SECTION MANUAL AIR CONDITIONER

А

В

С

D

Е

CONTENTS

SERVICE INFORMATION	Wiring D Operatio
PRECAUTIONS 3	Mode Do
Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TEN-	Air Mix D Intake Do
SIONER"3	Front Blo
Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover3 Precaution for Working with HFC-134a (R-134a)3	Magnet (Insufficie
General Refrigerant Precaution4 Oil Precaution4	Insufficie Noise
Precaution for Refrigerant Connection4 Precaution for Service of Compressor7	CONTRO
Precaution for Service Equipment7	Removal
Precaution for Leak Detection Dye9	Disasser
PREPARATION10 Special Service Tool	THERMO Removal
HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Tool and Equipment10 Commercial Service Tool13	A/C UNIT Removal
REFRIGERATION SYSTEM14	Disasser
Refrigerant Cycle 14 Refrigerant System Protection 14 Component Part Location 15	BLOWER Removal
OIL	INTAKE I Intake De
AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL19 Control Operation	AIR MIX I Air Mix D
Discharge Air Flow	MODE DO Mode Do
	BLOWER
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS 22 CONSULT-III Function (BCM) 22	Removal
How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and	HEATER
Accurate Repair22 Component Parts and Harness Connector Loca-	Removal
tion	AIR CON
Schematic25	Removal

Wiring Diagram - Heater -26

Wiring Diagram - A/C,M	F G H
CONTROLLER	
Disassembly and Assembly	MT
Removal and Installation	K
A/C UNIT ASSEMBLY58 Removal and Installation	L
BLOWER MOTOR62 Removal and Installation62	
NTAKE DOOR63 Intake Door Cable Adjustment63	Μ
AIR MIX DOOR64 Air Mix Door Cable Adjustment64	Ν
MODE DOOR65 Mode Door Cable Adjustment65	0
BLOWER FAN RESISTOR66 Removal and Installation66	Р
HEATER CORE67 Removal and Installation67	
AIR CONDITIONER FILTER68 Removal and Installation68	

DUCTS AND GRILLES 69 Removal and Installation 69
REFRIGERANT LINES74
HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure
Component76
Removal and Installation of Compressor
Removal and Installation of Low-Pressure Flexi-
ble Hose
Removal and Installation of High-pressure Flexi-
ble Hose 80
Removal and Installation of High-pressure Pipe 81
Removal and Installation of Refrigerant Pressure
Sensor
Removal and Installation of Condenser 82
Removal and Installation of Liquid Tank

Removal and Installation of Evaporator	. 83
Removal and Installation of Expansion Valve	. 84
Checking of Refrigerant Leaks	. 84
Checking System for Leaks Using the Fluorescent	
Leak Detector	. 85
Dye Injection	. 85
Electronic Refrigerant Leak Detector	. 85

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

(SDS)	88
Compressor	
Oil	
Refrigerant	88
Engine Idling Speed	88
Belt Tension	

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

SERVICE INFORMATION PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT **PRF-TENSIONER**" INFOID:000000001704274

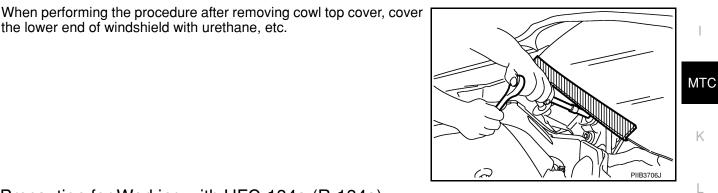
The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front D air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

the lower end of windshield with urethane. etc.



Precaution for Working with HFC-134a (R-134a)

WARNING:

- Μ CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant are not compatible. These refrigerants must never be mixed, even in the smallest amounts. If the refrigerants are mixed a compressor malfunction is likely to occur.
- Use only specified oil for the HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system and HFC-134a (R-134a) components. If Ν oil other than that specified is used, compressor malfunction is likely to occur.
- The specified HFC-134a (R-134a) oil rapidly absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. The following handling precautions must be observed:
- When removing refrigerant components from a vehicle, immediately cap (seal) the component to minimize the entry of moisture from the atmosphere.
- When installing refrigerant components to a vehicle, do not remove the caps (unseal) until just before connecting the components. Connect all refrigerant loop components as guickly as possible to minimize the entry of moisture into system.
- Only use the specified oil from a sealed container. Immediately reseal containers of oil. Without proper sealing, oil will become moisture saturated and should not be used.
- Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Use only approved recovery/recycling equipment to discharge HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant. If accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant and oil manufacturers.

MTC-3

В

Е

F

Н

А

INFOID-000000001704275

INFOID:000000001704276

Ρ

- Do not allow A/C oil to come in contact with styrofoam parts. Damage may result.

General Refrigerant Precaution

INFOID:000000001704277

WARNING:

- Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Use only approved recovery/recycling equipment to discharge HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant. If accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant and oil manufacturers.
- Do not release refrigerant into the air. Use approved recovery/recycling equipment to capture the refrigerant every time an air conditioning system is discharged.
- Always wear eye and hand protection (goggles and gloves) when working with any refrigerant or air conditioning system.
- Do not store or heat refrigerant containers above 52°C (126° F).
- Do not heat a refrigerant container with an open flame; if container warming is required, place the bottom of the container in a warm pail of water.
- Do not intentionally drop, puncture, or incinerate refrigerant containers.
- Keep refrigerant away from open flames: poisonous gas will be produced if refrigerant burns.
- Refrigerant will displace oxygen, therefore be certain to work in well ventilated areas to prevent suffocation.
- Do not pressure test or leak test HFC-134a (R-134a) service equipment and/or vehicle air conditioning systems with compressed air during repair. Some mixtures of air and HFC-134a (R-134a) have been shown to be combustible at elevated pressures. These mixtures, if ignited, may cause injury or property damage. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant manufacturers.

Oil Precaution

INFOID:000000001704278

- Use only specified oil for the HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system and HFC-134a (R-134a) components. If oil other than that specified is used, compressor malfunction is likely to occur.
- The specified HFC-134a (R-134a) oil rapidly absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. The following handling
 precautions must be observed:
- When removing refrigerant components from a vehicle, immediately cap (seal) the component to minimize the entry of moisture from the atmosphere.
- When installing refrigerant components to a vehicle, do not remove the caps (unseal) until just before connecting the components. Connect all refrigerant loop components as quickly as possible to minimize the entry of moisture into system.
- Only use the specified oil from a sealed container. Immediately reseal containers of oil. Without proper sealing, oil will become moisture saturated and should not be used.
- Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Use only approved recovery/recycling equipment to discharge HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant. If accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant and oil manufacturers.
- Do not allow A/C oil to come in contact with styrofoam parts. Damage may result.

Precaution for Refrigerant Connection

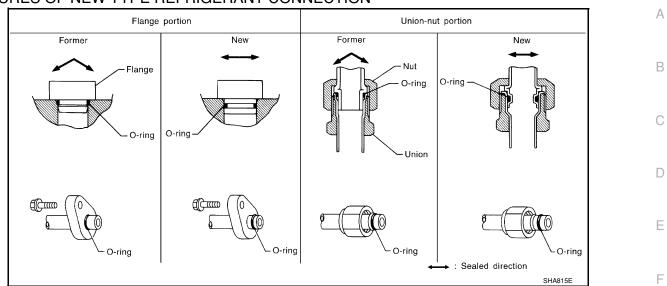
INFOID:000000001704279

A new type refrigerant connection has been introduced to all refrigerant lines except the following location.

- Expansion valve to evaporator
- · Refrigerant pressure sensor to condenser

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

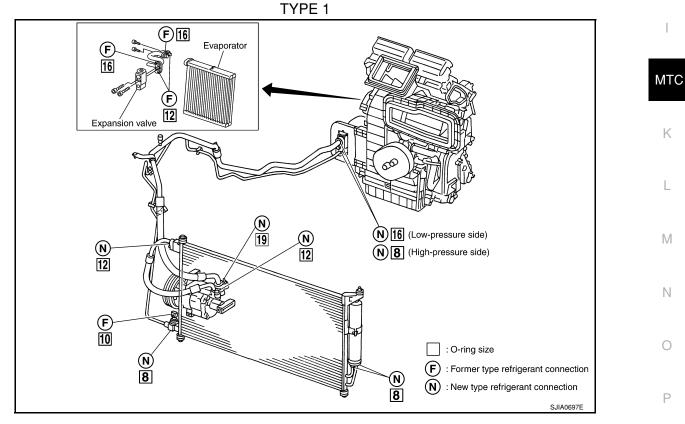
FEATURES OF NEW TYPE REFRIGERANT CONNECTION



- The O-ring has been relocated. It has also been provided with a groove for proper installation. This eliminates the chance of the O-ring being caught in, or damaged by, the mating part. The sealing direction of the O-ring is now set vertically in relation to the contacting surface of the mating part to improve sealing characteristics.
- The reaction force of the O-ring will not occur in the direction that causes the joint to pull out, thereby facilitating piping connections.

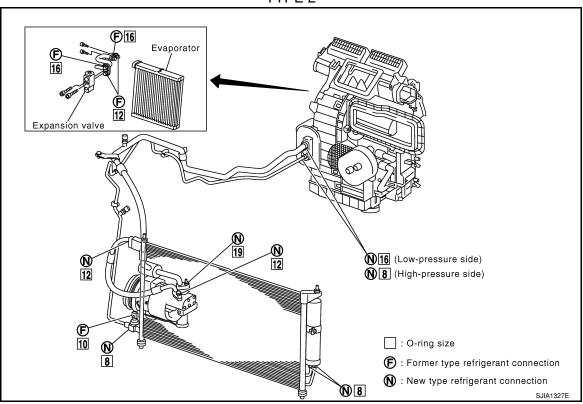
Н

O-RING AND REFRIGERANT CONNECTION



< SERVICE INFORMATION >

TYPE 2



WARNING:

Make sure all refrigerant is discharged into the recycling equipment and the pressure in the system is less than atmospheric pressure. Then gradually loosen the discharge side hose fitting and remove it. CAUTION:

The new and former refrigerant connections use different O-ring configurations. Do not confuse Orings since they are not interchangeable. If a wrong O-ring is installed, refrigerant will leak at, or around, the connection.

Connection type	Piping connection point		Part number	QTY	O-ring size
	Condenser to high-pressure flexible hose	high-pressure flexible hose		1	12
	Condenser to high-pressure pipe	h-pressure pipe		1	8
	Low-pressure flexible hose to expansion valve)	92473 N8210	1	16
New	High-pressure pipe to expansion valve		92471 N8210	1	8
INEW	Compressor to low-pressure flexible hose		92474 N8210	1	19
	Compressor to high-pressure flexible hose		92472 N8210	1	12
	Liquid tank to condenser pipe	Inlet	92471 N8210 1		8
		Outlet		1	0
	Refrigerant pressure sensor to condenser		J2476 89956	1	10
Former	Expansion valve to evaporator	Inlet	92471 N8200	2	12
		Outlet	92473 N8200	2	16

O-Ring I	Part N	lumbers	and	Specifications
----------	--------	---------	-----	----------------

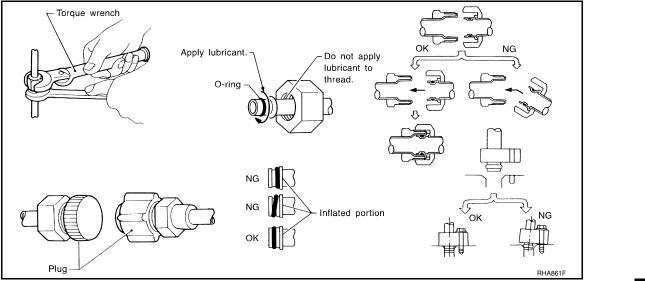
CAUTION:

When replacing or cleaning refrigerant cycle components, observe the following.

- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the vehicle. Doing so will cause oil to enter the low-pressure chamber.
- When connecting tubes, always use a torque wrench and a back-up wrench.
- After disconnecting tubes, immediately plug all openings to prevent entry of dirt and moisture.
- When installing an air conditioner in the vehicle, connect the pipes as the final stage of the operation. Do not remove the seal caps of pipes and other components until just before required for connection.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

- Allow components stored in cool areas to warm to working area temperature before removing seal caps. This prevents condensation from forming inside A/C components.
- Thoroughly remove moisture from the refrigeration system before charging the refrigerant.
- Always replace used O-rings.
- When connecting tube, apply the specified A/C oil to circle of the O-rings as shown. Be careful not to apply oil to threaded portion. Refer to <u>MTC-88</u>, "Oil".
- O-ring must be closely attached to dented portion of tube.
- When replacing the O-ring, be careful not to damage O-ring and tube.
- Connect tube until you hear it click, then tighten the nut or bolt by hand until snug. Make sure that the O-ring is installed to tube correctly.
- After connecting line, perform leak test and make sure that there is no leakage from connections. When the refrigerant leaking point is found, disconnect that line and replace the O-ring. Then tighten connections of seal seat to the specified torque.



Precaution for Service of Compressor

А

D

F

Н

L

- Plug all openings to prevent moisture and foreign matter from entering.
- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the car.
- When replacing or repairing compressor, follow "Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor" exactly. Refer to <u>MTC-16, "Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor"</u>.
- Keep friction surfaces between clutch and pulley clean. If the surface is contaminated, with oil, wipe it off by using a clean waste cloth moistened with thinner.
- After compressor service operation, turn the compressor shaft by hand more than five turns in both directions. This will equally distribute oil inside the compressor. After the compressor is installed, let the engine idle and operate the compressor for one hour.
- After replacing the compressor magnet clutch, apply voltage to the new one and check for usual operation.

Precaution for Service Equipment

INFOID:000000001704281

RECOVERY/RECYCLING EQUIPMENT

Be certain to follow the manufacturer's instructions for machine operation and machine maintenance. Never or introduce any refrigerant other than that specified into the machine.

ELECTRONIC LEAK DETECTOR

Be certain to follow the manufacturer's instructions for tester operation and tester maintenance.

VACUUM PUMP

INFOID:000000001704280 MTC

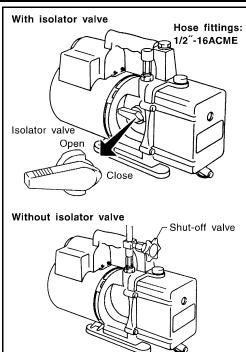
< SERVICE INFORMATION >

The oil contained inside the vacuum pump is not compatible with the specified oil for HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems. The vent side of the vacuum pump is exposed to atmospheric pressure. So the vacuum pump oil may migrate out of the pump into the service hose. This is possible when the pump is switched off after evacuation (vacuuming) and hose is connected to it.

To prevent this migration, use a manual valve placed near the hoseto-pump connection, as follows.

- Usually vacuum pumps have a manual isolator valve as part of the pump. Close this valve to isolate the service hose from the pump.
- For pumps without an isolator, use a hose equipped with a manual shut-off valve near the pump end. Close the valve to isolate the hose from the pump.
- If the hose has an automatic shut-off valve, disconnect the hose from the pump. As long as the hose is connected, the valve is open and lubricating oil may migrate.

Some one-way valves open when vacuum is applied and close under a no vacuum condition. Such valves may restrict the pump's ability to pull a deep vacuum and are not recommended.



RHA270DA

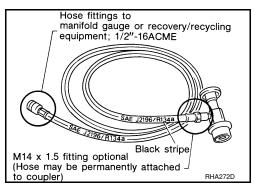
SHA533D

MANIFOLD GAUGE SET

Be certain that the gauge face indicates HFC-134a or R-134a. Be sure the gauge set has 1/2"-16 ACME threaded connections for service hoses. Confirm the set has been used only with refrigerant HFC-134a (R-134a) and specified oils.



Be certain that the service hoses display the markings described (colored hose with black stripe). All hoses must include positive shutoff devices (either manual or automatic) near the end of the hoses opposite the manifold gauge.



6

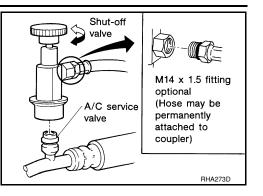
1/2"-16ACME

SERVICE COUPLERS

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Never attempt to connect HFC-134a (R-134a) service couplers to a CFC-12 (R-12) A/C system. The HFC-134a (R-134a) couplers will not properly connect to the CFC-12 (R-12) system. However, if an improper connection is attempted, discharging and contamination may occur.

Shut-off valve rotation	A/C service valve
Clockwise	Open
Counterclockwise	Close



REFRIGERANT WEIGHT SCALE

Verify that no refrigerant other than HFC-134a (R-134a) and specified oils have been used with the scale. If the scale controls refrigerant flow electronically, the hose fitting must be 1/2"-16 ACME.

CHARGING CYLINDER

Using a charging cylinder is not recommended. Refrigerant may be vented into air from cylinder's top valve when filling the cylinder with refrigerant. Also, the accuracy of the cylinder is generally less than that of an electronic scale or of quality recycle/recharge equipment.

Precaution for Leak Detection Dye

- The A/C system contains a fluorescent leak detection dye used for locating refrigerant leaks. An ultraviolet (UV) lamp is required to illuminate the dye when inspecting for leaks.
- Always wear fluorescence enhancing UV safety goggles to protect your eyes and enhance the visibility of the fluorescent dye.
- The fluorescent dye leak detector is not a replacement for an electronic refrigerant leak detector. The fluorescent dye leak detector should be used in conjunction with an electronic refrigerant leak detector to pinpoint refrigerant leaks.
- For your safety and your customer's satisfaction, read and follow all manufacture's operating instructions
 L
 and precautions prior to performing the work.
- A compressor shaft seal should not be repaired because of dye seepage. The compressor shaft seal should only be repaired after confirming the leak with an electronic refrigerant leak detector.
- Always remove any remaining dye from the leak area after repairs are complete to avoid a misdiagnosis during a future service.
- Do not allow dye to come into contact with painted body panels or interior components. If dye is spilled, clean immediately with the approved dye cleaner. Fluorescent dye left on a surface for an extended period of time cannot be removed.
- Do not spray the fluorescent dye cleaning agent on hot surfaces (engine exhaust manifold, etc.).
- Do not use more than one refrigerant dye bottle (1/4 ounce /7.4 cc) per A/C system.
- Leak detection dyes for HFC-134a (R-134a) and CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems are different. Do not use HFC-134a (R-134a) leak detection dye in CFC-12 (R-12) A/C system or CFC-12 (R-12) leak detector dye in HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system or A/C system damage may result.
- The fluorescent properties of the dye will remain for over three (3) years unless a compressor malfunction P occurs.

MTC-9

IDENTIFICATION LABEL FOR VEHICLE

Vehicles with factory installed fluorescent dye have this identification label on the front side of hood. **NOTE:**

- Vehicles with factory installed fluorescent dye have a green label.
- Vehicles without factory installed fluorescent dye have a blue label.

INFOID:000000001704282

Refrigerant container

Hose fittings: 1/2"-16ACME

To manifold gauge

BHA274D

(HFC-134a)

Weight scale

Н

А

В

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

INFOID:000000001704283

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
 (J-38873-A) Pulley installer		Installing pulley
	LHA171	
KV99233130 (J-29884) Pulley puller	LHA172	Removing pulley
	LHA1/2	

HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Tool and Equipment

INFOID:000000001704284

Never mix HFC-134a refrigerant and/or its specified oil with CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and/or its oil. Separate and non-interchangeable service equipment must be used for handling each type of refrigerant/oil. Refrigerant container fittings, service hose fittings and service equipment fittings (equipment which handles refrigerant and/or oil) are different between CFC-12 (R-12) and HFC-134a (R-134a). This is to avoid mixed use of the refrigerants/oil.

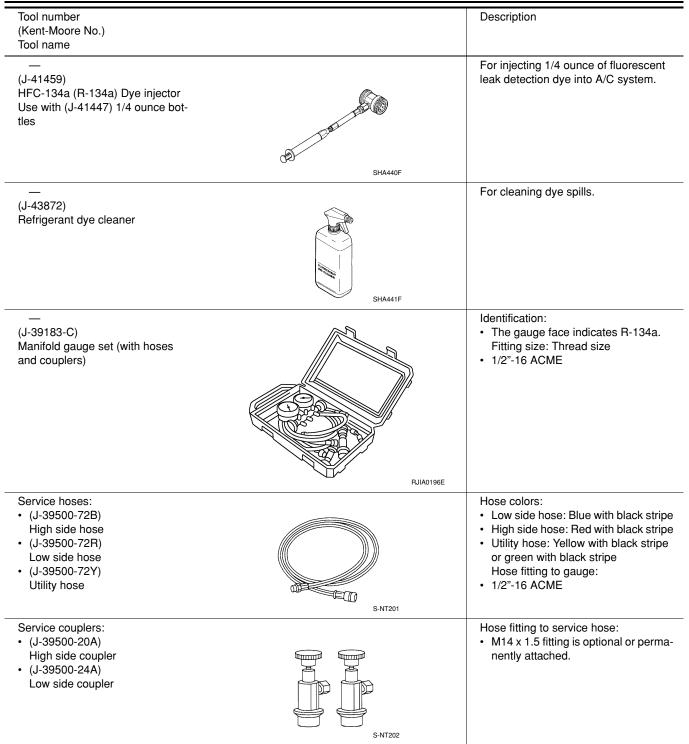
Adapters that convert one size fitting to another must never be used refrigerant/oil contamination will occur and compressor failure will result.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
HFC-134a (R-134a) (—) Refrigerant	S-NT196	Container color: Light blue Container marking: HFC-134a (R- 134a) Fitting size: Thread size • large container 1/2"-16 ACME
— (—) NISSAN A/C System Oil Type S	NISSAN S-NT197	Type: Poly Alkylene glycol oil (PAG), type S Application: HFC-134a (R-134a) vari- able displacement swash plate com- pressors (NISSAN only)

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description	A
 (NISSAN J	Type: Poly Alkylene glycol oil (PAG), type R Application: HFC-134a (R-134a) vane rotary compressors (NISSAN only)	B
KV991J0130 (ACR2005-NI) ACR5 A/C Service Center	S-NT197	Refrigerant recovery, recycling and re- charging	D E F
 (J-41995) Electronic refrigerant leak detector		Checking for refrigerant leaks Power supply: DC 12V (battery termi- nal)	G H
(J-43926) Refrigerant dye leak detection kit Kit includes: (J-42220) UV lamp and UV safety goggles (J-41459) Refrigerant dye injector (J-41447) Quantity 24, 1/4 ounce bottles of HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-43872) Refrigerant dye cleaner	W Image: Carrying case wishind Wishind V Refrigerant V Oggggles Oggggles Refrigerant dye identification label Refrigerant dye identification label Methods Re	Leak detection dye Power supply: DC 12V (battery termi- nal)	мтс К L
	SHA43BF	Checking for refrigerant leaks when flu- orescent dye is installed in A/C system. Includes: UV lamp and UV safety gog- gles Power supply: DC 12V (battery termi- nal)	N
 (J-41447) HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (Box of 24, 1/4 ounce bottles)	Refrigerant dye (24 bottles)	Application: For HFC-134a (R-134a) PAG oil Container: 1/4 ounce (7.4cc) bottle (Includes self-adhesive dye identifica- tion labels for affixing to vehicle after charging system with dye.)	Ρ

< SERVICE INFORMATION >



< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
 (J-39699) Refrigerant weight scale	S-NT200	For measuring of refrigerant Fitting size - thread size: • 1/2" - 16 ACME
— (J-39649) Vacuum pump (Including the isolator valve)	S-NT203	Capacity: • Air displacement: 4 CFM • Micron rating: 20 microns • Oil capacity: 482 g (17 oz) Fitting size: Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME
Commercial Service Tool		INFOID:000000001704285
(Kent-Moore No.) Tool name		Description
(J-41810-NI) Refrigerant identifier equipment (R- 134a)	First	For checking refrigerant purity and system contamination
Power tool		Loosening bolts and nuts
(J-44614) Clutch disc holding tool	PBIC0190E	Clutch disc holding tool

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

Refrigerant Cycle

INFOID:000000001704286

REFRIGERANT FLOW

The refrigerant flows in the standard pattern, that is, through the compressor, the condenser with liquid tank, through the evaporator, and back to the compressor. The refrigerant evaporation through the evaporator is controlled by an externally equalized expansion valve, located inside the evaporator case.

FREEZE PROTECTION

Under usual operating conditions, when the A/C is switched ON, the compressor runs continuously, and the evaporator pressure, and temperature is controlled by the compressor to prevent freeze up.

Refrigerant System Protection

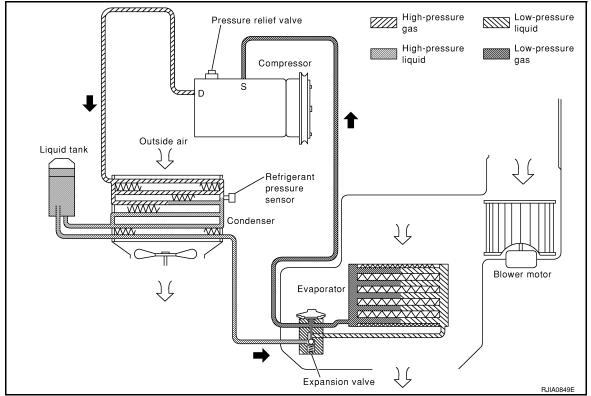
INFOID:000000001704287

REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

The refrigerant system is protected against excessively high or low pressures by the refrigerant pressure sensor, located on the condenser. If the system pressure rises above, or falls below the specifications, the refrigerant pressure sensor detects the pressure inside the refrigerant line and sends the voltage signal to the ECM. ECM makes the A/C relay go OFF and stops the compressor when pressure on the high-pressure side detected by refrigerant pressure sensor is over about 2,746 kPa (27.46 bar, 28.0 kg/cm², 398 psi), or below about 134 kPa (1.34 bar, 1.4 kg/cm², 20 psi).

PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

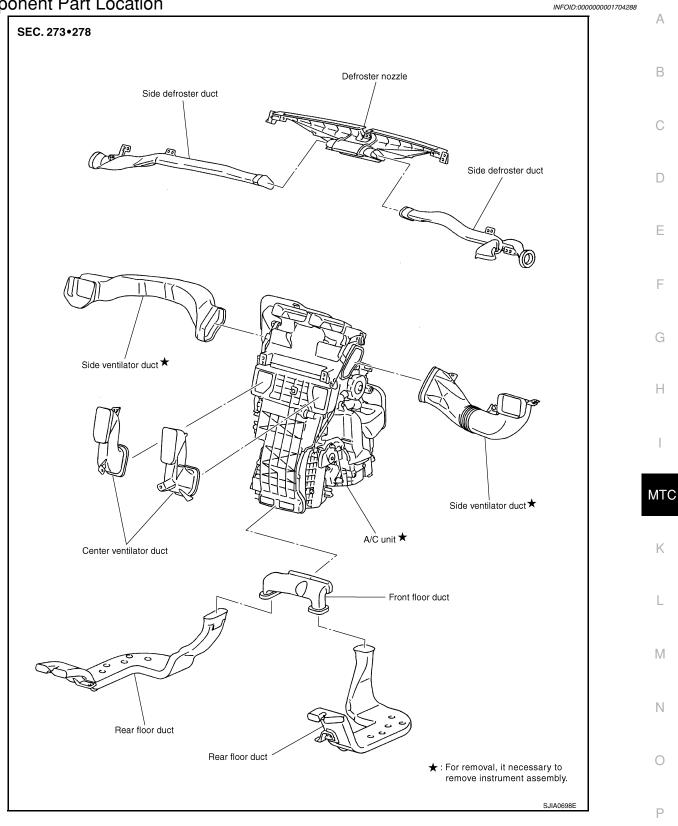
The refrigerant system is also protected by a pressure relief valve, located in the rear head of the compressor. When the pressure of refrigerant in the system increases to an unusual level [more than 3.8 MPa (38 bar, 38.76 kg/cm², 551 psi)], the release port on the pressure relief valve automatically opens and releases refrigerant into the atmosphere.



REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

< SERVICE INFORMATION >





OIL

Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor

The oil in the compressor circulates through the system with the refrigerant. Add oil to compressor when replacing any component or after a large refrigerant leakage occurred. It is important to maintain the specified amount.

If oil quantity is not maintained properly, the following malfunctions may result:

• Lack of oil: May lead to a seized compressor.

• Excessive oil: Inadequate cooling (thermal exchange interference)

OIL

TYPE 1 Compressor (CR-10) TYPE 2 Compressor (CSV511)

: NISSAN A/C System Oil Type R : NISSAN A/C System Oil Type S

OIL RETURN OPERATION

Adjust the oil quantity according to the test group shown below.

1.CHECK OIL RETURN OPERATION

Can oil return operation be performed?

- A/C system works properly.
- There is no evidence of a large amount of oil leakage.

CAUTION: If excessive oil leakage is noted, do not perform the oil return operation.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

2. PERFORM OIL RETURN OPERATION, PROCEEDING AS FOLLOWS

- 1. Start engine, and set the following conditions:
- Engine speed: Idling to 1,200 rpm
- A/C blower switch: ON
- Blower speed: Max. position
- Temp. control: Optional [Set so that intake air temperature is 25° to 30°C (77° to 86° F)].
- Intake position: Recirculation (REC)
- 2. Perform oil return operation for about 10 minutes.
- 3. Stop engine.

>> GO TO 3.

3.CHECK REPLACEMENT PART

Should the compressor be replaced?

YES >> GO TO "OIL ADJUSTING PROCEDURE FOR COMPRESSOR REPLACEMENT".

NO >> GO TO "OIL ADJUSTING PROCEDURE FOR COMPONENTS REPLACEMENT EXCEPT COM-PRESSOR".

OIL ADJUSTING PROCEDURE FOR COMPONENTS REPLACEMENT EXCEPT COMPRESSOR After replacing any of the following major components, add the correct amount of oil to the system.

Amount Of Oil To Be Added

	Oil to be added to system	
Part replaced	Amount of oil m ℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)	Remarks
Evaporator	35 (1.2, 1.2)	-
Condenser	15 (0.5, 0.5)	-
Liquid tank	5 (0.2, 0.2)	-

INFOID:000000001704289

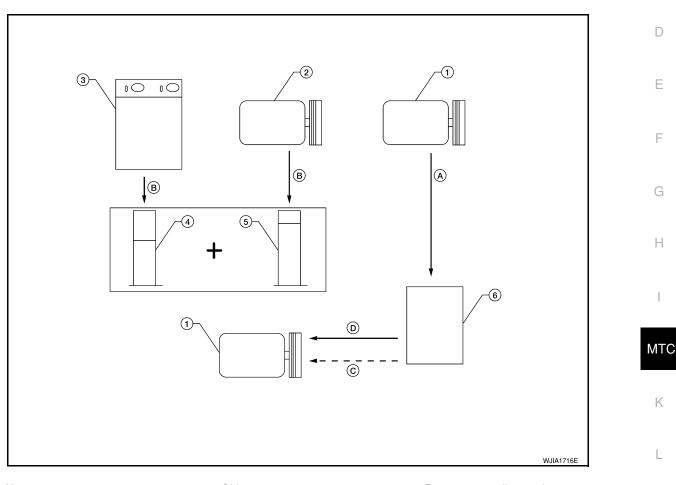
< SERVICE INFORMATION >

	Oil to be added to system	Remarks	
Part replaced	Amount of oil m ℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)		
	30 (1.0, 1.1)	Large leak	В
In case of refrigerant leak	None *1	Small leak ^{*1}	

OIL

*1: If refrigerant leak is small, no addition of oil is needed.

OIL ADJUSTING PROCEDURE FOR COMPRESSOR REPLACEMENT



- 1. New compressor
- 2. Old compressor
- 4. Measuring cup X

into clean container

Α.

- 5. Measuring cup Y
 - Β. Record amount of oil recovered
- З. Recovery/recycling equipment
- 6. New oil
- C. Add an additional 5 m ℓ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 Imp fl oz) of new oil when replacing liquid tank

Μ

Ν

Ρ

D Install new oil equal to recorded amounts in measuring cups X plus Y

Drain oil from the new compressor

- 1. Before connecting recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle, check recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If NG, recover refrigerant from equipment lines.
- Discharge refrigerant into the refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment. Measure oil discharged into the 2. recovery/recycling equipment.
- 3. Drain the oil from the old (removed) compressor into a graduated container and recover the amount of oil drained.
- 4. Drain the oil from the new compressor into a separate, clean container.
- 5. Measure an amount of new oil installed equal to amount drained from old compressor. Add this oil to new compressor through the suction port opening.
- Measure an amount of new oil equal to the amount recovered during discharging. Add this oil to new com-6. pressor through the suction port opening.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

If the liquid tank also needs to be replaced, add another 5 m ℓ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 Imp fl oz.) of oil at this time.

Add this 5 m $\ell\,$ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 Imp fl oz.) of oil only when replacing the compressor.

AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL

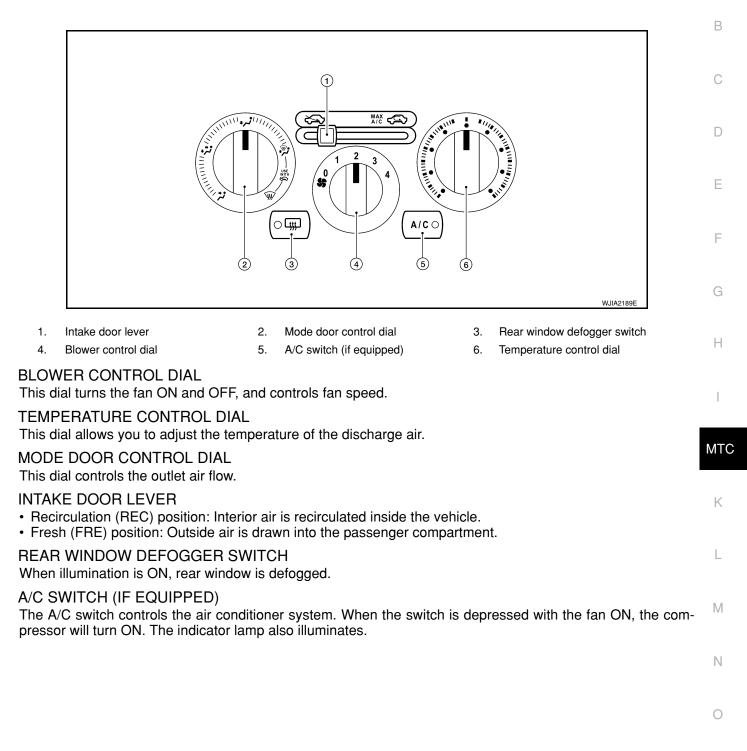
< SERVICE INFORMATION >

AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL

Control Operation

INFOID:000000001704290

А



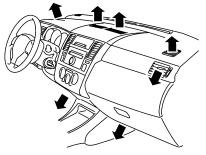
Ρ

AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Discharge Air Flow

INFOID:000000001704291



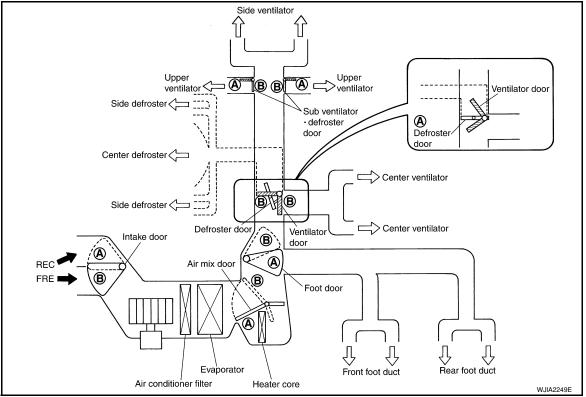
WJIA2190E

Mode door position		Air outlet/distribution	
	Vent	Foot	Defroster
7	100%	—	_
ت	56%	44%	_
ن.	16%	64%	20%
	16%	53%	31%
Ð	17%	_	83%
	Airflow always present a	t driver and passenger side demiste	ers

System Description

INFOID:000000001704292

SWITCHES AND THEIR CONTROL FUNCTION



AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

	Nu si	'ENT									
			B/L	FOOT	D/F	DEF	FRE	REC			
Door		;	فتر+	نىر.	₩	€ €	¢	ক্ষ	()
	<u> </u>								Full cold		Full hot
Ventilator door		A	A	® *1	® *1	® *1					
Sub ventilator door		A	A	B	B	B				—	
Defroster door		A	A	*2 (A) ~ (B)	*3 (A) ~ (B)	B		·			
Foot door		A	(A) ~ (B)	® *1	$(A) \sim (B)$	A	_				
Intake door							B	A			
Air mix door								_	A	@~®	B
* 1 In the (B) position, the * 2 In the (A) \sim (B) positi * 3 In the (A) \sim (B) positi	on, the foot d	loor is 60)% open.	completely cl	osed.						
										WJ	IA2234E

Refer to LAN-6.

MTC

G

Н

Κ

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

CONSULT-III Function (BCM)

INFOID:000000001704294

CONSULT-III can display each diagnostic item using the diagnostic test modes shown following.

BCM diagnostic test item	Diagnostic mode	Description
	WORK SUPPORT	Supports inspections and adjustments. Commands are transmitted to the BCM for setting the status suitable for required operation, input/output signals are received from the BCM and received data is displayed.
	DATA MONITOR	Displays BCM input/output data in real time.
Inspection by part	ACTIVE TEST	Operation of electrical loads can be checked by sending drive signal to them.
	SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Displays BCM self-diagnosis results.
	CAN DIAG SUPPORT MNTR	The result of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read.
	ECU PART NUMBER	BCM part number can be read.
	CONFIGURATION	Performs BCM configuration read/write functions.

DATA MONITOR

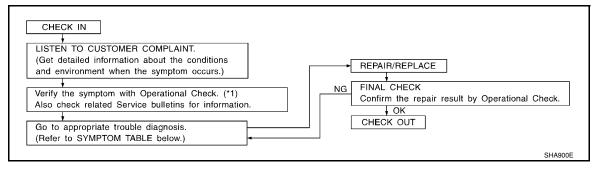
Display Item List

Monitor iter "operation		Contents
IGN ON SW	"ON/OFF"	Displays "IGN Position (ON)/OFF, ACC Position (OFF)" status as judged from ignition switch signal through the CAN communication.
FAN ON SIG	"ON/OFF"	Displays "FAN (ON)/FAN (OFF)" status as judged from blower fan motor switch signal through CAN communication.
AIR COND SW	"ON/OFF"	Displays "COMP (ON)/COMP (OFF)" status as judged from air conditioner switch signal through the CAN communication.

How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair

INFOID:000000001704295

WORK FLOW



*1 MTC-30, "Operational Check"

SYMPTOM TABLE

Symptom	Reference Page	
Air outlet does not change.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Mode Door.	<u>MTC-31</u>
Discharge air temperature does not change.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Air Mix Door.	<u>MTC-32</u>
Intake door does not change.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Intake Door.	MTC-33
Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Blower Motor.	MTC-33

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Symptom	Reference Page		
Magnet clutch does not engage in A/C, de- frost/foot, or defrost mode.	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Magnet Clutch.	<u>MTC-37</u>	A
Insufficient cooling	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Cooling.	<u>MTC-45</u>	D
Insufficient heating	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Heating.	MTC-52	
Noise	Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Noise.	<u>MTC-53</u>	

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location

INFOID:000000001704296

С

D

Ε

F

G

Н

MTC

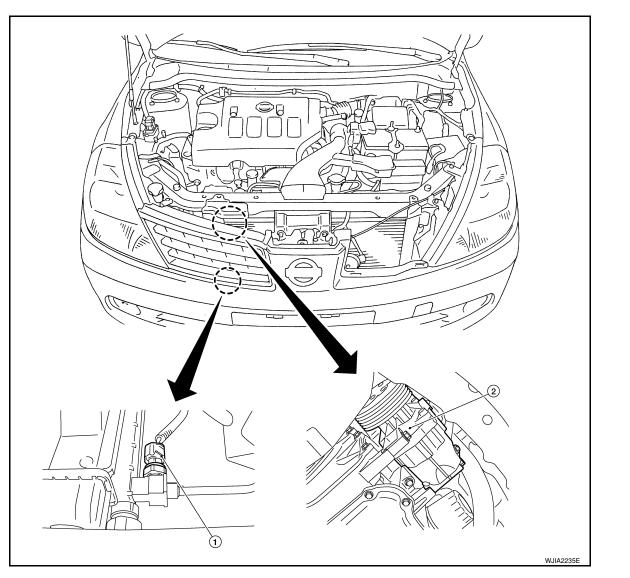
Κ

L

Μ

Ν

ENGINE COMPARTMENT

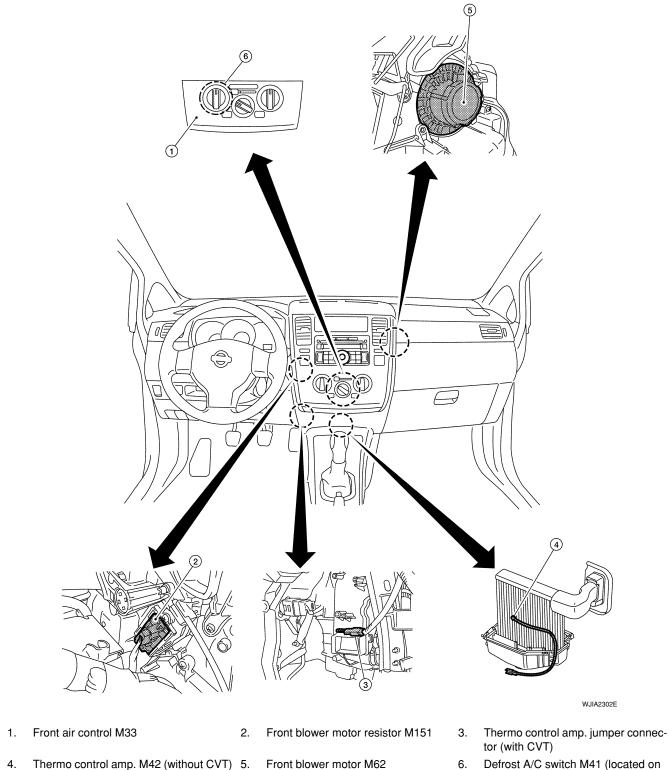


1. Refrigerant pressure sensor E17 2. A/C compressor F3

Р

Ο

PASSENGER COMPARTMENT



Defrost A/C switch M41 (located on back side of front air control)

< SERVICE INFORMATION > Schematic

INFOID:000000001704297 (VT) : WITH CVT (VW) : WITHOUT CVT FUSE FUSE * : THIS RELAY IS BUILT INTO THE IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR FRONT BLOWER MOTOR -(E) \sim FRONT AIR CONTROL μh TO REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SYSTEM 14 FAN SWITCH 4 4 DEFROST A/C SWITCH 28 11 0 A/C SWITCH BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE) THERMO CONTROL AMP. ||0 0 27 REAR DEFOGGER SWITCH 0 0 THERMO CONTROL AMP. all BLOWER Þ A/C INDICATOR FUSE Þ ₿ יל שוי 26 IGNITION SWITCH ON REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR 3 <u>∞</u>-||ı 50 DEFOGGER (4 39 COMPRESSOR lacksquareoll A/C 이 RELAY (*) DATA LINE DATA LINE BATTERY Z FUSE IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) (CPU) 74 41 10 IGNITION RELAY (*) ECM 34 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START ΗĿ ΗĿ W TO CAN SYSTEM

WJWA0487E

А

В

С

D

Ε

F

G

Н

MTC

Κ

L

Μ

Ν

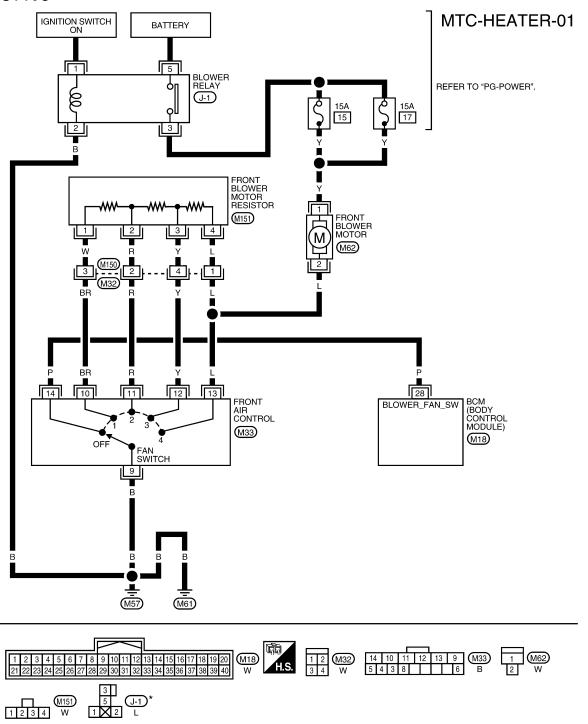
0

Ρ

Wiring Diagram - Heater -

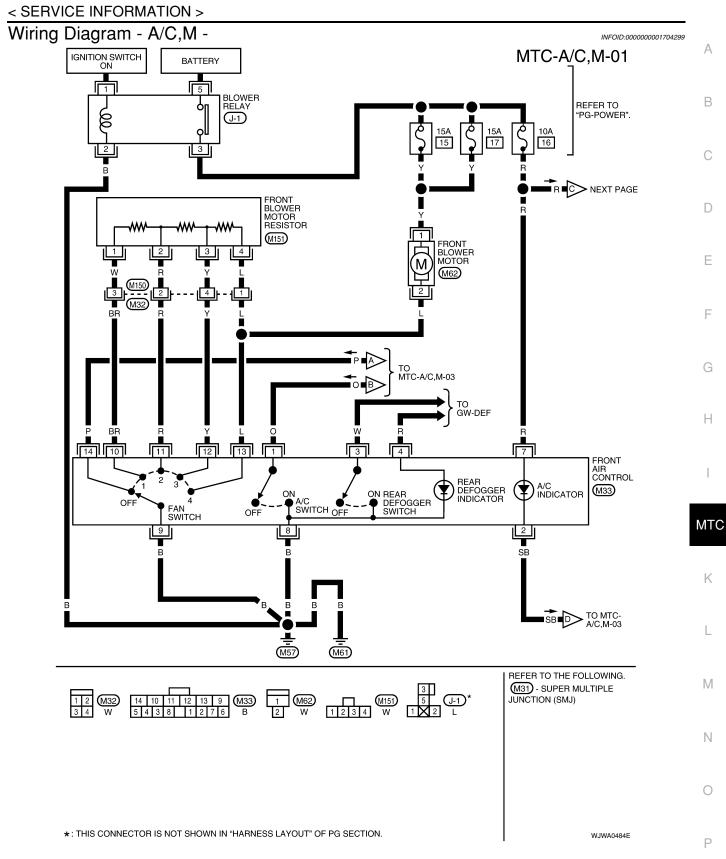
INFOID:000000001704298

WITHOUT A/C

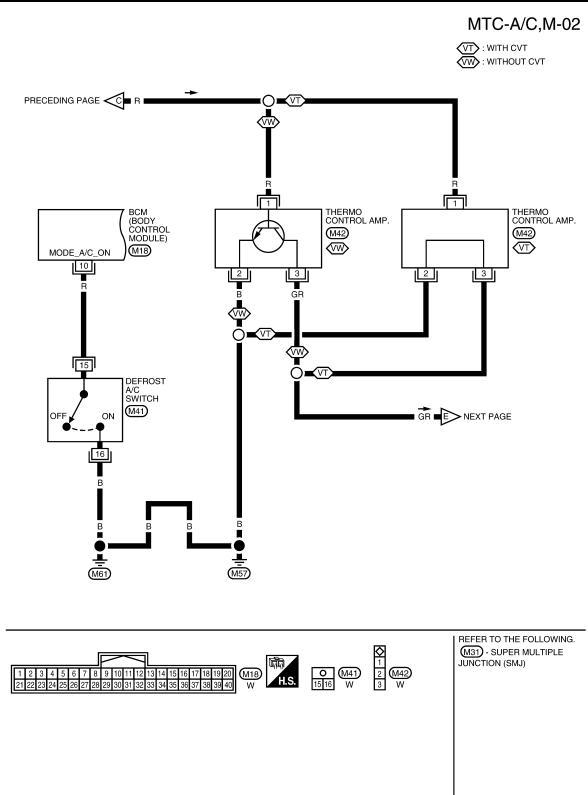


*: THIS CONNECTOR IS NOT SHOWN IN "HARNESS LAYOUT" OF PG SECTION.

WJWA0485E



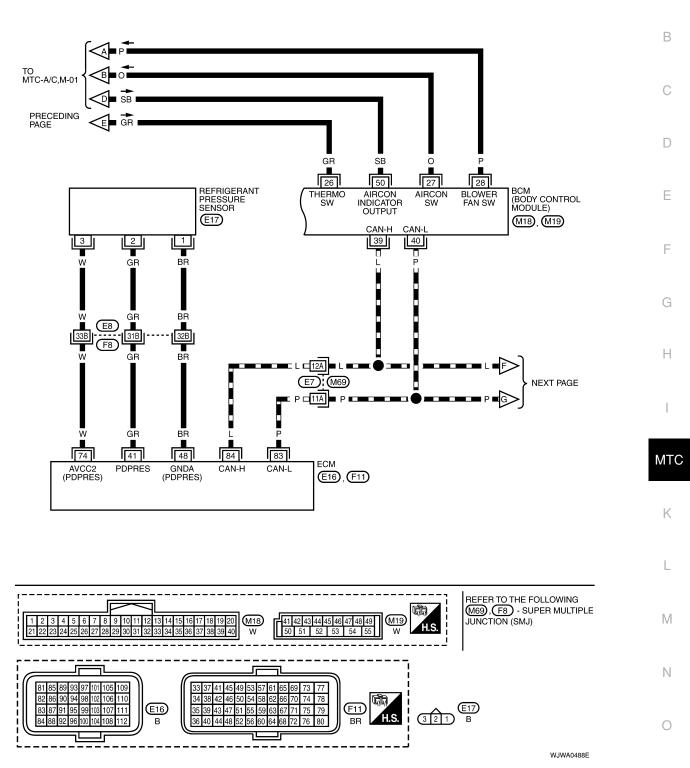
< SERVICE INFORMATION >



WJWA0486E

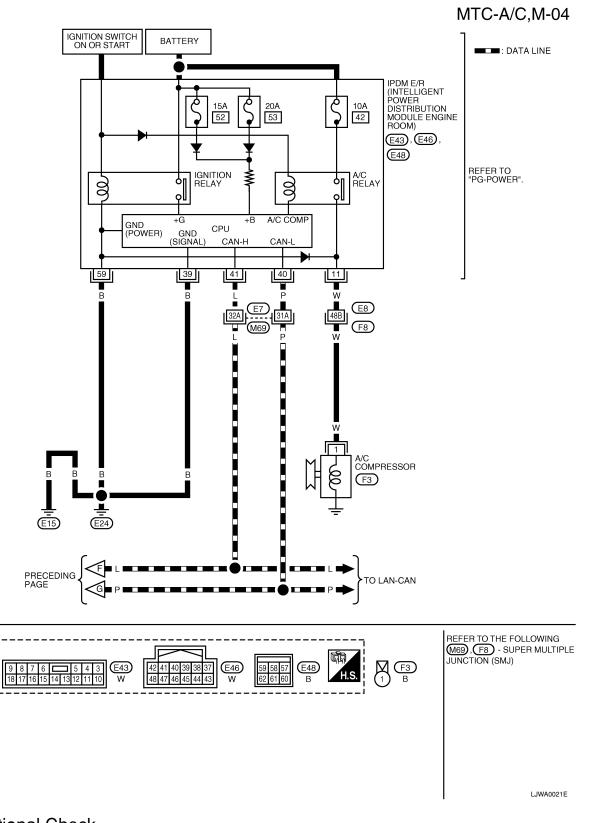
MTC-A/C,M-03

А



Ρ

< SERVICE INFORMATION >



Operational Check

INFOID:000000001704300

The purpose of the operational check is to confirm that the system operates properly.

Conditions : Engine running at normal operating temperature

CHECKING BLOWER

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
1. Turn blower control dial clockwise to "1" position. Blower should operate on low speed.	
2. Turn blower control dial clockwise to "2" position, and continue checking blower speed until all speeds checked.	s are A
3. Leave blower on Maximum speed.	_
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-33, "Front Blower Motor Circuit"</u> . If OK, continue the check.	В
CHECKING DISCHARGE AIR	0
1. Turn mode door control dial to each position.	С
2. Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table. Refer to MTC-20, "Disch Air Flow".	n <mark>arge</mark> D
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-31. "Mode Door"</u> . If OK, continue the check.	-
CHECKING RECIRCULATION	E
1. Set intake door lever to REC < position.	
2. Operate intake door lever to FRE 👟 position.	F
3. Listen for intake door position change (you should hear blower sound change slightly).	
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-33. "Intake Door"</u> . If OK, continue the check.	G
CHECKING TEMPERATURE DECREASE	
1. Turn temperature control dial counterclockwise to full cold position.	Н
2. Check for cold air at discharge air outlets.	11
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-45, "Insufficient Cooling"</u> . If OK, continue the check.	I
CHECKING TEMPERATURE INCREASE	
1. Turn temperature control dial clockwise to full hot position.	
2. Check for hot air at discharge air outlets.	MTO
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-52, "Insufficient Heating"</u> . If OK, continue the check.	
CHECKING A/C SWITCH (IF EQUIPPED)	K
1. Turn fan control dial to the desired (1 to 4 speed) position.	
2. Press A/C switch.	L
 A/C switch indicator will turn ON. Confirm that the compressor clutch engages (sound or visual inspection). 	
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-37. "Magnet Clutch Circuit (If Equipped)"</u> . If OK, continue the check.	Μ
CHECKING DEFROST A/C SWITCH (IF EQUIPPED)	
1. Turn fan control dial to the desired (1 to 4 speed) position.	Ν
2. Turn mode dial to (\$\$\color beta) DEF.	
3. Confirm that the compressor clutch engages (sound or visual inspection) and the A/C switch indicator minates.	r illu- _O
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-37</u> , " <u>Magnet Clutch Circuit (If Equipped)</u> ". If all operational checks are OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), go to <u>MTC-22</u> , " <u>How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair</u> " and perform tests as outlined. If symptom appears, refer to <u>MTC 'How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair</u> " and perform applicable trouble diagr procedures.	C-22. P
Mada Door	201701001
INFOID:0000000	01704301

SYMPTOM: Air outlet does not change.

INSPECTION FLOW

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - DISCHARGE AIR

1. Rotate the mode door control dial to each position.

2. Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table. Refer to MTC-20, "Discharge <u>Air Flow"</u>.

NOTE:

Confirm that the compressor clutch (with A/C) is engaged (visual inspection) when DEF (\mathfrak{W}) or D/F (\mathfrak{W}) is selected.

Can a symptom be duplicated?

YES >> GO TO 3.

NO >> GO TO 2.

2. PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK

Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-30, "Operational Check"</u>. Can a symptom be duplicated?

YES >> Refer to MTC-22, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair".

NO >> System OK.

3.CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS

Check for any service bulletins.

>> GO TO 4.

4.CHECK MODE DOOR CONTROL CABLE

Check and verify mode door mechanism for smooth operation in each mode.

<u>OK or NG</u>

- OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check and check for other symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-30, "Operational Check"</u>. If other symptoms exist, refer to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perform</u> <u>Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or adjust mode door control cable. Refer to MTC-65. "Mode Door Cable Adjustment".

Air Mix Door

INFOID:000000001704302

SYMPTOM: Air mix door does not change.

INSPECTION FLOW

1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - TEMPERATURE INCREASE

- 1. Turn the temperature control dial clockwise until maximum heat.
- 2. Check for hot air at discharge air outlets.

>> GO TO 2.

2.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - TEMPERATURE DECREASE

- 1. Turn the temperature control dial counterclockwise until maximum cold.
- 2. Check for cold air at discharge air outlets.

Can a symptom be duplicated?

YES >> GO TO 4.

NO >> GO TO 3.

3. PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK

Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-30, "Operational Check"</u>. <u>Can a symptom be duplicated?</u>

YES >> Refer to MTC-22, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair".

NO >> System OK.

4.CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS

Check for any service bulletins.

А >> GO TO 5. 5. CHECK AIR MIX DOOR CONTROL LINKAGE Check and verify air mix door mechanism for smooth operation. В OK or NG OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to MTC-30, "Operational Check" If other symptoms exist, refer to MTC-22, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair". >> Repair or adjust air mix door control linkage. Refer to MTC-64, "Air Mix Door Cable Adjustment". NG Intake Door D INFOID:000000001704303 SYMPTOM: Intake door does not change. INSPECTION FLOW 1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - REC (1. Slide the intake door lever to the REC (2. Turn the blower motor to maximum speed. Slide the intake door lever to the FRE so position. 3. 4. Listen for intake door position change (you should hear blower sound change slightly). Can a symptom be duplicated? Н YES >> GO TO 3. NO >> GO TO 2. 2. PERFORM COMPLETE OPERATIONAL CHECK Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to MTC-30, "Operational Check" Can a symptom be duplicated? >> Refer to MTC-22. "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair". YES MTC NO >> System OK. 3.CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS K Check for any service bulletins. >> GO TO 4. 4. CHECK INTAKE DOOR CONTROL LINKAGE Check intake door control linkage mechanism for smooth operation. Μ OK or NG >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to MTC-30, "Operational OK Check". If other symptoms exist, refer to MTC-22, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair". Ν >> Repair or adjust control linkage. Refer to MTC-63, "Intake Door Cable Adjustment". NG Front Blower Motor Circuit INFOID:000000001819758 SYMPTOM: Front blower motor operation is malfunctioning. INSPECTION FLOW 1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - FRONT BLOWER Turn blower control dial to "1" position. Blower should operate on low speed. 1. Turn the blower control dial to "2" position, and continue checking blower speed until all speeds are 2. checked.

Can the symptom be duplicated?

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

YES >> GO TO 2.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

NO >> GO TO 3.

 $2. {\tt perform \ complete \ operational \ check}$

Perform a complete operational check and check for any symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-30, "Operational Check"</u>. Can a symptom be duplicated?

YES >> Refer to MTC-22. "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair".

NO >> System OK.

3.CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS

Check for any service bulletins.

>> GO TO 4.

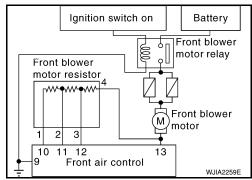
4. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR CIRCUIT

Check front blower motor circuit. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR FRONT BLOWER MOTOR" . OK or NG?

- OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to <u>MTC-30</u>, "<u>Operational</u> <u>Check</u>". If other symptoms exist, refer to <u>MTC-22</u>, "<u>How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick</u> <u>and Accurate Repair</u>".
- NG >> Repair as necessary.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR FRONT BLOWER MOTOR

SYMPTOM: Blower motor operation is malfunctioning.



1. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR OPERATION

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

2. Check front blower motor operation at each fan speed.

OK or NG

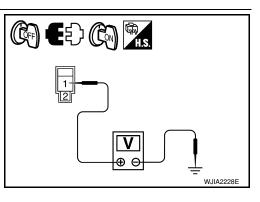
NG

- OK >> Inspection End.
 - >> Front blower motor does not operate at any speed, GO TO 2.
 - Front blower motor does not operate at one or more of the four speeds, GO TO 10.

2. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR FRONT BLOWER MOTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front blower motor connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between front blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 1 and ground.

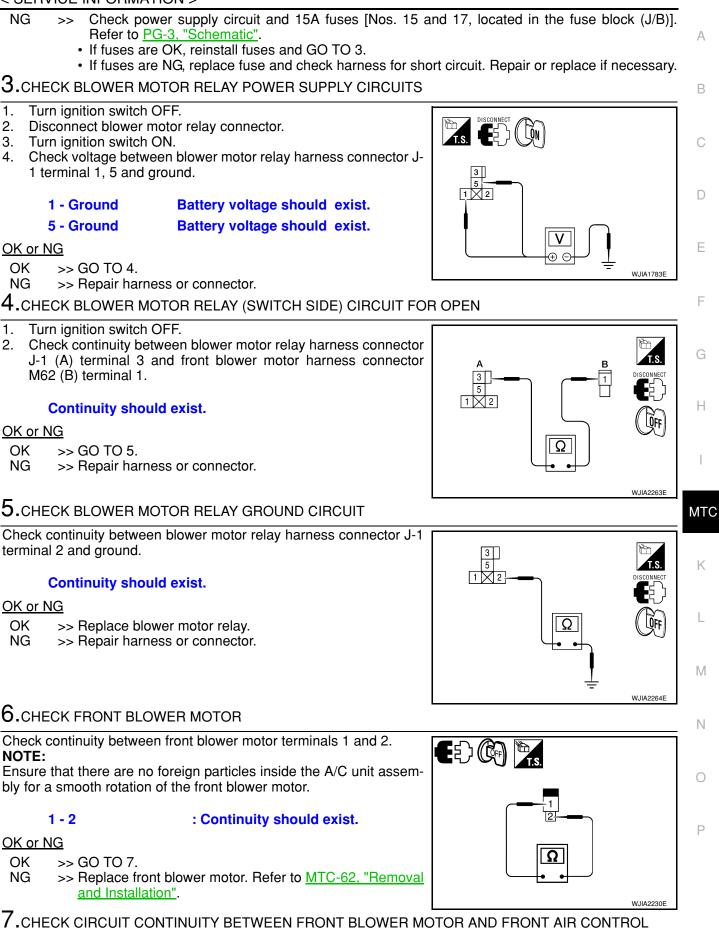
Terminals			
(+)	(-)	Voltage (Approx.)
Connector	Terminal		
Front blower motor: M62	1	Ground	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >



< SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 1. Disconnect front air control connector.
- Check continuity between front blower motor harness connector M62 (A) terminal 2 and front air control harness connector M33 (B) terminal 13.

2 - 13

: Continuity should exist.

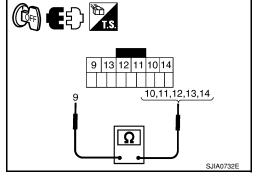
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.

8. CHECK FAN SWITCH

Check continuity between front air control terminal 9 and 10, 11, 12, 13, 14.

Terminals		Condition	Continuity	
14		Blower control dial: OFF		
10	Blower control dial: 1-speed			
9 11		Blower control dial: 2-speed	Yes	
	12	Blower control dial: 3-speed		
	13	Blower control dial: 4-speed		



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-58. "Removal and Installation".

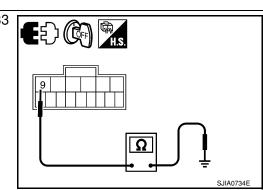
9.CHECK FAN SWITCH GROUND CIRCUIT

Check continuity between front air control harness connector M33 terminal 9 and ground.

Continuity should exist.

<u>OK or NG</u>

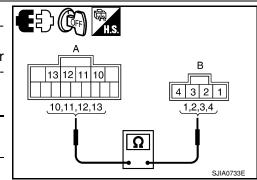
- OK >> Inspection End.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.

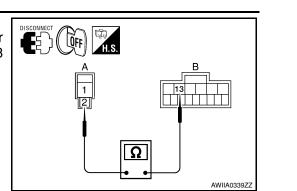


10.check circuit continuity between front air control and front blower motor resistor

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front blower motor resistor and front air control connectors.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M33 (A) terminals and front blower motor resistor harness connector M6 (B) terminals.

A		В		Continuity
Connector	Terminal	Connector	Terminal	Continuity
Front air control: M33	10	Front blower	1	
	11		2	Yes
	12	M6	3	165
	13		4	





< SERVICE INFORMATION > OK >> GO TO 11.

		SWITCH		
Check c 13, 14.	continuity b	etween front air control tern	ninal 9 and 10, 11, 12	
Te	rminals	Condition	Continuity	9 13 12 11 10 14
	14	Fan control dial: OFF		
	10	Fan control dial: 1-speed		9
9	11	Fan control dial: 2-speed	Yes	
	12	Fan control dial: 3-speed		
	13	Fan control dial: 4-speed		SJIA0732E
OK or N	IG			
OK				6. "Removal and Installation".
NG	•	ce front air control. Refer to	MTC-58, "Removal ar	nd Installation".
Magne	et Clutch	Circuit (If Equipped)		INFOID:000000001704305
SYMPT	OM: Magn	et clutch does not engage.		
		IPTOM BY PERFORMING		
				SK - MAGNET CLUTCH
	n ignition s	witch ON. ontrol dial to the desired (1 t	o (speed) position	
		switch. A/C indicator will tur		
. Cor	nfirm that th	ne compressor clutch engag	es (sound or visual in	spection).
		be duplicated?		
YES	>> GO T(
NO 2 our	>> GO T(
		NY SYMPTOMS		
Dorform	a complet	e operational check for any	symptoms. Refer to N	ITC-30, "Operational Check".
			, –	
<u>Does ar</u>	•	ptom exist?		
<u>Does ar</u> YES	>> Refer	to MTC-22, "How to Perforn		or Quick and Accurate Repair".
<u>)oes ar</u> YES NO	>> Refer >> Syster	to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perforn</u> n OK.		
<u>)oes ar</u> YES NO 3. CHE	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S	to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perforn</u> n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS		
<u>)oes ar</u> YES NO 3. CHE	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S	to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perforn</u> n OK.		
<u>Does ar</u> YES NO 3. CHE	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv	to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perforn</u> n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins.		
Does ar YES NO 3. CHE Check fr	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO T(to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perforn</u> n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins.		
Does ar YES NO CHE Check fr LCHE	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP	to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perforn</u> n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. D 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION	n Trouble Diagnosis fo	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Does ar YES NO CHE Check for LCHE	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TO CK COMP	to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perforn</u> n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins.	n Trouble Diagnosis fo	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Does ar YES NO CHE Check fr Check fr Check of Check of	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP compressor	to <u>MTC-22. "How to Perforn</u> n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. O 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION r belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-1</u>	n Trouble Diagnosis fo	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Does ar YES NO B.CHE Check for theck of Check of	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP compressor IG >> GO TC	to <u>MTC-22.</u> "How to Perform n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. O 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION r belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-1</u> O 5.	n Trouble Diagnosis fo	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Does ar YES NO CHE Check fr Check fr Check of OK or N OK NG	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP compressor IG >> GO TC >> Adjust	to <u>MTC-22. "How to Perform</u> m OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. D 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION r belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-1</u> D 5. or replace A/C compressor	n Trouble Diagnosis fo	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Arche Arche Check for Arche Check for Check or N OK NG Arche OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP compressor IG >> GO TC >> Adjust CK REFRI	to <u>MTC-22</u> , <u>"How to Perform</u> m OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. D 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION r belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-1</u> D 5. or replace A/C compressor GERANT PRESSURE	n Trouble Diagnosis fo 3. "Checking Drive Be belt.	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Does ar YES NO CHE Check f Check f Check c OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP compressor IG >> GO TC >> Adjust CK REFRI efrigerant p	to <u>MTC-22</u> , <u>"How to Perform</u> m OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. D 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION r belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-1</u> D 5. or replace A/C compressor GERANT PRESSURE	n Trouble Diagnosis fo 3. "Checking Drive Be belt.	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Does ar YES NO CHE Check f Check f Check f OK or N OK OK OK OK OK OK OK OK	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP compressor IG >> GO TC >> Adjust CK REFRI efrigerant p	to <u>MTC-22</u> , <u>"How to Perform</u> m OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. O 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION r belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-1</u> O 5. or replace A/C compressor GERANT PRESSURE pressure with manifold gaug	n Trouble Diagnosis fo 3. "Checking Drive Be belt.	or Quick and Accurate Repair".
Poes ar YES NO CHE Check f Check f Check c OK OK OK OK OK OK OK	>> Refer >> Syster CK FOR S or any serv >> GO TC CK COMP compressor IG >> GO TC >> Adjust CK REFRI efrigerant p IG >> GO TC	to <u>MTC-22</u> , "How to Perform n OK. ERVICE BULLETINS rice bulletins. D 4. RESSOR BELT TENSION r belt tension. Refer to <u>EM-1</u> D 5. or replace A/C compressor GERANT PRESSURE pressure with manifold gaug D 6.	n Trouble Diagnosis fo 3. "Checking Drive Be belt. le connected. Refer to	or Quick and Accurate Repair".

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Perform diagnostic procedure for the magnetic clutch. Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR MAGNET CLUTCH".

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to <u>MTC-30</u>, "<u>Operational</u> <u>Check</u>". If other symptoms exist, refer to <u>MTC-22</u>, "<u>How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick</u> <u>and Accurate Repair</u>".

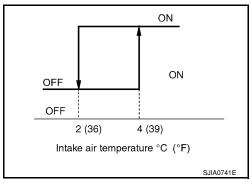
NG >> Repair as necessary.

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Thermo control amp. controls A/C compressor operation by intake air temperature and signal from ECM. The defrost A/C switch controls A/C compressor operation by the BCM when the mode switch is turned to the \widehat{W} (DEF) position.

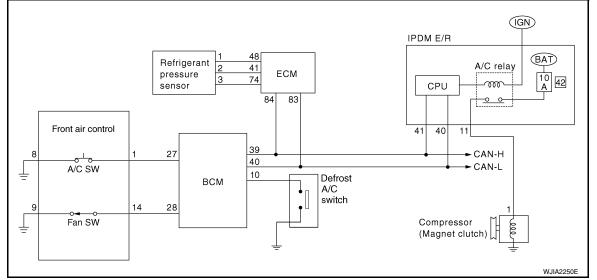
Low Temperature Protection Control

When intake air temperatures are higher than 4°C (39°F), the compressor turns ON. The compressor turns OFF when intake air temperatures are lower than 2°C (36°F).



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR MAGNET CLUTCH

SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage in A/C, defrost/foot, or defrost mode.



1.PERFORM AUTO ACTIVE TEST

Refer to PG-19, "Auto Active Test".

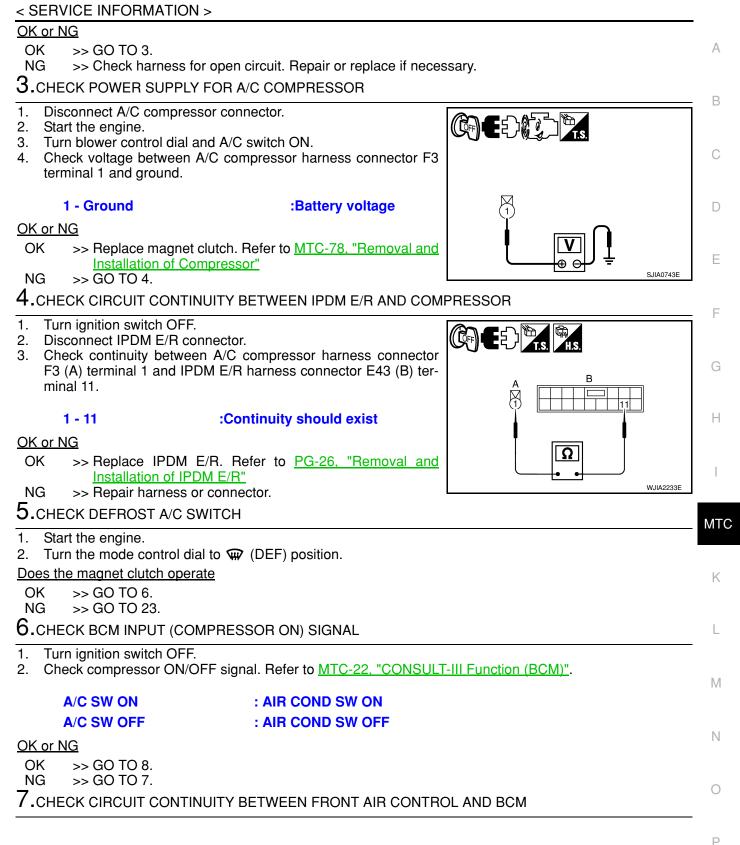
Does the magnet clutch operate?

- YES >> GO TO 5.
- NO >> Check 10A fuse (No. 42, located in the IPDM E/R). Refer to PG-22, "IPDM E/R Terminal Arrangement".
 - If fuse is OK, GO TO 2.
 - If fuse is NG, replace fuse and check harness for short circuit. Repair or replace if necessary.

2. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR IPDM E/R

Check power supply to 10A fuse (No. 42 located in the IPDM E/R).

:Battery voltage should exist



< SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control and BCM connector.
- Check continuity between front air control harness connector M33 (A) terminal 1and BCM harness connector M18 (B) terminal 27.

1 - 27

:Continuity should exist

<u>OK or NG</u>

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.

8.CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect front air control connector and BCM connector.
- 2. Check refrigerant pressure sensor. Refer to EC-541.

.OK or NG

- OK >> (I) WITH CONSULT-III
 - GO TO 9.
 - WITHOUT CONSULT-III GO TO 10.
- NG >> Replace as necessary.

9.CHECK BCM INPUT (FAN ON) SIGNAL

Check FAN ON/OFF signal. Refer to MTC-22, "CONSULT-III Function (BCM)".

FAN CONTROL DIAL ON : FAN ON SIG ON

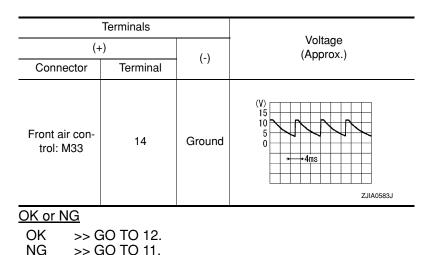
FAN CONTROL DIAL OFF : FAN ON SIG OFF

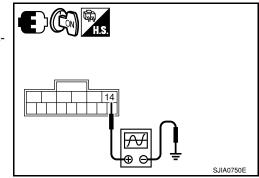
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 10.

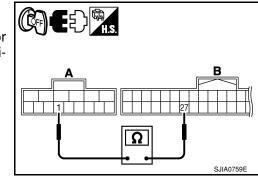
10.CHECK BCM INPUT (FAN ON) SIGNAL

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Turn blower control dial to "1" position.
- 3. Confirm fan on signal between front air control harness connector M33 terminal 14 and ground using oscilloscope.





11. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN BCM AND FRONT AIR CONTROL



Continuity

Yes

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Terminal

28

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect front air control connector and BCM connector.
 Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 (A) terminal 28 and front air control barness connector M23 (B) terminal 28 and front air control barness connector M23 (C) terminal 28 and front air control barness conne

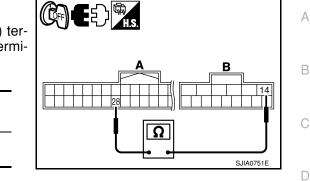
Connector

Front air control:

M33

minal 28 and front air control harness connector M33 (B) terminal 14.

В



Ε

F

Н

Κ

L

SJIA0753E

OK	٥r	NG
		NU

Connector

BCM: M18

OK >> GO TO 12.

А

NG >> Repair harness or connector.

12. CHECK FAN SWITCH CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn blower control dial to the OFF position.
- 2. Check continuity between front air control terminals 9 and 14.

9 - 14

:Continuity should exist

Terminal

14

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
- NG >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-55</u>.



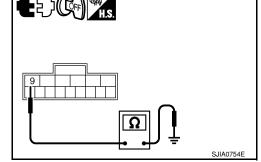
Check continuity between front air control harness connector M33 terminal 9 and ground.

9 - Ground

:Continuity should exist

<u>OK or NG</u>

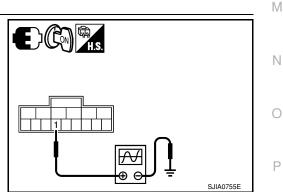
- OK >> GO TO 14.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.



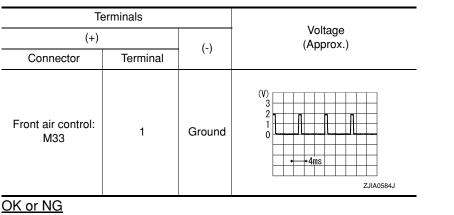
Ω

14.CHECK BCM INPUT (COMPRESSOR ON) SIGNAL

- 1. Reconnect BCM connector and front air control connectors.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn blower control dial clockwise to position "1".
- 4. Confirm compressor on signal between front air control harness connector M33 terminal 1 and ground using oscilloscope.



< SERVICE INFORMATION >



OK >> GO TO 15.

NG >> GO TO 17.

15. CHECK A/C SWITCH CIRCUIT

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

- Disconnect front air control connector. 2.
- 3. While pressing the A/C switch, check continuity between front air control terminals 1 and 8.

1 - 8

:Continuity should exist

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

>> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-55. NG

16. CHECK FRONT AIR CONTROL GROUND CIRCUIT

Check continuity between front air control harness connector M33 terminal 8 and ground.

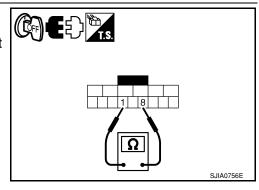
8 - Ground

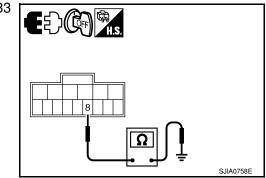
:Continuity should exist

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

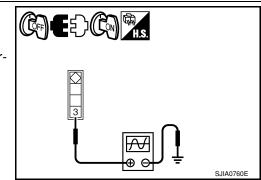
NG >> Repair harness or connector.



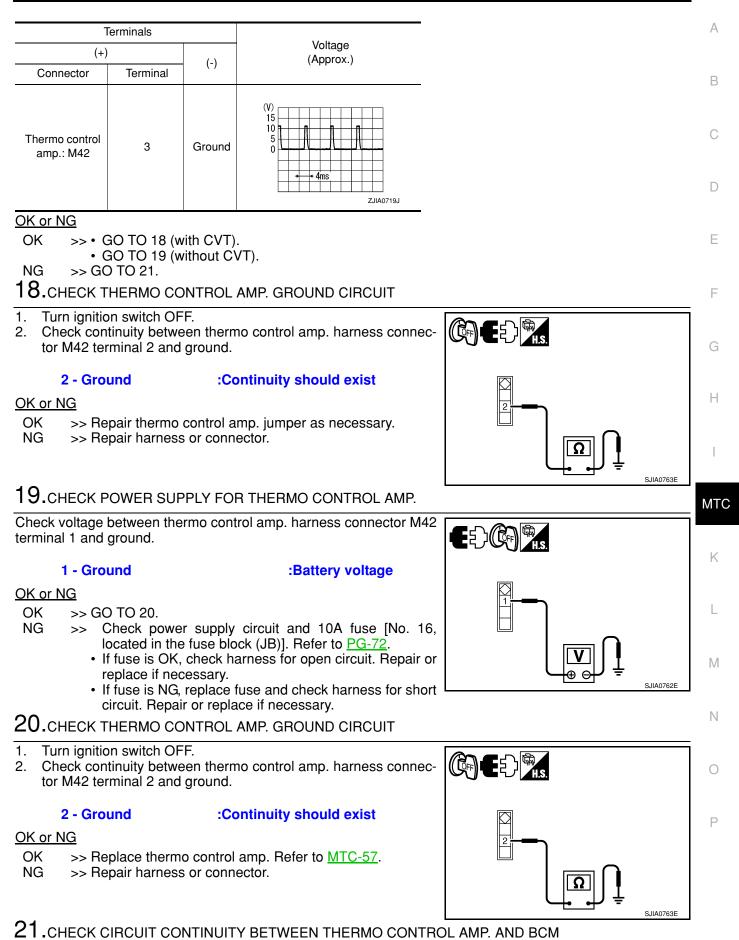


17. CHECK POWER SUPPLY FOR THERMO CONTROL AMP.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect thermo control amp. connector. 2.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Confirm thermo amp signal between thermo control amp. harness connector M42 terminal 3 and ground using oscilloscope.



< SERVICE INFORMATION >



< SERVICE INFORMATION >

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM connector.
- 3. Check continuity between thermo control amp. harness connector M42 (A) terminal 3 and BCM harness connector M18 (B) terminal 26.

3 - 26

:Continuity should exist

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 22.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.
- 22. CHECK CAN COMMUNICATION

Check CAN communication. Refer to LAN-15, "Trouble Diagnosis Flow Chart".

- BCM ECM
- ECM IPDM E/R

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace BCM. Refer to BCS-18, "Removal and Installation of BCM".
- NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part(s).

23. CHECK DEFROST A/C SWITCH CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Disconnect BCM connector. 2.
- Press the defrost A/C switch. 3.

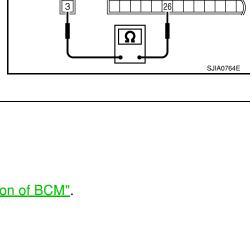
NOTE:

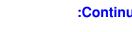
The defrost A/C switch is located on back side of the front air control.

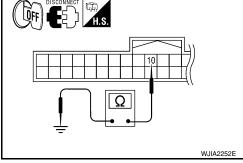
4. Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 terminal 10 and ground.

10 - Ground

:Continuity should exist







OK or NG

- OK >> Replace BCM. Refer to BCS-18, "Removal and Installation of BCM".
- >> GO TO 24. NG

24. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN DEFROST A/C SWITCH AND BCM

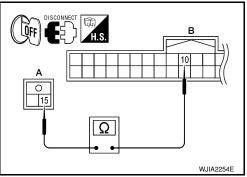
- 1. Disconnect defrost A/C switch connector.
- Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 (B) ter-2. minal 10 and defrost A/C switch harness connector M41 (A) terminal 15.

10 - 15

:Continuity should exist

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 25.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.



25. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN DEFROST A/C SWITCH AND GROUND

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

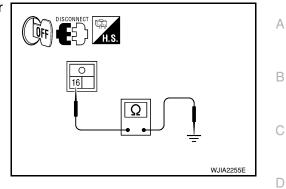
Check continuity between A/C defrost switch harness connector M41 terminal 16 and ground.

16 - Ground :Continuity should exist

OK or NG

Insufficient Cooling

- OK >> Replace defrost A/C switch.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.



INFOID:000000001704306

SYMPTOM: Insufficient cooling	
NSPECTION FLOW	E
1. CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - TEMPERATURE DECREASE	
1. Turn temperature control dial counterclockwise to maximum cold position.	F
2. Check for cold air at discharge air outlets.	
Can the symptom be duplicated?	G
YES >> GO TO 3. NO >> GO TO 2.	0
2. CHECK FOR ANY SYMPTOMS	
	H
Perform a complete operational check for any symptoms. Refer to <u>MTC-30, "Operational Check"</u> .	
Does another symptom exist?	
YES >> Refer to <u>MTC-22, "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair"</u> . NO >> System OK.	
3. CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS	— МТС
Check for any service bulletins.	IVI I C
>> GO TO 4.	K
4.CHECK COMPRESSOR DRIVE BELT TENSION	
Check compressor belt tension. Refer to EM-13. "Checking Drive Belts".	
OK or NG	L
OK >> GO TO 5.	
NG >> Adjust or replace compressor belt. Refer to EM-13. "Removal and Installation".	Ъ.Л.
5. CHECK AIR MIX DOOR CABLE	Μ
Check and verify air mix door cable operation. Refer to MTC-64, "Air Mix Door Cable Adjustment".	
Does air mix door operate correctly?	Ν
YES >> GO TO 6.	
NO >> Repair or replace as necessary.	
6.CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR OPERATION	0
Check and verify cooling fan motor for smooth operation. Refer to EC-412, "System Description".	
Does cooling fan motor operate correctly?	Р
YES >> GO TO 7.	F
NO >> Check cooling fan motor. Refer to <u>EC-412</u> .	
7.CHECK FOR EVAPORATOR FREEZE UP	
Start engine and run A/C. Check for evaporator freeze up.	_

Does evaporator freeze up?

YES >> Perform performance test diagnoses. Refer to "PERFORMANCE TEST DIAGNOSIS".

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

NO >> GO TO 8.

8.CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE

Check refrigerant pressure with manifold gauge connected. Refer to "Test Reading".

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Perform performance test diagnoses. Refer to "PERFORMANCE TEST DIAGNOSIS".

9. CHECK AIR DUCTS

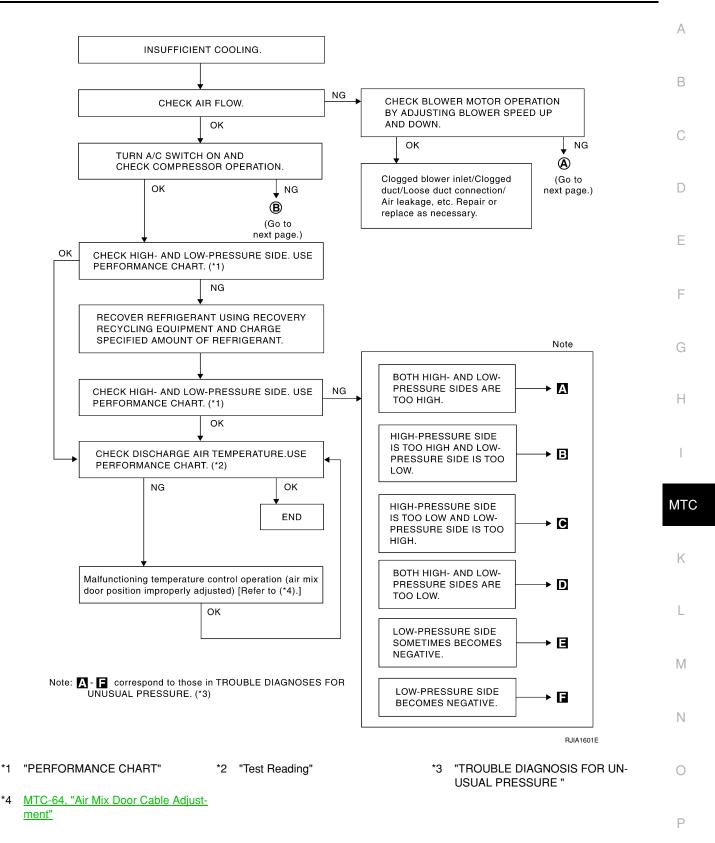
Check ducts for air leaks.

<u>OK or NG</u>

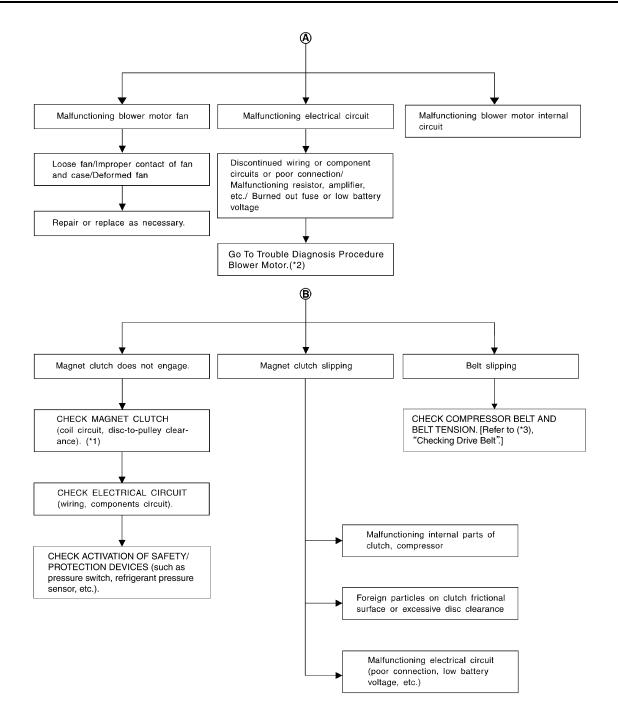
- OK >> If the symptom still exists, perform a complete operational check. Refer to <u>MTC-30</u>, "<u>Operational</u> <u>Check</u>". If other symptoms exist, refer to <u>MTC-22</u>, "<u>How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick</u> <u>and Accurate Repair</u>".
- NG >> Repair air leaks.

PERFORMANCE TEST DIAGNOSIS

< SERVICE INFORMATION >



< SERVICE INFORMATION >



RJIA3107E

*1 <u>MTC-78. "Removal and Installation of</u> *2 <u>MTC-33. "Front Blower Motor Circuit"</u> *3 <u>EM-13. "Checking Drive Belts"</u> <u>Compressor"</u>

PERFORMANCE CHART

Test Condition

Testing must be performed as follows:

Vehicle condition	Indoors or in the shade (in a well-ventilated place)
Doors	Closed
Door window	Open
Hood	Open

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Vehicle condition	Indoors or in the shade (in a well-ventilated place)	
TEMP.	Max. COLD	A
Mode control dial	Ventilation) set	
Intake door lever	(Recirculation) set	В
Selower speed	Max. speed set	
Engine speed	Idle speed	C
Operate the air conditioning system	for 10 minutes before taking measurements.	

Test Reading

Recirculating-to-discharge Air Temperature Table

Inside air (Recirculating ai	r) at blower assembly inlet		
Relative humidity Air temperature % °C (°F)		Discharge air temperature at center ventilator °C (°F)	
	20 (68)	7.2 - 9.1 (45 - 48)	
50.00	25 (77)	11.4 - 13.8 (53 - 57)	F
50 - 60	30 (86)	15.5 - 18.4 (60 - 65)	
	35 (95)	20.3 - 23.7 (69 - 75)	(
	20 (68)	9.1 - 10.9 (48 - 52)	
00 70	25 (77)	13.8 - 16.2 (57 - 61)	
60 - 70	30 (86)	18.4 - 21.3 (65 - 70)	ŀ
	35 (95)	23.7 - 27.1 (75 - 81)	

Ambient Air Temperature-to-operating Pressure Table

Ambient air		High-pressure (Discharge side)	Low-pressure (Suction side)	
Relative humidity %	Air temperature °C (°F)	kPa (bar, kg/cm ² , psi)	kPa (bar, kg/cm ² , psi)	MT
	20 (68)	843 - 1,036 *1 (11.08 - 13.63, 8.6 - 10.6, 122 - 150)	159.0 - 194.0 (1.59 - 1.94, 1.62 - 1.98, 23.1 - 28.1)	K
-	25 (77)	1,094 - 1,338 *1 (10.94 - 13.38, 11.2 - 13.6, 159 - 194)	196.3 - 240.0 (1.96 - 2.40, 2.00 - 2.45, 28.5 - 34.8)	
50 - 70	30 (86)	1,298 - 1,590 *1 (12.98 - 15.90, 13.2 - 16.2, 188 - 231)	248.0 - 302.7 (2.48 - 3.03, 2.53 - 3.09, 36.0 - 43.9)	L
-	35 (95)	1,383 - 1,688 *2 (13.83 - 16.88, 14.1 - 17.2, 201 - 245)	308.8 - 377.4 (3.09 - 3.77, 3.15 - 3.85, 44.8 - 54.7)	M
-	40 (104)	1,628 - 1,988 *2 (16.28 - 19.88, 16.6 - 20.3, 236 - 288)	377.4 - 461.2 (3.77 - 4.61, 3.85 - 4.70, 54.7 - 66.8)	

*1: With blower control dial in the "1" position

*2: With blower control dial in the "4" position.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR UNUSUAL PRESSURE

Whenever system's high and/or low side pressure(s) is/are unusual, diagnose using a manifold gauge. The marker above the gauge scale in the following tables indicates the standard (usual) pressure range. Since the standard (usual) pressure, however, differs from vehicle to vehicle, refer to above table (Ambient air temperature-to-operating pressure table).

Both High- and Low-pressure Sides are Too High

MTC-49

Ν

Ο

Ρ

D

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
	Pressure is reduced soon af- ter water is splashed on con- denser.	Excessive refrigerant charge in refrig- eration cycle.	Reduce refrigerant until specified pressure is ob- tained.
	Air suction by cooling fan is in- sufficient.	 Insufficient condenser cooling performance. ↓ 1. Condenser fins are clogged. 2. Improper fan rotation of cooling fan. 	 Clean condenser. Check and repair cooling fan if necessary.
Both high- and low-pressure sides are too high.	 Low-pressure pipe is not cold. When compressor is stopped high-pressure value quickly drops by approximately 196 kPa (1.96 bar, 2 kg/cm², 28 psi). It then decreases gradually thereafter. 	Poor heat exchange in condenser (After compressor operation stops, high-pressure decreases too slowly.). ↓ Air in refrigeration cycle.	Evacuate repeatedly and recharge system.
_	Engine tends to overheat.	Engine cooling systems malfunction.	Check and repair each en- gine cooling system.
	 An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet. Plates are sometimes cov- ered with frost. 	 Excessive liquid refrigerant on low-pressure side. Excessive refrigerant discharge flow. Expansion valve is open a little compared with the specification. ↓ Improper expansion valve adjustment. 	Replace expansion valve.

High-pressure Side is Too High and Low-pressure Side is Too Low

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
High-pressure side is too high and low-pressure side is too low.	Upper side of condenser and high-pressure side are hot, however, liquid tank is not so hot.	High-pressure tube or parts located between compressor and condenser are clogged or crushed.	 Check and repair or replace malfunctioning parts. Check oil for contamination.

High-pressure Side is Too Low and Low-pressure Side is Too High

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
High-pressure side is too low and low-pressure side is too high.	High- and low-pressure sides become equal soon after com- pressor operation stops.	Compressor pressure operation is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor packings.	Replace compressor.
	No temperature difference be- tween high- and low-pressure sides.	Compressor pressure operation is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor packings.	Replace compressor.

Both High- and Low-pressure Sides are Too Low

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
	 There is a big temperature difference between liquid tank outlet and inlet. Outlet temperature is extremely low. Liquid tank inlet and expansion valve are frosted. 	Liquid tank inside is slightly clogged.	Replace liquid tank.Check oil for contamination.
	 Temperature of expansion valve inlet is extremely low as compared with areas near liq- uid tank. Expansion valve inlet may be frosted. Temperature difference oc- curs somewhere in high-pres- sure side. 	High-pressure pipe located be- tween liquid tank and expansion valve is clogged.	 Check and repair malfunc- tioning parts. Check oil for contamination.
Both high- and low-pressure sides are too low.	Expansion valve and liquid tank are warm or only cool when touched.	Low refrigerant charge. ↓ Leaking fittings or components	Check refrigerant for leaks. Refer to <u>MTC-84, "Checking of</u> <u>Refrigerant Leaks"</u> .
LO HI AC353A	There is a big temperature dif- ference between expansion valve inlet and outlet while the valve itself is frosted.	 Expansion valve closes a little compared with the specification. ↓ 1. Improper expansion valve adjustment. 2. Malfunctioning expansion valve. 3. Outlet and inlet may be clogged. 	 Remove foreign particles by using compressed air. Replace expansion valve. Check oil for contamination.
	An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet.	Low-pressure pipe is clogged or crushed.	 Check and repair malfunc- tioning parts. Check oil for contamination.
	Air flow volume is not enough or is too low.	Evaporator is frozen.	 Check thermo control amp. Refer to <u>MTC-37, "Magnet</u> <u>Clutch Circuit (If Equipped)"</u> Replace compressor. Repair evaporator fins. Replace evaporator. Refer to <u>MTC-33, "Front</u> <u>Blower Motor Circuit"</u>

Low-pressure Side Sometimes Becomes Negative

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Low-pressure side sometimes be- comes negative.	 Air conditioning system does not function and does not cy- clically cool the compart- ment air. The system constantly func- tions for a certain period of time after compressor is stopped and restarted. 	Refrigerant does not discharge cyclically. ↓ Moisture is frozen at expan- sion valve outlet and inlet. ↓ Water is mixed with refrigerant.	 Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant. Replace liquid tank.

Low-pressure Side Becomes Negative

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Gauge indication	Refrigerant cycle	Probable cause	Corrective action
Low-pressure side becomes nega- tive.	Liquid tank or front/rear side of expansion valve's pipe is frost- ed or dewed.	High-pressure side is closed and refrigerant does not flow. ↓ Expansion valve or liquid tank is frosted.	 Leave the system at rest until no frost is present. Start it again to check whether or not the malfunction is caused by water or foreign particles. If water is the cause, initially cooling is okay. Then the water freezes causing a blockage. Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant. If due to foreign particles, remove expansion valve and remove the particles with dry and compressed air (not shop air). If either of the above methods cannot correct the malfunction, replace expansion valve. Replace liquid tank. Check oil for contamination.

Insufficient Heating

INFOID:000000001704307

SYMPTOM: Insufficient heating

INSPECTION FLOW

1.CONFIRM SYMPTOM BY PERFORMING OPERATIONAL CHECK - TEMPERATURE DECREASE

1. Turn temperature control dial clockwise to maximum heat position.

2. Check for hot air at discharge air outlets.

Can the symptom be duplicated?

YES >> GO TO 3.

NO >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK FOR ANY SYMPTOMS

Perform a complete operational check for any symptoms. Refer to MTC-30, "Operational Check".

Does another symptom exist?

YES >> Refer to MTC-22. "How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair" . NO >> System OK.

NO >> System OK.

3.CHECK FOR SERVICE BULLETINS

Check for any service bulletins.

>> GO TO 4.

4.CHECK COOLANT SYSTEM

- 1. Check engine coolant level. Refer to CO-8.
- 2. Check hoses for leaks or kinks.
- 3. Check Radiator cap. Refer to CO-13, "Checking Radiator Cap" .

<u>OK or NG</u>

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair/replace as necessary.

5.CHECK AIR MIX DOOR CABLE

Check air mix door cable operation. Refer to MTC-64, "Air Mix Door Cable Adjustment" .

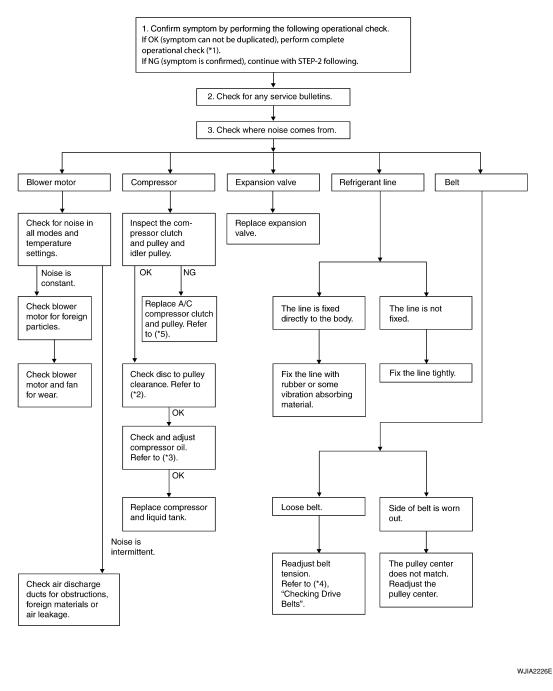
<u>OK or NG</u>

YES >> GO TO 6.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >	
NO >> Adjust or replace air mix door cable. Refer to MTC-64. "Air Mix Door Cable Adjustment".	
6.CHECK AIR DUCTS	A
Check ducts for air leaks.	
<u>OK or NG</u>	В
OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> Repair air leaks.	
7.check heater hose temperatures	С
1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.	
2. Touch both the inlet and outlet heater hoses.	D
<u>Is the inlet hose hot and the outlet hose warm?</u> YES >> GO TO 8.	_
NO >> Both hoses warm: GO TO 9.	_
8. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR	E
Check engine control temperature sensor. Refer to EC-187.	
<u>OK or NG</u>	F
OK >> System OK. NG >> Repair or replace as necessary. Retest.	
9. CHECK HEATER HOSES	G
Check heater hoses for proper installation.	0
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 10.	Н
NG >> Repair /replace as necessary. Retest GO TO 7.	
10.BACK FLUSH HEATER CORE	
 Back flush heater core. Drain the water from the system. 	
 Drain the water from the system. Refill system with new engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-8</u>, "Changing Engine Coolant". 	MTC
 Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. Touch both the inlet and outlet heater hoses. 	
Is the inlet hose hot and the outlet hose warm? YES or NO	
YES >> System OK.	K
NO >> Replace heater core and refill engine coolant. Refer to MTC-67.	
Noise INFCID:000000001704308	L
SYMPTOM: Noise	
INSPECTION FLOW	M
	Ν
	_
	0

Ρ

< SERVICE INFORMATION >



*1. MTC-30, "Operational Check"

Compressor"

*2. MTC-78, "Removal and Installation of *3. MTC-16, "Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor"

- *4. EM-13, "Checking Drive Belts"
- *5. MTC-78, "Removal and Installation of Compressor"

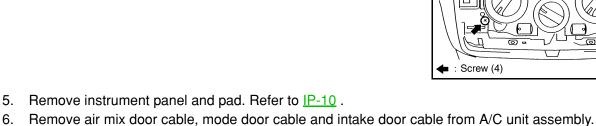
< SERVICE INFORMATION > CONTROLLER

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove cluster lid C and instrument finisher D. Refer to IP-10.
- 2. Remove intake door lever knob. Refer to <u>MTC-56, "Disassembly</u> and <u>Assembly"</u>.
- 3. Remove mounting screws and clips, and then remove controller finisher.

4. Remove mounting screws, and then pull out controller.



7. Disconnect connector, and then remove controller.

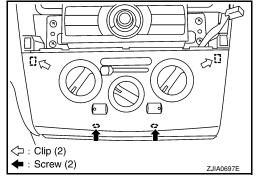
INSTALLATION

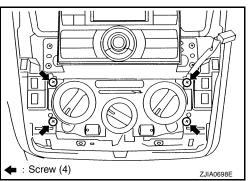
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

Adjust the door cables during ir	stallation. Refer to MTC	-63, "Intake Door Cabl	e Adjustment", MTC-65.	
"Mode Door Cable Adjustment"	and MTC-64, "Air Mix D	oor Cable Adjustment	<u>er</u>	

MTC-55





K

Μ

Ν

0

Ρ

В

С

D

Ε

F

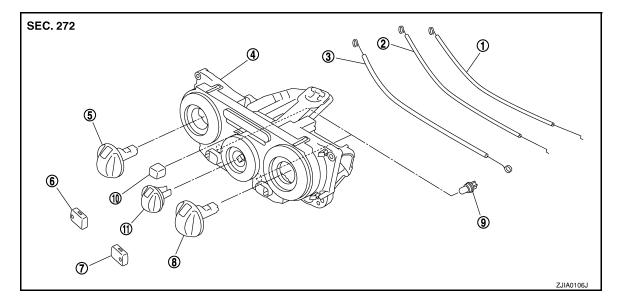
Н

CONTROLLER

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:000000001704310



- 1. Air mix door cable
- 4. A/C controller assembly
- 7. A/C button
- 10. Intake door lever knob
- 2. Intake door cable

11. Fan control dial

Mode control dial

Temperature control dial

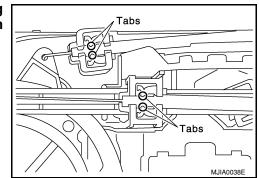
- 3. Mode door cable
- 6. Rear DEF button
- 9. Illumination bulb

CAUTION:

Install inner cable of each door cable to the corresponding lever, as shown in the figure. Press outer cable until it hooks on the tabs and becomes secure.

5.

8.



THERMO CONTROL AMPLIFIER

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

THERMO CONTROL AMPLIFIER

Removal and Installation

NOTE:

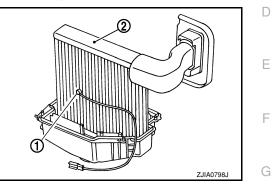
Only TYPE 1 systems are equipped with a thermo control amplifier.

REMOVAL

1. Remove evaporator. Refer to <u>MTC-83, "Removal and Installation of Evaporator"</u>. CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

2. Remove thermo control amp. (1) from evaporator (2).



А

В

С

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

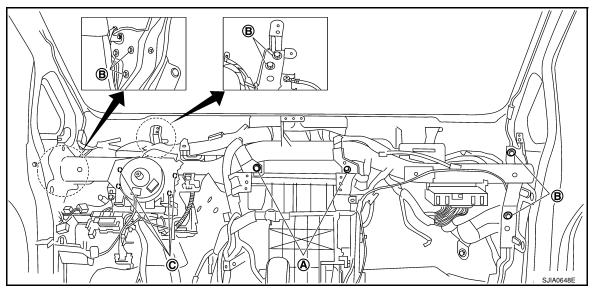
Ρ

INSTALLATION	
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.	
CAUTION:	H
 Replace O-rings for A/C piping with new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing. 	
Mark the mounting position of thermo control amp.	
When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.	
	MTC
	K

A/C UNIT ASSEMBLY

Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000001704312



A. A/C unit assembly bolts

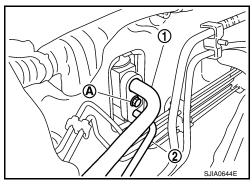
B. Steering member bolts

C. Steering column nuts

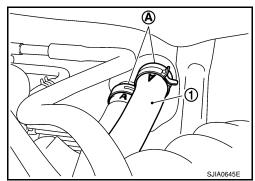
REMOVAL

- 1. Use a recovery/recycling equipment (for HFC-134a) to discharge refrigerant.
- 2. Drain coolant from cooling system. Refer to CO-8, "Changing Engine Coolant" .
- 3. Remove cowl top cover. Refer to El-21 .
- 4. Remove lower dash insulator.
- Remove bolt (A), and then disconnect low-pressure flexible hose (1) and high-pressure pipe (2) from evaporator. CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



6. Remove clamps (A), and then disconnect heater hoses (1) from heater core.

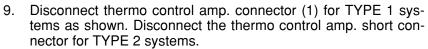


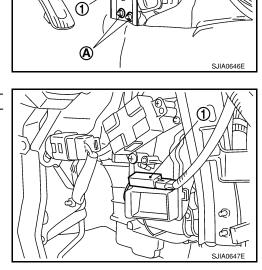
7. Remove console box assembly. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.

A/C UNIT ASSEMBLY

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

8. Remove instrument stay nuts (A) and harness clamps (B), and then remove instrument stay (1).





₿

А

В

С

D

Ε

F

G

Ο

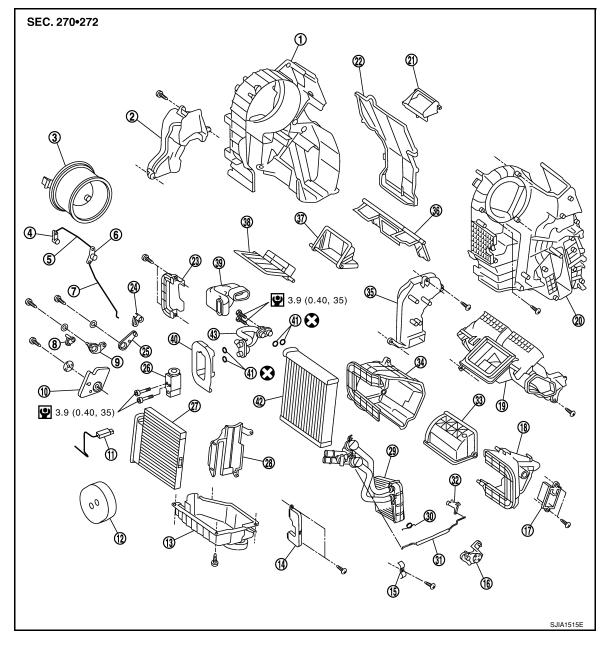
Ρ

10. Remove instrument panel and pad. Refer to <u>IP-10</u> .		
11. Remove side ventilator ducts. Refer to MTC-69, "Removal and Installation".		
12. Remove center ventilator ducts	. Refer to MTC-69. "Removal and Installation".	
13. Remove side kicking plates. Refer to <u>EI-37</u> .		
14. Disconnect the fuel filler door ca	able and the rear hatch door cable.	
15. Remove A/C unit assembly bolt	s, steering member bolts, steering column nuts and harness clips.	
16. Remove steering member, and	then remove A/C unit assembly.	MTC
INSTALLATION		
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.		
 When filling radiator with coolant, refer to <u>CO-8, "Changing Engine Coolant"</u>. Recharge the refrigerant. 		
Techarge the reingerant.		
A/C unit assembly bolt	: 6.9 N·m (0.7 kg-m, 61 in-lb)	L
Steering member bolt	: 12 N·m (1.25 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)	
Steering column nut	: Refer to <u>PS-9</u> .	N.A.
CAUTION:		Μ
	with new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.	
 When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks. 		

A/C UNIT ASSEMBLY

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Disassembly and Assembly



- 1. Blower case (right)
- 4. Sub ventilator defroster door lever
- 7. Ventilator defroster door rod
- 10. Main link
- 13. Lower blower case
- 16. Intake door link
- 19. Center defroster duct
- 22. Cover
- 25. Foot door link
- 28. Evaporator cover
- 31. Water valve rod
- 34. Intake case (right)
- 37. Foot door

- 2. Foot duct (right)
- 5. Sub ventilator defroster door rod
- 8. Intake door lever
- 11. Thermo control amp. (TYPE 1*)
- 14. Heater pipe cover
- 17. Blower fan resistor
- 20. Blower case (left)
- 23. Expansion valve cover
- 26. Expansion valve
- 29. Heater core
- 32. Air mix door lever
- 35. Foot duct (left)
- 38. Air mix door

- Blower motor
- 6. Ventilator defroster door lever
- 9. Ventilator defroster door link
- 12. Heater pipe packing
- 15. Heater pipe clip
- 18. Intake case (left)
- 21. Cover
- 24. Foot door lever
- 27. Air conditioner filter
- 30. Spring
- 33. Intake door
- 36. Ventilator defroster door
- 39. Seal

A/C UNIT ASSEMBLY				
	Expansion valve grommet	41. O-ring	42. Evaporator	A
				В
				С
				D
				E
				F
				G
				Н

MTC

Κ

M

Ν

0

Ρ

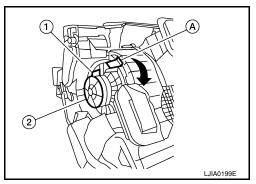
BLOWER MOTOR

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove instrument panel and pad. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 2. Remove side ventilator duct (right). Refer to MTC-69, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Disconnect blower motor connector (1).
- Push the flange holding hook (A) toward the blower motor (2), then rotate the blower motor (2) clockwise and remove it from the A/C unit assembly.
 CAUTION:

When blower fan and blower motor are assembled, the balance is adjusted, do not disassemble to replace the individual parts.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

Rotate the blower motor until the blower motor flange holding hook locks securely in A/C unit assembly.

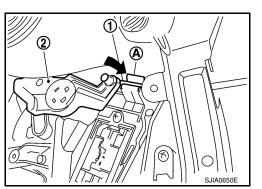
INTAKE DOOR

Intake Door Cable Adjustment

- 1. Remove instrument lower finisher. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 2. Remove outer cable of intake door cable (1) from clamp (A).
- 3. Set intake door lever to REC position.
- 4. Push intake door link (2) in the direction shown by the arrow, and then carefully pull outer cable to controller side, and install clamp (A).
- 5. Operate intake door lever to insure that inner cable moves smoothly.

CAUTION:

When clamping the outer cable, do not move the inner cable.



В

С

D

Ε

F

Н

INFOID:000000001704315

А

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

MTC

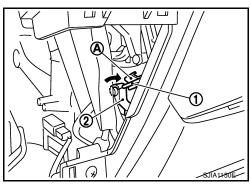
AIR MIX DOOR

Air Mix Door Cable Adjustment

- 1. Remove steering member. Refer to MTC-58.
- 2. Remove outer cable of air mix door cable (1) from clamp (A).
- 3. Set temperature control dial to full cold position.
- 4. Push air mix door lever (2) in the direction shown by arrow, and then carefully pull outer cable toward controller side, and install clamp (A).
- 5. Operate temperature control dial to insure that inner cable moves smoothly.

CAUTION:

When clamping the outer cable, do not move the inner cable.



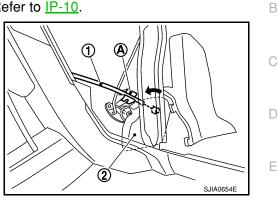
MODE DOOR

< SERVICE INFORMATION > MODE DOOR

Mode Door Cable Adjustment

- 1. Remove glove box assembly and instrument lower cover (RH). Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 2. Remove outer cable of mode door cable (1) from clamp (A).
- 3. Set mode control dial to VENT position.
- 4. Push main link (2) in the direction shown by the arrow, and then carefully pull outer cable to controller side, and install clamp (A).
- Operate mode control dial to insure that inner cable moves smoothly.
 CAUTION:

When clamping the outer cable, do not move the inner cable.



- 6. Turn mode control dial to each position.
- Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table. Refer to <u>MTC-20, "Discharge</u> <u>Air Flow"</u>.

F

Н

MTC

Κ

L

Μ

Ν

Ρ

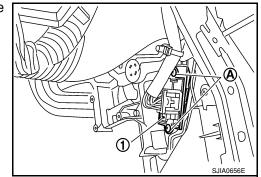
А

BLOWER FAN RESISTOR

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the instrument lower finisher. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 2. Remove the console side cover. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 3. Remove the brake pedal assembly. Refer to <u>BR-5</u>.
- 4. Disconnect the blower fan resistor connector.
- 5. Remove the blower fan resistor screws (A), then remove the blower fan resistor (1).



INSTALLATION Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

HEATER CORE

Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000001704319

А

Κ

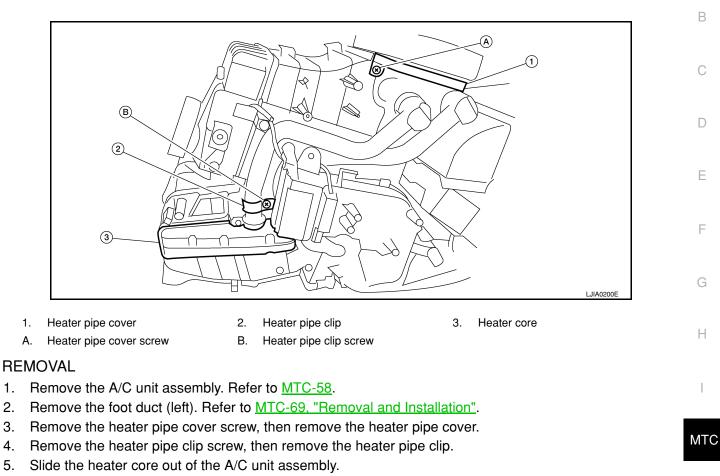
L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ



INSTALLATION

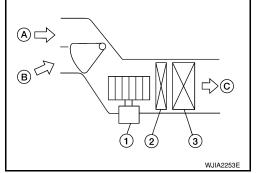
Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

AIR CONDITIONER FILTER

Removal and Installation

FUNCTION

The fresh air (A) and the recirculated air (B) drawn inside the passenger compartment by the blower fan (1) is kept clean (C) on either mode by the air conditioner filter (2), located before the evaporator (3), in the A/C unit assembly.



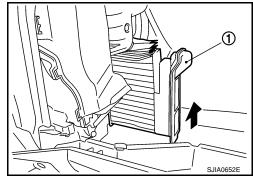
REPLACEMENT TIMING

Replace the air conditioner filter according to the maintenance schedules. Refer to $\underline{MA-6}$. **NOTE:**

The air conditioner filter caution label is located inside the glove box door.

REPLACEMENT PROCEDURES

- 1. Remove the glove box assembly. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 2. Compress the air conditioner filter (1) downward while sliding it to the RH side of the vehicle to release the upper pawl.
- 3. Move the bottom of air conditioner filter (1) upward as shown to release the bottom tab, then remove it.



4. Replace the air conditioner filter with new one and install the new filter in the A/C unit assembly. CAUTION:

Make sure that the air conditioner filter lower tab is fully seated, and that the air conditioner upper pawl is locked into place securing the new filter into the A/C unit assembly.

5. Install the glove box assembly. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.

DUCTS AND GRILLES

Removal and Installation

INFOID:000000001704321

А

В

С

D

Ε

F

Н

MTC

Κ

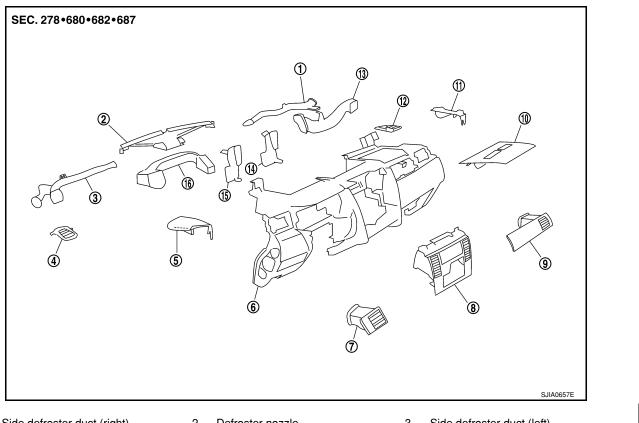
L

Μ

Ν

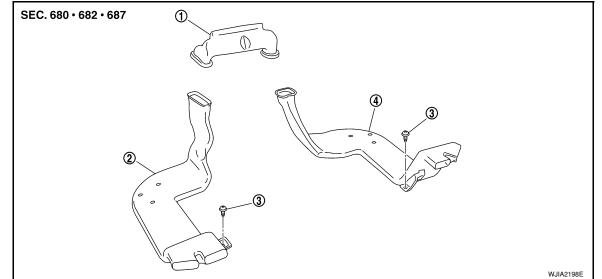
Ο

Ρ



- Side defroster duct (right) 1.
- Side defroster grille (left) 4.
- Side ventilator assembly (left) 7.
- 10. Instrument finisher E
- 13. Side ventilator duct (right)
- 16. Side ventilator duct (left)
- Defroster nozzle 2.
- 5. Instrument side panel (left)
- 8. Cluster lid C
- 11. Instrument side panel (right)
- 14. Center ventilator duct (right)
- Side defroster duct (left) 3.
- 6. Instrument panel and pad
- 9. Side ventilator assembly (right)
- 12. Side defroster grille (right)
- 15. Center ventilator duct (left)

Floor Ducts - Canada Only



DUCTS AND GRILLES

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

1. Front floor duct

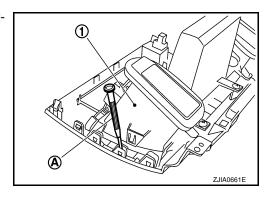
- 2. Rear floor duct (left)
- 3. Clip

4. Rear floor duct (right)

CENTER VENTILATOR GRILLES

Removal

- 1. Remove cluster lid C. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 2. Remove center ventilator grills (1) from cluster lid C using suitable tool (A).



Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

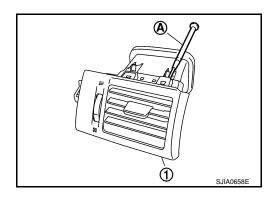
SIDE VENTILATOR GRILLES (LH/RH)

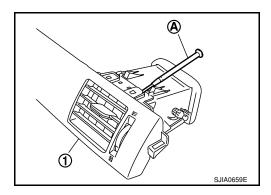
Removal

1. Remove side ventilator assembly (LH). Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.

Remove side ventilator assembly (RH). Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
 Remove side ventilator grille (RH) (1) using suitable tool (A).

2. Remove side ventilator grille (LH) (1) using suitable tool (A).



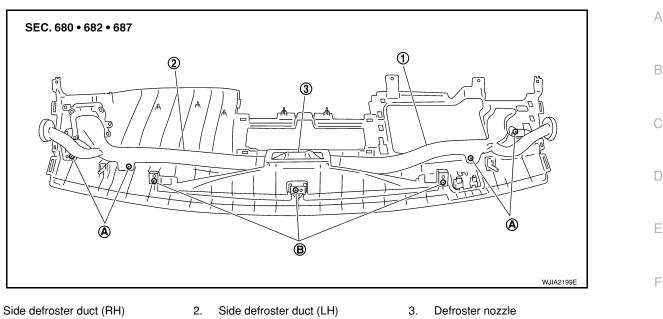


Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

DEFROSTER NOZZLE AND SIDE DEFROSTER DUCTS (LH/RH)

DUCTS AND GRILLES

< SERVICE INFORMATION >



- Α. Side defroster duct screw
 - В. Defroster nozzle screw

Removal

1.

- Remove instrument upper finisher. Refer to IP-10. 1.
- Remove screws and then remove side defroster duct (RH) and side defroster duct (LH). 2.
- Remove screws, and then remove defroster nozzle. 3.

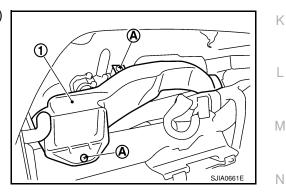
Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

SIDE VENTILATOR DUCTS

Removal

- 1. Remove instrument panel and pad. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- Remove screws (A), and then remove side ventilator duct (left) 2. (1).



F

Н

MTC

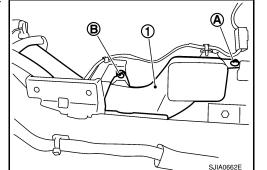
Κ

L

Ν

Ρ

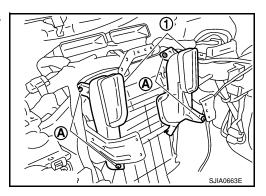
3. Remove screw (A) and clip (B), and then remove side ventilator duct (right) (1).



CENTER VENTILATOR DUCTS

Removal

- 1. Remove instrument panel & pad. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>.
- 2. Remove screws (A), and then remove center ventilator ducts (1).



Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

SIDE FOOT DUCTS

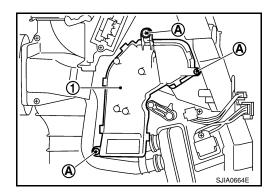
NOTE:

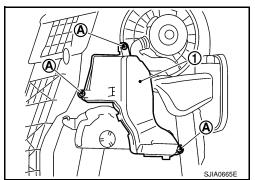
The side foot ducts are part of the A/C unit assembly case.

Removal

- 1. Remove A/C unit assembly. Refer to MTC-58.
- 2. Remove screws (A), and then remove side foot duct (LH) (1).

3. Remove screws (A), and then remove side foot duct (RH) (1).





Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

FLOOR DUCTS

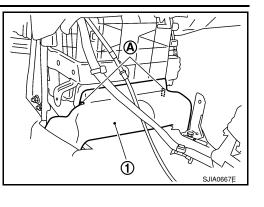
Removal

1. Remove front seats and center console assembly. Refer to <u>SE-10</u> and <u>IP-10</u>.

DUCTS AND GRILLES

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

2. Disengage claws (A), and then remove front floor duct (1).



- 3. Peel back floor trim to a point where floor duct is visible.
- 4. Remove clips (A), and then remove rear floor duct (left) (1) and rear floor duct (right) (2).

Installation Installation is in the reverse order of removal.



Κ

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

А

В

С

D

Ε

F

G

Н

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

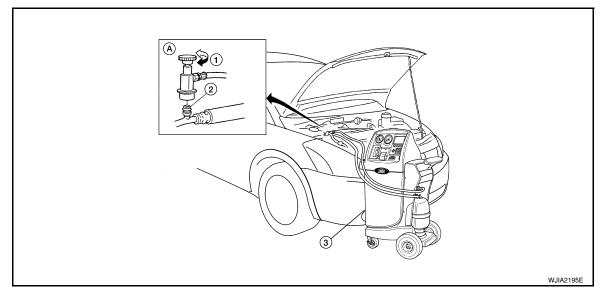
REFRIGERANT LINES

HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure

INFOID:000000001704322

SETTING OF SERVICE TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

Discharging Refrigerant



- 1. Shut-off valve
- 2. A/C service valve

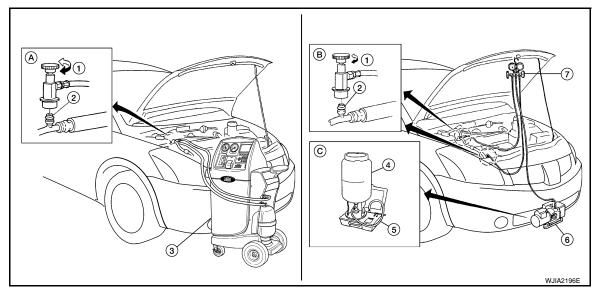
3. Recovery/recycling equipment

A. Preferred (best) method

WARNING:

Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and oil vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Remove HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant from the A/C system using certified service equipment meeting requirements of SAE J2210 HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment or SAE J2201 HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment. If an accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate the work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from the refrigerant and oil manufacturers.

Evacuating System and Charging Refrigerant



1. Shut-off valve

4.

- 2. A/C service valve
- Refrigerant container (HFC-134a) 5. Weight scale (J-39650)
- 3. Recovery/recycling equipment
- 6. Evacuating vacuum pump (J-39699)



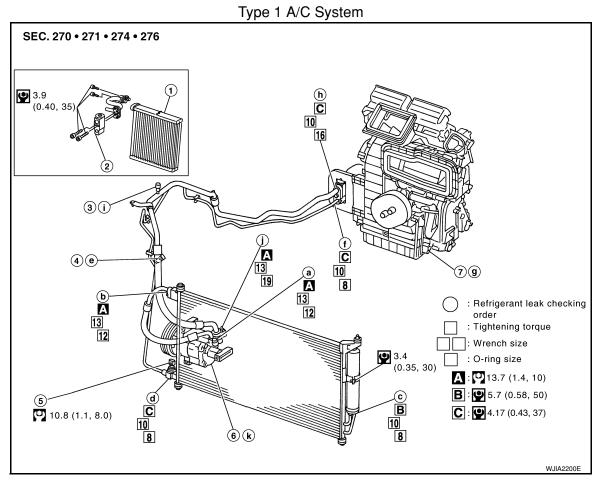


*4 MTC-45, "Insufficient Cooling"

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Component

INFOID:000000001704323

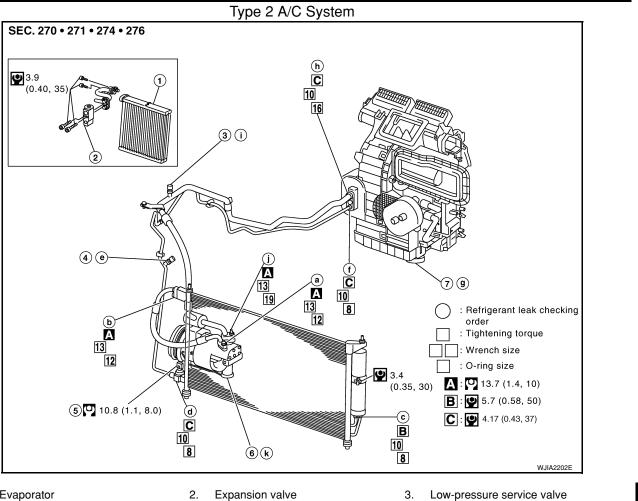


Evaporator 1.

- 2. Expansion valve
- High-pressure service valve 4.
- 5. Refrigerant pressure sensor
- Low-pressure service valve 3.
- 6. Shaft seal

7. Drain hose

< SERVICE INFORMATION >



- Evaporator 1.
- 4. High-pressure service valve
- 7. Drain hose

- Expansion valve
- 5. Refrigerant pressure sensor
- 3. Low-pressure service valve 6. Shaft seal

Κ

L

Μ

Ν

Ο

Ρ

MTC

А

В

С

D

Ε

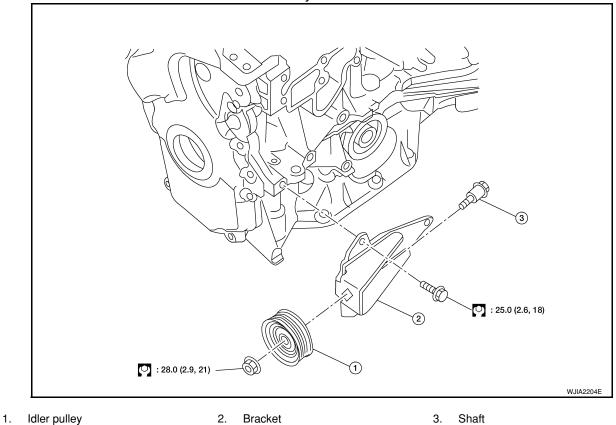
F

G

Н

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Idler Pulley - Without A/C



Refer to MTC-4, "Precaution for Refrigerant Connection".

Removal and Installation of Compressor

REMOVAL

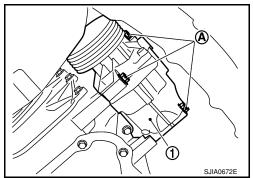
- 1. Use the recovery/recycling equipment to evacuate the refrigerant.
- 2. Remove the two engine undercovers, using power tools.
- Remove low-pressure flexible hose nut (A) and high-pressure flexible hose bolt (B) from compressor.
 CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air. NOTE:

Type 1 shown, type 2 is similar.

- 4. Remove A/C compressor belt. Refer to EM-13.
- 5. Disconnect compressor connector (C).
- 6. Remove bolts (A) from compressor (1), using power tools.
- 7. Remove compressor (1) downward from the engine compartment.

SJIA0671E



INFOID:000000001704324

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

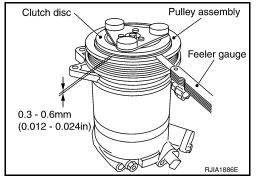
INSPECTION FOR CLUTCH DISC TO PULLEY CLEARANCE

1. Check the clearance around the entire periphery of the clutch disc.

Clutch disc to pulley clearance : 0.3 - 0.6 mm (0.012 - 0.024 in)

Measure the clearance for the type 1 compressor as shown.

Measure the clearance for the type 2 compressor as shown.



2. If specified clearance is not obtained, replace compressor.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

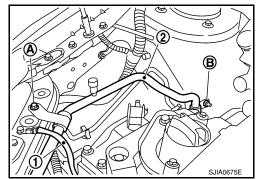
- **CAUTION:**
- Replace O-rings of low-pressure flexible hose and high-pressure flexible hose with a new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

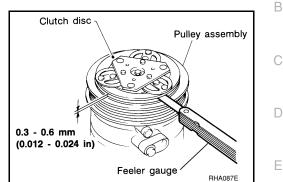
Compressor bolts : 25 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 18 ft-lb)

Removal and Installation of Low-Pressure Flexible Hose

REMOVAL

- 1. Use the recovery/recycling equipment to evacuate the refrigerant.
- Remove engine cover. Refer to <u>EM-18</u>.
- Remove cowl top cover. Refer to EI-21.
- Remove lower dash insulator.
- 5. Remove ground wire harness (1).
- Remove bolt (A) and nut (B) from low-pressure flexible hose (2) 6. bracket.





INFOID:000000001704325



Κ

L

Μ

Ν

Ρ

F

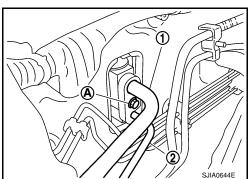
Н

А

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

 Remove bolt (A), and then disconnect low-pressure flexible hose (1) and high-pressure pipe (2).
 CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



8. Remove nut (A), and then remove low-pressure flexible hose (1) from compressor (2).

CAUTION: Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such

as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

SJA0676E

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

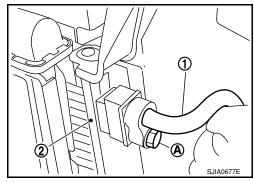
CAUTION:

- Replace O-rings for A/C piping with new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation of High-pressure Flexible Hose

REMOVAL

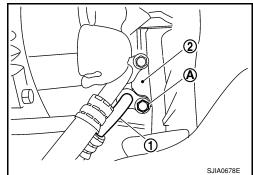
- 1. Use the recovery/recycling equipment to evacuate the refrigerant.
- Remove high-pressure flexible hose (1) bolt (A) from condenser (2).



INFOID:000000001704326

Remove bolt (A), and then remove high-pressure flexible hose (1) from compressor (2).
 CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

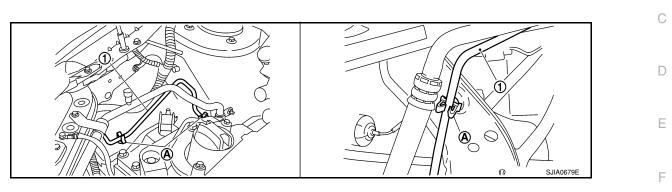


< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Replace O-rings of high-pressure flexible hose with a new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation of High-pressure Pipe

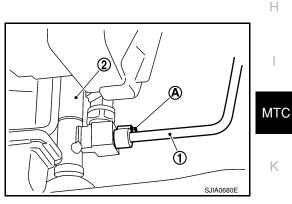


1. High-pressure pipe A. High-pressure pipe clips

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove low-pressure flexible hose. Refer to <u>MTC-79</u>, "Removal and Installation of Low-Pressure Flexible <u>Hose</u>".
- 2. Remove high-pressure pipe from the clips.
- 3. Remove high-pressure pipe bolt (A), and then remove highpressure pipe (1) from condenser (2). CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



А

В

L

Μ

Ν

Ρ

INFOID-000000001704328

INFOID:000000001704327

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- CAUTION:
- Replace O-rings of high-pressure pipe with a new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.

MTC-81

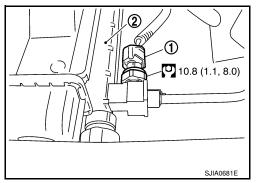
• When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation of Refrigerant Pressure Sensor

REMOVAL

- 1. Use the recovery/recycling equipment to evacuate the refrigerant.
- Disconnect connector, and then remove refrigerant pressure sensor (1) from condenser (2).
 CAUTION:

When working, be careful not to damage the condenser fins.



< SERVICE INFORMATION >

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- CAUTION:
- Replace O-rings of refrigerant pressure sensor with a new one, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation of Condenser

INFOID:000000001704329

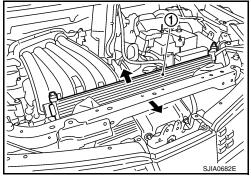
REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the three upper headlamp bolts to reposition the headlamps out of the way
- 2. Remove the radiator core support upper. Refer to <u>BL-19</u>.
- Remove high-pressure flexible hose and high-pressure pipe from condenser. Refer to <u>MTC-80, "Removal</u> and Installation of High-pressure Flexible Hose" and <u>MTC-81, "Removal and Installation of High-pressure Pipe"</u>. <u>Sure Pipe"</u>.
 CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

- 4. Disconnect refrigerant pressure sensor connector.
- Tilt radiator toward rear of vehicle, and then remove condenser (1) from between radiator and radiator core support upper. CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the core surface of condenser and radiator.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

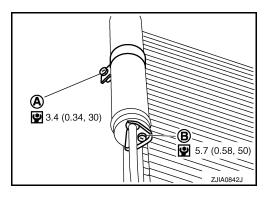
- Replace O-rings for A/C piping with new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation of Liquid Tank

INFOID:000000001704330

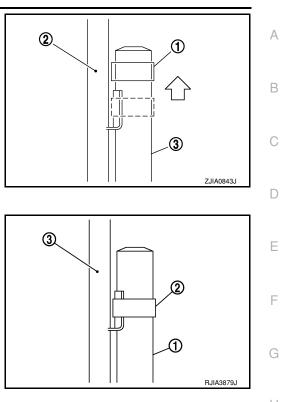
REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the condenser. Refer to MTC-82, "Removal and Installation of Condenser" .
- Clean liquid tank and its surrounding area, and remove dirt and rust from liquid tank. CAUTION: Be sure to clean carefully.
- 3. Remove bolts (A) and (B) from liquid tank.



< SERVICE INFORMATION >

- Remove liquid tank bracket (1) from protruding part of condenser (2).
- 5. Slide liquid tank (3) upward, and then remove liquid tank (3).



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Make sure liquid tank bracket (2) is securely installed at protrusion of condenser (3). [Make sure liquid tank bracket (2) does not move to a position below center of liquid tank (1).]
- Replace O-rings for A/C piping with new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to <u>MTC-</u> <u>84, "Checking of Refrigerant Leaks"</u>.

Removal and Installation of Evaporator

REMOVAL

1. Remove A/C unit assembly. Refer to <u>MTC-58</u>. CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

MTC-83

- 2. Remove air conditioner filter. Refer to MTC-68 .
- 3. Remove foot duct (right). Refer to MTC-69. "Removal and Installation" .
- 4. Remove screws (A), and then remove expansion valve cover (1).

5. Remove screws (A), and then remove evaporator cover (1).

INFOID:000000001704331

.

MTC

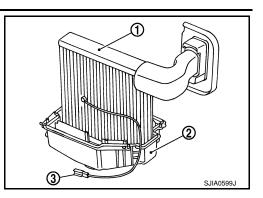
Κ

0

Ρ

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

- Remove evaporator (1) with lower blower case (2) from A/C unit assembly.
- 7. Remove thermo control amp. (3) from evaporator (1), if equipped (TYPE 1 systems).
- 8. Remove evaporator (1) from lower blower case (2).



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. **CAUTION:**

- Replace O-rings for A/C piping with new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- Mark the position of the thermo control amp., if equipped (TYPE 1 systems).
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation of Expansion Valve

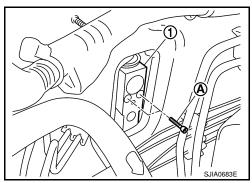
INFOID:000000001704332

REMOVAL

- 1. Use the recovery/recycling equipment to evacuate the refrigerant.
- 2. Remove cowl top cover. Refer to El-21.
- 3. Remove lower dash insulator.
- 4. Disconnect low-pressure flexible hose and high-pressure pipe from evaporator. Refer to MTC-58.
- 5. Remove expansion valve bolts (A), and then remove expansion valve (1).

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- Replace O-rings of evaporator with new ones, and apply compressor oil when installing.
- When recharging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Checking of Refrigerant Leaks

INFOID:000000001704333

Perform a visual inspection of all refrigeration parts, fittings, hoses and components for signs of A/C oil leakage, damage and corrosion. A/C oil leakage may indicate an area of refrigerant leakage. Allow extra inspection time in these areas when using either an electronic refrigerant leak detector or fluorescent dye leak detector.

If dye is observed, confirm the leak with an electronic refrigerant leak detector. It is possible a prior leak was repaired and not properly cleaned.

When searching for leaks, do not stop when one leak is found but continue to check for additional leaks at all system components and connections.

When searching for refrigerant leaks using an electronic leak detector, move the probe along the suspected leak area at 25 to 50 mm (1 to 2 in) per second and no further than 1/4 inch from the component.

CAUTION:

Moving the electronic leak detector probe slower and closer to the suspected leak area will improve the chances of finding a leak.

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Checking System for Leaks Using the Fluorescent Leak Detector

- 1. Check A/C system for leaks using the UV lamp and safety goggles J-42220 in a low sunlight area (area without windows preferable). Illuminate all components, fittings and lines. The dye will appear as a bright green/yellow area at the point of leakage. Fluorescent dye observed at the evaporator drain opening indicates an evaporator core assembly (tubes, core or expansion valve) leak.
- 2. If the suspected area is difficult to see, use an adjustable mirror or wipe the area with a clean shop rag or cloth, with the UV lamp for dye residue.
- 3. After the leak is repaired, remove any residual dye using dye cleaner J-43872 to prevent future misdiagnosis.
- 4. Perform a system performance check and verify the leak repair with an approved electronic refrigerant leak detector.

NOTE:

Other gases in the work area or substances on the A/C components, for example, anti-freeze, windshield washer fluid, solvents and oils, may falsely trigger the leak detector. Make sure the surfaces to be checked are clean.

Clean with a dry cloth or blow off with shop air.

Do not allow the sensor tip of the detector to contact with any substance. This can also cause false readings and may damage the detector.

Dye Injection

(This procedure is only necessary when recharging the system or when the compressor has seized and was replaced.)

- Check A/C system static (at rest) pressure. Pressure must be at least 345 kPa (3.45 bar, 3.52 kg/cm², 50 ^H psi).
- 2. Pour one bottle (1/4 ounce / 7.4 cc) of the A/C refrigerant dye into the injector tool J-41459.
- 3. Connect the injector tool to the A/C low-pressure side service fitting.
- 4. Start engine and switch A/C ON.
- 5. When the A/C operating (compressor running), inject one bottle (1/4 ounce / 7.4 cc) of fluorescent dye through the low-pressure service valve using dye injector tool J-41459 (refer to the manufacture's operating instructions).
- 6. With the engine still running, disconnect the injector tool from the service fitting.

Be careful the A/C system or replacing a component, pour the dye directly into the open system connection and proceed with the service procedures.

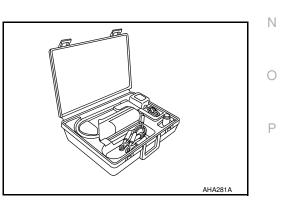
 Operate the A/C system for a minimum of 20 minutes to mix the dye with the system oil. Depending on the leak size, operating conditions and location of the leak, it may take from minutes to days for the dye to penetrate a leak and become visible.

Electronic Refrigerant Leak Detector

PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING LEAK DETECTOR

When performing a refrigerant leak check, use an A/C electrical leak detector (SST) or equivalent. Ensure that the instrument is calibrated and set properly per the operating instructions.

The leak detector is a delicate device. In order to use the leak detector properly, read the operating instructions and perform any specified maintenance.



INFOID:000000001704334

INFOID:000000001704335

А

В

Е

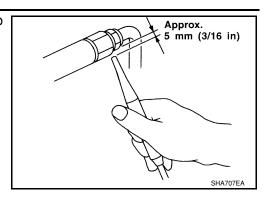
Κ

Μ

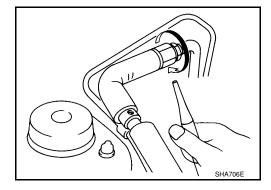
INFOID:000000001704336

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

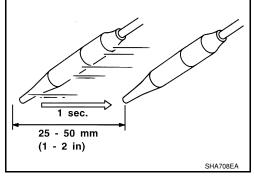
1. Position probe approximately 5 mm (3/16 in) away from point to be checked.



2. When testing, circle each fitting completely with probe.



3. Move probe along component approximately 25 to 50 mm (1 to 2 in) per second.



CHECKING PROCEDURE

To prevent inaccurate or false readings, make sure there is no refrigerant vapor, shop chemicals, or cigarette smoke in the vicinity of the vehicle. Perform the leak test in calm area (low air/wind movement) so that the leaking refrigerant is not dispersed.

- 1. Turn engine OFF.
- 2. Connect a suitable A/C manifold gauge set to the A/C service ports.
- Check if the A/C refrigerant pressure is at least 345 kPa (3.45 bar, 3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi) above 16°C. If less than specification, recover/evacuate and recharge the system with the specified amount of refrigerant. NOTE:

At temperatures below 16°C, leaks may not be detected since the system may not reach 345 kPa (3.45 bar, 3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi).

- 4. Perform the leak test from the high-pressure side (compressor discharge a to evaporator inlet f) to the low-pressure side (evaporator drain hose g to shaft seal k). Refer to <u>MTC-76</u>, "<u>Component</u>". Perform a leak check for the following areas carefully. Clean the component to be checked and move the leak detected probe completely around the connection/component.
 - Compressor
 - Check the fitting of high- and low-pressure flexible hoses, relief valve and shaft seal.
 - Condenser
 - Check the fitting of high-pressure flexible hose and pipe, refrigerant pressure sensor.
 - Liquid tank

Check the refrigerant connection.

Service valves

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

Check all around the service valves. Ensure service valve caps are secured on the service valves (to prevent leaks). **NOTE:**

After removing A/C manifold gauge set from service valves, wipe any residue from valves to prevent any false readings by leak detector.

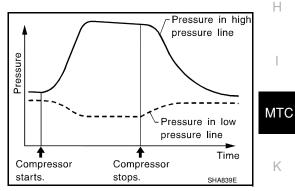
Cooling unit (Evaporator)

With engine OFF, turn blower fan on "High" for at least 15 seconds to dissipate any refrigerant trace in the cooling unit. Wait a minimum of 10 minutes accumulation time (refer to the manufacturer's recommended procedure for actual wait time) before inserting the leak detector probe into the drain hose. Keep the probe inserted for at least 10 seconds. Use caution not to contaminate the probe tip with water or dirt that may be in the drain hose.

- 5. If a leak detector detects a leak, verify at least once by blowing compressed air into area of suspected leak, then repeat check as outlined above.
- 6. Do not stop when one leak is found. Continue to check for additional leaks at all system components. If no leaks are found, perform steps 7-10.
- 7. Start engine.
- 8. Set the heater A/C control as follows;
- a. A/C switch: ON
- b. Mode control dial position: VENT (Ventilation)
- c. Intake door lever position: Recirculation
- d. Max. cold temperature
- e. Fan speed: High
- 9. Run engine at 1,500 rpm for at least 2 minutes.
- Turn engine off and perform leak check again following steps 4 through 6 above.
 Refrigerant leaks should be checked immediately after stopping the engine. Begin with the leak detector at the compressor. The

pressure on the high-pressure side will gradually drop after refrigerant circulation stops and pressure on the low-pressure side will gradually rise, as shown in the graph. Some leaks are more easily detected when pressure is high.

11. Before connecting recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle, check recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If pressure is displayed, recover refrigerant from equipment lines.



- 12. Discharge A/C system using approved refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment. Repair the leaking fitting or component if necessary.
- 13. Evacuate and recharge A/C system and perform the leak test to confirm no refrigerant leaks.
- 14. Perform A/C performance test to ensure system works properly.

Μ

L

А

В

Е

F

 \sim

Ρ

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

< SERVICE INFORMATION >

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Compressor

INFOID:000000001704337

Service information		TYPE 1	TYPE 2
Model		Calsonic Kansei make CR-10	Calsonic Kansei make CSV511
Туре		Vane rotary	Variable displacement swash plate
Displacement cm ³ (in ³) / revolution	maximum	96 (5.86)	105 (6.41)
Cylinder bore \times stroke mm (in)	maximum	_	34.8 (1.37) × 22.1 (0.87)
Direction of rotation		Clockwise (viewed from drive end)	
Drive belt		Poly-V Ribbed 6-Groove	

Oil

INFOID:000000001704338

Service information		TYPE 1	TYPE 2
Compressor model		Calsonic Kansei make CR-10	Calsonic Kansei make CSV511
Туре		NISSAN A/C System Oil Type R	NISSAN A/C System Oil Type S
Capacity mℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz)	Total in system	120 (4.1, 4.2)	100 (3.4, 3.5)
	Compressor (service part) charging amount	Refer to MTC-16. "Maintenance of Oil Quan- tity in Compressor".	Refer to MTC-16, "Maintenance of Oil Quantity in Compressor".

Refrigerant

INFOID:000000001704339

Туре	HFC-134a (R-134a)
Capacity kg (lb)	$0.45 \pm 0.05 \; (0.99 \pm 0.11)$

Engine Idling Speed

Refer to EC-73, "Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check" .

Belt Tension

Refer to EM-13.

INFOID:000000001704341

INFOID:000000001704340