

D

Е

CONTENTS

PRECAUTIONS 3	DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY	17	BR
Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System	With ABLS or VDC		
(SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TEN-	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION	18	
SIONER" 3			G
Precautions for Brake System 3		19	
PREPARATION 4		19	
Special Service Tool4	OPERATING CHECK	19	Н
Commercial Service Tools 4	AIRTIGHT CHECK	19	П
NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH)	With ABS or ABLS	20	
TROUBLESHOOTING5			
NVH Troubleshooting Chart 5	INSTALLATION	20	
BRAKE PEDAL 6	With VDC	21	
Inspection and Adjustment 6	REMOVAL	21	
INSPECTION 6	INSTALLATION	22	J
ADJUSTMENT 7	VACUUM LINES	23	
Removal and Installation 8	Removal and Installation	23	
REMOVAL 9	REMOVAL	23	Κ
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL 10	INSTALLATION	23	1\
INSTALLATION 10	Inspection	23	
BRAKE FLUID11			
On-board Inspection11	CHECK VALVE INSPECTION	23	L
LEVEL CHECK11	FRONT DISC BRAKE	24	
Drain and Refill11	On-vehicle Inspection	24	
Bleeding Brake System12		24	M
BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE13	Components	24	
Hydraulic Circuit13	Removal and Installation of Brake Pad	25	
Removal and Installation of Front Brake Piping and	REMOVAL	25	
Brake Hose 13	INSTALLATION	25	
REMOVAL 13	Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper and Dis	sc	
INSTALLATION14	Rotor	25	
Removal and Installation of Rear Brake Piping and	REMOVAL	25	
Brake Hose14	INSTALLATION	26	
REMOVAL 14		26	
INSTALLATION14			
Inspection After Installation 15	CALIPER INSPECTION	27	
BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER 16	ASSEMBLY	27	
On-board Inspection 16	DISC ROTOR INSPECTION	28	
LEAK INSPECTION 16	BRAKE BURNISHING PROCEDURE	28	
With ABS 16	REAR DISC BRAKE	30	
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION 16	On-vehicle Inspection	30	

PAD WEAR INSPECTION30	INSTALLATION	31
Components30	Disassembly and Assembly of Brake Caliper	32
Removal and Installation of Brake Pad31	DISASSEMBLY	32
REMOVAL31	CALIPER INSPECTION	32
INSTALLATION31	ASSEMBLY	33
Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper and Disc	DISC ROTOR INSPECTION	33
Rotor31	BRAKE BURNISHING PROCEDURE	34
REMOVAL31	SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)	35
	General Specifications	35
	Brake Pedal	35
	Brake Booster	35
	Check Valve	35
	Front Disc Brake	35

Rear Disc Brake36

PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS PFP:00001

Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

FS00400

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precautions for Brake System

FFS00401

- Always use recommended brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas.
- To clean or wash all parts of master cylinder, disc brake caliper and wheel cylinder, use clean brake fluid.
- Do not use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. They will ruin rubber parts of the hydraulic system.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing and installing brake tube.
- Always check tightening torque when installing brake lines.
- Before working, turn ignition switch to OFF and disconnect connectors for ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) or battery terminals.
- Burnish the brake contact surfaces after refinishing or replacing drums or rotors, after replacing pads or linings, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-28</u>, "<u>BRAKE BURNISH-ING PROCEDURE</u>".

Commercial service tool

WARNING:

 Clean brake pads and shoes with a waste cloth, then wipe with a dust collector. BR

Е

D

J

K

L

PREPARATION

PREPARATION PFP:00002

Special Service Tool

EFS0068T

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.							
Tool number	Description						
(Kent-Moore No.)							
Tool name							
— (J-46532) Brake and clutch pedal height measurement tool	Measuring brake pedal height						
	LFIA0227E						

Commercial Service Tools

EFS0068U

Tool name		Description
Flare nut crowfoot Torque wrench	a 2 2 2 S-NT360	Removing and installing each brake piping. a: 10 mm (0.39 in) / 12 mm (0.47 in)
Power tool	PBIC0190E	Removing nuts, bolts and screws.
	PBIC0191E	

NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NOISE, VIBRATION, AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting Chart

PFP:00003

EFS00403

Α

В

С

 D

Е

BR

Н

Use the chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference	page	BR-24, BR-30	BR-24, BR-30	BR-24, BR-30	BR-28, BR-33	BR-28, BR-33	BR-28, BR-33	BR-28, BR-33	BR-28, BR-33	BR-28, BR-34	BR-28, BR-34	PR-3, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	FFD-6, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (FFD), RFD-8, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (RFD without LD), RFD-40, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (RFD with LD)	FAX-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (FAX), RAX-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (RAX)	FSU-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (FSU), RSU-4, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart" (RSU)	WT-5, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"	PS-5, "NVH Troubleshooting Chart"
Possible ca SUSPECTE		Pads - damaged	Pads - uneven wear	Shims damaged	Rotor imbalance	Rotor damage	Rotor runout	Rotor deformation	Rotor deflection	Rotor rust	Rotor thickness variation	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	DRIVESHAFT	SUSPENSION	TIRES AND ROAD WHEEL	STEERING
	Noise	×	×	×								×	×	×	×	×	×
Symptom	Shake				×							×		×	×	×	×
	Shimmy, Shudder				×	×	×	×	×	×	×			×	×	×	×

^{×:} Applicable

BRAKE PEDAL

BRAKE PEDAL PFP:46501

Inspection and Adjustment INSPECTION

EFS00404

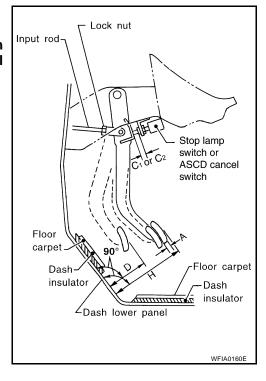
1. Inspect the brake pedal free height "H" from the dash lower panel using Tool.

Tool number : — (J-46532)

2. Adjust the height referring to the following specifications.

CAUTION:

When equipped with adjustable pedal, the pedal must be in the forwardmost (closest to the floor) position for pedal height measurement.



Brake Pedal Specifications

Unit: mm (in)

Free height "H"	: 182.3 - 192.3 mm (7.18 - 7.57 in)
Depressed pedal height "D" [under a force of 490 N (50 kg-f, 110 lb-f) with engine running]	: More than 90.3 mm (3.55 in)
Clearance between pedal stopper and threaded end of stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch "C1" or "C2"	: 0.74 - 1.96 mm (0.029 - 0.077 in)
Pedal play "A"	: 3 - 11 mm (0.12 - 0.43 in)

BRAKE PEDAL

ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Loosen the stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch by turning 45° counterclockwise.
- 2. Loosen lock nut (A) on the input rod, then turn input rod to adjust the pedal to specified height. When finished adjusting, tighten lock nut (A).

CAUTION:

Make sure that the screw portion of the end of input rod is located inside the clevis.

Lock nut (A) : 18.6 N·m (1.9 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)

- 3. With the pedal pulled up and held by hand, press the stop lamp switch and the ASCD switch in until threaded ends contact pedal bracket.
- 4. With the threaded ends of the stop lamp switch and ASCD switch contacting the pedal bracket, turn the switches 45° clockwise to lock in place.

CAUTION:

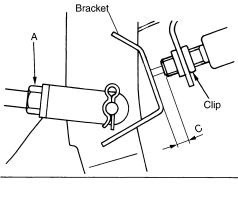
Make sure that the gap (C) between the bracket and switch ends are within specification.

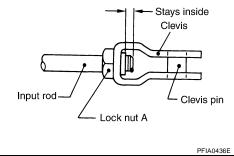
5. Check the pedal play.

CAUTION:

Make sure that the stop lamp goes off when the pedal is released.

6. Start the engine and check the height of the brake pedal when depressing it.





BR

Α

В

D

Е

G

Н

J

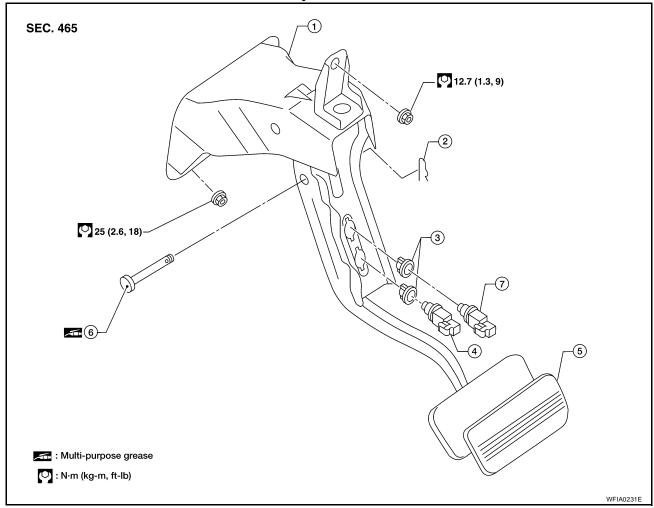
K

i

Removal and Installation

EFS00405

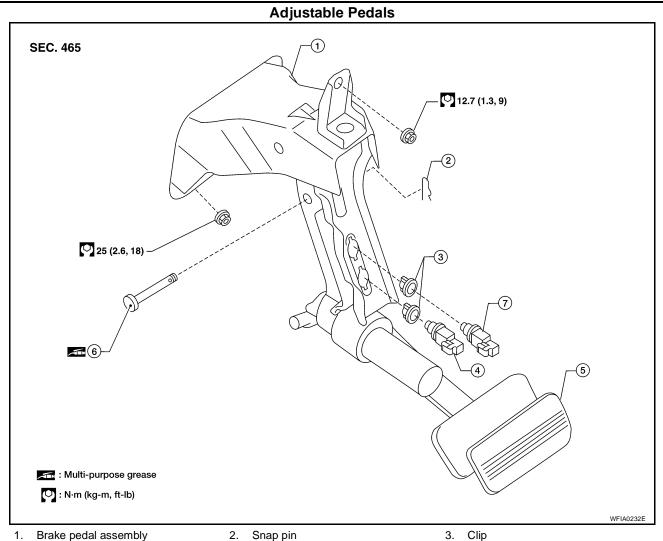
Non-Adjustable Pedals



- Brake pedal assembly
- 4. Stop lamp switch
- 7. ASCD cancel switch
- 2. Snap pin
- 5. Pedal pad

- 3. Clip
- 6. Clevis pin

BRAKE PEDAL



- Stop lamp switch
- 7. ASCD cancel switch
- 5. Pedal pad

- 6. Clevis pin

Е

BR

Н

M

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- Before removal and installation the accelerator and brake pedals must be in the forwardmost position (closest to the floor). This is to align the base position of the accelerator and brake pedals (adjustable type only).
- Do not disassemble the brake pedal adjusting mechanism (adjustable type only).
- Avoid damage from dropping the brake pedal assembly during handling.
- Keep the brake pedal assembly away from water.
- Remove the lower instrument panel LH. Refer to IP-13, "LOWER INSTRUMENT PANEL LH". 1.
- Remove the stop lamp switch and ASCD cancel switch from the pedal assembly by turning 45° counter-2. clockwise.

BRAKE PEDAL

- 3. On adjustable pedal assembly, disconnect the adjustable brake pedal cable from the adjustable pedal electric motor.
 - Unlock (1) then pull (2) the adjustable brake pedal cable to disconnect it from the adjustable pedal electric motor as shown.
- 4. Remove snap pin and clevis pin from the clevis of brake booster.
- 5. Remove brake pedal assembly nuts and the pedal assembly.
 - Temporarily install nuts by hand to support booster.

WARNING:

Do not deform the brake tube.

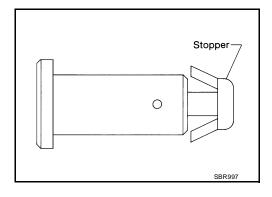
CAUTION:

- Before removal and installation the accelerator and brake pedals must be in the forwardmost position (closest to the floor). This is to align the base position of the accelerator and brake pedals (adjustable type only).
- Do not disassemble the brake pedal adjusting mechanism (adjustable type only).
- Avoid damage from dropping the brake pedal assembly during handling.
- Keep the brake pedal assembly away from water.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

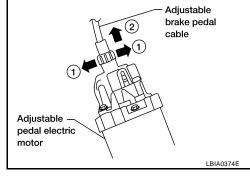
Check brake pedal assembly for following items.

- Crack or deformation of clevis pin stopper
- Clevis pin deformation
- Crack of any welded portion
- Brake pedal bend



INSTALLATION

- 1. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.
 - Check the brake pedal for smooth operation. There should be no binding or sticking when applying or releasing the brake pedal.
 - Check the brake pedal adjustable feature for smooth operation. There should be no binding or sticking when adjusting the brake pedal forward or backward.
- After installing the brake pedal assembly in the vehicle, be sure to adjust it. Refer to <u>BR-6</u>, "<u>Inspection and</u> Adjustment".



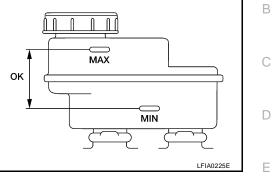
BRAKE FLUID PFP:KN100

On-board Inspection LEVEL CHECK

FFS00406

Α

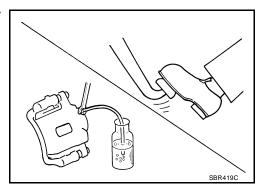
- Make sure the fluid level in reservoir tank is within the standard (between MAX and MIN lines).
- Visually check around reservoir tank for fluid leaks.
- If fluid level is excessively low, check brake system for leaks.
- If brake warning lamp remains illuminated after parking brake pedal is released, check brake system for fluid leakage.



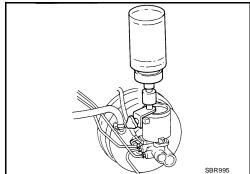
Drain and Refill EFS00407

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Do not let brake fluid splash on the painted surfaces of the body. This might damage the paint, so if splashing it, immediately wipe off the area and wash away with water.
- Before servicing, disconnect ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) connector or battery negative cable.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to each bleed valve.
- 2. Depress brake pedal, loosen each bleed valve, and gradually remove brake fluid.



- 3. Make sure there is no foreign material in reservoir tank, and refill with new brake fluid.
- 4. Rest foot on brake pedal. Loosen bleed valve. Slowly depress pedal until it stops. Tighten bleed valve. Release brake pedal. Repeat this process a few times, then pause to add new brake fluid to master cylinder. Continue until new brake fluid flows out. Bleed air. Refer to BR-12, "Bleeding Brake System".



BR

Н

BRAKE FLUID

Bleeding Brake System

EFS00408

CAUTION:

While bleeding, pay attention to master cylinder fluid level.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit) connector or battery negative cable.
- 2. Connect a vinyl tube to the rear right bleed valve.
- 3. Fully depress brake pedal 4 to 5 times.
- 4. With brake pedal depressed, loosen bleed valve to let the air out, and then tighten it immediately.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until no more air comes out.
- 6. Tighten bleed valve to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-24, "Components"</u> (front disc brake), <u>BR-30, "Components"</u> (rear disc brake).
- 7. Repeat steps 2 through 6 at each wheel, with master cylinder reservoir tank filled at least half way, bleeding air in order from the front left, rear left, and front right bleed valves.

BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

Hydraulic Circuit FFS00409 SEC. 462 4-Channel 3-Channel Union bolt : 18 N·m (1.8 kg-m, 13 ft-lb) (1.7 kg-m, 12 ft-lb) Flare nut WFIA03451 Actuator 2. Master cylinder 3 Brake booster

CAUTION:

Connector

1.

- All hoses and piping (tubes) must be free from excessive bending, twisting and pulling.
- Make sure there is no interference with other parts when turning steering both clockwise and counterclockwise.
- The brake piping is an important safety part. If a brake fluid leak is detected, always disassemble the parts. Replace applicable part with a new one, if necessary.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it way cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Do not bend or twist brake hose sharply, or strongly pull it.
- When removing components, cover connections so that no dirt, dust, or other foreign matter gets
- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.

BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

Removal and Installation of Front Brake Piping and Brake Hose **REMOVAL**

- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-11, "Drain and Refill".
- 2. Using a flare nut wrench, remove brake tube from brake hose.
- 3. Remove lock plate and brake hose from bracket.
- Remove union bolt and then remove brake hose from cylinder body.

Α

PFP:46210

Е

BR

Н

M

EFS004OA

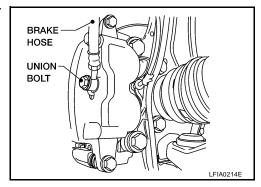
BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

INSTALLATION

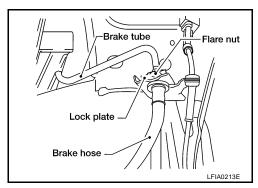
1. Install brake hose by aligning with the protrusion on cylinder body, then install the union bolt and new copper washers.

NOTE:

Do not reuse copper washer.



- 2. Insert brake hose end through bracket, then secure it to bracket with lock plate.
- 3. Install brake tube to brake hose, then tighten the flare nut using a flare nut wrench.
- 4. Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-12</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake System"</u>.



Removal and Installation of Rear Brake Piping and Brake Hose REMOVAL

EFS0040B

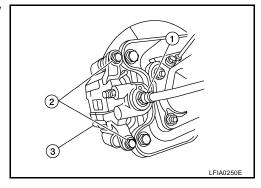
- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-11, "Drain and Refill".
- 2. Using a flare nut wrench, remove brake tube from brake hose.
- 3. Remove lock plate and brake hose from bracket.
- 4. Remove brake hose from cylinder body.

INSTALLATION

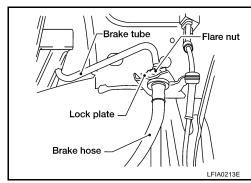
- Install brake hose (1) and new copper washer to cylinder body and tighten to specification. Refer to <u>BR-13</u>, "<u>Hydraulic Circuit</u>".
 - (2): Bolt
 - (3): Rear cylinder body

NOTE:

Do not reuse copper washer.



- 2. Insert brake hose end through bracket, then secure it to bracket with lock plate.
- 3. Install brake tube to brake hose, then tighten the flare nut using a flare nut wrench. Refer to BR-13, "Hydraulic Circuit".
- 4. Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-12, "Bleeding Brake System".



BRAKE PIPING AND HOSE

Inspection After Installation

EFS0040C

Α

С

 D

CAUTION:

If a leak is detected at the connections, retighten it or, if necessary, replace the damaged part.

- 1. Check brake lines (tubes and hoses), and connections for fluid leaks, damage, twist, deformation, contact with other parts, and loose connections. Replace any damage parts.
- 2. While depressing brake pedal under a force of 785 N (80 kg, 177 lb) with engine running for approximately 5 seconds, check for fluid leakage from each part.

Е

 BR

G

Н

J

K

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

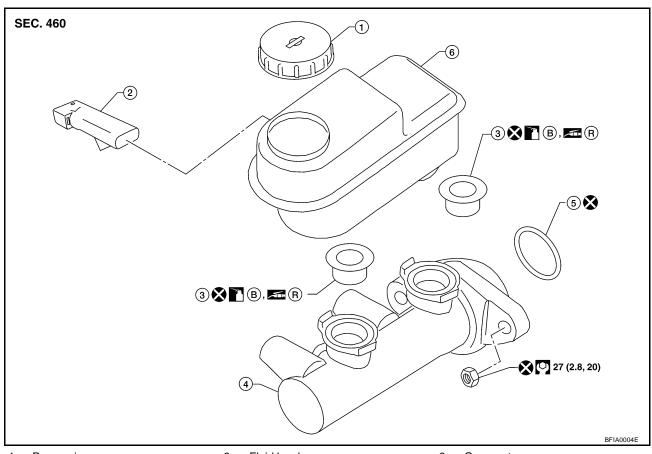
PFP:46010

On-board Inspection LEAK INSPECTION

FFS0040D

Check for leaks at master cylinder to brake booster attachment point, reservoir tank, and brake tube connections.

With ABS



Reservoir cap

- 2. Fluid level sensor
- 5. Seal

- 3. Grommet
- Reservoir tank

CAUTION:

Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it way cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Master cylinder sub-assembly

Removal

- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-11, "Drain and Refill".
- Disconnect harness connector for fluid level sensor.
- Using a flare nut wrench, disconnect brake tube from master cylinder assembly.
- 4. Remove master cylinder assembly nuts and master cylinder assembly.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to <u>BR-12</u>, "<u>Bleeding Brake System</u>".

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Adjust brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-7</u>, "<u>ADJUSTMENT</u>".

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

Disassembly

CAUTION:

- Master cylinder cannot be disassembled.
- Remove reservoir tank only when absolutely necessary.

Pull reservoir tank off master cylinder sub-assembly, then remove grommets from master cylinder sub-assembly body.

Assembly

CAUTION:

- Never use mineral oil such as kerosene or gasoline during the cleaning and assembly process.
- Do not drop parts. If a part is dropped, do not use it.
- 1. Apply brake fluid or rubber grease to new grommets, then insert into master cylinder sub-assembly. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".

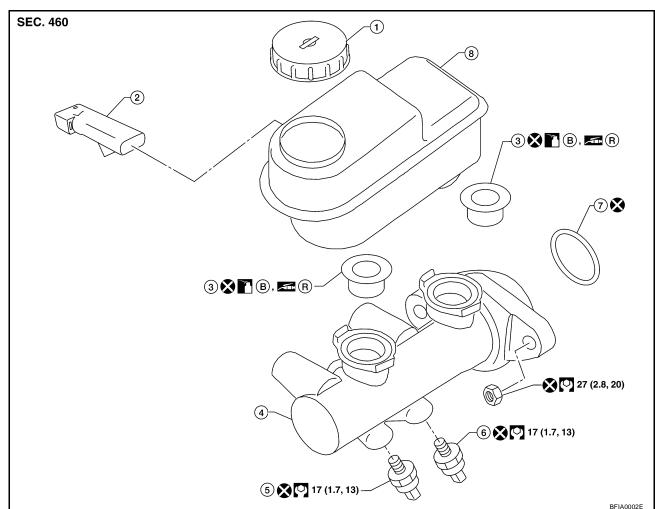
CAUTION:

Do not reuse grommet.

2. Install reservoir tank onto master cylinder assembly.

With ABLS or VDC

EFS0040F



- 1. Reservoir cap
- 4. Master cylinder sub-assembly
- 7. Seal

- 2. Fluid level sensor
- 5. Front pressure sensor
- 8. Reservoir tank

- 3. Grommet
- 6. Rear pressure sensor

BR

Е

Α

В

D

Н

-

BRAKE MASTER CYLINDER

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Removal

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it way cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Before removing brake master cylinder, depress the brake pedal 5-6 times with the key OFF to deplete vacuum in the booster.
- 1. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-11, "Drain and Refill".
- 2. Disconnect harness connectors for fluid level sensor and pressure sensors.
- 3. Using a flare nut wrench, disconnect brake tube from master cylinder assembly.
- 4. Remove master cylinder assembly nuts and master cylinder assembly.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-12, "Bleeding Brake System".

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Adjust brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-7</u>, "ADJUSTMENT".

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

Disassembly

CAUTION:

- Master cylinder cannot be disassembled.
- Remove reservoir tank only when absolutely necessary.
- 1. Pull reservoir tank off master cylinder sub-assembly, then remove grommets from master cylinder sub-assembly body.
- 2. Remove master cylinder front and rear pressure sensors.

Assembly

CAUTION:

- Never use mineral oil such as kerosene or gasoline during the cleaning and assembly process.
- Do not drop parts. If a part is dropped, do not use it.
- Apply brake fluid or rubber grease to new grommets, then insert into master cylinder sub-assembly. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".

CAUTION:

Do not reuse grommet.

- 2. Install reservoir tank onto master cylinder assembly.
- 3. Install master cylinder front and rear pressure sensors.

BRAKE BOOSTER

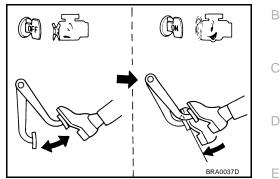
BRAKE BOOSTER

On-Vehicle Service OPERATING CHECK

With engine stopped, change the vacuum to the atmospheric pressure by depressing brake pedal several times. Then with brake pedal fully depressed, start engine and when the vacuum pressure reaches the standard, make sure the clearance between brake pedal and floor panel decreases.

CAUTION:

Depressing pedal interval is approximately 5 seconds.

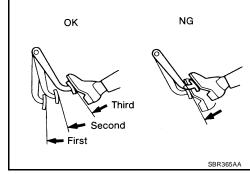


AIRTIGHT CHECK

- Run engine at idle for approximately 1 minute, and stop it after applying vacuum to booster. Depress brake pedal normally to change the vacuum to the atmospheric pressure. Make sure distance between brake pedal and floor panel gradually increases.
- Depress brake pedal while engine is running and stop engine with pedal depressed. The pedal stroke should not change after holding pedal down for 30 seconds.

CAUTION:

Depressing pedal interval is approximately 5 seconds.



BR

PFP:47200

FFS0040G

Α

G

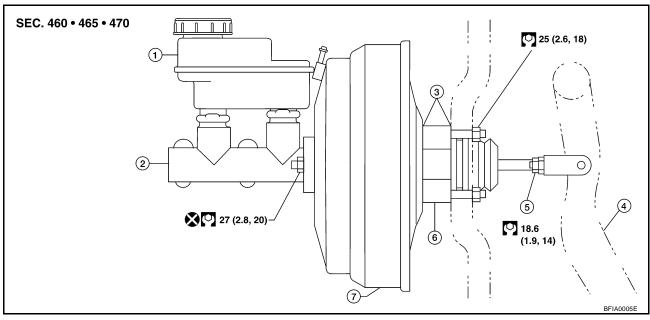
Н

J

K

ı

With ABS or ABLS



- 1. Reservoir tank
- 4. Brake pedal
- 7. Brake booster

- Master cylinder sub-assembly
- Lock nut

- Gasket
- S. Spacer block

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

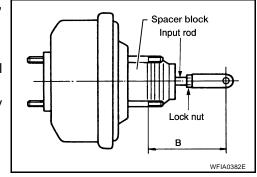
- Be careful not to deform or bend brake piping while removing and installing brake booster.
- Replace clevis pin if it is damaged.
- Be careful not to damage brake booster stud bolt threads. If brake booster is tilted or inclined during installation, dash panel may damage the threads.
- Attach the check valve in the correct direction.
- 1. Remove engine room cover with power tool. Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove engine air duct assembly. Refer to EM-15, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove brake piping from brake master cylinder.
- 4. Remove brake master cylinder. Refer to BR-16, "Removal".
- 5. Remove vacuum hose from brake booster. Refer to BR-23, "VACUUM LINES".
- 6. Remove brake pedal attachment snap pin and clevis pin from inside the vehicle.
- 7. Remove nuts on brake booster and brake pedal assembly.
- Remove brake booster assembly from dash panel.

INSTALLATION

 Loosen lock nut to adjust input rod length so that the length "B", as shown, satisfies the specified value.

Length "B" : 151 mm (5.94 in)

- 2. After adjusting "B", temporarily tighten lock nut and install booster assembly to the vehicle.
 - Install a gaskets and spacer block between booster assembly and the dash panel.
- 3. Connect brake pedal with clevis of input rod.



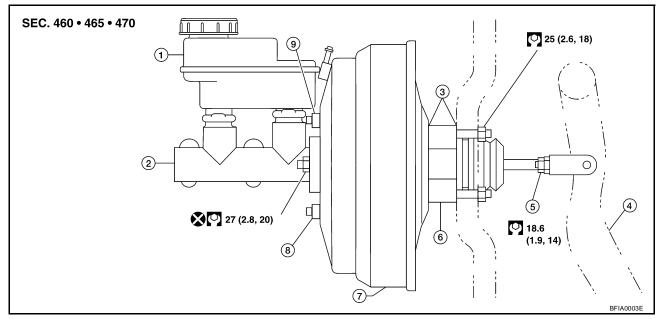
4. Install pedal bracket nuts and tighten them to the specified torque.

BRAKE BOOSTER

- Install brake piping from brake master cylinder to ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit). Refer to BR-13, "Hydraulic Circuit".
- Connect vacuum hose to brake booster.
- Install master cylinder to booster assembly. Refer to BR-16, "Installation".
- 8. Adjust the height and play of brake pedal. Refer to BR-7, "ADJUSTMENT".
- 9. Tighten lock nut of input rod to the specified torque.
- 10. Install engine air duct assembly. Refer to EM-15, "Removal and Installation".
- 11. Install engine room cover. Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation".
- 12. Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-12, "Bleeding Brake System".

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.

With VDC FFS00401



- Reservoir tank 1.
- 4. Brake pedal
- Brake booster

- Master cylinder
- 5. Lock nut
- Active booster

- Gasket
- 6. Spacer block
- Delta stroke sensor

REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to deform or bend brake piping while removing and installing brake booster.
- Replace clevis pin if it is damaged.
- Be careful not to damage brake booster stud bolt threads. If brake booster is tilted or inclined during installation, dash panel may damage the threads.
- Attach the check valve in the correct direction.
- 1. Remove engine room cover with power tool. Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove engine air duct assembly. Refer to EM-15, "Removal and Installation".
- 3. Remove brake piping from brake master cylinder.
- 4. Remove brake master cylinder. Refer to BR-18, "Removal".
- 5. Remove vacuum hose from brake booster. Refer to BR-23, "VACUUM LINES".
- 6. Disconnect active boost and delta stroke sensor harness connectors from brake booster assembly.
- Remove brake pedal attachment snap pin and clevis pin from inside the vehicle. 7.
- Remove nuts on brake booster and brake pedal assembly. 8.
- 9. Remove brake booster assembly from dash panel.

BR

Е

Α

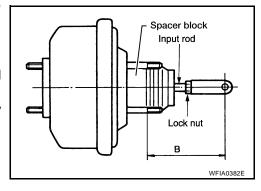
Н

BRAKE BOOSTER

INSTALLATION

1. Loosen lock nut to adjust input rod length so that the length "B" (in the figure) satisfies the specified value.

- 2. After adjusting "B", temporarily tighten lock nut and install booster assembly to the vehicle.
 - Install a gaskets and spacer block between booster assembly and the dash panel.
- Connect brake pedal with clevis of input rod.



- 4. Install pedal bracket mounting nuts and tighten them to the specified torque.
- 5. Install brake piping from brake master cylinder to ABS actuator and electric unit (control unit). Refer to BR-13, "Hydraulic Circuit".
- 6. Connect active boost and delta stroke sensor harness connectors to brake booster assembly.
- 7. Connect vacuum hose to brake booster.
- 8. Install master cylinder to booster assembly. Refer to BR-18, "Installation".
- Adjust the height and play of brake pedal. Refer to <u>BR-7</u>, "ADJUSTMENT".
- 10. Tighten lock nut of input rod to the specified torque.
- 11. Install engine air duct assembly. Refer to EM-15, "Removal and Installation".
- 12. Install engine room cover. Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation".
- 13. Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-12, "Bleeding Brake System".

CAUTION

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.

VACUUM LINES

VACUUM LINES PFP:41920

Removal and Installation

SEC. 470

(3)

Hose clip

Check valve

2. Clamp

Vacuum hose

REMOVAL

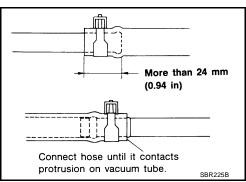
- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose from hose clip.
- 2. Release clamps and disconnect vacuum hose.
- 3. Remove check valve from brake booster.

INSTALLATION

1. Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Insert vacuum hose for at least 24 mm (0.94 in).
- Do not use lubricating oil during assembly.



Inspection VISUAL INSPECTION

Check for improper assembly, damage and deterioration.

CHECK VALVE INSPECTION

Airtightness Inspection

Use a suitable vacuum pump to check. Connect to brake booster side of check valve.

Engine side
Connect to brake
booster side

Suitable tool

LFIA0217E

BR

Е

Α

FFS0040.I

LFIA0216E

Н

ı

J

EFS0040K

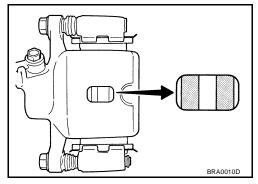
On-vehicle Inspection PAD WEAR INSPECTION

EFS0040L

PFP:41000

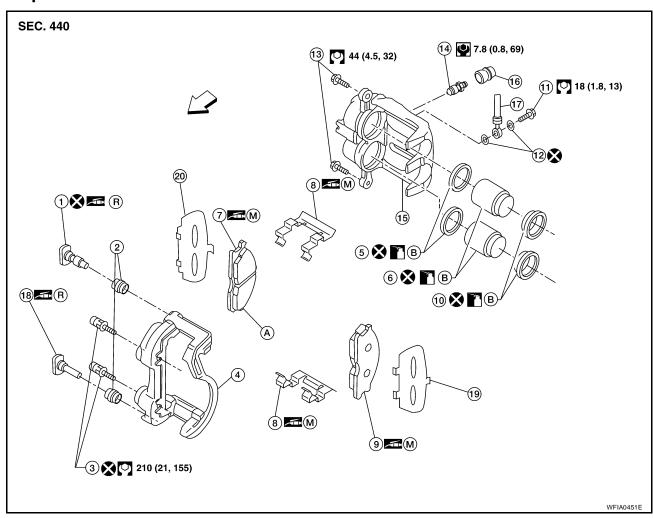
 Inspect the thickness of pad through cylinder body inspection hole. Use a scale for inspection if necessary.

> Standard thickness : 11.88 mm (0.468 in) Repair limit thickness : 1.0 mm (0.039 in)



Components

EFS0040M



- Upper sliding pin
- 4. Torque member
- 7. Inner pad
- 10. Piston boot
- 13. Sliding pin bolt
- 16. Cap
- 19. Outer shim
- ← Front

- 2. Sliding pin boot
- 5. Piston seal
- 8. Pad retainer
- 11. Union bolt
- 14. Bleed valve
- 17. Brake hose20. Inner shim

- 3. Torque member bolt
- 6. Piston
- 9. Outer pad
- 12. Copper washer
- 15. Cylinder body
- 18. Lower sliding pin
- A. Wear indicator

WARNING:

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

- While removing cylinder body never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove bolts on torque member and brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. In this case, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-28</u>, "<u>BRAKE BURNISHING PROCEDURE</u>".

Removal and Installation of Brake Pad REMOVAL

EFS004ON

- 1. Remove tires from vehicle using power tool.
- 2. Remove lower sliding pin bolt.
- Suspend cylinder body using suitable wire and remove pads, shims, and pad retainers from torque member.

)-

INSTALLATION

1. Push pistons in so that pad is firmly installed and mount cylinder body to torque member.

CAUTION:

By pushing in piston, brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank. Watch the level of the surface of reservoir tank.

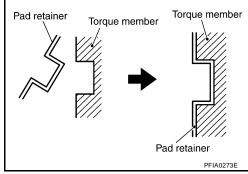
NOTF:

Using a commercially available disc brake piston tool, makes it easier to push in piston.

- 2. Attach pad retainers, pads and shims to torque member.
 - Apply Molykote M-77 grease to pad ratainer where brake pad contacts and between pad and shim.

CAUTION:

- When attaching pad retainer, attach it firmly so that it is seated fully in the torque member as shown.
- Do not get grease on the brake rotor friction surface.



- 3. Install lower sliding pin bolt and tighten it to the specified torque. Refer to BR-24, "Components".
- Check brake for drag.
- 5. Install tires to the vehicle. Refer to WT-8, "Rotation".

Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper and Disc Rotor REMOVAL

EFS00400

- 1. Remove tires from vehicle using power tool.
- 2. Drain brake fluid as necessary. Refer to BR-11, "Drain and Refill".

NOTF:

Do not remove union bolt unless removing cylinder body from vehicle.

Remove union bolt as necessary and torque member bolts, then remove cylinder body.

NOTE:

Position cylinder body aside using suitable wire, as necessary.

NOTE:

When servicing cylinder body, remove sliding pin bolts and caliper from torque member.

4. Remove disc rotor.

BR

Е

C

Н

J

K

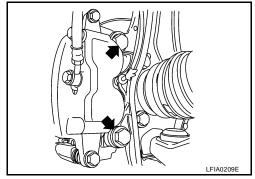
INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- Install disc rotor.
- 2. Install sliding pin bolts if removed and tighten to specified torque. Refer to BR-24, "Components".
- Install cylinder body to the vehicle, then tighten the torque member bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-24</u>, "Components"

CAUTION:

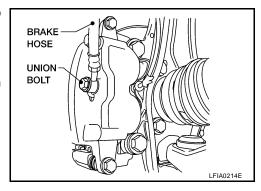
- When attaching cylinder body to the vehicle, wipe any oil off knuckle spindle, washers and cylinder body attachment surfaces.
- Do not reuse caliper torque member bolts.



4. Install brake hose to cylinder body, then tighten union bolt to specification. Refer to BR-24, "Components".

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse copper washers for union bolt.
- Attach brake hose to cylinder body together with union bolt and washers.



- 5. Refill new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-12, "Bleeding Brake System".
- 6. Attach tires to the vehicle. Refer to WT-8, "Rotation".

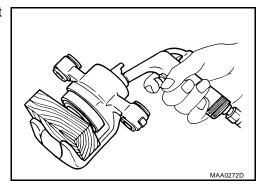
Disassembly and Assembly of Brake Caliper DISASSEMBLY

EFS0040P

- Remove sliding pin bolt, and then remove the pad, shim, shim cover, and pad retainer from the torque member.
- 2. Remove sliding pins and sliding pin boots from torque member.
- 3. Place a wooden block as shown, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove pistons and piston boots.

CAUTION:

Do not get your fingers caught in piston.



4. Using a flat-bladed screwdriver, remove piston seal from cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage cylinder inner wall.



CALIPER INSPECTION

Cylinder Body

CAUTION:

- Use new brake fluid for cleaning. Do not use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear, damage or foreign materials. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.
- Minor damage from rust or foreign materials may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace cylinder body if necessary.

Torque Member

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If damage or deformation is present, replace the affected part.

Piston

Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

CAUTION

Piston sliding surface is plated, do not polish with emery paper even if rust of foreign materials are stuck to sliding surface.

Sliding Pins, and Sliding Pin Boots

Check sliding pin and sliding pin boot for wear, damage, and cracks. If damage or deformation is present, replace the affected part.

CAUTION:

Trailing/upper sliding pin must be replaced at each service.

. Jappa and Japan and American

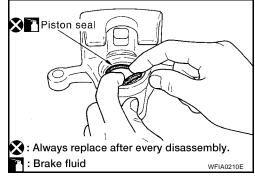
ASSEMBLY CAUTION:

Do not use NISSAN Rubber Grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01) when assembling.

 Apply clean brake fluid to new piston seal and insert seal in to groove on cylinder body. Refer to <u>MA-11, "RECOMMENDED</u> FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".

CAUTION:

Do not reuse piston seal.



BR

Е

Α

G

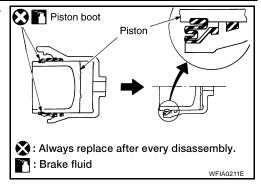
Н

K

2. Apply clean brake fluid to piston and piston boot, then install piston boot in to piston groove.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse piston boot.



3. Insert into cylinder body by hand and insert piston boot piston-side lip into piston groove.

CAUTION:

Press piston evenly and vary the pressing point to prevent cylinder inner wall from being rubbed.

4. Install sliding pins and sliding pin boots to torque member.

CAUTION:

Trailing/upper sliding pin must be replaced at each service.

5. Install cylinder body. Tighten sliding pin bolt to the specified torque. Refer to <u>BR-24, "Components"</u>.

DISC ROTOR INSPECTION

Visual Inspection

Check surface of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If any of them is detected, replace applicable part.

Runout Inspection

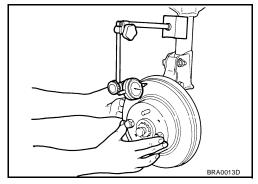
- 1. Using wheel nuts, install disc rotor to wheel hub at 2 or more positions and tighten wheel nuts temporarily to 40 ft-lb.
- 2. Inspect runout using a dial gauge. (Measured at 10 mm (0.39 in) inside the disc edge.)

Runout limit (on vehicle) : 0.03 mm (0.001 in)

NOTE:

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specifications before measuring runout. Refer to <u>FAX-5</u>, "WHEEL <u>BEARING INSPECTION"</u>.

- If runout is outside the limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting mounting positions of disc rotor and wheel hub by one hole.
- 4. If runout still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe.

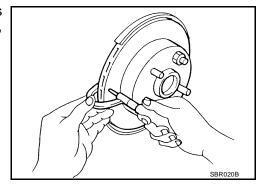


Thickness Inspection

Using a micrometer, check thickness of disc rotor. If thickness is either at or below the wear limit, or exceeds maximum uneven wear, replace disc rotor.

Standard thickness : 26.0 mm (1.024 in)
Repair limit thickness : 24.5 mm (0.965 in)
Maximum uneven wear : 0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

(Measured at 8 positions)



BRAKE BURNISHING PROCEDURE

Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- 2. Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

В

Α

С

D

Е

 BR

G

Н

J

K

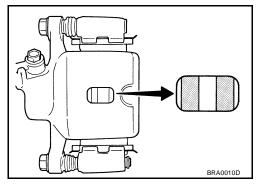
REAR DISC BRAKE PFP:44000

On-vehicle Inspection PAD WEAR INSPECTION

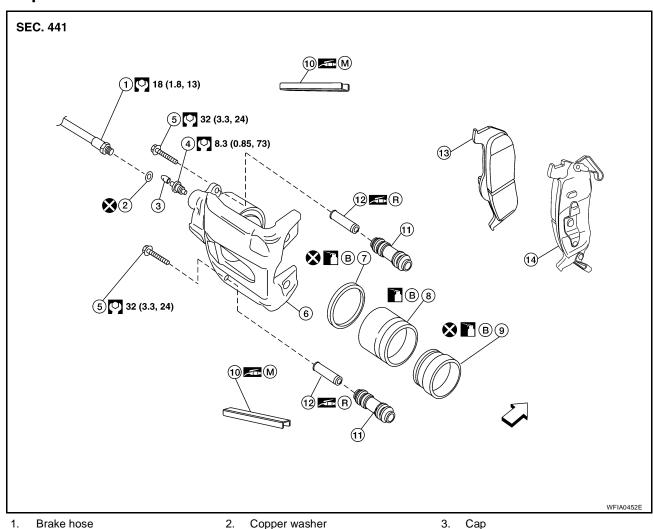
EFS0040Q

Inspect the thickness of pad through cylinder body inspection hole. Use a scale for inspection if necessary.

> Standard thickness : 12.13 mm (0.478 in) Repair limit thickness : 1.0 mm (0.039 in)



Components EFS0040R



- Brake hose
- 4. Bleed valve
- 7. Piston seal
- 10. Knuckle slide
- 13. Inner pad

- Copper washer
- 5. Bolt
- Piston
- 11. Sliding sleeve boot
- 14. Outer pad

- Cap
- 6. Cylinder body
- Piston boot
- 12. Sliding sleeve
- Front

Clean dust on caliper and brake pad with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

REAR DISC BRAKE

CAUTION:

- While removing cylinder body, never depress brake pedal because piston will pop out.
- It is not necessary to remove the torque member and disconnect the brake hose except for disassembly or replacement of cylinder body. When replacing brake pads, hang cylinder body with a wire so as not to stretch brake hose.
- Do not damage piston boot.
- Burnish brake contact surface after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or it a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage. Refer to <u>BR-34, "BRAKE BURNISHING PROCEDURE"</u>.

Removal and Installation of Brake Pad REMOVAL

EFS0040S

- 1. Remove tires from vehicle with power tool.
- 2. Remove mounting bolt from the top mount.
- 3. Swing cylinder body open, and remove pads.

INSTALLATION

1. Push piston in so that pad is firmly attached and mount cylinder body to torque member.

NOTE:

Using a commercially available disc brake piston tool, makes it easier to push in the piston.

CAUTION

By pushing in piston, brake fluid returns to master cylinder reservoir tank. Watch the level of the surface of reservoir tank.

2. Apply Molykote M-77 grease to knuckle slide where brake pad contacts.

CAUTION:

Do not get grease on the brake rotor friction surface.

- 3. Install pads to cylinder body.
- 4. Install top mounting bolt and tighten to specification.
- Check brake for drag.
- 6. Install tires to the vehicle. Refer to WT-8, "Rotation".

Removal and Installation of Brake Caliper and Disc Rotor REMOVAL

EFS004OT

- 1. Remove tires from vehicle with power tool.
- 2. Drain brake fluid as necessary. Refer to BR-11, "Drain and Refill".

NOTE:

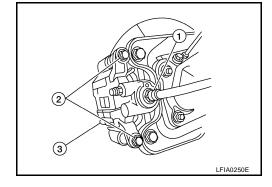
Do not disconnect brake hose unless removing the cylinder body.

- 3. Remove bolts (2) as shown, and cylinder body (3).
 - (1): Brake hose

NOTE:

Position cylinder body aside using suitable wire, as necessary.

4. Remove disc rotor.



INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".
- Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Install disc rotor.
- 2. Install cylinder body to the vehicle, and tighten bolts to specification. Refer to BR-30, "Components".

CAUTION:

Revision: October 2006

Before installing cylinder body to the vehicle, wipe off mounting surface of cylinder body.

BR-31

BR

Е

Α

Н

140T

L

M

IV

REAR DISC BRAKE

3. Install brake hose to cylinder body with new copper washer and tighten to specification. Refer to BR-30, "Components".

CAUTION:

- Do not reuse copper washer.
- Securely attach brake hose to protrusion on cylinder body.
- 4. Refill new brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to BR-12, "Bleeding Brake System".
- 5. Install tires to the vehicle. Refer to WT-8, "Rotation".

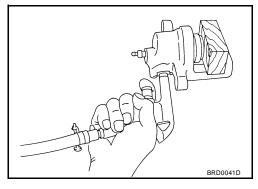
Disassembly and Assembly of Brake Caliper DISASSEMBLY

EFS0040U

- 1. Remove pads from cylinder body.
- 2. Remove sliding sleeve and boot from cylinder body.
- 3. Place a wooden block as shown, and blow air from union bolt mounting hole to remove piston and piston boot.

CAUTION:

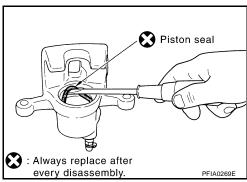
Do not get your fingers caught in piston.



 Using a flat-bladed screwdriver, remove piston seal from cylinder body.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage cylinder inner wall.



CALIPER INSPECTION

Cylinder Body

CAUTION:

- Use new brake fluid to clean. Do not use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene.
- Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust wear, damage or foreign materials. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.
- Minor damage from rust or foreign materials may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace cylinder body if necessary.

Torque Member

Check for wear, cracks, and damage. If damage or deformation is present, replace the affected part.

Piston

CALITION

- Piston sliding surface is plated, do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign materials are stuck to sliding surface.
- Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign materials. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

Sliding Pin Bolts and Sliding Pin Boots

Make sure there is no wear, damage, or cracks in sliding sleeve and sliding sleeve boots, and if there are, replace them.

ASSEMBLY

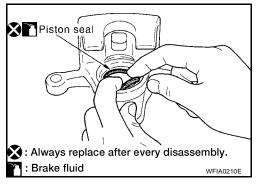
CAUTION:

Do not use NISSAN Rubber Grease (KRE00 00010, KRE00 00010 01) when assembling.

Apply clean brake fluid to new piston seal and insert into groove on cylinder body. Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS".

CAUTION:

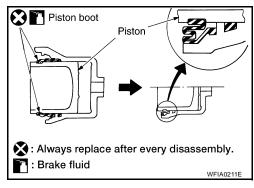
Do not reuse piston seal.



2. Apply brake fluid to piston and to piston boot, then install piston boot in to piston groove.

CAUTION:

Do not reuse piston boot.



3. Insert piston into cylinder body by hand and insert piston boot piston-side lip into piston groove.

CAUTION:

Press piston evenly and vary the pressing point to prevent cylinder inner wall from being rubbed.

4. Install sliding boots and sleeves to cylinder body.

DISC ROTOR INSPECTION

Visual Inspection

Check surface of disc rotor for uneven wear, cracks, and serious damage. If any non-standard condition is detected, replace applicable part.

Runout Inspection

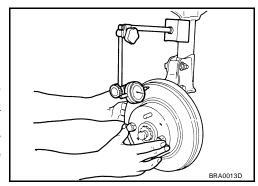
- 1. Using wheel nuts, install disc rotor to wheel hub at 2 or more positions.
- Inspect runout using a dial gauge. [Measured at 10 mm (0.39 in) inside disk edge.]

Runout limit (on vehicle) : 0.07 mm (0.003 in)

NOTE:

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specification before measuring runout. Refer to RAX-12, "Axle Bearing".

- 3. If runout is outside the limit, find the minimum runout point by shifting mounting positions of disc rotor and wheel hub by one hole.
- 4. If runout still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe.



BR

Е

Α

Н

REAR DISC BRAKE

Thickness Inspection

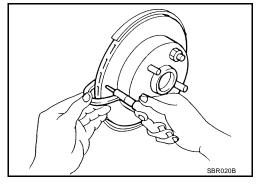
Using a micrometer, check thickness of disc rotor. If thickness is either at or below the wear limit, or exceeds maximum uneven wear, replace disc rotor.

Standard thickness : 14.0 mm (0.551 in)

Wear limit : 12.0 mm (0.472 in)

Maximum uneven wear : 0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

(measured at 8 positions)



BRAKE BURNISHING PROCEDURE

Burnish brake contact surface according to the following procedure after refinishing or replacing rotors, after replacing pads, or if a soft pedal occurs at very low mileage.

CAUTION:

Only perform this procedure under safe road and traffic conditions. Use extreme caution.

- 1. Drive the vehicle on a straight smooth road at 50 km/h (31 MPH).
- 2. Use medium brake pedal/foot effort to bring the vehicle to a complete stop from 50 km/h (31 MPH). Adjust brake pedal/foot pressure such that vehicle stopping time equals 3 to 5 seconds.
- 3. To cool brake system, drive the vehicle at 50 km/h (31 MPH) for 1 minute without stopping.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 to 3, 10 times or more to complete the burnishing procedure.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE	DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS	(SDS) PFP:00030
General S	pecifications	EF\$0040 V
		Unit: mm (in)
Front brake	Brake model	CLZ31VC
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	320 × 26 (12.60 × 1.02)
	Pad Length \times width \times thickness	$111.0 \times 73.5 \times 9.5 \ (4.73 \times 2.894 \times 0.374)$
	Cylinder bore diameter	51 (2.01)
Rear brake	Brake model	AD14VE
	Rotor outer diameter × thickness	320 × 14 (12.60 × 0.55)
	Pad Length \times width \times thickness	83.0 × 33.0 × 8.5 (3.268 × 1.299 × 0.335)
	Cylinder bore diameter	48 (1.89)
Control valve	Valve model	Electric brake force distribution
Brake booster	Booster model	C215T
	Diaphragm diameter	215 (8.46)
Recommended	brake fluid	Refer to MA-11, "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRI- CANTS".
Brake Ped	al	EFS004OW
Brake pedal he	ight (from dash panel top surface)	182.3 – 192.3 mm (7.18 – 7.57 in)
Depressed peda with engine run	al height [under a force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) ning]	More than 90.3 mm (3.55 in)
	een stopper rubber and the threaded end of stop I ASCD cancel switch	0.74 – 1.96 mm (0.029 – 0.077 in)
Pedal play		3 – 11 mm (0.12 – 0.43 in)
Brake Boo	ster	EFS0040X
Output rod insta	Illation standard dimension	15.6 – 15.9 mm (0.614 – 0.626 in)
Check Val	ve	EFS0040 Y
Vacuum leakage [at vacuum of –	e 66.7 kPa(– 500 mmHg, – 19.69 inHg)]	Within 1.3 kPa (10 mmHg, 0.39 inHg) of vacuum for 15 seconds
Front Disc	Brake	EF\$0040Z
Brake model		CLZ31VC
Brake pad Standard thickness (new) Repair limit thickness		11.88 mm (0.468 in)
		1.0 mm (0.039 in)
	Standard thickness (new)	26.0 mm (1.024 in)
	Repair limit thickness	24.5 mm (0.965 in)
Disc rotor		<u> </u>
	Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 position	0.01511111 (0.0006111)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Rear Disc Brake						
Brake model		AD14VE				
Droke ned	Standard thickness (new)	12.13 mm (0.478 in)				
Brake pad	Repair limit thickness	1.0 mm (0.039 in)				
	Standard thickness (new)	14.0 mm (0.551 in)				
Disc rotor	Repair limit thickness	12.0 mm (0.472 in)				
	Maximum uneven wear (measured at 8 positions)	0.015 mm (0.0006 in)				
	Runout limit (with it attached to the vehicle)	0.07 mm (0.003 in)				