SECTION MANUAL AIR CONDITIONER

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PRECAUTIONS

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Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precautions for Working with HFC-134a (R-134a)

WARNING:

- CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant are not compatible. If the refrigerants are mixed compressor failure is likely to occur. Refer <u>MTC-4</u>, <u>"Contaminated Refrigerant"</u>. To determine the purity of HFC-134a (R-134a) in the vehicle and recovery tank, use Refrigerant Recovery/Recycling Recharging equipment and Refrigerant Identifier.
- Use only specified lubricant for the HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C system and HFC-134a (R-134a) components. If lubricant other than that specified is used, compressor failure is likely to occur.
- The specified HFC-134a (R-134a) lubricant rapidly absorbs moisture from the atmosphere. The following handling precautions must be observed:
- When removing refrigerant components from a vehicle, immediately cap (seal) the component to minimize the entry of moisture from the atmosphere.
- When installing refrigerant components to a vehicle, do not remove the caps (unseal) until just before connecting the components. Connect all refrigerant loop components as quickly as possible to minimize the entry of moisture into system.
- Only use the specified lubricant from a sealed container. Immediately reseal containers of lubricant. Without proper sealing, lubricant will become moisture saturated and should not be used.
- Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and lubricant vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Remove HFC-134a (R-134a) from the A/C system using certified service equipment meeting requirements of SAE J2210 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment], or SAE J2209 [HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment]. If accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant and lubricant manufacturers.
- Do not allow lubricant, Genuine NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S (DH-PS), part number KLH00-PAGS0 or equivalent, to come in contact with styrofoam parts. Damage may result.

Contaminated Refrigerant

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If a refrigerant other than pure HFC-134a (R-134a) is identified in a vehicle, your options are:

- Explain to the customer that environmental regulations prohibit the release of contaminated refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- Explain that recovery of the contaminated refrigerant could damage your service equipment and refrigerant supply.
- Suggest the customer return the vehicle to the location of previous service where the contamination may have occurred.

PRECAUTIONS

- If you choose to perform the repair, recover the refrigerant using only **dedicated equipment and containers. Do not recover contaminated refrigerant into your existing service equipment.** If your facility does not have dedicated recovery equipment, you may contact a local refrigerant product retailer for available service. This refrigerant must be disposed of in accordance with all federal and local regulations. In addition, replacement of all refrigerant system components on the vehicle is recommended.
- If the vehicle is within the warranty period, the air conditioner warranty is void. Please contact NISSAN Customer Affairs for further assistance.

General Refrigerant Precautions

WARNING:

- Do not release refrigerant into the air. Use approved recovery/recycling equipment to capture the refrigerant every time an air conditioning system is discharged.
- Always wear eye and hand protection (goggles and gloves) when working with any refrigerant or air conditioning system.
- Do not store or heat refrigerant containers above 52°C (125°F).
- Do not heat a refrigerant container with an open flame; if container warming is required, place the bottom of the container in a warm pail of water.
- Do not intentionally drop, puncture, or incinerate refrigerant containers.
- Keep refrigerant away from open flames: poisonous gas will be produced if refrigerant burns.
- Refrigerant will displace oxygen, therefore be certain to work in well ventilated areas to prevent suffocation.
- Do not pressure test or leak test HFC-134a (R-134a) service equipment and/or vehicle air conditioning systems with compressed air during repair. Some mixtures of air and HFC-134a (R-134a) have been shown to be combustible at elevated pressures. These mixtures, if ignited, may cause injury or property damage. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from refrigerant manufacturers.

Precautions for Leak Detection Dye

- The A/C system contains a fluorescent leak detection dye used for locating refrigerant leaks. An ultraviolet (UV) lamp is required to illuminate the dye when inspecting for leaks.
- Always wear fluorescence enhancing UV safety goggles to protect your eyes and enhance the visibility of the fluorescent dye.
- The fluorescent dye leak detector is not a replacement for an electronic refrigerant leak detector. The fluorescent dye leak detector should be used in conjunction with an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).
- For your safety and the customer's satisfaction, read and follow all manufacturer's operating instructions and precautions prior to performing work.
- A compressor shaft seal should not be repaired because of dye seepage. The compressor shaft seal should only be repaired after confirming the leak with an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).
- Always remove any remaining dye from the leak area after repairs are complete to avoid a misdiagnosis during a future service.
- Do not allow dye to come into contact with painted body panels or interior components. If dye is spilled, clean immediately with the approved dye cleaner. Fluorescent dye left on a surface for an extended period of time **cannot be removed**.
- Do not spray the fluorescent dye cleaning agent on hot surfaces (engine exhaust manifold, etc.).
- Do not use more than one refrigerant dye bottle (1/4 ounce / 7.4 cc) per A/C system.
- Leak detection dyes for HFC-134a (R-134a) and CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems are different. Do not use HFC-134a (R-134a) leak detection dye in CFC-12 (R-12) A/C systems or CFC-12 (R-12) leak detection dye in HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems or A/C system damage may result.
- The fluorescent properties of the dye will remain for over three (3) years unless a compressor failure occurs.

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A/C Identification Label

Vehicles with factory installed fluorescent dye have this identification label on the underside of hood.

| REFRIGERANT COMPRESSOR LUBRICANT | | | |
|---|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| TYPE (PART NO.) | | HFC 134a (R134a) | NISSAN LUMINOUS OIL TYPE S (KLH00-PAGS0) |
| AMOUNT | W/OUT RR | 0.70 ± 0.05 kg (1.54 ± 0.11 lbs) | 180 ml. (6.1 oz.) |
| | W/RR | 0.85 ± 0.05 kg (1.87 ± 0.11 lbs) | 210 ml. (7.1 oz.) |
| CAUTION • REFRICERANT UNDER HIGH PRESAUTE: • SYSTEM TO BE SERVICE METHODS MARINEL • MORPORER SERVICE METHODS MARINE CAUSE PERSONAL INJURY. • CONSULT SERVICE MANNAL. • THIS AIR CONDITIONER SYSTEM COMPLIES WITH SAE J-B38. Marine Marine Comparison in USA. Carton. CA | | | |
| 27090 EA000 | | | |
| | | | LJIA0152E |

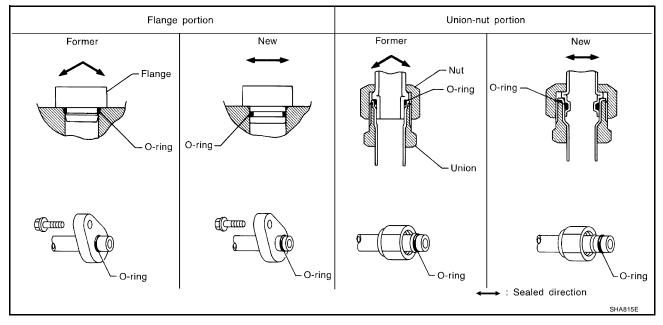
Precautions for Refrigerant Connection

A new type refrigerant connection has been introduced to all refrigerant lines except the following locations.

- Expansion valve to cooling unit
- Evaporator pipes to evaporator (inside cooling unit)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor

FEATURES OF NEW TYPE REFRIGERANT CONNECTION

- The O-ring has been relocated. It has also been provided with a groove for proper installation. This reduces the possibility of the O-ring being caught in, or damaged by, the mating part. The sealing direction of the O-ring is now set vertically in relation to the contacting surface of the mating part to improve sealing characteristics.
- The reaction force of the O-ring will not occur in the direction that causes the joint to pull out, thereby facilitating piping connections.



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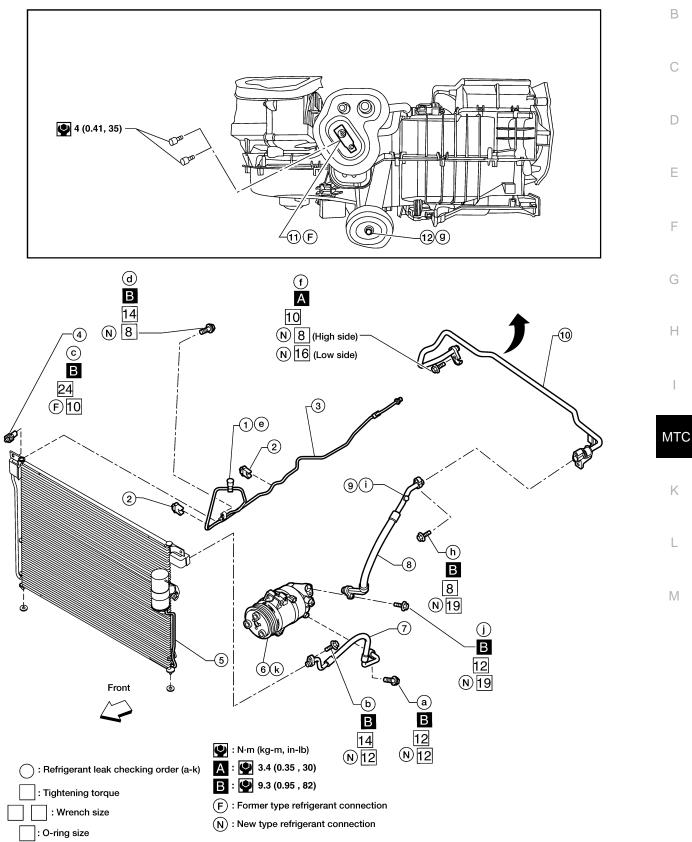
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PRECAUTIONS

O-RING AND REFRIGERANT CONNECTION

A/C Compressor and Condenser

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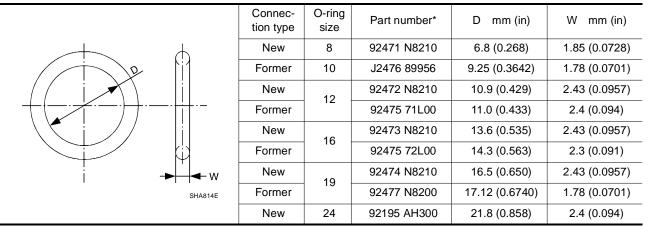
- 1. High-pressure service valve
- Clip
- Refrigerant pressure sensor
- 7. High-pressure flexible A/C hose
- 10. Low-pressure A/C pipe
- 2.
- 5. Condenser 8. Low-pressure flexible A/C hose
- 11. Expansion valve
- 3. High-pressure A/C pipe
- 6. Compressor shaft seal
- 9. Low-pressure service valve
- 12. A/C drain hose

CAUTION:

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The new and former refrigerant connections use different O-ring configurations. Do not confuse Orings since they are not interchangeable. If a wrong O-ring is installed, refrigerant will leak at or around the connection.

O-Ring Part Numbers and Specifications



*: Always check with the Parts Department for the latest parts information.

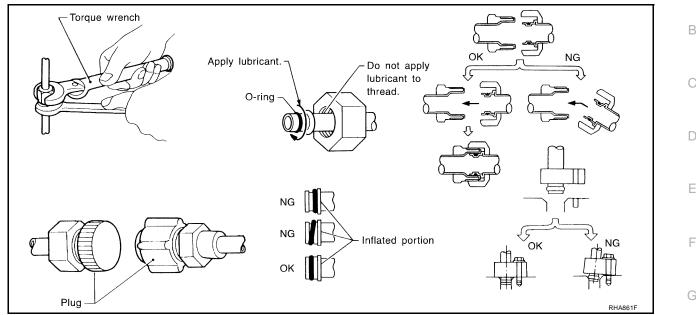
WARNING:

Make sure all refrigerant is discharged into the recycling equipment and the pressure in the system is less than atmospheric pressure. Then gradually loosen the discharge side hose fitting and remove it. CAUTION:

When replacing or cleaning refrigerant cycle components, observe the following.

- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the car. Failure to do so will cause lubricant to enter the low pressure chamber.
- When connecting tubes, always use a torque wrench and a back-up wrench.
- After disconnecting tubes, immediately plug all openings to prevent entry of dirt and moisture.
- When installing an air conditioner in the vehicle, connect the pipes as the final stage of the opera-• tion. Do not remove the seal caps of pipes and other components until just before required for connection.
- Allow components stored in cool areas to warm to working area temperature before removing seal caps. This prevents condensation from forming inside A/C components.
- Thoroughly remove moisture from the refrigeration system before charging the refrigerant.
- Always replace used O-rings.
- When connecting tube, apply lubricant to circle of the O-rings shown in illustration. Be careful not to apply lubricant to threaded portion. Lubricant name: Genuine NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S (DH-PS) or equivalent Part number: KLH00-PAGS0
- O-ring must be closely attached to dented portion of tube.
- When replacing the O-ring, be careful not to damage O-ring and tube.
- Connect tube until you hear it click, then tighten the nut or bolt by hand until snug. Make sure that the O-ring is installed to tube correctly.

• After connecting line, conduct leak test and make sure that there is no leakage from connections. When the refrigerant leaking point is found, disconnect that line and replace the O-ring. Then tighten connections of seal seat to the specified torque.



Precautions for Servicing Compressor

- Plug all openings to prevent moisture and foreign matter from entering.
- When the compressor is removed, store it in the same position as it is when mounted on the car.
- When replacing or repairing compressor, follow "Maintenance of Lubricant Quantity in Compressor" exactly. Refer to <u>MTC-19</u>, "<u>Maintenance of Lubricant Quantity in Compressor</u>".
- Keep friction surfaces between clutch and pulley clean. If the surface is contaminated with lubricant, wipe it off by using a clean waste cloth moistened with thinner.
- After compressor service operation, turn the compressor shaft by hand more than 5 turns in both directions. This will equally distribute lubricant inside the compressor. After the compressor is installed, let the engine idle and operate the compressor for 1 hour.
- After replacing the compressor magnet clutch, apply voltage to the new one and check for normal operation. Refer to <u>MTC-102, "Removal and Installation for Compressor Clutch"</u>.

Precautions for Service Equipment RECOVERY/RECYCLING EQUIPMENT

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for machine operation and machine maintenance. Never introduce any refrigerant other than that specified into the machine.

ELECTRONIC LEAK DETECTOR

Follow the manufacturer's instructions for tester operation and tester maintenance.

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VACUUM PUMP

The lubricant contained inside the vacuum pump is not compatible with the specified lubricant for HFC-134a (R-134a) A/C systems. The vent side of the vacuum pump is exposed to atmospheric pressure so the vacuum pump lubricant may migrate out of the pump into the service hose. This is possible when the pump is switched off after evacuation (vacuuming) and hose is connected to it.

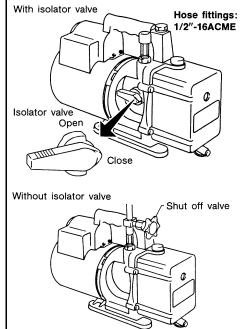
To prevent this migration, use a manual valve situated near the hose-to-pump connection, as follows.

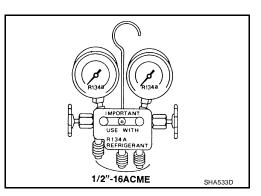
- Usually vacuum pumps have a manual isolator valve as part of the pump. Close this valve to isolate the service hose from the pump.
- For pumps without an isolator, use a hose equipped with a manual shut-off valve near the pump end. Close the valve to isolate the hose from the pump.
- If the hose has an automatic shut off valve, disconnect the hose from the pump: as long as the hose is connected, the valve is open and lubricating oil may migrate.

Some one-way valves open when vacuum is applied and close under a no vacuum condition. Such valves may restrict the pump's ability to pull a deep vacuum and are not recommended.

MANIFOLD GAUGE SET

Be certain that the gauge face indicates HFC-134a (R-134a). Make sure the gauge set has 1/2"-16 ACME threaded connections for service hoses. Confirm the set has been used only with refrigerant HFC-134a (R-134a) along with specified lubricant.

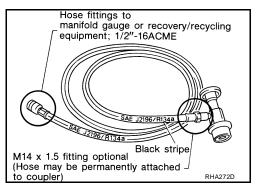




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SERVICE HOSES

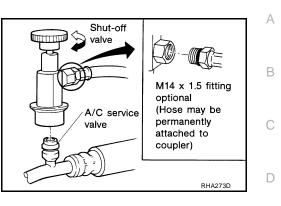
Be certain that the service hoses display the markings described (colored hose with black stripe). All hoses must include positive shutoff devices (either manual or automatic) near the end of the hoses opposite the manifold gauge.



SERVICE COUPLERS

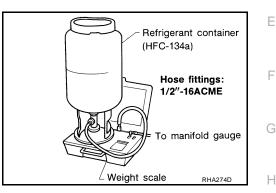
Never attempt to connect HFC-134a (R-134a) service couplers to a CFC-12 (R-12) A/C system. The HFC-134a (R-134a) couplers will not properly connect to the CFC-12 (R-12) system. If an improper connection is attempted, discharging and contamination may occur.

| Shut-off valve rotation | A/C service valve |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Clockwise | Open |
| Counterclockwise | Close |



REFRIGERANT WEIGHT SCALE

Verify that no refrigerant other than HFC134a (R-134a) and specified lubricants have been used with the scale. If the scale controls refrigerant flow electronically, the hose fitting must be 1/2"-16 ACME.



CHARGING CYLINDER

Using a charging cylinder is not recommended. Refrigerant may be vented into air from cylinder's top valve when filling the cylinder with refrigerant. Also, the accuracy of the cylinder is generally less than that of an electronic scale or of quality recycle/recharge equipment.

Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

When you read wiring diagrams, refer to the following:

- GI-15, "How to Read Wiring Diagrams"
- PG-4, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING CIRCUIT"

When you perform trouble diagnosis, refer to the following:

- GI-10, "How to Follow Trouble Diagnoses"
- GI-27, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"

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PREPARATION

PFP:00002

Special Service Tools

EJS003UU

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

| Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name | | Description |
|--|--------|-------------------|
| (J-38873-A) Pulley installer | | Installing pulley |
| | LHA171 | |
| KV99233130 (J-29884) Pulley puller | | Removing pulley |
| | LHA172 | |

HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Tools and Equipment

EJS003UV

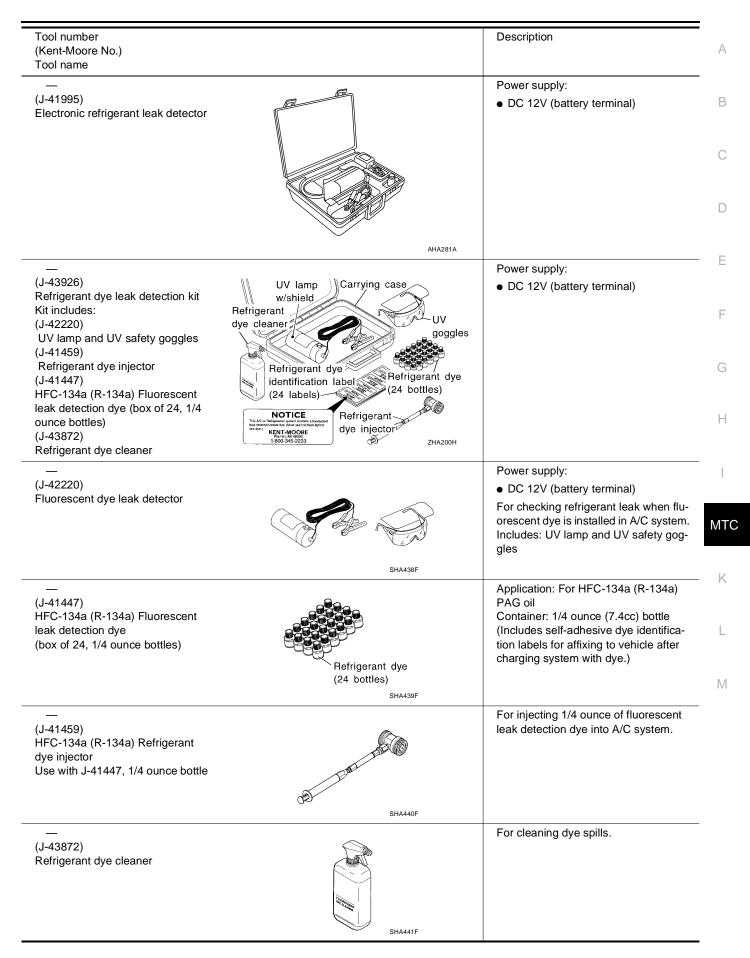
Never mix HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant and/or the specified lubricant with CFC-12 (R-12) refrigerant and/or the lubricant.

Separate and non-interchangeable service equipment must be used for handling each type of refrigerant/lubricant.

Refrigerant container fittings, service hose fittings and service equipment fittings (equipment which handles refrigerant and/or lubricant) are different between CFC-12 (R-12) and HFC-134a (R-134a). This is to avoid mixed use of the refrigerants/lubricant.

Adapters that convert one size fitting to another must never be used refrigerant/lubricant contamination will occur and compressor failure will result.

| Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name | | Description |
|---|-------------------|--|
| HFC-134a (R-134a) (—) Refrigerant | S-NT196 | Container color: Light blue Container marking: HFC-134a (R- 134a) Fitting size: Thread size Iarge container 1/2"-16 ACME |
| KLH00-PAGS0 (—) NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S (DH-PS) | NISSAN S-NT197 | Type: Poly alkylene glycol oil (PAG), type S (DH-PS) Application: HFC-134a (R-134a) swash plate compressors (NISSAN only) Lubricity: 40 m ℓ (1.4 US fl oz, 1.4 Imp fl oz) |
| KV991J0130 (ACR2005-NI) ACR A/C Service Center | WJIA0293E | Refrigerant Recovery and Recycling and Recharging |



| Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name | | Description |
|---|----------|---|
| — (J-39183-C) Manifold gauge set (with hoses and couplers) | RJA0196E | Identification: • The gauge face indicates R-134a. Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME |
| Service hoses: • High side hose (J-39500-72B) • Low side hose (J-39500-72R) • Utility hose (J-39500-72Y) | S-NT201 | Hose color: Low side hose: Blue with black stripe High side hose: Red with black stripe Utility hose: Yellow with black stripe or green with black stripe Hose fitting to gauge: 1/2"-16 ACME |
| Service couplers High side coupler (J-39500-20A) Low side coupler (J-39500-24A) | S-NT202 | Hose fitting to service hose: M14 x 1.5 fitting is optional or permanently attached. |
| (J-39699) Refrigerant weight scale | S-NT200 | For measuring of refrigerant Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME |
| — (J-39649) Vacuum pump (Including the isolator valve) | S-NT203 | Capacity: • Air displacement: 4 CFM • Micron rating: 20 microns • Oil capacity: 482 g (17 oz) Fitting size-Thread size • 1/2"-16 ACME |

Commercial Service Tools

| Tool name | | Description |
|---|-----------|--|
| (J-41810-NI) Refrigerant identifier equipment (R- 134a) | RJA0197E | For checking refrigerant purity and system contamination |
| Power tool | | Loosening bolts and nuts |
| | PBIC0190E | |
| (J-44614) | | Clutch disc holding tool |
| Clutch disc holding tool | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | WHA230 | |

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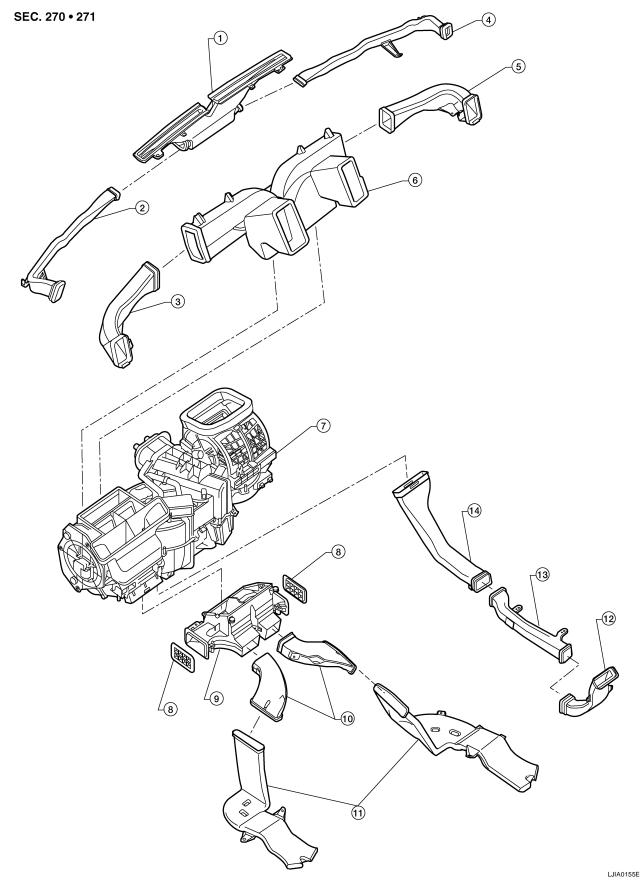
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REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

Components REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

EJS003UX



REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

- Defroster nozzle 1.
- 4. RH side demister duct
- 7. Front heater and cooling unit assembly
- 10. Front ducts
- 13. Center console duct

2 I H side demister duct

- RH ventilator duct
- 5. 8. Floor connector duct grilles
- 11. Floor ducts
- 14. Front console duct
- LH ventilator duct 3.
- 6. Center ventilator duct
- 9 Floor connector duct
- 12. Rear console duct

F

Н

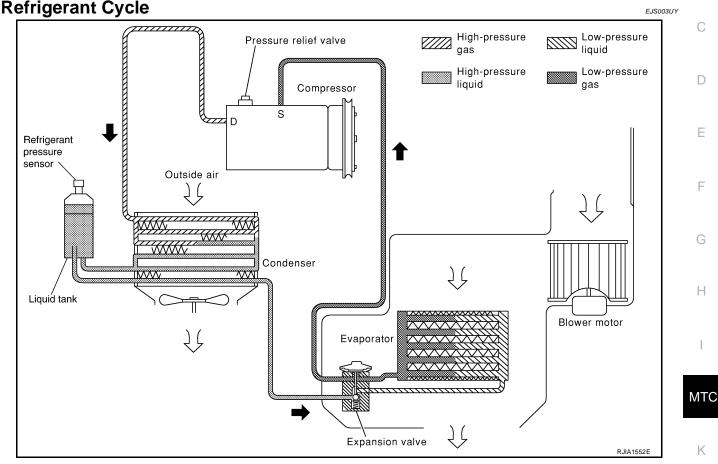
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REFRIGERANT FLOW

The refrigerant flows in the standard pattern. Refrigerant flows through the compressor, condenser, liquid tank, expansion valve, evaporator, and back to the compressor. The refrigerant evaporation through the evaporator coil is controlled by an externally equalized expansion valve, located inside the evaporator case.

FREEZE PROTECTION

The compressor cycles on and off to maintain the evaporator temperature within a specified range. When the evaporator coil temperature falls below a specified point, the intake sensor interrupts the compressor operation. When the evaporator coil temperature rises above the specification, the intake sensor allows compressor operation.

Refrigerant System Protection REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

The refrigerant system is protected against excessively high- or low-pressures by the refrigerant pressure sensor, located on the condenser. If the system pressure rises above or falls below the specifications, the refrigerant pressure sensor detects the pressure inside the refrigerant line and sends a voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM de-energizes the A/C relay to disengage the magnetic compressor clutch when pressure on the high pressure side detected by refrigerant pressure sensor is over about 2,746 kPa (28 kg/cm², 398 psi), or below about 120 kPa (1.22 kg/cm², 17.4 psi).

PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

The refrigerant system is also protected by a pressure relief valve, located in the rear head of the compressor. When the pressure of refrigerant in the system increases to an abnormal level [more than 2,990 kPa (30.5 kg/ $\rm cm^2$, 433.6 psi)], the release port on the pressure relief valve automatically opens and releases refrigerant into the atmosphere.

LUBRICANT

| LUBRICANT PFP:KLG00 | |
|---|---|
| Maintenance of Lubricant Quantity in Compressor | А |
| The lubricant in the compressor circulates through the system with the refrigerant. Add lubricant to compressor when replacing any component or after a large refrigerant leakage has occurred. It is important to maintain the specified amount. | В |
| If lubricant quantity is not maintained properly, the following malfunctions may result: | |
| Lack of lubricant: May lead to a seized compressor | С |
| Excessive lubricant: Inadequate cooling (thermal exchange interference) | |
| LUBRICANT | |
| Name: NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S (DH-PS) or equivalent. Part number: KLH00-PAGS0. | D |
| CHECKING AND ADJUSTING | Е |
| CAUTION: If excessive lubricant leakage is noted, do not perform the lubricant return operation. Start the engine and set the following conditions: | |
| Test Condition | F |
| Engine speed: Idling to 1,200 rpm | |
| A/C switch: On | G |
| Blower speed: Max. position | 9 |
| • Temperature control: Optional [Set so that intake air temperature is 25° to 30° C (77° to 86°F)] | |
| Intake position: Recirculation (企)) | Н |
| Perform lubricant return operation for about ten minutes | |
| Adjust the lubricant quantity according to the following table. | |
| Lubricant Adjusting Procedure for Components Replacement Except Compressor | I |

After replacing any of the following major components, add the correct amount of lubricant to the system.

Amount of Lubricant to be Added

| | Lubricant to be added to system | | |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|
| Part replaced | Amount of lubricant m ℓ (US fl oz, Imp fl oz) | Remarks | ŀ |
| Evaporator | 75 (2.5, 2.6) | | _ |
| Condenser | 75 (2.5, 2.6) | - | l |
| Liquid tank | 5 (0.2, 0.2) | Add if compressor is not replaced. | |
| In appa of refrigerent look | 30 (1.0, 1.1) | Large leak | |
| In case of refrigerant leak | _ | Small leak *1 | N |

*1: If refrigerant leak is small, no addition of lubricant is needed.

Lubricant Adjustment Procedure for Compressor Replacement

- 1. Before connecting recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle, check recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If NG, recover refrigerant from equipment lines.
- Connect recovery/recycling equipment to vehicle. Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/ recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to <u>MTC-4, "Contaminated Refrigerant"</u>.
- Confirm refrigerant purity in vehicle A/C system using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier. If NG, refer to <u>MTC-4</u>, "Contaminated Refrigerant".
- 4. Discharge refrigerant into the refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment. Measure lubricant discharged into the recovery/recycling equipment.
- 5. Drain the lubricant from the "old" (removed) compressor into a graduated container and recover the amount of lubricant drained.
- 6. Drain the lubricant from the "new" compressor into a separate, clean container.
- 7. Measure an amount of new lubricant installed equal to amount drained from "old" compressor. Add this lubricant to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.

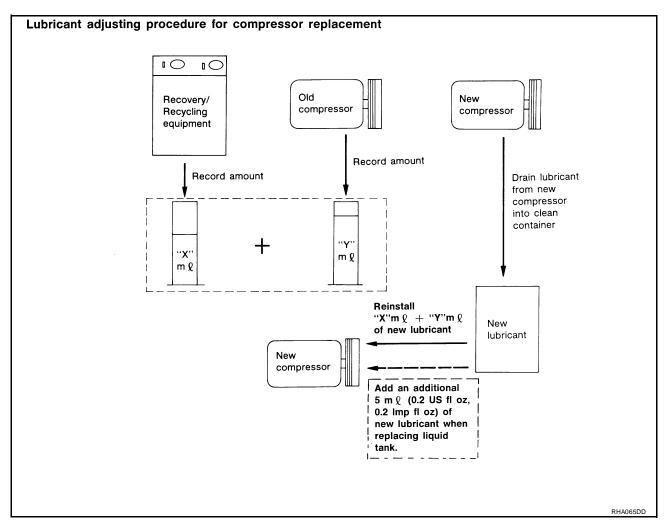
MTC-19

MTC

LUBRICANT

- 8. Measure an amount of new lubricant equal to the amount recovered during discharging. Add this lubricant to "new" compressor through the suction port opening.
- 9. If the liquid tank also needs to be replaced, add an additional 5 m ℓ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 Imp fl oz) of lubricant at this time.

Do not add this 5 m $\ell\,$ (0.2 US fl oz, 0.2 Imp fl oz) of lubricant if only replacing the compressor.



| AIR CONDITIONER CONTROL PFP:27500 | |
|--|-----|
| Description | А |
| The front air control provides regulation of the vehicle's interior temperature. The system is based on the posi- tion of the front air controls temperature switch selected by the driver. This is done by utilizing a microcom- puter, also referred to as the front air control, which receives input signals from the following two sensors: | В |
| Intake sensor PBR (position balanced resistor) | С |
| The front air control uses these signals (including the set position of the temperature switch) to control: | 0 |
| Outlet air volume | |
| Air temperature | D |
| Air distribution | |
| Operation EJS003V2 AIR MIX DOOR CONTROL | Е |
| The air mix door is controlled so that in-vehicle temperature changed based on the position of the temperature | |
| switch. | F |
| BLOWER SPEED CONTROL | |
| Blower speed is controlled based on front blower switch settings. When blower switch is turned, the blower motor starts and increases air flow volume each time the blower switch is turned counterclockwise, and decreases air flow volume each time the blower switch is turned coun- terclockwise. | G |
| When engine coolant temperature is low, the blower motor operation is delayed to prevent cool air from flow- ing. | Н |
| INTAKE DOORS CONTROL The intake doors are controlled by the recirculation switch setting, and the mode (defroster) switch setting. | I |
| MODE DOOR CONTROL | |
| The mode door is controlled by the position of the mode dial. | MTC |
| DEFROSTER DOOR CONTROL | МТС |
| The defroster door is controlled by the defroster dial set to defroster. | |
| MAGNET CLUTCH CONTROL | Κ |
| | |
| | L |
| | |
| A/C SW | Μ |
| MODE SW (defroster) Front air | |
| control Compressor ON Compressor ON | |

When the A/C switch is pressed, or the mode dial is turned to the defroster position, the front air control outputs a compressor ON signal to BCM.

Compressor ON

DATA LINE

ECM

signal

(CAN)

всм

The BCM then sends a compressor ON signal to ECM, via CAN communication line.

Compressor ON

signal

(Intake sensor

OFF SW

WJIA1293E

Refrigerant

pressure

sensor

ECM judges whether compressor can be turned ON, based on each sensor status (refrigerant pressure sensor signal, throttle angle sensor, etc.). If it judges compressor can be turned ON, it sends compressor ON signal to IPDM E/R, via CAN communication line.

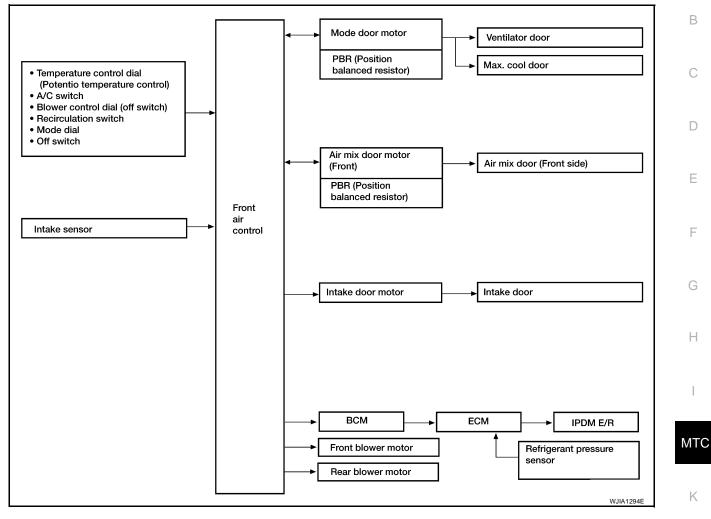
Upon receipt of compressor ON signal from ECM, IPDM E/R turns air conditioner relay ON to operate compressor.

Description of Control System

EJS003V3

А

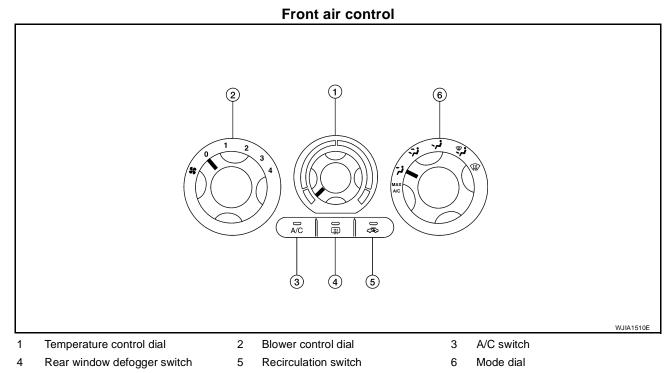
The control system consists of input sensors, switches, the front air control (microcomputer) and outputs. The relationship of these components is shown in the figure below:



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Control Operation





TEMPERATURE CONTROL DIAL (TEMPERATURE CONTROL)

Increases or decreases the set temperature.

C RECIRCULATION () SWITCH

- When REC switch is ON, REC switch indicator turns ON, and air inlet is set to REC.
- When REC switch is turned OFF, or when compressor is turned from ON to OFF, REC switch is automatically turned OFF. REC mode can be re-entered by pressing REC switch again.
- REC switch is not operated when DEF switch is turned ON, or at the D/F position.

W DEFROSTER () SWITCH

Positions the air outlet doors to the defrost position. Also positions the intake doors to the outside air position.

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH

When switch is ON, rear window is defogged.

OFF SWITCH (BLOWER SPEED SET TO 0)

The compressor and blower are OFF.

A/C SWITCH

The compressor is ON or OFF. (Pressing the A/C switch when the AUTO switch is ON will turn off the A/C switch and compressor.)

MODE DIAL

Controls the air discharge outlets.

FRONT BLOWER CONTROL DIAL

Manually controls the four blower speeds.

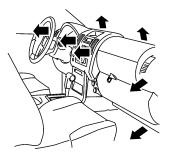
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А

В

С

D



| WJIA1296E |
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|-----------|

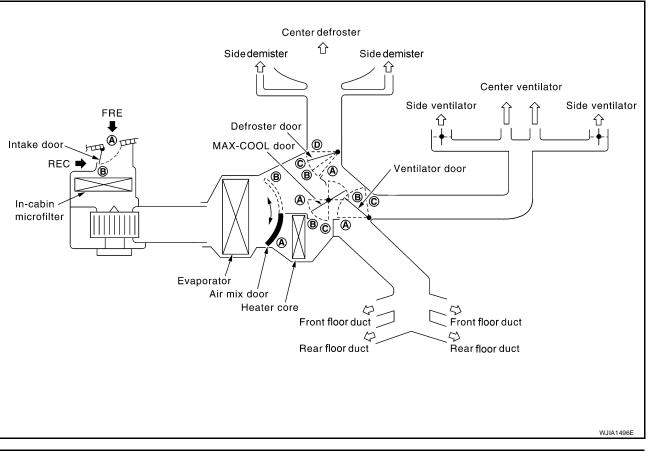
| Mode door position | | Air outlet/distribution | | |
|--------------------|---------------------|--|-----------|--|
| | Vent | Foot | Defroster | |
| 7 | 95% | 5% | _ | |
| U U | 60% | 40% | _ | |
| ن. | 20% | 55% | 25% | |
| | 15% | 50% | 35% | |
| € E | 7% | 15% | 78% | |
| | Airflow always pres | ent at driver and passenger side demisters | | |

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System Description SWITCHES AND THEIR CONTROL FUNCTION



| Position | | MOD | E SW | | DEF | SW | REC | SW | Temp | erature | ədial | OFF |
|-----------------|------------|-----|------|--------|-----|---------------|-----|----|------|----------|-------|-----|
| or | VENT | B/L | FOOT | D/F | ON | ON OFF ON OFF | | | | <i>M</i> | SW | |
| switch Door | • • | نیز | | ₩ • | | | Ś | Ð | | | | |
| | | + | */ | + | = | 0 | | 0 | COLD | ~ | нот | OFF |
| Ventilator door | A | B | © | © | © | | | | | | | © |
| MAX-COOL door | A | B | B | B | © | | | | | | | B |
| Defroster door | D | D | ©₀r© | B | A | | | | | | | © |
| Intake door | | | _ | | B | | ۸ | B | | | | B |
| Air mix door | | | | | | | | | A | | B | |
| | | | | | | | | | 0 | | | |

EJS003V6

WJIA1497E

| CAN Communication System Description | EJS003V7 | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Refer to LAN-24, "CAN COMMUNICATION". | | А |
| | | В |
| | | |
| | | С |
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS CONSULT-II Function (BCM)

PFP:00004

EJS003V8

CONSULT-II can display each diagnostic item using the diagnostic test modes shown following.

| BCM diagnostic test item | Diagnostic mode | Description |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | WORK SUPPORT | Supports inspections and adjustments. Commands are transmitted to the BCM for setting the status suitable for required operation, input/output signals are received from the BCM and received data is displayed. |
| | DATA MONITOR | Displays BCM input/output data in real time. |
| Inspection by part | ACTIVE TEST | Operation of electrical loads can be checked by sending drive signal to them. |
| | SELF-DIAG RESULTS | Displays BCM self-diagnosis results. |
| | CAN DIAG SUPPORT MNTR | The result of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read. |
| | ECU PART NUMBER | BCM part number can be read. |
| | CONFIGURATION | Performs BCM configuration read/write functions. |

CONSULT-II BASIC OPERATION

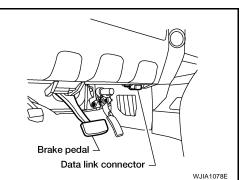
Touch "START (NISSAN BASED VHCL)".

CAUTION:

2.

If CONSULT-II is used with no connection of CONSULT-II CONVERTER, malfunctions might be detected in self-diagnosis depending on control unit which carries out CAN communication.

1. With the ignition switch OFF, connect CONSULT-II and CON-SULT-II CONVERTER to the data link connector, and turn the ignition switch ON.



- CONSULT-II

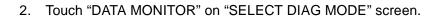
 ENGINE
 START (NISSAN BASED VHCL)
 START (X-BADGE VHCL)
 SUB MODE
 LIGHT COPY
 NOTE: EXAMPLE SHOWN. ACTUAL DISPLAY MAY DIFFER
 BC/A0029E
- 3. Touch "BCM" on "SELECT SYSTEM" screen.

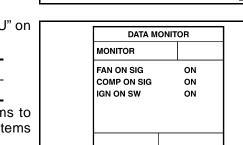
If "BCM" is not indicated, go to <u>GI-39</u>, "CONSULT-II Data Link Connector (DLC) Circuit".

| - | | | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|
| | SE | ELECT | SYSTEM | 1 | |
| | | ENC | GINE | | |
| | | A | /т | | |
| | | A | BS | | |
| | | AIR | BAG | | |
| | | IPDN | /I E/R | | |
| | | вс | м | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | Page | Down | |
| | E | васк | LIGHT | COPY | |
| NOTE: EXAM | IPLE SHOW | WN. AC | TUAL D | SPLAY M | AY DIFFER |

DATA MONITOR

- **Operation Procedure**
- 1. Touch "AIR CONDITIONER" on "SELECT TEST ITEM" screen.





3. Touch either "ALL SIGNALS" or "SELECTION FROM MENU" on "DATA MONITOR" screen.

| All signals | Monitors all the items. |
|---------------------|--|
| Selection from menu | Selects and monitors the individual item selected. |

- 4. When "SELECTION FROM MENU" is selected, touch items to be monitored. When "ALL SIGNALS" is selected, all the items will be monitored.
- 5. Touch "START".
- 6. Touch "RECORD" while monitoring, then the status of the monitored item can be recorded. To stop recording, touch "STOP".

Display Item List

| Monitor iten "OPERATION | | Contents | Μ |
|----------------------------|----------|--|---|
| IGN ON SW | "ON/OFF" | Displays "IGN Position (ON)/OFF, ACC Position (OFF)" status as judged from ignition switch signal. | |
| COMP ON SIG | "ON/OFF" | Displays "COMP (ON)/COMP (OFF)" status as judged from air conditioner switch signal. | |
| FAN ON SIG | "ON/OFF" | Displays "FAN (ON)/FAN (OFF)" status as judged from blower motor switch signal. | |

IMMU AIR CONDITIONER WJIA0468E SELECT DIAG MODE WORK SUPPORT SELF-DIAG RESULTS CAN DIAG SUPPORT MNTR DATA MONITOR ACTIVE TEST ECU PART NUMBER Page Down BACK LIGHT COPY NOTE: EXAMPLE SHOWN. ACTUAL DISPLAY MAY DIFFER. RECORD MODE BACK LIGHT COPY WJIA0469E

SELECT TEST ITEM

WIPER BCM C/U FLASHER А

В

Ε

F

Н

MTC

Κ

L

How to Perform Trouble Diagnosis for Quick and Accurate Repair WORK FLOW

| PAIR/REPLACE JAL CHECK nfirm the repair result by Operational Check. JOK IECK OUT |
|---|
| IAI nfi |

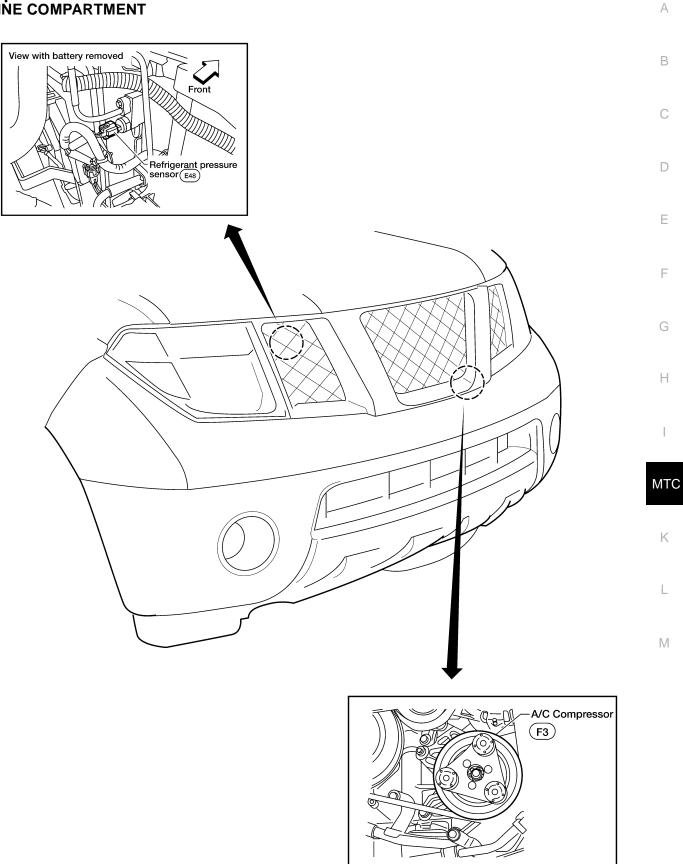
*1 <u>ATC-52, "Operational Check</u> (Front)".

SYMPTOM TABLE

| Symptom | Reference Page | |
|--|---|---------------|
| A/C system does not come on. | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for A/C System. | <u>MTC-42</u> |
| Air outlet does not change. | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Mode Door Motor. | <u>MTC-45</u> |
| Mode door motor is malfunctioning. | | |
| Discharge air temperature does not change. | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Air Mix Door Motor. | <u>MTC-49</u> |
| Air mix door motor is malfunctioning. | | |
| Intake door does not change. | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Intake Door Motor. | <u>MTC-53</u> |
| Intake door motor is malfunctioning. | | |
| Front blower motor operation is malfunction- ing. | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Front Blower Motor. | <u>MTC-57</u> |
| Magnet clutch does not engage. | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Magnet Clutch. | <u>MTC-65</u> |
| Insufficient cooling | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Cooling. | <u>MTC-70</u> |
| Insufficient heating | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Insufficient Heating. | <u>MTC-77</u> |
| Noise | Go to Trouble Diagnosis Procedure for Noise. | <u>MTC-78</u> |

EJS003V9

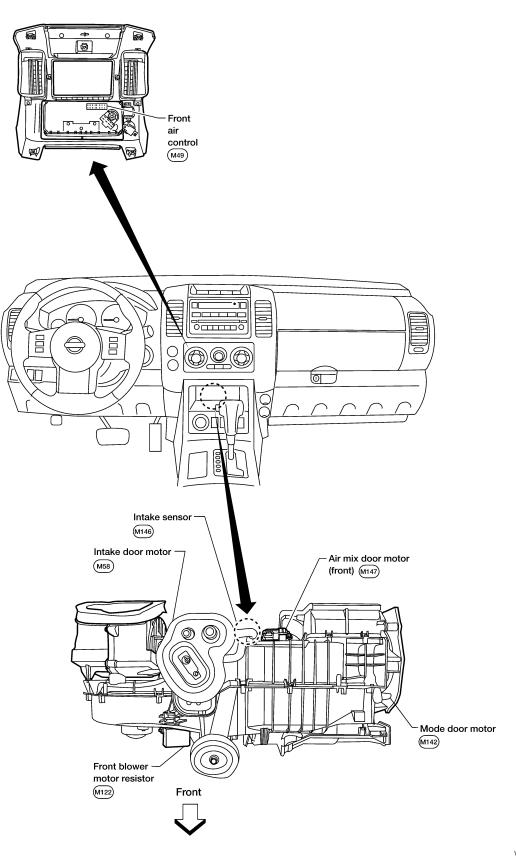
Component Parts and Harness Connector Location ENGINE COMPARTMENT



WJIA1489E

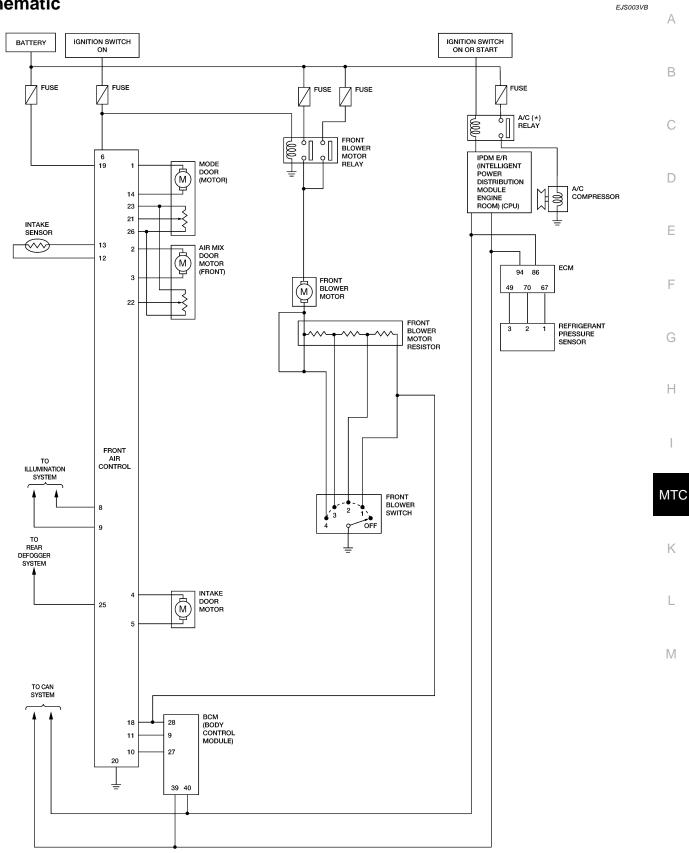
EJS003VA

FRONT PASSENGER COMPARTMENT



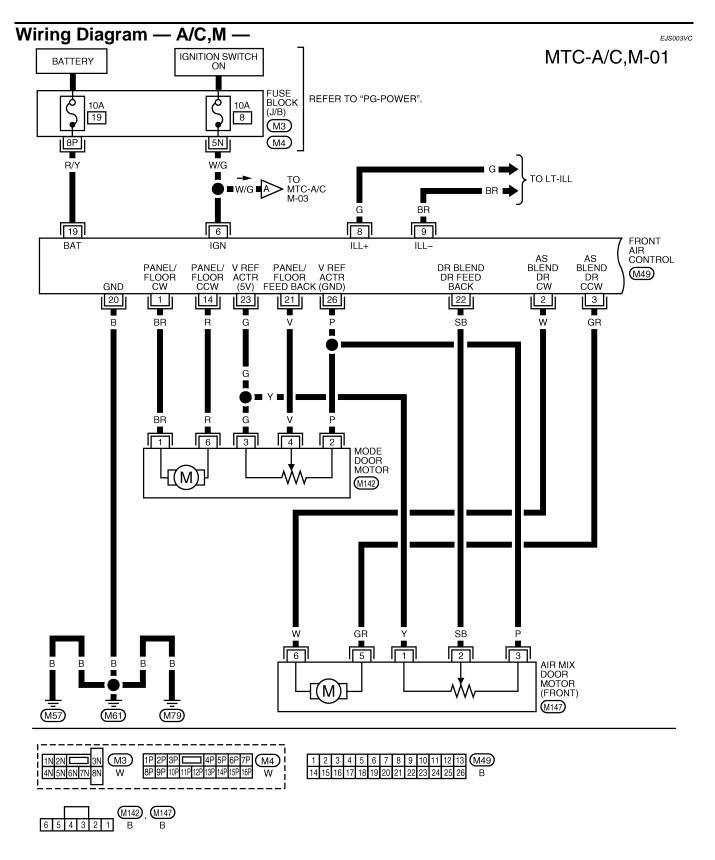
WJIA1301E

Schematic

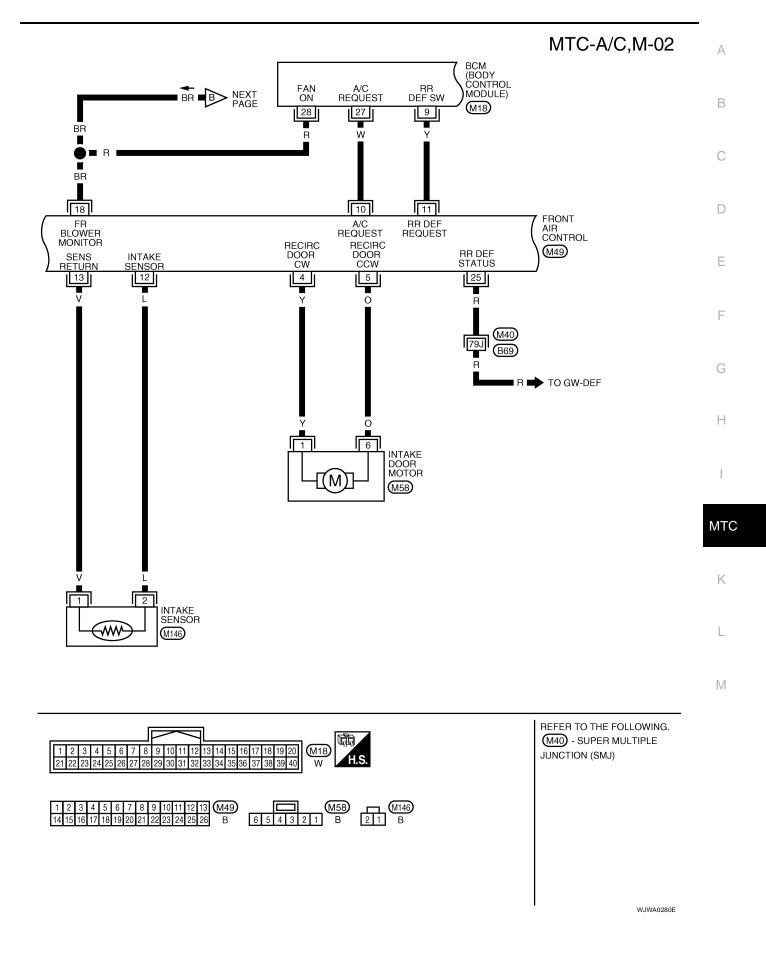


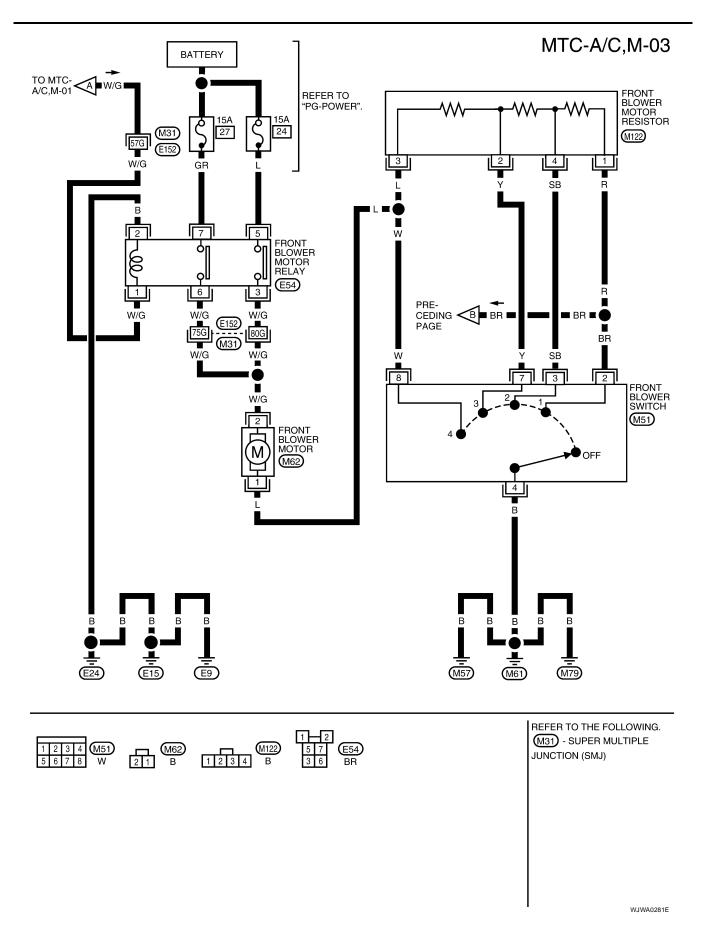
*: THIS RELAY IS BUILT INTO THE IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM)

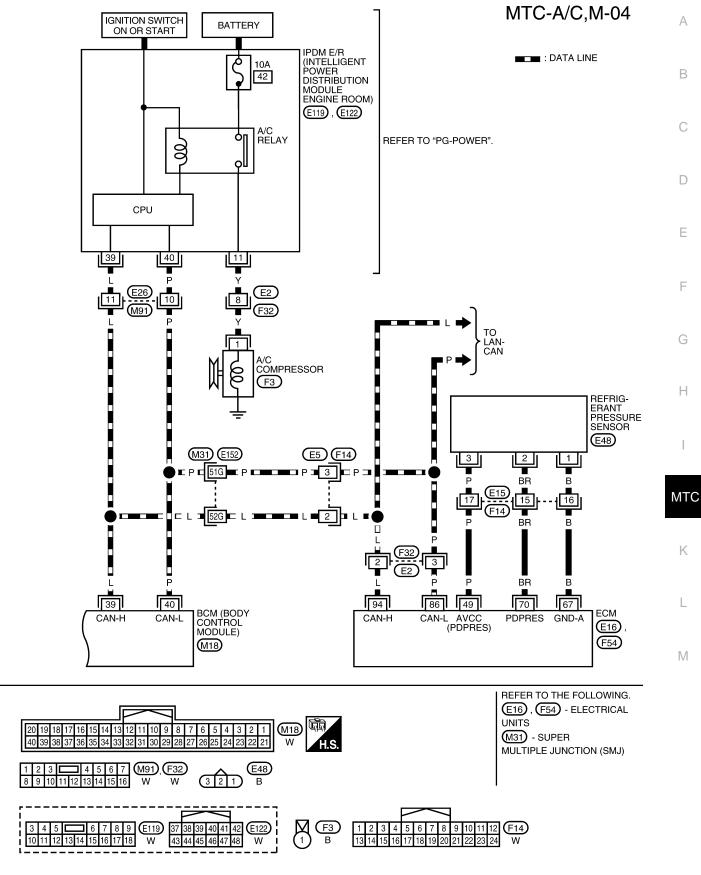
WJWA0197E



WJWA0279E



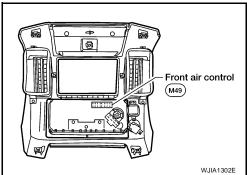




WJWA0199E

Front Air Control Terminals and Reference Value

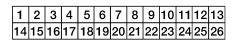
Measure voltage between each terminal and ground by following Terminals and Reference Value for front air control.



EJS003VD

WJIA1303E

PIN CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT





TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

| Termi- nal No. | Wire color | Item | Ignition switch | Condition | Voltage (V) (Approx.) |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| 1 | BR | Mode door motor CW | ON | Clockwise rotation | Battery voltage |
| 2 | W | Air mix door motor (Driver) CW | ON | Clockwise rotation | Battery voltage |
| 3 | G/R | Air mix door motor (Driver) CCW | ON | Counterclockwise rotation | Battery voltage |
| 4 | Y | Intake door motor CW | ON | Clockwise rotation | Battery voltage |
| 5 | 0 | Intake door motor CCW | ON | Counterclockwise rotation | Battery voltage |
| 6 | W/G | Power supply for IGN | ON | - | Battery voltage |
| 8 | G | Illumination + | ON | Park lamps ON | Battery voltage |
| 9 | BR | Illumination - | _ | Park lamps ON | (V) 15 10 5 0 200 ms PIIA2344 |
| 10 | W | Compressor ON signal | ON | A/C switch OFF | 5V |
| 10 | vv | | ON | A/C switch ON | 0V |
| 11 | Y | Rear defrost request | ON | - | Battery voltage |
| 12 | L | Intake sensor | ON | - | 0 - 5V |
| 13 | V | Sensor ground | ON | - | 0 - 5V |
| 14 | R | Mode door motor CCW | ON | Counterclockwise rotation | Battery voltage |
| 10 | | | | Front blower motor OFF | Battery voltage |
| 18 BR | BK | Front blower monitor | ON | Front blower motor ON | 0V |
| 19 | R/Y | Power supply for BAT | - | - | Battery voltage |
| 20 | В | Ground | - | - | 0V |

Revision: November 2005

| Termi- nal No. | Wire color | ltem | Ignition switch | Condition | Voltage (V) (Approx.) | А |
|-------------------|---------------|--|--------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---|
| 21 | V | Mode door motor feedback | ON | - | 0 - 5V | |
| 22 | SB | Air mix door motor (Front) feedback | ON | - | 0 - 5V | D |
| 23 | G | Power supply for mode door motor and air mix door motor (Front) PBR | ON | - | 5V | D |
| 25 | R | Rear defroster request | ON | - | Battery voltage | С |
| 26 | Р | Ground for mode door motor and air mix door motor (Front) PBR | ON | - | 0V | 0 |

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Operational Check

The purpose of the operational check is to confirm that the system operates properly.

Conditions : Engine running and at normal operating temperature

CHECKING BLOWER

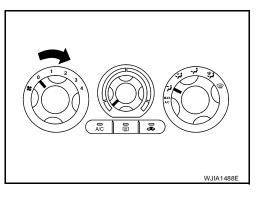
- 1. Turn blower control dial clockwise. Blower should operate on low speed.
- 2. Turn the blower control dial again, and continue checking each blower speed until all speeds are checked.
- 3. Leave blower on speed 4.

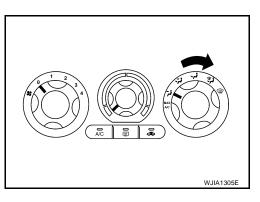
If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for <u>MTC-57</u>, "Front Blower <u>Motor Circuit"</u>.

If OK, continue with next check.

CHECKING DISCHARGE AIR

1. Turn the mode switch to each position.





2. Confirm that discharge air comes out according to the air distribution table.

Mode door position is checked in the next step.

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-45, "Mode Door Motor Circuit" .

If OK, continue with next check.

NOTE:

Confirm that the A/C compressor clutch is engaged (sound or visual inspection) and intake door position is at fresh when the DEF (\mathfrak{P}) or D/F (\mathfrak{P}) is selected.

DISCHARGE AIR FLOW

| Mode door position | Air outlet/distribution | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Vent | Foot | Defroster | | | | | |
| ~7 | 95% | 5% | _ | | | | | |
| ti i | 60% | 40% | _ | | | | | |
| ۍ. | 20% | 55% | 25% | | | | | |
| \$ 2 | 15% | 50% | 35% | | | | | |
| € € | 7% | 15% | 78% | | | | | |
| I | Airflow alway | ys present at side demisters | | | | | | |

EJS003VE

CHECKING RECIRCULATION

- 1. Press recirculation (tor should illuminate.
- 2. Press recirculation (indicator should go off.
- 3. Listen for intake door position change (blower sound should change slightly).

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-53, "Intake Door Motor Circuit".

If OK, continue with next check.

NOTE:

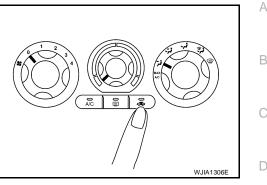
Confirm that the compressor clutch is engaged (sound or visual inspection) and intake door position is at fresh when the DEF or D/F is selected.

CHECKING TEMPERATURE DECREASE

- Rotate temperature control dial counterclockwise.
- 2. Check for cold air at appropriate discharge air outlets.

If NG, listen for sound of air mix door motor operation if OK, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-70, "Insufficient Cooling" . If air mix door motor appears to be malfunctioning, go to MTC-51, "DIAG-NOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT)" .

If OK, continue with next check.



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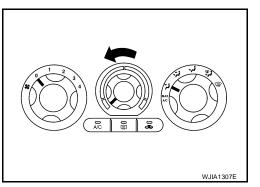
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CHECKING TEMPERATURE INCREASE

- 1. Rotate temperature control dial clockwise.
- 2. Check for hot air at appropriate discharge air outlets.

If NG, listen for sound of air mix door motor operation. If OK, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-77, "Insufficient Heating". If air mix door motor (front) appears to be malfunctioning, go to MTC-51, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT)".

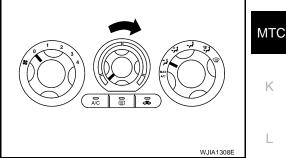
If OK, continue with next check.

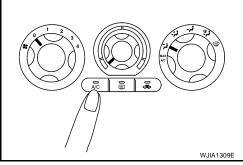


- 1. Press A/C switch with the blower switch ON.
- 2. A/C switch indicator will turn ON.
 - Confirm that the compressor clutch engages (sound or visual inspection).

If NG, go to trouble diagnosis procedure for MTC-65, "Magnet Clutch Circuit".

If OK, continue with next check.





Power Supply and Ground Circuit for Front Air Control

SYMPTOM: A/C system does not come on.

INSPECTION FLOW

- 1. Confirm symptom by performing the following operatonal check. OPERATIONAL CHECK – AUTO mode Blower must be on (1,2,3, or 4) a. Press A/C switch If OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), perform complete operational check (*2). If NG (symptom is confirmed), continue with STEP-2 following. 2. Check for any service bulletins. 3. Check Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit. (*1) 4. Replace front air control (*3).
- *1 <u>ATC-56, "Power Supply and Ground</u> *2 <u>ATC-52, "Operational Check (Front)"</u> *3 <u>MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"</u> <u>Circuit for Front Air Control"</u>.

WJIA1498E

COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Front Air Control

The front air control has a built-in microcomputer which processes information sent from various sensors needed for air conditioner operation. The air mix door motor, mode door motor, intake door motor, defroster door motor, blower motor and compressor are then controlled.

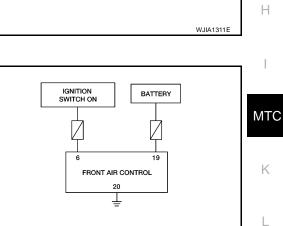
The front air control is unitized with control mechanisms. When the various switches and temperature dials are operated, data is input to the front air control.



The PTC is built into the front air control. It can be set from cold to hot or any intermediate position by rotating the temperature dial.

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR A/C SYSTEM

SYMPTOM: A/C system does not come on.



Front air control

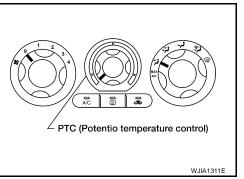
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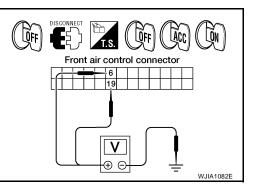


WJIA1461E

1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminals 6 and 19, and ground.

| | Terminals | | Ignition switch position | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------|--------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--|
| | (+) | | | | | |
| Front air control connector | Terminal No. | (-) | OFF | ACC | ON | |
| M49 | 6 | Ground | Approx. 0V | Approx. 0V | Battery voltage | |
| M49 | 19 | Ground | Battery voltage | Battery voltage | Battery voltage | |



OK or NG

NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
 - >> Check 10A fuses [Nos. 8 and 19, located in the fuse block (J/B)]. Refer to PG-81.
 - If fuses are OK, check harness for open circuit. Repair or replace as necessary.
 - If fuses are NG, replace fuse and check harness for short circuit. Repair or replace as necessary.

2. CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL

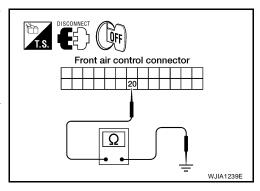
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 20 and ground.

20 - Ground

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>ATC-127, "FRONT</u> <u>AIR CONTROL"</u>.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.

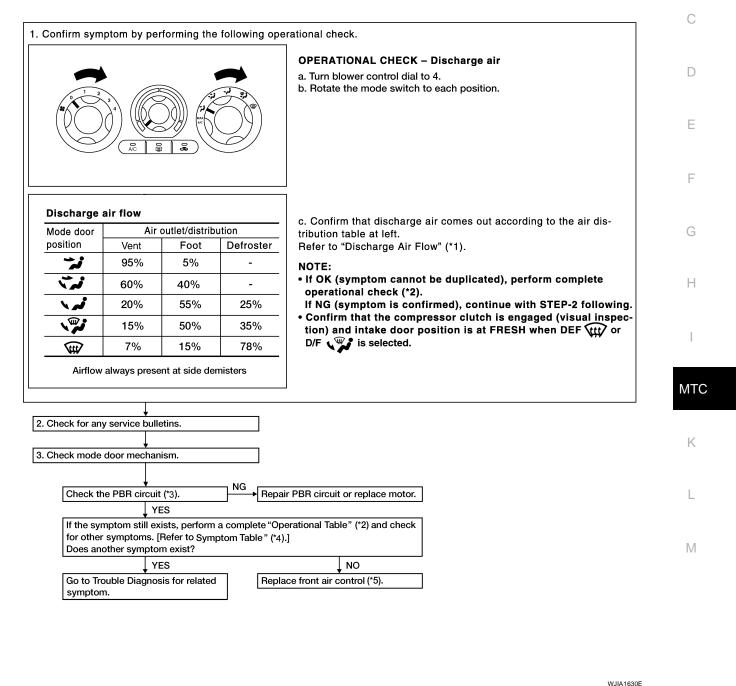


Mode Door Motor Circuit

SYMPTOM:

- Air outlet does not change.
- Mode door motor does not operate normally.

INSPECTION FLOW



- *1 ATC-29, "Discharge Air Flow".
- *2 <u>ATC-52, "Operational Check</u> (Front)".

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*3 ATC-61, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE FOR MODE DOOR MOTOR".

- *4 MTC-30, "SYMPTOM TABLE".
- MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"

Revision: November 2005

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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

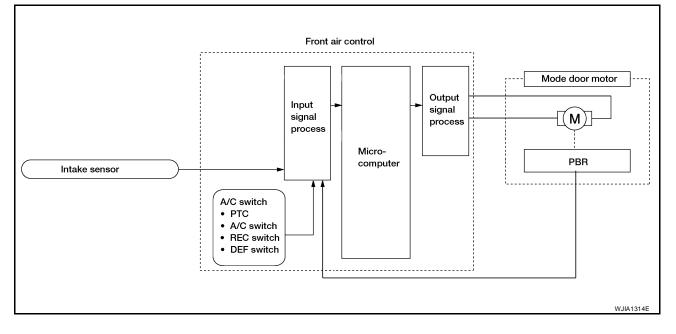
Component Parts

Mode door control system components are:

- Front air control
- Mode door motor
- PBR (built into mode door motor)
- Intake sensor

System Operation

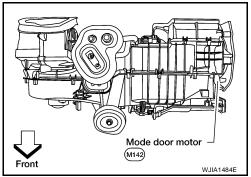
The mode door position (vent, B/L, foot, D/F, and defrost) is set by the front air control by means of the mode door motor. When a mode door position is selected on the front air control, voltage is applied to one circuit of the mode door motor while ground is applied to the other circuit, causing the mode door motor to rotate. The direction of rotation is determined by which circuit has voltage applied to it, and which one has ground applied to it. The front air control monitors the mode door position by measuring the voltage signal on the PBR circuit.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Mode Door Motor

The mode door motor is attached to the heater & cooling unit. It rotates so that air is discharged from the outlet as indicated by the front air control. Motor rotation is conveyed to a link which activates the mode door.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR MODE DOOR MOTOR

1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUITS FOR MODE DOOR MOTOR

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector and mode door motor connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 1 and mode door motor harness connector M142 terminal 1 and between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 14 and mode door motor harness connector M142 terminal 6.

: Continuity should exist.

14 - 6

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

2. CHECK PBR REFERENCE SIGNAL VOLTAGE

- Reconnect the front air control connector. 1.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between mode door motor harness connector M142 terminal 3 and ground.

: Approx. 5V

3 - Ground

OK or NG

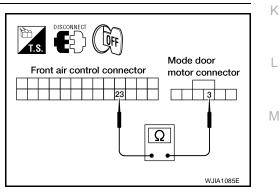
OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.

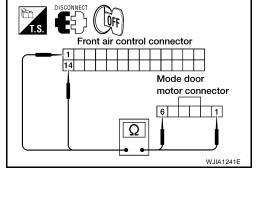
$\mathbf{3.}\,$ check PBR reference voltage circuit between mode door and front air control

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between mode door motor harness connector M142 terminal 3 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 23.
 - 3 23

: Continuity should exist.

- OK or NG
- >> Replace front air control. Refer to ATC-127, "FRONT OK AIR CONTROL".
- NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.





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Mode door

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4. CHECK PBR GROUND REFERENCE CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between mode door motor harness connector M142 terminal 2 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 26.

2 - 26

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

5. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK SIGNAL

- 1. Reconnect the front air control connector and mode door motor connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 21 and ground.
- 4. Press mode switch through all modes.

21 - Ground

: Approx. 0 - 5V

OK or NG

OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>ATC-127, "FRONT</u> <u>AIR CONTROL"</u>.

NG >> GO TO 6.

6. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK CIRCUIT

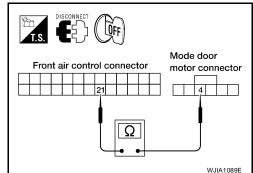
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the mode door motor connector and front air control harness connector.
- 3. Check continuity between mode door motor harness connector M142 terminal 4 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 21.

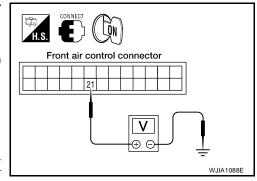
4 - 21

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace mode door motor. Refer to <u>ATC-144, "MODE</u> <u>DOOR MOTOR"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.





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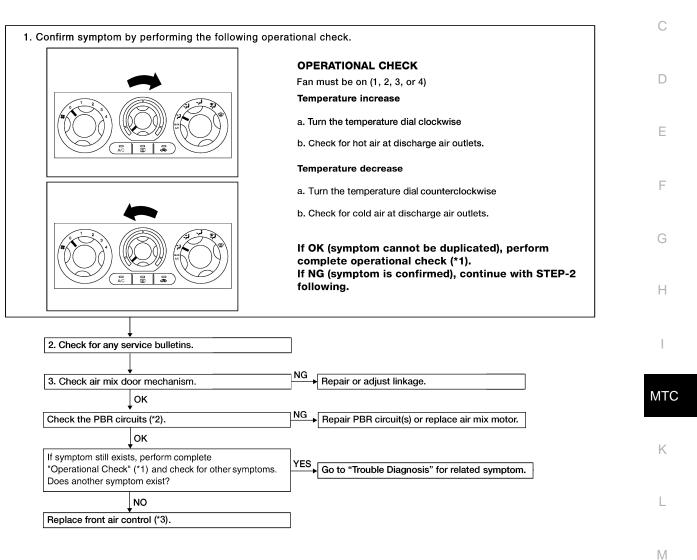
| | ₩ T. | S. | DI | | | л } | $\left(\right)$ | F | F | | | | |
|---|---------|-----|------|----|-----|--------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----------------|
| r | - | | | | | | | | ~ | | | | Mode door |
| - | - F | ror | nt a | ur | COI | ntr | | COI | nne | ect | or | | motor connector |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | 26 | |
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Air Mix Door Motor Circuit

SYMPTOM:

- Discharge air temperature does not change.
- Air mix door motor does not operate.

INSPECTION FLOW



*1 MTC-40, "Operational Check"

*2 <u>MTC-51, "DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-</u> <u>DURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR</u> <u>MOTOR (FRONT)"</u>. MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"

*3

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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

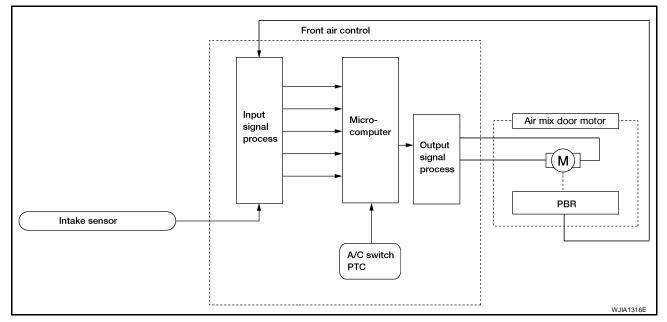
Component Parts

Air mix door control system components are:

- Front air control
- Air mix door motor
- PBR (built into air mix door motor)
- Intake sensor

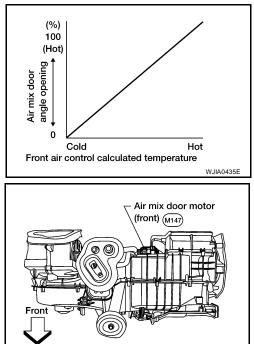
System Operation

The front air control receives data from the temperature selected by the driver. The front air control then applies a voltage to one circuit of the air mix door motor, while ground is applied to the other circuit, causing the air mix door motor to rotate. The direction of rotation is determined by which circuit has voltage applied to it, and which one has ground applied to it. The front air control monitors the air mix door positions by measuring the voltage signal on the PBR circuits of each door.



Air Mix Door Control Specification COMPONENT DESCRIPTION Air Mix Door Motors

The air mix door motor is attached to the front heater & cooling unit. This motor rotates so that the air mix door is opened or closed to a position set by the front air control. Motor rotation is then conveyed through a shaft and the air mix door position is then fed back to the front air control by the PBR built into the air mix door motor.



WJIA1485E

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR (FRONT)

1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS FOR AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector and air mix door motor (front) connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 2 and 3 and air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 terminal 6 and 5.
 - 2 6 3 - 5

: Continuity should exist.

: Approx. 5V

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

2. CHECK PBR REFERENCE SIGNAL VOLTAGE

- 1. Reconnect the front air control connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 terminal 1 and ground.

1 - Ground

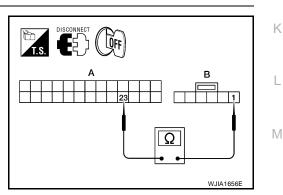
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.

3. Check PBR reference voltage circuit between Air Mix door motor (front) and front Air control

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control connector.
- Check continuity between air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 terminal 1 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 23.

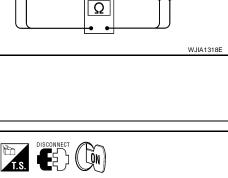
| А | | В | | |
|---------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|----------|------------|
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal | Continuity |
| Front air control: M49 | 23 | Air mix door motor (front): M143 | 1 | Yes |



OK or NG

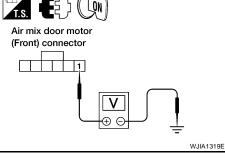
OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>ATC-127, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"</u>.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



Front air control connector

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Air mix door

motor (front)

6 5

connector

4. CHECK PBR GROUND REFERENCE CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 terminal 3 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 26.

3 - 26

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

5. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK SIGNAL

- 1. Reconnect the front air control connector and air mix door motor (front) connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 22 and ground.
- 4. Rotate temperature control dial through complete range.

22 - Ground

: Approx. 0V - 5V

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to <u>ATC-127, "FRONT</u> <u>AIR CONTROL"</u>.
- NG >> GO TO 6.

6. CHECK PBR FEEDBACK CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the air mix door motor (front) connector and front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between air mix door motor (front) harness connector M147 terminal 2 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 22.

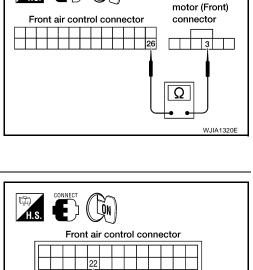
2 - 22

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace air mix door motor (front). Refer to <u>MTC-92,</u> <u>"AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



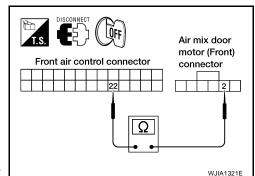


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Air mix door



Intake Door Motor Circuit EJS003VI А SYMPTOM: Intake door does not change. Intake door motor does not operate normally. **INSPECTION FLOW** 1. Confirm symptom by performing the following operational check. a. Turn blower control dial to 4. b. Rotate mode switch to vent mode (🔰). Recirculation indicator should illuminate. c. Press REC (Recirculation indicator should illuminate. d. Press REC (Е REC indicator (2) should go out. A/C e. Listen for intake door position change (you should hear blower sound change slightly). If OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), perform F complete operational check (*1). If NG (symptom is confirmed), continue with STEP-2 following. 2. Check for any service bulletins. Н NG 3. Check intake door mechanism. Repair or adjust linkage οк If the symptom still exists, perform complete "Operational YES Check" (*1) and check for other symptoms. Does another Go to "Trouble Diagnosis" for related code or symptom. symptom exist? MTC NO Replace front air control (*2). Κ

*1 <u>ATC-52, "Operational Check</u> (Front)". *2 MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL".

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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

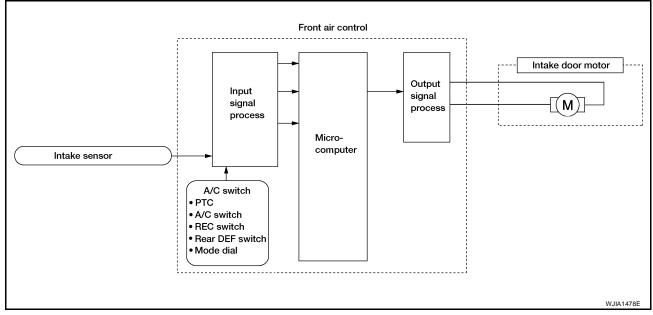
Component Parts

Intake door control system components are:

- Front air control
- Intake door motor
- Intake sensor

System Operation

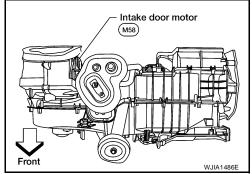
The intake door control determines the intake door position based on the position of the recirculation switch. When the recirculation switch is depressed the intake door motor rotates closing off the fresh air inlet and recirculating the cabin air. If the recirculation switch is depressed again, the intake door motor rotates in the opposite direction, again allowing fresh air into the cabin.



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Intake door motor

The intake door motor is attached to the intake unit. It rotates so that air is drawn from inlets set by the front air control. Motor rotation is conveyed to a lever which activates the intake door.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR INTAKE DOOR MOTOR

1. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUIT VOLTAGE

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect intake door motor connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Rotate the temperature control dial counterclockwise.
- 5. Check voltage between intake door motor harness connector M58 terminal 6 and ground.

6 - Ground

: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.

2. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 5 and intake door motor harness connector M58 terminal 6.

5 - 6

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace front air control connector. Refer to <u>MTC-82,</u> <u>"CONTROL UNIT"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

3. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUIT VOLTAGE

- 1. Rotate the temperature control dial clockwise.
- Check voltage between intake door motor harness connector M58 terminal 1 and ground.

1 - Ground

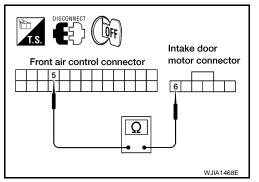
:Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace intake door motor. Refer to <u>ATC-143</u>, "INTAKE <u>DOOR MOTOR"</u>.
- NG >> GO TO 4.



| | K |
|-------------------|---|
| Intake door motor | |
| | |
| connector | |
| | |
| | |
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| | |
| | M |
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| | |
| WJIA1326E | |



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v

Intake door motor connector

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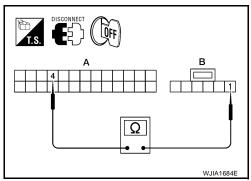
MTC

WJIA1324E

4. CHECK INTAKE DOOR MOTOR CIRCUIT FOR OPEN

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 4 and intake door motor harness connector M58 terminal 1.

| A | | В | | |
|---------------------------|----------|---------------------------|----------|------------|
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal | Continuity |
| Front air control: M49 | 4 | Intake door motor: M58 | 1 | Yes |



OK or NG

- OK >> Replace front air control connector. Refer to <u>MTC-82, "CONTROL UNIT"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

| | nt Blower Motor Circu | lit | | | EJS003VJ |
|---|---|--------------------|---------------|--|----------|
| | PTOM: | <i>.</i> | | | |
| | lower motor operation is mal | functioning. | | | |
| Ρ | ECTION FLOW | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | 1. Confirm symptom by performi | ng the following o | operat | tional check. | |
| | | | | OPERATIONAL CHECK - Blower | |
| | | | ٦ | a. Rotate the front blower control dial clockwise. Blower should operate. | |
| | | the the the | | b. Rotate the front blower control dial clockwise, and continue checking blower speeds | |
| | | | | until all speeds are checked. | |
| | | | | If OK (symptom cannot be duplicated), perform complete operational check (*1). | |
| | | | | If NG (symptom is confirmed), continue with STEP-2 following. | |
| | | | | _ | |
| | | | _ | | |
| | 2. Check for any service bulletins. | | | | |
| | | · | 7 | | |
| | Is blower motor operating under start control? | ing blower speed | NO | Go to diagnostic procedure for blower motor (*2). | |
| | | | | | |
| | YES | | | Check engine coolant temperature sensor circuit (*3). | |
| | If the symptom still exists, perform a | complete | YES | Go to "Trouble Diagnosis" for related symptom. | |
| | "Operational Check" (*1) and check for symptoms. [Refer to Symptom Table | | | Another symptom exists. | |
| | another symptom exist? | | | | |
| | NO Replace front air control (*5). | | 1 | INSPECTION END | |
| | Replace from all control (5). | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
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| | | | | | |
| | MTC 40 "Operational Check" | *2 MTC / | -0 "D | | IA1501E |
| 1 | MTC-40, "Operational Check" | | | NAGNOSTIC PROCE- *3 EC-204, "DTC P0117, P0118 BLOWER MOTOR" SENSOR" | |
| | | | | RONT AIR CONTROL | |
| 4 | MTC-30, "SYMPTOM TABLE". | *5 <u>MTC-8</u> | <u>32, "F</u> | | |

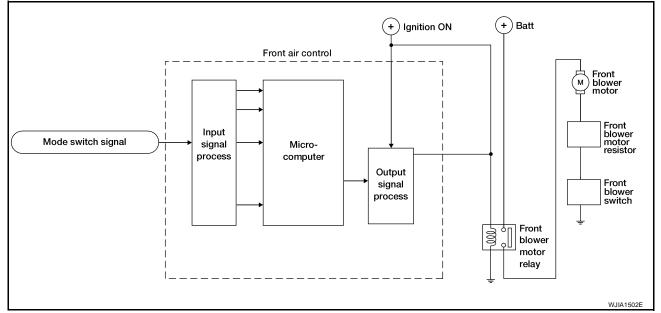
SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Component Parts

Blower speed control system components are:

- Front air control
- Front blower motor resistor
- Front blower motor
- Front blower relay
- Intake sensor

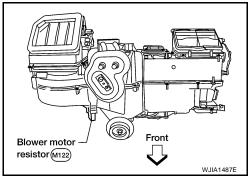
System Operation



COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

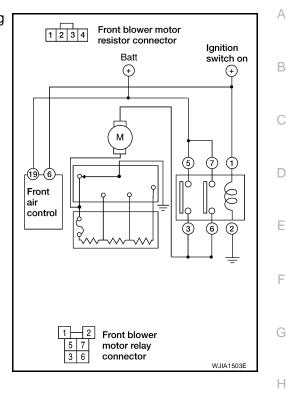
Blower Motor Resistor

The front blower motor resistor is located on the cooling unit. The front blower motor resistor grounds the front blower motor through a series of 1, 2, or 3 resistors, depending upon speed selected. For high speed operation the front blower motor resistor is circumvented and the front blower motor grounds directly.



DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR BLOWER MOTOR

SYMPTOM: Blower motor operation is malfunctioning under starting blower speed control.



1. DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Turn the front blower switch to each of its four speeds. Does blower motor rotate normally at each speed?

YES or NO

- NO >> 1. Does not rotate at any speed, GO TO 2.
 - 2. Does not rotate at 1 3 speed, GO TO 13.
 - 3. Does not rotate at 4 speed, GO TO 16.

2. CHECK FUSES

- Check 15A fuses (Nos. 24 and 27, located in the fuse and fusible link box). Refer to <u>PG-82, "FUSE AND</u> <u>FUSIBLE LINK BOX"</u>.
- Check 10A fuse [No. 8, located in the fuse block (JB)]. Refer to <u>PG-81, "FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION</u> <u>BOX(J/B)"</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 8. MTC

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3. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR POWER SUPPLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front blower motor harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select any front blower speed except OFF.
- 5. Check voltage between front blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 2 and ground.

2 - Ground

: Battery voltage

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 4.

4. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY

1. Turn Ignition switch OFF.

2. Check front blower motor relay. Refer to MTC-63, "Front Blower Motor Relay" .

OK or NG

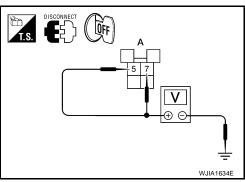
OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace front blower motor relay.

5. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY (SWITCH SIDE)

Check voltage between front blower motor relay harness connector E54 terminals 7 and 5 and ground.

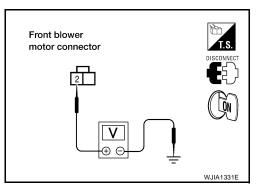
| (+) | A | Condition | Voltage (Approx.) | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Front air control connector | Terminal | (-) | | |
| M54 | 5 | Ground | Blower motor relay power supply | Battery voltage |
| M54 | 7 | Ground | Blower motor relay power supply | Battery voltage |



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

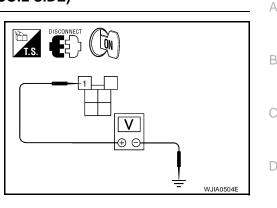
NG >> Repair harness or connector.



6. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY (COIL SIDE)

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between front blower motor relay harness connector E54 terminal 1 and ground.

| | А | | Voltage | |
|-----------------------------|----------|--------|--|-----------------|
| (+) | | | Condition | (Approx.) |
| Front air control connector | Terminal | (-) | | |
| M54 | 1 | Ground | Blower motor relay power supply (coil side) | Battery voltage |



Front blower motor

connector

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DISCONNECT

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Front blower motor

relay connector

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OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

7. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR POWER FROM RELAY TO FRONT BLOWER MOTOR

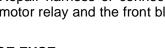
- 1. Turn Ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check continuity between front blower motor relay harness connector E54 terminals 6 and 3 and front blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 2.

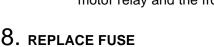
3, 6 - 2

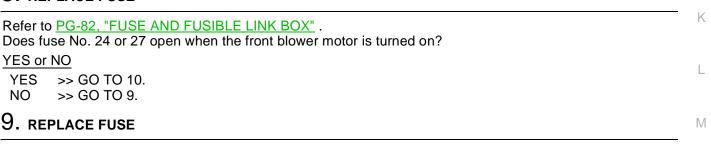
: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector between the front blower motor relay and the front blower motor.







Refer to PG-81, "FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX(J/B)" . Does fuse No. 8 open when the ignition switch is turned ON?

YES or NO

YES >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.

NO >> Inspection End.

10. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR SHORT

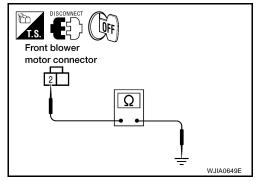
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front blower motor connector.
- Check continuity between front blower motor harness connector M62 terminal 2 and ground.

2 - Ground

: Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness as necessary.



11. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RELAY (SWITCH SIDE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR SHORT

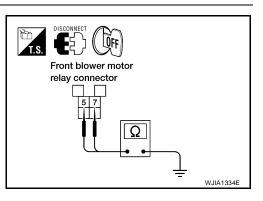
- 1. Disconnect front blower motor relay connector.
- 2. Check continuity between the front blower motor relay harness connector E54 terminal 7 and terminal 5 and ground.

7, 5 - Ground

: Continuity should not exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> Check front blower motor. Refer to <u>MTC-64</u>, "Front <u>Blower Motor"</u>.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.



12. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check front blower motor. Refer to MTC-64, "Front Blower Motor" .

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
- NG >> Replace front blower motor. Refer to <u>MTC-84, "BLOWER MOTOR"</u>.

13. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

Check front blower motor resistor. Refer to MTC-58, "Blower Motor Resistor" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> Replace front blower motor resistor. Refer to MTC-93, "Removal and Installation".

14. CHECK FRONT BLOWER SWITCH

Check front blower switch. Refer to MTC-64, "Front Blower Switch" .

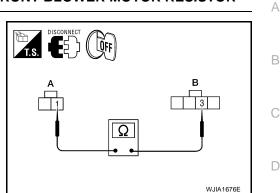
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 15.
- NG >> Replace front blower switch. Refer to <u>MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"</u>.

15. CHECK FRONT BLOWER MOTOR GROUND CIRCUIT TO FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

- 1. Disconnect front blower motor resistor harness connector.
- 2. Check continuity between front blower motor connector M62 terminal 1 and front blower motor resistor harness connector M122 terminal 3.

| A | | В | | |
|----------------------------|----------|---|----------|------------|
| Connector | Terminal | Connector | Terminal | Continuity |
| Front blower motor: M62 | 1 | Front blower motor resistor: M122 | 3 | Yes |



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OK or NG

- OK >> Repair harness or connector between front blower switch connector M51 terminal 4 and ground.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector between front blower motor resistor and front blower motor.

16. CHECK FRONT BLOWER SWITCH

Check front blower switch. Refer to MTC-64, "Front Blower Switch" .

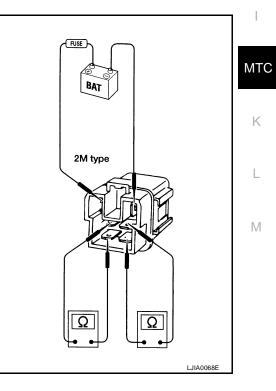
OK or NG

- OK >> Repair harness or connector between front blower motor switch connector M51 terminal 8 and G front blower motor resistor connector M122 terminal 3.
- NG >> Replace front blower switch. Refer to <u>MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"</u>.

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Front Blower Motor Relay

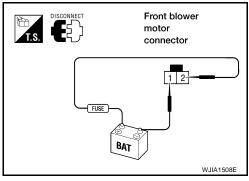
Check continuity between terminals by supplying 12 volts and ground to coil side terminals of relay.



Front Blower Motor

Confirm smooth rotation of the blower motor.

- Ensure that there are no foreign particles inside the blower unit.
- Apply 12 volts to terminal 2 and ground to terminal 1 and verify that the motor operates freely and quietly.



Front Blower Switch

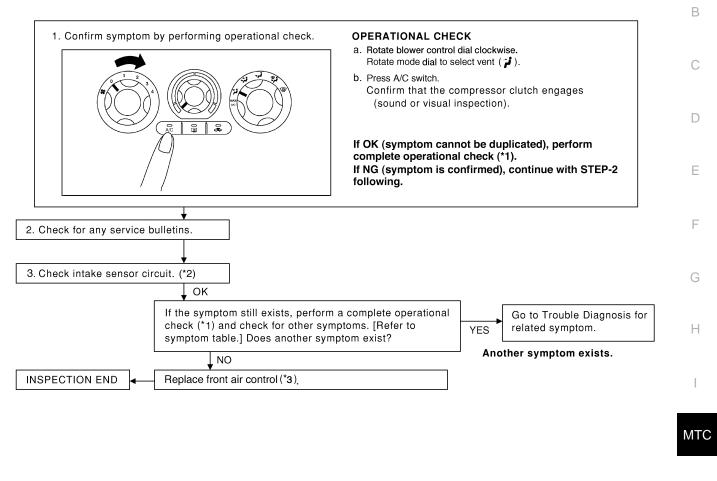
Check continuity between terminals at each switch position.

| 4 3 2 8 7 | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|-----|---|---|---|----|---------|--|
| | SWITCH POSITION TERMINAL 8 7 3 2 4 | OFF | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | |
| | | | | | | WJ | IA0508E | |

Magnet Clutch Circuit

SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage.

INSPECTION FLOW



*1 .<u>ATC-52, "Operational Check</u> *2 <u>ATC-125, "Intake Sensor Circuit"</u>. *3 <u>MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL"</u>. (<u>Front)</u>".

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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The front air control controls compressor operation based on ambient and intake temperature and a signal from ECM.

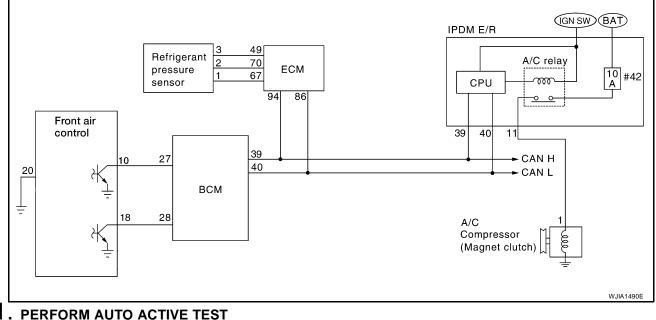
Low Temperature Protection Control

The front air control will turn the compressor ON or OFF as determined by a signal detected by the intake sensor and the ambient sensor.

When intake air temperature is higher than 3.5° C (38.3° F), the compressor turns ON. The compressor turns OFF when intake air temperature is lower than 2.5° C (36.5° F).

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR MAGNET CLUTCH

SYMPTOM: Magnet clutch does not engage when A/C switch is ON.



1

Refer to PG-22, "Auto Active Test" .

Does magnet clutch operate?

YES or NO

>> • (P)WITH CONSULT-II YES GO TO 2.

WITHOUT CONSULT-II

GO TO 8.

NO >> Check 10A fuse (No. 42, located in IPDM E/R), and GO TO 12.

2. CHECK BCM INPUT (A/C COMPRESSOR ON) SIGNAL

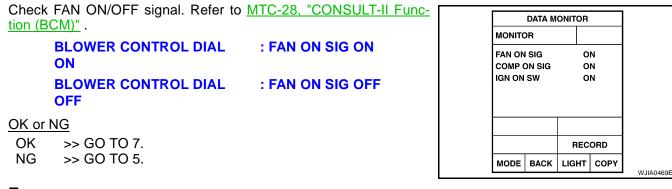
| Check A/C compressor ON/OFF signal. Refer to <u>MTC-28, "CON-</u> SULT-II Function (BCM)". | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------|--|---|------|-------|------|--------|-----|
| | A/C SW ON | : COMP ON SIG ON | | MONITOR FAN ON SIG COMP ON SIG IGN ON SW | | | N | | |
| | A/C SW OFF | : COMP ON SIG OFF | | | | ON | | | |
| OK or | NG | | | | | | | | |
| OK NG | >> GO TO 3. >> GO TO 8. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | RECORD | | | | | |
| | | | | MODE | BACK | LIGHT | COPY | WJIA04 | 69F |

3. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR

Check refrigerant pressure sensor. Refer to <u>EC-691, "REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR"</u> OK or NG

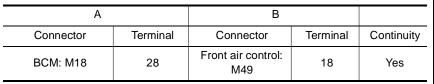
- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor. Refer to <u>MTC-106, "Removal and Installation for Refrigerant</u> <u>Pressure Sensor"</u>.

4. CHECK BCM INPUT (FAN ON) SIGNAL



5. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN BCM AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

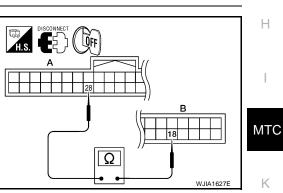
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 terminal 28 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 18.





OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair harness or connector.



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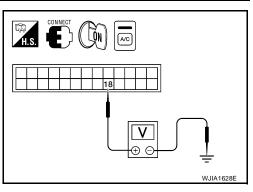
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6. CHECK VOLTAGE FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL (FAN ON SIGNAL)

- 1. Reconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn A/C switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 18 and ground.

| | Terminals | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------|--|-----------|--|--|
| (| +) | (-) | Condition | Voltage | | |
| Front air con- trol connector | Terminal No. | Ť | | (Approx.) | | |
| M49 | 18 | Ground | A/C switch: ON Blower motor operates | 0V | | |
| | | | A/C switch: OFF | 5V | | |



OK or NG

- OK >> Replace BCM. Refer to <u>BCS-20, "Removal and Installation of BCM"</u>.
- NG-1 >> If the voltage is approx. 5V when blower motor is ON, replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-82</u>, <u>"CONTROL UNIT"</u>.
- NG-2 >> If the voltage is approx. 0V when blower motor is OFF, replace BCM. Refer to <u>BCS-20, "Removal</u> and Installation of BCM".

7. CHECK CAN COMMUNICATION

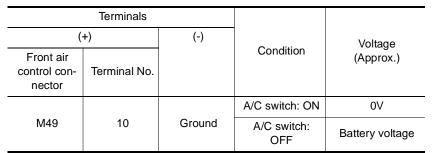
Check CAN communication. Refer to LAN-24, "CAN COMMUNICATION" .

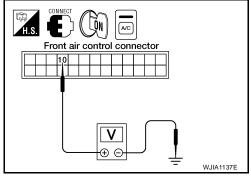
OK or NG

- OK >> Inspection End.
- NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part(s).

8. CHECK VOLTAGE FOR FRONT AIR CONTROL (A/C COMPRESSOR ON SIGNAL)

- 1. Reconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between front air control harness connector M49 terminal 10 and ground.





OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG-1 >> If the voltage is approx. 5V when A/C switch is ON, replace front air control. Refer to <u>MTC-82</u>, <u>"CONTROL UNIT"</u>.
- NG-2 >> If the voltage is approx. 0V when A/C switch is OFF, replace BCM. Refer to <u>BCS-20, "Removal</u> <u>and Installation of BCM"</u>.

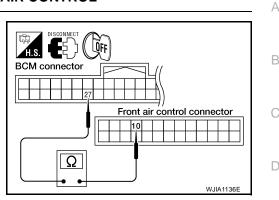
9. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN BCM AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

- 1. Disconnect BCM connector and front air control connector.
- Check continuity between BCM harness connector M18 terminal 27 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 10.
 - 27 10

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.



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10. CHECK INTAKE SENSOR CIRCUITS



- OK >> GO TO 11.
- NG >> Replace intake sensor. Refer to <u>MTC-83</u>, "INTAKE SENSOR".

11. CHECK CAN COMMUNICATION

Check CAN communication. Refer to LAN-24, "CAN COMMUNICATION" .

OK or NG

OK >> Replace BCM. Refer to <u>BCS-20, "Removal and Installation of BCM"</u>.

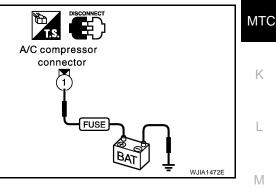
NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning part(s).

12. CHECK MAGNET CLUTCH CIRCUIT

Check for operation sound when applying battery voltage to terminal.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 13.
- NG >> Replace magnet clutch. Refer to <u>MTC-102, "Removal</u> and Installation for Compressor Clutch".



13. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN IPDM E/R AND A/C COMPRESSOR

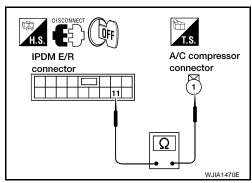
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R connector and A/C compressor (magnet clutch) connector.
- Check continuity between IPDM E/R harness connector E119 terminal 11 and A/C compressor harness connector F3 terminal 1.

11 – 1

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

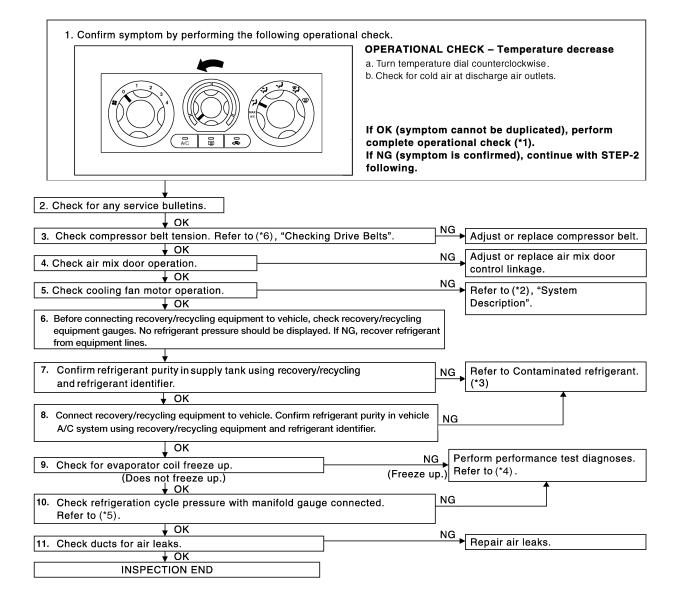
- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PG-29, "Removal and Installation of IPDM E/R".
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.



Insufficient Cooling

SYMPTOM: Insufficient cooling

INSPECTION FLOW



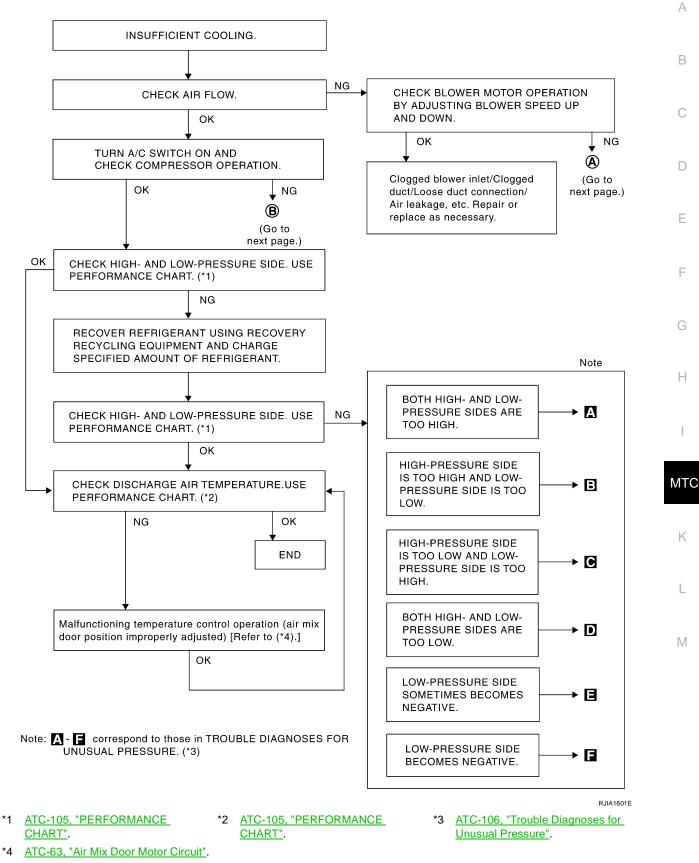
*1 .<u>ATC-52, "Operational Check</u> (Front)". *2 EC-463, "SYSTEM DESCRIPTION". *3 ATC-5, "Contaminated Refrigerant".

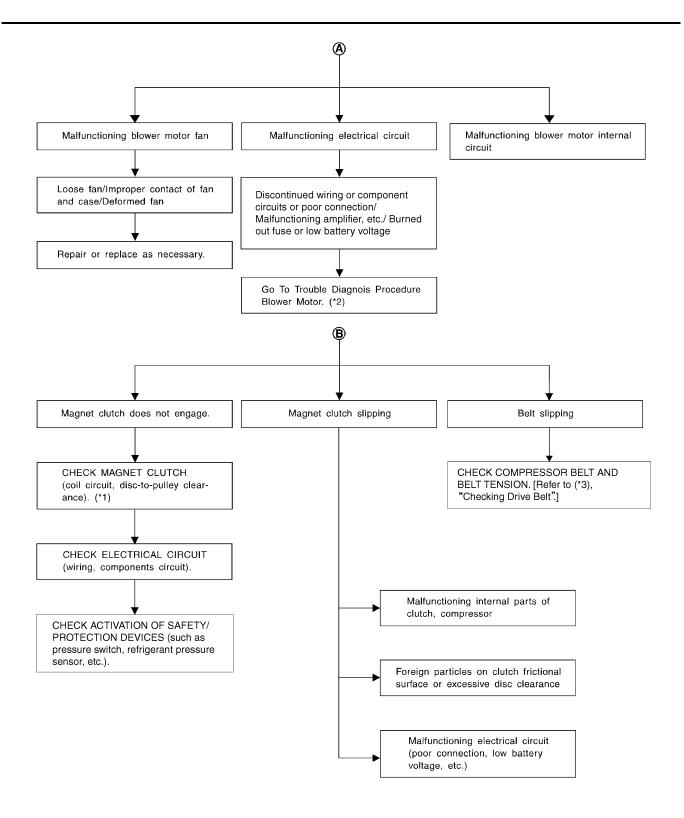
- *6 MA-13, "Checking Drive Belts"
- *4 <u>ATC-103, "PERFORMANCE TEST</u> *5 <u>ATC-105, "Test Reading"</u> DIAGNOSES".

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PERFORMANCE TEST DIAGNOSES





for Compressor Clutch".

*1 ATC-159, "Removal and Installation *2 ATC-75, "Front Blower Motor Cir-<u>cuit"</u>.

RJIA3107E *3 MA-13, "Checking Drive Belts".

PERFORMANCE CHART Test Condition

Testing must be performed as follows:

| Vehicle location | Indoors or in the shade (in a well-ventilated place) | B |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Doors | Closed | |
| Door window | Open | |
| Hood | Open | С |
| TEMP. | Max. COLD | |
| Mode switch | Ventilation) set | D |
| Recirculation (REC) switch | (Recirculation) set | |
| SBlower speed | Max. speed set | |
| Engine speed | Idle speed | E |
| Operate the air conditioning system | for 10 minutes before taking measurements. | |

Test Reading

Recirculating-to-discharge Air Temperature Table

| Inside air (Recirculating air | r) at blower assembly inlet | Discharge ein temperature at conten ventileter | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|------|
| Relative humidity % | Air temperature °C (°F) | Discharge air temperature at center ventilator °C (°F) | (|
| | 20 (68) | 5.3 - 6.5 (42 - 44) | |
| | 25 (77) | 9.7 - 11.5 (49 - 53) | |
| 50 - 60 | 30 (86) | 13.8 - 16.3 (57 - 61) | |
| | 35 (95) | 18.0 - 21.2 (64 - 70) | |
| | 40 (104) | 22.2 - 25.7 (72 - 78) | |
| | 20 (68) | 6.5 - 7.7 (44 - 46) | |
| | 25 (77) | 11.5 - 13.3 (53 - 56) | —— M |
| 60 - 70 | 30 (86) | 16.3 - 18.8 (61 - 66) | |
| | 35 (95) | 21.2 - 24.0 (70 - 75) | |
| _ | 40 (104) | 25.7 - 29.2 (78 - 85) | |

Ambient Air Temperature-to-operating Pressure Table

| Ambient air Relative humidity Air temperature % °C (°F) | | High-pressure (Discharge side) | Low-pressure (Suction side) kPa (kg/cm ² , psi) | |
|---|----------|---|---|--|
| | | kPa (kg/cm ² , psi) | | |
| | 20 (68) | 680 - 840 (6.94 - 8.57, 98.6 - 121.8) | 160 - 198 (1.63 - 2.02, 23.2 - 28.7) | |
| - | 25 (77) | 800 - 985 (8.16 - 10.05, 116.0 - 142.8) | 198 - 245 (2.02 - 2.50, 28.7 - 35.5) | |
| 50 - 70 | 30 (86) | 940 - 1,150 (9.59 - 11.73, 136.3 - 166.8) | 225 - 278 (2.30 - 2.84, 32.6 - 40.3) | |
| - | 35 (95) | 1,160 - 1,410 (11.83 - 14.38, 168.2 - 204.5) | 273 - 335 (2.78 - 3.42, 39.6 - 48.6) | |
| - | 40 (104) | 1,325 - 1,620 (13.52 - 16.52, 192.1 - 234.9) | 325 - 398 (3.32 - 4.06, 47.1 - 57.7) | |

Revision: November 2005

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR UNUSUAL PRESSURE

Whenever system's high and/or low side pressure is unusual, diagnose using a manifold gauge. The marker above the gauge scale in the following tables indicates the standard (usual) pressure range. Since the standard (usual) pressure, however, differs from vehicle to vehicle, refer to above table (Ambient air temperature-to-operating pressure table).

Both High- and Low-pressure Sides are Too High

| Gauge indication | Refrigerant cycle | Probable cause | Corrective action |
|--|--|--|--|
| | Pressure is reduced soon after water is splashed on condenser. | water is splashed on | |
| | Air suction by cooling fan is insufficient. | Insufficient condenser cooling performance ↓ 1. Condenser fins are clogged. 2. Improper fan rotation of cooling fan | Clean condenser. Check and repair cooling fan if necessary. |
| Both high- and low-pressure sides are too high. | Low-pressure pipe is not cold. When compressor is stopped high-pressure value quickly drops by approximately 196 kPa (2 kg/cm², 28 psi). It then decreases gradually thereafter. | Poor heat exchange in con- denser (After compressor operation stops, high-pressure decreases too slowly.) ↓ Air in refrigeration cycle | Evacuate and recharge sys- tem. |
| Ф "Д Ф _{АС359А} | Engine tends to overheat. | Engine cooling systems mal- function. | Check and repair engine cool- ing system. |
| | An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet. Plates are sometimes covered with frost. | Excessive liquid refrigerant on low-pressure side Excessive refrigerant dis- charge flow Expansion valve is open a little compared with the specification. ↓ Improper expansion valve adjustment | Replace expansion valve. |

High-pressure Side is Too High and Low-pressure Side is Too Low

| Gauge indication | Refrigerant cycle | Probable cause | Corrective action |
|---|--|---|---|
| High-pressure side is too high and low-pressure side is too low. | Upper side of condenser and high-pressure side are hot, however, liquid tank is not so hot. | High-pressure tube or parts located between compressor and condenser are clogged or crushed. | Check and repair or replace malfunctioning parts. Check lubricant for contami- nation. |

High-pressure Side is Too Low and Low-pressure Side is Too High

| Gauge indication | Refrigerant cycle | Probable cause | Corrective action | |
|--|--|--|---------------------|--|
| High-pressure side is too low and low-pressure side is too high. | High- and low-pressure sides become equal soon after com- pressor operation stops. | Compressor pressure opera- tion is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor packings. | Replace compressor. | |
| | No temperature difference between high- and low-pres- sure sides. | Compressor pressure opera- tion is improper. ↓ Damaged inside compressor packings. | Replace compressor. | |

Both High- and Low-pressure Sides are Too Low

| Gauge indication | Refrigerant cycle | Probable cause | Corrective action | E |
|--|--|---|--|----|
| Both high- and low-pressure sides are too low. | There is a big temperature difference between liquit tand outlet and inlet. Outlet temperature is extremely low. Liquid tank inlet and expansion valve are frosted. | Liquid tank inside is slightly clogged. | Replace liquid tank. Check lubricant for contamination. | F |
| | Temperature of expansion valve inlet is extremely low as compared with areas near liquid tank. Expansion valve inlet may be frosted. Temperature difference occurs somewhere in high- pressure side. | High-pressure pipe located between liquit tank and expan- sion valve is clogged. | Check and repair malfunctioning parts. Check lubricant for contamination. | H |
| | Expansion valve and liquid tank are warm or only cool when touched. | Low refrigerant charge. ↓ Leaking fittings or compo- nents. | Check refrigerant system for leaks. Refer to <u>ATC-170,</u> <u>"Checking for Refrigerant</u> <u>Leaks"</u> . | MT |
| | There is a big temperature dif- ference between expansion valve inlet and outlet while the valve itself is frosted. | Expansion valve closes a little compared with the specification. ↓ 1. Improper expansion valve adjustment. 2. Malfunctioning expansion valve. 3. Outlet and inlet may be clogged. | Remove foreign particles by using compressed air. Check lubricant for contami- nation. | K |
| | An area of the low-pressure pipe is colder than areas near the evaporator outlet. | Low-pressure pipe is clogged or crushed. | Check and repair malfunctioning parts. Check lubricant for contamination. | |
| | Air flow volume is too low. | Evaporator is frozen. | Check intake sensor circuit. Refer to <u>ATC-125</u>, "Intake <u>Sensor Circuit</u>". Replace compressor. Repair evaporator fins. Replace evaporator. Refer to <u>ATC-75</u>, "Front <u>Blower Motor Circuit</u>". | |

Low-pressure Side Sometimes Becomes Negative

| Gauge indication | Refrigerant cycle | Probable cause | Corrective action |
|--|--|--|--|
| Low-pressure side sometimes becomes negative. | Air conditioning system does not function and does not cyclically cool the com- partment air. The system constantly func- tions for a certain period of time after compressor is stopped and restarted. | Refrigerant does not dis- charge cyclically. ↓ Moisture is frozen at expan- sion valve outlet and inlet. ↓ Water is mixed with refriger- ant. | Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrigerant. Replace liquid tank. |

Low-pressure Side Becomes Negative

| Gauge indication | Refrigerant cycle | Probable cause | Corrective action |
|------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Gauge indication | | Probable cause High-pressure side is closed and refrigerant does not flow. | Corrective action Leave the system at rest until no frost is present. Start it again to check whether or not the malfunction is caused by water or foreign particles. • If water is the cause, initially cooling is okay. Then the water freezes causing a blockage. Drain water from refrigerant or replace refrig- erant. |
| | | ↓ Expansion valve or liquid tank is frosted. | If due to foreign particles, remove expansion valve and remove the particles with dry and compressed air (not shop air). |
| g A0362A | | | If either of the above meth- ods cannot correct the mal- function, replace expansion valve. |
| | | | Replace liquid tank. |
| | | | Check lubricant for contami- nation. |

Insufficient Heating

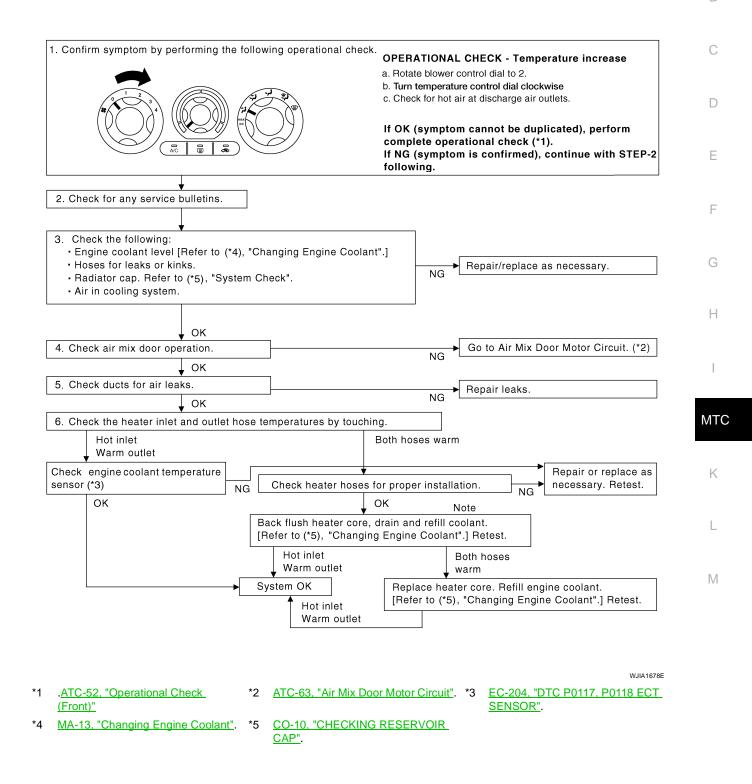
SYMPTOM: Insufficient heating

INSPECTION FLOW

EJS003VM

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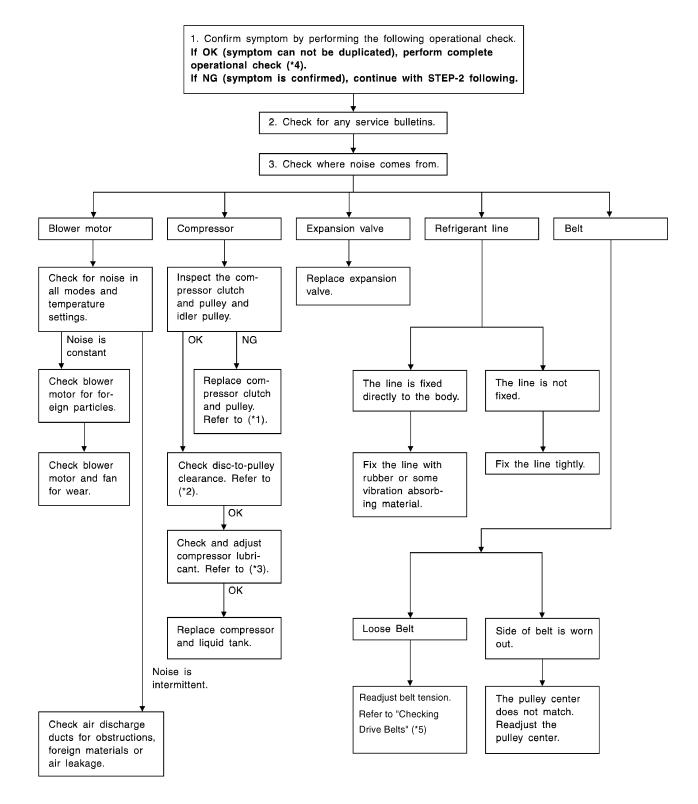
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Noise

SYMPTOM: Noise

INSPECTION FLOW



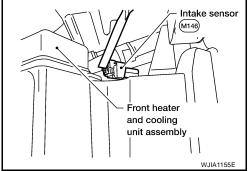
EJS003VN

| *1 | ATC-159, "REMOVAL". | *2 | ATC-160, "INSTALLATION". | *3 | ATC-22, "Maintenance of Lubricant Quantity in Compressor". | А |
|----|-------------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|---|-----|
| *4 | ATC-52, "Operational Check (Front)" | *5 | MA-13, "Checking Drive Belts". | | <u>dana, a compresso</u> . | |
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Intake Sensor Circuit COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Intake Sensor

The intake sensor is located on top of the heater and cooling unit assembly next to the A/C evaporator cover. It converts temperature of air after it passes through the evaporator into a resistance value which is then input to the front air control.



Intake sensor

Front air control

12

EJS003VO

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE FOR INTAKE SENSOR

SYMPTOM: Intake sensor circuit is open or shorted.



- 1. Disconnect intake sensor connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between intake sensor harness connector M146 terminal 2 and ground.

2 - Ground

: Approx. 5V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 4.

2. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN INTAKE SENSOR AND FRONT AIR CONTROL

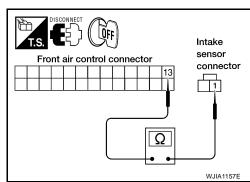
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front air control connector.
- 3. Check continuity between intake sensor harness connector M146 terminal 1 and front air control harness connector M49 terminal 13.

1 - 13

: Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair harness or connector.



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WJIA1156E

WJIA1278E

3. CHECK INTAKE SENSOR

А Refer to ATC-126, "Intake Sensor" . OK or NG OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL". NG >> Replace intake sensor. Refer to MTC-83, "INTAKE SENSOR" . 4. CHECK CIRCUIT CONTINUITY BETWEEN INTAKE SENSOR AND FRONT AIR CONTROL 1. Turn ignition switch OFF. DISCONNECT 2. Disconnect front air control connector. s j **O**FF Check continuity between intake sensor harness connector Intake sensor 3. Front air control connector connector M146 terminal 2 and front air control harness connector M49 ter-12 minal 12. 2 Ε 2 - 12 : Continuity should exist. Check continuity between intake sensor harness connector 4. Ω M146 terminal 2 and ground. F 2 - Ground : Continuity should not exist. WJIA1158E OK or NG OK >> Replace front air control. Refer to MTC-82, "FRONT AIR CONTROL" . NG >> Repair harness or connector. Н **COMPONENT INSPECTION Intake Sensor** After disconnecting intake sensor connector, measure resistance Intake sensor between terminals 1 and 2 at sensor harness side, using the table (M146) below. Temperature °C (°F) Resistance kΩ MTC -15 (5) 209.0 -10(14)160.0 Front heater Κ and cooling -5 (23) 123.0 unit assembly 0 (32) 95.8 5 (41) 74.9 L Front 10 (50) 58.9 15 (59) 46.7 Μ 20 (68) 37.3 T.S. 1 2 25 (77) 30.0 30 (86) 24.2 35 (95) 19.7 40 (104) 16.1 Ω 45 (113) 13.2 WJIA1159E

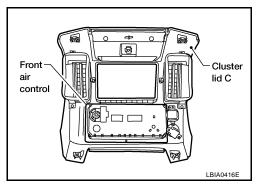
If NG, replace intake sensor.

CONTROL UNIT

Removal and Installation FRONT AIR CONTROL

Removal

- 1. Remove cluster lid C. Refer to IP-11, "CLUSTER LID C".
- 2. Remove the four screws securing the front air control to cluster lid C.
- 3. Remove the front air control.



Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

PFP:27500

EJS003VP

INTAKE SENSOR

INTAKE SENSOR PFP:27723 А **Removal and Installation** FJS003VQ REMOVAL Remove the front kick plate. Refer to EI-28, "KICK PLATES" . 1. В 2. Remove the lower dash side finisher. Refer to EI-28, "LOWER DASH SIDE FINISHER". 3. Remove the front pillar lower finisher. Refer to EI-28, "FRONT PILLAR LOWER FINISHER". 4. Remove the assist grip handle 5. Remove the front pillar upper finisher. Refer to EI-28, "FRONT PILLAR UPPER FINISHER". 6. Remove the lower glove box. Refer to IP-14, "LOWER INSTRUMENT PANEL RH AND GLOVE BOX" . D 7. Remove the upper glove box (cluster lid E). Refer to IP-10, "INSTRUMENT PANEL ASSEMBLY" . 8. Disconnect the intake sensor electrical connector. Intake NOTE: sensor Ε The intake sensor is located on the top of the heater and cooling unit assembly next to the A/C evaporator cover. 9. Twist the intake sensor to remove the intake sensor from the F heater and cooling unit assembly. Heater and cooling unit assembly WJIA1415E Н

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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BLOWER MOTOR

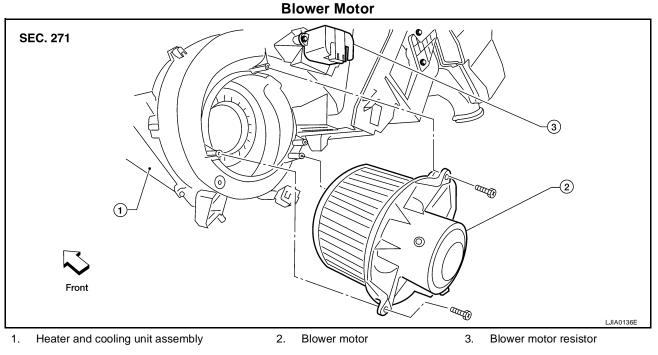
BLOWER MOTOR

Components

PFP:27226



EJS003VS



Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the lower glove box assembly. Refer to <u>IP-14, "LOWER INSTRUMENT PANEL RH AND GLOVE</u> <u>BOX"</u>.
- 2. Disconnect the blower motor electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the three screws and remove the blower motor.

INSTALLATION

IN-CABIN MICROFILTER

Removal and Installation FUNCTION

The air inside the passenger compartment is filtered by the in-cabin microfilters when the heater or A/C controls are set on either the recirculation or fresh mode. The two in-cabin microfilters are located in the heater and cooling unit assembly.



Replacement of the two in-cabin microfilters is recommended on a regular interval depending on the driving conditions. Refer to MA-7, "PERIODIC MAINTENANCE". It may also be necessary to replace the two in-cabin microfilters as part of a component replacement if the in-cabin microfilters are damaged.

REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE

1. Open the lower glove box and press in on the sides so that it will open completely allowing it to hang by the cord.

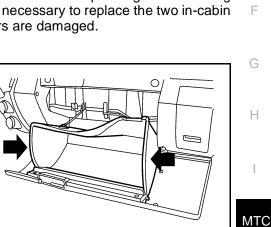
- 2. Remove the screw and remove the in-cabin microfilter cover.
- Remove the in-cabin microfilters from the heater and cooling 3. unit housing.

4.

ing unit housing and slide it over to the right. Insert the second new in-cabin microfilter into the heater and cooling unit housing. NOTE: The in-cabin microfilters are marked with air flow arrows. The

Insert the first new in-cabin microfilter into the heater and cool-

end of the microfilter with the arrow should face the rear of the vehicle. The arrows should point downward.



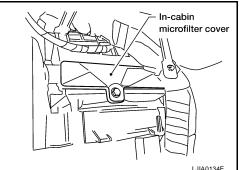
Fresh air

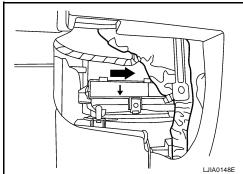
In-cabin microfilter

air

Purified

Evaporator





LJIA0134E

PFP:27277

Recirculation

air

Blower motor

LJIA0012E

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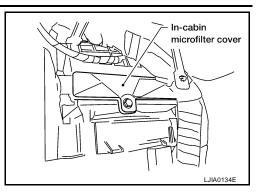
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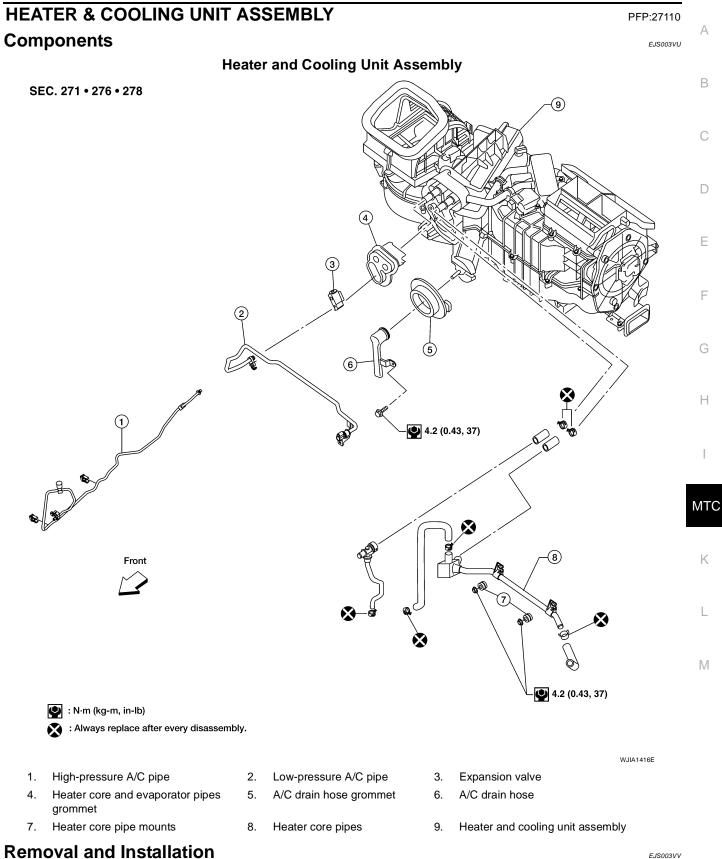
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IN-CABIN MICROFILTER

5. Install the in-cabin microfilter cover.



6. Close the lower glove box completely.



Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant from the A/C system. Refer to ATC-154, "Discharging Refrigerant" .
- 2. Drain the coolant from the engine cooling system. Refer to MA-13, "DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT" .
- 3. Disconnect the battery negative and positive terminals.

HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEMBLY

- 4. Remove the RH heater core pipes nut.
- 5. Disconnect the heater core hoses from the heater core.
- 6. Disconnect the high- and low-pressure A/C pipes from the expansion valve.
- 7. Move the two front seats to the rearmost position on the seat track.
- 8. Remove the instrument panel and console panel. Refer to <u>IP-10</u>, <u>"Removal and Installation"</u>.
- 9. Remove the two front floor ducts.
- 10. Remove the steering column. Refer to <u>PS-10, "Removal and</u> <u>Installation"</u>.
- panel. Refer to IP-10, PS-10, "Removal and

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RH heater

pipes nut

11 11 1

core

- 11. Disconnect the instrument panel wire harness at the RH and LH in-line connector brackets, and the fuse block (SMJ) electrical connectors. Refer to <u>PG-40</u>, "Harness Layout".
- 12. Remove the covers then remove the three steering member bolts from each side to disconnect the steering member from the vehicle body.
- 13. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly with it attached to the steering member, from the vehicle. **CAUTION:**
 - Use care not to damage the seats and interior trim panels when removing the heater and cooling unit assembly with it attached to the steering member.
 - Use suitable plugs on the heater core pipes to prevent coolant leakage.
- 14. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly from the steering member.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure A/C pipe and high-pressure A/C pipe with a new one, and apply compressor oil to the O-ring for installation. Refer to <u>MTC-100, "Components"</u>.
- After charging the refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to ATC-170, "Checking for Refrigerant Leaks"

NOTE:

- Fill the engine cooling system with the specified coolant mixture. Refer to <u>MA-14</u>, "<u>REFILLING ENGINE</u> <u>COOLANT</u>".
- Recharge the A/C system. Refer to <u>ATC-154, "Evacuating System and Charging Refrigerant"</u>.

HEATER CORE

HEATER CORE Components

PFP:27140

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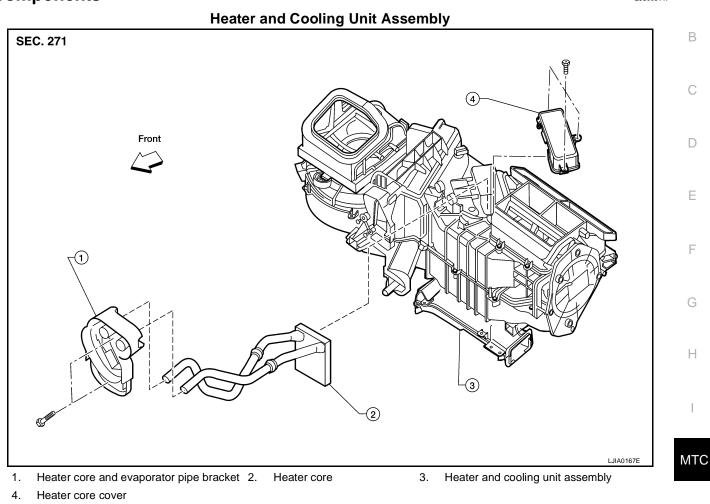
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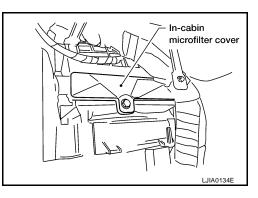


Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to <u>MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-BLY"</u>.
- 2. Remove the three screws and remove the heater core cover.
- 3. Remove the heater core and evaporator pipe bracket.
- 4. Remove the heater core.

NOTE:

If the in-cabin microfilters are contaminated from coolant leaking from the heater core, replace the in-cabin microfilters with new ones before installing the new heater core.



INSTALLATION

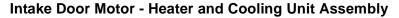
INTAKE DOOR MOTOR

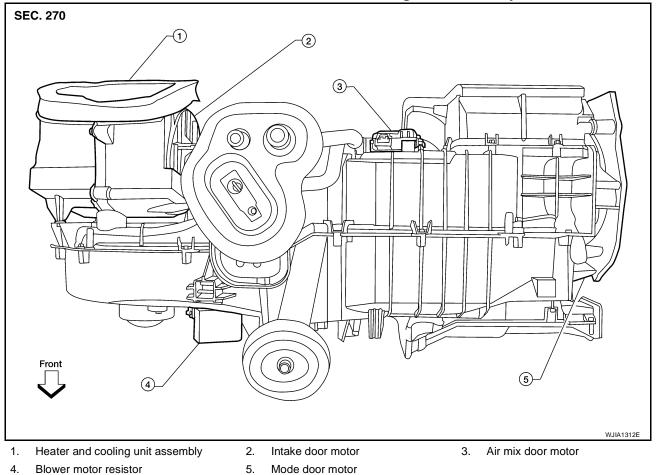
INTAKE DOOR MOTOR

PFP:27730

Removal and Installation

EJS003VY





REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-BLY"}}$.
- 2. Remove the steering member from the heater and cooling unit assembly.
- 3. Disconnect the intake door motor electrical connector.
- 4. Remove the three screws and remove the intake door motor.

INSTALLATION

MODE DOOR MOTOR

MODE DOOR MOTOR



Removal and Installation

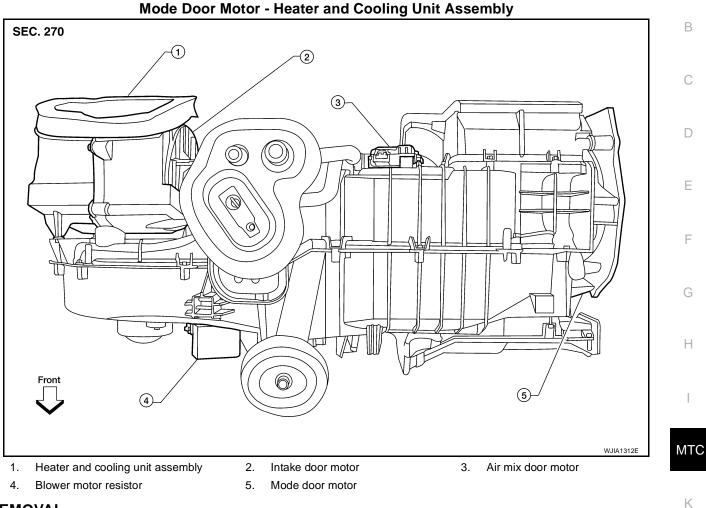
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REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the lower instrument panel LH. Refer to IP-13, "LOWER INSTRUMENT PANEL LH".
- 2. Disconnect the mode door motor electrical connector.
- 3. Remove the three screws and remove the mode door motor.

INSTALLATION

AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

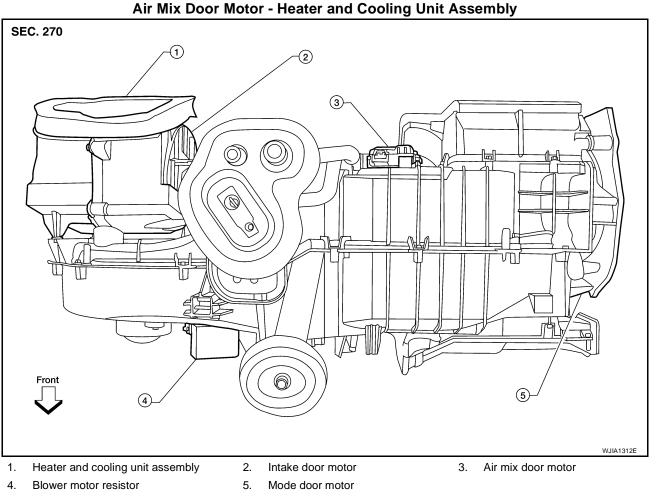
AIR MIX DOOR MOTOR

PFP:27732

Components

EJS003W0

EJS003W1



Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-BLY"}}$.
- 2. Remove the steering member from the heater and cooling unit assembly.
- 3. Disconnect the air mix door motor electrical connector.
- 4. Remove the three screws and remove the air mix door motor.

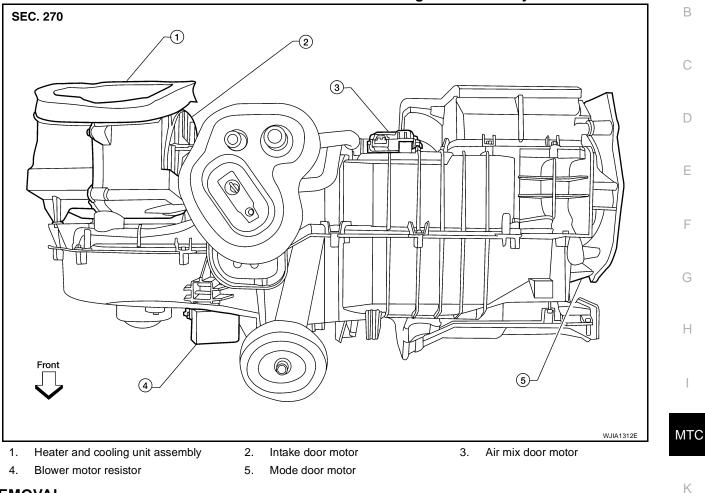
INSTALLATION

FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

FRONT BLOWER MOTOR RESISTOR

Removal and Installation

Blower Motor Resistor - Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly



REMOVAL

- 1. Disconnect the blower motor resistor electrical connector.
- 2. Remove the two screws and remove the blower motor resistor.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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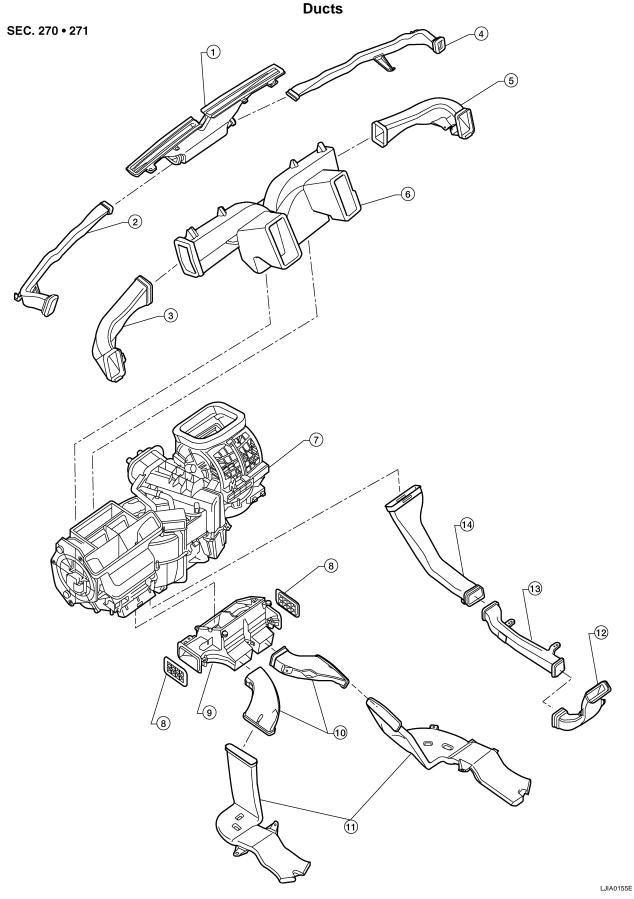
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DUCTS AND GRILLES Components

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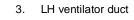
EJS003W3



DUCTS AND GRILLES

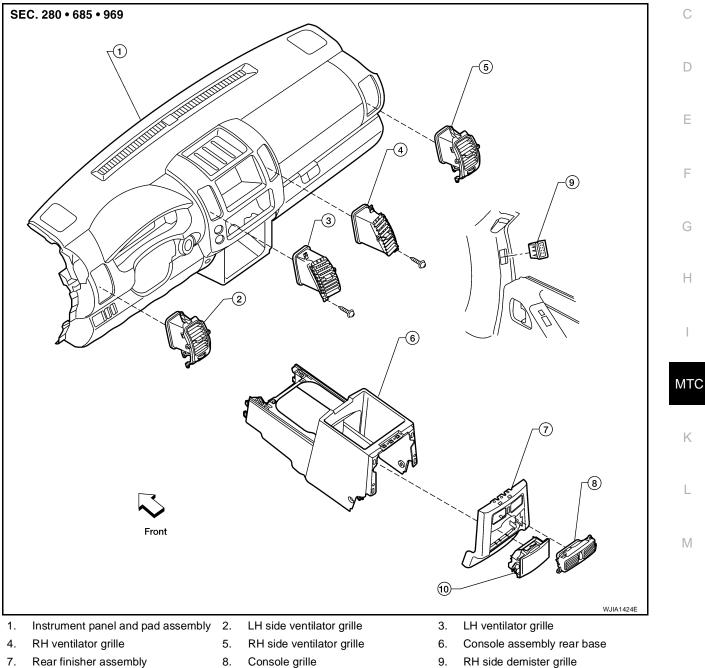
- 2. LH side demister duct
- 5. RH ventilator duct
- 8. Floor connector duct grilles
- 11. Floor floor ducts
- 14. Front console duct

Grilles



6. Center ventilator duct А

- 9. Floor connector duct
- 12. Rear console duct



MTC-95

EJS003W4

10. Rear cup holder assembly

CONSOLE DUCTS AND CONSOLE GRILLE

Removal

1.

4.

7.

Defroster nozzle

10. Front floor ducts

13. Center console duct

RH side demister duct

Front heater and cooling unit assembly

The center console must be removed and disassembled to remove the console ducts and the console grille. Refer to IP-15, "CENTER CONSOLE" .

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

- 8. Console grille
- **Removal and Installation**

RH side demister grille

DEFROSTER NOZZLE

Removal

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-BLY"}}$.
- 2. Remove the defroster nozzle.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

RH AND LH SIDE DEMISTER DUCTS

Removal

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-BLY"}}$.
- 2. Remove the RH or LH side demister duct.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

RH AND LH VENTILATOR DUCTS

Removal

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to <u>MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-</u> <u>BLY"</u>.
- 2. Remove the RH or LH ventilator duct.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

CENTER VENTILATOR DUCT

Removal

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-BLY"}}$.
- 2. Remove the defroster nozzle.
- 3. Remove the RH and LH ventilator ducts.
- 4. Remove the RH and LH side demister ducts.
- 5. Remove the center ventilator duct.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

FLOOR CONNECTOR DUCT

Removal

- 1. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-BLY"}}$.
- 2. Remove the floor connector duct.

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

FRONT AND REAR FLOOR DUCTS

Removal

- 1. Remove the floor carpet. Refer to EI-29, "FLOOR TRIM" .
- 2. Remove the clips and front and rear floor ducts.

Installation

Removal

| 1. | Remove the interior trim panel as necessary that contains the grille to be removed. Refer to IP-10, | |
|----|---|---|
| | "INSTRUMENT PANEL ASSEMBLY" and EI-27, "BODY SIDE TRIM" | |
| 2. | Remove the grille from the interior trim panel. | В |

Installation

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

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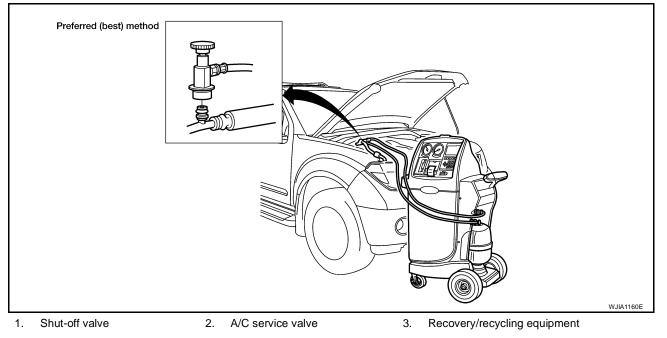
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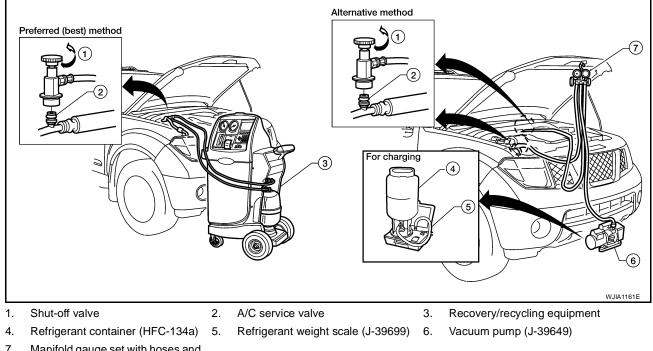
HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure SETTING OF SERVICE TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT Discharging Refrigerant



WARNING:

Avoid breathing A/C refrigerant and lubricant vapor or mist. Exposure may irritate eyes, nose and throat. Remove HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant from the A/C system using certified service equipment meeting requirements of SAE J2210 HFC-134a (R-134a) recycling equipment or SAE J2201 HFC-134a (R-134a) recovery equipment. If an accidental system discharge occurs, ventilate the work area before resuming service. Additional health and safety information may be obtained from the refrigerant and lubricant manufacturers.

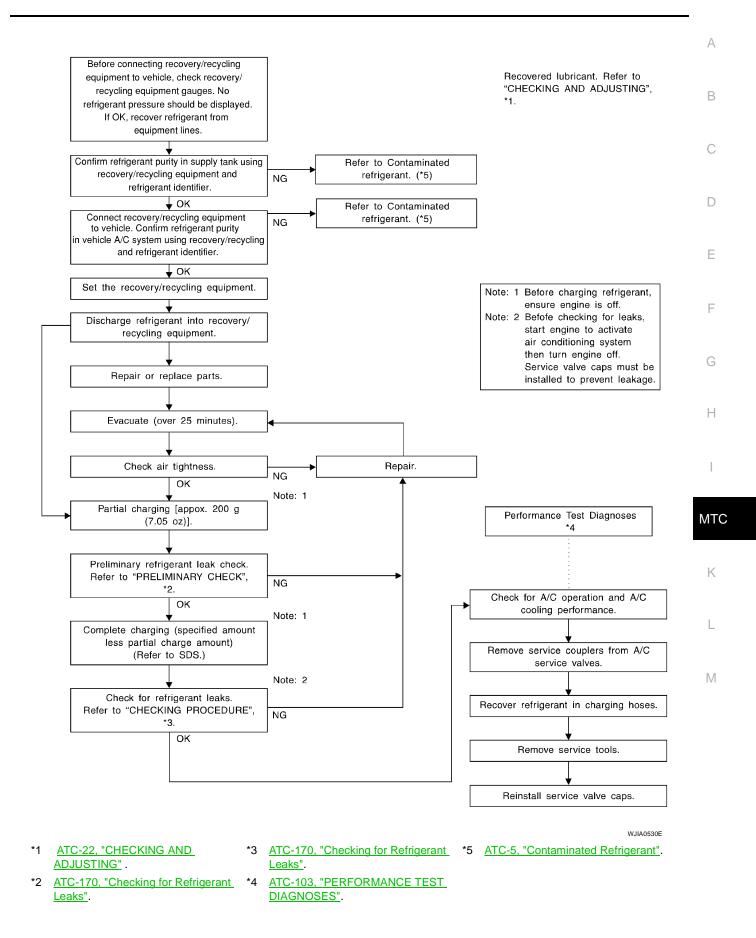
Evacuating System and Charging Refrigerant



7. Manifold gauge set with hoses and couplers (J-39183-C)

Revision: November 2005



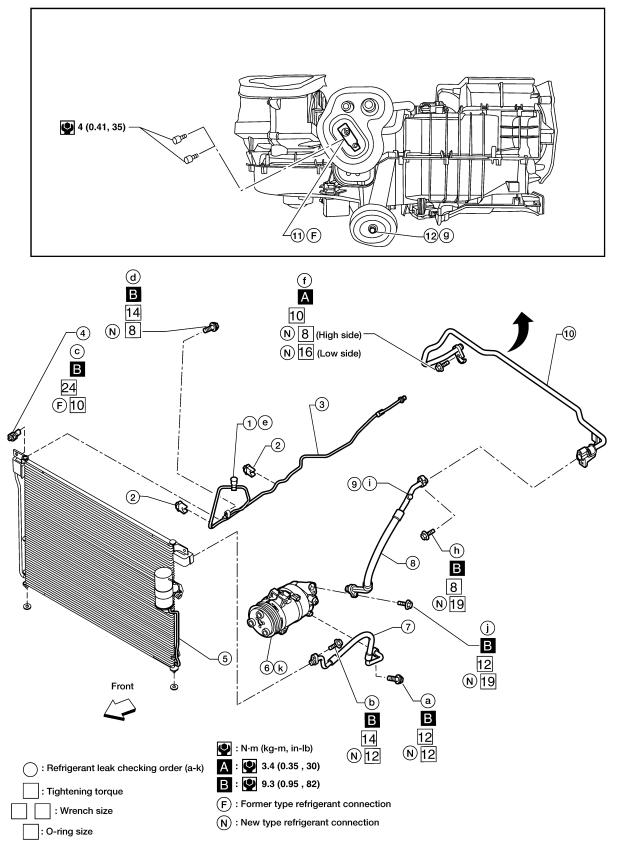


Components

A/C Compressor and Condenser

EJS003W6

SEC. 270 • 271 • 274 • 276• 278



WJIA1253E

Low-pressure flexible A/C hose

- High-pressure service valve 1.
- Clip 2. 5. Condenser

11. Expansion valve

8.

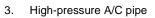
- Refrigerant pressure sensor
- 7. High-pressure flexible A/C hose
- 10. Low-pressure A/C pipe

NOTE:

4.

Refer to MTC-6, "Precautions for Refrigerant Connection" .

Removal and Installation for Compressor **COMPONENTS**



А

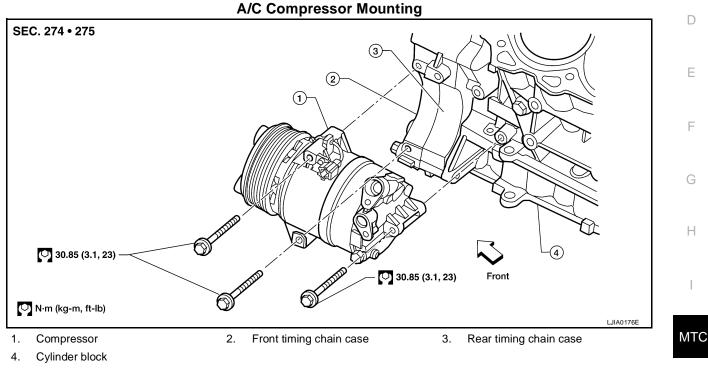
EJS003W7

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- Compressor shaft seal 9. Low-pressure service valve
- 12. A/C drain hose

6.



REMOVAL

- Discharge the A/C refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure". 1.
- Remove the front left wheel and tire assembly. Refer to WT-6, "Rotation" . 2.
- 3. Remove the front left mud guard.
- Remove the front left splash shield.
- 5. Remove the engine air cleaner and air ducts. Refer to EM-15, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".
- Remove the drive belt. Refer to EM-13, "DRIVE BELTS". 6.
- 7. Disconnect the compressor harness connector.
- Disconnect both the high-pressure flexible A/C hose and low-pressure flexible A/C hose from the com-8. pressor.

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

Remove the A/C compressor bolts using power tools.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal.

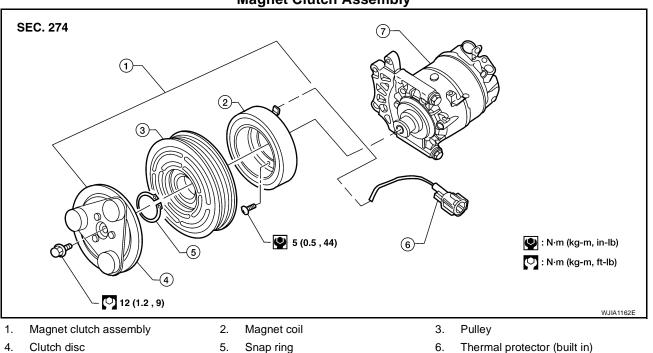
CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure flexible A/C hose and high-pressure flexible A/C hose with a new one, apply compressor oil to the O-rings before installation.
- After recharging the A/C system with refrigerant, check for leaks. Refer to MTC-109, "Checking for Refrigerant Leaks" .

MTC-101

Removal and Installation for Compressor Clutch

Magnet Clutch Assembly



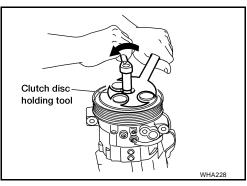
7. Compressor

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the compressor. Refer to MTC-101, "Removal and Installation for Compressor" .
- 2. Remove the center bolt while holding the clutch disc stationary using Tool as shown.

Tool number : J-44614

3. Remove the clutch disc.



EJS003W8

4. Remove the snap ring using external snap ring pliers or suitable tool.



5. Remove the pulley using Tool with a small adapter. Position the small adapter on the end of the drive shaft and the center of the puller on the small adapter.

> Tool number : KV99233130 (J-29884)

CAUTION:

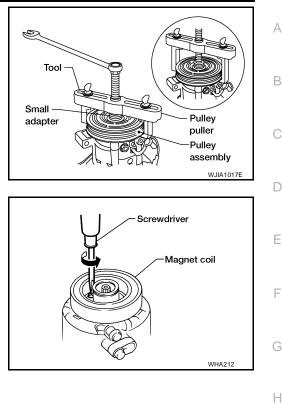
To prevent deformation of the pulley groove, the puller claws should be hooked under the pulley groove and not into the pulley groove.

6. Remove the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver, remove the three magnet coil fixing screws and remove the magnet coil.



Clutch Disc

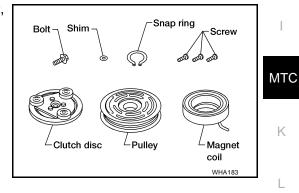
If the contact surface shows signs of damage due to excessive heat, replace clutch disc and pulley.



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Pulley

Check the appearance of the pulley assembly. If contact surface of pulley shows signs of excessive grooving, replace clutch disc and pulley. The contact surfaces of the pulley assembly should be cleaned with a suitable solvent before reinstallation.

Coil

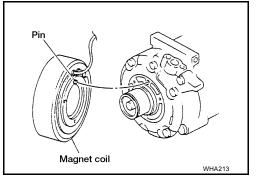
Check magnet coil for loose connections or any cracked insulation.

INSTALLATION

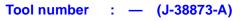
1. Install the magnet coil.

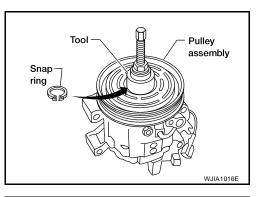
CAUTION:

Be sure to align the magnet coil pin with the hole in the compressor front head.



- 2. Install the magnet coil harness clip using a screwdriver.
- 3. Install the pulley assembly using Tool and a wrench, then install the snap ring using snap ring pliers.

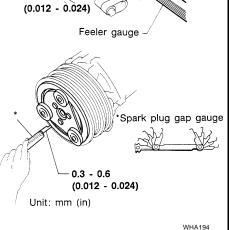




Screwdriver Clutch disc Shim WHA184



Clutch disc Pulley assembly 0.3 - 0.6 (0.012 - 0.024) Feeler gauge



4. Install the clutch disc on the compressor shaft, together with the original shim(s). Press the clutch disc down by hand.

 Install the clutch pulley bolt using Tool, to prevent the clutch disc from turning and tighten the bolt to specification. Refer to <u>MTC-101, "COMPONENTS"</u>.

Tool number : J-44614

CAUTION:

After tightening the clutch pulley bolt, check that the clutch pulley rotates smoothly.

6. Check the pulley clearance all the way around the clutch disc as shown.

Clutch disc-to-pulley clearance

: 0.3 - 0.6 mm (0.012 - 0.024 in)

- 7. If the specified clearance is not obtained, replace the adjusting spacer to readjust.
- 8. Install the compressor. Refer to <u>MTC-101, "Removal and Instal-</u> lation for Compressor".

BREAK-IN OPERATION

When replacing compressor clutch assembly, always conduct the break-in operation. This is done by engaging and disengaging the clutch about 30 times. Break-in operation raises the level of transmitted torque.

| | emoval and Installation for High-pressure Flexible A/C Hose | В |
|----|---|-----|
| 1. | Remove the front left wheel and tire assembly. Refer to WT-6, "Rotation". | |
| 2. | Remove the front left mud guard. | 0 |
| 3. | Remove the front left splash shield. | С |
| 4. | Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" | |
| 5. | Remove the high-pressure flexible A/C hose. Refer to <u>MTC-105, "Removal and Installation for High-pressure Flexible A/C Hose"</u> | D |
| | CAUTION: | |
| | Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air. | Е |
| IN | STALLATION | |
| | stallation is in the reverse order of removal. fer to <u>MTC-100, "Components"</u> . | F |
| • | VUTION: Replace the O-ring of the high-pressure flexible A/C hose with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it for installation. | G |
| • | After charging refrigerant, check for leaks. | 0 |
| | emoval and Installation for High-pressure A/C Pipe | Н |
| 1. | | |
| 2. | Remove the front right mud guard. | |
| 3. | Remove the front right splash shield. | |
| 4. | Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" | |
| 5. | Remove the low pressure A/C pipe. Refer to <u>MTC-106</u> , "Removal and Installation for Low-pressure A/C <u>Pipe</u> ". | MTC |
| 6. | Remove the high-pressure A/C pipe. Refer to MTC-100, "Components". | |
| | CAUTION: | Κ |
| | Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air. | |
| IN | STALLATION | |
| | stallation is in the reverse order of removal. fer to <u>MTC-100, "Components"</u> . | L |
| • | UTION: Replace the O-ring of the high-pressure A/C pipe with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it for installation. | Μ |
| • | After charging refrigerant, check for leaks. | |
| | emoval and Installation for Low-pressure Flexible A/C Hose | |
| 1. | Remove the front right wheel and tire assembly. Refer to <u>WT-6, "Rotation"</u> . | |
| 2. | Remove the front right mud guard. | |
| 3. | Remove the front right splash shield. | |
| 4. | Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure". | |
| | CAUTION: Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air. | |

5. Remove the low-pressure flexible A/C hose. Refer to <u>MTC-105, "Removal and Installation for Low-pressure Flexible A/C Hose"</u>.

INSTALLATION

Refer to MTC-100, "Components" .

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure flexible A/C hose with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Low-pressure A/C Pipe REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" .
- 2. Remove the low-pressure A/C pipe. Refer to MTC-100, "Components" .

CAUTION:

Cap or wrap the joint of the pipe with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Refer to $\underline{\text{MTC-100}, \text{"Components"}}$.

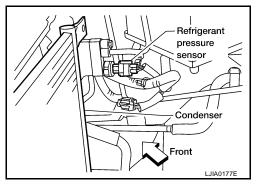
CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the low-pressure A/C pipe with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Refrigerant Pressure Sensor REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" .
- Disconnect the refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector and remove the refrigerant pressure sensor from the condenser.
 CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the condenser fins.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Refer to <u>MTC-100</u>, "Components" .

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-ring of the refrigerant pressure sensor with a new one, then apply compressor oil to it for installation.
- Be careful not to damage the condenser fins.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Removal and Installation for Condenser REMOVAL

- 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure" .
- 2. Remove the radiator. Refer to <u>CO-11, "RADIATOR"</u>. CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the core surface of the condenser and the radiator.

3. Disconnect the high-pressure flexible A/C hose and the high-pressure A/C pipe from the condenser. **CAUTION:**

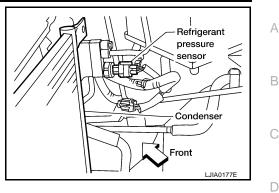
Cap or wrap the joint of the pipes with suitable material such as vinyl tape to avoid the entry of air.

EJS003WE

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EJS003WD

- 4. Disconnect the refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector.
- 5. Remove the refrigerant pressure sensor from the condenser.
- 6. Lift the condenser out of the mounting grommets and remove the condenser.



INSTALLATION

Installation is in the reverse order of removal. Refer to <u>MTC-100, "Components"</u>.

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-rings of the high-pressure A/C pipe, refrigerant pressure sensor, and high-pressure flexible A/C hose with new ones, then apply compressor oil to them for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.
- Replace the mounting grommets as necessary.

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Removal and Installation for Evaporator EJS003WF Heater and Cooling Unit Assembly SEC. 270 • 271 • 272 (1) (3 (5) 6 7 (8) 9 (10) $(\mathbf{1})$ (12)

- 1. Center ventilator connector duct
- 4. Heater core and evaporator pipes bracket
- 7. Upper heater and cooling unit case
- 10. Lower heater and cooling unit case
- 2. Heater core cover
- 5. Heater core and evaporator pipes grommet
- 8. Expansion valve
- 11. Blower motor resistor

- Intake air case
- 6. Heater core
- 9. Evaporator

3.

12. Blower motor

MTC-108

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| REMOVAL | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Remove the heater core. Refer to <u>MTC-89, "HEATER CORE"</u>. | А | | | |
| 2. Separate the heater and cooling unit case. | | | | |
| 3. Remove the evaporator. | | | | |
| INSTALLATION | В | | | |
| Installation is in the reverse order of removal. | | | | |
| CAUTION: | С | | | |
| Replace the O-rings on the A/C low-pressure flexible A/C hose and the high-pressure A/C pipe with new ones. Apply compressor oil to the O-rings for installation. | | | | |
| Removal and Installation for Expansion Valve | | | | |
| REMOVAL | | | | |
| 1. Discharge the refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure". | | | | |
| 2. Remove the heater and cooling unit assembly. Refer to <u>MTC-87, "HEATER & COOLING UNIT ASSEM-</u> <u>BLY"</u> . | | | | |
| 3. Remove the heater core and evaporator pipes grommet. | | | | |
| 4. Remove the expansion valve. | F | | | |
| INSTALLATION | | | | |
| Installation is in the reverse order of removal. | | | | |
| Expansion valve bolts : Refer to <u>MTC-100, "Components"</u> | G | | | |
| A/C refrigerant pipe to expansion valve bolt : Refer to <u>MTC-100, "Components"</u> . | Н | | | |

CAUTION:

- Replace the O-rings on then expansion valve and the A/C refrigerant pipes with new ones, then apply compressor oil to them for installation.
- After charging refrigerant, check for leaks.

Checking for Refrigerant Leaks

Perform a visual inspection of all refrigeration parts, fittings, hoses and components for signs of A/C lubricant leakage, damage, and corrosion. Any A/C lubricant leakage may indicate an area of refrigerant leakage. Allow extra inspection time in these areas when using either an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) or fluorescent dye leak detector (J-42220).

If any dye is observed using a fluorescent dye leak detector (J-42220), confirm the leak using a electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995). It is possible that the dye is from a prior leak that was repaired and not properly cleaned.

When searching for leaks, do not stop when one leak is found but continue to check for additional leaks at all system components and connections.

When searching for refrigerant leaks using an electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995), move the probe along the suspected leak area at 25 - 50 mm (1 - 2 in) per second and no further than 6 mm (1/4 in) from the component.

CAUTION:

Moving the electronic refrigerant leak detector probe slower and closer to the suspected leak area will improve the chances of finding a leak.

Checking System for Leaks Using the Fluorescent Dye Leak Detector

- 1. Check the A/C system for leaks using the fluorescent dye leak detector and safety goggles (J-42220) in a low sunlight area (area without windows preferable). Illuminate all components, fittings and lines. The dye will appear as a bright green/yellow area at the point of leakage. Fluorescent dye observed at the evaporator drain opening indicates an evaporator core assembly leak (tubes, core or expansion valve).
- 2. If the suspected area is difficult to see, use an adjustable mirror or wipe the area with a clean shop rag or cloth, then inspect the shop rag or cloth with the fluorescent dye leak detector (J-42220) for dye residue.
- 3. After the leak is repaired, remove any residual dye using refrigerant dye cleaner (J-43872) to prevent future misdiagnosis.

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4. Perform a system performance check and then verify the leak repair using a electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).

NOTE:

- Other gases in the work area or substances on the A/C components, for example, anti-freeze, windshield washer fluid, solvents and lubricants, may falsely trigger the leak detector. Make sure the surfaces to be checked are clean.
- Clean with a dry cloth or blow off with shop air.
- Do not allow the sensor tip of the electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) to contact with any substance. This can also cause false readings and may damage the detector.

Dye Injection

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EJS003WK

NOTE:

This procedure is only necessary when recharging the system or when the compressor has seized and must be replaced.

- 1. Check the A/C system static (at rest) pressure. Pressure must be at least 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi).
- 2. Pour one bottle 7.4 cc (1/4 ounce) of the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) into the HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant dye injector (J-41459).

CAUTION:

If repairing the A/C system or replacing a component, pour the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) directly into the open system connection and proceed with the service procedures.

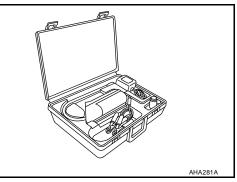
- 3. Connect the refrigerant dye injector (J-41459) to the low-pressure service valve.
- 4. Start the engine and switch the A/C system ON.
- 5. When the A/C system is operating (compressor running), inject one bottle 7.4 cc (1/4 ounce) of HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) through the low-pressure service valve using HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant dye injector (J-41459). Refer to the manufacturer's operating instructions.
- 6. With the engine still running, disconnect the HFC-134a (R-134a) refrigerant dye injector (J-41459) from the low-pressure service valve.
- 7. Operate the A/C system for a minimum of 20 minutes to mix the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye (J-41447) with the A/C system oil. Depending on the leak size, operating conditions and location of the leak, it may take from minutes to days for the HFC-134a (R-134a) fluorescent leak detection dye to penetrate an A/C system leak and become visible.

Electronic Refrigerant Leak Detector PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING LEAK DETECTOR

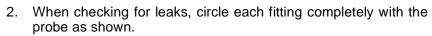
NOTE:

When performing a refrigerant leak check, use a electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) or equivalent. Ensure that the electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) is calibrated and set properly according to the manufacturer's operating instructions.

The electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995) is a delicate device. To use the leak detector properly, read the manufacturer's operating instructions and perform any specified maintenance.



Position the probe approximately 5 mm (3/16 in) away from the 1. point to be checked as shown.



3. Move the probe along each component at a speed of approximately 25 - 50 mm (1 - 2 in)/second as shown.

CHECKING PROCEDURE

NOTE:

To prevent inaccurate or false readings, make sure there is no refrigerant vapor, shop chemicals, or cigarette smoke in the vicinity of the vehicle. Perform the leak test in a calm area (low air/wind movement) so that the leaking refrigerant is not dispersed.

- 1. Turn the engine OFF.
- Connect the manifold gauge set (J-39183-C) to the A/C service ports. Refer to MTC-9, "Precautions for 2. Service Equipment" .
- Check if the A/C refrigerant pressure is at least 345 kPa (3.52 kg/cm², 50 psi) above a temperature of 3 16°C (61°F). If less than specification, recover/evacuate and recharge the system with the specified amount of refrigerant. Refer to MTC-98, "HFC-134a (R-134a) Service Procedure".

NOTE:

At temperatures below 16°C (61°F), leaks may not be detected since the system may not reach 345 kPa $(3.52 \text{ kg/cm}^2, 50 \text{ psi})$ pressure.

4. Perform the leak test from the high-pressure side (A/C compressor discharge "a" to evaporator inlet "f") to the low-pressure side (A/C evaporator drain hose "q" to shaft seal "k"). Refer to MTC-100, "Components" . Clean the component to be checked and carefully move the electronic refrigerant leak detector probe

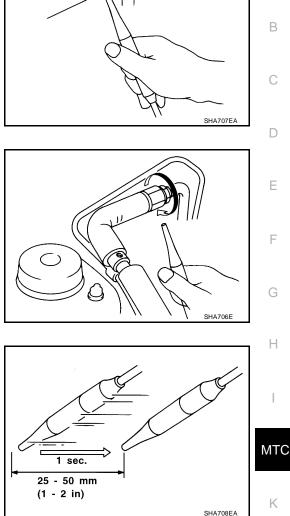
completely around the following connections and components. Check the compressor shaft seal

- Check the high and low-pressure pipe and hose fittings, relief valve, and compressor shaft seal
- Check the liquid tank

Revision: November 2005

MTC-111

2005 Pathfinder



Approx.

5 mm (3/16 in)

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- Check the refrigerant pressure sensor
- Check all around the service valves. Check that the service valve caps are screwed tightly on the service valves (to prevent leaks).

NOTE:

After removing manifold gauge set (J-39183-C) from the service valves, wipe any residue from the service valves to prevent any false readings by the electronic refrigerant leak detector (J-41995).

Evaporator

With engine OFF, turn blower fan on "High" for at least 15 seconds to dissipate any refrigerant trace in the heater and cooling unit assembly. Wait a minimum of 10 minutes accumulation time (refer to the manufacturer's recommended procedure for actual wait time) before inserting the electronic refrigerant leak detector probe into the heater and cooling unit assembly drain hose.

NOTE:

Keep the probe inserted for at least 10 seconds. Use caution not to contaminate the probe tip with water or dirt that may be in the drain hose.

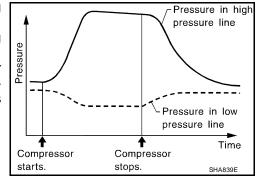
- 5. If a leak is detected, verify at least once by blowing compressed air into the area of the suspected leak, then repeat the leak check.
- 6. Do not stop when one leak is found. Continue to check for additional leaks at all system components and connections.
- 7. If no leaks are found, perform steps 8 11.
- 8. Start the engine.
- 9. Set the heater A/C controls as follows:

NOTE:

For the automatic system, turn OFF the automatic controls and set the heater A/C controls manually.

- a. A/C switch to ON
- b. Air flow to VENT mode
- c. Intake position to RECIRCULATION mode
- d. Temperature to MAX cold
- e. Blower speed to HIGH
- 10. Run the engine at 1,500 rpm for at least 2 minutes.
- 11. Turn the engine OFF and perform the leak check again following steps 4 through 6 above.

Refrigerant leaks should be checked immediately after turning the engine OFF. Begin with the leak detector at the compressor. The pressure on the high pressure side will gradually drop after the refrigerant circulation stops and pressure on the low pressure side will gradually rise, as shown in the graph. Some leaks are more easily detected when the pressure is high.



- 12. Before connecting the recovery/recycling equipment to the vehicle, check the recovery/recycling equipment gauges. No refrigerant pressure should be displayed. If pressure is displayed, recover the refrigerant from the equipment lines and then check the refrigerant purity.
- 13. Confirm refrigerant purity in supply tank using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier equipment (J-41810-NI).
- 14. Confirm the refrigerant purity in the vehicle's A/C system using recovery/recycling equipment and refrigerant identifier equipment (J-41810-NI).
- 15. Discharge the A/C system using recovery/recycling equipment. Repair the leaking fitting or component as necessary.
- 16. Evacuate and recharge the A/C system and perform the leak test to confirm that there are no refrigerant leaks.
- 17. Conduct the Operational Check to ensure system works properly. Refer to <u>ATC-52, "Operational Check</u> <u>(Front)"</u>.

MTC-112

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) COMPRESSOR

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| Make | CALSONIC KANSEI CO. LTD. | E |
|---------------------------|--|-----|
| Model | DKS-17D | - |
| Туре | Swash plate | - |
| Displacement | 144 cm ³ (8.79 in ³) / revolution | - (|
| Relief valve set pressure | 3800 \pm 300 kPa (38.76 \pm 3.06 kg/cm^2 , 551.0 \pm 43.5 psi) | - |
| Direction of rotation | Clockwise (viewed from drive end) | - [|
| Drive belt | Poly V ribbed | - |

LUBRICANT

| Description | Genuine NISSAN A/C System Lubricant Type S (DH-PS) | • |
|-------------|--|---|
| Part number | KLH00-PAGS0 | F |
| Capacity | 180 m ℓ (6.1 US fl oz, 6.3 Imp fl oz) | _ |

REFRIGERANT

| | | H |
|----------|---|---|
| Capacity | $0.70 \pm 0.05 \text{ kg} (1.54 \pm 0.11 \text{ lb})$ | |
| Туре | HFC 134a (R-134a) | |
| | | |

ENGINE IDLING SPEED

Refer to EC-76, "Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check" .

BELT TENSION

Refer to MA-13, "DRIVE BELT TENSION" .

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