking.

The systems in use are:

Motorola Type I – the radios send the radio ID, the fleet and subfleet talk group ID to the control channel each time they transmit. To program a Type I system, you need to know the system’s fleet map. The most common fleet maps are included in “Preset Map 1 Preset Map 2” on Page 133. You can also find fleet map resources on the web.

Motorola Type II – the radios only send the radio ID and radio channel code to the control channel. The central computer keeps a database of radio ID’s and which talk group is assigned to which channel code for each radio, so with this system the user’s radio sends only about ⅓ the data as a Type I system with each transmission. Type II systems do not use Fleet-
subfleet talk groups; instead they use a 5-digit ID for each talk group.

Type IIi Hybrid — these systems support a mix of both Type I and Type II users. Like Type I systems, you must know the system’s fleet map to ensure proper tracking.

**EDACS Trunking**

EDACS trunking works in much the same way as Motorola trunking with a couple of major differences. In an EDACS system, each frequency used by the system is assigned a Logical Channel Number (LCN) so that less data needs to be transmitted by the control channel. Also, talk groups are assigned in an Agency-Fleet-Subfleet (AFS) hierarchy. Also, there is one variation of EDACS called SCAT that your BR330T can monitor.

Logical Channel Numbers – each frequency used by the system is assigned an LCN. This information is programmed into each user radio. When a user presses PTT, their radio sends their AFS information to the control channel. The computer then assigns that talk group to a channel and sends the LCN so that all other radios in that talk group will switch to the correct channel. To program an EDACS system in your scanner, you will need to know both the frequencies used by the system and the LCN for each frequency.

Agency-Fleet-Subfleet – talk group ID’s for EDACS systems are assigned in a way that makes it easy to see at a glance the affiliation of the user. Each radio is assigned a 2-digit agency identifier from 00 – 15. For example, 01 might be used by the police, 02 by the ambulance service, 03 by the fire department, and so on. Each agency is then subdivided up to 16 times to provide fleet identification, and then 8 more times to identify subfleets.

For example, the complete AFS for the Police Department West District’s dispatch channel might be

**Understanding Scanning**
01-062. 01 identifies the agency as the police department, 06 identifies the fleet as the West district, and 2 identifies the subfleet as the dispatch channel. While these assignments are somewhat arbitrary and vary from system to system, there are many resources on the web for finding the assignments for most systems. Because of the logical hierarchy of the AFS system, your BR330T lets you assign wildcard ID’s that let you, for example, use only one ID memory to identify all units in either an agency or a fleet.

EDACS SCAT – EDACS SCAT (Single Channel Autonomous Trunking) systems operate on a single channel and alternate control data with analog voice traffic. While your BR330T cannot track ID’s in this system, it can eliminate the control data so that all you hear is the voice transmissions when you monitor this type of system.

**LTR Trunking**

LTR (Logic Trunked Radio) systems are trunking systems used primarily by business or private communications service providers, such as taxicabs, delivery trucks, and repair services. These systems encode all control information as digital subaudible data that accompanies each transmission, so there is no separate control channel. Users on an LTR system are assigned to specific talk groups, which are identified by the radio as six digit numbers.

These numbers are in the form AHHUUU, where:

A = Area code (0 or 1)
H = Home repeater (01 through 20)
U = User ID (000 through 254)

When the scanner receives a transmission on a channel set to the LTR mode, it first decodes the LTR data included with the transmission. In the ID search mode, the scanner stops on the transmission and displays the talk group ID on the display. In the ID scan mode, the scanner only stops on the transmission if
the LTR data matches a talk group ID that you have stored in the talk group ID list and have not locked out. LTR systems are frequently programmed so that each radio has a unique user ID.

**I-Call (Motorola/EDACS)**

I-calls are direct unit-to-unit transmissions that are not heard by other system users. Your BR330T can receive I-call transmissions. See “Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 85 for more information about monitoring I-call transmissions.

**Where To Get More Information**

By itself, this manual really only provides part of what you need to know to have fun scanning – how to program and use the scanner.

**Information On The Internet**

The Internet is a great source for current frequencies and information about scanning. Many web sites have lists of frequencies for your area. You can use a search engine to find and use them.

Make a list of the agencies you want to listen to, then look up the frequencies and systems used by those agencies. Here are a few useful sites:

- [http://www.scannermaster.com](http://www.scannermaster.com) * - frequency resources and home of Police Call.
  
  You can also call them at 1 800 SCANNER (hours are from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time Monday through Friday).

- [http://www.radioreference.com](http://www.radioreference.com) * - the Internet's premier source for user-supported radio system information.

- [http://www.bearcat1.com](http://www.bearcat1.com) - frequency information from National Communications.
• http://svartifoss2.fcc.gov/reports/index.cfm * - conventional frequency information on file with the US Government

• http://groups.yahoo.com/group/BR330T* - a group for people interested in discussing the BR330T.

* - These web sites are not affiliated with Uniden Corporation.
Included With Your Scanner

- Connection Cable
- Wrist Strap
- AC Adapter
- Batteries
- Belt Clip
- BNC/SMA Adapter
- Owners Manual and other printed material

If any of these items are missing or damaged, immediately contact your place of purchase or Uniden Customer Service at: (800) 297-1023, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Central, Monday through Friday.
Setting Up Your Scanner

These guidelines will help you install and set up your new scanner:

- If your scanner receives interference or electrical noise, move the scanner or its antenna away from the source.

- To improve the scanner’s reception, use an optional external antenna designed for multi-band coverage. (You can purchase this type of antenna at a local electronics store). If the optional antenna has no cable, use 50-75 Ω coaxial cable for lead-in. A mating plug might be necessary for the optional antennas.

- Use an optional mono earphone or mono headset with proper impedance (32 Ω) for private listening. Read the precautions on the inside front cover of this Owners Manual.

- Do not use the scanner in high-moisture environments such as the kitchen or bathroom.

- Avoid placing the scanner in direct sunlight or near heating elements or vents.

Using Internal Batteries

You can power your scanner using three alkaline or rechargeable AA batteries.

Before installing batteries, set the switch in the battery compartment to match the type of batteries you will use. Select ALKALINE for non-rechargeable battery types and Ni-MH for rechargeable battery types. See also “Using Rechargeable Batteries” on Page 33 when you use rechargeable batteries.

1. Remove the battery cover and set the battery switch.
2. Install 3 AA batteries, matching the polarity symbols (+ -).

**WARNING!**

Set ALKALINE/Ni-MH to Ni-MH for use only with rechargeable batteries. Never attempt to recharge non-rechargeable batteries. Non-rechargeable batteries can get hot and can even burst if you try to recharge them.

3. Replace the cover.

When \( \square \) flashes and the scanner beeps every 15 seconds, replace the batteries.

**Using Rechargeable Batteries**

You can also use three rechargeable batteries to power your scanner. Before you use rechargeable batteries, you must charge them. The scanner has a built-in circuit that lets you recharge batteries while they are in the scanner. To charge the batteries, set ALKALINE/ Ni-MH inside the battery compartment to Ni-MH, install the batteries in the scanner, and connect the supplied AC adapter to the scanner's DC 6V jack (see "Using AC Power" on Page 34).

**WARNING!**

Do not connect the AC adapter to the scanner if non-rechargeable batteries (such as alkaline batteries) are installed in the scanner and ALKALINE/Ni-MH is set to Ni-MH, or if you are unsure of the switch's position. Non-rechargeable batteries can get hot and can even burst if you try to recharge them. Before you use rechargeable batteries for the first time, charge them for 14 hours to bring them to a full charge. Discharged batteries take about 14 hours to fully recharge.
If an AC adapter is connected to the scanner, the scanner checks the condition of the installed batteries. If the scanner is turned off and the batteries require a full charge, **Normal Charging** appears as the batteries are recharged. When the batteries are fully charged, **Charge Complete** appears.

If no batteries are installed in the scanner, **No Battery** appears. If there is a problem with the installed batteries, **Battery Error** appears. If the installed batteries are Ni-MH batteries but **ALKALINE/Ni-MH** is set to **ALKALINE**, **Charge Off** appears and the scanner does not charge the batteries.

### Removing the Display Sticker

Before you use the scanner, remove the protective plastic sticker over the display.

### Using AC Power

You can power the scanner using the supplied 6V, 800 mA AC adapter.

To use the scanner on AC power, plug the adapter into **6V 800 mA** on the right side of the scanner, then plug the AC adapter into a standard AC outlet.

If rechargeable batteries are installed and **ALKALINE/Ni-MH** is set to **Ni-MH**, the adapter powers the scanner and recharges the installed batteries at the same time.

**WARNING!**

To prevent damage to Ni-MH batteries, never charge them in an area where the temperature is above 113°F (45°C) or below 32°F (0°C).
Connecting the Antenna

To attach the supplied flexible antenna to the connector on the top of your scanner, simply screw it onto the scanner's SMA connector.

Connecting an Optional Antenna

The scanner's SMA connector makes it easy to connect a variety of optional antennas, including an external mobile antenna or outdoor base station antenna.

Note: Always use 50- or 75-ohm, RG-58, or RG-8, coaxial cable and the supplied BNC/SMA adapter to connect an outdoor antenna. If the antenna is over 50 feet from the scanner, use RG-8 low-loss dielectric coaxial cable. Cable loss increases with higher frequency.

Connecting an Earphone/Headphone

For private listening, you can plug a 1/8-inch (3.5 mm) mini-plug earphone or headphones (not supplied) into the headphone jack on top of your scanner. This automatically disconnects the internal speaker. See "Earphone Warning" at the front of the manual for important information about using an earphone/ headphone.

Connecting an Extension Speaker

In a noisy area, an optional amplified extension speaker, positioned in the right place, might provide more comfortable listening. Plug the speaker cable's 1/8-inch (3.5-mm) mini-plug into your scanner's jack.

**WARNING!**

Never connect anything other than an earphone or the recommended amplified extension speaker to the scanner’s headphone jack. This might damage the scanner.
WARNING!

Never connect any part of the headphone jack to the antenna jack or connect the radio to an installation where the antenna and audio connection are grounded. This might damage the scanner.

Attaching the Belt Clip

To make your scanner easier to carry when you are on the go, use the supplied belt clip. Rotate the scanner upside down to remove it from the clip.

Attaching the Wrist Strap

To keep your scanner safely close at hand, use the supplied wrist strap. Push the small loop on one end of the wrist strap through the lug on the right side of the scanner, then thread the other end of the wrist strap back through the small loop to secure it.

A Look At The Keypad

Your scanner's keys have various functions labeled on the key tops and below the keys.

To select the function labeled on a key, simply press the key. To select the function labeled below a key, hold down the menu key on the left side of the scanner then press the key. F appears on the display.
If your scanner's keys seem confusing at first, the following information should help you understand each key's function.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Hold/Φ** | **Hold** – Holds the scan or the frequency search when pressed. Resumes the scan or the frequency search when pressed again.  
+ Φ – Quickly turns the Close Call feature on or off (see “Setting Close Call Options” on Page 108). |
| **Scan/srch** | **Scan** – Scans the stored channels.  
+ srch – Starts quick search or quickly accesses the search menu. |
| **L/O** | **L/O** – Lets you lock out a selected channel or skip a specified frequency. Press and hold for more than 2 seconds to unlock all channels in a system or all frequencies in a Search mode and Close Call mode. Also use to exit a menu.  
+ L/O – Press quickly to lock and unlock a selected system in Scan or Scan Hold mode and review search lockout frequencies in Search or Search Hold mode. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| ☀ / ☀ / ❌ | ☀ – Turns the display backlight on or off. Press and hold for more than 2 seconds to turn the scanner on or off.  
 Func + ❌ – Locks and unlocks the keypad. |
| 1-9 | 1-9 – Enters a frequency, enters quick key numbers, and selects a custom search range in Custom Search mode. Selects systems by quick key in scan mode.  
 Func + 1-9 – Selects groups by quick key in scan mode. |
| 1/pri | 1 – Enters a 1.  
 Func + pri – Selects the priority mode in scan hold mode. |
| 2/wx | 2 – Enters a 2.  
 Func + wx – Selects the weather function in the menu in the Hold mode. |
| < /4 | 4 – Enters a 4.  
 Func + < – Moves the active character to the left while editing data. |
| 6/› | 6 – Enters a 6.  
 Func + › – Moves the active character to the right while editing data. |
### Setting Up Your Scanner

**A Look At The Display**

The display has indicators that show the scanner’s current operating status. The display information helps you understand how your scanner operates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>7/rcl</strong></td>
<td>7 – Enters a 7.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+ rcl – Displays a series of prompts to quickly select a specific channel in the scan hold mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>no/rev</strong></td>
<td>• – Enters a decimal point or dash in a frequency or talk group ID, enters or selects an extended 2-digit Quick Key, enters an “i” for I-Call input. At a prompt, answers “No.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+ rev – Monitors the currently-tuned frequency’s reverse frequency.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>E/yes/att</strong></td>
<td>E – Press to select input and menu items, to quickly edit a channel in Scan Hold Mode, and store a frequency into memory in Scan Hold mode. At a prompt, answers “Yes.”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+ att – Turns the scanner’s attenuator on or off for the current channel (for conventional systems) or system (for trunked systems).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>0 race/car</strong></td>
<td>0 – Enters a frequency and enters quick key numbers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>race/car – Enters a race number and car number.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

Setting Up Your Scanner
Sn: - appears with a number to show the currently-selected System Quick Key number. n appears to show the first digit of the Quick Key number. For example, if System Quick Key 75 is selected, S7: appears. The currently active system indicator flashes.


PRI - appears when the priority feature is turned on (see “Priority Scan” on Page 54).

⇌ - appears when you lock the keypad (see “Locking/Unlocking the Keypad and Scroll” on Page 53).

← ⏯ - alerts you when the battery power gets low.

GRP - shows the currently activated group or selected group Quick Key number, appears with numbers (0-9). The currently active group indicator flashes.

AM/FM/NFM/WFM - appears to show the type of reception mode.

L/O - appears when you manually select a channel you locked out or a skip frequency.

F - appears when you hold down func to select a function.

شبه - appears when the scanner is set to a Close Call feature mode (see “Using the Close Call Feature” on Page 107).

SCAN - scrolls while the scanner is scanning.

DSKP - appears when data skip is turned on.

HOLD - appears while the scanner is set to scan or search hold mode.

P - appears if priority is turned on

SCR - appears when one or more broadcast screen bands are turned on.
Setting Up Your Scanner

Setting Up Your Scanner

Using Menu

Press **Menu** on the left side of the scanner to enter the menu. See “Using the Menu” on Page 49 for more information about the scanner’s menu options.

Using Func

To select the function labeled below a key on the front of the scanner, hold down **Func** on the left side of the scanner, then press that key. To hold on a system while scanning or temporarily stop on a channel while searching, press **Func**. To select a system in Scan or Scan Hold mode, hold down **Func** and rotate the scroll control.

- **-** appears to show signal strength (0 to 5).
- **REP** - appears when repeater find is turned on.
Basic Operation

Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch

Note: Make sure the scanner’s antenna is connected before you turn it on.

1. Press and hold \[\text{Hold}\] for about 2 seconds to turn on the scanner.

2. Briefly press the scroll control once. \textit{VOLUME LEVEL} and a number appear on the display.

3. While \textit{VOLUME LEVEL} appears, rotate the scroll control to set the volume to a comfortable listening level.
   
   Note: If you do not press any key or turn the scroll control within about 10 seconds, \textit{VOLUME LEVEL} disappears. If this happens, simply press the scroll control again.

4. While holding down \[\text{Func}\] on the left side of the scanner, briefly press the scroll control once. \textit{SQUELCH LEVEL} and a number appear on the display.

5. While \textit{SQUELCH LEVEL} appears, rotate the scroll control to set the squelch to the level you want.
   
   Note: If you do not press any key or turn the scroll control within about 10 seconds, \textit{SQUELCH LEVEL} disappears. If this happens, hold down \[\text{Func}\] and the scroll control again.
Scanning Systems

To begin scanning programmed systems, press Scan. The BR330T scans all unlocked systems in all activated quick-key groups and any searches unlocked for search and scan.

Notes:

- If no systems are programmed, or all systems are locked out, an error message appears. Program a system or select a system to scan.
- When scanning multiple systems, the BR330T scans systems according to the assigned quick key. Systems assigned to quick key 1 are scanned first, then 2, 3, 4, etc. Systems not assigned to a quick key are scanned last, then unlocked searches. Within a quick key, systems are scanned in the order they were assigned.
- Within a system, channels are scanned according to the assigned channel group, with the same priority as described above for systems.
- The BR330T scans a system for the duration you set using the System Hold Time option (see “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 82). For trunked systems, the scanner moves to the next system after the hold time expires, the current transmission ends, and the channel delay expires. Conventional systems operate similarly, but all unlocked channels are scanned at least one time regardless of the hold time setting.
- Each search range is searched for the amount of time you set using the “Set Hold Time” option. See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 82 for more information.

Preprogrammed System Tips

All systems preprogrammed into the scanner are assigned to a Quick Key. See “Preprogrammed Systems” on Page 148 for a list of preprogrammed systems and their Quick Key assignments.
Notes:

- The systems preprogrammed into the scanner are located primarily in major metropolitan areas.
- You might hear transmissions on frequencies assigned to very distant stations. This will happen if a local system also uses the same frequency.

You can scan the preprogrammed systems more efficiently by preventing the BR330T from trying to scan systems that are not in your area. To do this, refer to the quick key assignments listed in “Preprogrammed Systems” on Page 148, and enter the quick key for each distant system to turn them off.

To stop scanning a local preprogrammed system, you can:

- Lock out the system (see “Locking/Unlocking Systems” on Page 45)
- Reassign the system to another quick key so you can easily enable/disable it independently of other systems (see “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 81)
- Delete the system (see “Deleting Systems” on Page 88)

Important! You cannot restore preprogrammed systems if you delete them.

**Selecting Systems to Scan**

To select systems to scan, press **Scan** then press the quick key assigned to the system or systems you want to scan. For quick keys 0-9, press the quick key’s number. For quick keys 10-99, press • then press the quick key’s 2-digit number. To stop scanning the system(s), press • (if the quick key is a 2-digit quick key) then the number button or buttons again.

The Sx: (system) indicators on the display show the systems that are currently selected.
To select or lock out a system that is not assigned to a key, press and hold \textit{Func} while you rotate the scroll control until the desired system is selected. Then, continue to hold \textit{Func} and press L/O to either lock out or unlock the system.

**Selecting System Channel Groups**

Within a system, you can assign groups of channels to a group quick key (see "Setting the Group Quick Key" on Page 90).

Follow these steps to activate or deactivate a channel group within a system while scanning.

1. Press \textit{Func} to hold on the system (or hold down \textit{Func} then rotate the scroll control to select the system).
2. Continue to hold \textit{Func} and press the number key corresponding to the channel group you want to activate or deactivate.

**Locking/Unlocking Systems**

Follow these steps to lock out a system so that it does not scan even if its quick key is selected.

1. While holding down \textit{Func}, rotate the scroll control to select the system.
2. Continue to hold down \textit{Func} and press L/O to lock out the system. System Locked appears.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 to unlock a system you have previously locked. System Unlocked appears.

**Locking/Unlocking Channels**

Follow these steps to lock out a channel so that it does not scan even if its system and channel group are selected.

1. While holding down \textit{Func}, rotate the scroll control to select the system where the channel is stored.

---

Basic Operation
2. Release [Func] then press Hold within 2 seconds to hold on the system.

3. Rotate the scroll control to select the channel you want to lock or unlock.

4. Press L/O to lock or unlock the channel.

You can also lock out an active channel by pressing L/O while the scanner is stopped on the channel.

**ID Scan/ID Search Mode**

While you are scanning a trunked system, the scanner can be in either ID Scan or ID Search mode:

- **ID Scan** – the scanner only stops on talk group ID’s that you have programmed into the system
- **ID Search** – the scanner stops on any unlocked talk group that becomes active.

To toggle between ID Scan and ID Search, press [Func] then press Scan within 2 seconds while the scanner is scanning the system.

If the scanner does not scan the system long enough for you to easily do this, press [Func] while the scanner is scanning the system (or press [Func] then rotate the scroll control to select the system). Then, release [Func] and press Scan within 2 seconds.

**Temporarily Holding On a System**

To temporarily hold on a system, press and hold [Func]. To hold on a different system, continue to hold [Func] and rotate the scroll control to select the system. Normal scanning resumes 2 seconds after you release [Func].

**Holding On a Channel**

To hold on a channel, press Hold while the channel is active. To select a different channel, rotate the scroll control. If you scroll past the beginning or end of the current system, the scanner selects channels in the
previous or next system. To resume scanning, press Scan.

Quickly Storing an ID During ID Search

To quickly store an active talk group ID during ID search, press E. You see:

Quick TGID Save?

To save the ID into a channel, press E. Otherwise, press . If you press E, the scanner stores the ID into a channel group called Qck Save Grp in the current system.

Quick-Storing Channels or Talk Group ID’s

1. Hold on an existing channel in any system.

2. Enter the frequency or talk group ID you want to store (press twice to enter hyphens in talk group ID’s).

3. To quick-store the channel or talk group ID, press E. Otherwise, press .

If you enter a frequency then press E, the scanner stores it in the Qck Save Grp group in a system called Qck Save Cnv Sys. These are created if they do not exist. Then, the scanner prompts you to save other channel settings.

If you enter a talk group ID then press E, the scanner stores it into a channel group named Qck Save Grp in the current system. If the talk group ID’s format is not the type used by the current system, the scanner displays an error message and does not save the talk group ID.

If you pressed No in Step 3, the scanner prompts you to select the system and the group where you want to store the frequency or talk group ID.
Quickly Recalling Channels

1. Press **Hold** to hold on any channel.

2. Press **Func** + **rcl**. The scanner prompts you to select the system where the channel is stored.

3. Rotate the scroll control to select the system, then press **E**. The scanner prompts you to select the channel group where the channel is stored.

4. Rotate the scroll control to select the group, then press **E**. The scanner prompts you to select a channel.

5. Rotate the scroll control to select the channel, then press **E** to hold on that channel.

Monitoring Trunking Activity

To monitor trunking activity, press **Hold** then turn the scroll control to select the control channel frequency (for a Motorola or EDACS system) or any system frequency (for an LTR system). Active talk group ID’s appear on the second line of the display. For Motorola systems, the scanner will show the System ID on the top line of the display. For EDACS systems, the scanner will show the site ID on the top line of the display. Trunking indicators appear on the display.

Toggling Channel Alpha Tags

To change the display so the channel and frequency or Talk Group ID appear instead of the alpha tag, press **Func** + **5**.
Using the Menu

The scanner’s menu lets you select options that let you set up and use the scanner.

To use the menu, press "Menu" on the left side of the scanner. To select a menu item, rotate the scroll control clockwise or counterclockwise. The currently-selected menu item is highlighted with a bar on the display. When the menu item you want to select is highlighted, briefly press the scroll control to select it. To back up a level, press "Menu". To exit the menu mode, press "Menu" again or the L/O key.

This table shows the scanner’s menu structure. To find information about a particular menu setting in this manual, go to the page number shown in parentheses next to the setting.

Note: Not all of the options shown in this table may appear at the same time. To view all available options on any screen, rotate the scroll control.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Item</th>
<th>Submenu</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program System</td>
<td>Select System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search/CloCall Opt</td>
<td>(51)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search for ...</td>
<td>Alameda Conv</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Alameda MOT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Arlington M/T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program System</td>
<td>Search/CloCall Opt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search/CloCall Opt</td>
<td>(111)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search for ...</td>
<td>Broadcast Screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>CTCSS/DCS Search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Repeater Find</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Max Auto Store</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Delay Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Modulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Attenuator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Data Skip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Step</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(112)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(100)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(113)</td>
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<td>(114)</td>
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<td>(95) (114)</td>
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<td>(115)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(116)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program System</td>
<td>Search for ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search/CloCall Opt</td>
<td>(99)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search for ...</td>
<td>Service Search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(103)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edit Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(101)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Custom Search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(102)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Edit Custom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(105)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Search and Store</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Using the Menu
49
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu Item</th>
<th>Submenu</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td>Close Call</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search for ...</td>
<td>Close Call Only (108)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Call</td>
<td>CC Auto Store (108)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set CC Mode (108)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set CC Override (108)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set CC Alert (108)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set CC Bands (108)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td>Set Priority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Search for ...</td>
<td>Set Priority (54)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Call</td>
<td>Off (54)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>On (54)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Plus On (54)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td>WX Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Close Call</td>
<td>Weather Scan (117)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Priority</td>
<td>Weather Alert (117)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX Operation</td>
<td>Program SAME (118)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Delay Time (115)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Attenuator (114)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WX Alt Priority (119)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td>Tone-Out for ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set Priority</td>
<td>Tone-Out for ... (120)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX Operation</td>
<td>Tone-Out Standby (120)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tone-Out Setup</td>
<td>Tone-Out Setup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td>Xfer Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WX operation</td>
<td>Wired Clone (57)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tone-Out for ...</td>
<td>On-Air Clone (58)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xfer Information</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-- MENU --</td>
<td>Settings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tone-Out for ...</td>
<td>Set Backlight (54)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Xfer Information</td>
<td>Adjust Key Beep (53)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Battery Save (54)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Audio AGC (55)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Adjust Contrast (56)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Set Bar Antenna (56)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PC Control (56)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>See Scanner Info (53)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Programming Systems Menu

This table shows the scanner’s systems menu structure. This menu lets you program new systems or change existing systems. To find information about a particular menu setting in this manual, go to the page number shown under or next to the setting.

To use the systems menu, press Menu then briefly press the scroll control. To back up a level, press Menu. To exit the menu mode, press Menu again.

Note: Not all of the options shown in this table may appear at the same time. To view all available options on any screen, rotate the scroll control.

Using the Menu

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Menu/Submenu</th>
<th>Option Menu</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Select Sys Type</td>
<td>System 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Racing</td>
<td>Edit Sys Option (81)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conventional</td>
<td>Edit Car (64)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOT</td>
<td>Delete System (88)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EDCS</td>
<td>Copy System (89)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conventional</td>
<td>System 1</td>
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Other Settings

Displaying System Information

Viewing Memory Used

Press and hold down **Menu** then press **Settings** to display the settings menu. Press **See Scanner Info** to view the scanner information. Press **Memory Used** to display the memory used.

A bar showing the percent of memory used appears. Press any key to return to the previous menu, then press Scan or Hold.

Viewing the Firmware Version

Press and hold down **Menu** then press **Settings** to display the settings menu. Press **See Scanner Info** to view the scanner information. Press **Firmware Version** to display the firmware version.

Press any key to return to the previous menu, then press Scan or Hold.

Adjusting the Key Beep

Press and hold down **Menu** then press **Settings** to display the settings menu. Press **Adjust Key Beep** to adjust the key beep.

Auto - the scanner automatically sets the key beep to match the master volume setting level you select.

Level 1-15 the scanner lets you select a key beep level. You can choose any of 15 different key beep levels.

Off - the scanner turns the key beep off.

Locking/Unlocking the Keypad and Scroll

Press and hold down **Menu** then press **Func** to lock or unlock the keypad. Keypad Lock and On (if the keypad is locked) or Off (if the keypad is unlocked) appears. This does not affect the volume setting. The scroll control still controls the volume when you lock the controls.
Turning Power Save On or Off

Menu → ⌊ Settings ⌋ → ⌽
⌊ Set Battery Save ⌽ ⌽

- **On** The scanner goes into low-power mode when you monitor a conventional channel that has no activity.
- **Off** Power save is off.

Priority Scan

Menu → ⌊ Set Priority ⌽ → ⌽

Or, while holding on any channel, press Func + 1/pri to select one of these priority modes:

- **Off** Normal scanning
- **On** While scanning a conventional system, the scanner interrupts every 2 seconds and checks the priority channels in each unlocked conventional system. Priority channels in lower priority key numbered systems (starting from 1) have highest priority. PRI appears when you select this mode.
- **Plus On** The scanner only scans priority channels in unlocked conventional systems. PRI flashes when you select this mode.

Using the Backlight

Menu → ⌊ Settings ⌽ → ⌽
⌊ Set Backlight ⌽ ⌽

- **10 sec** The backlight stays on for 10 seconds after you press ⌬.
- **30 sec** The backlight stays on for 30 seconds after you press ⌬.
- **Squelch** The backlight turns on when the squelch opens then stays on for 5 seconds.
- **Keypress** The backlight turns on when any key is pressed then stays on for 10 seconds.
- **Infinite** The backlight turns on when you press ⌬ then stays on until you press ⌬ again.
Pressing any key while the backlight is on extends the backlight period. Pressing \( \text{ backlight symbol } \) while the backlight is on turns off the backlight.

**Setting the Audio AGC**

\[ \text{Menu} \rightarrow \text{Settings} \rightarrow \downarrow \text{Set Audio AGC} \downarrow \]

This setting helps balance the audio level you hear as you listen to different radio sources so you can hear them at a similar volume. Use this setting if you listen to an audio source that has natural changes in audio level for which you want to compensate.

- **On** Press the scroll control to select. Audio AGC is turned on.
- **Off** Press the scroll control to select. Audio AGC is turned off.

**Selecting the Bar Antenna**

\[ \text{Menu} \rightarrow \text{Settings} \rightarrow \downarrow \text{Set Bar Antenna} \downarrow \]

This setting lets you switch between the internal bar antenna and the antenna connected to the SMA connector.

Note: The bar antenna receives signals between 0.1 and 1.7 MHz. It cannot receive signals out of this range even if you select it.

- **On** Press the scroll control to select. The bar antenna is selected.
- **Off** Press the scroll control to select. The antenna attached to the SMA connector is selected.

**Tuning The Bar Antenna**

Follow the steps under “Selecting the Bar Antenna” for best reception of AM radio signals.

1. Make sure to select the Bar Antenna
2. Tune to a frequency between 0.1 and 1.7 MHz.
3. Hold down \( \text{ Func } \) and tap the scroll control twice.

**Other Settings**
4. Using the scroll control, select a number between -8 and 7 seen in the lower right corner of the display. Adjust the setting for the best reception.

5. When set, tap scroll once to exit.

**Adjusting the Display Contrast**

```
MENU → ⦿ Settings → ⦿
⦿ Adjust Contrast ⦿
```

Contrast 1-15 the scanner adjusts the display to the contrast level you select.

This setting controls the display’s contrast (how light or dark it appears). Use this setting to change the contrast for different viewing conditions. There are 15 contrast settings. You see the change in contrast as you scroll through the settings.

**Initializing the Scanner’s Memory**

1. Turn off the scanner.

2. Press 2, 9, and Hold while turning on the scanner. Restore Preprogram List? Yes="E"/ No="." appears.

3. Press "E" or "."

**Connecting Your Scanner to a Personal Computer**

To connect your scanner to a personal computer, you must first set the scanner’s baud rate (the rate at which data is transferred between the scanner and the computer, in bits per second (bps)).

**Important!** Before you start transferring data between your scanner and your computer, make sure the batteries are fresh or fully charged. If the scanner loses power while you are transferring data, its memory might be corrupted and all information programmed in the scanner might be erased.
Hint: If you have trouble transferring data between your scanner and your computer, try setting the baud rate to a slower setting.

Use the included connection cable to connect your scanner to another BR330T scanner or your personal computer.

**PC Control**  Lets you set the baud rate your scanner uses to communicate with a personal computer.

- **Off**  The baud rate is not set.
- **9600 bps**  The baud rate is set to 9600 bps.
- **19200 bps**  The baud rate is set to 19,200 bps.
- **38400 bps**  The baud rate is set to 38,400 bps.
- **57600 bps**  The baud rate is set to 57,600 bps.
- **115200 bps**  The baud rate is set to 115,200 bps.

**Using the Cloning Options**

Lets you set your scanner as a master (source) or slave (recipient), letting you transfer programming to or from another BR330T scanner. See “Wired Cloning” on Page 57 and “On-Air Cloning” on Page 58.

**Wired Cloning**

- **Master**  Sets the scanner to be the source scanner.
- **Slave**  Sets the scanner to be the recipient scanner.

To clone (copy) data directly from one BR330T scanner to another BR330T scanner, you must first connect the scanners to each other using the included connection cables and a DB9 null modem adapter and DB9 gender changer (neither included), available at most computer stores. Then you must set one scanner as the source and the other as the destination.

Plug the smaller end of each of the included connection cables into **Remote** on the right side of each scanner.

**Other Settings**
Then connect the other end of the cables together using the null modem connector and gender changer. Then set the scanner containing the programming you want to transfer as the master scanner, then set the other scanner as the slave scanner.

(Master scanner) Clone Master Press SCAN Key

(Slave scanner) Clone Slave Press SCAN Key

When you are ready to clone the scanner, press SCAN on the slave scanner first, then on the master scanner. The master scanner checks the connection between the two scanners, then transfers its data to the slave scanner.

When the transfer is complete, Complete appears on both scanners. If the transfer did not work, Error appears on the master scanner.

**On-Air Cloning**

You can clone (copy) data from a PC to a BR330T scanner. This is useful if you want to quickly program 20 or more BR330T scanners at the same time.

Note: On-air cloning is practical if you are programming more than 10 scanners at the same time. Otherwise, we recommend you use wired programming.

To clone (copy) data from a PC to the scanner, you need a transceiver, a PC that has an audio input, and a cable to connect your PC’s sound card to the
transceiver. Follow the directions supplied with the Uniden Advanced Scanner Director Software (available online at http://www.uniden.com) to construct a cable and use on-air cloning.

When you are receiving the cloning broadcast and are ready to clone the scanner, select Start Cloning on the scanner. The scanner receives the data from the transmission.

When the transfer is complete, Complete appears. If the transfer did not work, Error appears.
Programming Radio Systems

Your BR330T comes preprogrammed with 76 analog systems from the most populous areas in the US. However, to get the most enjoyment from your scanner (especially if you do not live near one of these counties), you must customize the programming for your area.

To edit an existing system, use the menu to navigate to the system setting you want to change. This section assumes you are programming a new system.

Programming radio systems is completed in two major steps. Don't skip either step!

1. Plan the system.

2. Program the system into your scanner according to the plan you prepared in Step 1.

To make planning easier, planning worksheets are included in the back of this manual for each system type. Copy the worksheets (or download this manual from the Uniden America Corporation website and print extra sheets), then use them to plan out how you will program the scanner.

**Important!** Before you start programming your scanner, make sure the batteries are fresh or fully charged. If the scanner loses power while you program it, its memory might be corrupted which will require you to reinitialize it (see “Initializing the Scanner’s Memory” on Page 56). All information programmed in the scanner, including preprogrammed systems, might be lost.

General Notes

- You can store up to 400 systems.
- Trunking systems can have up to 200 channels each. The number of conventional system channels you can have is limited only by the amount of scanner memory remaining.
- You can store up to 20 channel groups per system.
- Total channels are limited to 2,500.
Quickly Programming Racing Systems

You can use the menu system to program a racing system (see “Manually Programming Racing Systems” on Page 63). Or you can follow the onscreen prompts as described in this section to quickly program your scanner. These prompts are designed to help you quickly enter a new race from a frequency list purchased at the track (if the system is not already preprogrammed into your scanner). When you complete Steps 5 and 6, almost all cars will use the default settings for the other steps.

1. While scanning, press 0. Then rotate the scroll control to select New race, then press E.

2. Enter the name of the race, then press E.

3. Enter the first car number (up to 3 digits), then press E.

4. Enter the first driver name (up to 12 characters), then press E.

5. Enter the driver’s frequency, then press E.
6. Set the CTCSS/DCS code, then press E

7. Press E to enter advanced options (Steps 8-11) or press • to skip to Step 12.

8. Set the modulation type (Auto is almost always the correct choice), then press E

9. Set the attenuator (turn it on to eliminate interference from other sources), then press E

10. Set the channel priority (turn it on if you want the scanner to interrupt operation every few seconds to check for transmissions by this driver), then press E

11. Set alert (turn it on if you want the scanner to sound a special alert when this car transmits), then press E
12. If you have another frequency to enter for this driver, press E then repeat from Step 5. Otherwise, press No

13. To enter another car in this race, press E then repeat from Step 3. Otherwise, press No

14. When you finish, press Scan to begin scanning the race

Manually Programming Racing Systems

The scanner creates an empty conventional system, with a default name of System NN R. NN increments as you add new systems. R indicates that this is a racing system.

Refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options:

- See “Editing the System Name” on Page 80
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 81
- See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 82
- See “Setting Data Skip” on Page 115
- See “Deleting Systems” on Page 88
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 89
Editing the Car

Follow these steps to enter the car options.

1. Press 0-9 to enter the car’s number (up to 3 digits), then press the scroll control.
2. Rotate the scroll control to select one of the following options. Then refer to the appropriate section to set or change a car setting.
   - See “Entering/Editing a Car Number” on Page 64.
   - See “Editing a Driver” on Page 65.
   - See “Setting a Car’s Quick Key” on Page 65.
   - See “Editing a Car’s Channel” on Page 66.
   - See “Deleting a Car” on Page 66.

Entering/Editing a Car Number

1. Rotate the scroll control to select the first digit, then press 0-9 to enter the correct digit.
2. Repeat Step 1 to enter or correct the second and third digits if necessary. Then press E or press down on the scroll control to accept the setting.

Hints:
   - Each car number can be up to three digits.
   - Press • to delete the entire car number.
Editing a Driver

- Select the system
- Edit Car

Select the car

Edit Driver

1. Rotate the scroll control to select the first letter.
2. Press and hold down Func then rotate the scroll control once to select the next letter.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 until you have entered the driver’s name. Then press E or press down on the scroll control to accept the setting.

Hints:
- Each driver’s name can be up to 12 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.
- Press twice to delete the current character.
- Press three times to clear the entire driver name.

Setting a Car’s Quick Key

- Select the system
- Edit Car

Select the car

Set Quick Key

After selecting this option, press 0-9 or rotate the scroll control to assign the car to a quick key or press No to assign the car to no quick key, then press E.

Hints:
- You can assign as many cars to the same quick key as you want.
- Preprogrammed conventional systems are set to quick key 9.
- To be scanned, a car’s quick key must be activated and the system must be unlocked.
Editing a Car’s Channel

Menu → Program System → Select the system → Edit Car
Select the car → Edit Channel

Deleting a Car

Menu → Program System → Select the system → Edit Car
Select the car → Delete Car

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm, press E. To cancel, press No.
Note: Deleted cars cannot be restored. You must re-enter them.

Setting Lockout On A Car

Menu → Program System → Select the system → Edit Car
Select the car → Set Lockout

This setting determines whether the scanner will scan this car when it is enabled. Select your setting, then press E.

Lockout - the car is not scanned.
Unlocked - the car is scanned.

Note: The default setting is Unlocked.
Programming Conventional Systems

Menu → Program System → ↓
 Chịu New System ↓
 Chịu Conventional ↓
 Confirm? Yes="E"/ No="." 

The scanner creates an empty conventional system, with a default name of System n C.
 n is a number that increments as you add new systems. C indicates that this is a conventional system.

Refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options:

- See “Editing the System Name” on Page 80
- See “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 81
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 81
- See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 82
- See “Deleting Systems” on Page 88
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 89
- See “Entering/Editing Conventional Channel Groups” on Page 67

Entering/Editing Conventional Channel Groups

To enter channels in a conventional system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).

Setting Up a Channel Group

Menu → Program System → ↓
 Chịu Select the system → ↓
 Chịu Edit Group ↓
 Chịu New Group ↓
The scanner creates a group with a default name of Group n. n increments by one for each new group you create within a system. Refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 89
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 90
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 91
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 81
- See “Entering/Editing Conventional Channels” on Page 68

### Entering/Editing Conventional Channels

Menu → Program System → ↓  
Select the system → ↓  
Edit Group ↓  
Select the group → ↓  
Edit Channel → ↓  
New Channel → ↓

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:

- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 91
- See “Editing Frequencies (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 92
- See “Setting Channel Priority (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 92
- See “Deleting Channels” on Page 97
- See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 97

Note: The scanner automatically sets the step to match the input frequency.
Programming Motorola Systems

MENU → Program System → ↓

♂ New System ↓
♂ MOT ↓

Next, rotate the scroll control to select the type of Motorola system you want to program, then briefly press the scroll control to select it.

- **800MHz Standard** - Use for 800 MHz systems that use the standard band plan
- **800MHz Splinter** - Use for 800 MHz systems that use the splinter band plan (typically near international borders)

Note: Splinter systems have frequencies below 866 MHz that end in 0. For example, 851.0250 would be the frequency of a splinter system.

- **900MHz Band** - Use for 900 MHz systems
- **VHF band** - Use for VHF systems
- **UHF band** - Use for UHF systems

Confirm? Yes="E"/ No=".".

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options. For most settings, you can accept the default. However, for the items in **bold**, you must enter information in order for your scanner to scan the system.

- See “Editing the System Name” on Page 80
- See “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 81
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 81
- See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 82
- See “Setting ID Scan/Search (Trunked Systems Only)” on Page 83
- See “Editing the Fleet Map (Motorola Systems Only)” on Page 83 (must be set up for Type I and Type II Hybrid systems)
- See “Setting the Motorola Status Bit (Motorola Systems Only)” on Page 84

Programming Radio Systems
Setting System Frequencies

**Setting System Frequencies**

Menu → Program System → ↓

Select the system → ↓

Set Frequencies ↓

Input a system frequency, then press the scroll control.

To enter additional frequencies, press Menu, use the scroll control to select New Frequency, then repeat the above.

Note: If you select Control Channel Only mode (see “Setting Control-Channel Only (Motorola Systems Only)” on Page 86), you only need to enter the frequency(s) that can be assigned as the control channel. Most frequency lists usually indicate which of the frequencies are the control channel frequencies. Otherwise, you must enter all of the frequencies.
**Setting Modulation**

Menu → Program System → ↓
Select the system → ↓
Set Modulation ↓

Auto - the scanner uses the default modulation for the frequency band.

FM - the scanner uses FM (frequency modulation) for the frequency band.

NFM - the scanner uses narrowband FM for the frequency band.

Note: The default setting is Auto.

This setting controls the modulation method used for the frequency band. In most cases, if you leave this set to Auto, the scanner automatically selects the correct modulation type for the system you are programming.

**Setting Attenuation**

Menu → Program System → ↓
Select the system → ↓
Set Attenuator ↓

This setting controls whether the attenuator will be on or off for the current system. Select your setting then press the scroll control.

Off - the attenuator is off.

On - system frequencies are attenuated by about 18 dB.

Notes:

- Even if ATT appears, attenuation might not work if the bar antenna is turned on and the tuned frequency is from 0.1 to 1.7 MHz.
- Turn on this setting if you are near strong signal sources. Attenuation can help reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.
You can also turn this setting on or off by holding on a trunked system, then pressing Func + E.

**Entering/Editing Motorola Channel Groups**

To enter channels in a system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).

**Setting Up a Channel Group**

```
Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Group 
```

The scanner creates a group with a default name of Group nn.nn. nn increments by one for each new group you create within a system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 89
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 90
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 91
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 89
- See “Entering/Editing Motorola Channels” on Page 72
- See “Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 85

**Entering/Editing Motorola Channels**

```
Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Group 
Select the group → 
Edit Channel → 
New Channel → 
```
Enter a talk group ID → ↓

Note: You can enter I-Calls by pressing • then the I-Call number. You can enter the I-Call wild card by pressing • then 0.

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:
• See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 91
• See “Editing the Talk Group ID (Trunked Channels Only)” on Page 94
• See “Setting Channel Lockout” on Page 96
• See “Deleting Channels” on Page 97
• See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 97

To program another channel within the same group, press [Menu], then repeat the above. To create another channel group and enter more channels, press [Menu] three times, then proceed from “Entering/Editing Motorola Channel Groups” on Page 72.

Programming EDACS Systems

[Menu] → Program System → ↓

New System ↓

EDCS ↓

Confirm? Yes=“E”/ No=“."

Next, rotate the scroll control to select the type of EDACS system you want to program, then briefly press the scroll control to select it.

• WIDE - Use for wideband EDACS systems
• NARROW - Use for narrowband EDACS systems
• SCAT - Use for EDACS SCAT (Single Channel Autonomous Trunking)

Confirm? Yes=“E”/ No=“.“
The scanner creates an empty EDACS system, with a default name of System n E. 
n is a number that increments as you add new systems. E indicates that this is an EDACS system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options. For most settings, you can accept the default. However, for the items in **bold**, you must enter information in order for your scanner to scan the system.

- See “Editing the System Name” on Page 80
- See “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 81
- See “Setting System Lockout” on Page 81
- See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 82
- See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 82
- See “Setting ID Scan/Search (Trunked Systems Only)” on Page 83
- See “Setting I-Call (Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 85
- See “Setting the EDACS ID Format (EDACS Systems Only)” on Page 87
- See “Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies” on Page 111
- See “Setting Channel Attenuation (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 96
- See “Deleting Systems” on Page 88
- See “Copying Systems” on Page 89
- See “Setting System Frequencies” on Page 74
- See “Entering/Editing EDACS Channel Groups” on Page 75

**Setting System Frequencies**

Menu → Program System → ↓

Select the system → ↓

Set Frequencies ↓

New Frequency ↓
Input a system frequency, then press the scroll control. The scanner then prompts you to enter the LCN for the entered frequency. Enter the LCN, then press the scroll control.

To enter additional frequencies, press Menu, use the scroll control to select New Frequency, then repeat the above.

Note: The scanner only accepts a single frequency and no LCN for SCAT systems.

**Entering/Editing EDACS Channel Groups**

To enter channels in a system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).

**Setting Up a Channel Group**

Menu → Program System → ↓

Select the system → ↓

Edit Group ↓

The scanner creates a group with a default name of Group nn.nn increments by one for each new group you create within a system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 89
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 90
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 91
- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 91
- See “Setting Group Lockout” on Page 90

**Entering/Editing EDACS Channels**

Menu → Program System → ↓

Select the system → ↓

Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
Edit Channel → ↓
New Channel → ↓
Enter a talk group ID → ↓

Note: You can enter I-Calls by pressing • then the I-Call number. You can enter the I-Call wild card by pressing • then 0.

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:

• See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 91
• See “Setting Channel Lockout” on Page 96
• See “Editing the Talk Group ID (Trunked Channels Only)” on Page 94
• See “Deleting Channels” on Page 97
• See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 97

To program another channel within the same group, press Menu, then repeat the above. To create another channel group and enter more channels, press Menu three times, then proceed from “Entering/Editing EDACS Channel Groups” on Page 75.

Programming LTR Systems

Menu → Program System → ↓
New System ↓
LT ↓
Confirm? Yes=”E”/ No=”."

The scanner creates an empty LTR system, with a default name of System n L.
n is a number that increments as you add new systems. L indicates that this is an LTR system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set system-wide options. For most settings, you can accept the default. However, for the items in bold, you must enter information in order for your scanner to scan the system.

• See “Editing the System Name” on Page 80
• See “Setting the System Hold Time” on Page 82
• See “Editing the System Quick Key” on Page 81
• See “Setting the Channel Delay Time” on Page 82
• See “Setting ID Scan/Search (Trunked Systems Only)” on Page 83
• See “Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies” on Page 111
• See “Setting Channel Attenuation (Conventional Channels Only)” on Page 96
• See “Deleting Systems” on Page 88
• See “Copyings Systems” on Page 89
• See “Setting System Frequencies” on Page 77
• See “Entering/Editing LTR Channel Groups” on Page 77

**Setting System Frequencies**

```
Menu → Program System → ↓
usaha Select the system  →  ↓
usaha Set Frequencies ↓
usaha New Frequency ↓
```

Input a system frequency, then press the scroll control. The scanner then prompts you to enter the LCN for the entered frequency. Enter the LCN, then press the scroll control.

To enter additional frequencies, press Menu, use the scroll control to select New Frequency, then repeat the above.

**Entering/Editing LTR Channel Groups**

To enter channels in a system, first set up a channel group (or groups) to hold the channels. Then, enter the channel and channel parameters in the group(s).
The scanner creates a group with a default name of Group nn.nn increments by one for each new group you create within a system.

Next, refer to the appropriate section to set group-wide options:

- See “Entering/Editing the Group Name” on Page 89
- See “Setting the Group Quick Key” on Page 90
- See “Setting Group Lockout” on Page 90
- See “Deleting Groups” on Page 91
- See “Entering/Editing LTR Channels/ Talkgroups” on Page 78

**Entering/Editing LTR Channels/ Talkgroups**

Select the system → ↓

Edit Group ↓

Select the group → ↓

Edit Channel → ↓

New Channel → ↓

Enter a talk group ID → ↓

Refer to the appropriate section to change a channel setting:

- See “Editing the Channel Name” on Page 91
- See “Setting Channel Lockout” on Page 96
- See “Editing the Talk Group ID (Trunked Channels Only)” on Page 94
- See “Deleting Channels” on Page 97
- See “Copying/Pasting Channels” on Page 97

To program another channel within the same group, press **Menu** , then repeat the above.
To create another channel group and enter more channels, press [Menu] four times, then proceed from "g Program System g i Q Select the system g i Q Edit Group i" on Page 78.

To direct-enter LTR talkgroups, follow the steps under “Quick-Storing Channels or Talk Group ID’s” on Page 47.
Programming/Editing Optional Settings

This section details the instructions for each of the optional programming steps referred to in "Programming Radio Systems" on Page 60. Use the instructions in the appropriate section to enter or edit a setting.

System-Level Settings

These settings apply to the entire system.

**Editing the System Name**

Menu → Program System → ↓

⇧ Select the system → ↓

⇧ Edit Name ↓

To enter a letter, turn the scroll control until the character you want appears. To enter a decimal point, press •. To move the cursor to the left, press </4 or hold Func and rotate the scroll control to the left.

To move the cursor to the right, press 6/> or hold Func and rotate the scroll control to the right.

To clear a character, press • twice. To clear all characters, press • 3 times.

To accept an entry, press E or press down on the scroll control.

Hints:

- Each system name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.
- The default system names include the following letter in the 16th position to indicate the system type:

  M = Motorola
  E = EDACS
  L = LTR
  C = Conventional
Editing the System Quick Key

Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Sys Option → 
Set Quick Key →

After selecting this option, select any number from 1-99 to assign the system to a quick key or press • to assign the system to no quick key, then press E.

Hints:

• Access single-digit system Quick Keys by pressing the single digit on the keypad during scanning. Access two-digit system Quick Keys by pressing • then both digits.

• You can assign as many systems to the same quick key as you want.

• To be scanned, a system’s quick key must be activated and the system must be unlocked.

Setting System Lockout

Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Sys Option → 
Set Lockout →

This setting controls whether the system is scanned when its quick key is enabled. Rotate the scroll control to select your setting, then press E.

Locked - the system is not scanned

Unlocked - the system is scanned

Note: You can also lock or unlock a system by holding Func and rotating the scroll control to select the system, then pressing Func + L/O.
Setting the System Hold Time

Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Sys Option ↓ 
Set Hold Time ↓

This setting controls how many seconds the scanner scans a system before moving to the next unlocked system. Enter a value from 0-255, then press E to save the setting.

Notes:

• This setting is available only when a control channel exists in a trunked system.
• If you select 0, the scanner stays on the system for a minimal time (only long enough to check current system activity).
• The default setting is 2 seconds for each system.
• For conventional systems, all unlocked channels will be scanned at least once regardless of this setting.
• The scanner moves to the next system after the hold time expires, any current transmission ends, and the channel delay time expires.
• Due to the control method for these system types, the scanner always scans LTR and EDACS SCAT systems for at least 1 second.

Setting the Channel Delay Time

Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Sys Option ↓ 
Set Delay Time ↓

This setting controls how many seconds the scanner waits after a transmission ends before resuming
scanning. Enter a value from 1-5 or Off, then press E or the scroll control.

Notes:

- The default setting is 2 seconds for each system.
- This setting applies to all channels within the system.

**Setting ID Scan/Search**  
*(Trunked Systems Only)*

1. Menu → Program System → ↓
2. Select the system → ↓
3. Edit Sys Option ↓
4. ID Scan/Search ↓

This setting controls how the system will be scanned. Select your setting, then press E.

- **ID Scan** - the scanner only stops on channels you have programmed into the system.
- **ID Search** - the scanner stops on any transmission for unlocked talk group ID’s.

Note: You can also change this setting by pressing Scan while scanning the system.

**Editing the Fleet Map**  
*(Motorola Systems Only)*

1. Menu → Program System → ↓
2. Select the system → ↓
3. Edit Sys Option ↓
4. Edit Fleet Map ↓

For Motorola Type I and Type II Hybrid systems, you must enter a system fleet map in order for the scanner to properly track and display talk group ID’s. The fleet map is usually included in the same resource that provided system frequencies and talk group ID lists.

*Programming/Editing Optional Settings*
Rotate the scroll control to select the fleet map:

**Preset** - select from the 16 most common fleet maps (see “Preset Map 1 Preset Map 2” on Page 133). Press E to select.

**Custom** - allows you to enter a custom fleet map. Enter the size code for each block. Press E to select.

**Notes:**

- If you don’t know the fleet map for your Motorola Type I system, check the Internet. This information is commonly posted on sites such as those we reference in “Where To Get More Information” on Page 29.

- The default setting of no fleet map is the correct setting for Motorola Type II systems.

**Setting the Motorola Status Bit**

*(Motorola Systems Only)*

- Press MENU → Program System → ↓
- Select the system → ↓
- Edit Sys Option ↓
- Set Status Bit ↓

Motorola analog systems use talk group ID’s in multiples of 16. ID numbers that fall between these ID’s indicate special status flags for the system. This setting determines how the scanner will handle ID’s that are not multiples of 16. Select your setting then press E.

**Ignore** - the scanner rounds all received ID’s down to the next interval of 16.

**Yes** - the scanner treats all received ID’s as unique ID’s.

**Note:** The default setting is Ignore.
Setting the End Code Operation  
(Motorola Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
 Select the system → ↓
 Edit Sys Option ↓
 Set End Code ↓

This setting determines how the scanner handles the transmission end code sent by most Motorola systems. Select your setting then press E.

Yes - the scanner immediately returns to the control channel when it detects the end code.

Ignore - the scanner does not return to the control channel until the carrier drops.

Note: The default setting is Yes.

Setting I-Call  
(Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → ↓
 Select the system → ↓
 Edit Sys Option ↓
 Set I-Call ↓

This setting determines how your scanner treats I-calls while ID Searching.

On - the scanner tracks I-calls. Press E to select.

Off - the scanner ignores I-calls. Press E to select.

Only - the scanner only tracks I-calls and ignores other radio traffic on the system. Press E to select.

Note: The default setting is Off.
Setting Emergency Alert  
(Motorola and EDACS Systems Only)

- **Menu** → Program System → ↓
- Select the system → ↓
- Edit Sys Option ↓
- Emergency Alert ↓

**Off** - the scanner does not alert you to emergency transmissions.

**Alert 1 - 9** the scanner sounds an alert beep to notify you of the emergency transmission. You can choose any of 9 different beep types.

→ **Set Level**

**Auto** - the scanner automatically sets the emergency alert beep to the master volume level.

**Level 1 - 15** - the scanner adjusts the volume you hear to the level you select.

Setting Control-Channel Only  
(Motorola Systems Only)

- **Menu** → Program System → ↓
- Select the system → ↓
- Edit Sys Option ↓
- Set C-Ch Only ↓

This setting determines the frequencies you need to enter for Motorola systems. Select your setting, then press E.

**Off** - you must enter all voice and control channel frequencies.

**On** - you only need to enter control channel frequencies.

Note: The scanner defaults to **On**.
Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies

Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Sys Option 
Rvw ID: Srch L/O 

The scanner displays the first locked-out frequency and prompts you to unlock the frequency. Press E to unlock the frequency. Or, rotate the scroll control or press • to select a different frequency. To exit the review, press Menu.

Clearing All Locked-Out IDs

Menu → Program System → 
Select the system → 
Edit Sys Option 
Clr All L/O IDs 

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm and delete all locked-out IDs in the selected system, press E. Otherwise, to cancel, press •.

Setting the EDACS ID Format
(EDACS Systems Only)

Menu → Program System → 
Select the system 
Edit Sys Option 
EDCS ID Format 

EDACS talk group ID's are commonly provided in one of two formats: AFS and Decimal. This setting determines how you enter EDACS ID's and how the scanner displays them.

AFS Format - the scanner uses AFS format for talk group ID's

Decimal Format - the scanner uses decimal format for talkgroup ID's

Programming/Editing Optional Settings
Notes:

- The scanner defaults to AFS (agency, fleet, subfleet) format - the format used in most EDACS systems.
- See “EDACS Trunking” on Page 27 for more information about the AFS format.

**Setting System Attenuation**

*(Trunked Systems Only)*

Menu → Program System →

☐ Select the system ↓

☐ Set Attenuator ↓

This setting controls whether the attenuator will be on or off for the current system. Select your setting then press E.

Off - the attenuator is off.

On - system frequencies are attenuated by about 18 dB.

Notes:

- Even if ATT appears, attenuation might not work if the bar antenna is turned on and the tuned frequency is from 0.1 to 1.7 MHz.
- Turn on this setting if you are near strong signal sources. Attenuation can help reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.
- You can also turn this setting on or off by holding on a trunked system, then pressing Func + E.

**Deleting Systems**

Menu → Program System →

☐ Select the system ↓

☐ Delete System ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm, press E. To cancel, press .
Notes:

• Deleted systems cannot be restored. You must re-enter them.
• You cannot restore preloaded systems.

**Copying Systems**

To copy a system including all settings, groups, and channels:

1. Rotate the scroll control to select the first letter.
2. Press and hold down **Func** then rotate the scroll control once to select the next letter.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 until you have entered the system name. Then press **E** or press down on the scroll control to accept the setting.

**Group-Level Settings**

The settings in this section apply to all of the channels stored in the current group.

**Entering/Editing the Group Name**

Follow these steps to enter/edit the group name.

Hints:

**Programming/Editing Optional Settings**
• Each group name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.
• The group and system name alternate in the top line of the display when the scanner stops on a channel.
• Press • twice to delete the current character.
• Press • three times to clear the entire alpha tag.

Setting the Group Quick Key

After selecting this option, press 0-9 to assign the group to a quick key or press • to assign the system to no quick key, then press E.

Hints:
• You can assign as many groups to the same quick key as you want.
• A group's quick key must be activated to be scanned.

Setting Group Lockout

This setting determines whether the scanner scans this group when it is enabled. Select your setting, then press E.

Lockout - the group is not scanned.
Unlocked - the group is scanned.
Deleting Groups

Menu → Program System →
Select the system →
Edit Group →
Select the group →
Delete Group →

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm, press E. To cancel, press •.

Note: Deleted groups cannot be restored. You must re-enter them.

Channel-Level Settings

These settings affect only the channel you are programming.

Editing the Channel Name

Menu → Program System →
Select the system →
Edit Group →
Select the group →
Edit Channel →
Select the channel →
Edit Name →

Follow these steps to enter/edit the channel name.

1. Rotate the scroll control to select the first letter.
2. Press and hold down Func then rotate the scroll control once to select the next letter.
3. Repeat Steps 1 and 2 until you have entered the channel name. Then press E or press down on the scroll control to accept the setting.

Hints:

Programming/Editing Optional Settings
• Each channel name can be up to 16 characters. Abbreviate as necessary to fit.

• The channel name appears on the second line of the display when the scanner stops on a channel.

• If you do not enter a channel name, the scanner displays the frequency (for conventional systems) or the talk group ID (for trunked systems) when it stops on a channel.

• Press • twice to delete the current character.

• Press • three times to clear the entire alpha tag.

• Channel names take up extra memory. To maximize channels, use channel names only where necessary.

Editing Frequencies
(Conventional Channels Only)

Menu → Program System →

ozy Select the system ↓

ozy Edit Group ↓

Select the group → ↓

ozy Edit Channel → ↓

Select the channel → ↓

Input Frequency

Input the frequency, then press the scroll control. To change the frequency you entered, turn the scroll control to select Edit Frequency, then press the scroll control.

Setting Channel Priority
(Conventional Channels Only)

Menu → Program System →

ozy Select the system ↓

ozy Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
   Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
   Set Priority → ↓

This setting controls whether the scanner treats the channel as a priority channel while scanning. Select your setting, then press E.

On - when you turn on the Priority feature, the channel will be scanned every 2 seconds. P appears.

Off - the channel will not be treated with priority.

Note: The default setting is Off.

Setting Channel Alert

Menu → Program System →
   Select the system → ↓
   Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
   Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
   Set Alert → ↓

Off - the scanner does not alert you to emergency transmissions.

Alert 1 - 9 - the scanner sounds an alert beep to notify you of the emergency transmission. You can choose any of 9 different beep types.

→ Set Level

Auto - the scanner automatically sets the emergency alert beep to the master volume level.

Level 1 - 15 - the scanner adjusts the volume you hear to the level you select.
**Editing the Talk Group ID (Trunked Channels Only)**

- **Menu → Program System →**
- **Select the system →**
- **Edit Group →**

Select the group →

- **Edit Channel →**

Select the talk group ID →

- **Edit TGID →**

To edit the talk group ID, enter the talk group ID you want using the number keys on the keypad. Then press down on the scroll control to accept it.

**Setting CTCSS/DCS (Conventional Channels Only)**

- **Menu → Program System →**
- **Select the system →**
- **Edit Group →**

Select the group →

- **Edit Channel →**

Select the channel →

- **Set CTCSS/DCS →**

This setting controls how a subaudible CTCSS or DCS is used for the channel. Select your setting, then press **E**.

**Off** - any signal opens squelch.

**Search** - the scanner searches for and displays any CTCSS or DCS tone that accompanies the transmission.

**CTCSS** - the scanner only opens squelch if the CTCSS tone you select is also present with the signal. The
scanner then prompts you to enter or scroll to the desired tone.

**DCS** - the scanner only opens squelch if the DCS tone you select is also present with the signal. The scanner then prompts you to enter or scroll to the desired tone.

**Set Lockout** - the scanner does not stop on the channel if the tone you select is present. The scanner prompts you to select a CTCSS or DCS tone.

**Notes:**

- The default setting is **Off**.
- See “What is CTCSS/DCS?” on Page 20 for a complete list of CTCSS and DCS tones.

### Setting the System Frequency Modulation

**Auto** - the scanner uses the default modulation for the frequency band.

**AM** - the scanner uses AM (amplitude modulation) for the frequency band.

**FM** - the scanner uses FM (frequency modulation) for the frequency band.

**NFM** - the scanner uses narrowband FM for the frequency band.

**WFM** - the scanner uses wideband FM for the frequency band.

**Note:** The default setting is **Auto**.

This setting controls the modulation method used for the frequency band. In most cases, if you leave this set to **Auto**, the scanner automatically selects the
correct modulation type for the system you are programming.

**Setting Channel Attenuation**  
*(Conventional Channels Only)*

1. **Menu → Program System →**
2. Select the system → ▼
3. **Edit Group →**
4. Select the group → ▼
5. **Edit Channel →**
6. Select the channel → ▼
7. **Set Attenuator →** ▼

This setting controls whether the scanner attenuates signals on this channel. Select your setting, then press E.

- **On** - the channel is attenuated by about 18 dB.
- **Off** - the channel is not attenuated.

Notes:

- The default setting is **Off**.
- For trunked systems, the attenuation is a system-level setting.
- You can also toggle this setting by holding on the channel and pressing Func and E.

**Setting Channel Lockout**

1. **Menu → Program System →**
2. Select the system → E ◁
3. **Edit Group →** E ◁
4. Select the group → E ◁
5. **Edit Channel →** ▼
6. Select the channel → ▼
7. **Set Lockout →** ▼
This setting determines whether the scanner will scan this channel when its system and group are enabled. Select your setting, then press E.

Lockout - the channel is not scanned.

Unlocked - the channel is scanned.

Notes:

• The default setting is Unlocked.

• You can also lock or unlock a channel by selecting it while scanning or holding, then pressing L/O. See “Basic Operation” on Page 42.

Deleting Channels

Menu → Program System →
Select the system ↓
Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
Delete Channel→ ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm, press E. To cancel, press .

Note: Deleted channels cannot be restored. You must re-enter them.

Copying/Pasting Channels

To copy a channel including all settings:

Menu → Program System →
Select the system ↓
Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
agy Copy Channel → ↓

The scanner copies the channel into a copy buffer. To paste the channel into the same or another system:

Menu → Program System →
agy Select the system ↓
agy Edit Group ↓
Select the group → ↓
agy Edit Channel → ↓
Select the channel → ↓
agy Paste Channel → ↓

Then, if necessary, edit the channel you copied to give it a unique name and other settings.

Note: The paste option appears only if you have previously copied a channel from a system of the same type you are currently editing.
Searching and Storing

Service Search

Service Search lets you quickly select and search the scanner’s preprogrammed search ranges. During service search, the scanner searches starting with the lowest frequency in the search range you select to the highest frequency in the range.

Menu → Search for ... → ↓
Service Search ↓
† Select the service search type → ↓

The following search bands appear.

- Public Safety
- News
- HAM Radio
- Marine
- Railroad
- Air
- CB Radio
- FRS/GMRS
- Racing
- TV Broadcast
- AM Broadcast
- FM Broadcast
- Special

The scanner searches the service you selected, stopping on any transmission it finds and displaying the frequency. Turn the scroll control to change the search direction. An arrow appears, showing the current search direction.

To hold searching, press Hold. To resume searching, press Func then press Scan/srch. Or, press Hold.

To lock out a frequency found while searching, press L/O. Locked Out appears and the scanner resumes service search.

Searching and Storing

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Notes:

- If all frequencies in the search band you selected are locked out, All Locked! appears and the scanner does not search the band.
- If the service you select uses channels (such as CB Radio or Marine), the scanner displays the service channel number.

**Quick Search**

Quick Search lets you search from the currently-tuned frequency if you are scanning a conventional system or sets the system to ID search if you are scanning a trunked system.

If you are on a conventional system or channel, press Func and Scan/srch to start quick search. Quick Search? Yes = “E“ / No = “.” appears. Qck Search Hold appears if you press Hold. Press E to start quick search or no to go to the search menu.

**CTCSS/DCS Search**

CTCSS/DCS Search lets you search for CTCSS or DCS tones when it finds an active frequency in search and Close Call modes. You can identify up to 50 CTCSS tones and 104 DCS codes.

Turning this option on lets the scanner search for CTCSS/DCS tones. If the scanner detects the tone, it displays the tone’s frequency and DCS code. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

On - CTCSS/DCS search is turned on.

Off - CTCSS/DCS search is turned off.
Custom Search

Custom Search lets you program and search 10 custom search ranges. You can search any of these ranges simultaneously and select each custom search range you set. During custom search, the scanner searches starting with the lowest frequency in the search range you select to the highest frequency in the range.

Notes:

- Search ranges are preset. See “Editing a Custom Search Range” on Page 102 to change the range.
- You cannot turn off all custom search ranges.

The scanner starts custom search of the custom search range you selected, stopping on any transmission it finds and displaying the frequency. Turn the scroll control to change the search direction. An arrow appears, showing the current search direction.

To turn search ranges on or off, press 0 and 1-9.

To hold searching, press Hold. To resume searching, press Func then press Scan/srch or Hold again.

To lock out a frequency found while searching, press L/O. Locked Out appears and the scanner resumes custom search.

If you turn off the active custom search range, the scanner skips to the next custom search range and continues searching.

Note: If all frequencies in all active custom search ranges are locked out, All Locked! appears and the scanner does not stop.
**Editing a Custom Search Range**

You can edit up to 10 custom search ranges. The names of the custom search ranges appear on the display. The default custom search range names appear as Custom 1, Custom 2, and so on.

![Menu → Search for ... → Edit Custom ↓]

Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

*Edit Name* - lets you edit the custom search range’s name

*Edit Srch Limit* - lets you view and select the frequency ranges to search. The scanner prompts you to enter the upper and lower search limits.

*Set Delay Time* - lets you set the amount of time the scanner will delay before continuing to search after a transmission ends

*Set Modulation* - lets you set the custom search range’s modulation type

*Set Attenuator* - lets you set whether the scanner will attenuate reception by 18dB during search

*Set Data Skip* - lets you set whether the scanner will skip data transmissions during search

*Set Step* - lets you set the custom search range’s step (the gap between frequencies)

*Set C-Ch Only* - lets you search for a Motorola control channel. If it finds one, the scanner scans the system.

*Search with Scan* - sets whether the scanner includes the custom search during scanning. If unlocked, the scanner first scans all selected systems, then searches the selected custom searches for the selected hold time (0-255 seconds).
Notes:

• You can also lock and unlock a search range by pressing Func, selecting the search range then pressing Func + L/O.
• If you select 0, the scanner then searches the entire range one time.
• The default setting is 2 seconds for each search range.
• The scanner moves to the next system or search range after the hold time expires, any current transmission ends, and the channel delay time expires.

Editing a Service Search
You can change the way service search works for each service.

MENU → ☞ Search for ... → ↓
☞ Edit Service ↓
Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

• Set Delay Time This setting determines how long the scanner waits after a transmission ends before resuming quick search or Close Call operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.
  
  Off The scanner resumes immediately when the transmission ends.
  1-5 sec The scanner waits the set amount of time after the transmission ends before resuming.

• Set Attenuator This setting controls the attenuator for search operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.
  
  Off The attenuator is off.
  On Reception is attenuated by about 18 dB.
Notes:

• Turn on this setting if you are near other strong signal sources. Attenuation sometimes helps to reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.

• Even if ATT appears, attenuation might not work if the bar antenna is turned on and the tuned frequency is from 0.1 to 1.7 MHz.

• Search with Scan - sets whether the scanner includes the service search during scanning. If unlocked, the scanner first scans all selected systems, then searches the selected service searches for the selected hold time (0-255 seconds).

Notes:

• You can also lock and unlock a search range by pressing Func, selecting the search range then pressing Func + L/O.

• If you select 0, the scanner searches the entire range one time.

• The default setting is 2 seconds for each search range.

• The scanner moves to the next system or search range after the hold time expires, any current transmission ends, and the channel delay time expires.

Auto Search and Store

Your scanner’s Auto Store feature lets you search for new frequencies in custom search ranges or within a service search range on a conventional system, or new talk group ID’s on a trunked system.

Note: You cannot use Auto Search and Store to select racing systems or EDACS SCAT systems.
Selecting a System

To store frequencies or talk group ID’s you find during Auto Store, you must first select a system where the frequencies or talk group ID’s will be stored.

Menu → Search for ... → ↓

Search and Store ↓

Select the system where you want to store the frequencies or talk group IDs → ↓

If no systems are programmed, No System Stored appears. If you have already stored too many systems, Over Limit appears.

Storing a Conventional System

You can store frequencies into the system you selected in “Selecting a System”. Otherwise, the scanner stores frequencies in a new group it creates.

1. Follow Steps 1-3 under “Selecting a System” on Page 105. A search option appears.

2. Turn the scroll control until the type of search you want appears, then press the scroll control to select it. A search band appears.

   If all systems are locked out, All Locked! appears and the scanner does not store any frequencies.

When you select a search range, the scanner looks for active frequencies within that range and SEARCH AND STORE appears on the display’s lower line and the system name and search range name appear on the display’s upper line. When the scanner finds an active transmission, it checks to see if the frequency has already been stored in the system. If the frequency has already been stored, the scanner continues to search. If the frequency has not been stored, it stores the frequency into a group named Found Channels, then resumes searching. The scanner creates this group if it doesn’t already exist.

Searching and Storing
**Storing a Trunked System**

You can store talk group ID’s into the system you selected in “Selecting a System”. Otherwise, the scanner stores talk group ID’s in a new group it creates.

Note: Trunked system search and store does not work if an EDACS SCAT system is selected, a system with no frequency is selected, the selected system is locked out or the quick key to which the system belongs is turned off, and the group you selected to store found talk group ID’s contains more talk group ID’s than the maximum set in Max Auto Store.

To store a trunked system, follow Steps 1-3 under “Selecting a System” on Page 105. The scanner enters ID Search and Store mode.

If all systems are locked out, All Locked! appears and the scanner does not store any frequencies.

When you select a search range, the scanner looks for active talk group ID’s within that range and ID SEARCH AND STORE appears on the display’s lower line and the system name and search range name appear on the display’s upper line. When the scanner finds an active talk group ID, it checks if the talk group ID has already been stored in the system. If it has, the scanner continues to search. If the talk group ID has not been stored, it stores the talk group ID into a group named Found Channels, then resumes searching. The scanner creates this group if it does not already exist.
Using the Close Call Feature

Your scanner's Close Call™ feature lets you set the scanner so it detects, displays the frequency of, and lets you hear a nearby strong radio transmission. You can set the scanner so the Close Call feature works "in the background" while you are scanning other frequencies, turn off normal scanning while the Close Call feature is working, or turn off the Close Call feature and use the scanner normally. You can set the scanner so it alerts you when the Close Call feature finds a frequency. You can also set the frequency band where you want the scanner to look for transmissions.

To turn Close Call detection on or off, press Func then . When the feature is on, appears on the display and normal operation is briefly interrupted about every 2 seconds.

Notes:

• The Close Call feature works well for locating the source of strong local transmissions such as mobile and handheld two-way radios in areas with no other strong transmission sources. Several factors affect Close Call performance, however. Performance is increased with higher transmit power, receive antenna tuned to the target band, and a low background RF level. Other than the antenna, you have no control over these factors, but they explain why performance might vary by both location and time.

• The Close Call feature cannot detect satellite dishes or any transmitter with a frequency above or below the frequency ranges listed under the Set CC Bands: option on Page 110.

• The Close Call feature works better with some types of transmissions than others. It might not correctly display frequency information for transmitters using a highly directional antenna (such as an amateur radio beam antenna) or if there are many transmitters operating at the same time in the same area.
Setting Close Call Options

Menu → Close Call → ↓

Select your setting, then press the scroll control. Then turn the scroll control to select an option.

- **Close Call Only**: Lets you set the scanner only for Close Call searching. The scanner does not scan frequencies or channels when this option is turned on. To select this option, press E.

- **CC Auto Store**: Lets you select whether the scanner automatically stores Close Call hits into channels. If you turn this option on, the scanner starts Close Call mode and stores any Close Call hits, up to the maximum you specified in the Max Auto Store setting. If the scanner stores more hits than this setting, it stops Autostore operation.

  Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control.

- **Set CC Mode**: Lets you select the Close Call mode. If you turn this option on, the scanner sets itself to its Close Call settings about once every 2 seconds.

  Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control.

  You can also toggle this setting by pressing Func then ↓.

- **Set CC Override**: Lets you select how the Close Call feature works with other scanning activities. If you turn this option off, when the scanner detects a Close Call signal, CC Found! and “E” to listen appear for the time you set in Set CC Pause. Press the scroll control or E when this appears to jump to and hold on the frequency.

  If this option is turned on, the scanner overrides the current channel and goes to the Close Call
.hit. The scanner displays **CC Found! Press Any Key.** When you press a key, the frequency appears.

Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control.

- **Set CC Alert:** Lets you select how the scanner alerts you when it receives a Close Call signal. You can select any of the following options.
  
  **Select Mode**

- **Beep** (the scanner beeps when it receives a Close Call signal)
- **Light** (the backlight turns on when it receives a Close Call signal)
- **Beep+Light** (the scanner beeps and the backlight turns on when it receives a Close Call signal)
- **None** (the scanner does not alert)

- **Select Beep**
  - **Off** (the scanner does not beep)
  - **Alert 1-9** - (the scanner sounds an alert beep to notify you of a Close Call hit. When you select an alert level, the scanner automatically enters the setting of the Alert volume level. You can choose different beep types.)

- **Set CC Pause:** Lets you select how long the scanner waits after a hit before it returns to the previous operation.
  - **3/5/10/15/30/45/60 sec.**
  - **Infinite.**

Turn the scroll control to display an option, then press the scroll control to select it.

---

**Using the Close Call Feature**

109
• **Set CC Bands**: Lets you select the Close Call band settings. You can turn the following bands on or off.

VHF Low (25.000 - 107.900 MHz)
Air Band (108.000 - 136.975 MHz)
VHF High (137.000 - 317.950 MHz)
UHF1 (318.000 - 511.9875 MHz)
UHF2 (512.000 - 763.950 MHz)
800MHz+ (764.0000 - 823.9875 MHz, 849.0125 - 868.9875 MHz, 894.0125 - 1300.0000 MHz)

Use the scroll control to select a band, press the scroll control, then use the scroll control to select **On** or **Off** and press the scroll control. Turning off undesired bands speeds up Close Call operation. (The Close Call feature works for all frequencies listed above.)

**Close Call Hits**

When the scanner detects a Close Call hit, it alerts you according to the Override and Alert settings in the previous section. While listening to a Close Call hit, you can press **Hold** to hold on the hit frequency, press the scroll control to quickly save the frequency into memory, press **L/O** to lock out the frequency from Close Call and Search operation, or wait for the transmission to end. If you are in Close Call Only or Close Call Override mode, and you do not press any key, the scanner returns to its previous operation after the transmission ends and the set delay time expires.

If you are holding on the frequency, press **Hold** again to resume the previous operation.
Search and Close Call Options

The settings in this section affect custom searches, service searches, and Close Call operation.

Managing Locked-Out Frequencies

While searching or during Close Call operation, if you press L/O while the scanner is stopped on a frequency, that frequency is locked out of these modes. You can lock out up to 200 frequencies.

Note: Locking out a frequency does not lock out a channel that contains that frequency.

Unlocking All Frequencies

Menu → L → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
Freq Lockouts ↓
Unlock All → ↓

The scanner prompts you to confirm deletion. To confirm and delete all locked-out frequencies, press the scroll control. Otherwise, to cancel, press •.

Reviewing Locked Out Frequencies

Menu → L → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
Freq Lockouts ↓
Rvw Search L/O → ↓

The scanner displays the first locked-out frequency and prompts you to unlock the frequency. Press the scroll control to unlock the frequency. Or, rotate the scroll control or press • to select a different frequency. To exit the review, press Menu.

Searching for Subaudible Tones

Menu → L → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
CTCSS/DCS Search → ↓

This setting controls whether the scanner will search for a subaudible tone when it stops on a transmission during search or Close Call operation.
On  The scanner searches for and displays any subaudible tone found.

Off  The scanner does not search for subaudible tones.

Note: This feature does not operate when the scanner is in AM/WFM modulation mode.

**Screening Out Broadcast Sources**

This setting determines whether the scanner automatically ignores transmissions found during Custom Search, Service Search, or Close Call operation that are on common broadcasts, paging systems, and other annoyance radio sources.

Note: Broadcast screen is not effective during some service searches.

Set All Band On - turns on broadcast screen on each band.

Set All Band Off - turns off broadcast screen on each band.

Set Each Band - lets you set broadcast screen only on specific bands you select. On or Off appears next to each option. Turn the scroll control to select an option then press the scroll control to change the setting.

- **Pager** - the scanner skips known paging system frequencies.
- **AM** - the scanner skips known AM frequencies.
- **FM** - the scanner skips known FM frequencies.
- **UHF TV** - the scanner skips known UHF TV frequencies.
- **VHF TV** - the scanner skips known VHF TV frequencies.
• NOAA WX - the scanner skips known NOAA weather frequencies.

• Band 1-10 - select the custom band where you want to screen out broadcast sources.

Program Band - lets you program a custom frequency range for broadcast screen. Turn the scroll control to select an option then press the scroll control to change the setting.

• Band 1-10 - select the group where you want to screen out broadcast sources.

  Set Lower Limit - turn the scroll control to enter the lower limit of the frequency range, then press the scroll control to set it.

  Set Upper Limit - turn the scroll control to enter the upper limit of the frequency range, then press the scroll control to set it.

Finding Repeater Output Frequencies

Menu → Repeater Find → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓

This feature sets whether the scanner tries to tune to a repeater output frequency during Custom Search, Quick Search, or Close Call operation when it detects a transmission on a repeater input frequency. Since you can normally only hear one side of a conversation when you listen to an input frequency transmission, turning this feature on can let you hear both sides of the conversation.

On The scanner automatically applies repeater reverse to detected transmissions. If the scanner detects the transmission on the output frequency, it beeps, Repeater Found appears, and it remains on the output frequency until transmissions end. If it does not detect a transmission on the output frequency, it remains on the original frequency.

Search and Close Call Options
The scanner does not try to find the output frequency.

**Setting the Maximum Auto Store Value**

- Off
- The scanner does not try to find the output frequency.

**Setting the Modulation Type**

- Auto
- Uses the default setting for the current frequency (see the table at the front of the manual)

**Setting Attenuation**

- AM
- Uses AM (amplitude modulation)

- FM
- Uses FM (frequency modulation)

- NFM
- Uses narrowband FM

- WFM
- Uses wideband FM

This value sets how many hits the scanner will automatically store when it is in either Search and Store or Close Call Auto Store mode.

Use the number keys to enter a value from 1 - 256, then press the scroll control.

When the scanner reaches the maximum number of hits you set, it stops the auto-store operation.

This setting controls the modulation type used for quick search and Close Call operations. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.
This setting controls the attenuator for quick search and Close Call operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

**On**  Reception is attenuated by about 18 dB.

**Off**  The attenuator is off.

Note: Turn on this setting if you are near other strong signal sources. Attenuation sometimes helps to reduce interference and desensitization that strong signals create.

### Setting Data Skip

This setting controls how the scanner behaves when it stops on a channel that has a data signal.

**On**  the scanner stops briefly on the channel, but then immediately resumes scanning automatically. Press E to select.

**Off**  the scanner remains on the channel until the transmission stops. Press the scroll control to select.

Notes:

- If you are trying to test the Close Call feature with a nearby transmitter and you do not talk into the transmitter, the scanner will detect this as data and will skip the frequency when Data Skip is on. Turn the feature off or talk into the transmitter.

- This setting is ignored for AM channels.

- The default setting for this feature is Off.

### Setting the Delay Time

This setting controls the delay time for quick search and Close Call operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

**Setting Data Skip**

```
Menu → Ctrl → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
Ctrl Set Data Skip → ↓
```

**Setting the Delay Time**

```
Menu → Ctrl → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
Ctrl Set Delay Time → ↓
```
This setting determines how long the scanner waits after a transmission ends before resuming quick search or Close Call operation. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

**Off** The scanner resumes immediately when the transmission ends.

**1-5 sec** The scanner waits the set amount of time after the transmission ends before resuming.

**Note:** The default setting is 2 sec.

### Setting the Search Frequency Step

```
Menu → Set Step → Srch/CloCall Opt ↓
```

This setting selects the frequency step used for setting the channels. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

**Auto** The step is based on the band (see the table at the front of the manual)

- 5.0 kHz, 6.25 kHz, 7.5 kHz, 8.33 kHz, 9 kHz, 10.0 kHz, 12.5 kHz, 15.0 kHz, 20.0 kHz, 25.0 kHz, 50.0 kHz, 100.0 kHz

The scanner uses the selected step.

**Note:** The scanner defaults to Auto.
Using Weather Alert (SAME)

Your scanner has been primarily designed to be a radio scanner. While it incorporates weather alert as one of its features, we strongly recommend that you not use the scanner as your sole means for receiving emergency alerts. Your local electronics retailer carries several weather radios specifically designed for this function.

Your scanner allows you to search for a local NOAA weather broadcast and set it to alert when a SAME weather alert is broadcast on a NOAA channel. You can also program SAME codes into the scanner and set a weather channel as a priority channel.

In the following sections, you can also access the weather menu from Hold mode by holding FUNC then pressing wx.

Searching For a Weather Broadcast

Menu → ⊕ → WX Operation ↓
Weather Scan → ↓

The scanner starts scanning the preprogrammed weather frequencies, and stops on the first signal. If this station is weak, rotate the scroll control to check for other weather broadcasts in your area.

Note: NOAA broadcasts are continuous broadcasts. You will only lose reception if you move out of a coverage area. If the signal is lost, the scanner resumes searching for a weather transmission.

Turning Weather Alert On/Off

In weather alert mode, your scanner functions as a severe weather warning radio. This is especially useful when your area is expecting severe weather conditions late at night. When you set the scanner to weather alert mode, it holds on the weather channel, but does not play the channel's audio. If it detects a weather alert, it sounds a tone, displays information
about the weather alert, and turns on the audio so you can hear the weather broadcast.

Menu → ⌒ → WX Operation ↓
⌒ Weather Alert → ↓

This setting determines which types of signals will trigger an alert. Select your setting, then press the scroll control.

Alert Only - the scanner alerts when it detects the 1050 Hz tone that accompanies all weather alerts.

All FIPS - the scanner alerts and displays information about the weather alert when it receives any FIPS code (see “Programming a SAME Group” on Page 118).

SAME 1-5 - the scanner alerts and displays information about the weather alert when it receives a weather alert signal that includes any FIPS code you have programmed into the specified SAME group.

Programming a SAME Group

You can edit any of the 5 SAME groups in your scanner. Each group can have up to 8 FIPS codes.

SAME (Specific Area Messaging System) is a system developed by the National Weather Service to reduce the number of alerts received by consumers by allowing them to hear alerts only for the county(ies) they are interested in. Each alert contains information about the type and severity of the alert, as well as the specific geographic locations affected by the alert.

The geographic locations are designated using FIPS codes. Each county or parish in the US and its territories are assigned a FIPS code. In addition, certain special regions and wildcard settings can be assigned.

FIPS codes are in the format nSSCCC:

n: A special subcounty designator. For an entire county, use 0.
SS: The state code.

CCC: The county code.

For example, Tarrant County in Texas is assigned to FIPS code 048439.

0 indicates the entire county
48 indicates the state of Texas
439 indicates Tarrant County

To get the FIPS code for your county, visit the National Weather Service web site at http://www.nws.noaa.gov and search for “FIPS Listing”.

```
Menu → ☐ → WX Operation ↓
☐ Program SAME ↓
Select the SAME group to edit ↓

Edit Name - enter the name you want to assign to the SAME group you selected.

Edit County - select the position you want to store the FIPS code into, then press the scroll control, enter the FIPS code, and press the scroll control again.
```

**Setting WX Alert Priority**

```
Menu → ☐ → WX Operation ↓
☐ WX Alt Priority ↓ ☐

On - the scanner checks the weather channels every 5 seconds for a 1050 Hz weather alert signal. Press the scroll control to select.

Off - the scanner does not check the weather channels. Press the scroll control to select.
```
Using Tone-Out

Fire Tone-Out Introduction

Your scanner can be set to respond to fire tone-outs that use standard two-tone sequential paging, short one-tone paging, and long group tone paging. You can save up to 10 settings. When you select a setting in standby mode, the scanner also monitors for any other setting that uses the same transmit frequency, modulation, and attenuation settings.

You need tone-out setup information from the agency you wish to monitor. Check with your local agency or on-line resources. Uniden America Corporation has no information regarding local tone-out systems.

Setting Tone-Out Standby

1. Enter Menu → Setup → Tone-Out Standby → Tone-Out Standby

Turn the scroll control to select the tone-out to monitor. All tone-outs that have the same frequency, modulation, and attenuation setting as the one you select, are also monitored.

In standby mode, the display cycles through all monitored tone-out settings. Regardless of the current display, the scanner always alerts on any received tone-out that matches a stored setting.

If you press HOLD while in standby mode, the scanner temporarily exits the mode and you hear all transmissions on that frequency. No alerts sound, even if a tone-out matches one you have stored. Press HOLD again to return to standby mode.

Setting Up Tone-Out

1. Enter Menu → Setup → Tone-Out for ... → Tone-Out Setup

Scroll to select the tone-out (1 - 10) you want to program, then press Eyes. Then you can scroll to any of
the following settings and press YES to select and modify the selected settings:

- **Edit Name** - Sets the name for the selected tone-out setting.
- **Set Frequency** — Sets the tone-outs RF frequency parameters.
  
  **Edit Frequency** — Enter the desired frequency that the scanner should monitor for the tone-out.

  **Set Modulation** — Set the modulation type for the paging signal.

  **Auto** — The scanner uses the default modulation for the frequency band. If the default modulation is AM or WFM, the modulation operates as FM.

  **FM** — The scanner uses FM for the frequency band. This is the default setting.

  **NFM** — The scanner uses NFM modulation.

- **Set Attenuation** — Turn the scroll control to select **On** or **Off**.

- **Set Tone** — Sets the audio tone frequency for the page.

  **Edit Tone A** — Set the audio frequency for Tone A

  **Edit Tone B** — Set the audio frequency for Tone B

**Notes:**

- For two-tone pages, enter a value for A and B.
- For one-tone pages using short tones of less than 3.75 seconds, enter the tone value for A, and 0 (zero) for B.
• For long-tone pages, such as group pages of more than 3.75 seconds, enter 0 (zero) for A and the tone value for B.

• **Set Delay Time** — Sets the time the scanner remains in monitor mode after the scanner receives a page and the carrier drops.
  
  • 1-5 seconds: the scanner resumes standby mode after the carrier drops and the selected time expires.
  
  • Infinite: you must press HOLD after a page to resume standby mode.
  
  • Off: the scanner resumes standby as soon as the carrier drops after a page.

• **Set Alert** — Sets the alert the scanner uses when it receives an alert.
  
  • **Alert 1 – 9, Off** — scroll to select the alert tone pattern. The scanner sounds each alert as you scroll to its numbered value. If you select **Off**, the scanner does not sound an alert.
  
  • After you select an alert pattern, the scanner prompts for the alert level for a received alert. Level options 1 to 15 sets a fixed audio level independent of the main volume setting. **AUTO** uses the main volume setting for the alerts.
Care and Maintenance

General Use

- Turn the scanner off before disconnecting the power.
- If memory is lost, simply reprogram each channel.
- Always press each button firmly until you hear the entry tone for that key entry.

Location

- Do not use the scanner in high-moisture environments such as the kitchen or bathroom.
- Avoid placing the unit in direct sunlight or near heating elements or vents.
- If the scanner receives strong interference or electrical noise, move it or its antenna away from the source of the noise. If possible, a higher elevation might provide better reception.
- Also try changing the height or angle of the antenna.

Cleaning

- Disconnect the power to the unit before cleaning.
- Clean the outside of the scanner with a mild detergent.
- To prevent scratches, do not use abrasive cleaners or solvents. Be careful not to rub the LCD window.
- Do not use excessive amounts of water.
Repairs
Do not attempt any repair. The scanner contains no user serviceable parts. Contact the Uniden Customer Service Center or take it to a qualified repair technician.

Birdies
All radios can receive “birdies” (undesired signals). If your scanner stops during Scan mode and no sound is heard, it might be receiving a birdie. Birdies are internally generated signals inherent in the electronics of the scanner.

Press L/O to lock out the channel.
# Troubleshooting

If your BR330T is not performing properly, try these steps.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Suggestion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The scanner doesn't work.</td>
<td>The scanner might not be receiving any power.</td>
<td>Make sure the AC adapter is connected to an AC outlet and the scanner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>If there is a wall switch that controls power to the AC outlet where you</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>connected the AC adapter, make sure it is on.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improper reception</td>
<td>The antenna might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Check the antenna connection or move or reposition the antenna.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Move the scanner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>You might be in a remote area that could require an optional multi-band</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>antenna. Check with your dealer or local electronics store.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scan won't stop</td>
<td>The squelch might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Adjust the squelch threshold. See “Turning On the Scanner and Setting the</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Squelch” on Page 42.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The antenna might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Check the antenna connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Make sure the channels you want to scan are not locked out.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One or more channels might be locked out.</td>
<td>Make sure the channel’s frequency is stored in the scanner’s memory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The channel’s frequency might not be stored in</td>
<td>Wait for a transmission on the channel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>memory.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scan won't start</td>
<td>You must press Scan to scan.</td>
<td>Press Scan.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Troubleshooting
If you experience difficulty while in TrunkTracker™ mode, try the following steps.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Problem</th>
<th>Possible Cause</th>
<th>Suggestion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scan won't start. (continued)</td>
<td>The squelch might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Adjust the squelch threshold. See &quot;Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch&quot; on Page 42.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One or more channels might be locked out.</td>
<td>Make sure the channels you want to scan are not locked out.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The antenna might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Check the antenna connection.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weather scan doesn't work.</td>
<td>The squelch might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Adjust the squelch threshold. See &quot;Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch&quot; on Page 42.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The antenna might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Check the antenna connection.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There might not be a NOAA weather broadcast in your area.</td>
<td>Move to an area with a NOAA weather broadcast.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Troubleshooting</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scanner won’t track a trunked system.</strong> <em>(continued)</em></td>
<td>The system you are trying to scan might be LTR or EDACS.</td>
<td>Set the scanner to scan LTR or EDACS systems. Review “Programming LTR Systems” on Page 76 and “Programming EDACS Systems” on Page 73.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scanner won’t stop scanning a trunked system.</strong></td>
<td>No ID’s have been programmed.</td>
<td>Program one or more ID’s or use the ID Search mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The ID’s you have stored are not active.</td>
<td>Wait for the ID’s to become active or scan another system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Scanner won’t acquire the data channel.</strong></td>
<td>The squelch might need to be adjusted.</td>
<td>Adjust the squelch threshold. See “Turning On the Scanner and Setting the Squelch” on Page 42.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The frequency used for the data channel might be missing.</td>
<td>Check your frequency list for the data channel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Missing replies to conversations.</strong></td>
<td>The scanner might need to be changed to a Type 1 scanner setup.</td>
<td>Change to a Type 1 scanner setup. See “Programming Motorola Systems” on Page 69.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The fleet map might be incorrect.</td>
<td>Try another preset fleet map or program your own fleet map.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One or more of the system’s frequencies might not be entered.</td>
<td>Make sure all the system’s frequencies have been entered.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The system you are trying to scan might be LTR or EDACS.</td>
<td>Set the scanner to scan LTR or EDACS systems. Review “Programming LTR Systems” on Page 76 and “Programming EDACS Systems” on Page 73.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If you still cannot get satisfactory results while using your scanner or if you want additional information, please call or write the Uniden Parts and Service Division. The address and phone number are listed in the Warranty at the end of this manual. If you would like immediate assistance, please call Customer Service at (800) 297-1023.

If you have Internet access, you can visit http://www.uniden.com for additional information.
Specifications

Certified in accordance with FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15, Subpart C, as of date of manufacture.

Dynamic Allocation Capacity

Systems: 200 max
Groups: 20 per system
Channels: 2500
Channels per Trunked System: up to 200
Attenuation: 18 dB (nominal), 10 dB (limit)

Frequency Range (MHz):

- 0.1 - 0.525 Longwave Band
- 1.705 - 24.995 Shortwave Band
- 25.0 - 26.960 Petroleum Prods/Bcst Pick up Band
- 26.965 - 27.405 Citizens Band Class D
- 27.410 - 27.995 Business/Forest Prods
- 72.0 - 75.995 Intersystem and Astronomy
- 144.0 - 147.995 2 Meter Amateur Band
- 150.8 - 161.9950 VHF High Band

Above bands in 5 kHz steps

- 0.53 - 1.70 AM Broadcast Band
- 29.7 - 49.990 VHF Low Band

Above band in 10 kHz steps

- 137.0 - 143.9875 Military Land Mobile
- 148.0 - 150.7875 Military Land Mobile
- 162.0 - 173.9875 Federal Government
- 400.0 - 405.9875 Miscellaneous
- 406.0 - 419.9875 Federal Land Mobile

Specifications
420.0 - 449.9875 70 cm Amateur Band
450.0 - 469.9875 UHF Standard Band
470.0 - 511.9875 UHF TV Band
764.0 - 775.9875 Public Service Band
794.0 - 805.9875 Public Service Band
806.0 - 823.9875 Public Service Band
849.0125 - 868.9875 Public Service Band
894.0125 - 956.0 Public Service Band
Above bands in 12.5 kHz steps
28.0 - 29.68 10 Meter Amateur Band
50.0 - 53.98 6 Meter Amateur Band
216.0 - 224.980 1.25 Meter Amateur Band
Above bands in 20 kHz steps
108.0 - 136.9750 Aircraft
956.025 - 1300.0 25 cm Amateur Band
Above bands in 25 kHz steps
54.0 - 71.95 VHF TV Broadcast 2-4
76.0 - 87.95 VHF TV Broadcast 5-6
174.0 - 215.95 TV Broadcast 7-13
225.0 - 399.95 UHF Aircraft Band
512.0 - 763.95 UHF TV
776.0 - 793.95 UHF TV
Above bands in 50 kHz steps
88.0 - 107.90 FM Broadcast
Above band in 100 kHz steps
Specifications

Operating Temperature:
- Normal –20°C to +60°C
- Close Call –10°C to +60°C

Scan Rate: 90 channels per second (conventional mode)

Search Rate: 140 steps per second (5 kHz step only)

Scan Delay: 0-5 seconds

Audio Output: 400mW nominal into 24Ω internal speaker
30 mW nominal into 32Ω headphone

Power Requirements:
- 3 AA Alkaline Batteries (4.5V DC),
- or 3 AA Rechargeable Ni-MH Batteries (3.6V DC),
- or AC Adapter (6 VDC 800mA) (AD-1001)

Antenna: 50 Ω (Impedance)

External Jacks:
- Antenna Jack  SMA Type
- Headphone Jack  3.5mm
- DC Power Jack (EIAJ TYPE-2 Center Positive) 4.0mm
- Remote Jack  4 Pin Mini

Size: 2.40 in. (W) x 1.22 in. (D) x 5.35 in. (H)

Weight: 0.60 lbs (with batteries installed)
0.40 lbs (without batteries installed)

Features, specifications, and availability of optional accessories are all subject to change without notice.
Optional Accessories

Contact your local Uniden Dealer or call the Uniden Parts Center at: (800) 554-3988, 8:00AM to 5:00PM EST, Monday through Friday, for information about ordering these optional accessories.

Earphone

External Amplified Speaker
## Appendix

### Preset Map 1

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User Defined Fleet Maps

Type I Programming Information

When a Type I system is designed, the address information for all the ID’s is divided into 8 equal sized blocks, numbered 0–7. When you program your scanner to track a Type I system, you must select a size code for each of these blocks. When you have assigned a size code to all 8 blocks, you’ll have defined the fleet map for the system you are tracking. Each size code determines the number of fleets, subfleets, and ID’s each block will have. For example, a size code of S-4 has one fleet, which is divided into 16 separate subfleets, and it has a total of 512 individual ID’s.

When a block is assigned a size code, the fleet or fleets created within the block are assigned a Type I ID. The way these ID’s display on your scanner depend on the block number and the block’s size code. When a Type I ID appears, the leftmost digit represents the block which contains the ID.

The next 2-3 digits identify which fleet is active, and the last digit(s) identifies the subfleet.

The details concerning how the size codes are selected by a Type I System designer are highly dependent on the specific needs of the system’s users. Some organizations might want many subfleets with only a few radios each, while another organization might want only a few subfleets with many radios each. Your task is to program your fleet map with the same size code assignments as the trunked system. If you do this accurately, you’ll track all the Fleet-Subfleet combinations used by the system. In other words, you’ll hear complete communications while monitoring a trunked system.

If you don’t already know the size codes used, you’ll have to guess at them. But since you don’t have to figure out all the blocks at once, this isn’t as hard as it
seems. Select a size code for a block, and then press **Scan**. Now listen to the communications. If you decide you are receiving most of the replies to the conversations with ID's assigned to the block you just programmed, then you've probably selected the right size code and can work on the next block of the map.

Finally, for most public safety systems there are some size codes which are more common. S-3 and S-4 are probably the most common, followed by S-10, S-11, and S-12.

**Size Code Restrictions**

If you select size code S-12, S-13, or S-14, there are some restrictions as to which blocks can be used for these codes.

S-12 can only be assigned to Blocks 0, 2, 4, or 6.

S-13 can only be assigned to Blocks 0 and 4.

S-14 can only be assigned to Block 0.

Since these size codes require multiple blocks, you will be prompted for the next available block when programming a fleet map. For example, if you assign Block 0 as an S-12, you will be prompted for b2, the next block available, instead of b1. And if you assign Block 0 as an S-14, you would not see another prompt because it uses all available blocks.
Planning

Collecting Information

Getting your scanner programmed and scanning takes a few steps. This help guides you through these steps that will make it easier for you to start scanning.

1. Collect information about the system(s) you want to monitor.

   Do you want to listen to your local police and fire departments? How about the highway patrol, ambulance service, and aircraft? You might even want to listen to your local utility company as they track down a break in electrical service in your area.

   Make a list of the agencies you want to listen to, then look up the frequencies and systems used by those agencies. The Internet is a great source for current frequencies and information about scanning. Here are a few useful sites:

     
     You can also call them at 1 800 SCANNER (hours are from 10:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time Monday through Friday.)


   - [http://svartifoss2.fcc.gov/reports/index.cfm](http://svartifoss2.fcc.gov/reports/index.cfm) - conventional frequency information on file with the US Government.

Tips:

   - Scanners are designed to monitor complex radio systems. That means that programming your scanner might seem like a daunting task at first. Be patient if you don’t get it right the first time. You can also seek out help locally for the systems you
want to scan by visiting the forums section of http://www.radioreference.com/forums.

- Before you start to program your scanner, decide how you want to organize the frequencies you want to scan. For example, some areas are best organized by geographic location (east, north, south, west, central, etc), while others are best organized by agency (police, sheriff, ambulance, fire, etc.). You might even find it easier to organize a mixture of frequencies (north, southeast, and west for police but fire all in one group for example).

2. Organize the system information using these system worksheets included in this appendix.
   - Use "" on Page 143 to organize info about conventional frequencies.
   - Use "Motorola system Worksheet" on Page 144 to organize information about Motorola frequencies.
   - Use "LTR/EDACS System Worksheet" on Page 146 to organize information about LTR and EDACS frequencies.

3. Follow the instructions in “Filling Out The Conventional System Worksheet” on Page 139, “Filling Out The Motorola Worksheet” on Page 139, and “Filling Out the LTR and EDACS Worksheet” on Page 141 to program your scanner.

Tips:
- Before you start, make as many copies of the worksheets as you think you’ll need. You can also go to the download section of http://www.uniden.com/productsupport.cfm and download the worksheets there.
- All worksheet instructions assume that you have completed the critical Step 1 (collecting the system information). Don't skip this step.
- Use a pencil to fill out the worksheets. This lets you change information if necessary.
Filling Out The Conventional System Worksheet

System Name and Quick Key

Fill in a name that describes the system you want to create. For example, you can enter "Dallas Police" or "Amateur Radio" here. If you want to store more than one type of frequency, you can enter "Mixed."

Fill in the key you want to press to quickly activate/deactivate the system. You can assign the same quick key to multiple systems.

Group Name and Quick Key

Each worksheet documents the settings for one channel group within a system. If you have fewer channels in the group than fits on the page, you can skip a line and enter an additional group of channels (enter the group info in the line you skipped). If you have more channels for the group than will fit on the page, use additional pages.

Fill in the key you want to press with \texttt{rung} to quickly activate/deactivate the channel group. You can assign the same quick key to multiple groups within a system.

Frequency-Alfa Tag-Priority-CTCSS/DCS

Fill in the details for each channel you want to store in this channel group.

Filling Out The Motorola Worksheet

System Name and Quick Key

Fill in a name that describes the system you want to create. For example, you can enter "Dallas Police" or "Amateur Radio" here. If you want to store more than one type of frequency, you can enter "Mixed."

Planning
Fill in the key you want to press to quickly activate/deactivate the system. You can assign the same quick key to multiple systems.

**System Type**

Circle in the type of Motorola system you are scanning.

- **Type 1.** A fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- **Type 2 800 MHz Standard.** Used for most 800 MHz systems. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- **Type 2 800 MHz Splinter.** Used for some 800 MHz systems near border areas.
- **Type 2 900 MHz.** The supplied frequencies are between 935.0125 MHz and 939.9875 MHz. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- **Type 2 UHF.** The supplied frequencies are between 406 MHz and 512 MHz. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.
- **Type 2 VHF.** The supplied frequencies are between 136 MHz and 174 MHz. No fleet map is supplied for this type of system.

**System Frequencies**

Enter the frequencies used by the system. Motorola systems can use up to 28 frequencies. Place an asterisk or other mark next to frequencies identified as data channels.

**Fleet Map (Type I or Type I/Type II Hybrid Only)**

Fill in the fleet map used by this agency.
**Band Plan (VHF or UHF Only)**

A band plan is required so the scanner can correctly determine the voice channel frequency. Fill in the band plan used by this agency, consisting of:

- Base frequency
- Step frequency
- Channel offset

You can enter up to three band plans.

**Group Name and Quick Key**

Each “Motorola System Worksheet 2” documents the settings for one channel group within a system. If you have fewer channels in the group than fits on the page, you can skip a line and enter an additional group of channels (enter the group information in the line you skipped). If you have more channels for the group than will fit on the page, use additional pages.

Fill in the key you want to press with `func` to quickly activate/deactivate the channel group. You can assign the same quick key to multiple groups within a system.

**Talk Group ID-Alpha Tag-Alert**

Fill in the details for each channel you want to store in this channel group.

**Filling Out the LTR and EDACS Worksheet**

**System Name and Quick Key**

Fill in a name that describes the system you want to create. For example, you can enter “Dallas Police” or
“Amateur Radio” here. If you want to store more than one type of frequency, you can enter "Mixed."

Fill in the key you want to press to quickly activate/deactivate the system. You can assign the same quick key to multiple systems.

**System Frequencies and LCN**

Fill in each system frequency and its associated Logical Channel Number (LCN).

**Group Name and Quick Key**

Each “LTR/EDACS System Worksheet 2” documents the settings for one channel group within a system. If you have fewer channels in the group than fits on the page, you can skip a line and enter an additional group of channels (enter the group information in the line you skipped). If you have more channels for the group than will fit on the page, use additional pages.

Fill in the key you want to press with **func** to quickly activate/deactivate the channel group. You can assign the same quick key to multiple groups within a system.

**Talk Group ID-Alphtag-Alert**

Fill in the details for each channel you want to store in this channel group.
**Conventional System Worksheet**

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**Motorola System Worksheet 2**

Planning

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LTR/EDACS System Worksheet
**LTR/EDACS System Worksheet 2**

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Preprogrammed Systems

Your scanner is preprogrammed with over 1000 channels covering police, fire, and ambulance operations in the 25 most populated counties in the US. The following list details the preprogrammed information.

By default, all of the preprogrammed systems are unlocked, and your scanner begins to scan them when you turn it on. To speed up scanning, you can lock out systems that are beyond your reception area (typically no more than 25 miles using the supplied antenna).

Follow these steps to lock out systems.

1. Press and hold [func].
2. While continuing to hold [func], rotate the scroll control to select a system you want to lock out.
3. While continuing to hold [func], press L/O to lock out the system.
4. Repeat Steps 2, 3, and 4 to lock out additional systems.

The preprogrammed systems provide a starting point; you will want to find out more information about your local radio systems so you can customize the programming to better suit your listening preferences.

Notes:

• The list is subject to change.

• You might hear transmissions on frequencies assigned to very distant stations. This will happen if a local system also uses the same frequency. Disregard the text tag for these transmissions (e.g. if you are in California, you aren’t really receiving Florida transmissions even if the scanner displays Dade County).

• To free up memory, you can delete systems that you will not be monitoring. Refer to “Deleting Systems” on Page 88.

• Data used for the preprogrammed information was supplied courtesy of http://www.radioreference.com, the Internet’s premier scanning resource (RadioReference is not affiliated with Uniden America Corporation).
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One-Year Limited Warranty

Important: Evidence of original purchase is required for warranty service.

WARRANTOR: UNIDEN AMERICA CORPORATION (“Uniden”)

ELEMENTS OF WARRANTY: Uniden warrants, for one year, to the original retail owner, this Uniden Product to be free from defects in materials and craftsmanship with only the limitations or exclusions set out below.

WARRANTY DURATION: This warranty to the original user shall terminate and be of no further effect 12 months after the date of original retail sale. The warranty is invalid if the Product is (A) damaged or not maintained as reasonable or necessary, (B) modified, altered, or used as part of any conversion kits, subassemblies, or any configurations not sold by Uniden, (C) improperly installed, (D) serviced or repaired by someone other than an authorized Uniden service center for a defect or malfunction covered by this warranty, (E) used in any conjunction with equipment or parts or as part of any system not manufactured by Uniden, or (F) installed or programmed by anyone other than as detailed by the Operating Guide for this product.

STATEMENT OF REMEDY: In the event that the product does not conform to this warranty at any time while this warranty is in effect, warrantor will repair the defect and return it to you without charge for parts, service, or any other cost (except shipping and handling) incurred by warrantor or its representatives in connection with the performance of this warranty. THE LIMITED WARRANTY SET FORTH ABOVE IS THE SOLE AND ENTIRE WARRANTY PERTAINING TO THE PRODUCT AND IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES OF ANY NATURE WHATSOEVER, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED OR ARISING BY OPERATION OF LAW, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THIS

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PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING PERFORMANCE OF WARRANTY: If, after following the instructions in this Operating Guide you are certain that the Product is defective, pack the Product carefully (preferably in its original packaging). Include evidence of original purchase and a note describing the defect that has caused you to return it. The Product should be shipped freight prepaid, by traceable means, or delivered, to warrantor at:

Uniden America Corporation
Parts and Service Division
4700 Amon Carter Boulevard
Fort Worth, TX 76155
(800) 297-1023, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Central, Monday through Friday
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