ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



When you read wiring diagrams:

• Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".

When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

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PRECAUTIONS

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or the complete harness, for easy identification.

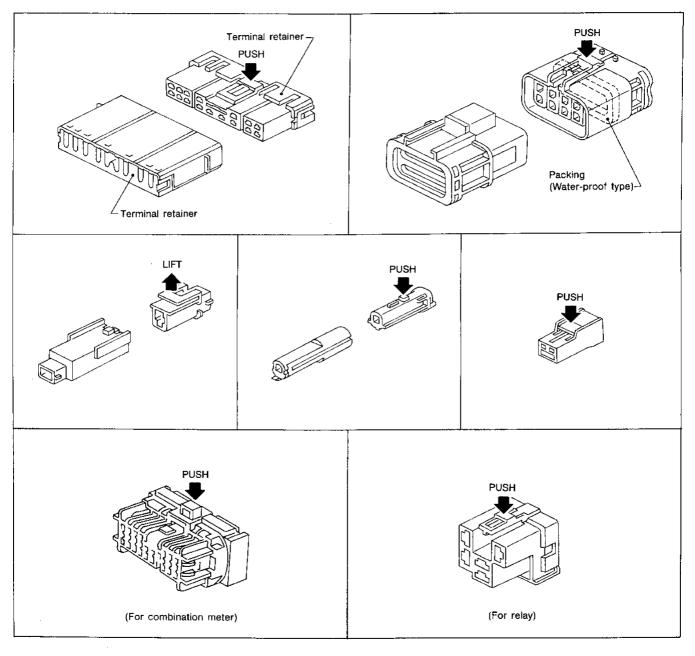
Description

HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors have been modified to prevent accidental loosing or disconnection. The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]



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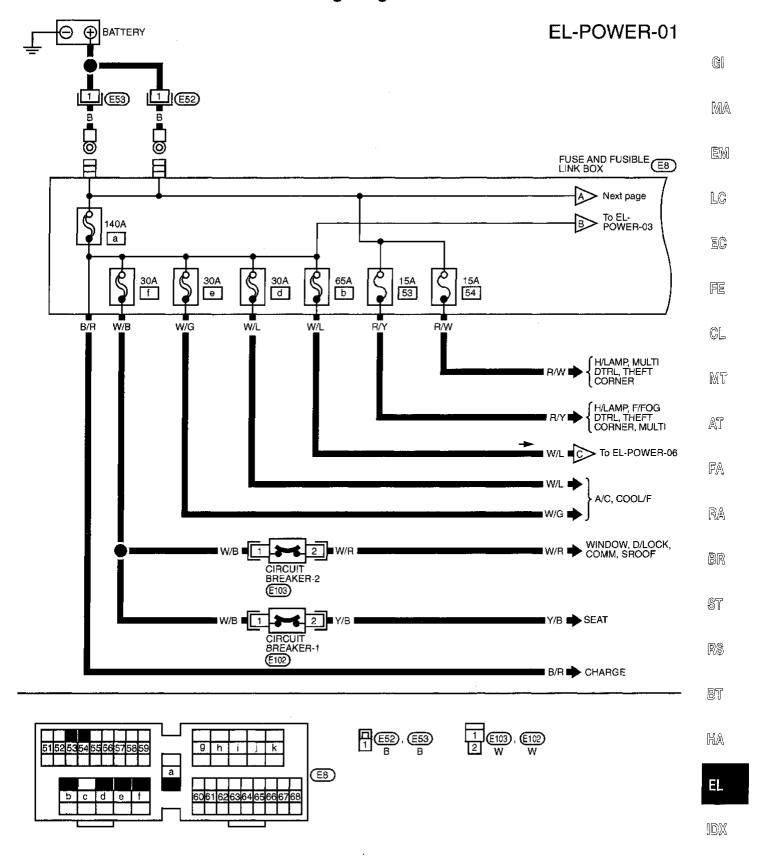
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Description

Туре	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color
1T	5 2 4	1 5 4	5 2 4 1 3	BLACK
2M	7 5	① ⑥ ③ ① ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	7 5 6 3	BROWN
1M•1B	6 2 3	1 6 3 000 h 2 7 4	2 1 6 7 3 4	GRAY
1M	3	① ⑤ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	5 1 3	BLUE

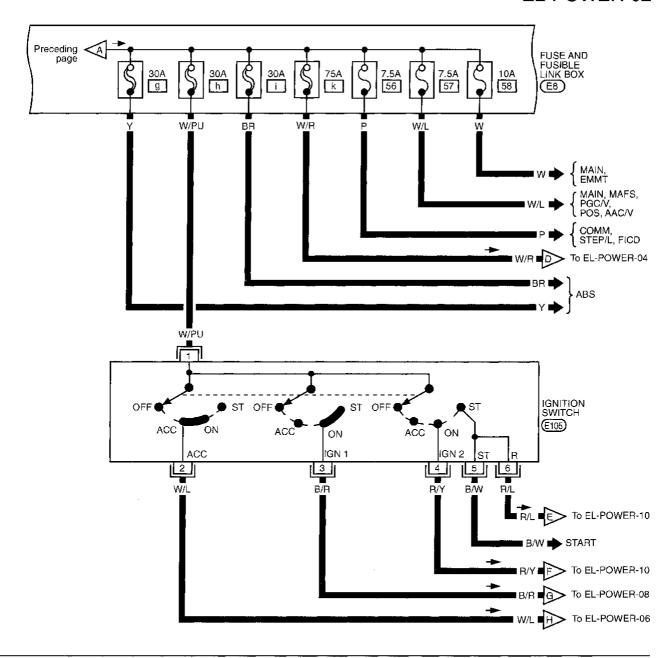
The arrangement of terminal numbers on the actual relays may differ from those shown above.

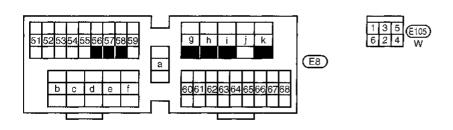
Wiring Diagram — POWER —



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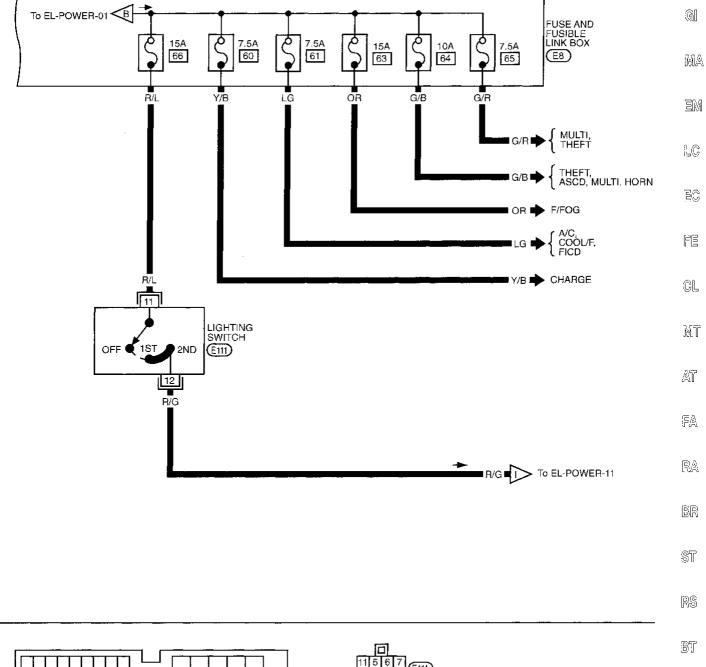


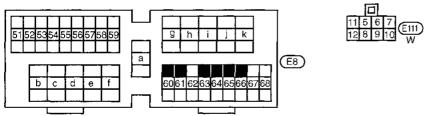


POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

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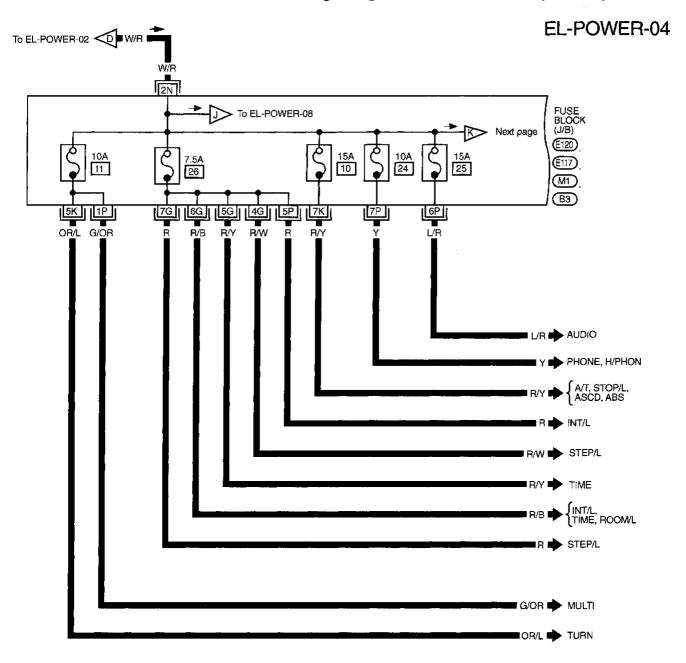
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POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)



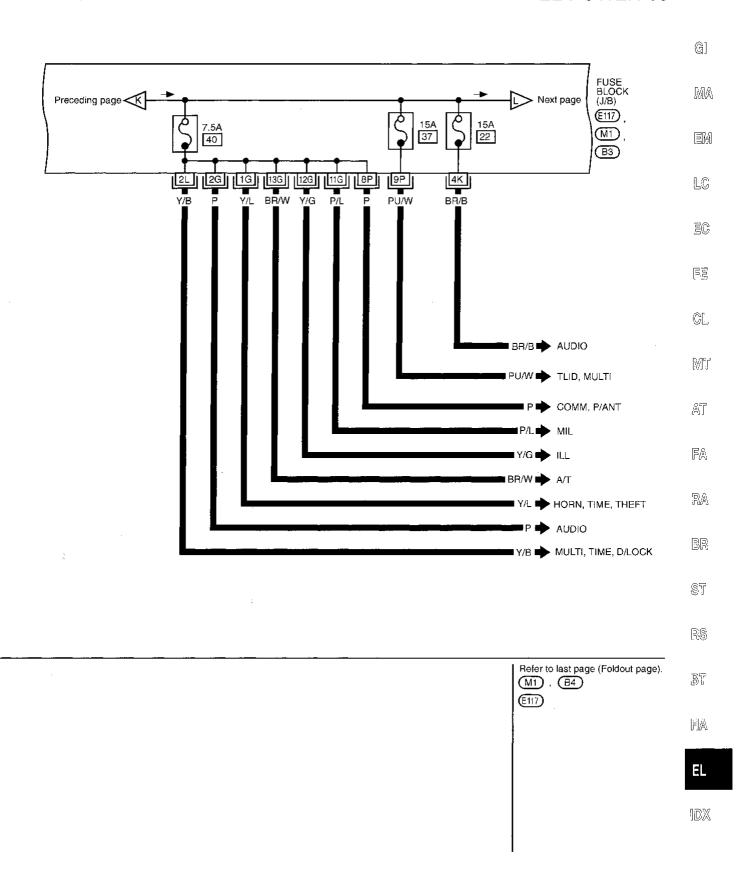
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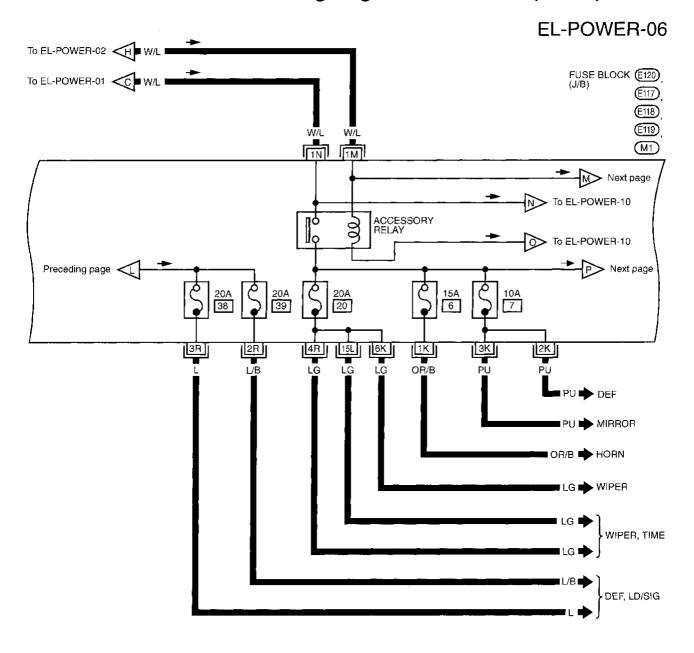
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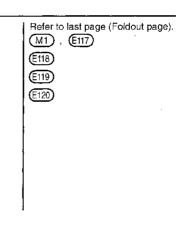


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POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

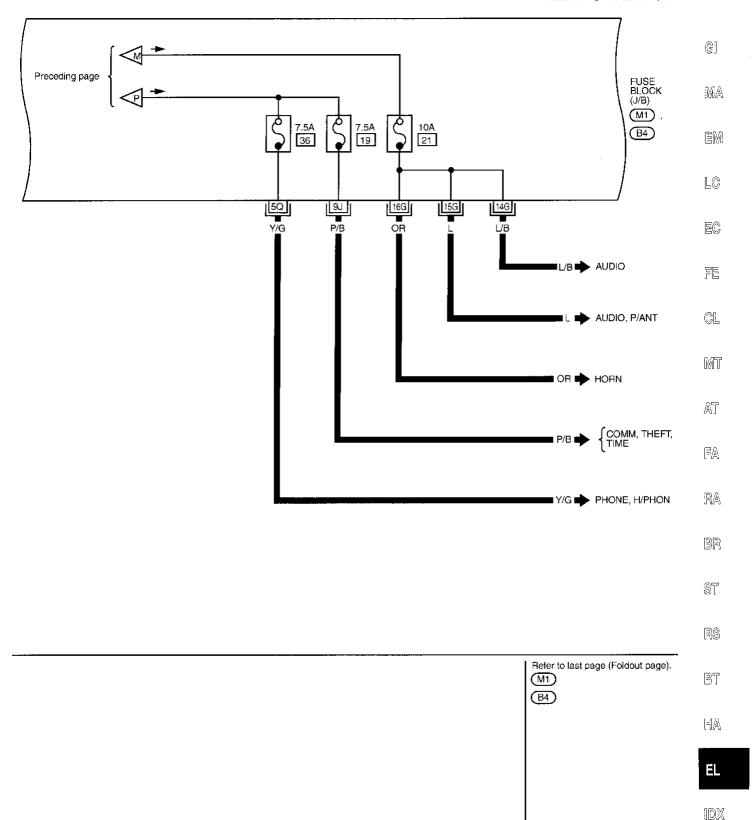




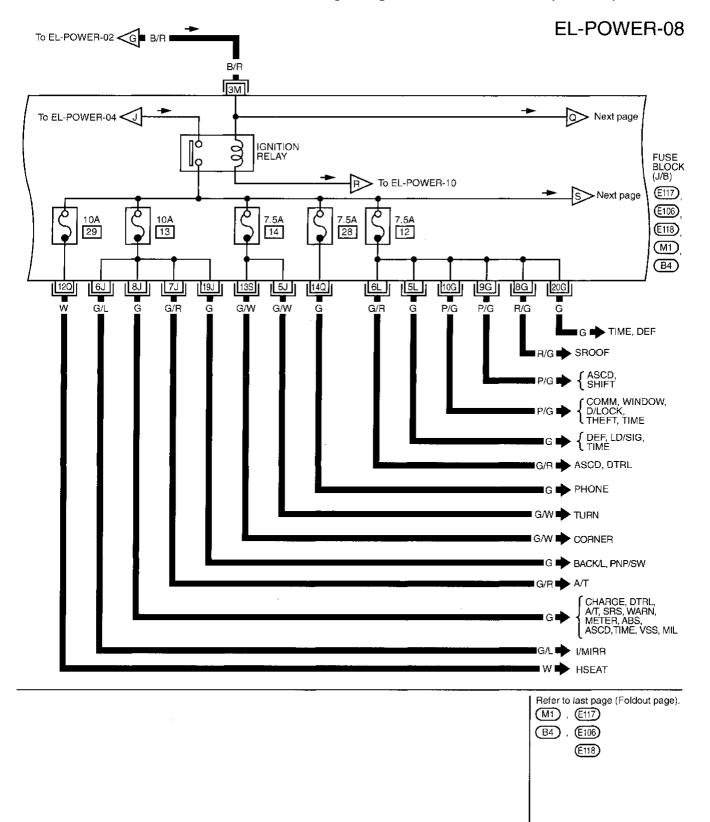
POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

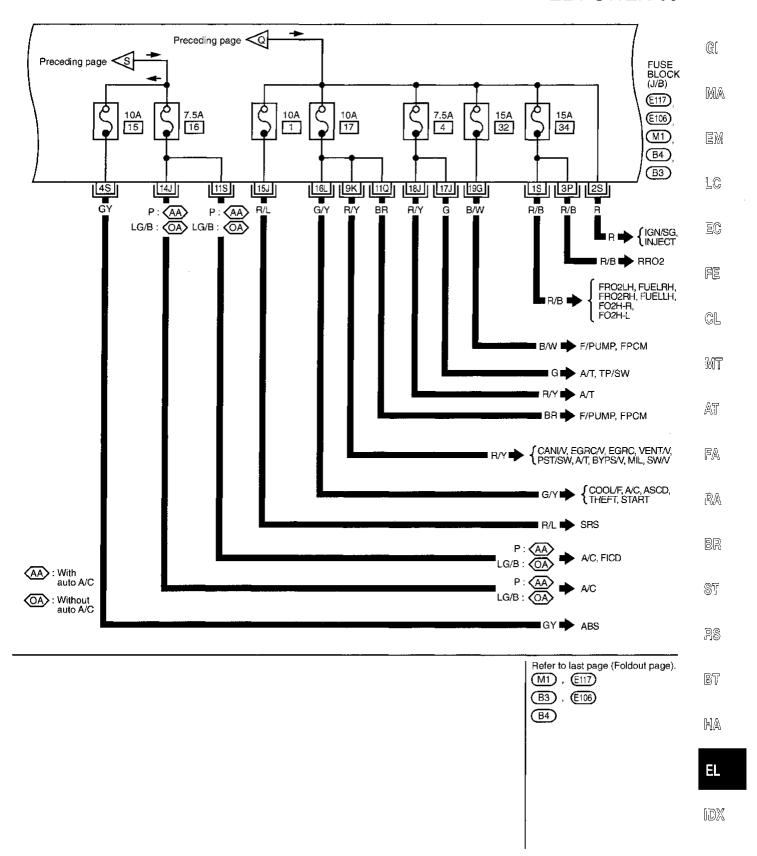
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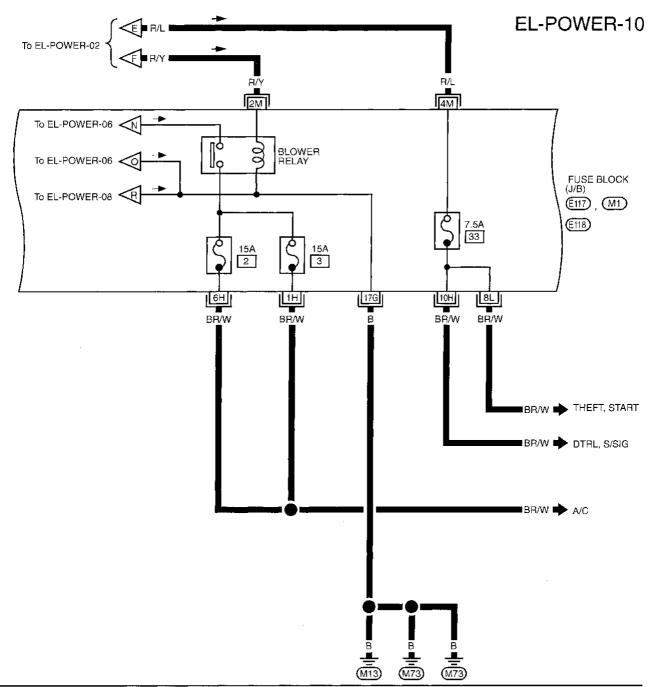


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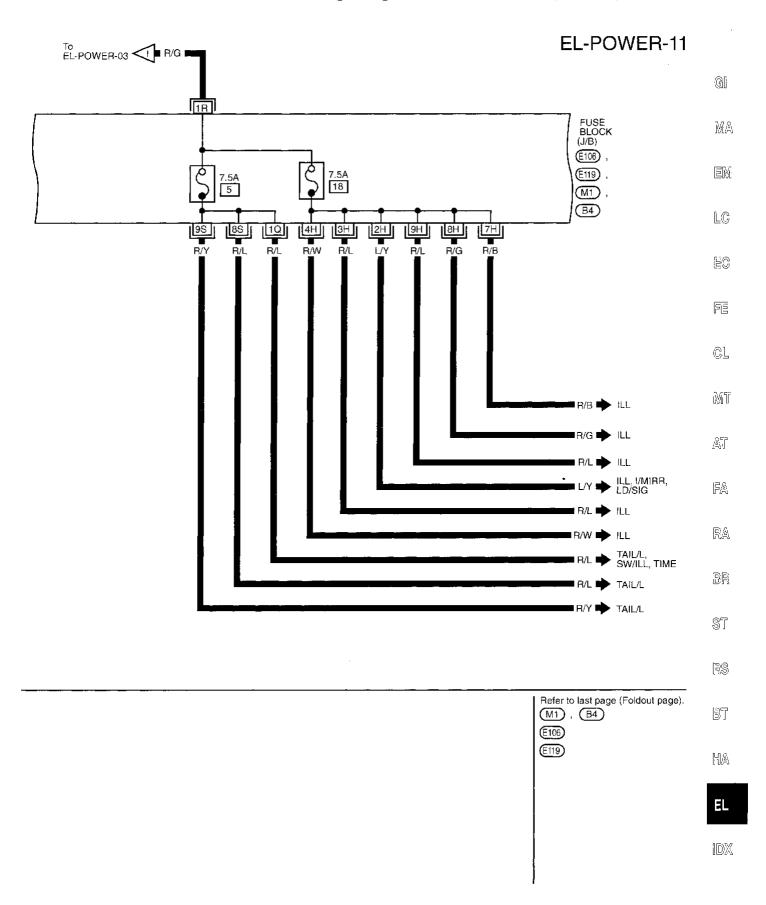


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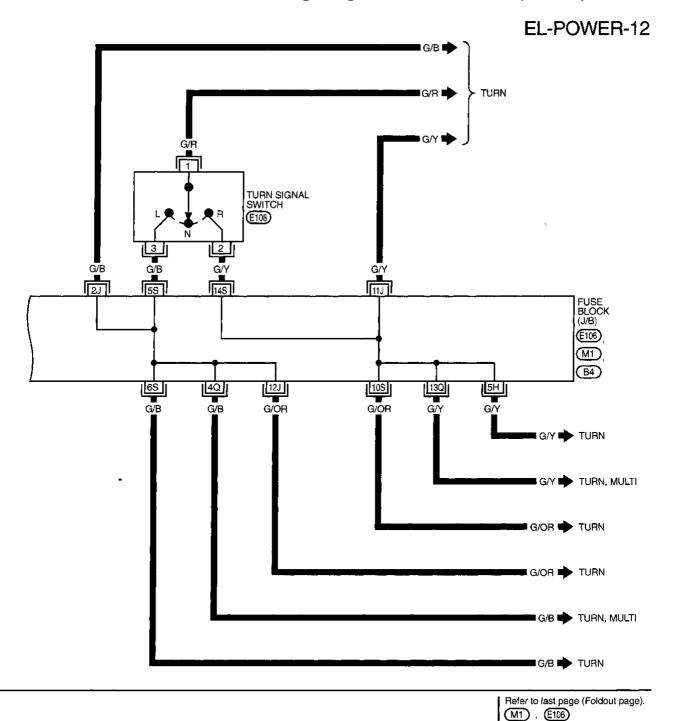
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POWER SUPPLY ROUTING

Wiring Diagram — POWER — (Cont'd)

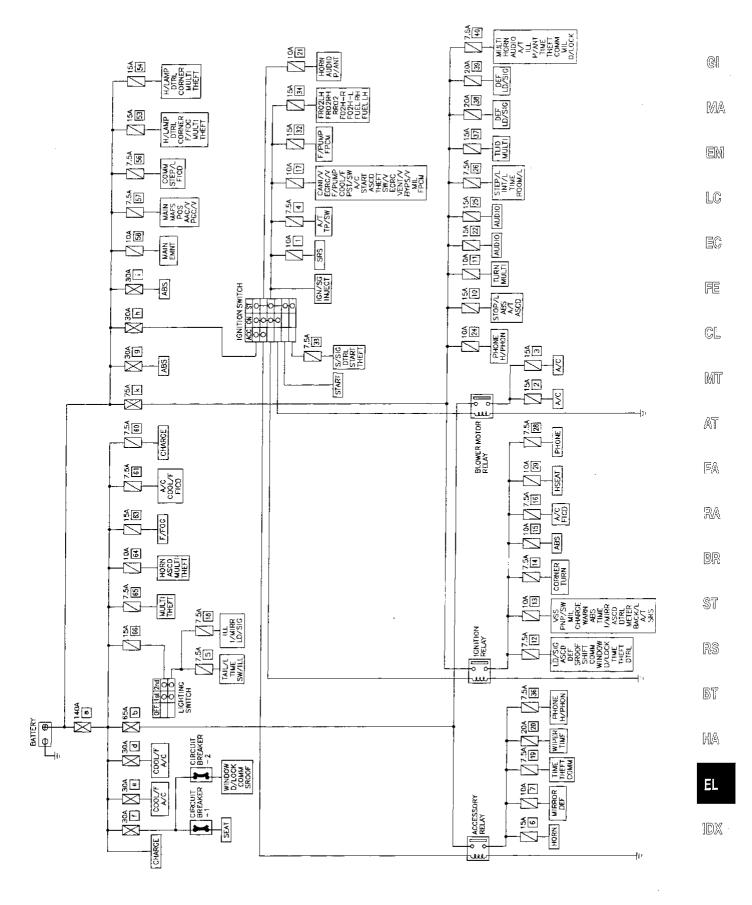


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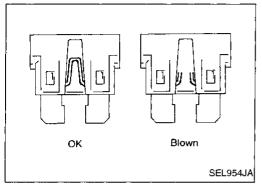


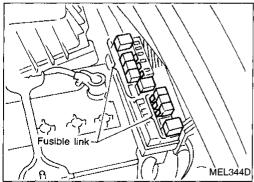


Schematic



POWER SUPPLY ROUTING





Fuse

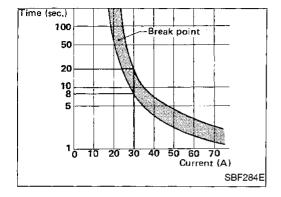
- a. If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- b. Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- c. Do not partially install fuse; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- d. Remove fuse for clock if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.

CAUTION:

- a. If fusible link is melted, it is possible that a critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check these circuits and eliminate cause.
- b. Never wrap outside of fusible link with vinyl tape. Important: Never let fusible link touch any other wiring harness, vinyl or rubber parts.



Circuit Breaker Inspection

For example, when current is 30A, the circuit is broken within 8 to 20 seconds.

Circuit breakers are used in the following systems.

- Power seat
- Power window
- Power door lock
- IVMS
- Electric sunroof

CAUTION:

- a. If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.



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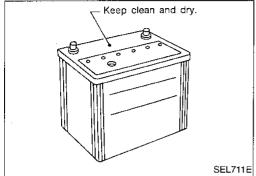
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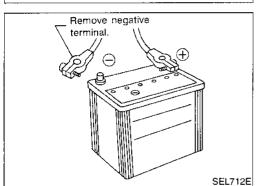
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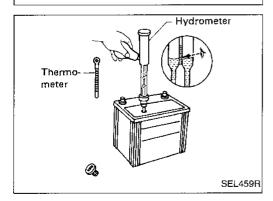
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How to Handle Battery

METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and drv.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level. This also applies to batteries designated as "low maintenance" and "maintenance-free".
- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal. (If the vehicle has an extended storage switch, turn it off.)

Check the condition of the battery by checking the specific gravity of the electrolyte.

CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

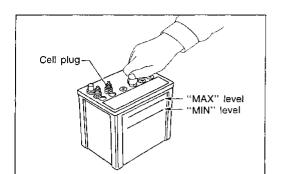
Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical attention.

Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

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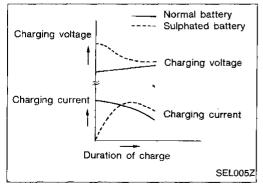
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BATTERY



How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

- Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.

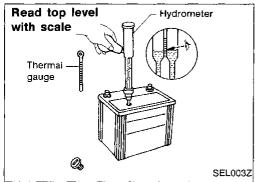


SULPHATION

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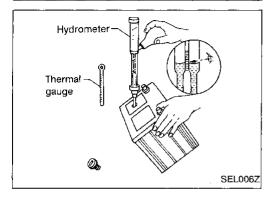
A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity becomes less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates.

To find if a battery has been "sulphated", pay attention to its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure at left, if the battery has been "sulphated", less current and higher voltage may be observed in the initial stages of charging.



SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.



 When the electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case for easier measurement.

BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

 Use the chart below to correct your hydrometer reading according to electrolyte temperature.

Hydrometer temperature correction

ery electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
71 (160)	0.032
66 (150)	0.028
60 (140)	0.024
54 (129)	0.020
49 (120)	0.016
43 (110)	0.012
38 (100)	0.008
32 (90)	0.004
27 (80)	0
21 (70)	-0.004
16 (60)	-0.008
10 (50)	-0.012
4 (39)	-0.016
-1 (30)	-0.020
-7 (20)	-0.024
-12 (10)	-0.028
-18 (0)	-0.032

Approximate charge condition
Fully charged
3/4 charged
1/2 charged
1/4 charged
Almost discharged
Completely discharged

CHARGING THE BATTERY

CAUTION:

- a. Do not "quick charge" a fully discharged battery.
- b. Keep the battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- c. When connecting the charger, connect the leads first, then turn on the charger. Do not turn on the charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- d. If battery electrolyte temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery at a temperature below 60°C (140°F).

Charging rates:

Amps	Time
50	1 hour
25	2 hours
10	5 hours
5	10 hours

Do not charge at more than 50 ampere rate.

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BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

Note: The ammeter reading on your battery charger will automatically decrease as the battery charges. This indicates that the voltage of the battery is increasing normally as the state of charge improves. The charging amps indicated above refer to initial charge rate.

• If, after charging, the specific gravity of any two cells varies more than .050, the battery should be replaced.

MEMORY RESET

If the battery is disconnected or goes dead, the following items must be reset:

- · Radio AM and FM preset
- Clock
- AUTO temperature setting trimmer

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Applied area		US	Canada	
		Standard	Standard Option	
Туре	ľ	55D23L	80D	26L
Capacity	V-AH	12-60	12-	-65
Cold cranking current (For reference)	Α	356	58	32

System Description

M/T models

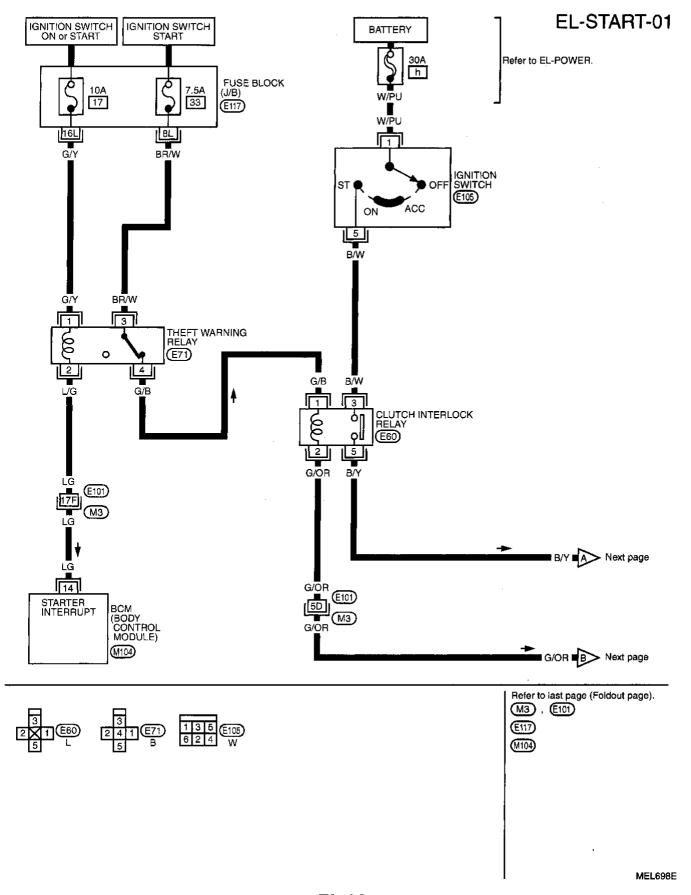
 Power is supplied at all times to ignition switch terminal ① through 30A fusible link (letter h , located in the fuse and fusible link box). 	G]
With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied through terminal ⑤ of the ignition switch	D G A
• to clutch interlock relay terminal ③ . With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied	MA
to their warning relay terminal (f)	EM
 With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied through 7.5A fuse [No. 33], located in the fuse block (J/C)] to theft warning relay terminal 3 	LC
 If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied through theft warning relay terminal (4) to clutch interlock relay terminal (1). 	EG
When the clutch pedal is depressed, ground is supplied to clutch interlock relay terminal (2) through the clutch interlock switch and body grounds (M13) and (M73).	[5[2
 The clutch interlock relay is energized and power is supplied from terminal ⑤ of the clutch interlock relay to terminal ⑥ of the starter motor windings. 	GL
The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the cylinder block. With power and ground supplied, the starter motor operates.	MT
A/T models	AT
 Power is supplied at all times to ignition switch terminal ① through 30A fusible link (letter ħ , located in the fuse and fusible link box). 	FA
 With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied through 10A fuse [No. 17], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to theft warning relay terminal ①. 	RA
Also, with the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied from ignition switch terminal (5) to inhibitor relay terminal (6)	BR
If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied	ST
 through inhibitor relay terminal ①, with the selector lever in the P or N position to body grounds (F18) and (F19). 	RS
 from ignition switch terminal ⑤ to terminal ① of the starter motor windings 	BT
• through inhibitor relay terminals (6) and (7) The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor. The starter motor is grounded to the cylinder block. With power and ground supplied, the starter motor operates. If the theft warning system is triggered, terminal (2) of the theft warning relay is grounded and power to the	HA
inhibitor switch is interrupted.	EL

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IDX

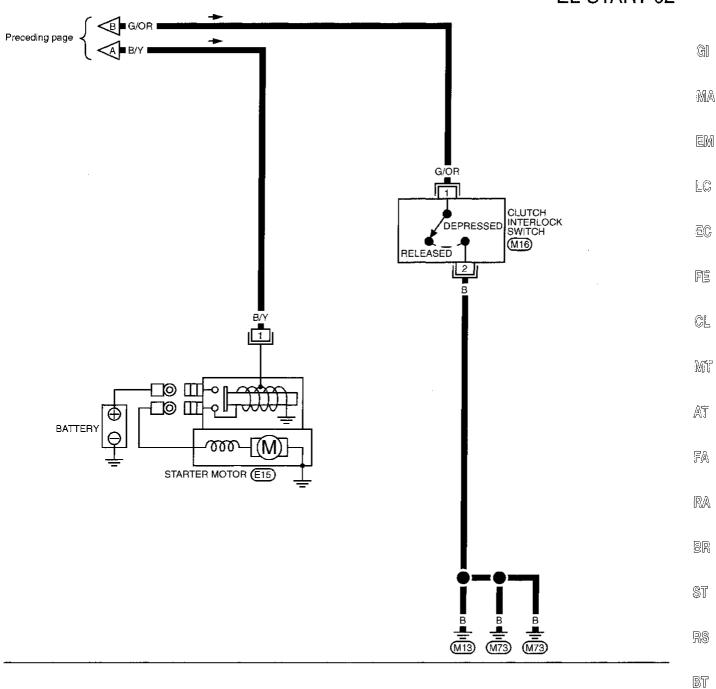
Wiring Diagram — START —

M/T MODEL



Wiring Diagram — START — (Cont'd)

EL-START-02



1 E15 1 2 M16 L

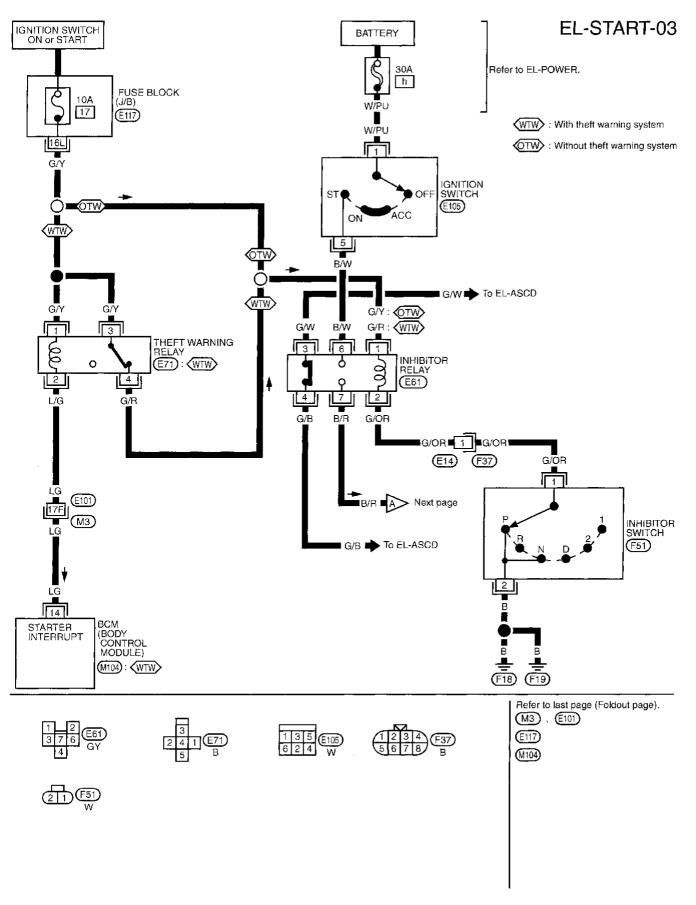
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Wiring Diagram — START — (Cont'd)

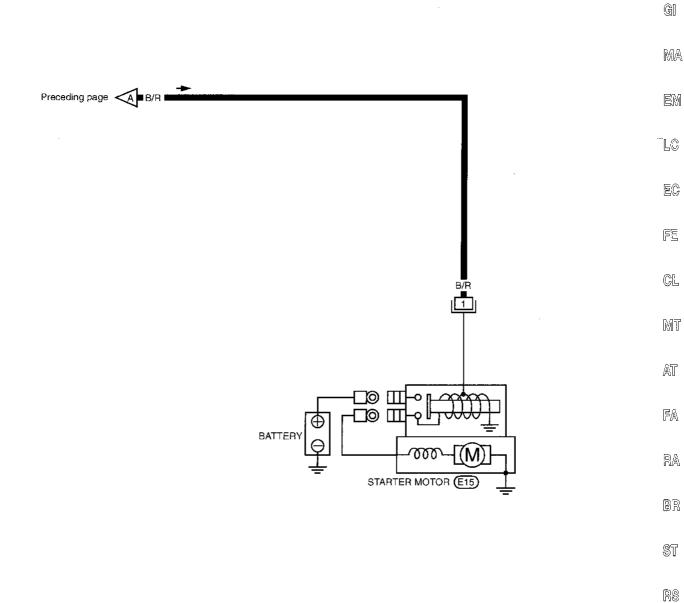
A/T MODEL



STARTING SYSTEM

Wiring Diagram — START — (Cont'd)

EL-START-04



1 E15 GY

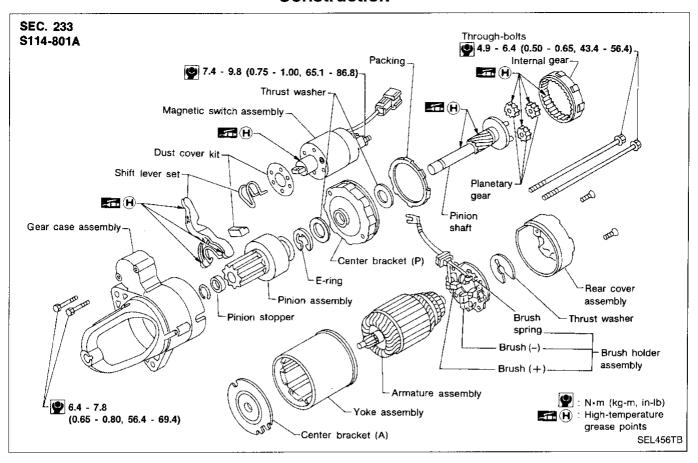
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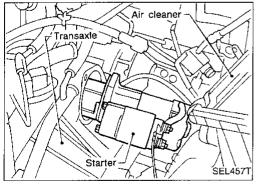
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Construction





REMOVAL

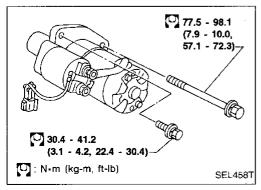
INSTALLATION

Remove starter.

To install, reverse the removal procedure.

Removal and Installation

Remove air duct assembly. Disconnect starter harness. Remove starter bolts (two).



Pinion/Clutch Check

- 1. Inspect pinion teeth.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
- 2. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident, replace.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) STARTER

		S114-801A	_ [
Туре		HITACHI make	-
		Reduction gear type	_ [
System voltage	٧	12	
No-load			_ ((
Terminal voltage	v	11.0	_ `
Current	А	Less than 90	
Revolution	rpm	More than 2,700	- [
Minimum diameter of commutator	mm (in)	28 (1.10)	_
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	10.5 (0.413)	_ /
Brush spring tension	N (kg, lb)	12.7 - 17.7 (1.3 - 1.8, 2.9 - 4.0)	- {}
Clearance of bearing metal and an shaft	mature mm (in)	Less than 0.2 (0.008)	' <u>'</u> [
Clearance between pinion front edepinion stopper	ge and mm (in)	0.3 - 2.5 (0.012 - 0.098)	_ [

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CHARGING SYSTEM

System Description

The alternator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to keep the battery charged. AC voltage is converted into DC voltage by the diode assembly in the alternator.

Power is supplied at all times to alternator terminal (§) through:

- 140A fusible link (letter a, located in the fuse and fusible link box), and
- 7.5A fuse (No. 60), located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Voltage output through alternator terminal (B), is controlled by the IC regulator at terminal (S). The charging circuit is protected by the 140A fusible link.

Terminal (E) of the alternator supplies ground through body ground (E35).

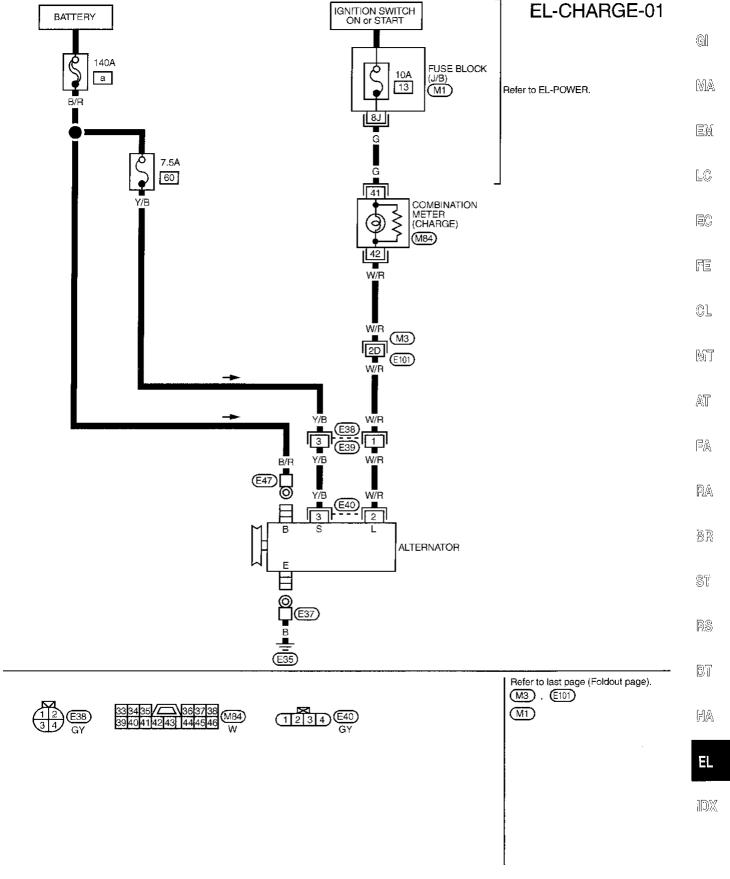
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 13], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal (1) for the charge warning indicator.

Ground is supplied to terminal @ of the combination meter through terminal ① of the alternator. With power and ground supplied, the charge warning indicator will illuminate. When the alternator is providing sufficient voltage, the ground is opened and the charge warning indicator will go off.

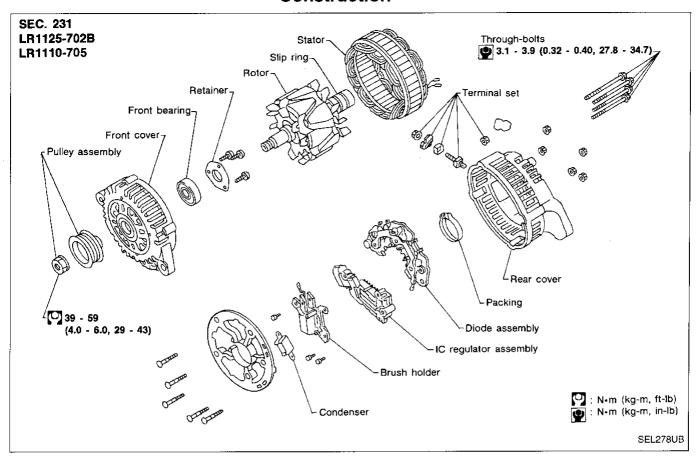
If the charge warning indicator illuminates with the engine running, a malfunction is indicated. Refer to "Trouble Diagnoses" (EL-35).

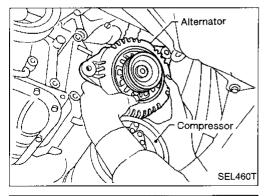
Wiring Diagram — CHARGE —

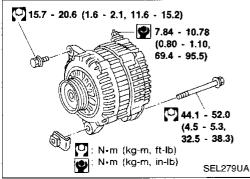


MEL482E

Construction







Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove engine undercover RH.
- 2. Remove side inspection cover RH.
- 3. Loosen belt idler pulley.
- 4. Remove drive belt.
- 5. Remove A/C compressor mounting bolts (four).
- 6. Remove cooling fan and fan shroud.
- 7. Slide A/C compressor forward.
- Disconnect alternator harness connector.
- Remove alternator upper bolt and lower bolt.

INSTALLATION

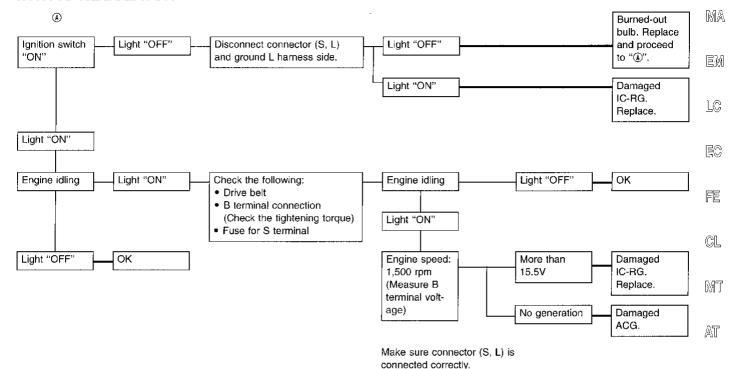
To install, reverse the removal procedure.

Trouble Diagnoses

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

Before starting, inspect the fusible link.

WITH IC REGULATOR



1) Use fully charged battery.

2) Light : Charge warning light

ACG: Alternator parts except IC regulator

IC-RG: IC regulator

OK: IC-alternator is in good condition.

3) When reaching "Damaged ACG", remove alternator from vehicle and disassembly, inspect and correct or replace faulty parts.

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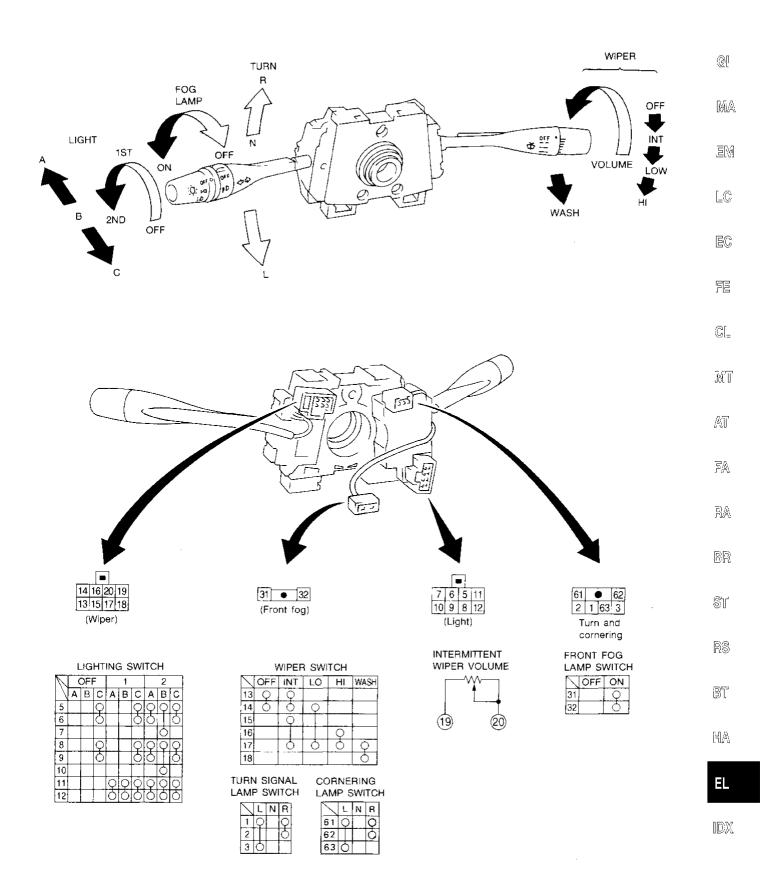
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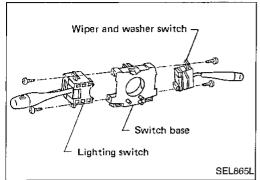
Service Data and Specifications (SDS) ALTERNATOR

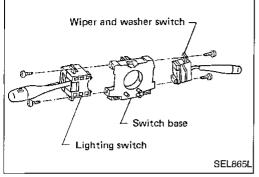
Туре		LR1125-702B	LR1110-705
		HITACI	HITACHI make
Applied model		Non-California and Canada models	California models
Nominal rating	V-A	12-125	12-110
Ground polarity		Negative	
Minimum revolution under no-lo (When 13.5 volts is applied)	ad rpm	Less than 1,100	Less than 1,000
Hot output current (When 13.5 volts is applied)	A/rpm	More than 36/1,300 More than 94/2,500 More than 123/5,000	More than 34/1,300 More than 82/2,500 More than 105/5,000
Regulated output voltage	V	14.1 - 14.7	
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	More than 6.00 (0.2362)	
Brush spring pressure	N (g, oz)	1.000 - 3.432 (102 - 350, 3.60 - 12.34)	
Slip ring minimum diameter	mm (in)	More than 26.0 (1.024)	
Rotor (field coil) resistance	Ω	2.35	2.31

Combination Switch/Check



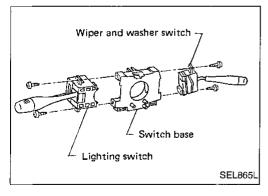
COMBINATION SWITCH



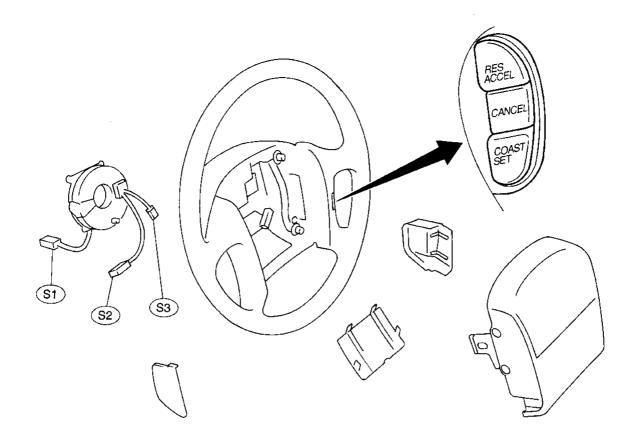


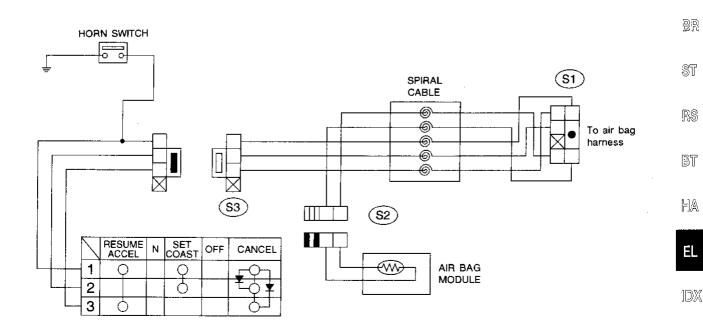
Combination Switch/Replacement Each switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.

To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screw.



Steering Switch/Check





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HEADLAMP

System Description (For USA)

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 54, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal (5), and
- through 15A fuse (No. 53), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal 8

When the lighting switch is turned to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal ①
- to terminal (2) of the LH headlamp, and
- from lighting switch terminal ⑦
- to terminal 2 of the RH headlamp.

Terminal 3 of each headlamp supplies ground through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

With power and ground supplied, the headlamps will illuminate.

When the lighting switch is placed in the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal 6
- to terminal ① of the RH headlamp, and
- from lighting switch terminal 9
- to terminal ① of the LH headlamp, and
- to combination meter terminal ② for the HIGH BEAM indicator.

Ground is supplied to terminal ③ of the combination meter through body grounds [M13] and [M73].

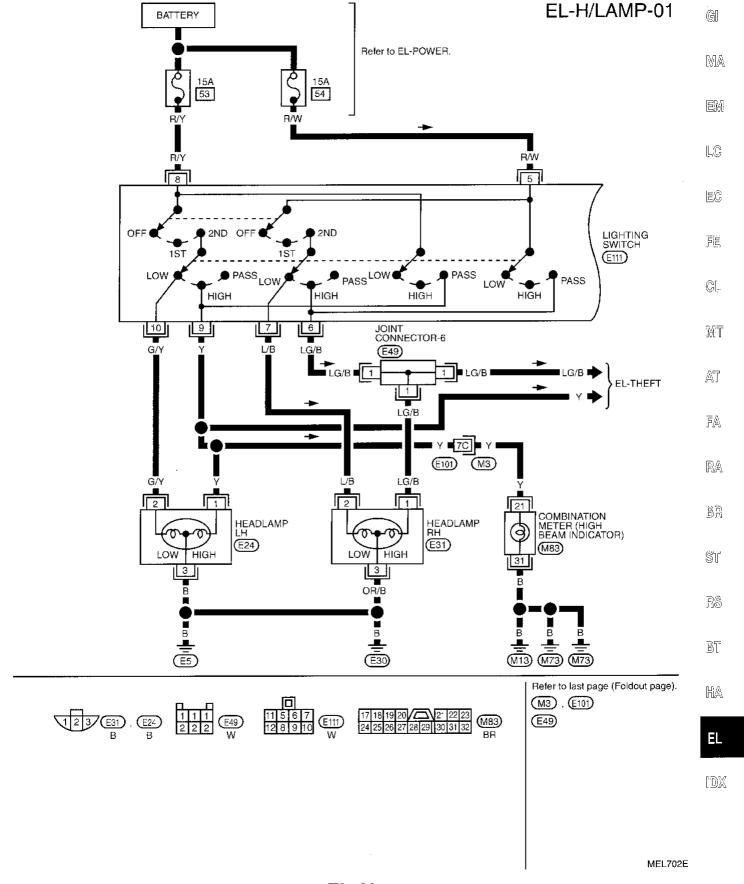
With power and ground supplied, the high beams and the HIGH BEAM indicator illuminate.

With theft warning system

The theft warning system will flash the high beams if the system is triggered. Refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS" (EL-245).

Wiring Diagram — H/LAMP —

FOR U.S.A.



HEADLAMP

Trouble Diagnoses (For USA)

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
LH headlamps do not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (E5) and (E30) 3. 15A fuse 4. Lighting switch	 Check bulb. Check grounds and . Check 15A fuse (No. 53), located in fusible link and fuse box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal fighting switch. Check lighting switch.
RH headlamps do not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (E5) and (E30) 3. 15A fuse 4. Lighting switch	 Check bulb. Check grounds (E5) and (E30). Check 15A fuse (No. 54), located in fusible link and fuse box). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (§) of lighting switch. Check lighting switch.
LH high beam does not operate, but LH low beam operates.	Bulb Open in LH high beam circuit Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check Y wire between lighting switch and LH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
LH low beam does not operate, but LH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in LH low beam circuit Lighting switch	 Check bulb. Check G/Y wire between lighting switch and LH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH high beam does not operate, but RH low beam operates.	 Bulb. Open in RH high beam circuit Lighting switch. 	Check bulb. Check LG/B wire between lighting switch and RH headlamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH low beam does not operate, but RH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in RH low beam circuit Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check L/B wire between lighting switch and RH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
High beam indicator does not work.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (M13) and (M73) 3. Open in high beam circuit	 Check bulb in combination meter. Check grounds (M13) and (M73). Check Y wire between lighting switch and combination meter for an open circuit.

System Description (For Canada)

The headlamp system for Canada vehicles contains a daytime light control unit. It activates the high beam headlamps at approximately half illumination whenever the engine is running. If the parking brake is applied before the engine is started, the daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once the parking brake is released. After that, the daytime lights will continue to operate even when the parking brake is applied. Power is supplied at all times through 15A fuse (No. 53, located in the fuse and fusible link box) MA to daytime light control unit terminal 3 and to lighting switch terminal (8). Power is also supplied at all times EM through 15A fuse (No. 54), located in the fuse and fusible link box) to daytime light control unit terminal (2), to lighting switch terminal (5). LC With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to daytime light control unit terminal (12). Ground is supplied to daytime light control unit terminal 9 through body grounds (E5) and (E30). **HEADLAMP OPERATION** FE Low beam operation When the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied CL from lighting switch terminal 10 to LH headlamp terminal ②. Ground is supplied to LH headlamp terminal ③ through body grounds (E5) and (E30). MT Also, when the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied from lighting switch terminal (7) to RH headlamp terminal (2). AT Ground is supplied to headlamp terminal 3 through body grounds (5) and (50) (through daytime light con-With power and ground supplied, the low beam headlamps illuminate. FA High beam operation When the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied from lighting switch terminal 9 RA to LH headlamp terminal ①. Also, when the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied BR from lighting switch terminal (9)

DAYTIME LIGHT OPERATION

to RH headlamp terminal (1).

With the engine running and the lighting switch in the OFF position, power is supplied

to daytime light control unit terminal (3).

through daytime light control unit terminal 6

to daytime light control unit terminal (8). through daytime light control unit terminal 6

Ground is supplied in the same manner as low beam operation.

With power and ground supplied, the high beam headlamps illuminate.

to headlamp RH terminal (1),

through headlamp RH terminal (3)

to daytime light control unit terminal ?,

through daytime light control unit terminal (8)

to headlamp LH terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to headlamp LH terminal 3 through body grounds 5 and 5.

Because the high beam headlamps are now connected in series, they operate at half illumination.

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Operation (For Canada)

After starting the engine with the lighting switch in the "OFF" position or "1ST" position, the headlamp high beam automatically turns on. Lighting switch operations other than the above are the same as conventional light systems.

E	ingine	With engine stopped						With engine running											
		OFF 1ST 2ND		OFF			1ST		2ND										
Lighting switch		A	В	С	А	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
Headlamp High beam Low beam		Х	Х	0	Х	Х	0	0	Х	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	0	Х	0
		х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х
Clearance and tail	lamp	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0
License and instrument illumination lamp		Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0

A: HIGH

B: LOW

C: PASS

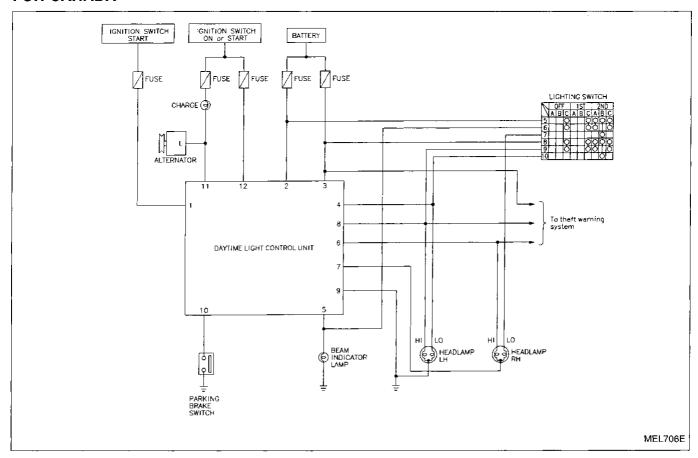
O : Lamp "ON" X : Lamp "OFF"

△ : Lamp dims.

: When starting the engine with the parking brake released, the daytime lamp will come ON. When starting the engine with the parking brake pulled, the daytime lamp won't come ON.

Schematic

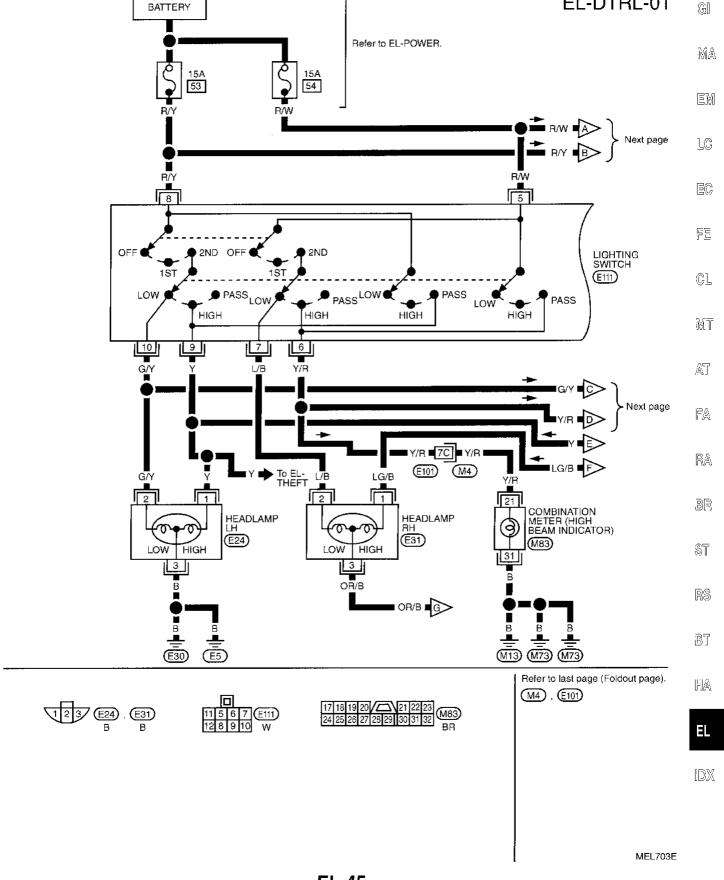
FOR CANADA



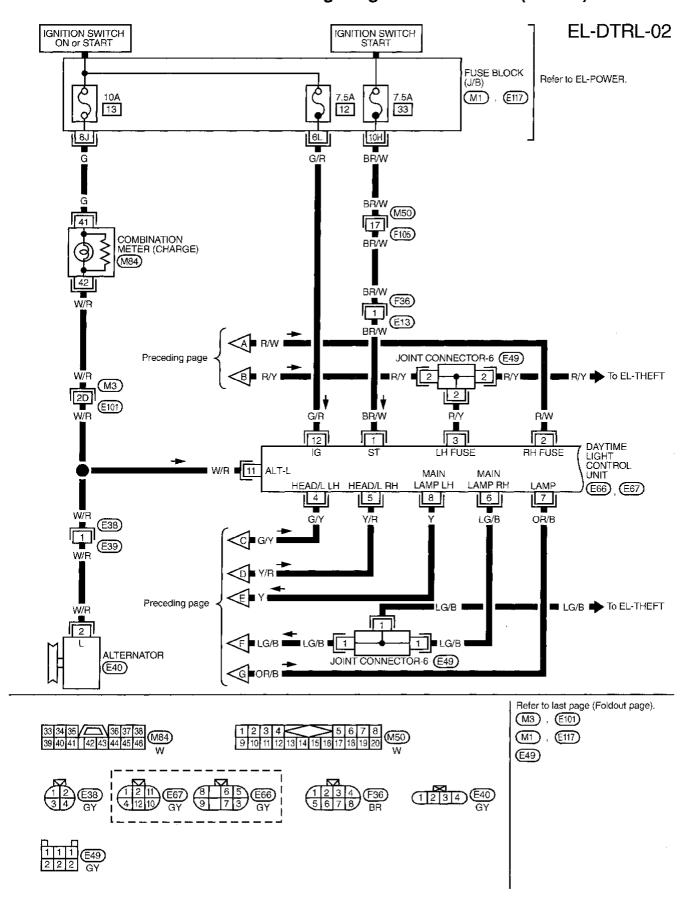
Wiring Diagram — DTRL —

EL-DTRL-01

FOR CANADA

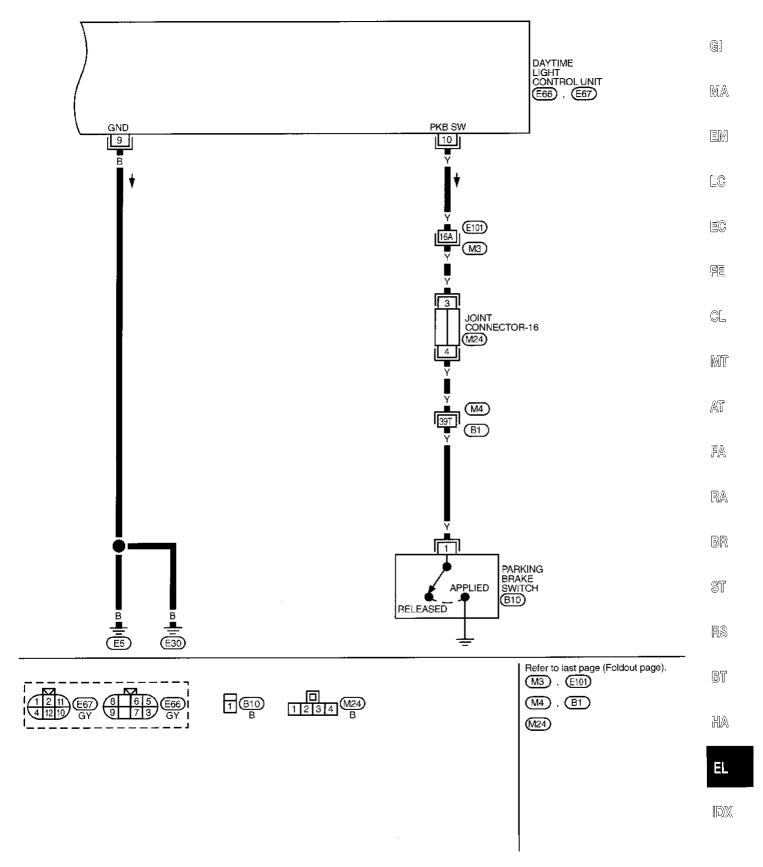


Wiring Diagram — DTRL — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — DTRL — (Cont'd)

EL-DTRL-03



Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada)

DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

(Data are reference values.)

Ter- minal No.	ltem		Condition	Judgement standard		
1	Start signal	(CsT)	When turning ignition switch to "ST"	Battery positive voltage		
		CON	When turning ignition switch to "ON" from "ST"	1V or less		
		(Coff)	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	1V or less		
2	Power source	Con	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery positive voltage		
		(FF)	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Battery positive voltage		
3	Power source	CON	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery positive voltage		
·		(COFF)	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Battery positive voltage		
4	Lighting switch (Lo beam)		When turning lighting switch to "2ND" ("B")	Battery positive voltage		
5	Lighting switch (Hi beam)		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("A")	Battery positive voltage		
		-	When turning lighting switch to "PASS" ("C")	Battery positive voltage		
6	RH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("C")	Battery positive voltage		
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Battery positive voltage		
7	RH headlamp control (ground)		When lighting switch is turned to "2ND" ("B")	1V or less		
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Approx. half battery voltage		
8	LH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("A")	Battery positive voltage		
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Approx. half battery voltage		
9	Ground	W. \$ -				

HEADLAMP — Daytime Light System — Trouble Diagnoses (For Canada) (Cont'd)

Ter- minal No.	Item		Condition	Judgement standard
10	Parking brake switch	(P)	When parking brake is released	Battery positive voltage
		(Lon)	When parking brake is set	1.5V or less
11	Alternator	(Con)	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	1V or less
			When engine is running	Battery positive voltage
		COFF	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	1V or less
12	Power source	(Con)	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery positive voltage
		(Cs)	When turning ignition switch to "ST"	Battery positive voltage
			When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	1V or less

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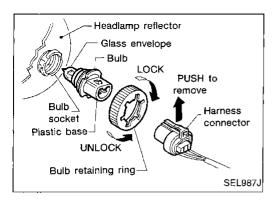
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Bulb Replacement

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. The bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

- Grasp only the plastic base when handling the bulb. Never touch the glass envelope.
- Disconnect the battery cable.
- 2. Turn the bulb retaining ring counterclockwise until it is free from the headlamp reflector, and then remove it.
- Disconnect the harness connector from the back side of the bulb.
- 4. Remove the headlamp bulb carefully. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it.
- 5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

 Do not leave the bulb out of the headlamp reflector for a long period of time. Dust, moisture, smoke, etc. entering headlamp may affect the performance of the headlamp. Remove headlamp bulb from the headlamp reflector just before a replacement bulb is installed.

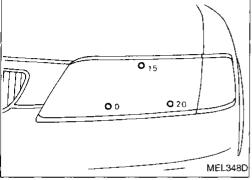
Aiming Adjustment

When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. Aimers should be in good repair, calibrated and operated in accordance with respective operation manuals.

If any aimer is not available, aiming adjustment can be done as follows:

For details, refer to the regulations in your own country.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures.
- b. Place vehicle and tester on one and same flat surface.
- c. See that there is no-load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).



AIMER ADJUSTMENT MARK

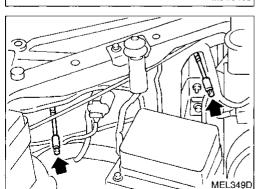
When using a mechanical aimer, adjust adapter legs to the data marked on the headlamps.

Adjustment value for mechanical aimer

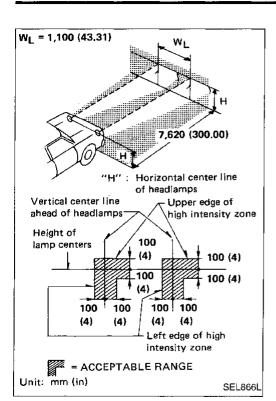
	Mechanical aimer level
Horizontal side	-4 to 4
Vertical side	-4 to 4



- 1. Turn headlamp low beam on.
- 2. Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment.
- First tighten the adjusting screw all the way and then make adjustment by loosening the screw.



HEADLAMP



Aiming Adjustment (Cont'd)

- Upper edge and left edge of high intensity zone should be within the range shown at left. Adjust headlamps accordingly.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.

"H": Horizontal center line of headlamps

"W_L": Distance between each headlamp center

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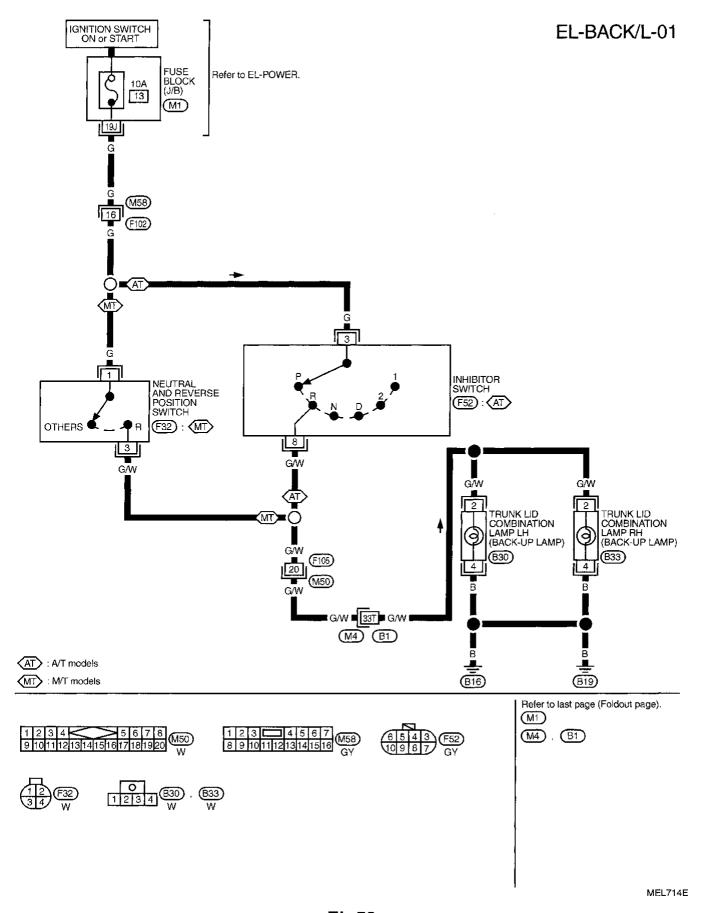
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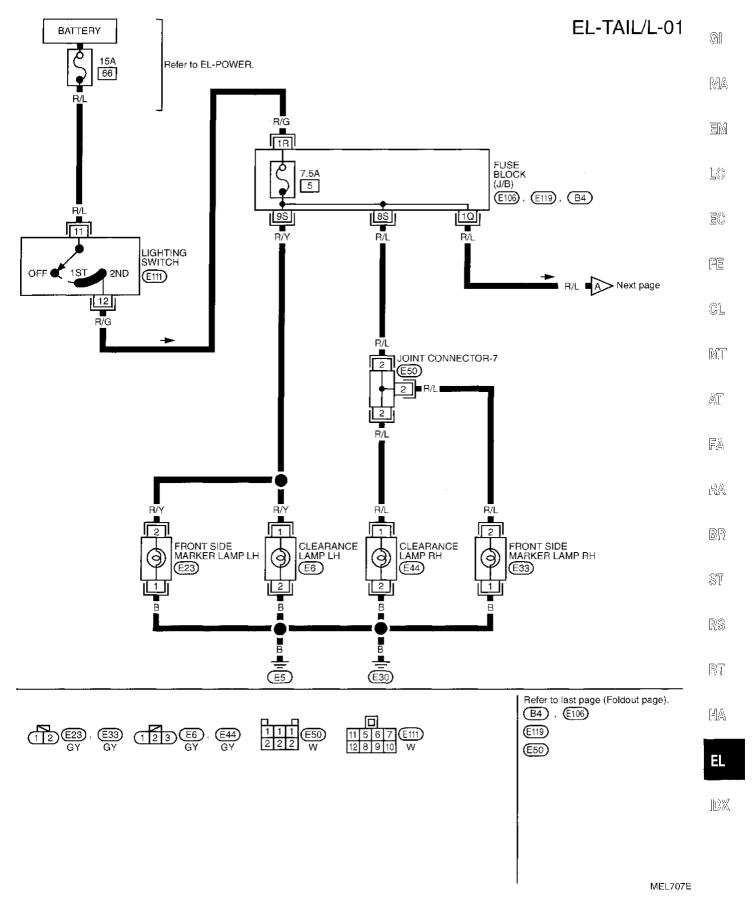
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Back-up Lamp/Wiring Diagram — BACK/L —

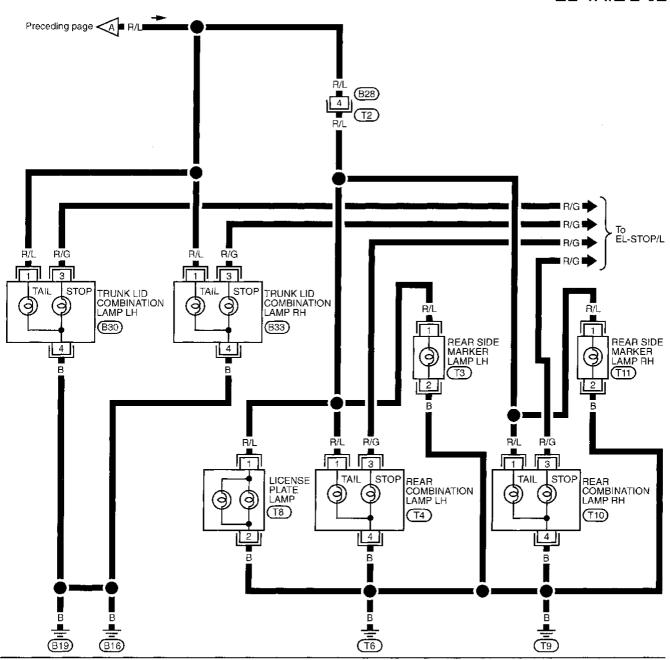


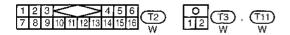
Clearance, License and Tail Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L —

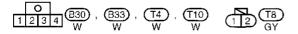


Clearance, License and Tail Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L — (Cont'd)

EL-TAIL/L-02







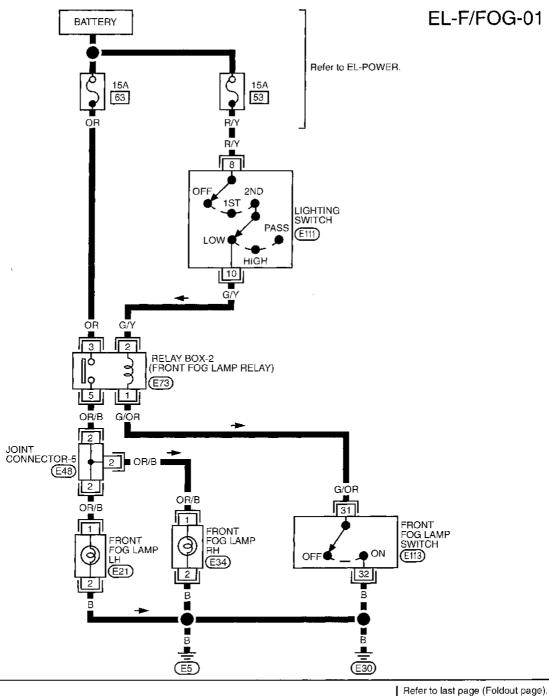
EXTERIOR LAMP

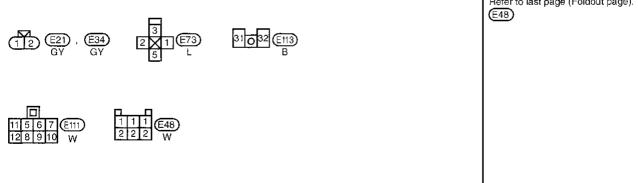
Front Fog Lamp/System Description

Power is supplied at all times to front fog lamp relay terminal 3 through 15A fuse (No. 63, located in the fuse and fusible link box). With the lighting switch in the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied through 15A fuse (No. 53, located in the fuse and fusible link box) (£) to lighting switch terminal (8) through terminal 10 of the lighting switch to front fog lamp relay terminal 2. AM. Front fog lamp operation The lighting switch must be in the 2ND and LOW ("B") position for front fog lamp operation. With the front fog lamp switch in the ON position ground is supplied to front fog lamp relay terminal ① through the front fog lamp switch and body grounds (E5) and (E30). LC The front fog lamp relay is energized and power is supplied from front fog lamp relay terminal (5) to terminal (1) of each front foo lamp. EG Ground is supplied to terminal 2 of each front fog lamp through body grounds (E5) and (E30). With power and ground supplied, the front fog lamps illuminate. FE CL MI AT $\mathbb{F}\mathbb{A}$ RA BR ST RS BT HA

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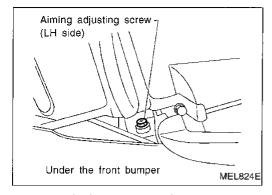
Front Fog Lamp/Wiring Diagram — F/FOG —

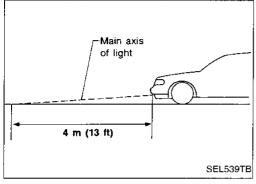




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EXTERIOR LAMP





Front Fog Lamp Aiming Adjustment

Before performing aiming adjustment, make sure of the following.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressure.
- b. Place vehicle on level ground.
- c. See that vehicle is unloaded (except for full levels of coolant, engine oil and fuel, and spare tire, jack, and tools). Have the driver or equivalent weight placed in driver seat.

Adjust aiming in the vertical direction by turning the adjusting screw.

Check the distance between the vehicle and the ground point where the main axis of light of fog lamp reaches. Keep the distance within 4 m (13 ft).

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Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/ System Description

TURN SIGNAL OPERATION

With the hazard switch in the OFF position and the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 14], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to hazard switch terminal (2)
- through terminal (1) of the hazard switch
- to combination flasher unit terminal (B)
- through terminal ① of the combination flasher unit
- to turn signal switch terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal (E) through body grounds (M13) and (M23).

LH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the LH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal (3) to

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal () (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (55) and (65))
- rear combination lamp LH terminal ② (through fuse block (J/B) terminals ⑤ and ④) and
- combination meter terminal ② (through fuse block (J/B) terminals ⑤ and ②).

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp LH terminal 2 through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp LH terminal 4 through body grounds 16 and 19.

Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (3) through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

With power and grounds supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the LH turn signal lamps.

RH turn

When the turn signal switch is moved to the RH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal (2) to

- front turn signal lamp RH terminal (1) (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (145) and (105))
- rear combination lamp RH terminal ② (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (145) and (130)) and
- combination meter terminal (19) (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (145) and (5H)).

Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp RH terminal 2 through body grounds (5) and (50).

Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp RH terminal 4 through body grounds 6 and 9.

Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (3) through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the RH turn signal lamps.

HAZARD LAMP OPERATION

Power is supplied at all times to hazard switch terminal 3 through

• 10A fuse [No. 11], located in the fuse block (J/B)].

With the hazard switch in the ON position, power is supplied

- through terminal ① of the hazard switch
- to combination flasher unit terminal (B)
- through terminal (1) of the combination flasher unit
- to hazard switch terminal (4).

Ground is supplied to the combination flasher unit terminal (£) through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

Power is supplied through terminal (5) of the hazard switch to

- front turn signal lamp LH terminal ① (through fuse block (J/B) terminals ② and ⑤)
- rear combination lamp LH terminal ② (through fuse block (J/B) terminals ② and ④) and
- combination meter terminal 32 (through fuse block (J/B) terminals 21 and 121).

Power is also supplied through terminal 6 of the hazard switch to

- front turn signal lamp RH terminal ① (through fuse block (J/B) terminals ① and ②
- rear combination lamp RH terminal ② (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (113) and (130) and
- combination meter terminal (1) (through fuse block (J/B) terminals (11) and (5H)).

Ground is supplied to terminal 2 of the front turn signal lamps through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

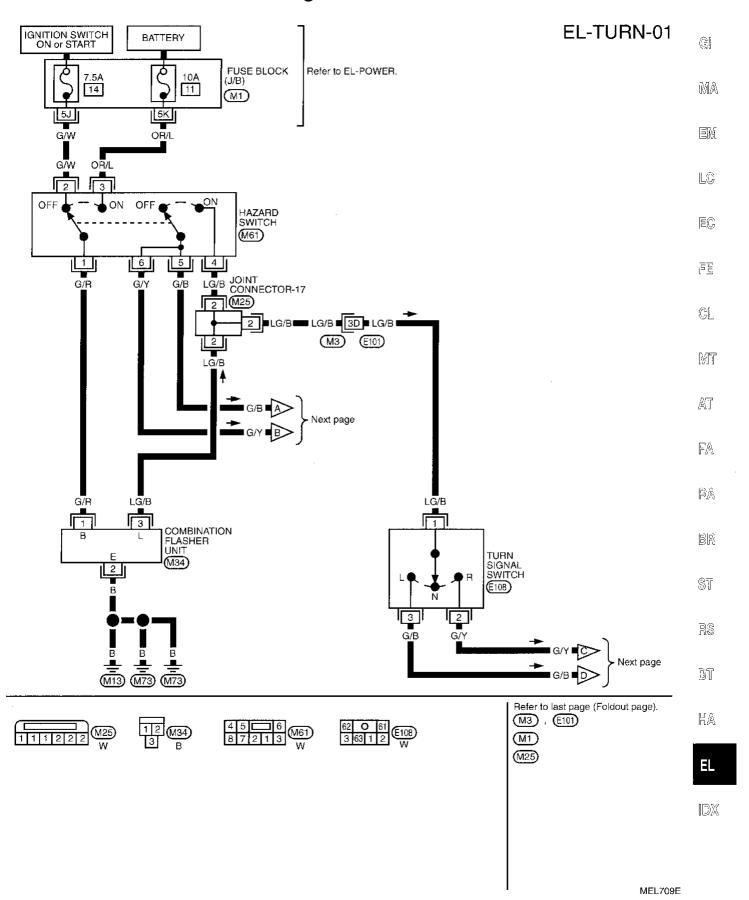
Ground is supplied to terminal 4 of the rear combination lamps through body grounds 16 and 19.

Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal (3) through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

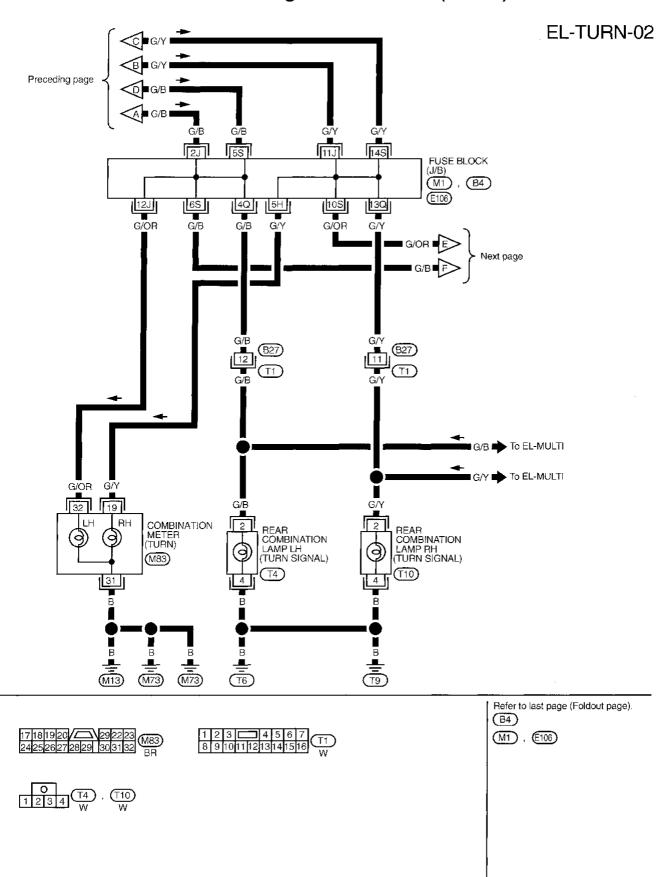
With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the hazard warning lamps.

EL-58

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TURN —

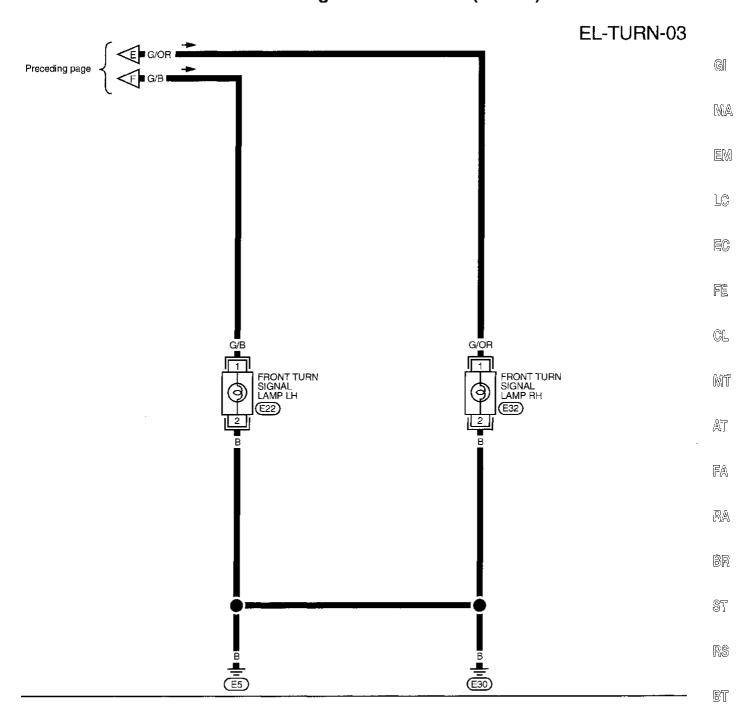


Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TURN — (Cont'd)



EXTERIOR LAMP

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TURN — (Cont'd)

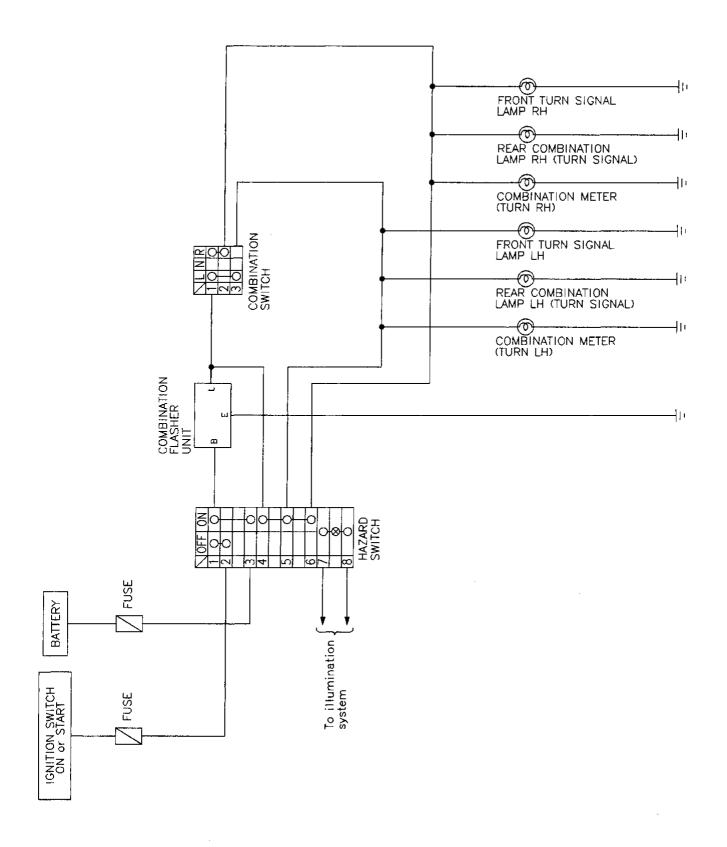




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Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/ Schematic



EXTERIOR LAMP

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/ Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
Turn signal and hazard warning lamps do not operate.	Hazard switch Combination flasher unit Open in combination flasher unit circuit	Check hazard switch. Refer to combination flasher unit check. Check wiring to combination flasher unit for open circuit.
Turn signal lamps do not operate but hazard warning lamps operate.	1. 7.5A fuse	 Check 10A fuse (No. 14 , located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ② of hazard switch. Check hazard switch.
	Hazard switch Turn signal switch Open in turn signal switch circuit	Check turn signal switch. Check LG/B wire between combination flasher unit and turn signal switch for open circuit.
Hazard warning lamps do not operate but turn signal lamps operate.	1. 10A fuse 2. Hazard switch 3. Open in hazard switch circuit	Check 10A fuse (No. 11 , located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal
Front turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds (E5) and (E30)	1. Check bulb. 2. Check grounds (E5) and (E30).
Rear turn signal lamp LH or RH does not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds T6 and T9	1. Check bulb. 2. Check grounds T6 and T9.
LH and RH turn indicators do not operate.	1. Ground	1. Check grounds (M13) and (M73).
LH or RH turn indicator does not operate.	1. Bulb	Check bulb in combination meter.

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

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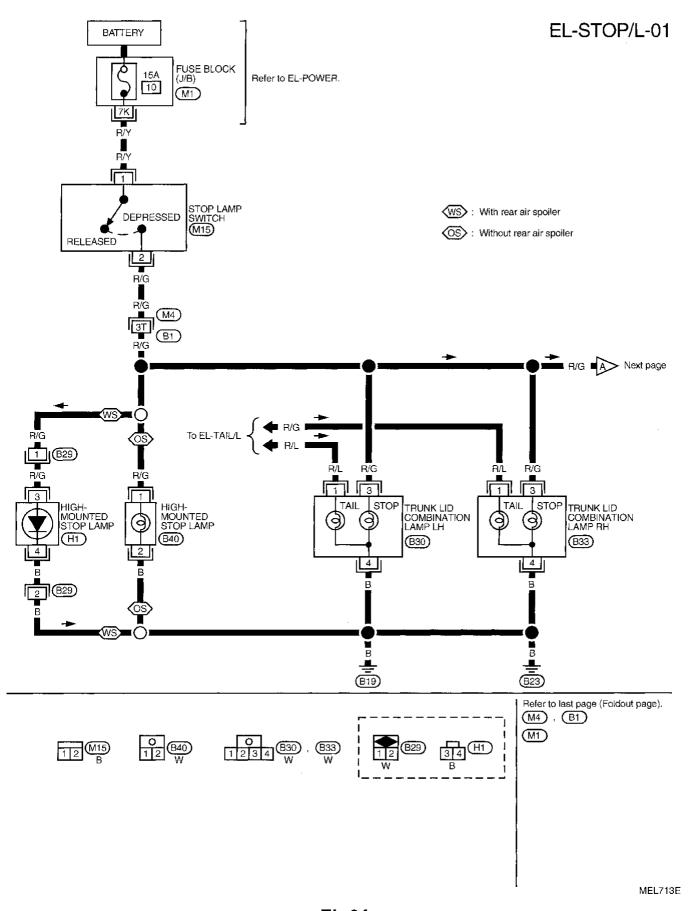
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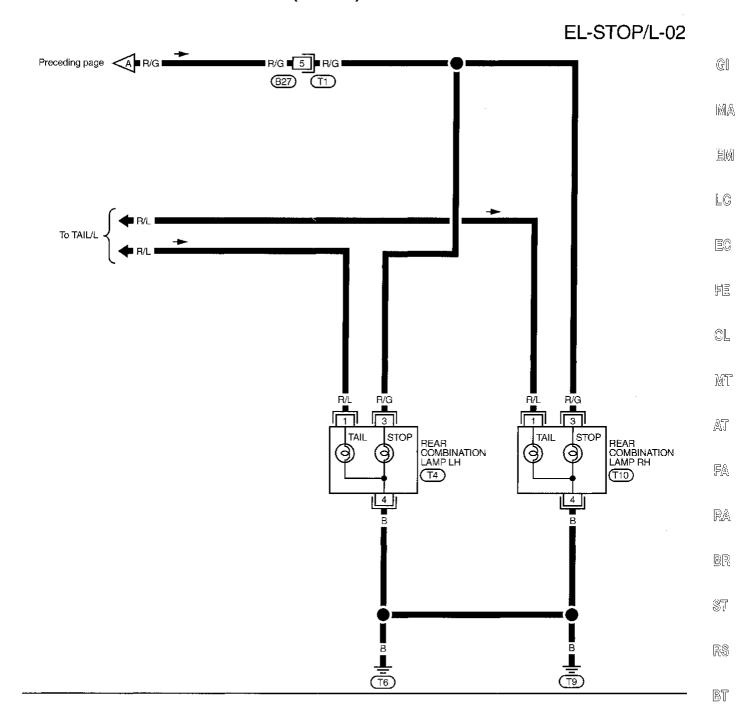
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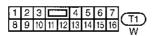
IDX

Stop Lamp/Wiring Diagram — STOP/L —



Stop Lamp/Wiring Diagram — STOP/L — (Cont'd)







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MEL494E

EXTERIOR LAMP

Cornering Lamp/System Description

The lighting switch must be in the 2ND and LOW ("B") or HIGH ("A") position for the cornering lamps to operate.

Power is supplied at all times to terminal (8) of the lighting switch through

15A fuse (No. 53), located in the fuse and fusible link box).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied to cornering lamp relay terminal 3 through:

7.5A fuse [No. 14], located in the fuse block (J/B)].

Power is supplied to cornering lamp relay terminal (1)

- through terminal of the lighting switch in the LOW ("B") position or
- through terminal **6** of the lighting switch in the HIGH ("A") position.

Ground is supplied to cornering lamp relay terminal 2 through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

With power and ground supplied, the cornering lamp relay is energized.

Power is supplied

- from terminal ⑤ of the cornering lamp relay
- to cornering lamp switch terminal 6 .

RH turn

When the turn signal lever is moved to the RH position, power is supplied

- from terminal 6) of the cornering lamp switch
- through terminal @ of the cornering lamp switch
- to cornering lamp RH terminal 3.

Ground is supplied to terminal ② of cornering lamp RH through body grounds ⑤ and ⑥. The RH cornering lamp illuminates until the turn signal lever returns to NEUTRAL position.

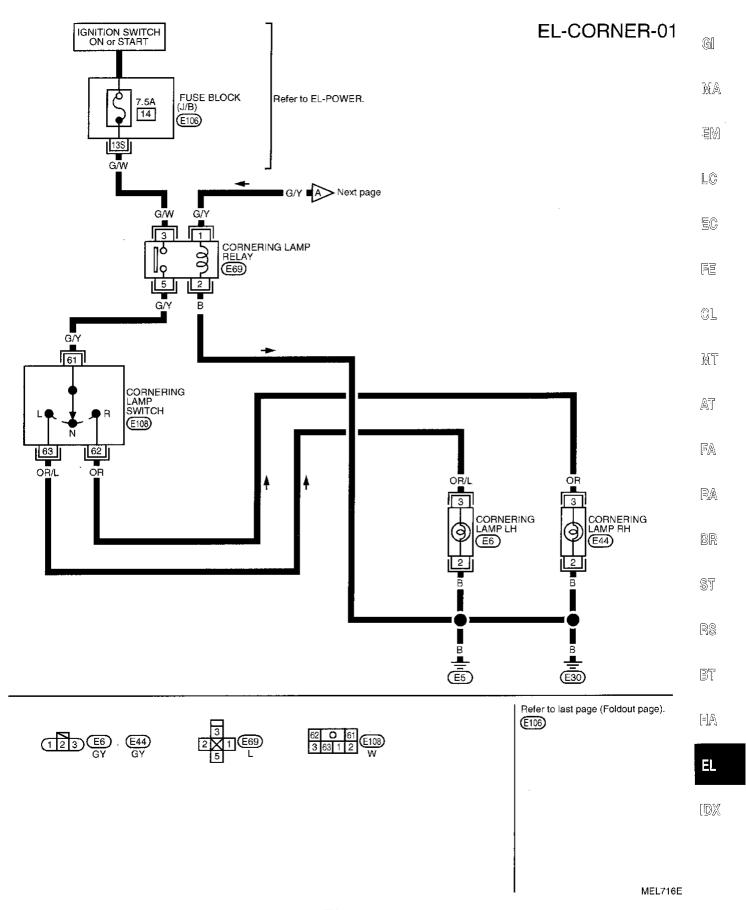
I H turn

When the turn signal lever is moved to the LH position, power is supplied

- from terminal 6 of the cornering lamp switch
- through terminal 69 of the cornering lamp switch
- to cornering lamp LH terminal (3).

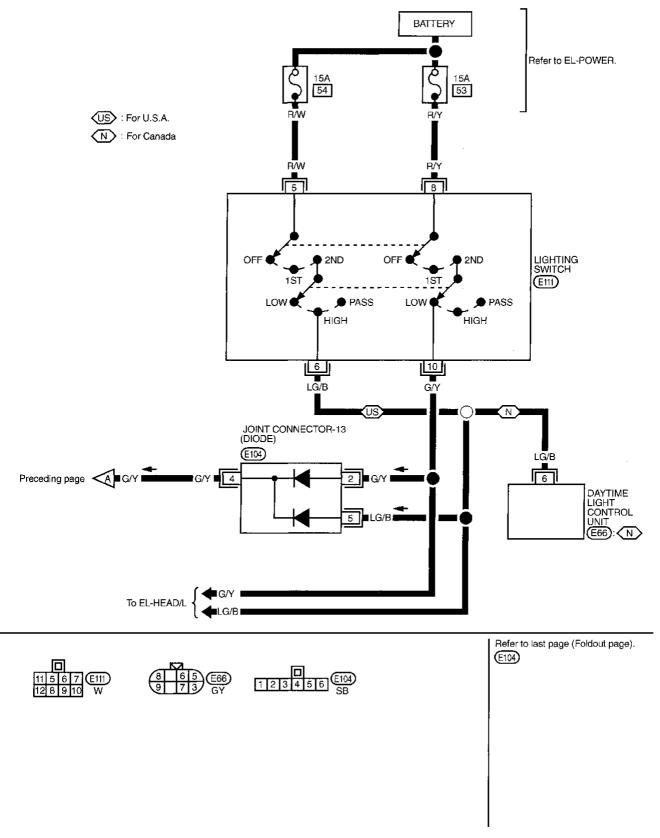
Ground is supplied to terminal ② of cornering lamp LH through body grounds 🚯 and 🐯. The LH cornering lamp illuminates until the turn signal lever returns to NEUTRAL position.

Cornering Lamp/Wiring Diagram — CORNER —

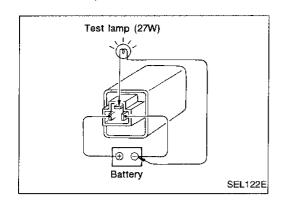


Cornering Lamp/Wiring Diagram — CORNER — (Cont'd)

EL-CORNER-02



EXTERIOR LAMP



Combination Flasher Unit Check

- · Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.
- Connect a battery and test lamp to the combination flasher unit, as shown. Combination flasher unit is properly functioning if it blinks when power is supplied to the circuit.

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Bulb Specifications

		— LC
	Wattage (12 volt)	
Headlamp (Semi-sealed beam)		
High/low	65/45 (HB1)	EC
Front turn signal lamp	27	
Front combination lamp		3 3
Cornering/Front clearance	27/8	
Front side marker	3.8	CL
Front fog lamp	55 (H3)	
Rear combination lamp		lWJv
Turn signal	27	
Stop/Tail	27/8	AT
Back-up	27	27 (111
Rear side marker lamp	3.8	FA
License plate lamp	5	lT <i>i=</i> 3
High-mounted stop lamp	27	50.0
		— RA

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EL-69

Illumination/System Description

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 66), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal ①.

The lighting switch must be in the 1ST or 2ND position for illumination.

Power is also supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to vanity mirror illumination terminal ①.

A variable resistor is built in the illumination control switch to control the amount of current to the illumination system.

The ashtray illumination, vanity mirror illumination and the glove box lamp are not controlled by the illumination control switch. The brightness of these lamps does not change.

The following chart shows the power and ground connector terminals for the components included in the illumination system.

Component	Power terminal	Ground terminal
Audio	®	Ŷ
CD player	3	22
Push control unit (Models with auto A/C)	①	4
Push control unit (Models without auto A/C)	(3)	(B
A/T device	④	3
Hazard switch	⑦	8
Power window switch (Front LH/RH)	⑦/⑭	10/10
Ashtray	①	2
Combination meter	36	(5) and (4)
Clock	2	①
ASCD main switch	⑤	6
Rear window defogger switch	\$	6
Glove box lamp	•	2
Illumination control switch	•	② and ③
Vanity mirror	①	2

With the exception of the glove box lamp, vanity mirror illumination and the ashtray illumination, the ground for all of the components are controlled through terminals ② and ③ of the illumination control switch and body grounds (M13) and (M73).

When the glove box is open, glove box lamp terminal ① is grounded through the glove box lamp switch terminal ② and body grounds (M13) and (M73).

The ashtray illumination terminal ② and vanity mirror illumination terminal ② are grounded directly through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

Vanity mirror will illuminate when cover of the vanity mirror is opened.

Spot and Trunk Room Lamps/System Description

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to spot lamp terminal ①, and
- to trunk room lamp terminal ① .

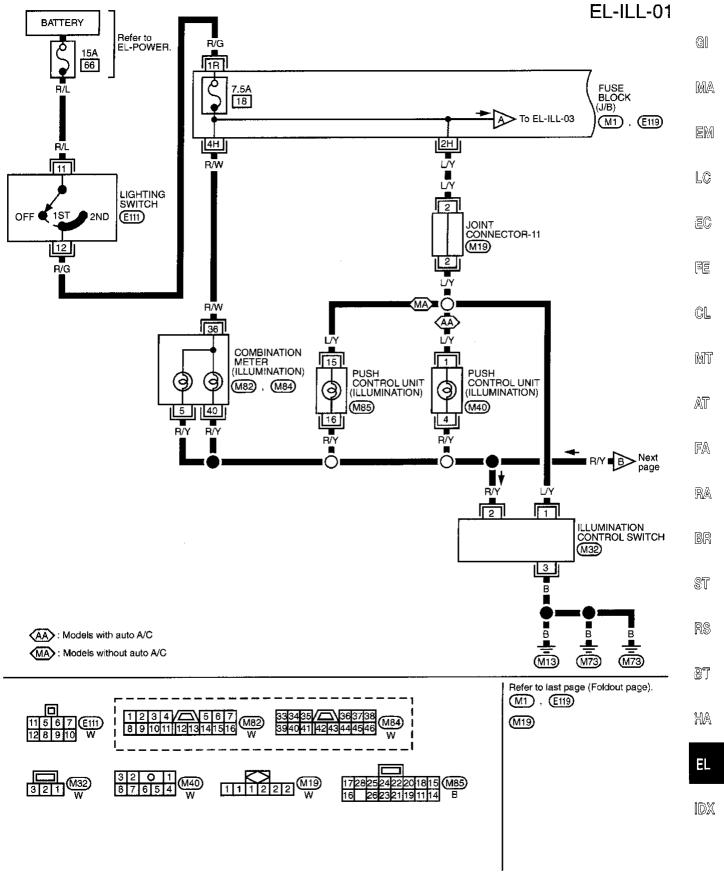
Ground is supplied when switch is ON

- to spot lamp terminal ① from the spot lamp terminal ②
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

Ground is supplied when trunk room lamp switch is ON

- to trunk room lamp terminal (1) from the trunk room lamp switch terminal (2)
- through body grounds ®16 and ®19.

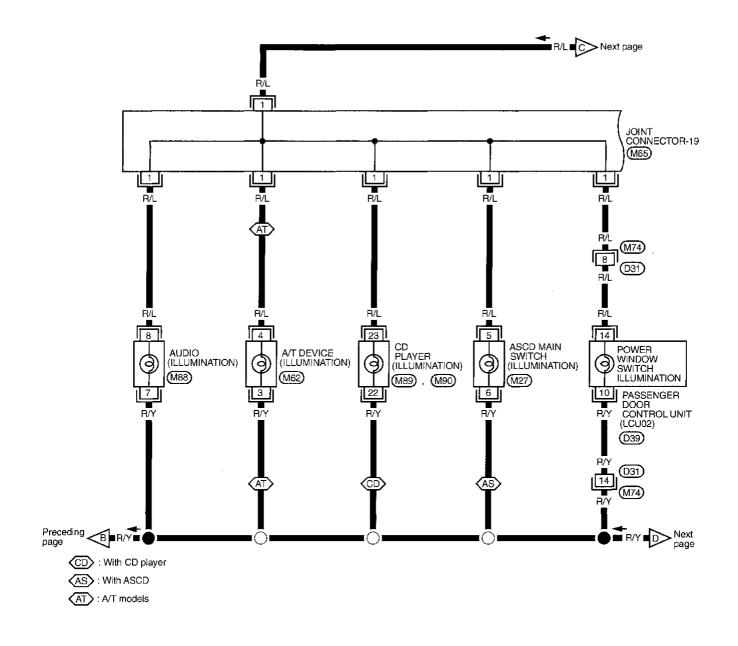
Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL —

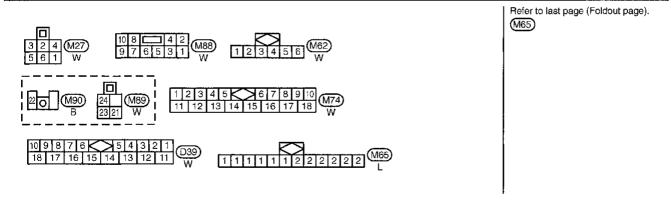


MEL719E

Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)

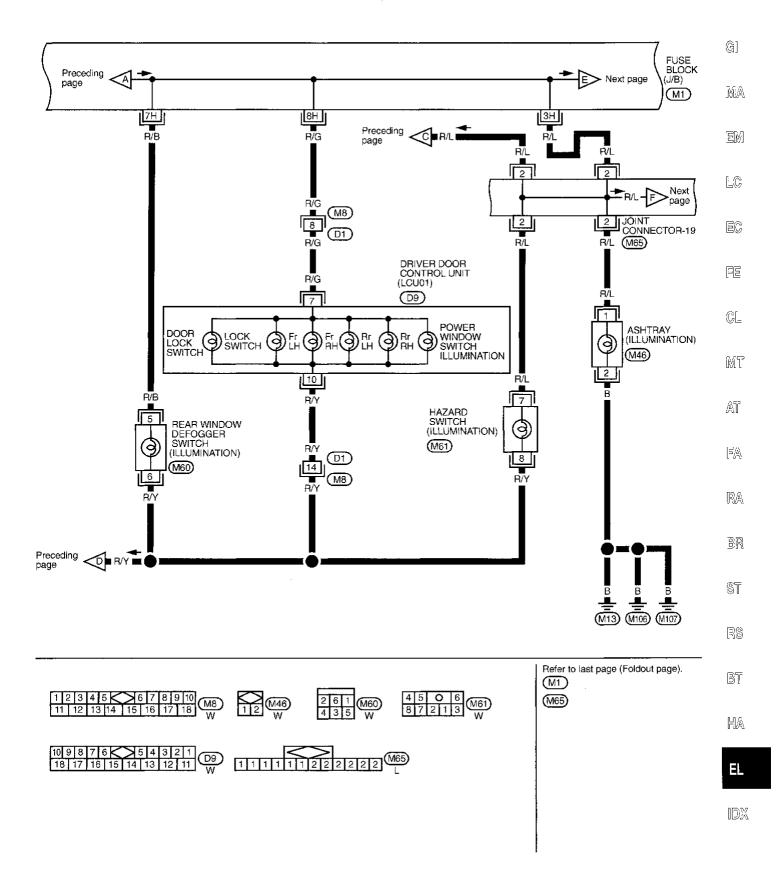
EL-ILL-02





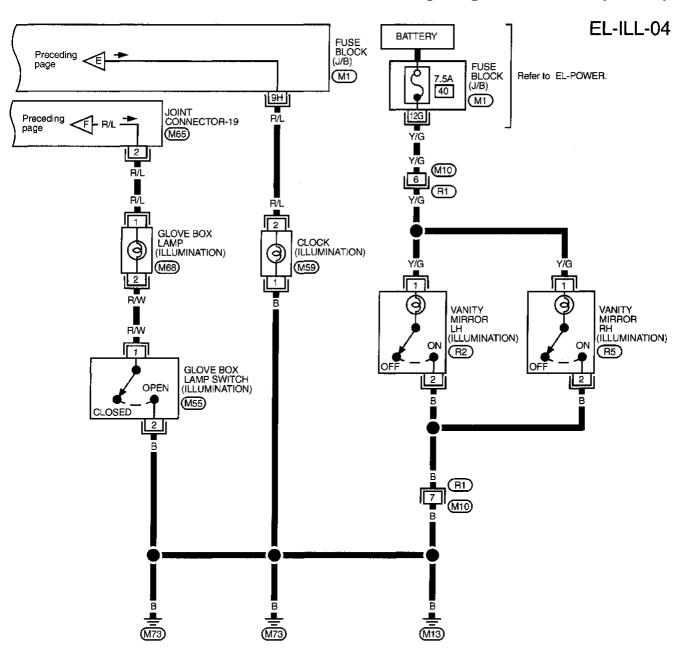
Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)

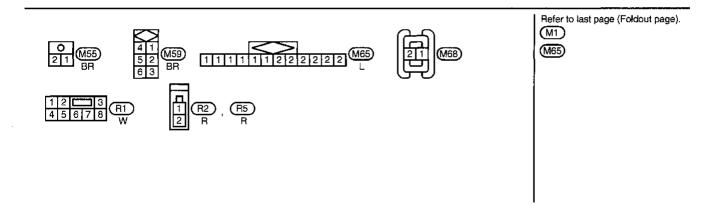
EL-ILL-03



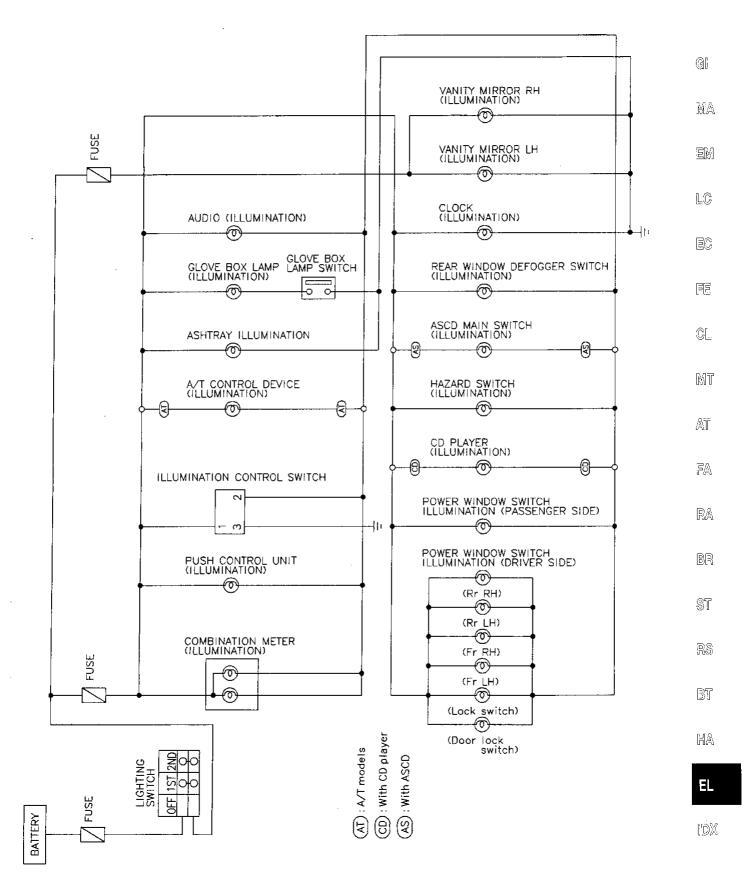
MEL721E

Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)



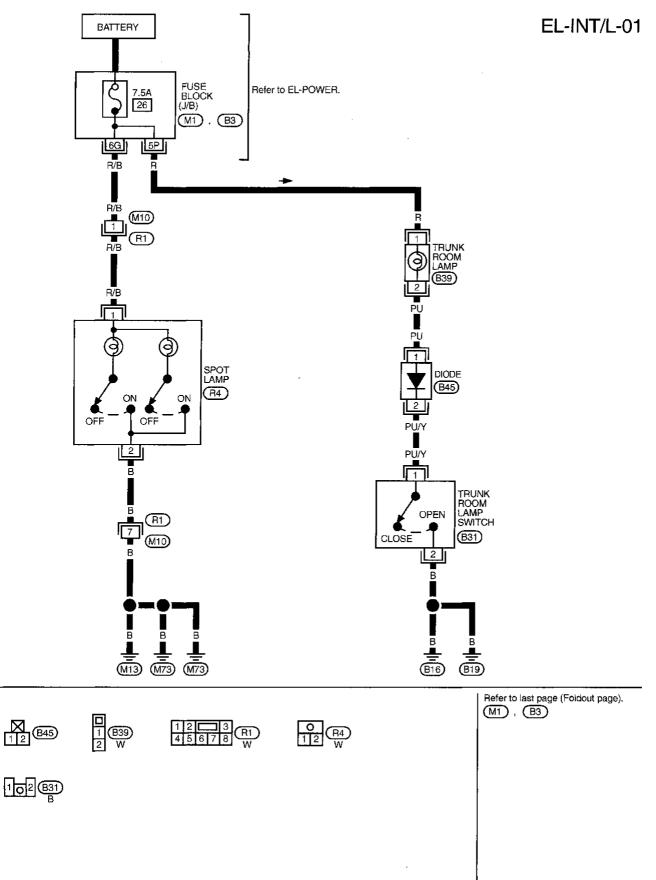


Illumination/Schematic



MEL723E

Spot and Trunk Room Lamp/Wiring Diagram — INT/L —



MEL718E

INTERIOR LAMP

Bulb Specifications

	Wattage (12 volt)	
Interior lamp	10	
Spot lamp	10	
Step lamp	3.4	
Trunk room lamp	3.4	

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METERS AND GAUGES

System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 13], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal 40
- for the tachometer, speedometer and
- for the fuel gauge and water temperature gauge.

Ground is supplied

- to combination meter terminals 10 and 33
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

The reading on the water temperature gauge is based on the resistance change of the thermal transmitter. A variable ground is supplied to terminal ③ of the combination meter for the water temperature gauge.

The tachometer is regulated by a signal

- from terminal ⑤ of the ECM (ECCS control module)
- to combination meter terminal for the tachometer.

The fuel gauge is regulated by a variable ground signal supplied

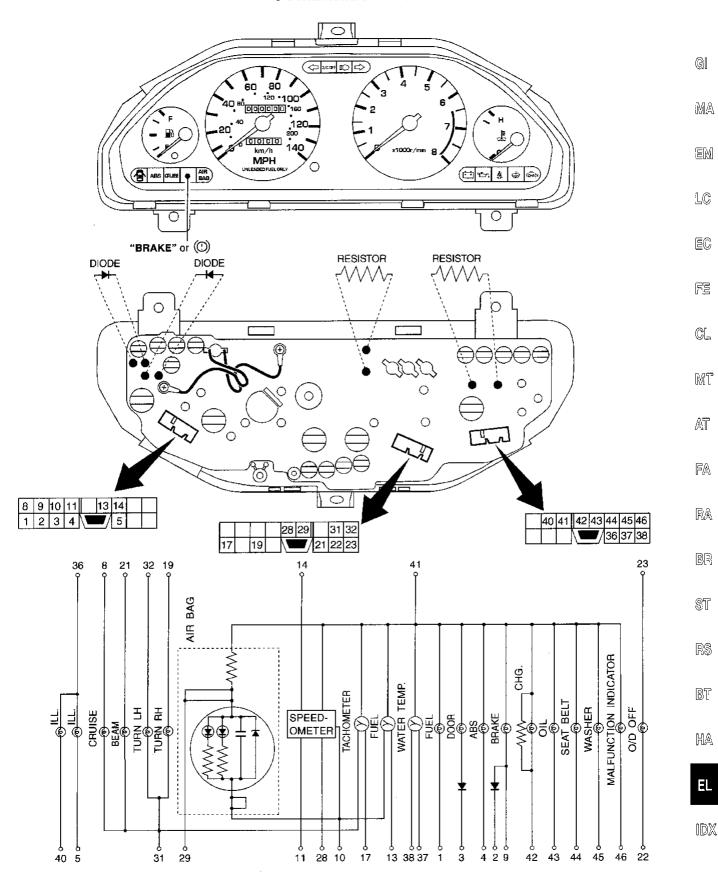
- to combination meter terminal (3) for the fuel gauge
- from terminal 3 of the fuel tank gauge unit
- through terminal 2 of the fuel tank gauge unit and
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

The vehicle speed sensor provides a voltage signal to the combination meter for the speedometer and the voltage is converted into the vehicle speed.

The voltage is supplied

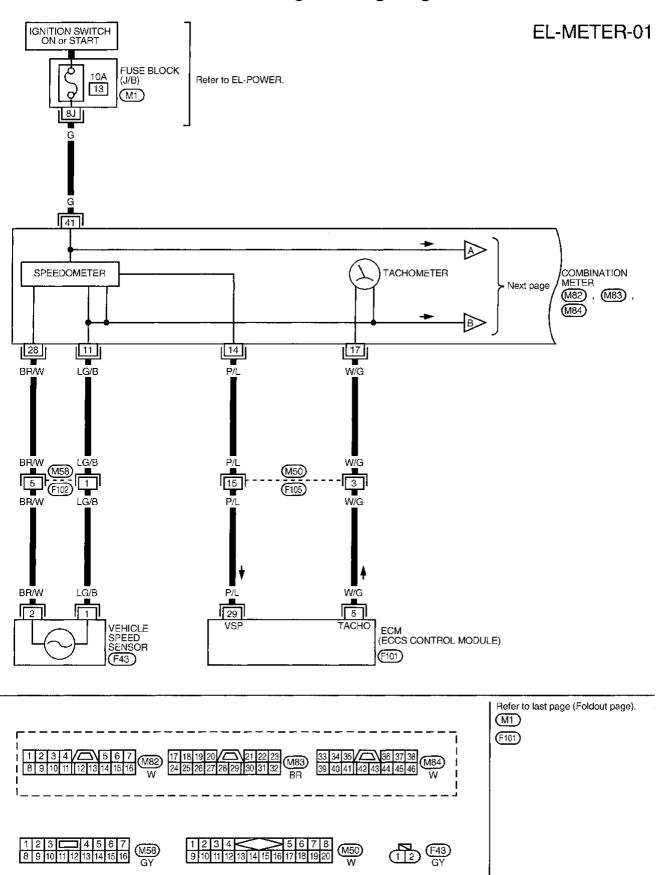
- to combination meter terminals (1) and (2) for the speedometer
- from terminals ① and ② of the vehicle speed sensor.

Combination Meter



MEL803E

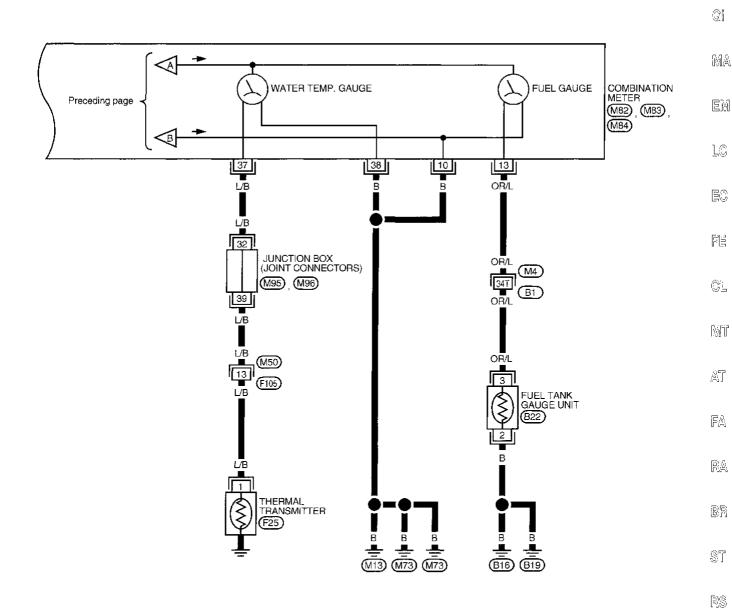
Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp. and Fuel Gauges/Wiring Diagram — METER —

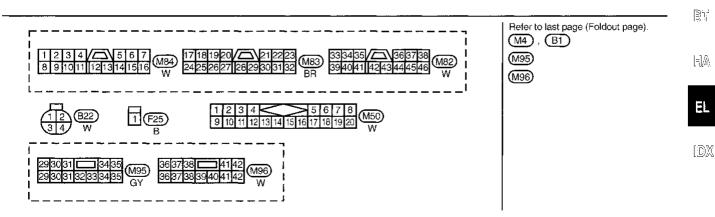


MEL724E

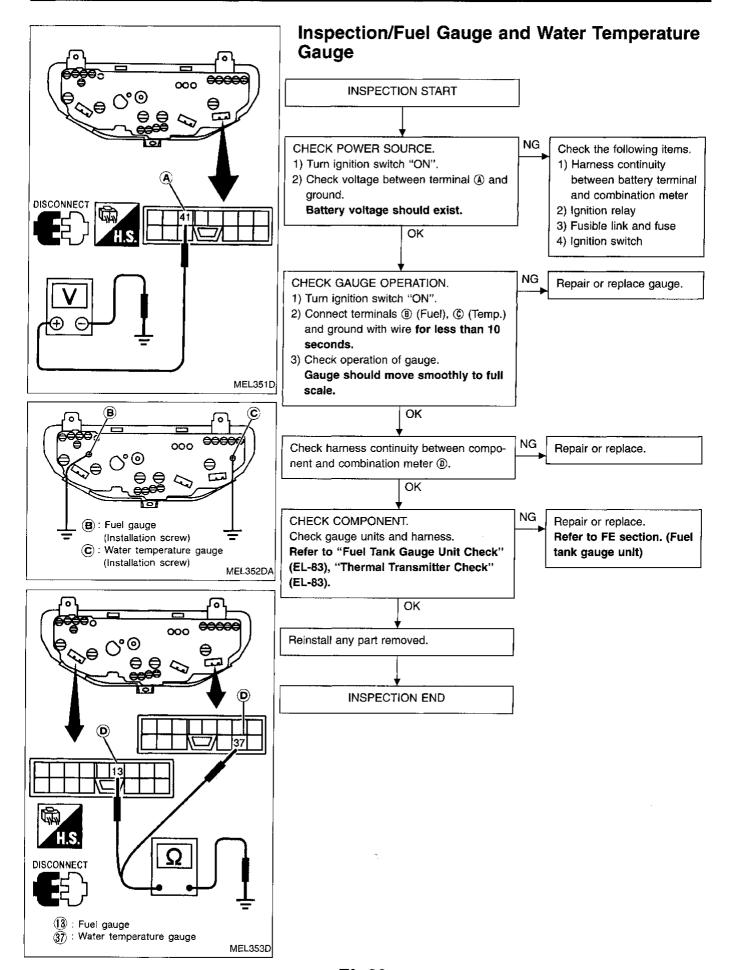
Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp. and Fuel Gauges/Wiring Diagram — METER — (Cont'd)

EL-METER-02

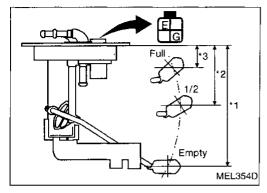


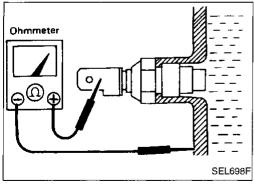


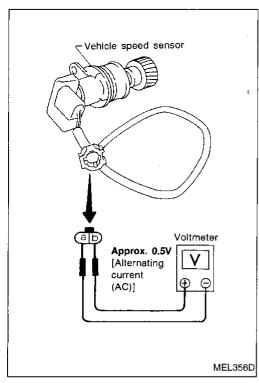
MEL725E



METERS AND GAUGES







Fuel Tank Gauge Unit Check

• For removal, refer to FE section "FUEL SYSTEM". Check the resistance between terminals (a) and (b).

Ohmi	Ohmmeter		Float position		Resistance value (Ω)
(+)	(-)	mm (in)			
		*3	Full	32 (1.26)	Approx. 5 - 8
G	E	*2	1/2	93 (3.66)	32 - 34
		*1	Empty	157 (6.18)	80 - 81

*1 and *3: When float rod is in contact with stopper.

Thermal Transmitter Check

Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

Water temperature	Resistance	
60°C (140°F)	Approx. 70 - 90Ω	
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 21 - 24Ω	

Vehicle Speed Sensor Signal Check

- 1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transmission.
- 2. Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly with fingers and measure voltage across (a) and (b).

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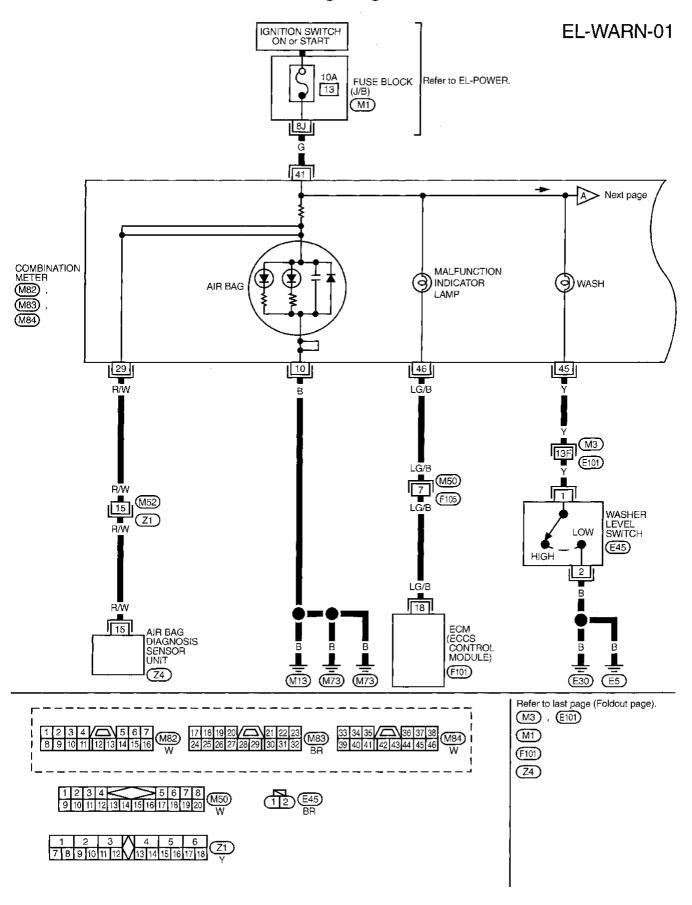
RS

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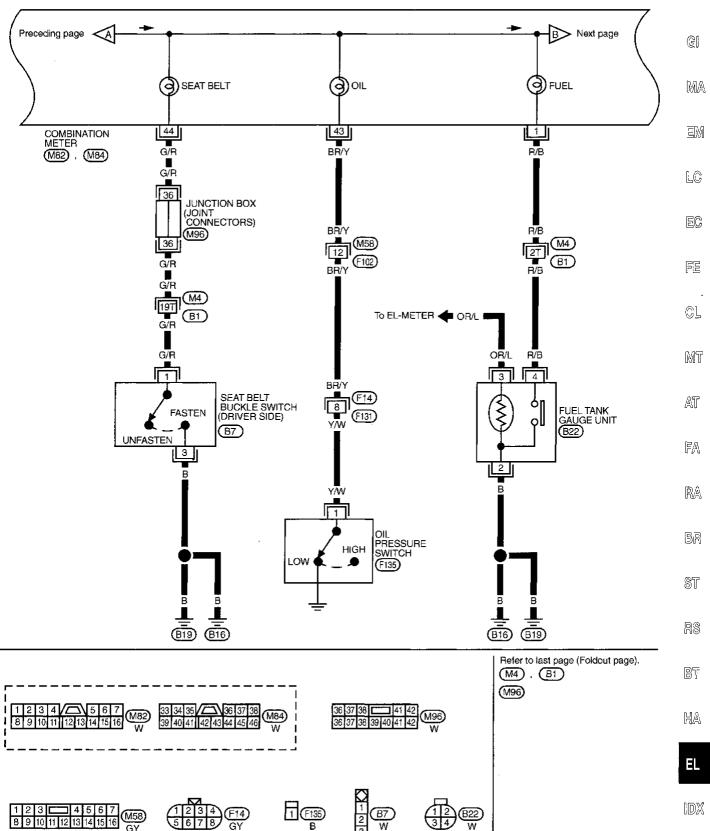
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Wiring Diagram — WARN —

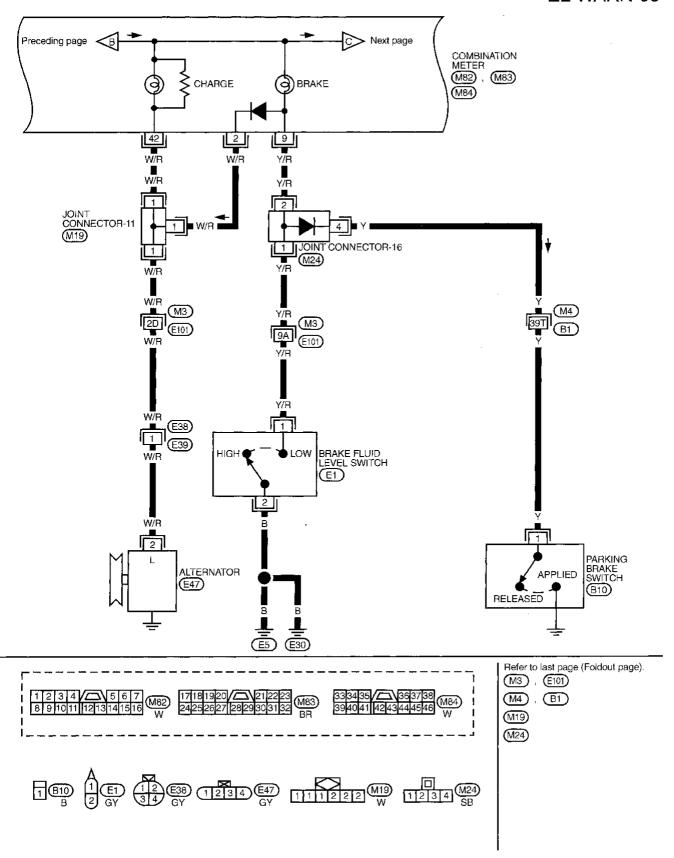




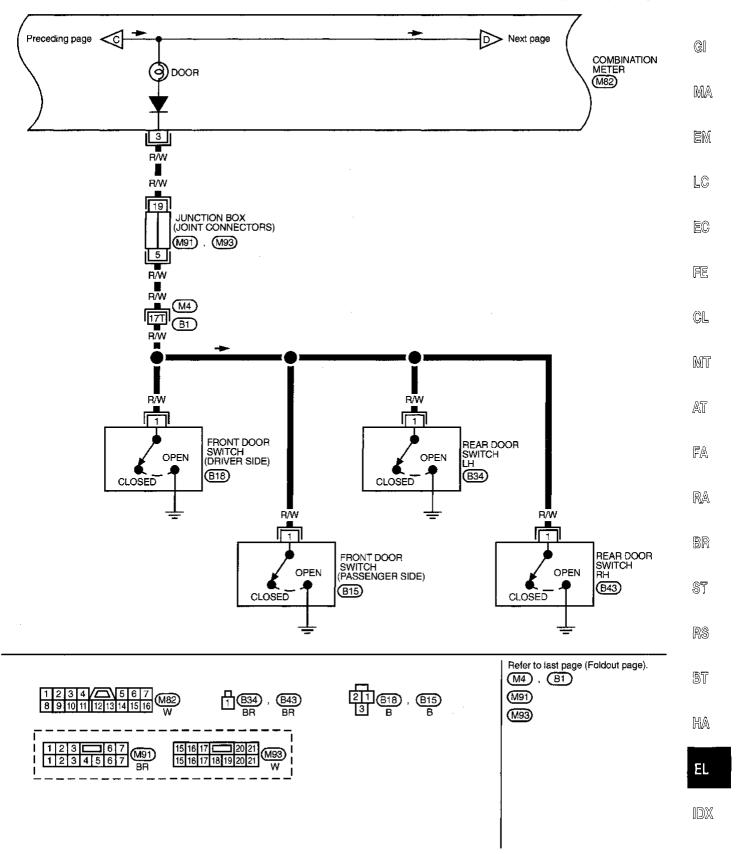


MEL727E

EL-WARN-03

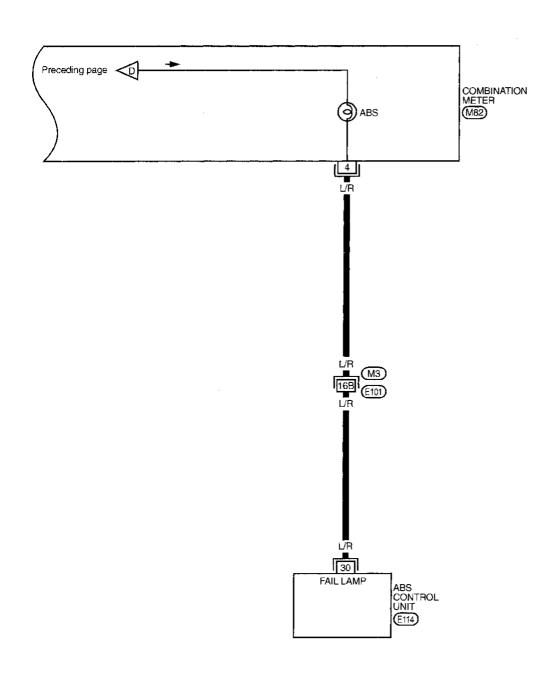


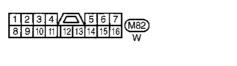
EL-WARN-04

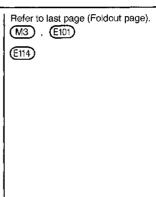


MEL729E

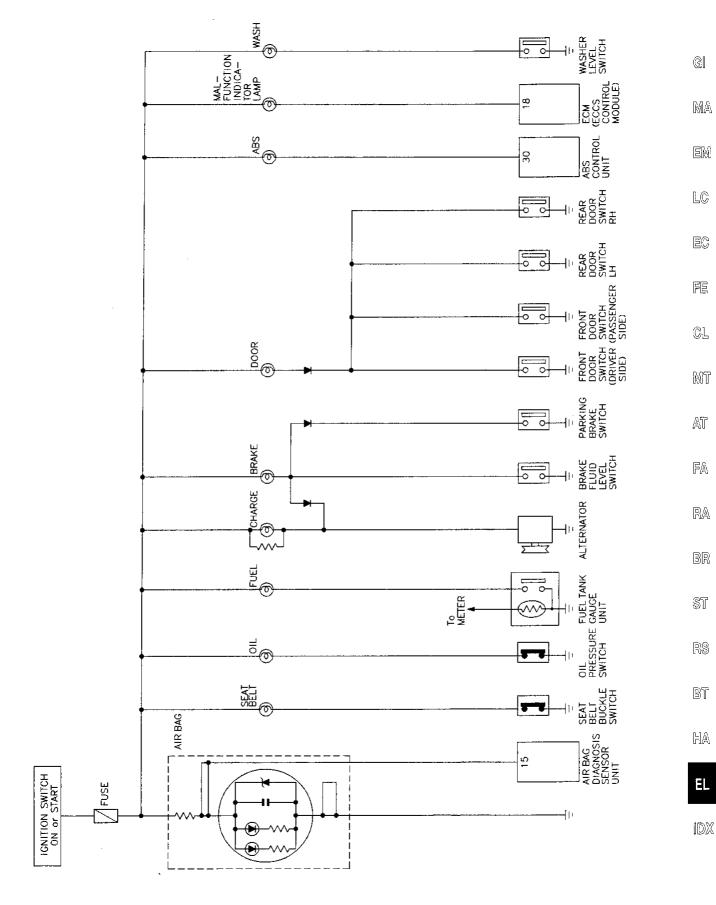
EL-WARN-05



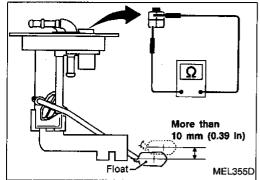




Schematic



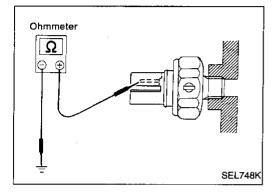
MEL731E



Fuel Warning Lamp Sensor Check

Raise the float with fingers more than the distance shown in the figure at left. Make sure that continuity does not exist.

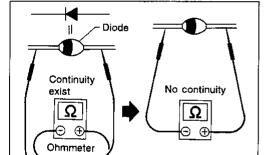
Do not move the float beyond its mobile range.



Oil Pressure Switch Check

	Oil pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	Continuity
Engine start	More than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	NO
Engine stop	Less than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	YES

Check the continuity between the terminals of oil pressure switch and body ground.

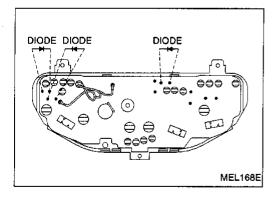


SEL901F

Diode Check

- Check continuity using an ohmmeter.
- Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown in the figure at left.

NOTE: Specifications may vary depending on the type of tester. Before performing this inspection, be sure to refer to the instruction manual of your tester.



Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.

Refer to "Combination Meter" (EL-79).

System Description

WIPER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied through 20A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)] G[to front wiper motor terminal (4). Low and high speed wiper operation Mia Ground is supplied to front wiper switch terminal (1) through body grounds (E5) and (E30). When the front wiper switch is placed in the LO position, ground is supplied through terminal 10 of the front wiper switch to front wiper motor terminal (2). With power and ground supplied, the front wiper motor operates at low speed. When the front wiper switch is placed in the HI position, ground is supplied LC through terminal (6) of the front wiper switch to front wiper motor terminal (3). With power and ground supplied, the front wiper motor operates at high speed. EC Auto stop operation When the front wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, the front wiper motor will continue to operate until FE the wiper arms reach the base of the windshield (Auto stop). When the front wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, ground is supplied from terminal (14) of the front wiper switch CL. to front wiper motor terminal 2, in order to continue front wiper motor operation at low speed. Ground is also supplied until the wiper arms reaches the base of the windshield through terminal (1) of the front wiper switch, MT to wiper relay terminal 3 through terminal 4 of the wiper relay, to front wiper motor terminal (5) AT through terminal 6 of the front wiper motor, and through body grounds (M13) and (M73). When the wiper arms reach the base of the windshield, the switch in the front wiper motor moves to the "STOP" position. The ground path is interrupted and the front wiper motor stops. Intermittent operation Intermittent operation is controlled by the BCM. RA When the front wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied to BCM terminal 29 from front wiper switch terminal (15) BR through body grounds (E5) and (E30). The desired interval time is input to BCM terminal (7) ST from front wiper switch terminal (19). Based on these two inputs, an intermittent ground is supplied RS to front wiper relay terminal (2) from BCM terminal 10. With power and ground supplied, the front wiper relay is activated. BT When activated, an intermittent ground is supplied to front wiper motor terminal (2) through the front wiper switch terminal (1), HIA to front wiper switch terminal (13) through front wiper relay terminal 3. to front wiper relay terminal (5) through body grounds (E5) and (E30). Front wiper motor operates at desired low speeds with BCM terminal @ grounded. IDX **WASHER OPERATION**

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 20A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to front washer motor terminal ①.

When the lever is pulled to the WASH position, ground is supplied

• to washer motor terminal 2, and

WIPER AND WASHER

System Description (Cont'd)

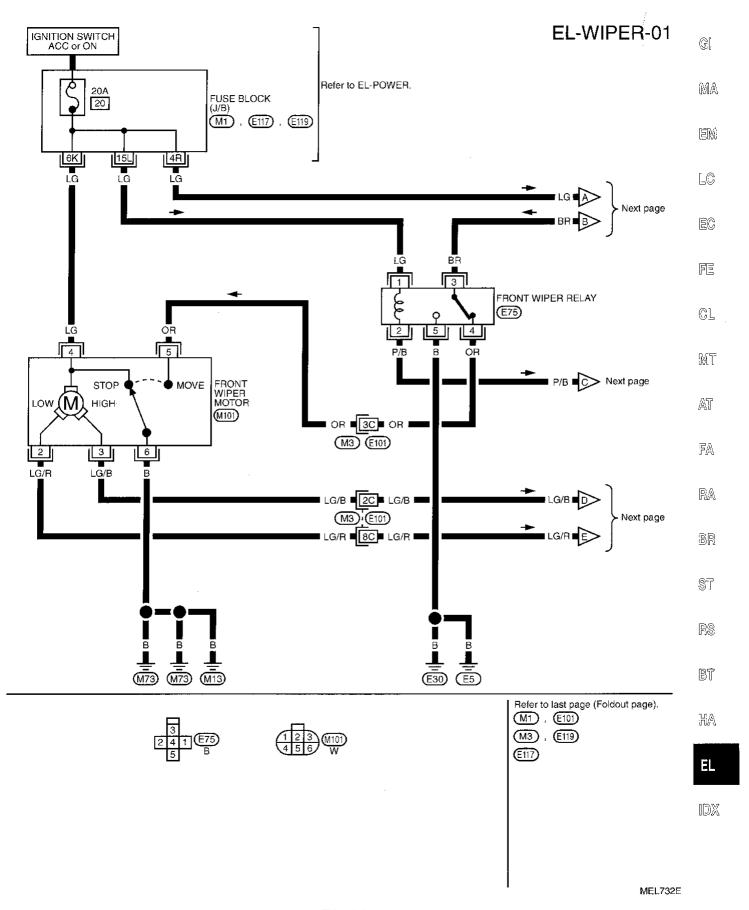
- to BCM terminal
- from terminal (1) of the front wiper switch
- through terminal 17 of the front wiper switch, and
- through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

With power and ground supplied, the washer motor operates.

The front wiper motor operates at low speed for about 3 seconds. This feature is controlled by the BCM in the same manner as the intermittent operation.

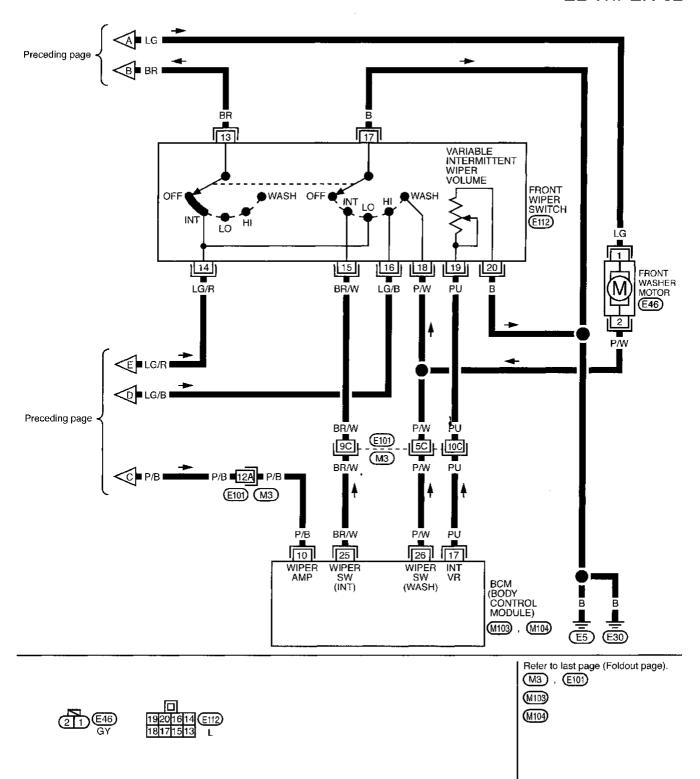
For further information, refer to "TIME CONTROL SYSTEM—IVMS" (EL-231).

Front Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram — WIPER —



Front Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram — WIPER — (Cont'd)

EL-WIPER-02



MEL733E

Installation

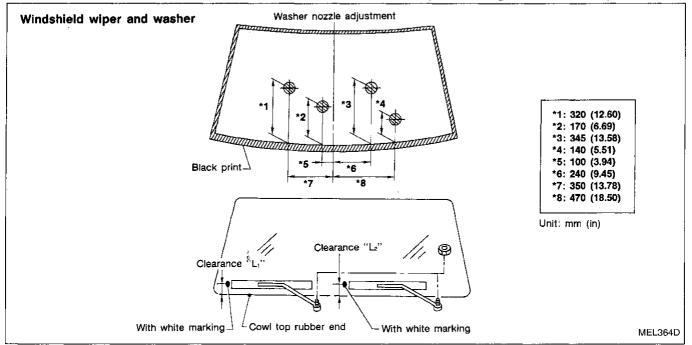
- 1. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
- 2. Lift the blade up and then set it down onto glass surface. Set the blade center to clearance "L₁" or "L₂" immediately before tightening nut.
- 3. Eject washer fluid. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF".
- 4. Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance "L₁" & "L₂".

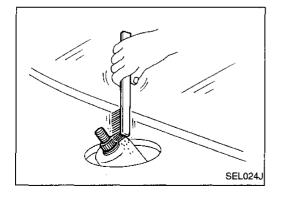
Clearance " L_1 ": 40 - 56 mm (1.57 - 2.20 in) Clearance " L_2 ": 37 - 47 mm (1.46 - 1.85 in)

Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque.

Windshield wiper:

21 - 26 N·m (2.1 - 2.7 kg-m, 15 - 20 ft-lb)





 Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean up the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness. HA

MA

LC

EG

5

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

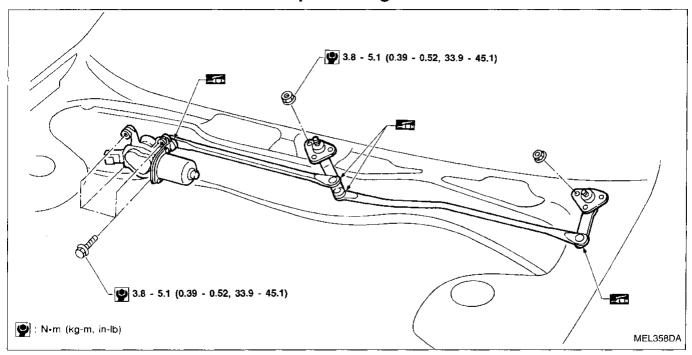
BR

ST

RS

37

Wiper Linkage



REMOVAL

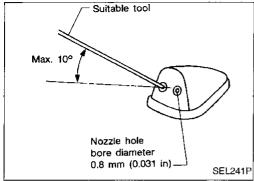
- 1. Remove 4 bolts that secure wiper motor.
- 2. Detach wiper motor from wiper linkage at ball joint.
- 3. Remove wiper linkage.

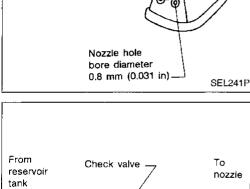
Be careful not to break ball joint rubber boot.

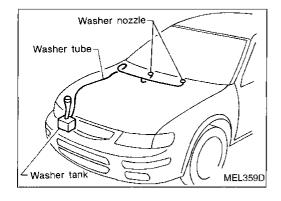
INSTALLATION

• Grease ball joint portion before installation. Installation is in reverse order of removal.

WIPER AND WASHER







SEL411H

Washer Nozzle Adjustment

Adjust washer nozzle with suitable tool as shown in the figure at left.

Adjustable range: ±10°

G[

MA

EM

Check Valve

A check valve is provided in the washer fluid line. Be careful not to connect check valve to washer tube in the wrong direction.

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

[5/4

RA

BR

ST

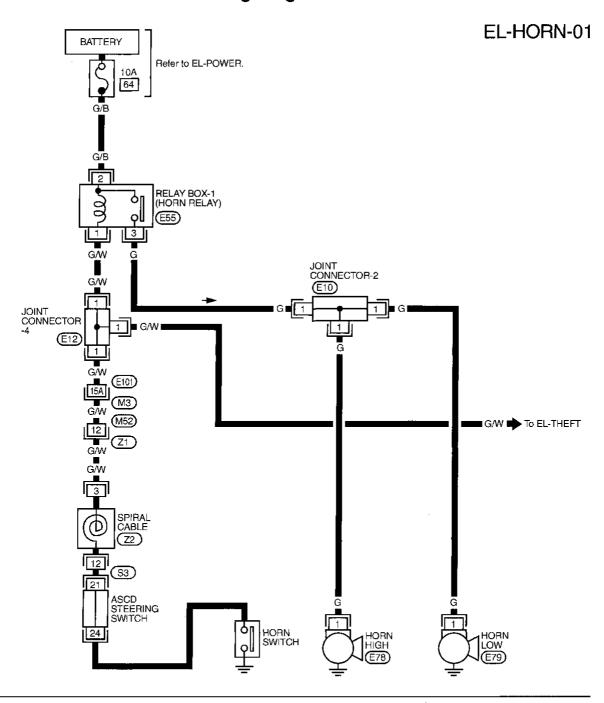
RS

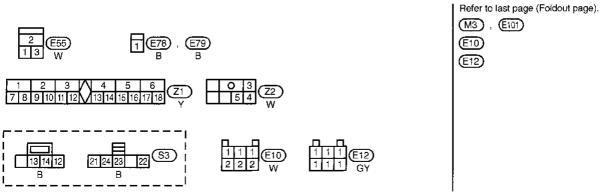
BT

HA

[.DX

Wiring Diagram — HORN —

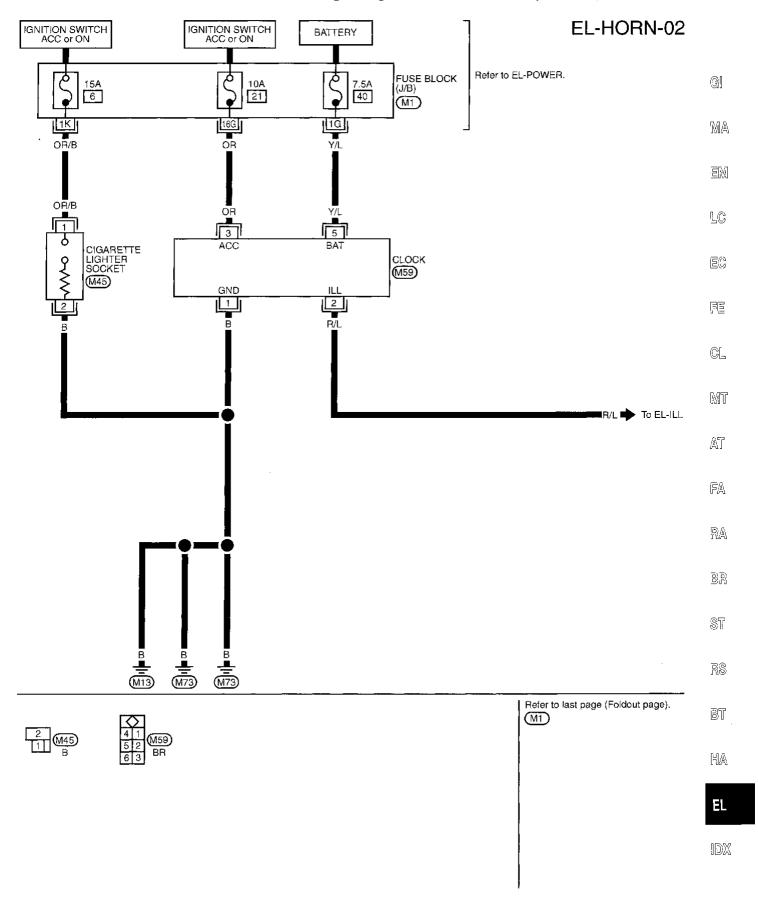




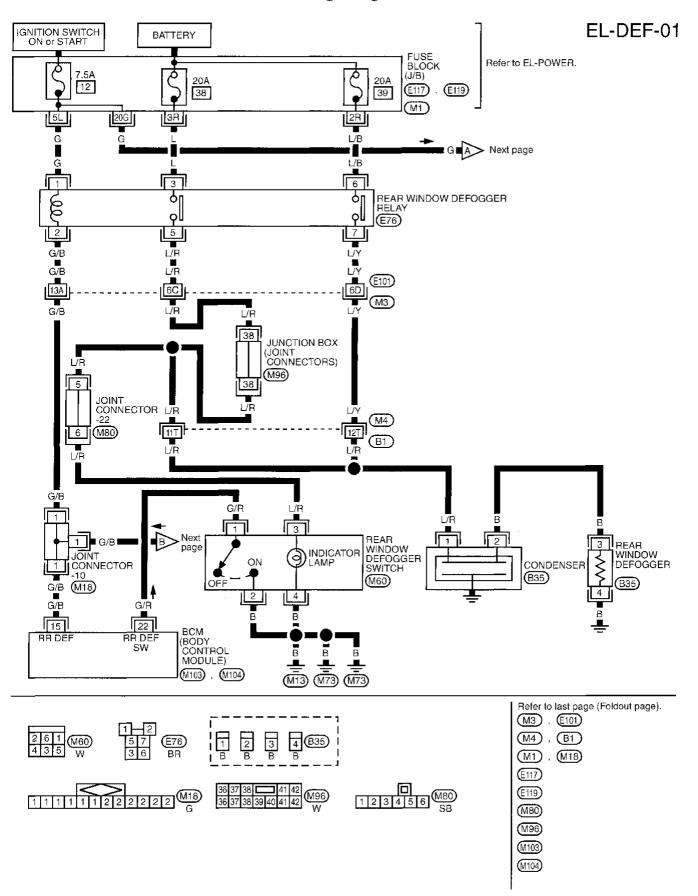
MEL734E

HORN, CIGARETTE LIGHTER, CLOCK

Wiring Diagram — HORN — (Cont'd)

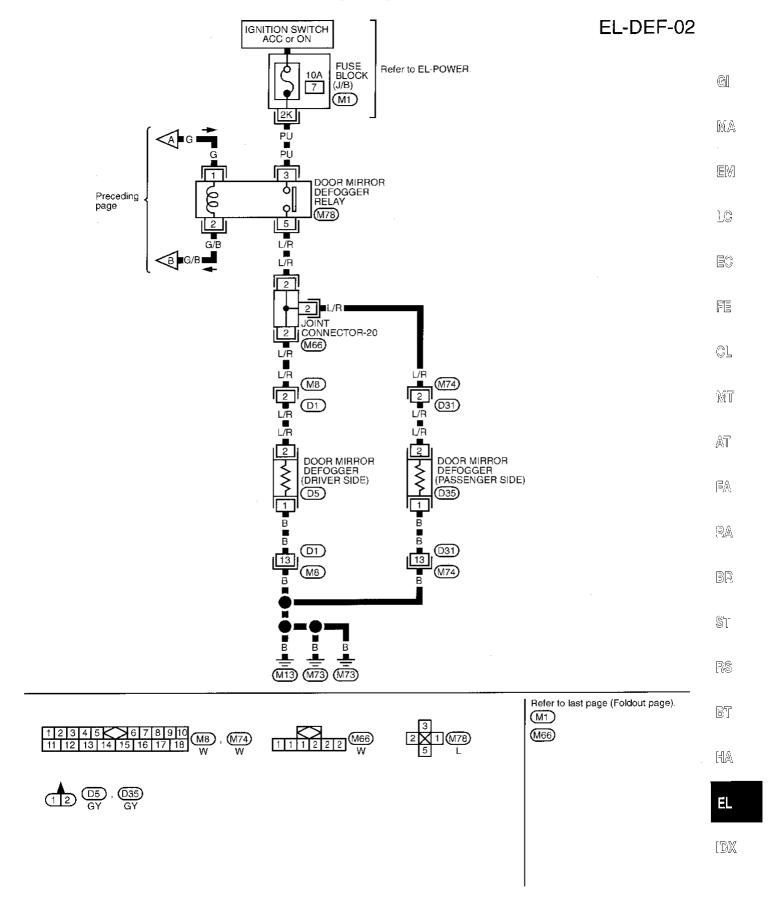


Wiring Diagram — DEF —



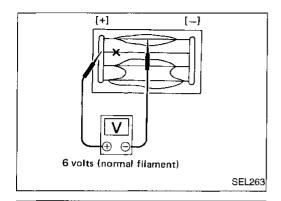
REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

Wiring Diagram — DEF — (Cont'd)



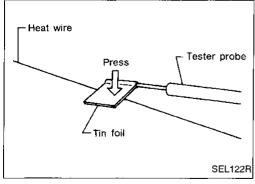
MEL737E

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER

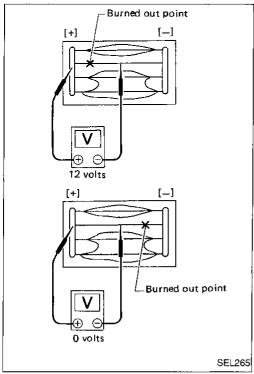


Filament Check

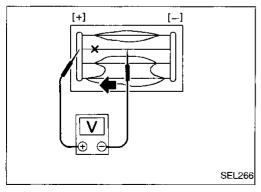
 Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.



 When measuring voltage, wrap tin foil around the top of the negative probe. Then press the foil against the wire with your finger.



2. If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.



3. To locate burned out point, move probe along filament. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

Filament Repair

REPAIR EQUIPMENT

- Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
- Ruler 30 cm (11.8 in) long
- 3. Drawing pen
- 4. Heat gun
- 5. Alcohol
- 6. Cloth



MA



EG

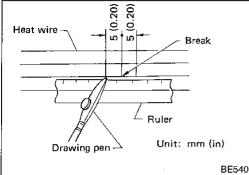
CL

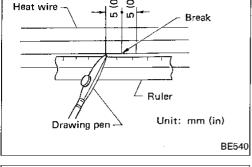
Wit

AT

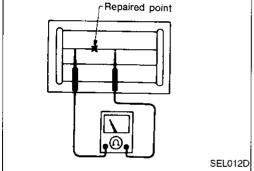
FA

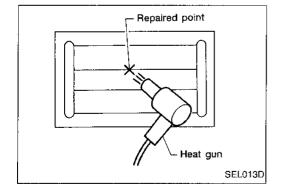
 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$











REPAIRING PROCEDURE

- Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
- Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

Shake silver composition container before use.

- Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of
- After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.

Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area

and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

BT

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EL-103 1257

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Audio/System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for audio system operating instructions.

WITH BOSE SYSTEM

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to radio and CD player terminal 6.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 21], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to radio and CD player terminal 10.

Ground is supplied through the case of the radio.

Also, radio and CD player terminal (1) is grounded to body grounds (M13) and (M73) through audio amp. relay terminals (1) and (2).

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse [No. 22], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to front door speaker LH terminal (5)
- to front door speaker RH terminal (5) and
- to rear speaker LH terminal 3 and RH terminal 3.

When the radio POWER button is pressed, audio signals are supplied

- through radio and CD player terminals ①, ②, ③, ④, ⑩, ⑩, ⑪ and ⑩
- to terminals ③ and ⑥ of the LH and RH front speakers and terminals ② and ④ of the LH and RH rear speakers
- to LH and RH tweeters through terminals ① and ② of the front speakers.

EXCEPT BOSE SYSTEM

4-speaker models

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to radio and cassette player terminal 6.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 21], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to radio and cassette player terminal 10 .

Ground is supplied through the case of the radio.

When the radio power knob is pushed to the ON position, audio signals are supplied

- through radio terminals ①, ②, ③, ④, ①, ①, ① and ①
- to the front and rear speakers.

6-speaker with amp. models

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to radio and cassette player terminal 6.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 21], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to radio and cassette player terminal ①.

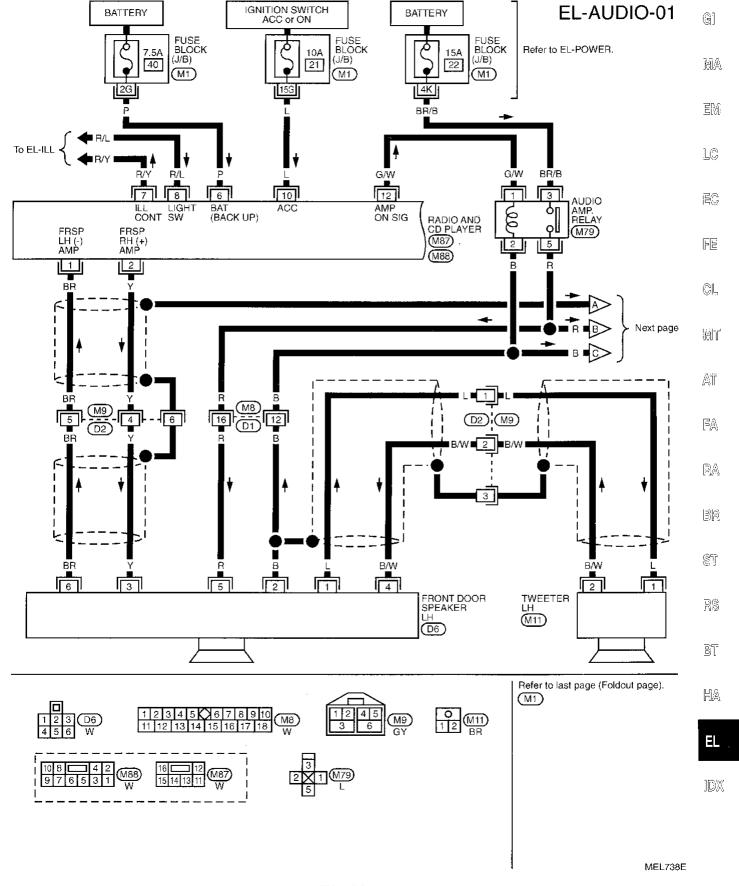
Ground is supplied through the case of the radio.

When the radio power knob is pushed to the ON position, audio signals are supplied

- through radio and cassette player terminals ①, ②, ③, ④, ⑥, ⑥, ⑥
- to terminals ①, ①, ①, ② and ② of the front speaker amp. and
- to terminals 29, 30, 30 and 32 of the rear speaker amp.,
- through front speaker amp. terminals ② , ② , ② and ② and rear speaker amp. terminals ③ , ④ , ⑤ and ⑥
- to terminals (1) and (2) of the LH and RH front speaker, LH and RH tweeter and LH and RH rear speaker.

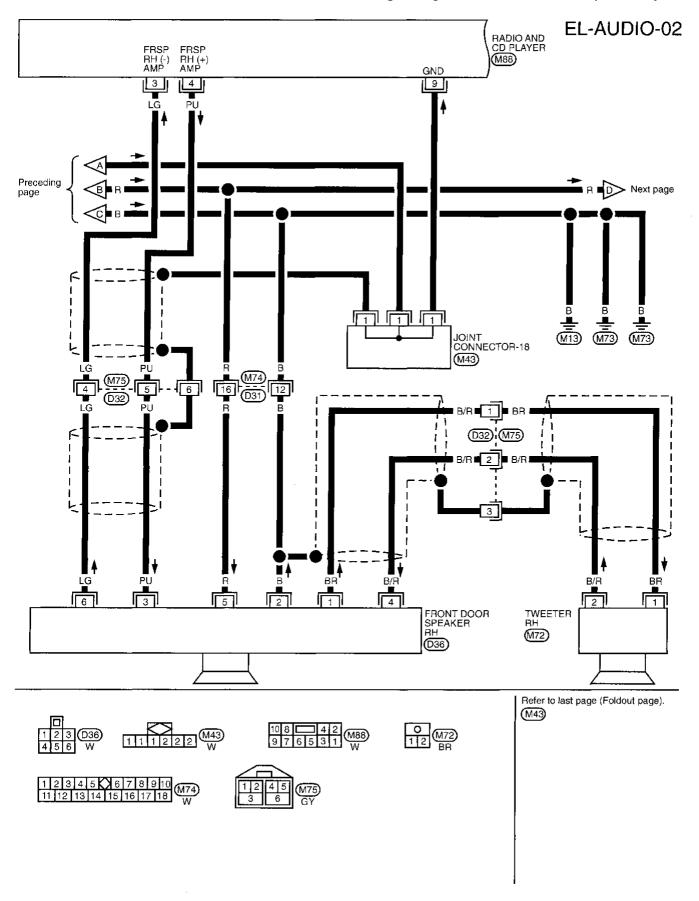
Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —

BOSE SYSTEM



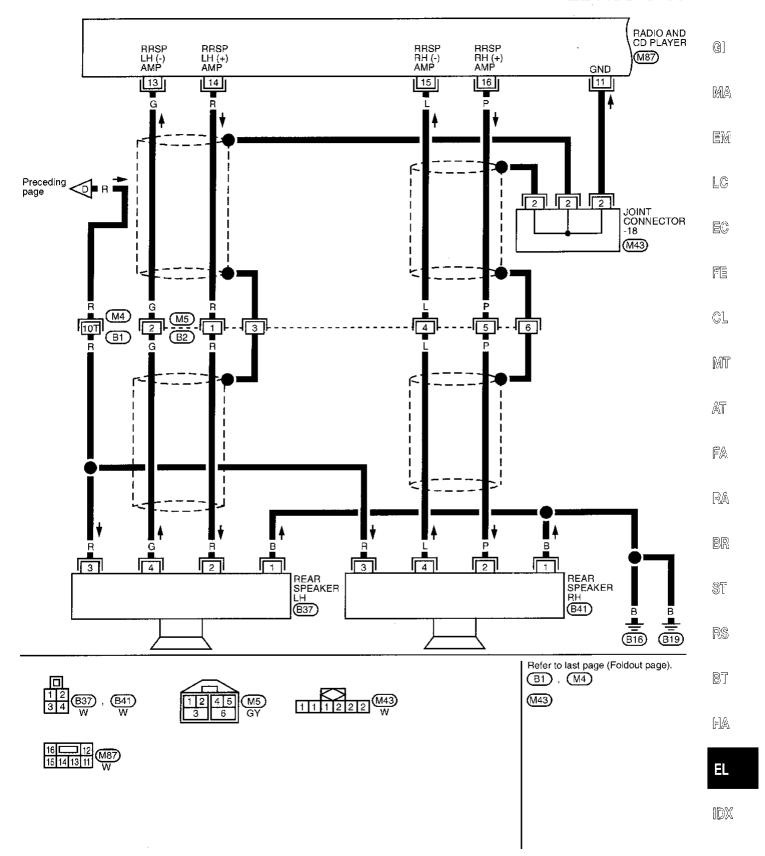
AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)



Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)

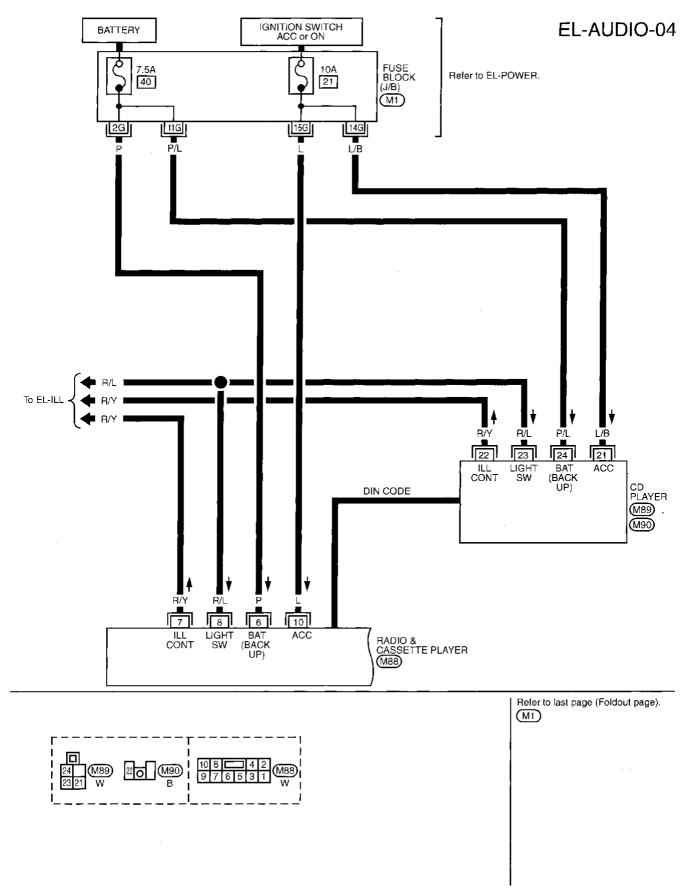
EL-AUDIO-03



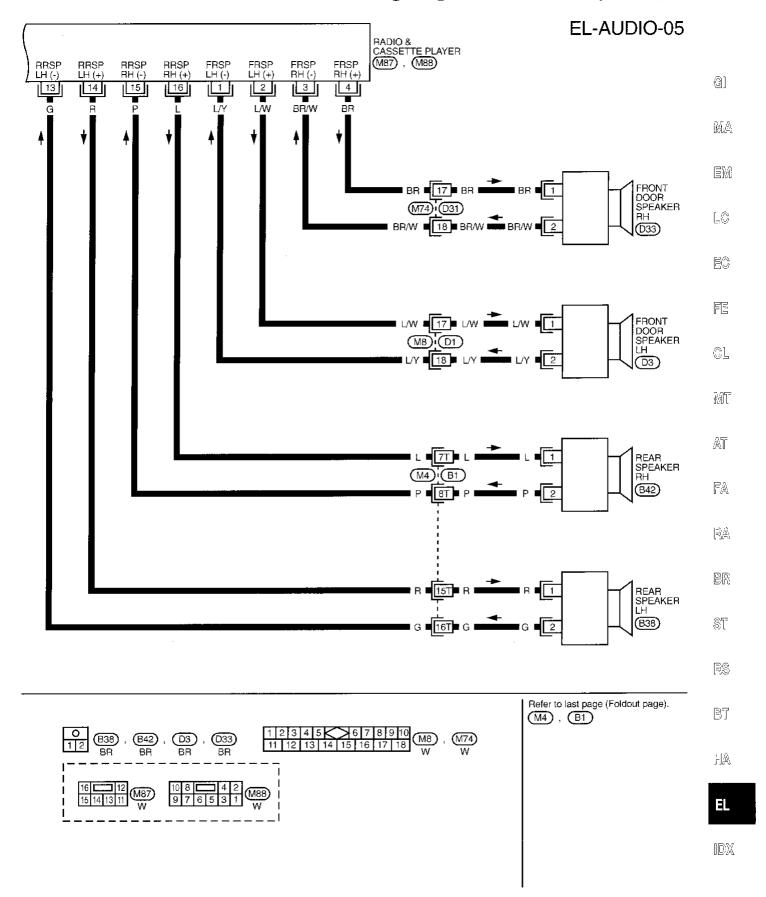
MEL740E

Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)

EXCEPT FOR BOSE SYSTEM (4-speaker type)



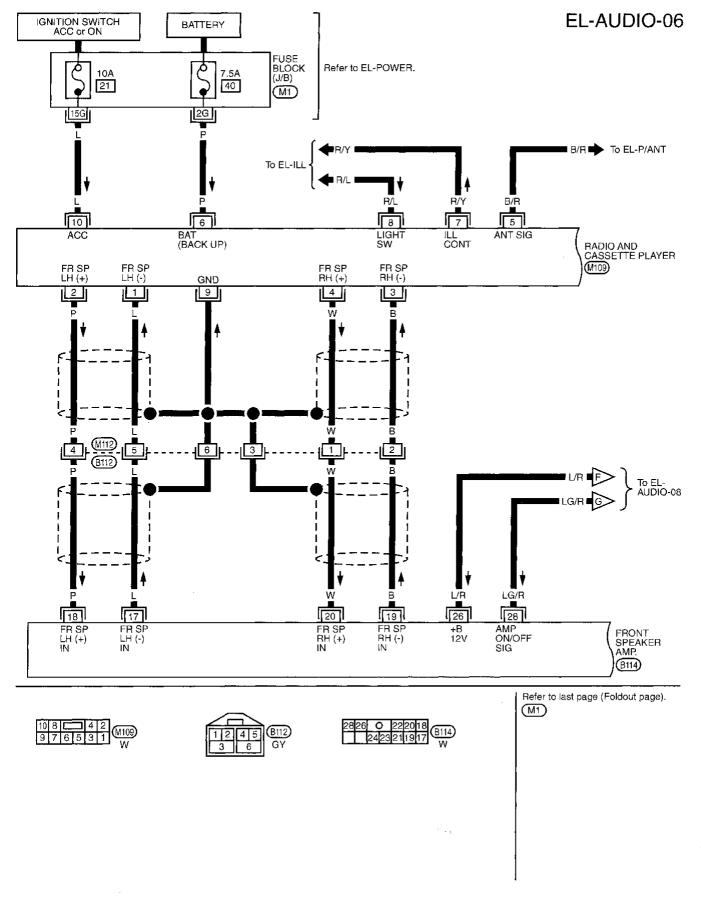
Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)



MEL742E

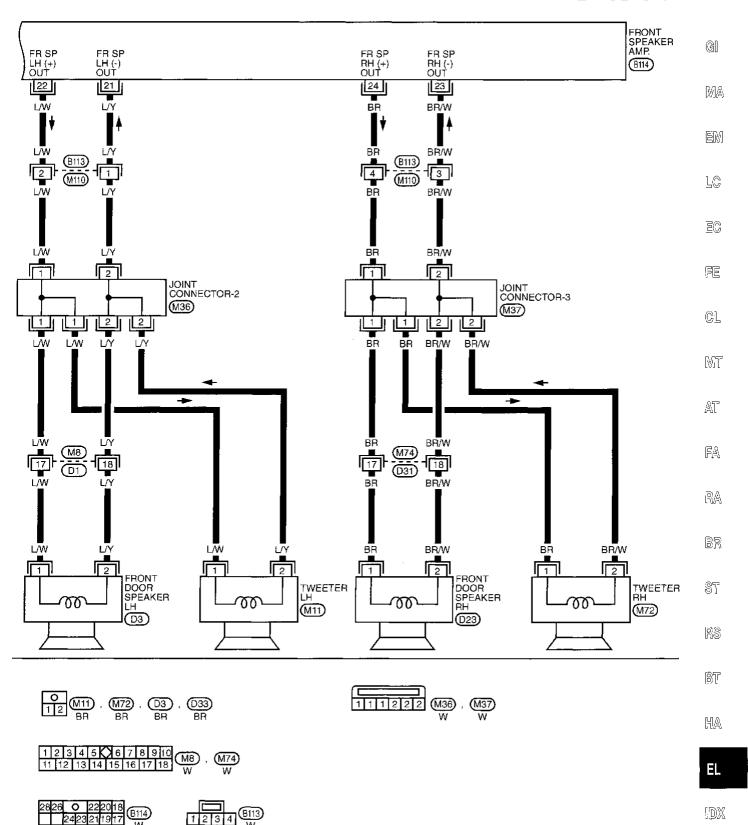
Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)

EXCEPT FOR BOSE SYSTEM (6-speaker with amp. type)

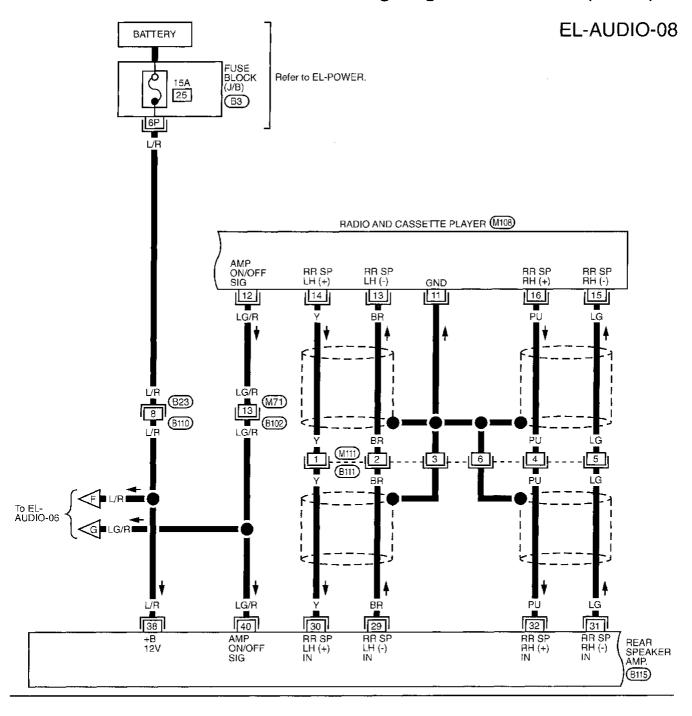


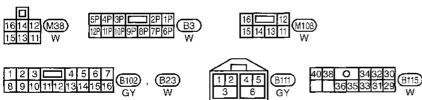
Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)

EL-AUDIO-07



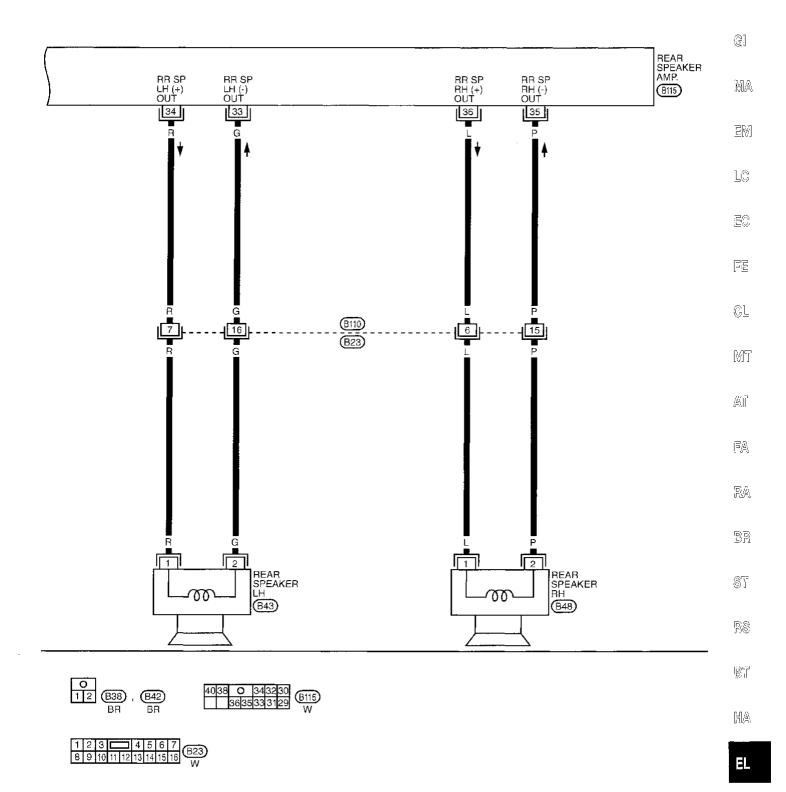
Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)





Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)

EL-AUDIO-09



MEL802E

]DX

Power Antenna/System Description

Power is supplied at all times

• through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

to power antenna timer and motor terminal 3.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

through 10A fuse [No. 21], located in the fuse block (J/B)]

to radio and CD player terminal 10.

Ground is supplied to the power antenna timer and motor through body grounds (16) and (19).

When the radio is turned to the ON position, battery voltage is supplied

through radio and CD player terminal ⑤

to power antenna timer and motor terminal 4.

When battery voltage is supplied to the power antenna timer and motor terminal ③, power supplied to the power antenna timer and motor terminal ③ drives the motor.

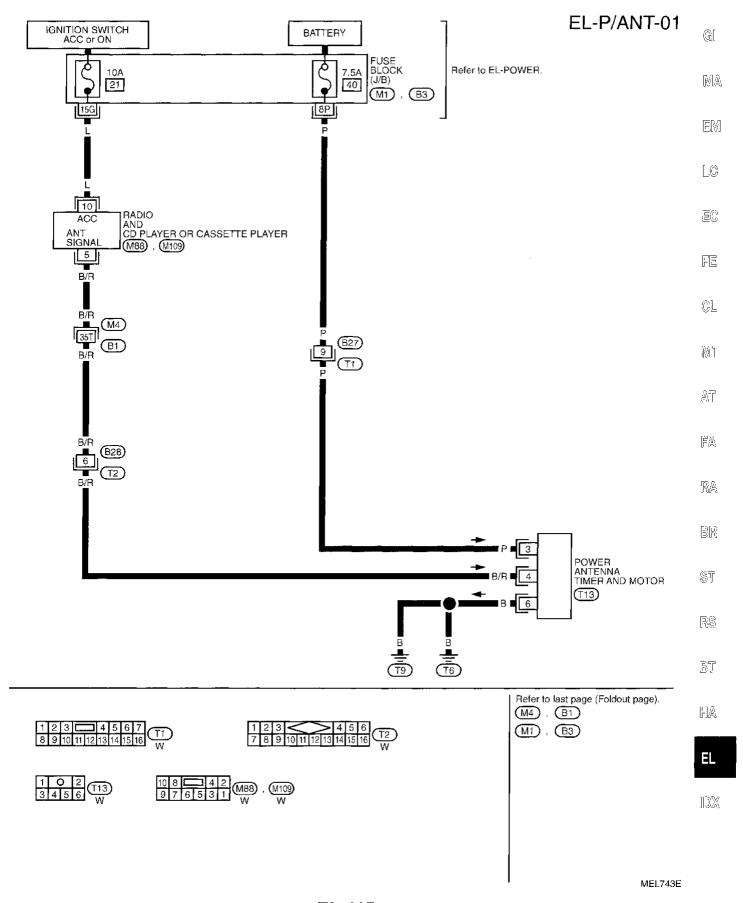
The antenna rises and is held in the extended position.

When the radio is turned to the OFF position, battery voltage is interrupted

- from radio and CD player terminal ⑤
- to power antenna terminal 4.

The antenna retracts.

Power Antenna/Wiring Diagram — P/ANT —



Trouble Diagnoses

RADIO

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Radio is inoperative (no digital display and no sound from speakers).	1. 10A fuse 2. Poor radio case ground 3. Radio	 Check 10A fuse (No. 21), located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (1) of radio. Check radio case ground. Remove radio for repair.
Radio presets are lost when ignition switch is turned OFF.	1. 7.5A fuse 2. Radio	Check 7.5A fuse (No. 40), located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 6 of radio. Remove radio for repair.
AM stations are weak or noisy (FM stations OK).	Antenna Poor radio ground Radio	Check antenna. Check radio ground. Remove radio for repair.
FM stations are weak or noisy (AM stations OK).	Window antenna Radio	Check antenna. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with engine running.	Poor radio ground Loose or missing ground bonding straps Ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser Alternator Ignition coil or secondary wiring Radio	 Check radio ground. Check ground bonding straps. Replace ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser. Check alternator. Check ignition coil and secondary wiring. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with accessories on (switch pops and motor noise).	Poor radio ground Antenna Accessory ground Faulty accessory	Check radio ground. Check antenna. Check accessory ground. Replace accessory.

BOSE SYSTEM

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order					
Radio controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	1. 15A fuse	Check 15A fuse (No. 22 , located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ③ of audio amprelay.					
•	2. Audio amp. relay	2. Check audio amp. relay.					
	3. Audio amp. relay ground	3. Check audio amp. relay ground (Terminal 2).					
	4. Amp. ON signal	4. Turn ignition switch ACC and radio ON. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ① of audio amp. relay.					
	5. Radio output	5. Check radio output voltage.					
	6. Radio	6. Remove radio for repair.					
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	1. Speaker ground	1. Check speaker ground (Terminal ②: FR LH, ②: FR RH, ①: RR LH, ①: RR RH).					
	2. Power supply	2. Check power supply for speaker.					
	3. Radio output	3. Check radio output voltage for amp.					
	4. Speaker	4. Replace speaker.					

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

4-SPEAKER TYPE

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.		 Check speaker. Check harness between radio and speaker. Check radio output voltage for speaker. Remove radio for repair.

GI

MA

6-SPEAKER WITH AMP. TYPE

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order					
Radio controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	1. 15A fuse 2. AMP ON signal	 Check 15A fuse (No. 25), located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (2) of front speaker amp. and (3) of rear speaker amp. Turn Ignition switch ACC and radio ON. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal (2) (FR amp.) or (2) (RR amp.) 					
Front or rear speakers are inop-	Poor speaker amp. case	voltage is present at terminal @ (FR amp.) or @ (RR amp.). 1. Check speaker amp. case ground.	EC				
erative.	ground 2. Speaker amp. 3. Speaker amp. circuit 4. Radio output 5. Radio	2. Check speaker amp, output voltage. 3. Check harness between amp, and speaker. 4. Check radio output voltage for amp. 5. Remove radio for repair.					
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	Speaker Harness	Check speaker. Check harness between amp. and speaker or radio and amp.	©L				

MT

POWER ANTENNA

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order				
Power antenna does not operate.	1. 7.5A fuse	Check 7.5A fuse (No. 40 , located in fuse block). Verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of power antenna timer and motor.	. Aî [5]			
	2. 10A fuse	Check 10A fuse (No. 21), located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify that battery positive voltage is	Li			
	O. Davida visual	present at terminal (1) of radio.	R			
	3. Radio signal	3. Turn ignition switch and radio ON. Verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal ④ of power antenna timer.	l:a			
	Power antenna timer ground Power antenna timer and	4. Check power antenna timer ground (Terminal ⑥). 5. Check power antenna timer and motor.	[9] (9)			
	motor		. §			

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EL-117 1271

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SPEAKER INSPECTION

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness connector.
- 2. Measure the resistance between front and rear speaker terminals ① and ② or terminals ① and ② of tweeter (for 6-speaker type).
- The resistance should be 2-4 Ω .
- 3. Using jumper wires, momentarily connect a 9V battery between front and rear speaker terminals ① and ② or terminals ① and ② of tweeter (for 6-speaker type).
- A momentary hum or pop should be heard.

ANTENNA INSPECTION

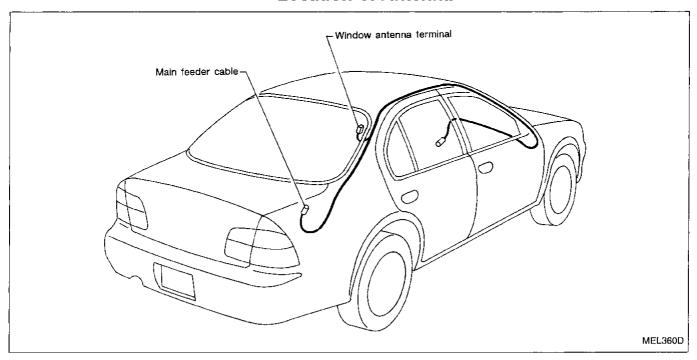
- 1. Using a jumper wire, clip an auxiliary ground between antenna and body.
- If reception improves, check antenna ground (at body surface).
- If reception does not improve, check main feeder cable for short circuit or open circuit.

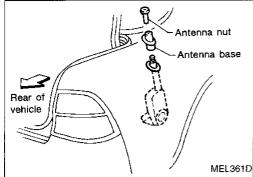
RADIO INSPECTION

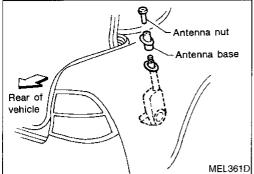
All voltage inspections are made with:

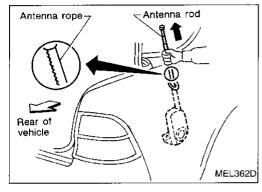
- Ignition switch ON or ACC
- Radio ON
- Radio and speakers connected (If radio or speaker is removed for inspection, supply a ground to the case using a jumper wire.)

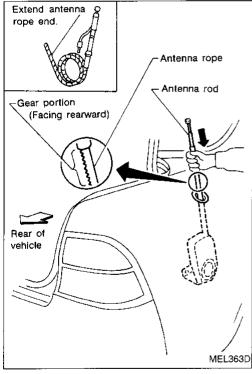
Location of Antenna











Antenna Rod Replacement

REMOVAL

Remove antenna nut and antenna base.

Withdraw antenna rod while raising it by operating antenna motor.

Lower antenna rod by operating antenna motor.

Insert gear section of antenna rope into place with it facing toward antenna motor.

As soon as antenna rope is wound on antenna motor, stop antenna motor. Insert antenna rod lower end into antenna motor pipe.

Retract antenna rod completely by operating antenna motor. 4.

Install antenna nut and base. 5.

INSTALLATION

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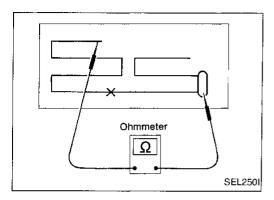
RS

BT

HA

IDX

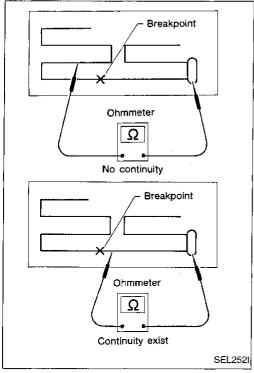
EL-119 1273



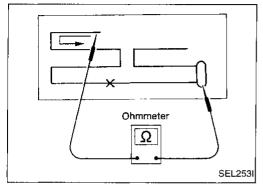
Window Antenna Repair

ELEMENT CHECK

1. Attach probe circuit tester (in ohm range) to antenna terminal on each side.



2. If an element is broken, no continuity will exist.

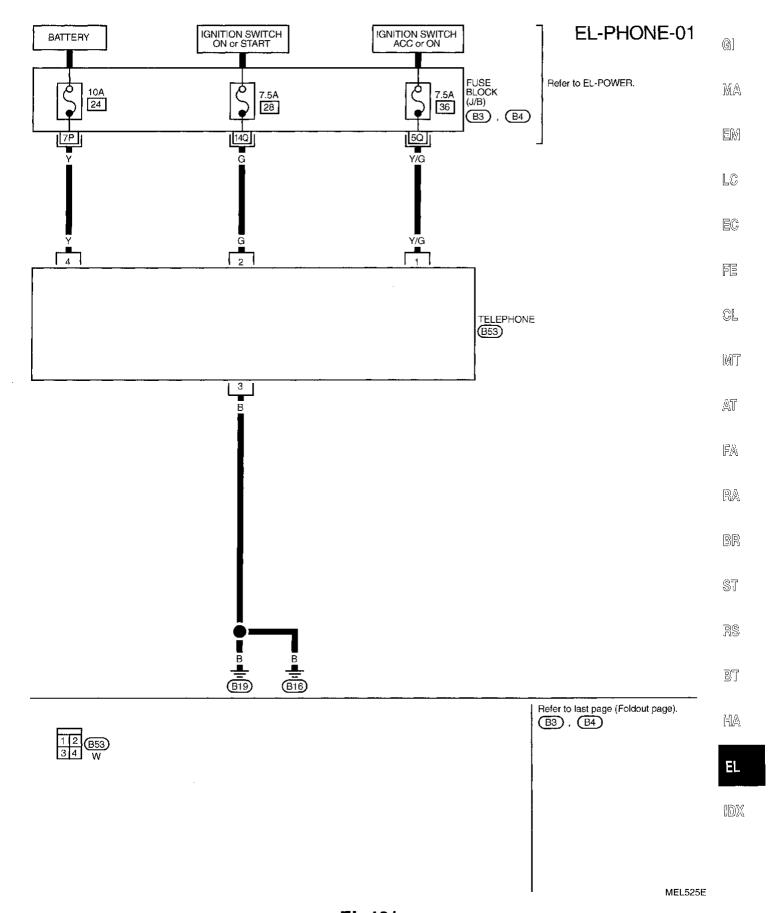


3. To locate broken point, move probe along element. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

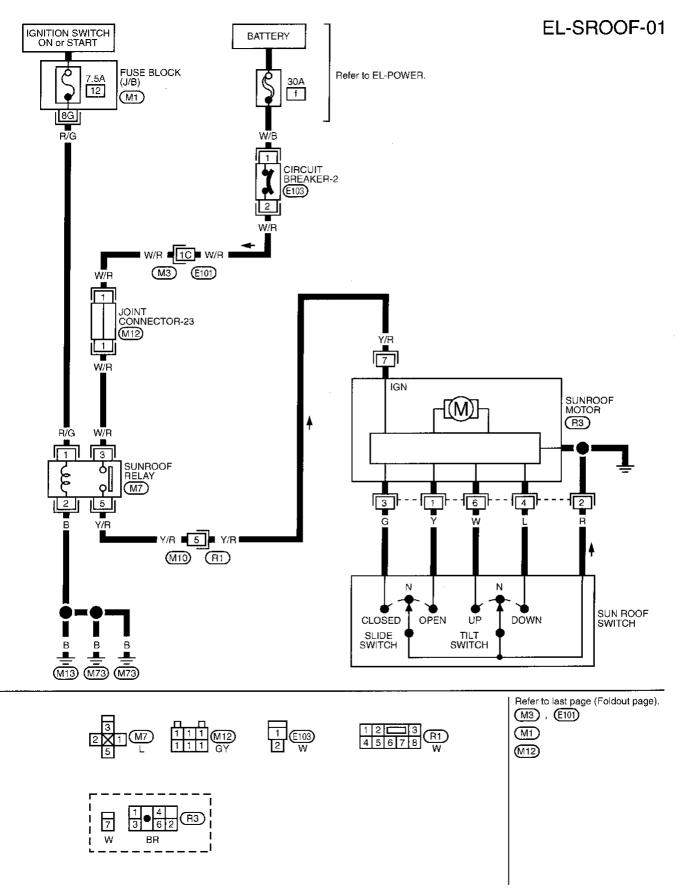
ELEMENT REPAIR

Refer to REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER "Filament Repair" (EL-102).

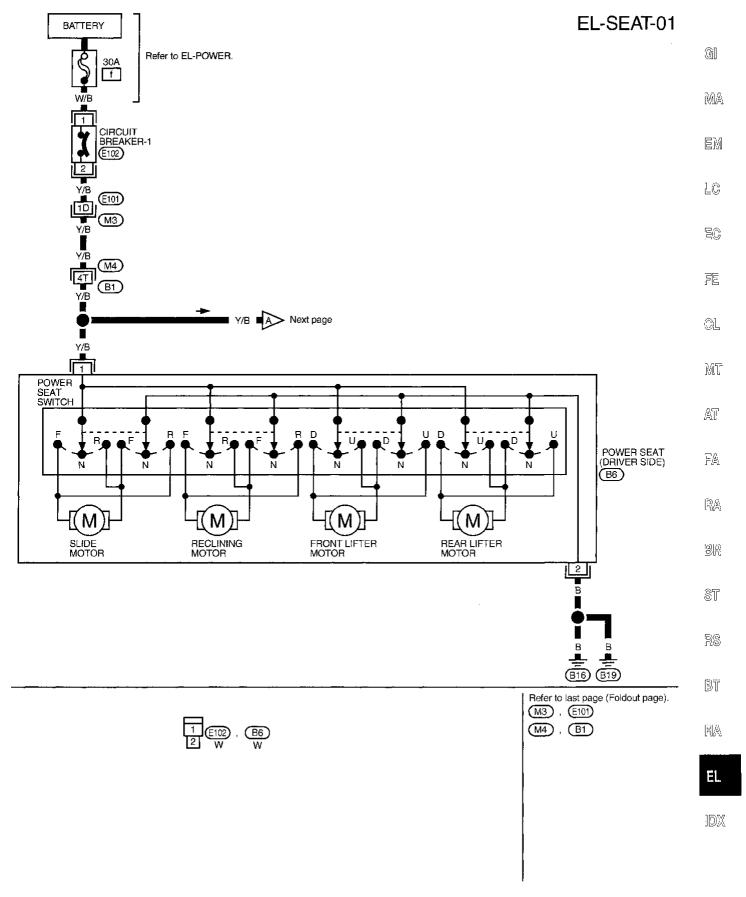
Telephone Pre Wire/Wiring Diagram — PHONE —



Sunroof/Wiring Diagram — SROOF —



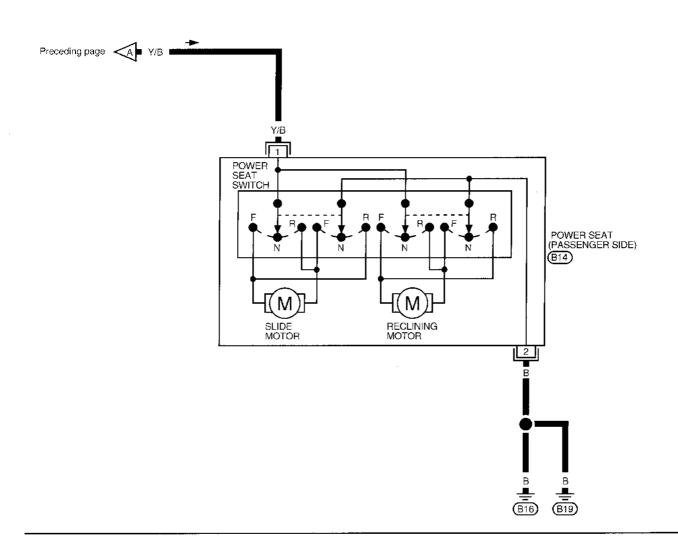
Power Seat/Wiring Diagram — SEAT —



MEL746E

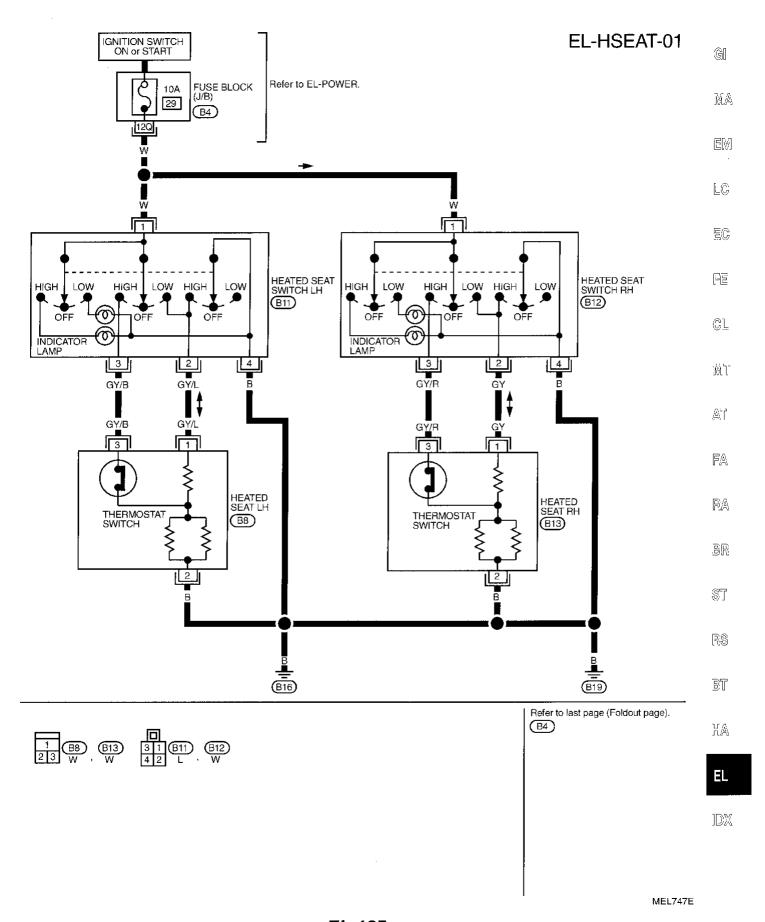
Power Seat/Wiring Diagram — SEAT — (Cont'd)

EL-SEAT-02

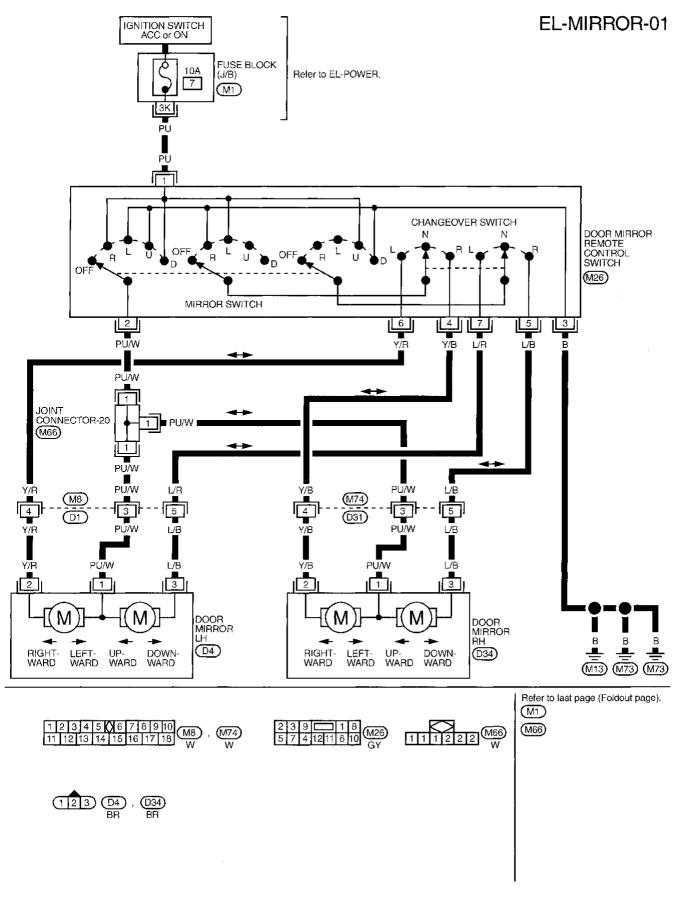




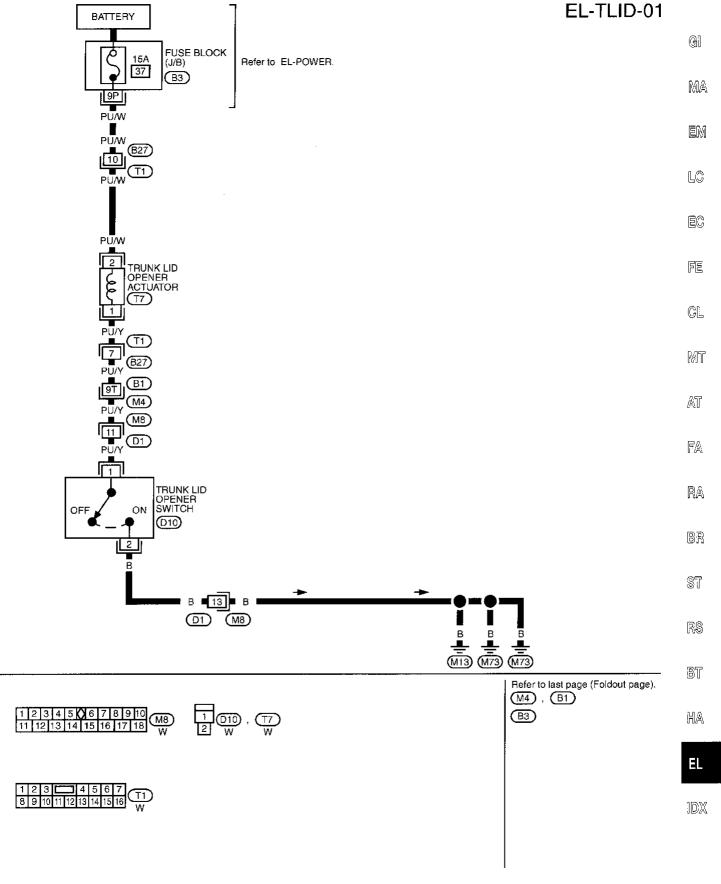
Heated Seat/Wiring Diagram — HSEAT —



Wiring Diagram — MIRROR —

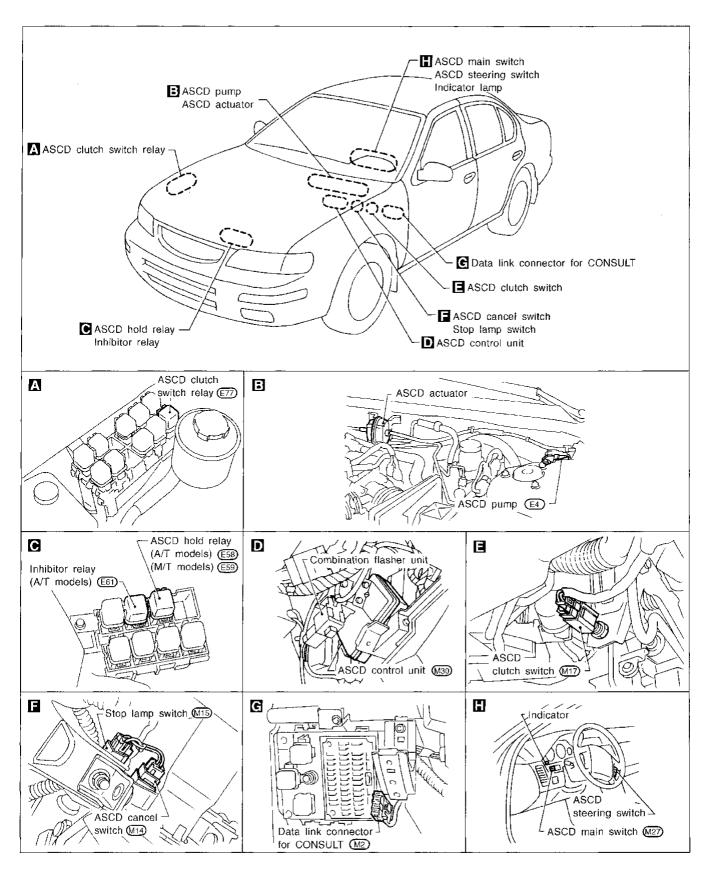


Wiring Diagram — TLID —



MEL750E

Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



System Description

-,	
Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions. When the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, power is supplied • through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	6.
 to ASCD main switch terminal ① and to ASCD hold relay terminal ⑤ (M/T models). 	G[
 When ASCD main switch is in the ON position, power is supplied from terminal ② of the ASCD main switch 	IM:A
to ASCD control unit terminal ④ and	
 from terminal ③ of the ASCD main switch to ASCD hold relay terminal ① . 	
Ground is supplied	
 to ASCD hold relay terminal ② through body grounds (E5) and (E30). 	LĈ
With power and ground supplied, the ASCD hold relay is activated, and power is supplied	
 from terminal ③ of the ASCD hold relay to ASCD clutch switch terminal ① (M/T models) or 	EC
from terminal	
 to inhibitor relay terminal ③ (A/T models). Power remains supplied also to ASCD control unit terminal ④ when the ASCD main switch is released to the 	FE
N (neutral) position.	
Ground is supplied	CL
 to ASCD control unit terminal ③ through body grounds (M13) and (M73). 	⊗ Ľ
Inputs	MT
At this point, the system is ready to activate or deactivate, based on inputs from the following:	ט ניטע
 speedometer in the combination meter stop lamp switch 	AT
ASCD steering switch	JANU .
 inhibitor relay (A/T models) ASCD clutch switch (M/T models) and 	=0
ASCD clutch switch (W/T models) and ASCD cancel switch.	FA
A vehicle speed input is supplied	
 from terminal of the combination meter to ASCD control unit terminal 	RA
Power is supplied at all times	
• to stop lamp switch terminal ①	BR
 through 15A fuse [No. 10], located in the fuse block (J/B)]. When the brake pedal is depressed, power is supplied 	
from terminal ② of the stop lamp switch	ST
 to ASCD control unit terminal ①. Power is supplied at all times 	
• through 10A fuse (No. 64, located in the fuse and fusible link box)	RS
• to horn relay terminal ② ,	
 through terminal ① of the horn relay to ASCD steering switch terminal ② . 	BT
When the SET/COAST switch is depressed, power is supplied	
• from terminal 1 of the ASCD steering switch	HA
 to ASCD control unit terminal ②. When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is depressed, power is supplied 	1 11274
 from terminal of the ASCD steering switch 	_,
 to ASCD control unit terminal ①. When the ASCD CANCEL switch is depressed, power is supplied 	EL
• to ASCD control unit terminals ① and ②.	ar. n.z.
When the system is activated, power is supplied	
 to ASCD control unit terminal ⑤ and Power is interrupted when 	
 the shift lever is placed in P or N (A/T models) 	
 the clutch pedal is depressed (M/T models) or the brake pedal is depressed 	
the brake pedal is depressed.	

EL-129 1283

System Description (Cont'd)

Outputs

The ASCD actuator controls the throttle drum via the ASCD wire based on inputs from the ASCD control unit. The ASCD actuator consists of a vacuum motor, an air valve, and a release valve. Power is supplied

- from terminal (8) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal ①.

Ground is supplied to the vacuum motor

- from terminal (9) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal 4.

Ground is supplied to the air valve

- from terminal 10 of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal ②.

Ground is supplied to the release valve

- from terminal (1) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal (3).

When the system is activated, power is supplied

- from terminal (3) of the ASCD control unit
- to combination meter terminal (8) and
- to A/T control unit terminal ③ (A/T models).

Ground is supplied

- to combination meter terminal 39
- through body grounds M13 and M73.

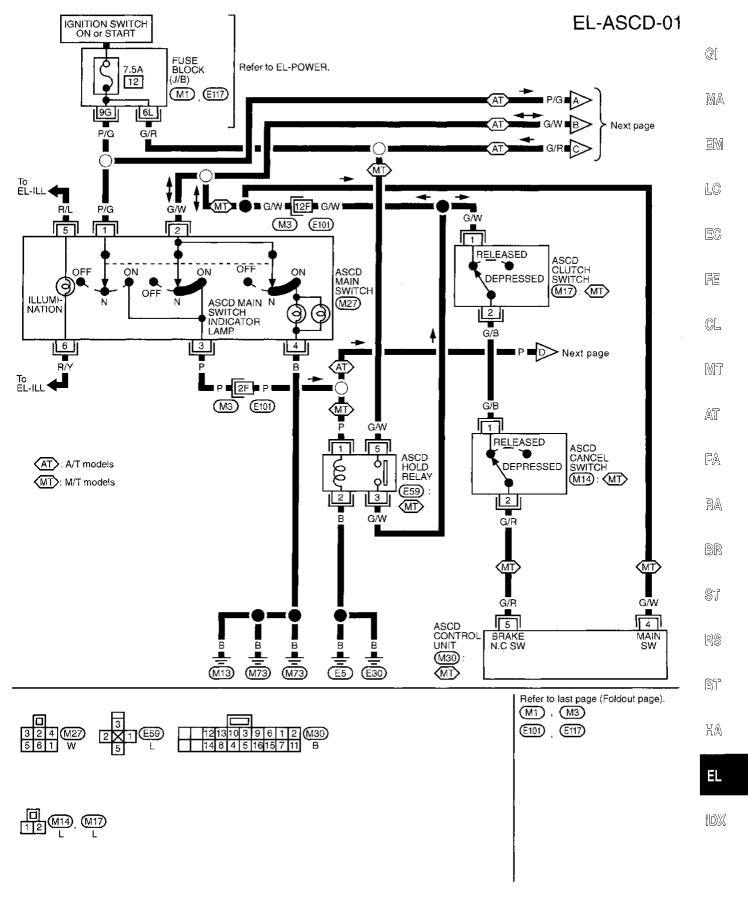
With power and ground supplied, the CRUISE indicator illuminates.

When the RESUME/ACCEL button is depressed on A/T models, a signal is sent

- from terminal ① of the ASCD control unit
- to A/T control unit terminal 40.

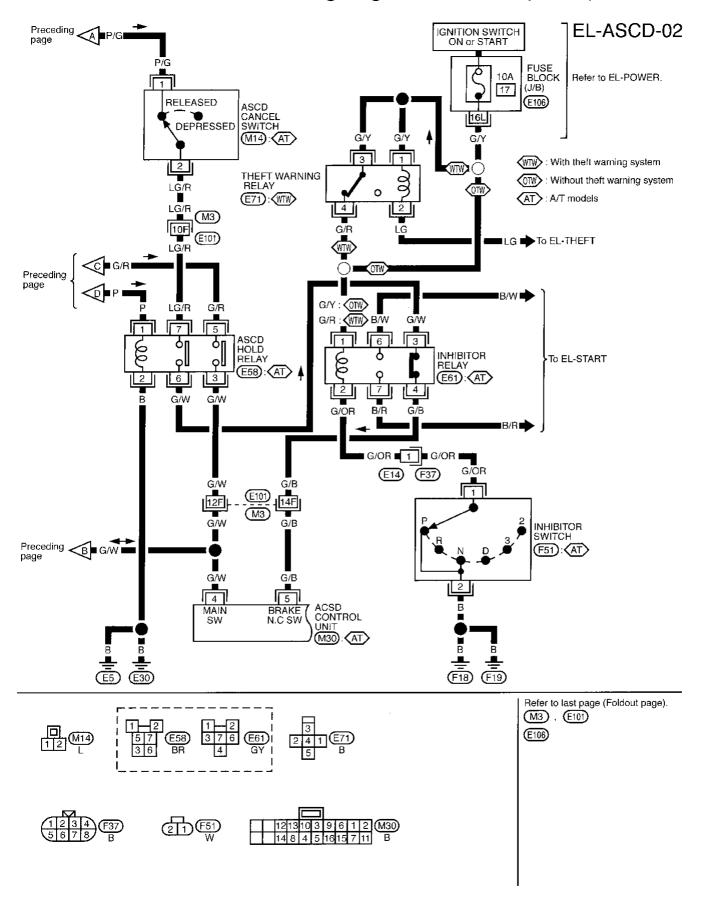
When this occurs, the A/T control unit cancels overdrive.

Wiring Diagram — ASCD —

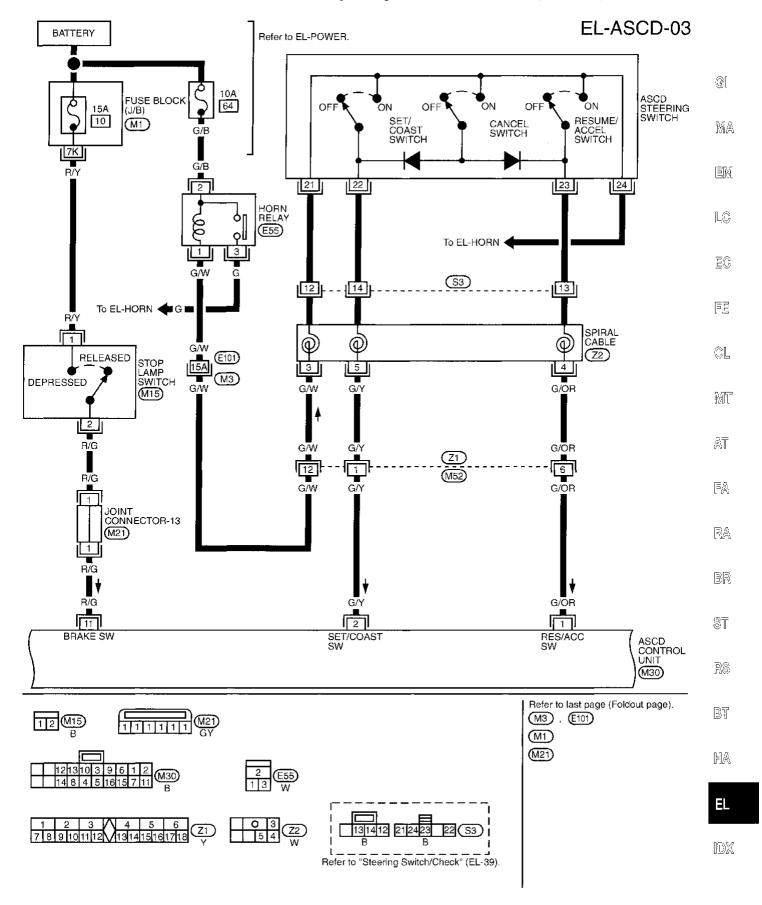


MEL751E

Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)

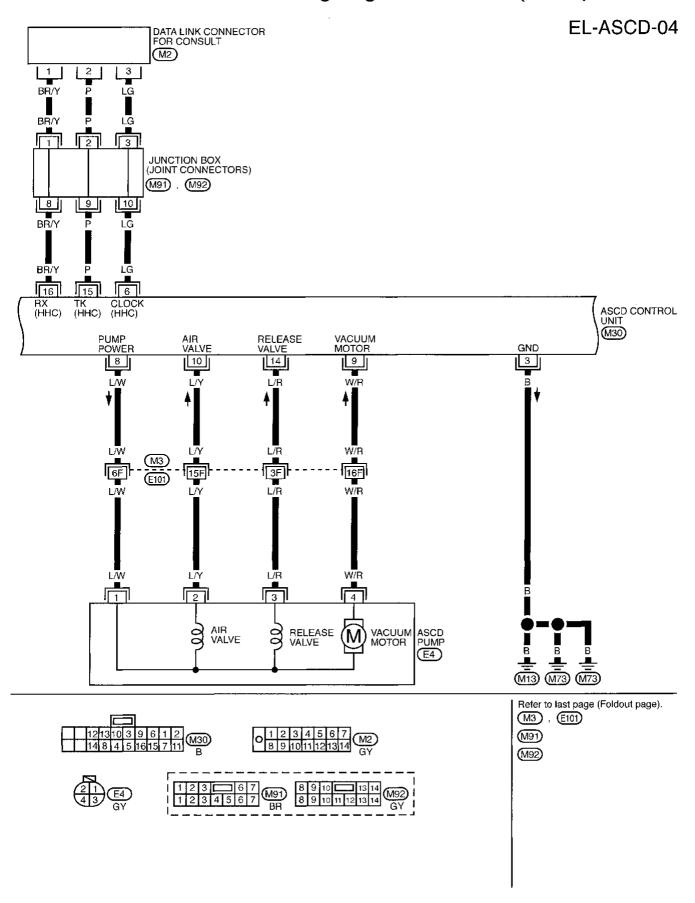


Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)

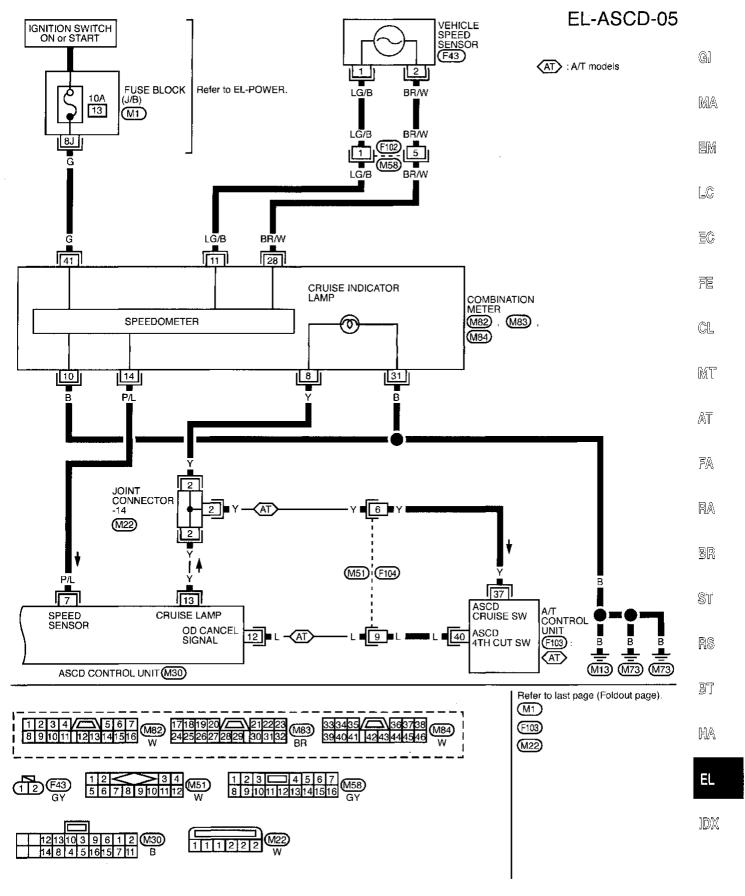


MEL753E

Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



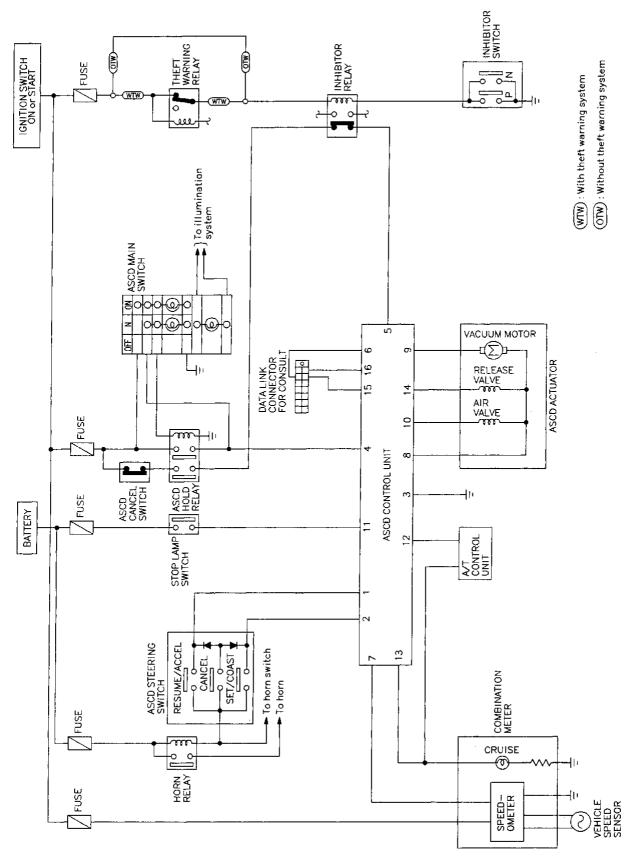
Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



MEL755E

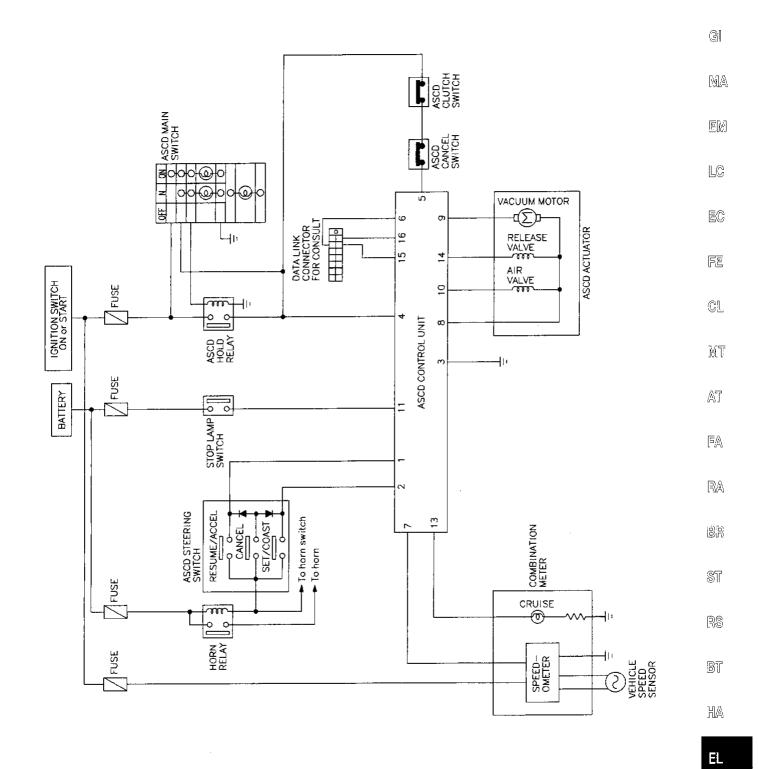
Schematic

A/T MODELS



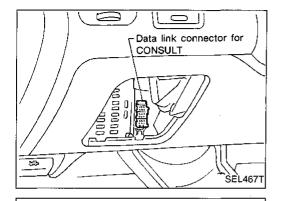
Schematic (Cont'd)

M/T MODELS



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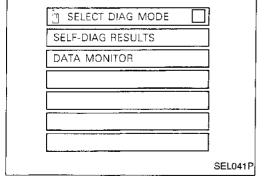
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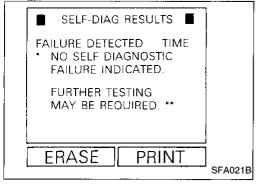
Trouble Diagnoses

CONSULT

- Turn off ignition switch.
- Connect "CONSULT" to data link connector.



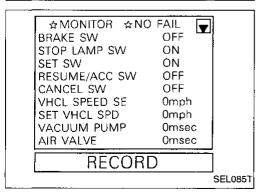
- 3. Turn on ignition switch.
- 4. Turn on ASCD main switch.
- 5. Touch START (on CONSULT display).
- 6. Touch ASCD.
- 7. Touch SELF-DIAG RESULTS.



Self-diagnostic results are shown on display.
 Refer to table on the next page.

SELECT MONITOR ITEM]
ALL SIGNALS	
SELECTION FROM MENU]
]
SETTING START]
	SEL043P

Touch DATA MONITOR.



- Touch START.
- Data monitor results are shown on display.
 Refer to table on the next page.

For further information, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Self-diagnostic results

Diagnostic item	Description	Repair/Check order	
* NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.**	Even if no self diagnostic failure is indicated, further testing may be required as far as the customer complains.		_ G[
POWER SUPPLY-VALVE	The power supply circuit for the valves is open. (An abnormally high voltage is entered.)	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-148)	_ M/
VACUUM PUMP	The vacuum pump circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-148)	- El
AIR VALVE	The air valve circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.)	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-148)	- L©
VHCL SP●S/FAILSAFE	The vehicle speed sensor or the fail-safe circuit is malfunctioning.	Diagnostic procedure 6 (EL-147)	_ [20
CONTROL UNIT	The ASCD control unit is malfunctioning.	Replace ASCD control unit.	158
RELEASE VALVE	 The release valve circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.) 	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-148)	FE
BRAKE SW/STOP/L SW	The brake switch or stop lamp switch is malfunctioning.	Diagnostic procedure 4 (EL-145)	_ _

Data monitor

Monitored item	Description	
BRAKE SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the brake switch circuit.	_
STOP LAMP SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the stop lamp switch circuit.	_
SET SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the set switch circuit.	
RESUME/ACC SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the resume/accelerate switch circuit.	
CANCEL SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the cancel circuit.	_
VHCL SPEED SE	 The present vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed. 	_
SET VHCL SPD	The preset vehicle speed is displayed.	_
VACUUM PUMP	The operation time of the vacuum pump is displayed.	_
AIR VALVE	The operation time of the air valve is displayed.	_
PW SUP-VALVE	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the circuit for the air valve and the release valve.	_
CRUISE LAMP	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the cruise lamp circuit.	_
A/T∙OD CANCEL	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the OD cancel circuit.	_
FAIL SAFE•LOW	The fail-safe (LOW) circuit function is displayed.	_
FAIL SAFE•SPD	The fail-safe (SPEED) circuit function is displayed.	_

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ON OFF Unit: seconds SEL546T

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

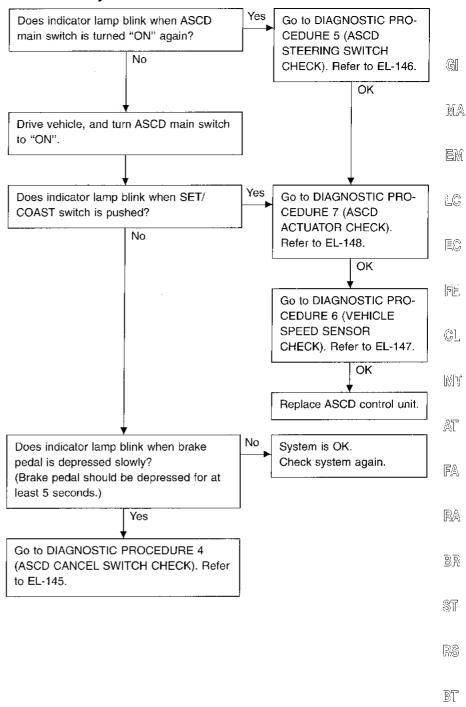
FAIL-SAFE SYSTEM

When the fail-safe system senses a malfunction, it deactivates ASCD operation. The CRUISE indicator in the combination meter will then flash.

Malfunction detection conditions

Detection conditions	ASCD operation during maifunction detection
 ASCD steering (RESUME/ACCEL, CANCEL, SET/COAST) switch is stuck. Vacuum motor ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Air valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Release valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Vehicle speed sensor is faulty. ASCD control unit internal circuit is malfunctioning. 	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is canceled.
ASCD cancel switch or stop lamp switch is faulty.	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is not canceled.

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) Fail-safe system check



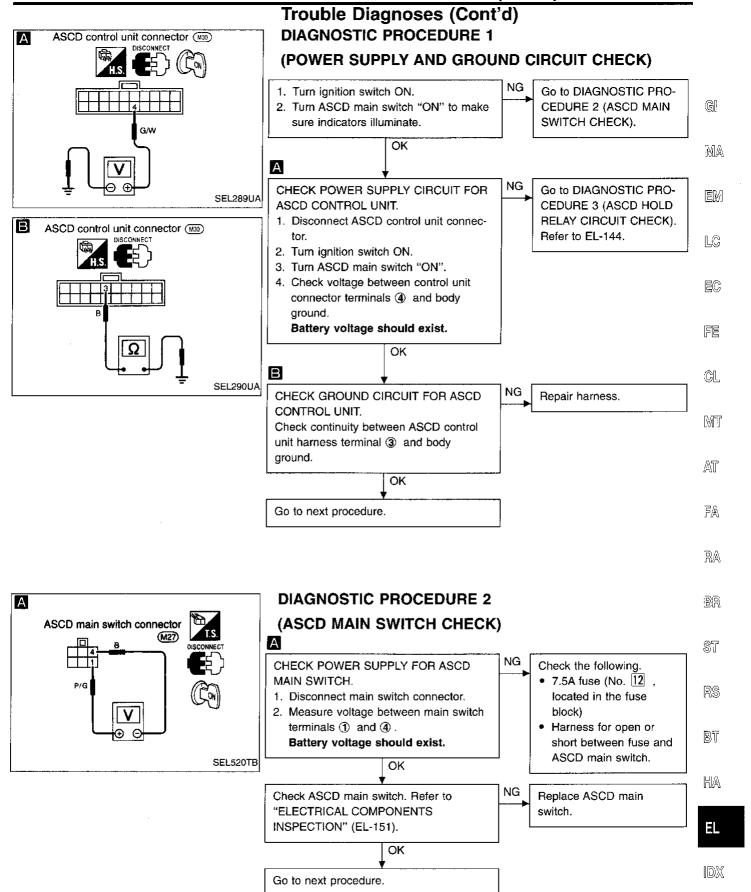
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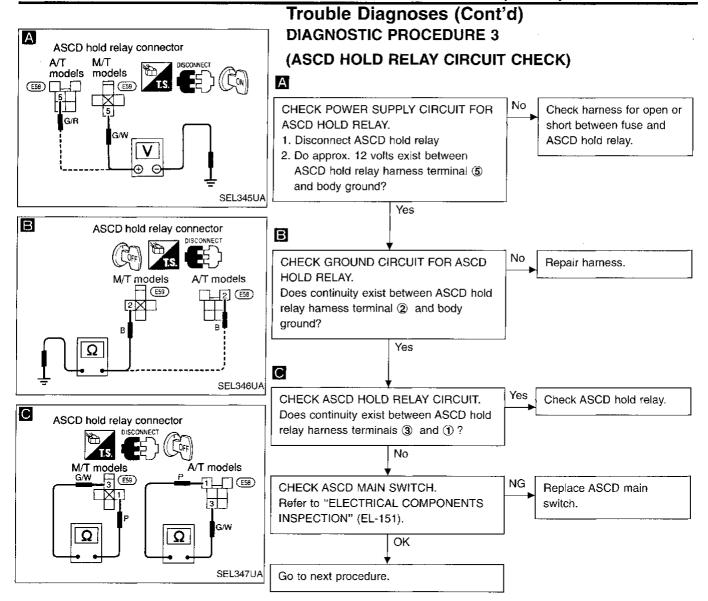
AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

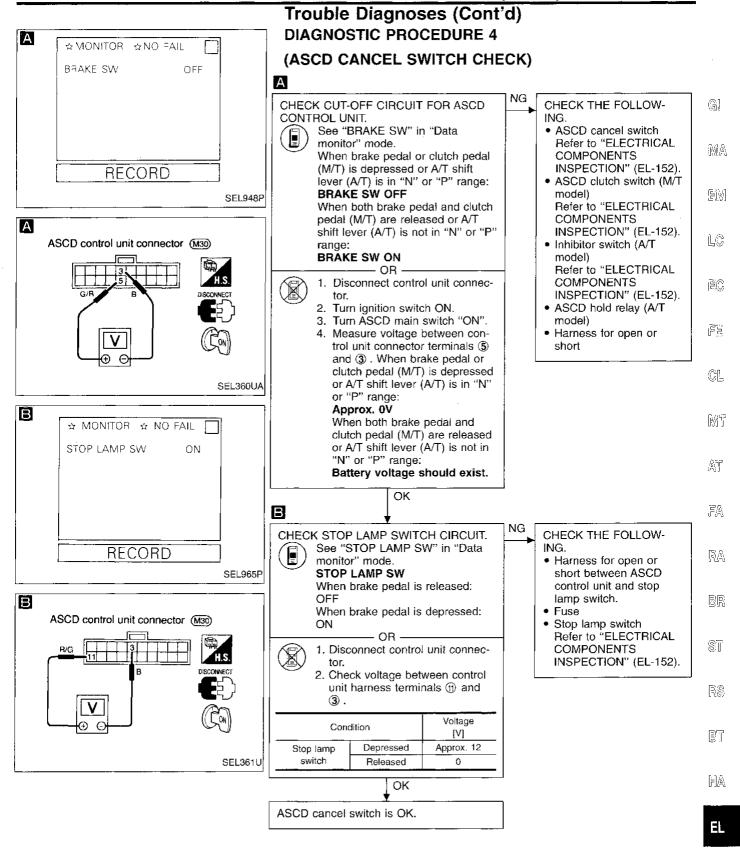
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE				Diagnostic procedure						
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-138	EL-141	EL-143	EL-143	EL-144	EL-145	EL-146	EL-147	EL-148	EL-149
SYMPTOM	Self-diagnosis in CONSULT	Fail-safe system check	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (ASCD MAIN SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (ASCD HOLD RELAY CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (ASCD CANCEL SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 (VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7 (ASCD ACTUATOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (VACUUM HOSE AND ACCEL WIRE CHECK)
ASCD cannot be set.	Х	X	X	Χ	Χ	X	Х	Х	Х	X
Steering CANCEL switch will not operate.	х						Х			
Steering ACCEL switch will not operate.	Х						х			
Steering RESUME switch will not operate.	х						Х			
Large difference between set speed and actual vehicle speed.	х	х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Deceleration is greatest immediately after ASCD has been set.	х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	х	х
"CRUISE" indicator lamp blinks. (It indicates that system is in fail-safe.)	Х	Х	Х			Х	х	х	х	
Engine hunts.	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

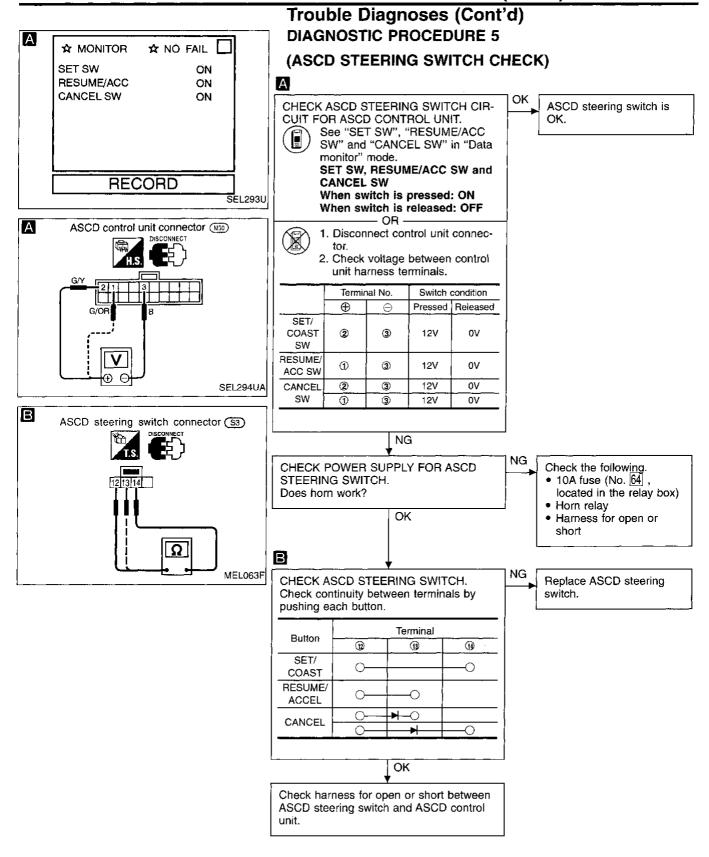


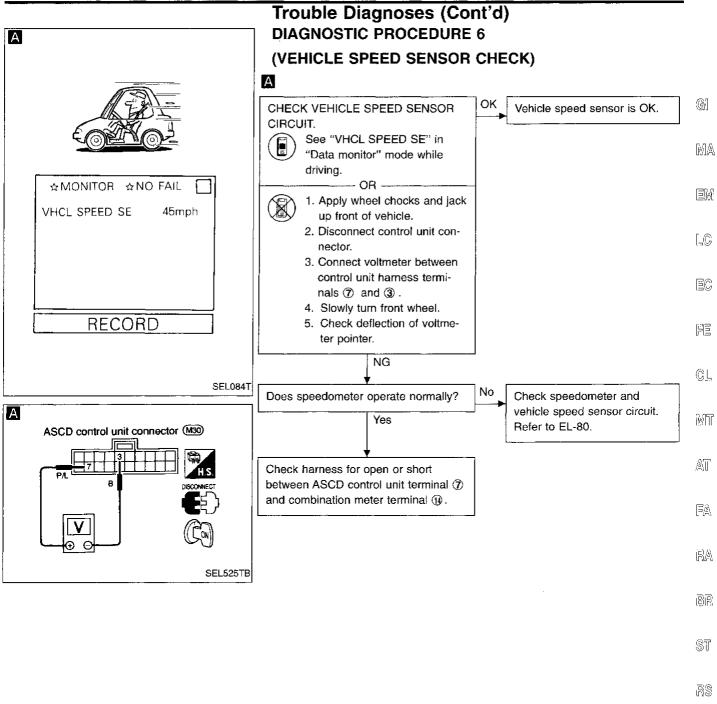
EL-143





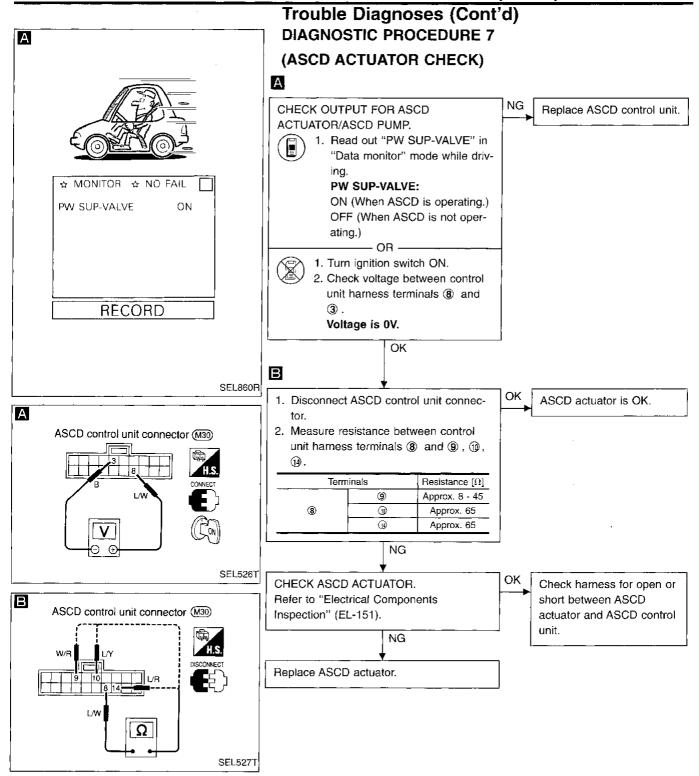
EL-145



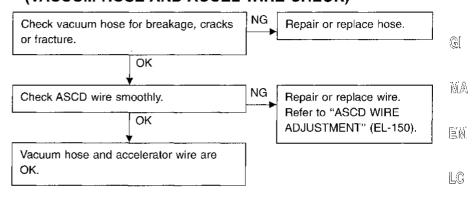


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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (VACUUM HOSE AND ACCEL WIRE CHECK)



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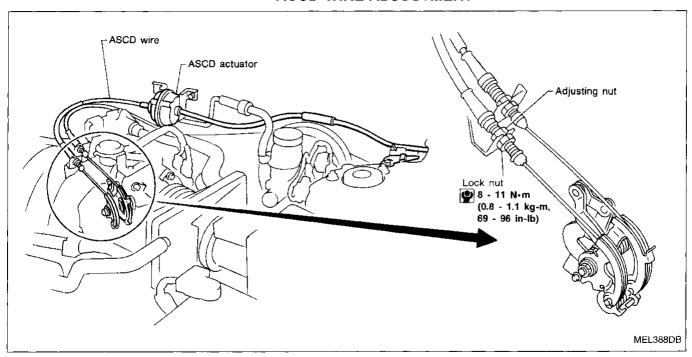
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ASCD WIRE ADJUSTMENT

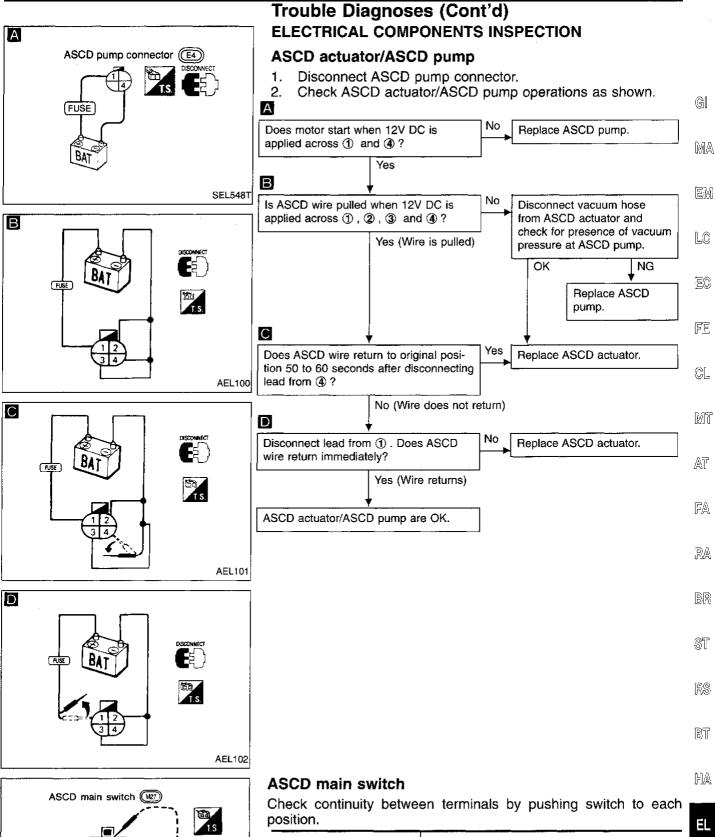


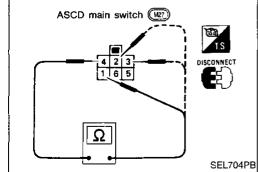
CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist ASCD wire when removing it.
- Do not tense ASCD wire excessively during adjustment.

Adjust the tension of ASCD wire in the following manner.

- 1. Loosen lock nut and adjusting nut.
- Make sure that accelerator wire is properly adjusted. (Refer to FE section, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".)
- 3. Tighten adjusting nut until throttle drum just starts to move.
- 4. Loosen adjusting nut again 1/2 to 1 turn.
- Tighten lock nut.





Switch position			Term	ninals		
Switch position	1	2	3	4	5	6
ON	0-	<u> </u>	-0-(⊕		
N		$\overline{\bigcirc}$		⊕ —⊙		L. 9
OFF						

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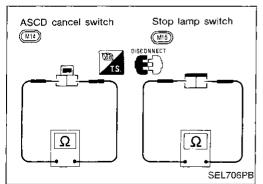
ASCD steering switch connector (S3) DISCONNECT 12/13/14 MEL063F

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

ASCD steering switch

Check continuity between terminals by pushing each button.

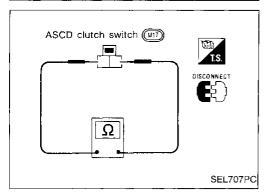
Button		Terminal	
Bullon	12	13	14
SET/COAST	0		-0
RESUME/ACCEL	0		
CANCEL	O	▶	
CANCEL	0—	*	—o



ASCD cancel switch and stop lamp switch

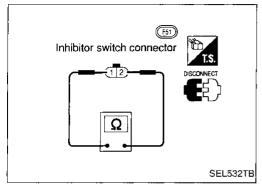
	Con	itinuity
Condition	ASCD cancel switch	Stop lamp switch
When brake pedal is depressed	No	Yes
When brake pedal is released	Yes	No

Check each switch after adjusting brake pedal — refer to BR section.



ASCD clutch switch (For M/T models)

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is depressed	No
When clutch pedal is released	Yes



Inhibitor switch (For A/T models)

Condition	Continuity
When shift lever position is "N" or "P"	Yes
When shift lever position is not "N" or "P"	No

Overall Description

OUTLINE

The In-Vehicle Multiplexing System, IVMS (LAN system), consists of a BCM (Body Control Module) and five LCU's (Local Control Units). Some switches and electrical loads are connected to each LCU. Some electrical systems are directly connected to the BCM. Control of each LCU, (which is provided by a switch and electrical load), is accomplished by the BCM, via two multiplex data lines (A and B) connected between the two.

Refer to the System Diagram (EL-156).

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BCM (Body Control Module)

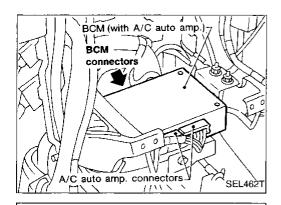
The BCM, which is a master unit of the IVMS (LAN), consists of microprocessor, memory and communication LSI sections and has communication and control functions. It receives data signals from the LCUs and sends electrical load data signals to them.

LC

The BCM is described as a "control assembly (for IVMS)" in the Parts Catalog.

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The auto amp. for auto air conditioner, if equipped, is built into the BCM. The BCM connectors are located on the front side of the BCM. Do not be confused with the auto amp. connectors on the rear side of the BCM.

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NOTE: The auto amp. function has nothing to do with the IVMS.

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The LCU's, which are slave units of the BCM, have only a communication function and consist of communication LSI and input-out-put interface circuits. They receive data signals from the BCM, control the ON/OFF operations of electrical loads and the sleep operation, as well as send switch signals to the BCM.

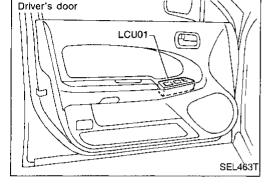
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IVMS (LAN) — SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

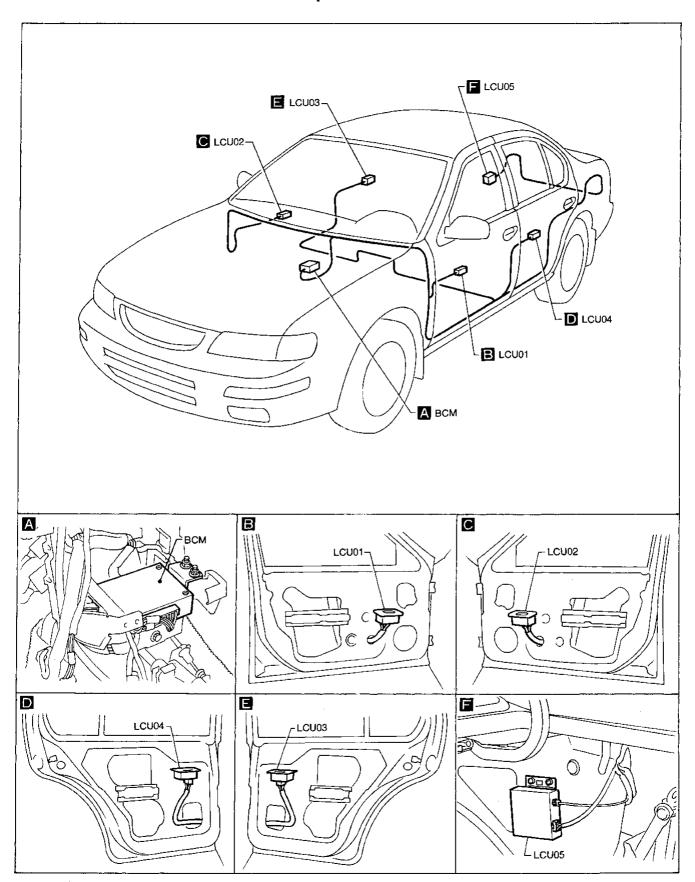
Overall Description (Cont'd) CONTROLLED SYSTEMS

The IVMS controls several body-electrical systems. The systems included in the IVMS are as follows:

- Power window
- Power door lock
- Time control system
 - Intermittent wiper
 - Rear window defogger timer
 - Ignition key warning
 - Light warning
 - Seat belt warning
 - Battery saver
- Step lamps
- Multi-remote control system
- Illumination
- Theft warning system
- Interior lamp (ON-OFF control)
- Trouble-diagnosing system
 - with CONSULT
 - ON-BOARD

Also, IVMS has the "sleep/wake-up control" function. IVMS puts itself (the whole IVMS system) to sleep under certain conditions to prevent unnecessary power consumption. Then, when a certain input is detected, the system wakes itself up. For more detailed information, refer to "Sleep/Wake-up Control" (EL-157).

Component Parts Location



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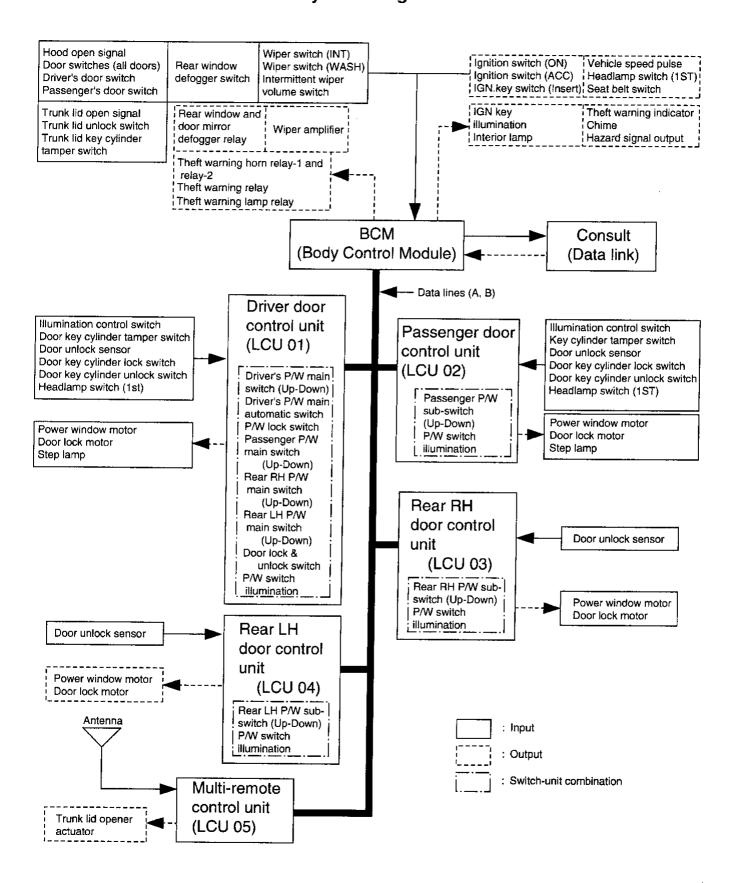
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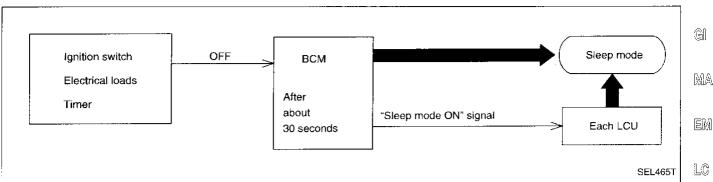
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System Diagram



Sleep/Wake-up Control

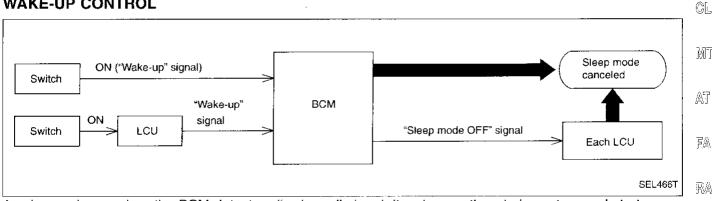
SLEEP CONTROL



"Sleep" control prevents unnecessary power consumption. About 30 seconds after the following conditions are met, the BCM suspends the communication between itself and all LCU's. The whole IVMS system is set in the "sleep" mode.

- Ignition switch "OFF"
- All electrical loads (in the IVMS) "OFF" (except the security indicator lamp)
- Timer "OFF"

WAKE-UP CONTROL



As shown above, when the BCM detects a "wake-up" signal, it wakes up the whole system and starts communicating again. The "sleep" mode of all LCU's is now canceled, and the BCM returns to the normal control mode. When any one of the following switches are turned ON, the "sleep" mode is canceled:

- lanition key switch (Insert)*
- Ignition switch "ACC" or "ON"
- Lighting switch (1st)
- Door switches (all doors)
- Trunk lid unlock switch
- Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch
- Trunk room lamp switch
- Hood switch
- Door unlock sensors (all doors)
- Door key cylinder tamper switches (front doors)
- Door key cylinder lock switches and unlock switches (front doors)
- Also, when key is pulled out of ignition (ignition key switch is turned from ON to OFF), the "sleep" mode is canceled.

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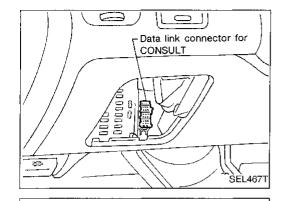
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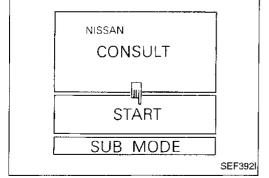
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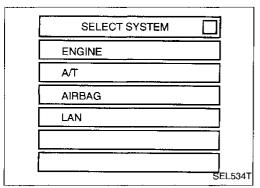
CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- Turn ignition switch "OFF". Connect "CONSULT" to the data link connector. (The data link connector is located in left dash side panel.)

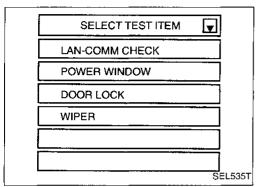


3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

4. Touch "START".



5. Touch "LAN".



6. Perform each diagnostic item according to the function chart as follows:

For further information, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

EL-158

CONSULT (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS APPLICATION

•				MODE			_
Test item	Diagnosed system	LAN COMM DIAGNOSIS	WAKE-UP DIAGNOSIS	SELF-DIAG- NOSTIC RESULTS	DATA MONI- TOR	ACTIVE TEST	- G]
LAN-COMM CHECK	IVMS (LAN) communica- tion and wake-up function	х	х				- _ MA
POWER WINDOW	Power window				Х	Х	_
DOOR LOCK	Power door lock			Х	Х	Х	_ EM
WIPER	Wiper and washer				Х	Х	
REAR DEFOGGER	Rear window defogger				Х	Х	- - 16
IGN KEY WARN ALM	Ignition key warning chime				Х	X	_ 50
LIGHT WARN ALM	Light warning chime				Х	Х	
ROOM LAMP TIMER	Interior lamp timer				Х	Х	- EC
SEAT BELT TIMER	Seat belt timer				Х	Х	
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM	Theft warning system				Х	X	FE
STEP LAMP	Step lamps				Х	Х	CL
ILLUM LAMP	Interior lamp				Х	Χ	-
MULTI-REMOTE CONT SYS	Multi-remote control				х	×	- MT -

X: Applicable

For diagnostic item in each control system, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

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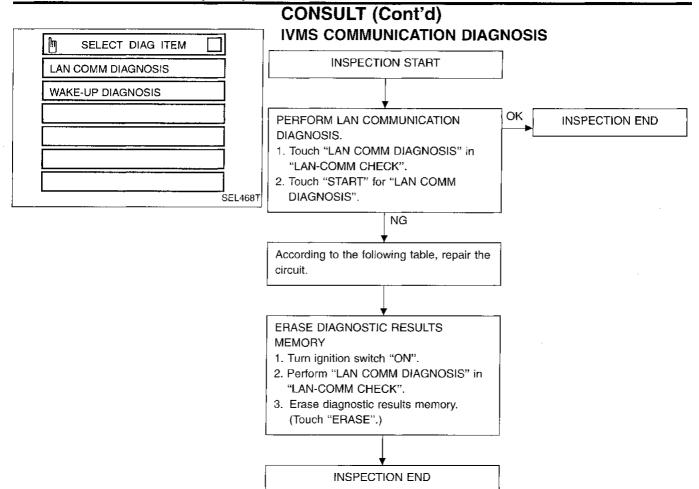
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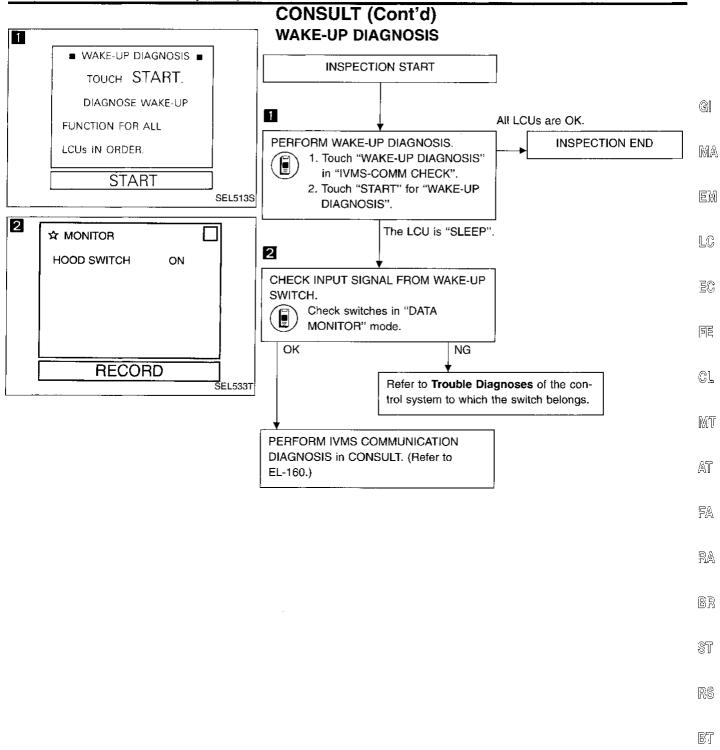
	Diagnost	Diagnostic explanation		Number of malfunctioning LCU		Expected cause			Service procedure	:
(Communication malfunctioning)	A communication BCM to the LCU The LCU returns receives the sign The signals sent returned from the	A communication signal is sent from the BCM to the LCU. The LCU returns a signal to the BCM as receives the signal above. The signals sent from the BCM and returned from the LCU should be the	n the	One	- 0 6	Door connection at 2. Open or short circui and/or B Ground circuit of the 3. Ground circuit of the	Poor connection at LCU connector Open or short circuit in the data lines A and/or B Ground circuit of the LCU open		1. Check for connector looseness. 2. Check continuity of the data line circuits between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connector. 3. Check ground circuit of the LCU in question.	ness. ta line circuits ion and har-
	same. If they are diffe munication bet maffunctioning.	same. If they are different, the LCU and/or munication between the BCM and L malfunctioning.	r com- CU are	All	4 - (. Open or shor	Maffunctioning LCU Open or short circuit in the data lines.			on. ta line circuits ness-to-har-
[A-LINE NO RESPONSE]* (Communication via data line A not responded)	A commu BCM to the The LCU line A.	A communication signal is sent from the BCM to the LCU via data lines A and B. The LCU returns the signal via the data line A.	n the od B. data	One	<u>vi</u>	Mailunctioning BCM Poor connection in the LCU connector Open circuit in the d	2. Manunctioning BCM 1. Poor connection in the data line A at the LCU connector 2. Open circuit in the data line A		 Replace the BCM. Check for connector looseness. Check continuity of the data line A circuit between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connector. 	ness. ta line A circuit ion and har-
	If the signal does is malfunctioning.	If the signal does not return, the data line A is malfunctioning.	ta line A	Two or more		. Malfunctioning LCU . Poor connections at harness-to-harness	Malfunctioning LCU Poor connections at LCU connectors or harness-to-harness connectors Open circuit in the data line A		Replace the LCU in question. Check for connector looseness. Check continuity of the data line A circuit for the CU is consistent.	ion. ness. ta line A circuit
			1	₩	ાં ⊢ં તાં છ	Short circuit in the ground Poor connection BCM connectors Open circuit in the the BCM and har nector	Short circuit in the data line A with ground Poor connection in the data line A at the BCM connectors Open circuit in the data line A between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector	υ		data line A rs and ground. ness. ta line A circuit
[B-LINE NO RESPONSE]* (Communication via data line B not responded)	A community of the LCU line B. If the sign B is malfi	A communication signal is sent from the BCM to the LCU via data lines A and B. The LCU returns the signal via the data line B. If the signal does not return, the data line B is malfunctioning.	n the nd B. data	One Two or more		Poor connection in the default of th	Manufactioning Down LOU connection in the data line B at the LCU connector Open circuit in the data line B Malfunctioning LCU Poor connection at LCU connectors or harness-to-harness connectors Down circuit in the data line B		1. Check for connector looseness. 2. Check continuity of the data line B circuit between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connector. 3. Replace the LCU in question. 1. Check for connector looseness. 2. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the LCU in guestion.	ness. ta line B cir- uestion and ctor. ion. ness.
			<u> </u>	 	i –, 67 69, 4,		Short circuit in the data line B with ground Poor connection in the data line B at the BCM connectors Open circuit in the data line B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector Malfunctioning BCM	۵	1. Check continuity between data line B terminal of the BCM connectors and ground. 2. Check for connector looseness. 3. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM.	data line B setors and ness.
malfunction is unctioning dat	is detected intra line. This	n one of the two data lines is because communication	but all sys is still acc	tems in the IVMS omplished via the	(such as other data	power window a line that is fu	or power door lock) a nctioning.	re function	ning correctly. In such a	s, it is not
HA EL	BT	BR ST RS	RA	FA	AT	CL MT	EC FE	LG	G(MA EM	

EL-161

DIAGNOSTIC CHART

IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES SYSTEM CONSULT (Cont'd)

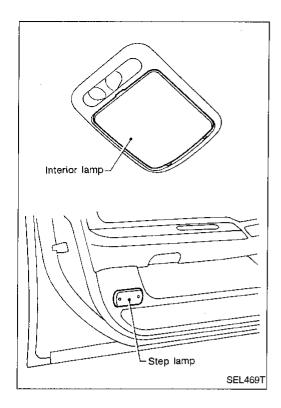
Diagnostic item	Diagnostic explanation	Number of malfunctioning LCU	Expected cause	Service procedure
[A-LINE NO RESPONSE] [B-LINE NO RESPONSE] (Communication via data lines A and B not responded)	A communication signal is sent from the BCM to the LCU via data lines A and B. The LCU returns the signal via the data lines A and B. If the signal does not return, the data lines A and B are malfunctioning.	One	Open circuit in the power source for the LCU in question. Poor connection at LCU connector Open circuit in the data lines A and B Open circuit in LCU ground Open circuit in LCU ground	Check fuse, fusible link, circuit breaker or harness. Check for connector looseness. Check continuity of each data line between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connectors. Check ground circuit of the LCU in question. Replace the LCU in question.
		Two or more	Open circuit in the power source for the LCU's in question Poor connection at LCU connectors or harness-to-harness connectors Open circuit in the data lines A and B Malfunctioning LCU	Check fuse, fusible link, circuit breaker or hamess. Check for connector looseness. Check continuity of each data line between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connectors.
		■	Short circuit between data lines A and B Short circuits in the data lines A and B with ground Poor connection at the BCM connectors Open circuit in the data lines A and B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connectors Maffunctioning BCM Maffunctioning BCM	Check continuity between data lines A and B. Check continuity between data line terminals of the BCM connectors and ground. Check for connector looseness. Check continuity of each data line between the BCM and harness-to-harness connectors. Replace the BCM.
[COMM FAIL] [A-LINE NO RESPONSE] [B-LINE NO RESPONSE]	All malfunctions indicated above are evident.	One Two or more All	Open circuit in LCU ground Open circuits in LCU grounds Malfunctioning BCM	Check ground circuit of the LCU in question. Check ground circuits of the LCU in question. Replace BCM.



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EL-163



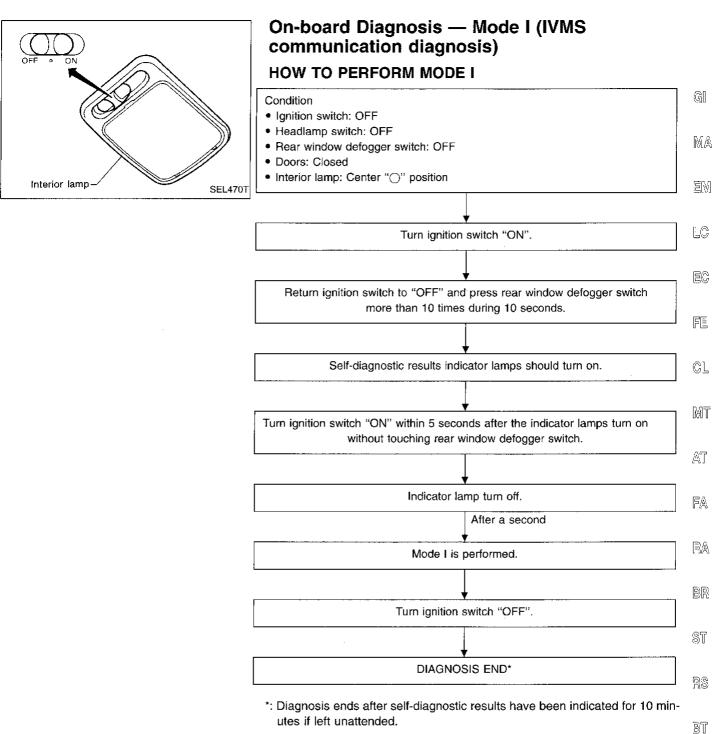
On-board Diagnosis

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS INDICATOR LAMP

The interior lamp and step lamps (front seats) act as the indicators for the on-board diagnosis. These lamps blink simultaneously in response to diagnostic results.

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION

Mode		Function	Refer page
Mode I	IVMS commu- nication diag- nosis	Diagnosing any abnormality or inability of communication between BCM and LCUs (both data lines A and B).	EL-166
Mode II	Switch monitor	Monitoring conditions of switches connected to BCM and LCUs.	EL-167
Mode III	Power door lock self-diag- nosis		EL-206
Mode IV	Power window operation	Operation of driver side win- dow	EL-191



utes if left unattended.

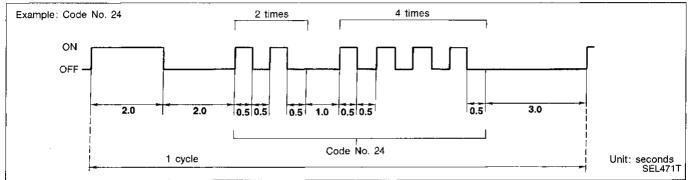
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EL-165 1319

On-board Diagnosis — Mode I (IVMS communication diagnosis) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In this mode, a malfunction code is indicated by the number of flashes from the interior lamp and front step lamps as shown below:

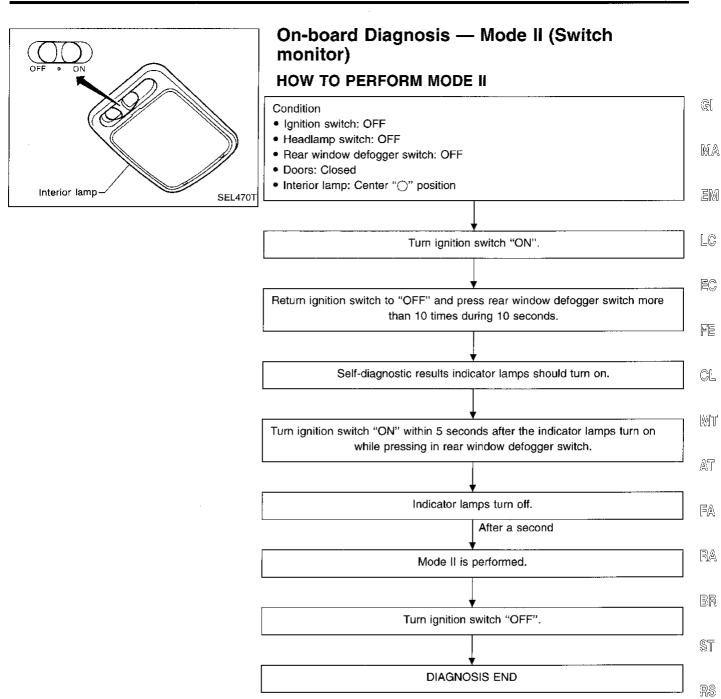


After indicator lamp turns on for 2 seconds then off for 2 seconds, it flashes [cycling ON (0.5 sec.)/OFF (0.5 sec.)] to indicate a malfunction code of the 10th digit. Then, 1 second after indicator lamp turns off, it again flashes [cycling ON (0.5 sec.)/OFF (0.5 sec.)] to indicate a malfunction code of the 1st digit.

For example, the indicator lamp goes on and off for 0.5 seconds twice and after 1.0 seconds, it goes on and off for 0.5 seconds four times. This indicates malfunction code "24". The self-diagnostic results will remain in the BCM memory.

Malfunction code table

Code No.	Malfunctioning LCU	Detected items	Diagnostic procedure
24		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-161).
25	Driver door control unit (LCU01)	No response from data line A	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
26		No response from data line B	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
34		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-161).
35	Passenger door control unit (LCU02)	No response from data line A	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
36		No response from data line B	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
41		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-161).
42	Rear LH door control unit (LCU03)	No response from data line A	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A- LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
43		No response from data line B	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
44		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-161).
45	Rear RH door control unit	No response from data line A	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A- LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
46		No response from data line B	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B- LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
54		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-161).
5 5	Multi-remote control unit (LCU05)	No response from data line A	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A- LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
56		No response from data line B	Refer to Consult DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-161).
11	No malfunction	<u> </u>	<u> </u>



EL-167

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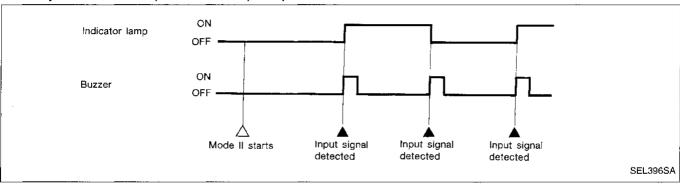
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On-board Diagnosis — Mode II (Switch monitor) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In this mode, when BCM detects the input signal from a switch in IVMS as shown below, the detection is indicated by the interior lamp and front step lamps with buzzer.



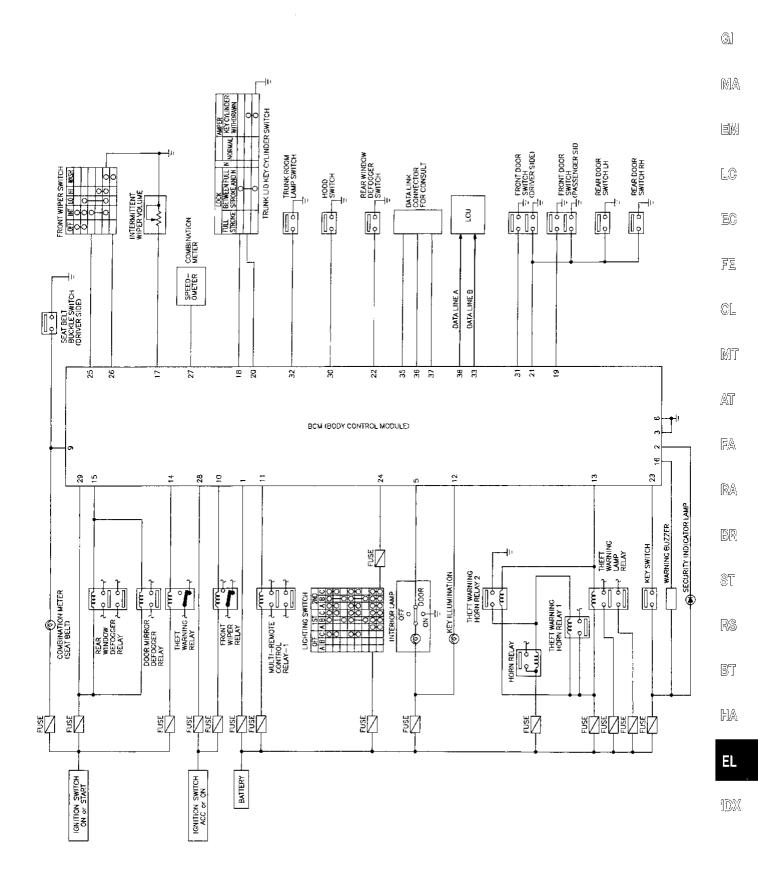
Switch monitor item

	,
всм	 Hood switch Trunk room lamp switch Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch Trunk lid unlock switch Door switches Headlamp switch (1st) Wiper switch (INT) Wiper switch (WASH) Door switch (driver's side) Door switch (passenger side) Seat belt buckle switch
LCU 01	Power window lock switch Power window main switches (UP/DOWN) Power window automatic switch Illumination control switch Door lock & unlock switch (LOCK/UNLOCK) Door key cylinder switch Key cylinder tamper switch

LCU 02	Door key cylinder so Key cylinder tamper Door unlock sensor Passenger power w DOWN)		
LCU 03	Power window sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-sub-	switch (Rear RH) (UP/	
LCU 04	Power window sub-switch (Rear LH) (UP/ DOWN)		
LCU 05	Door lock button Door unlock button Interior lamp button Trunk lid opener button	Operated by multi- remote controller	

Body Control Module (BCM)

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



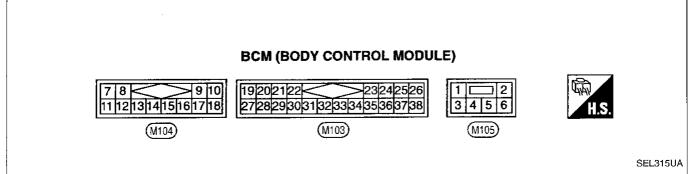
IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES Body Control Module (BCM) (Cont'd)

INPUT/OUTPUT OPERATION SIGNAL

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	Power source	-	_		12
	T1-14		Theft warning	Illuminated	0
2	Theft warning indicator	0	control	Turned off	12
3	Ground	_			_
4		<u> </u>			_
			ON (Illuminated)		0
5	Interior lamp	0	OFF		12
6	Ground	_			
7					
8	_	_		_	
				When the seat belt is fastened	5
9	Seat belt switch	l	Ignition switch "ON"	When the seat belt is not fas- tened	0
	Wiper amplifier		Ignition switch	ON	0
10	(ON signal)	0	"ACC" or "ON" Wiper switch	OFF	12
11	Hazard	0	Flasher lamp	ON	0
11				OFF	12
12	Ignition keyhole illumination	0	ON		0
12	ignidon keynole iliumination		OFF		12
13	Theft warning horn relays and theft warning lamp relay	0	ON		0
			OFF		12
14	Theft warning relay	0	Theft warning control	ON	0
				OFF	12
			Ignition switch	ON	0
15	Defogger relay	O	"ON" Time control	OFF	12
16	Buzzer	0	ON		0
			OFF		12
17	Intermittent wiper volume switch	ı	Ignition switch "ACC" or "ON"	Max. (20 sec)	3.6
			Wiper switch Intermittent time	Min. (2 sec)	0
18	Trunk lid unlock switch	I	Unlocked (ON)		0
			Neutral (OFF)		5
19	Passenger's door switch	I	ON (Open)		0
			OFF (Closed)		12
20	Trunk lid tamper switch	. I F	ON		0
20	riank no tamper switch		OFF		5

IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES Body Control Module (BCM) (Cont'd)

Terminal No.	Conr	Connections INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O) Operated condition		ed condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)			
	Door switches			,	ON (Open)	0		
21	(All doors)			Door switch	OFF (Closed)	12		
	D	_		Ignition switch	ON	. 0		
22	Rear window defo	gger switch		"ON"	OFF	5		
00	Ignition key switch			IGN key removed cylinder (OFF)	from ignition key	0		
23	(Insert)			IGN key inserted inder (ON)	into ignition key cyl-	12		
0.4	Headlamp switch		Ţ.,	1ST, 2ND position	s: ON	12		
24	(1ST)		'	OFF		0		
0.5	Wiper switch (Intermittent)		ı	Ignition switch "ACC" or "ON"	INT	0		
					OFF	12		
06	Wiper switch	per switch	1	Ignition switch	WASH	0		
(Wash)			"ACC" or "ON"	OFF	12			
27	Vehicle speed pulse		1	Pulse		0 - 5		
28	Ignition switch (ACC)		1	Ignition switch "ACC"		12		
29	Ignition switch (ON)		1	Ignition switch "ON"		12		
20	Lland switch		1	Open (ON)		0		
30	Hood switch	od switch		2 GWILOTT	'	Closed (OFF)		5
31	Drivar's door swite	river's door switch	1	Open (ON)		0		
ان 	Dilver's door switc		1	Closed (OFF)		12		
32	Trunk lid open signal		ı	Open (ON)		0		
JZ	Trunk iiu open sigr	Trunk lid open signal		Closed (OFF)		12		
33	Data line (B)	1/0 —		_				
34		On-board diag- nostic results	_			_		
35	CONSULT	TX signal	_			_		
36]	RX signal	_			_		
37	CLK signal		_					
38	Data line (A)		1/0		_	_		



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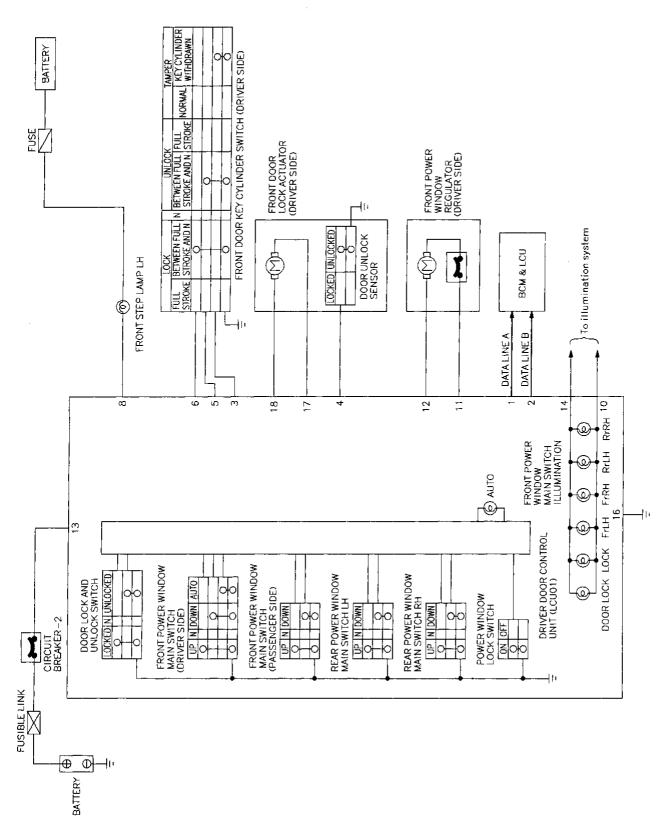
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Local Control Units (LCUs)

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

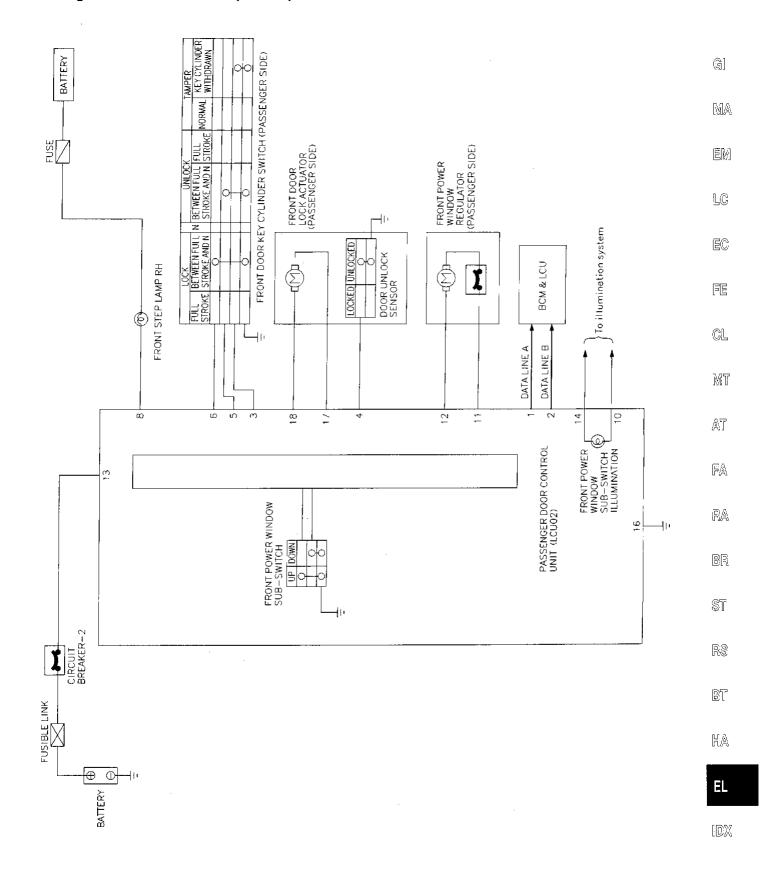
Driver door control unit (LCU01)



IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

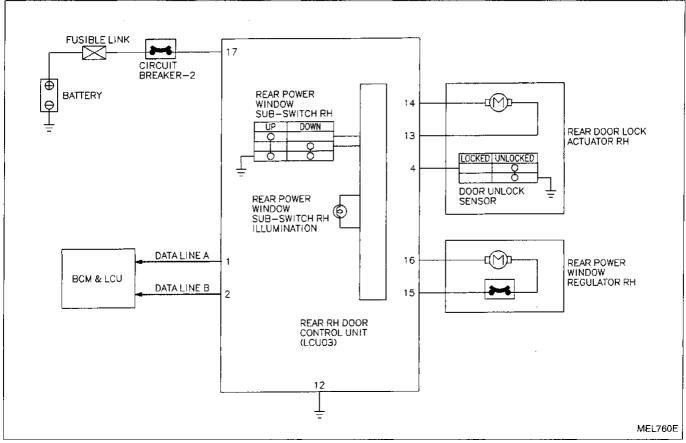
Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Passenger door control unit (LCU02)

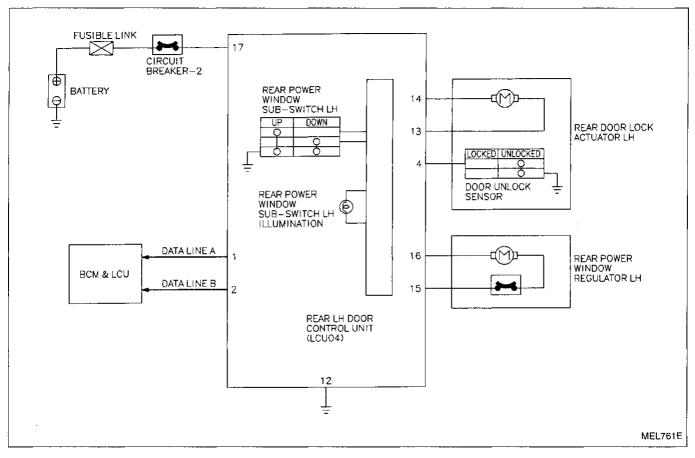


Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Rear RH door control unit (LCU03)



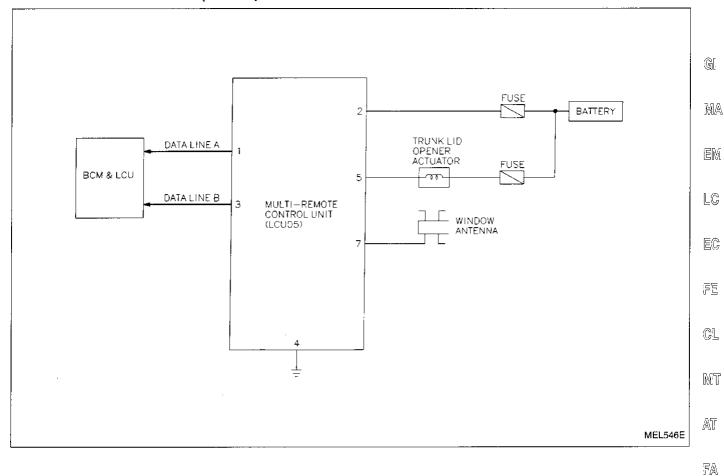
Rear LH door control unit (LCU04)



IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Multi-remote control unit (LCU05)



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IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

INPUT/OUTPUT OPERATION SIGNAL

Driver door control unit (LCU01)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximat values)
1	Data line (A)	I/O	-		
2	Data line (B)	I/O			
•	Door key cylinder tamper		ON (Key cylinder removed	i)	0
3	switch		OFF (Key cylinder installed	d)	12
4	Danius lank annan		Unlocked (ON)		0
4	Door unlock sensor	l	Locked (OFF)		5
	Door key cylinder unlock		Unlocked (ON)		0
5	switch	l l	Locked (OFF)		12
6	Door key cylinder lock		Locked (ON)		0
6	switch		Unlocked (OFF)		12
7	Headlamp switch (1st)	ı	1st, 2nd: ON		12
/	neadlamp switch (1st)		OFF		0
8 Ste	Step lamp	0	ON		0
			OFF		12
9	_		-		
10	Illumination control signal	1	Brightened - Darkened		0 - 12
11	Power window motor (P/W) — Up	0	Driver's P/W switch	Up	12
				Free	0
12	Power window motor (P/W) — Down	0	Driver's P/W switch	Down	12
12			Free		0
13	Power source (C/B)	_	-		12
14	_	_	-	_	
15	_		_		_
16	Ground		-	_	
17	Door lock motor — Lock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12
			DOOF TOOK & UTITOOK SWITCH	Free	0
18	Door lock motor —	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Unlocked	12
	Unlock		DOOF TOOK & UNIOCK SWITCH	Free	0

IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Passenger door control unit (LCU02)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operate	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
1	Data line (A)	1/0	-		
2	Data line (B)	· I/O		_	_
2	Door key cylinder tamper		ON		0
3	switch	į	OFF		12
4	Door unlock sensor		Unlocked (ON)		0
	Door unlock sensor	I	Locked (OFF)		5
5	Door key cylinder unlock		Unlocked (ON)		0
<u> </u>	switch		Locked (OFF)		12
6	Door key cylinder lock		Locked (ON)		0
	switch		Unlocked (OFF)	·	12
7	_	_		_	12
8	Step lamp	0	ON		0
0 3			OFF		12
9	<u> </u>				_
10	Illumination control signal	l l	Brightened - Darkened	Brightened - Darkened	
11	Power window motor (P/W) — Up		O Passenger's P/W switch	Up	12
				Free	0
12	Power window motor (P/W) — Down	0	Passenger's P/W switch	Down	12
12)	T assengers 1704 switch	Free	0
13	Power source (C/B)	-		_	12
14	Headlamp switch (1st)		1st, 2nd: ON		12
	neadiamp switch (15t)		OFF		0
15	_			_	
16	Ground			_	
17	Door lock motor — Lock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12
			DOOL TOOK & UTILOOK SWILCH	Free	0
18	Door lock motor	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Unlocked	12
10	Unlock			Free	0

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IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd) Rear RH door control unit (LCU03) and rear LH door control unit (LCU04)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
1	Data line (A)	I/O	_		_
2	Data line (B)	1/0		_	_
3	_	_		_	_
4	Door unlook oppose		Unlocked (ON)		0
4	Door unlock sensor	'	Locked (OFF)		5
5	_	_	-	_	_
6	<u>—</u>	_		_	_
7	_	_	_		12
8	_		_		_
9	_	_	_		_
10		_	_		_
11	_	_	-		_
12	Ground	_	_		
13	Door lock motor — Lock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Locked	12
13			Door lock & unlock switch	Free	0
14	Door lock motor — Unlock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Unlocked	12
				Free	0
15	Power window motor (P/W) — Up	0	Rear P/W switch	Up	12
15			near F/W Switch	Free	0
16	Power window motor (P/W) — Down	0	Rear P/W switch	Down	12
			neai r/W Switch	Free	0
17	Power source (C/B)	-			12
18	_		_		

IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Multi-remote control unit (LCU05)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
1	Data line (A)	1/0	-		G]
2	Power source	_	_	12	
3	Data line (B)	1/0	_	_	MA
4	Ground	<u>—</u>	_	_	
5	Trunk lid opener actuator	0	Open	0	EM
			OFF	12	
6	_	_	-	_	LC

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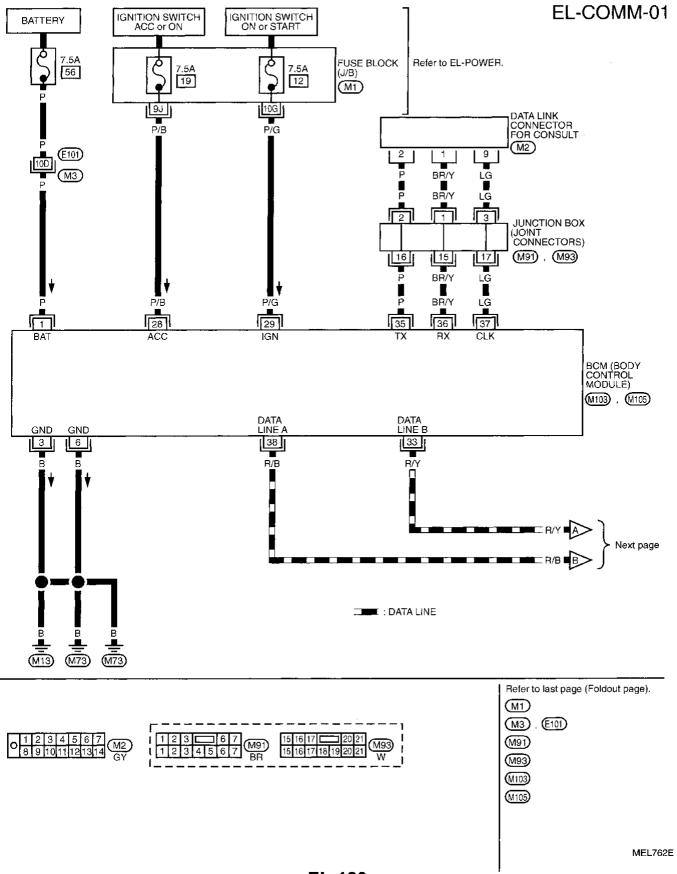
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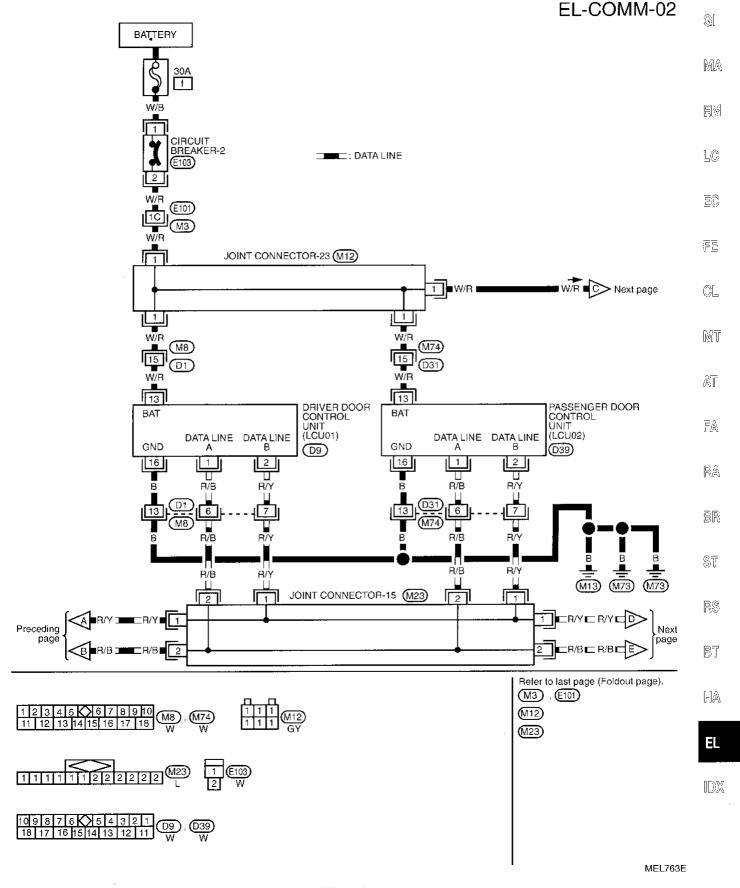
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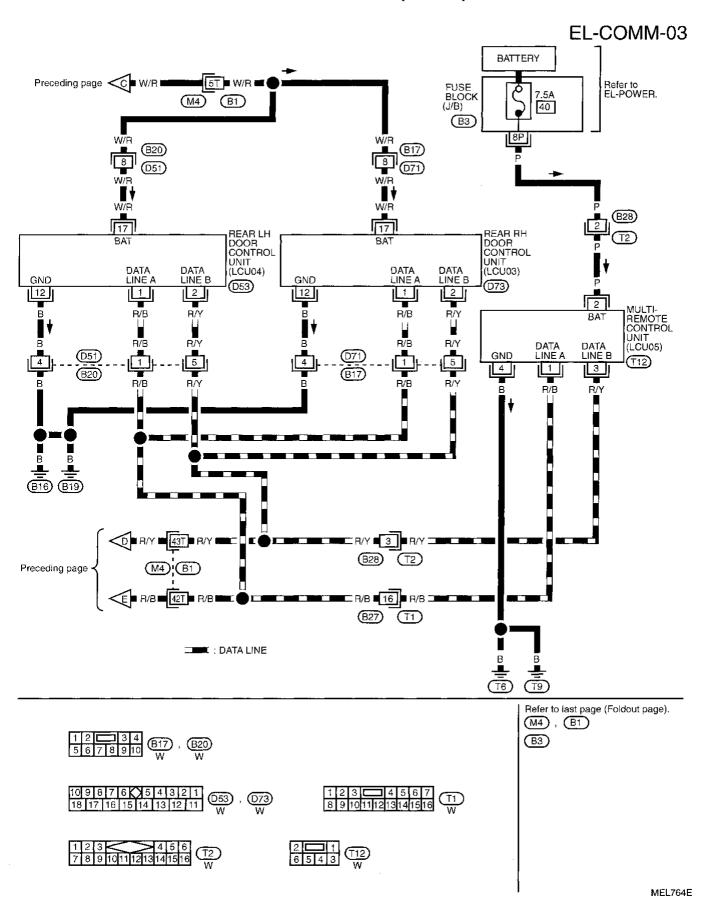
Main Power Supply, Ground and Communication Circuits/Wiring Diagram — COMM —



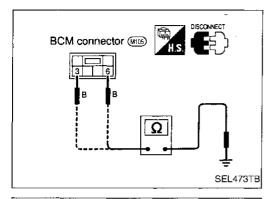
Main Power Supply, Ground and Communication Circuits/Wiring Diagram — COMM — (Cont'd)



Main Power Supply, Ground and Communication Circuits/Wiring Diagram — COMM — (Cont'd)

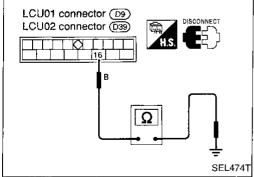


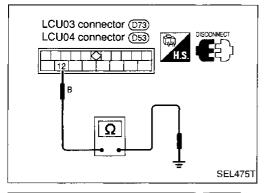
IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

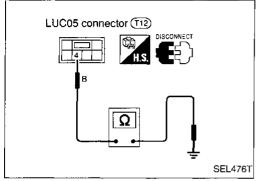


Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

			_	
Control unit	Terminals	Continuity		
DOM	③ - Ground		— G[
ВСМ	6 - Ground		©III	
LCU01	LCU01			
LCU02	Ground	Yes	MA	
LCU03	(Cround			
LCU04	1 Ground			
LCU05	④ - Ground		EM	







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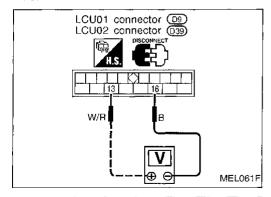
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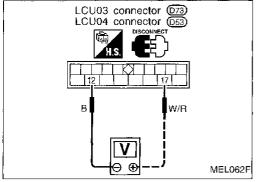
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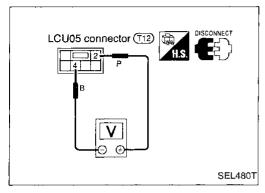
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IVMS (LAN) — TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

BCM connectors (#103) HS DISCONNECT HS DISCONNECT HS DISCONNECT DISCONN







Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check (Cont'd)

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT CHECK

Control	Tamaiaala	Ignition switch position						
unit	Terminals	OFF	ACC	ON	START			
	① - ③, ⑥		Battery voltage					
BCM*	29 - 3 , G	Approx. 0V	Battery	Approx. 0V				
	② - ③ , ⑥	Appro	x. 0V	Battery voltage				
LCU01	① - ①		Battery	voltage				
LCU02	13 - 16		Battery	voltage				
LCU03 and LCU04	(1) - (1)	Battery voltage						
LCU05	2 - 4		Battery	voltage				

^{*} CONSULT (data monitor) may be used to check for the ignition switch input (ACC, ON).

System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- from 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 29.

Driver door control unit (LCU01) terminals ① and ② are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ as DATA ① LINES A and B. Also, driver door control unit terminals ① and ② are connected to driver's side power window regulator terminals ② and ① respectively.

Rear LH door control unit (LCU04) and rear RH door control unit (LCU03) terminals ① and ② are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ as DATA LINES A and B. Also, rear LH and RH door control unit terminals ① and ⑥ are connected to rear power window regulator LH and RH terminals ② and ① respectively.

Passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminals ① and ② are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ as DATA LINES A and B. Also, passenger door control unit terminals ① and ② are connected to passenger side power window regulator terminals ② and ① respectively.

When a power window switch is pushed, a signal is sent to BCM as DATA LINES. BCM sends a signal to all door control units and all door control units supply power and ground to all power window regulators.

EC

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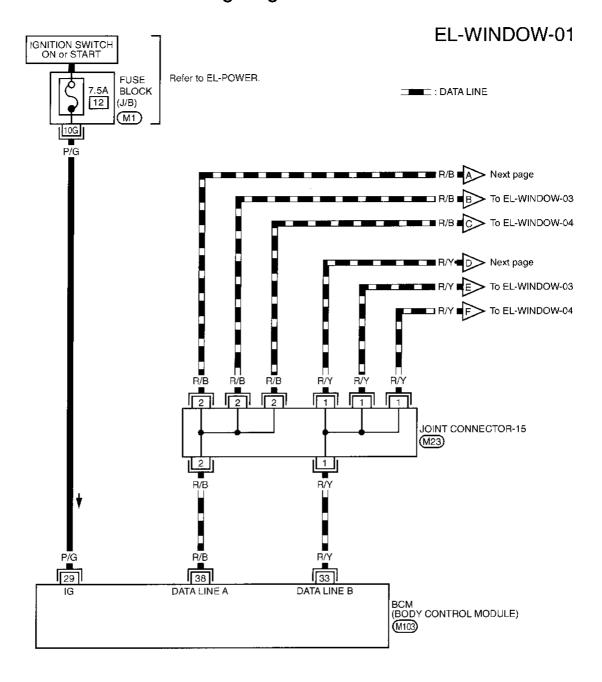
RS

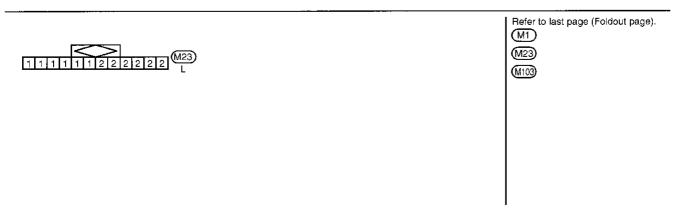
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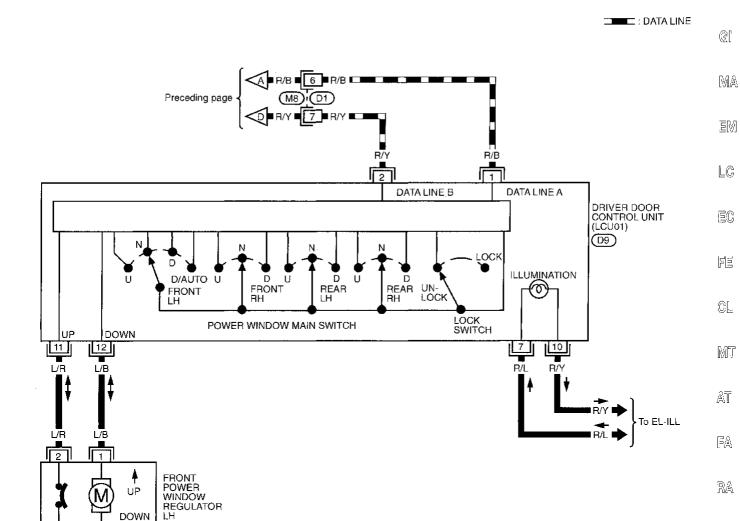
Wiring Diagram — WINDOW —





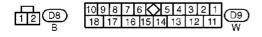
Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

EL-WINDOW-02



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 W

(D8)



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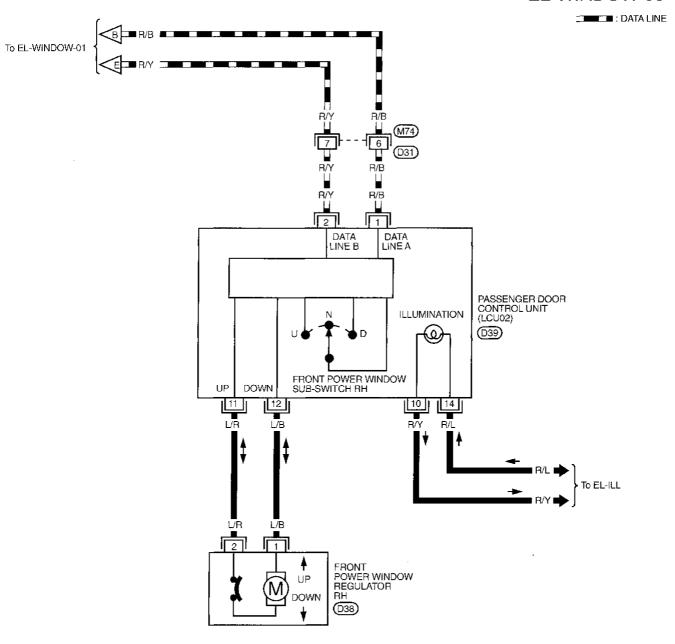
RS

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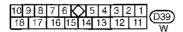
Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

EL-WINDOW-03



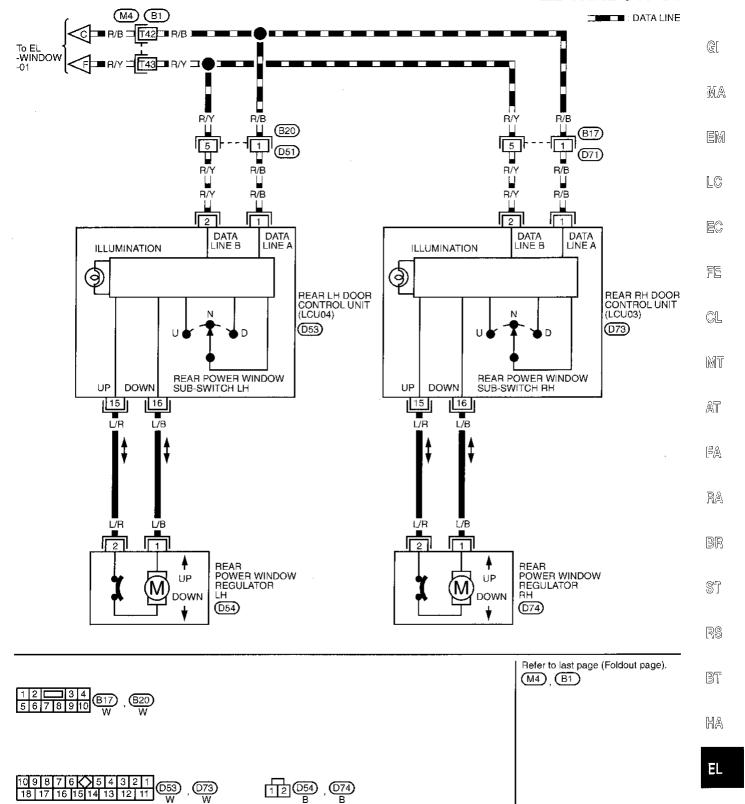
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 W





Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

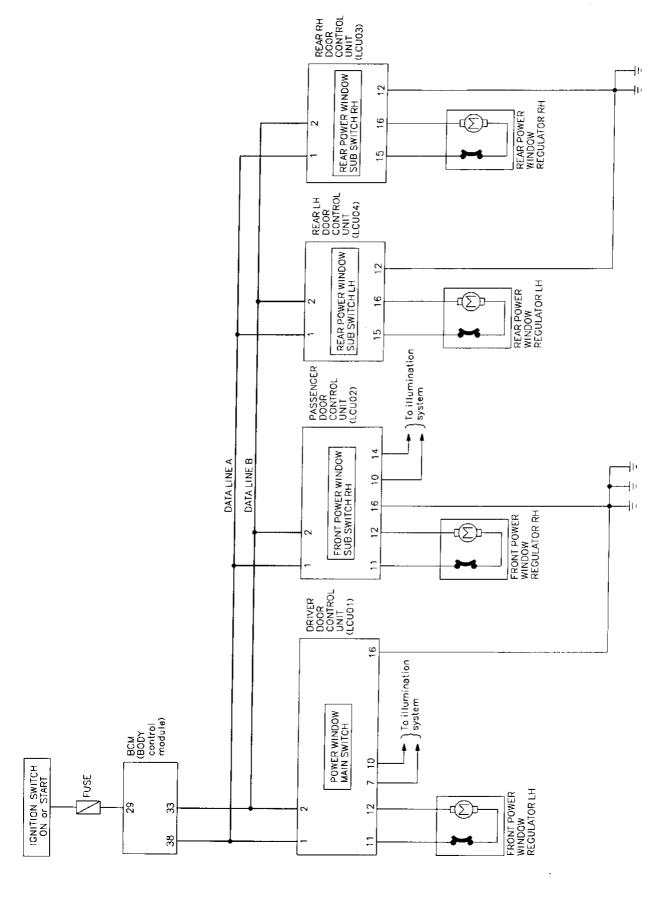
EL-WINDOW-04



MEL768E

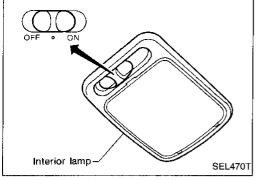
IDX

Schematic



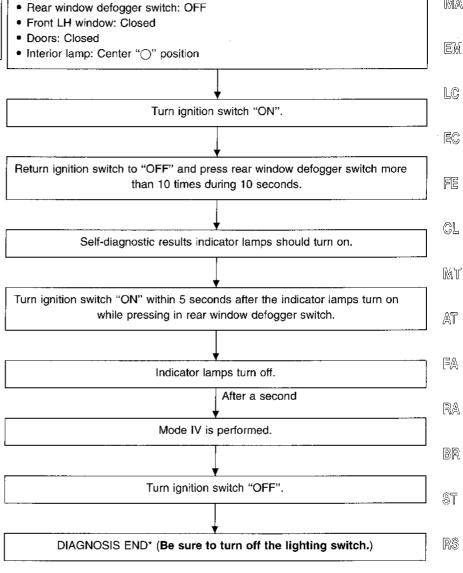
Condition

· Ignition switch: OFF Headlamp switch 1st: ON



On-board Diagnosis — Mode IV (Power window monitor)

HOW TO PERFORM MODE IV



*: Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 minutes if left unattended.

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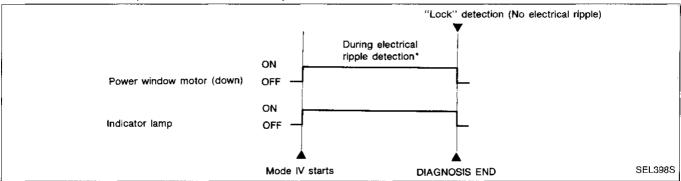
EL-191 1345

POWER WINDOW — IVMS

On-board Diagnosis — Mode IV (Power window monitor) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In mode IV, front LH window is automatically operated. In conjunction with power window motor (DOWN) "ON", indicator lamps (interior lamp and front step lamps) turn on. When power window "lock" is detected, power window motor will stop and the indicator lamps will turn off.



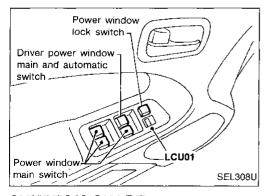
NOTE: As soon as manual switches (each seat's power window switch) turn ON, front LH power window motor (DOWN) stops and diagnosis ends.

^{*} While power window motor is being operated, electrical ripple occurs.

Trouble Diagnoses

OPERATIVE CONDITION

- Power windows can be raised or lowered with each sub-switch or the power window main switch located on the driver's door trim when ignition key is in the "ON" position and power window lock switch on the driver's door trim is unlocked.
- When power window lock switch is locked, no windows can be raised or lowered except for driver side window.
- When ignition key is in the "ON" position, to fully open the driver side window, press down completely on the automatic switch (main switch) and release it; it needs not be held. The window will automatically open all the way. To stop the window, pull up then release the switch.



SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE		munication nosis	Power se	upply and rcuit check	Diagnostic procedure				
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-160		EL-183	EL-184	EL-194	EL-194	EL-195	EL-196	•
SYMPTOM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Procedure 1 (Power window lock switch)	Procedure 2 (Power window main switch)	Procedure 3 (Power window sub-switch)	Procedure 4 (Power window regulator)	
One or more of the subswitches do not function.	X	х	х	×			х	х	•
One or more of the main switches on driver's door trim do not function (including automatic switch).	Х	Х	×	x		х		x	
Power window lock switch on main switch does not lock and/or unlock all windows.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х				•
All power window main switches and sub-switches do not function.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with power window diagnostic procedure.

> **EL-193** 1347

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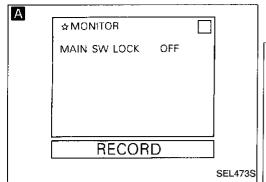
CL

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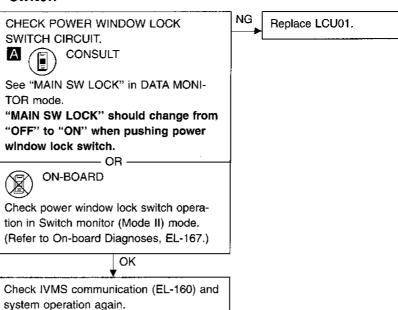
AT

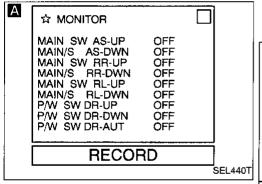
EL-18	
	FA
'rocedure 4 Power window regulator)	r)A
ure 4 · window	BR
Procedure 4 (Power windo	ST
X	RS
x	BT
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POWER WINDOW — IVMS

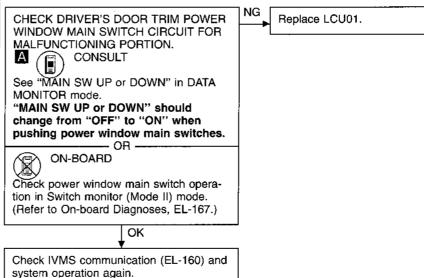


Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 — Power window lock switch

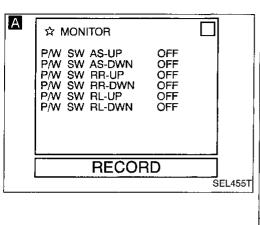




DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 — Power window main switch (Driver side, Passenger side, Rear LH, RH)



POWER WINDOW — IVMS



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Diagnostic Procedure 3 — Power window subswitch (Passenger side, Rear LH, RH)

CHECK POWER WINDOW SUB-SWITCH CIRCUIT FOR MALFUNCTIONING PORTION.

CONSULT

See "P/W SW UP or DOWN" in DATA MONITOR mode.

"P/W SW UP or DOWN" should change from "OFF" to "ON" when each subswitch is turned ON.

OR

ON-BOARD

Check power window sub-switch operation

Check IVMS communication (EL-160) and system operation again.

OK

in Switch monitor (Mode II) mode. (Refer to On-board Diagnoses, EL-167.) Replace LCU for malfunctioning portion.

- Front RH: LCU02
- Rear LH: LCU04
- Rear RH: LCU03

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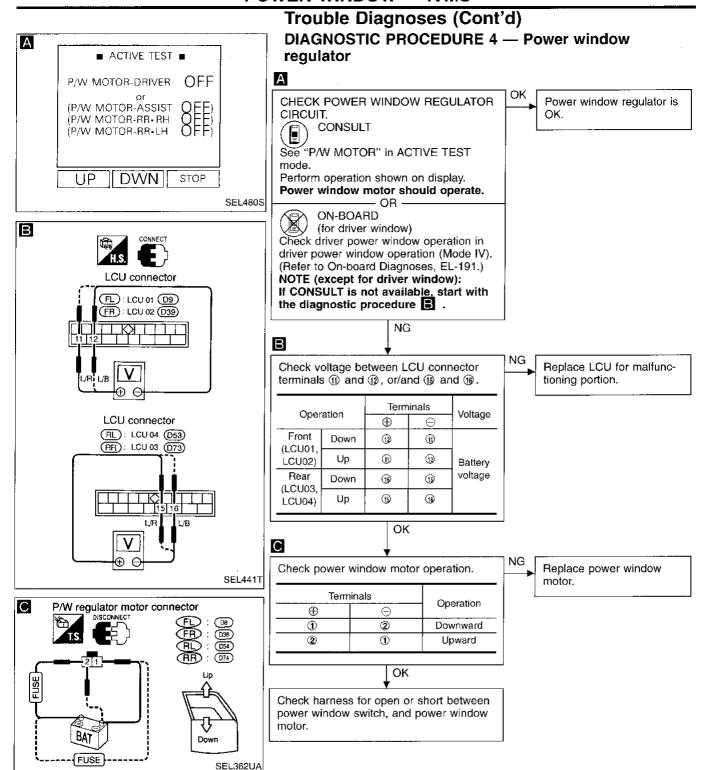
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EL-195



System Description

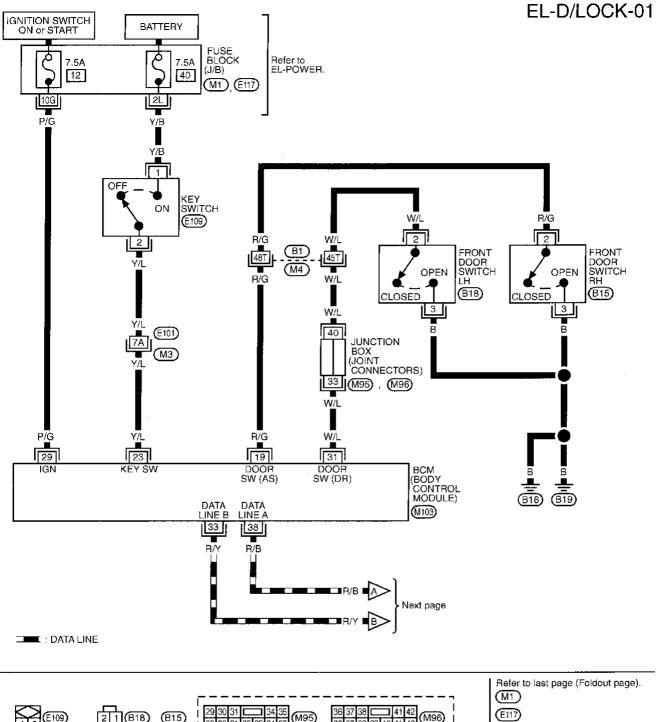
POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

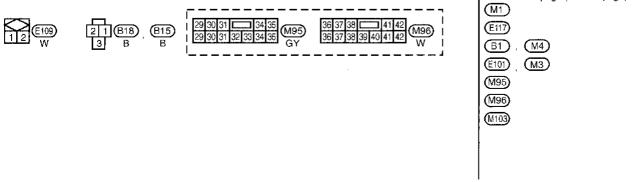
OWEN CONTENTAND CITCOND	
Power is supplied at all times through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to key switch terminal ①.	Œ[
Power is supplied to BCM terminal ② through key switch terminal ② when key switch is in ON position (ignition key is inserted in the key cylinder). With the ignition switch in ON or START position, power is also supplied	MA
 through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to BCM terminal 29. BCM terminal 39 is connected to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ①, passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminal ①, rear LH door control unit (LCU03) 	en
terminal ① by DATA LINE A. Also, BCM terminal ③ is connected to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ②, passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminal ②, rear LH door control unit (LCU04) terminal ② and rear RH door control unit (LCU03) terminal ② by DATA LINE B.	LG
Ground is supplied to BCM terminal ③ or ⑩	EC
 from front LH or RH door switch terminal ② through front LH or RH door switch terminal ③ when door switch is in OPEN position and through body grounds (BIS) and (BIS). 	iale.
Ground is supplied to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminals ⑥, ⑤ or ④ from front LH door key cylinder switch terminals ① or ②, or door unlock sensor (in the front LH door lock	GL.
actuator) terminal ② when door key cylinder is in BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N position through front LH door key cylinder switch terminal ④ or front LH door lock actuator terminal ④ and through body grounds 3 and 3 and 4 and	MT
Ground is supplied ■ to rear LH door control unit (LCU04) or RH (LCU03) terminal ④	AT
 from door unlock sensor (in the rear LH or RH door lock actuator) terminal ② when door lock is in UNLOCKED position through rear LH or RH door lock actuator terminal ④ and 	FA
● through body grounds ௌ and ௌ. Ground is supplied ● to passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminals ⑥ , ⑤ or ④	RA
from front RH door key cylinder switch terminals ① or ②, or door unlock sensor (in the front RH door lock actuator) terminal ② when door key cylinder is in BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N position through front RH door key cylinder switch terminal ④ or front RH door lock actuator terminal ④ and	BR
through body grounds (M13) and (M73).	ST
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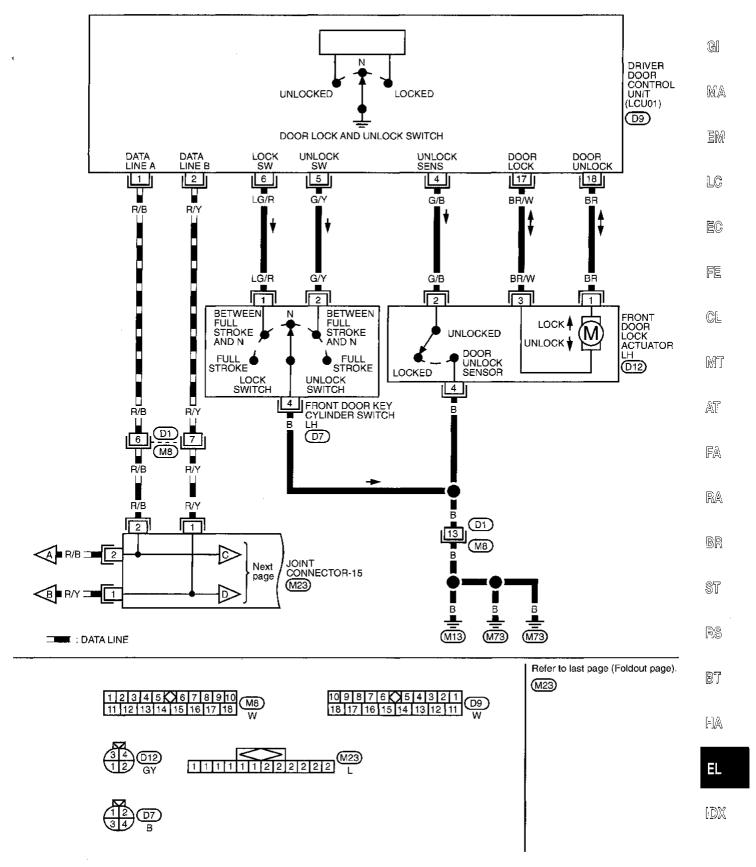
Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK —





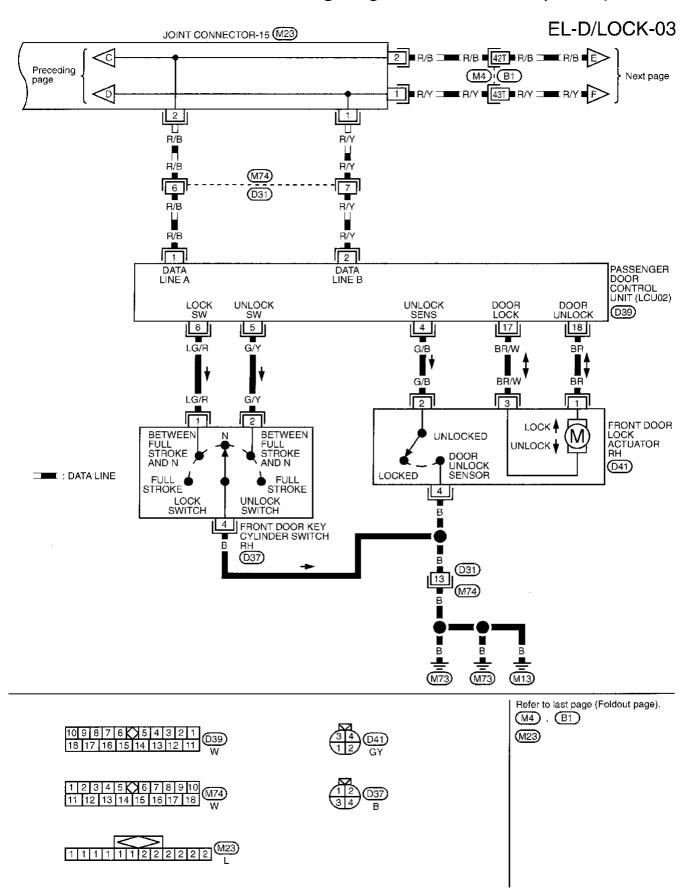
Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-02



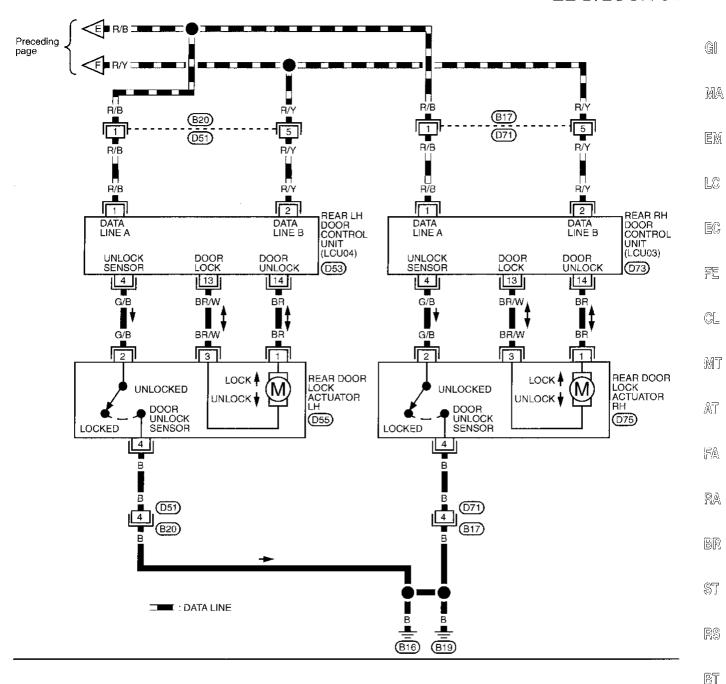
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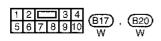
Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

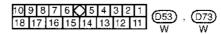


Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-04







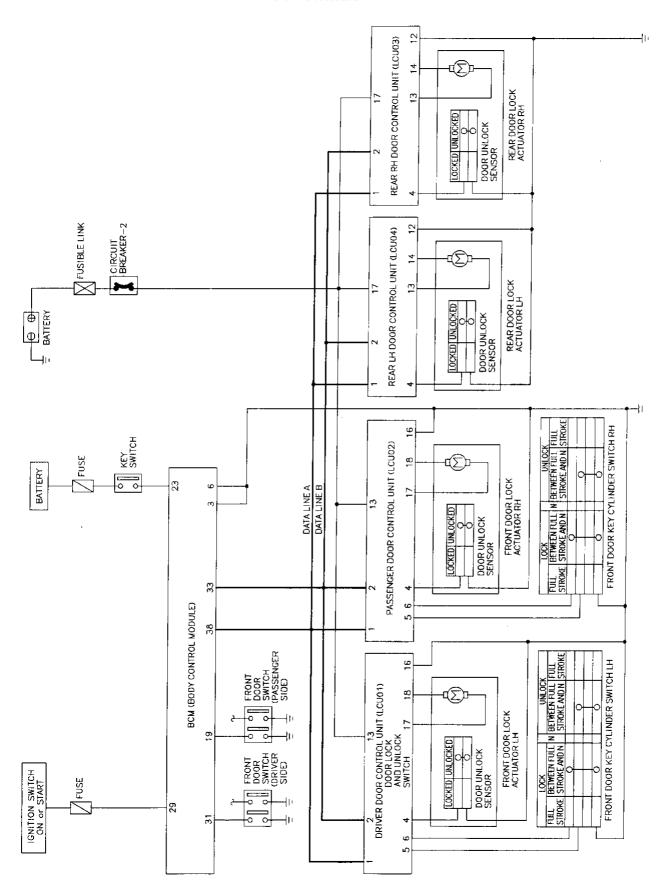


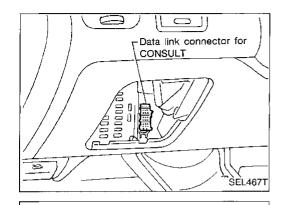
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Schematic





CONSULT

START

SUB MODE

SELECT SYSTEM

ENGINE

AIRBAG

A/T

LAN

SEF392

NISSAN

CONSULT

CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Connect "CONSULT" to Data link connector.

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Turn ignition switch "ON".

4. Touch "START".

5. Touch "LAN".

LC

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 Perform each diagnostic item according to the function chart as follows:
 For further information, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

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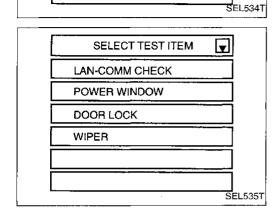
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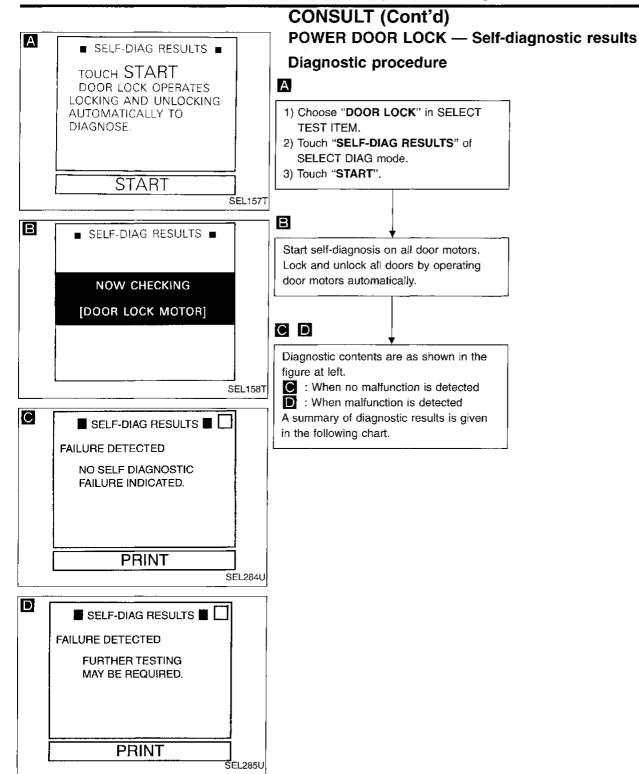
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EL-203

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

Power door lock result list

Diagnostic item	Explanation	Repair order			
*NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED/FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.**	Normal The door lock system is in good order.		- G.:		
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-DR	The circuit for the driver side door lock motor is malfunctioning.	Visually check the wiring harness con-	- IMZ		
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-AS	The circuit for the passenger side door lock motor is malfunctioning.	nections. 2. Diagnose the door lock motor circuit	[FFD :		
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-RR/RH	The circuit for the rear RH side door lock motor is malfunctioning.	referring to the DIAGNOSTIC PROCE- DURES of "POWER DOOR LOCK —	EN		
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-RR/LH	The circuit for the rear LH side door lock motor is malfunctioning.	IVMS" (EL-208).			

EL-205 1359

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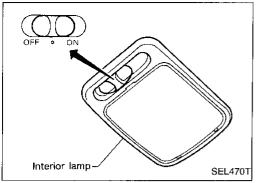
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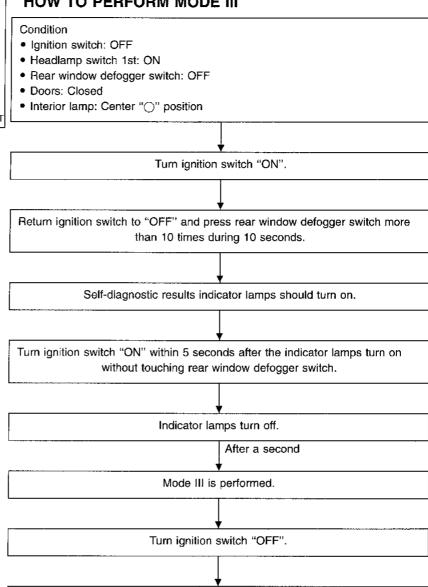
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On-board Diagnosis — Mode III (Power door lock operation)

HOW TO PERFORM MODE III



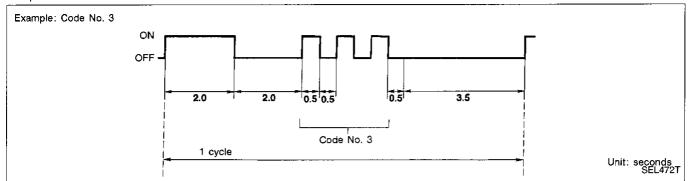
^{*:} Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 minutes if left unattended.

DIAGNOSIS END* (Be sure to turn off the lighting switch.)

On-board Diagnosis — Mode III (Power door lock operation) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In this mode, a malfunction code is indicated by the number of flashes from the interior lamp and front step lamps as shown below:



After indicator lamp turns ON for 2 seconds and then turns OFF, it flashes to indicate a malfunction code. For example, the indicator lamp goes on and off for 0.5 seconds three times. This indicates malfunction code

The self-diagnostic results will remain in the BCM memory.

Malfunction code table

Code No.	Detected items	Repair order	_ C
1	Front LH door lock motor circuit	Visually check the wiring harness connections.	_
2	Front RH door lock motor circuit	Visitally check the willing harness confidences. Diagnose the door lock motor circuit referring to the	M
3	Rear RH door lock motor circuit	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES of "POWER DOOR	
4	Rear LH door lock motor circuit	LOCK — IVMS" (EL-208).	A ^r
9	No malfunction in the above circuit	-	_ ″-

EL-207 1361

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Trouble Diagnoses

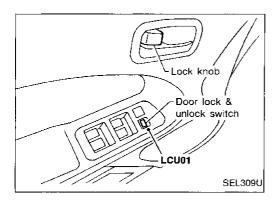
OPERATIVE CONDITION

- The lock & unlock switch (SW) on driver's door trim can lock and unlock all doors.
- With the lock knob on front LH or RH door set to "LOCK", all doors are locked. With the door key inserted in the key cylinder on front LH or RH door, turning it to "LOCK", will lock all doors; turning it to "UNLOCK" once unlocks the corresponding door; turning it to "UNLOCK" again within 5 seconds after the first unlock operation unlocks all of the other doors.

However, if the ignition key is in the steering key cylinder and one or more of the front doors are open, setting the lock & unlock switch, lock knob, or the door key to "LOCK" locks the doors once but then immediately unlocks them. — (KEY REMINDER DOOR SYSTEM)

If any of the following symptoms occur, key reminder door system is malfunctioning.

- With ignition key removed from the steering key cylinder and all doors closed, operating the lock & unlock switch or lock knob on the front LH or RH door trim unlocks all doors the instant they are locked.
- With ignition key inserted into the steering key cylinder and front LH or RH door opened, operating the lock & unlock switch or lock knob on the front LH or RH door trim to "Lock" does not unlock all doors.



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE		ommuni- liagnosis	and gro	Power supply and ground cir- cuit check		Self-diagnosis		Diagnostic procedure				•	
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-165	EL-165	EL-183	EL-184	EL-204	EL-206	EL-210	EL-211	EL-211	EL-212	EL-213	EL-214	G[· MA
SYMPTOM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode III)	Procedure 1 (Door switch)	Procedure 2 (IGN key switch)	Procedure 3 (Lock & unlock switch)	Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch)	Procedure 5 (Door unlock sensor)	Procedure 6 (Door lock actuator)	LC EM
Key reminder door system does not oper- ate properly.	X	х	х	x	×	х	x	×			×	×	FS
One or more doors are not locked and/or unlocked	х	х	Х	х	х	х					X	×	CL MT
Lock & unlock switch does not operate.	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х				AT
None of the doors lock/ unlock when operating door key cylinder switch.	х	х	х	Х	х	х				х			FA RA
None of the doors lock when operating front door knob lock switch.	х	х .	Х	Х	Х	х					x		-

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with power door lock diagnostic procedure.

The following ABBREVIATIONS are used in this Trouble Diagnoses.

FL: Front LH

FR: Front RH

RL: Rear LH

RB: Rear RH

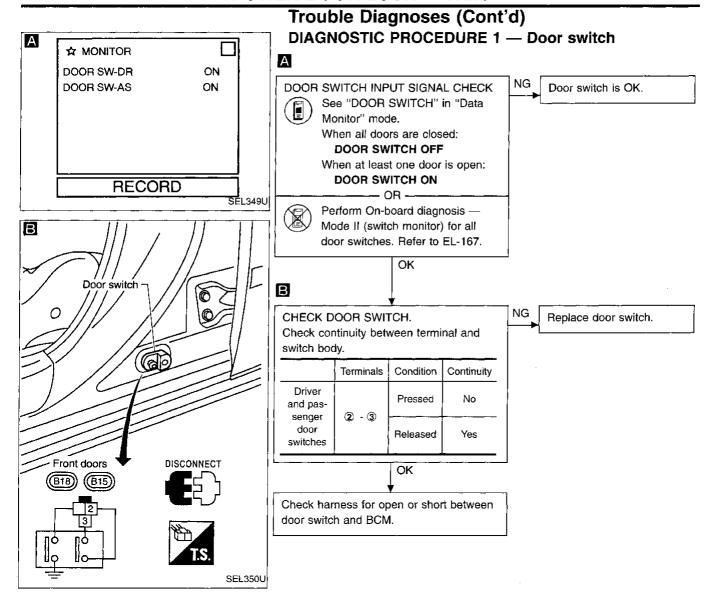
BT

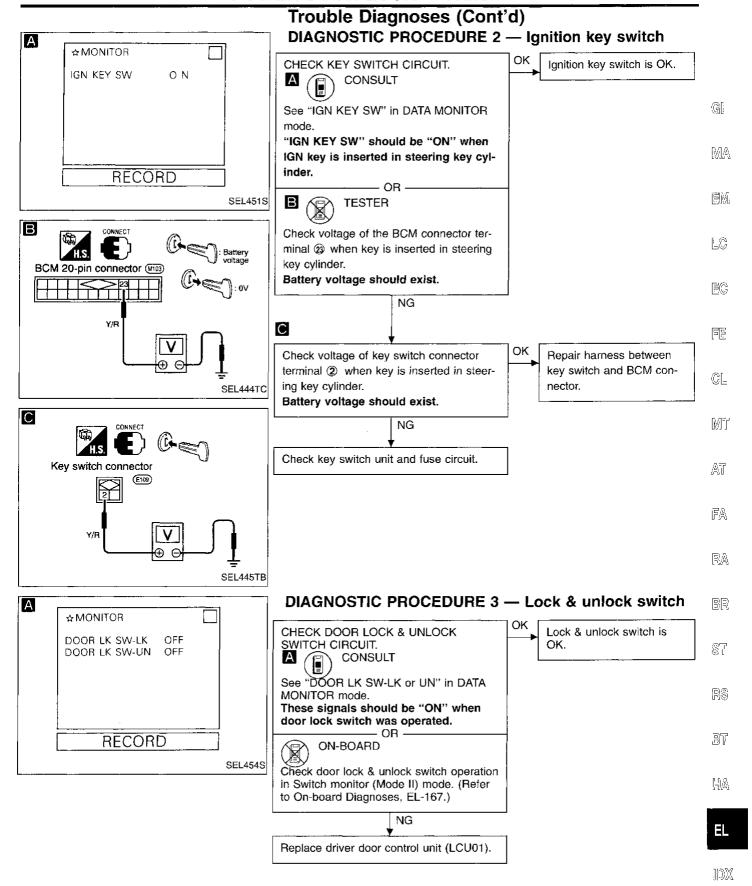
HA

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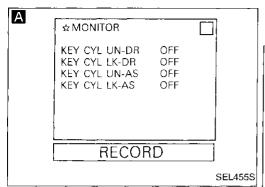
EL-209

1363

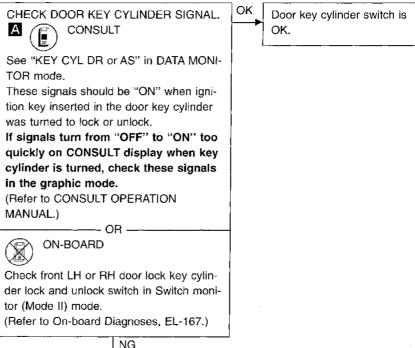


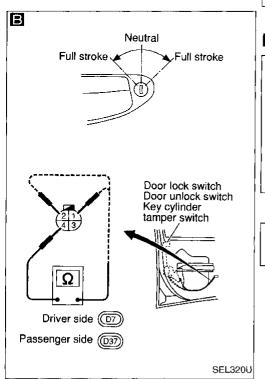


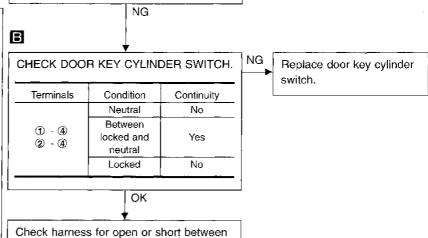
EL-211 1365



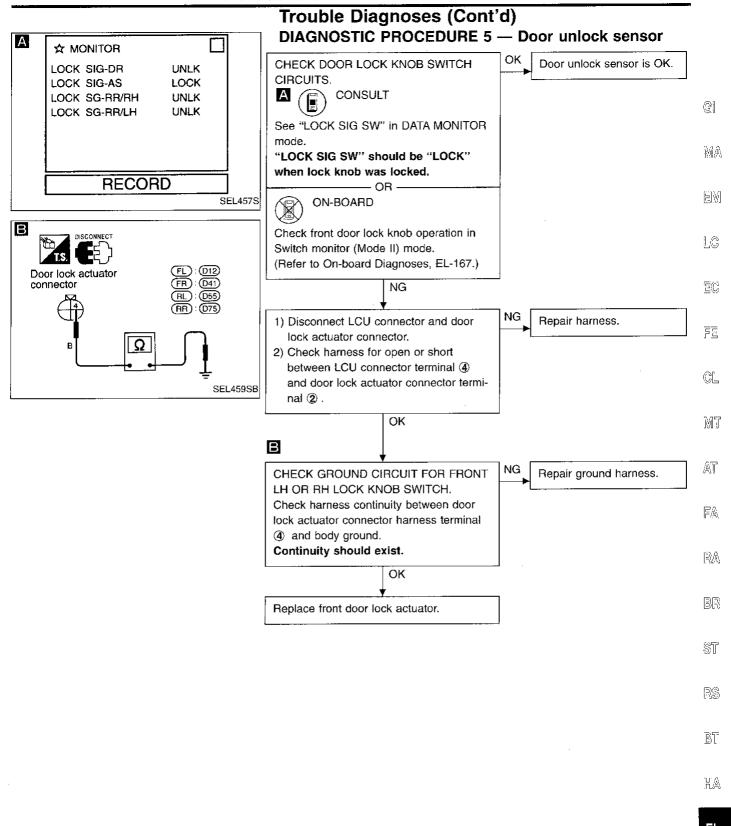
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 — Door key cylinder switch





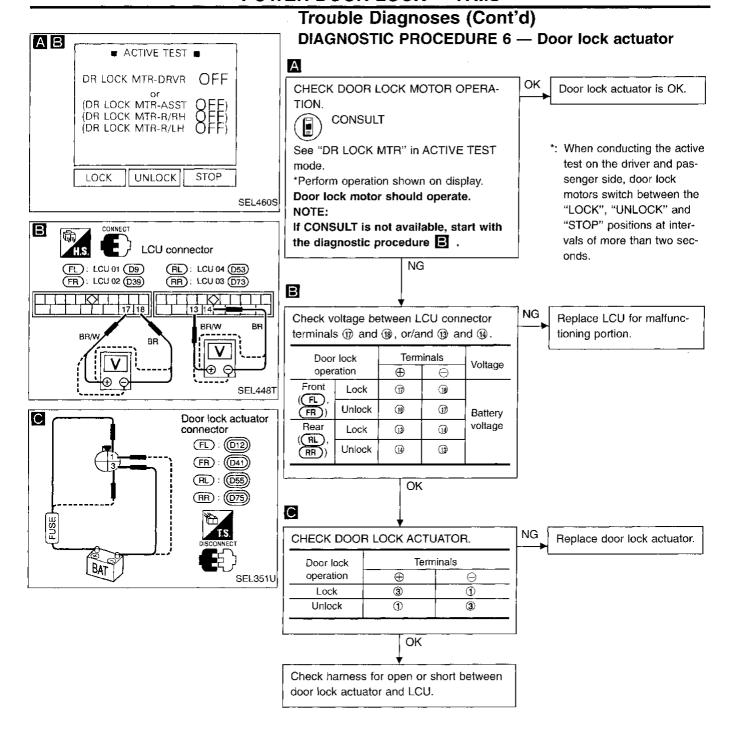


door key cylinder switch and LCU01/02.



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System Description

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

Power is supplied at all times	
• through 10A fuse [No. [II], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	ĜI
• to multi-remote control relay-1 terminals ①, ③ and ⑥.	(S)II
Terminals ② of multi-remote control relay-1 is connected to BCM terminal ①.	
Power is supplied at all times	MA
• through 7.5A fuse (No. 65, located in the fuse and fusible link box)	
• to theft warning lamp relay terminal ①.	
Theft warning lamp relay terminal ② is connected to BCM terminal ③.	EM
Power is supplied at all times	
• through 15A fuse [No. 37], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	
• to trunk lid opener actuator terminal ②.	LC.
Trunk lid opener actuator terminal ① is connected to multi-remote control unit terminal ⑤	
BCM is connected to Multi-remote control unit, driver door control unit, passenger door control unit, rear LH	
door control unit and rear RH door control unit as DATA LINES A and B.	EC
Power is supplied at all times	
• through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	
 to key switch terminal ①. When the key switch is in ON position (ignition key is inserted in key swinder), newer is supplied. 	
When the key switch is in ON position (ignition key is inserted in key cylinder), power is supplied	
 through key switch terminal ② to BCM terminal ② 	(5)U
When any of the four door switches is in OPEN position, ground is supplied	GL
• to BCM terminal ②	
through door switches body grounds.	MT
When the driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is supplied	HVU I
• to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ④	
 through driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal ② , 	AT
• to driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal ④	<i>t-</i> 70
• through body grounds (M13) and (M73).	
When the passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is sup-	EA
plied	6.00
to passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminal 4	
 through passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal ②, 	RA
to passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal 4	
• through body grounds (M13) and (M73).	
When the rear door lock actuator LH and/or RH (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is	BR
supplied	
• to rear LH and/or RH door control unit terminal 4	
 through rear door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal ② and/or 	ST
 through rear door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal ② 	
 to rear door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal @ and/or 	EV@
 to rear door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal 	RS
 through body grounds (B16) and (B19). 	
Remote controller signal input	6/57
• through window antenna	87
• to multi-remote control unit (LCU05) terminal ⑦.	
	K.A

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MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS

System Description (Cont'd)

The multi-remote control system controls operation of the

- power window
- power door lock
- trunk lid opener
- panic alarm
- hazard reminder

OPERATING PROCEDURE

Multi-remote control unit can receive signals from remote controller when key switch is in OFF position (key not in cylinder). And it sends the signals to BCM and LCUs as DATA LINES A and B.

Power door lock operation

Multi-remote control unit is connected to BCM, driver door control unit, passenger door control unit and rear LH/RH door control units as DATA LINES A and B.

- Key switch OFF signal (ignition key is not in key cylinder)
- Door switch CLOSE signal (all doors closed)

The two above signals are already input into BCM. At this point, multi-remote control unit receives a LOCK signal from remote controller. Multi-remote control unit will then send a LOCK signal

- from its terminals ① and ③ (DATA LINES A and B)
- to each door control unit terminal (1) and (2)

When multi-remote control unit (LCU05) receives a LOCK signal, ground is supplied

- to multi-remote control relay-1 terminal 2
- through BCM terminal (1).

Multi-remote control relay is now energized and door lock actuators lock all doors. (Hazard warning lamps flash twice as a reminder — HAZARD REMINDER.)

When an UNLOCK signal is sent from remote controller, door lock actuators unlock all doors.

For detailed description, refer to "POWER DOOR LOCK — IVMS" (EL-197).

Trunk lid opener operation

Ground is supplied

- to trunk lid opener actuator terminal (1)
- through multi-remote control unit terminal (5).

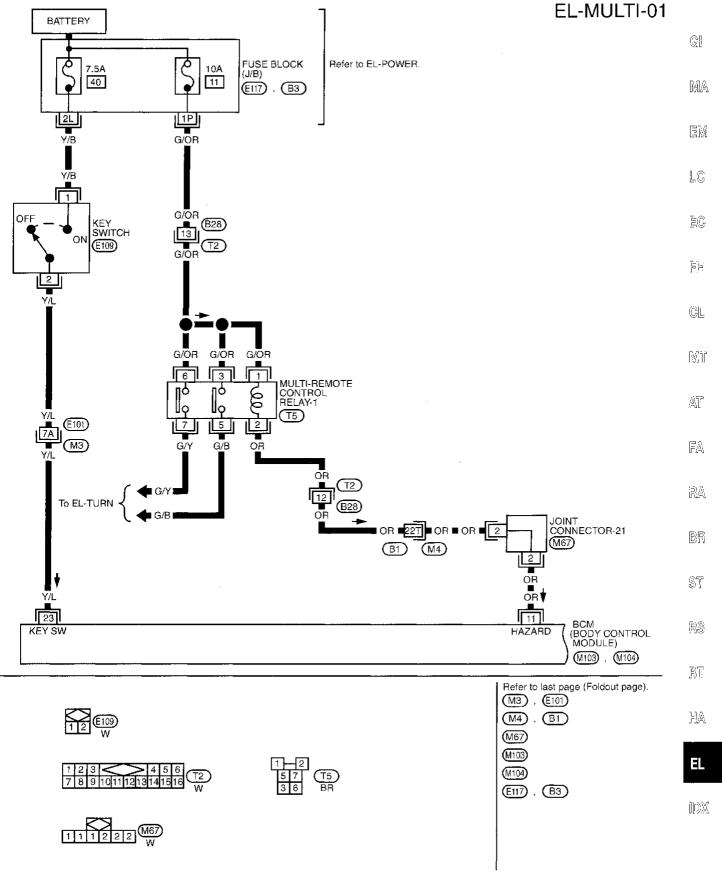
When power and ground are supplied, trunk lid opener actuator opens trunk lid.

Panic alarm operation

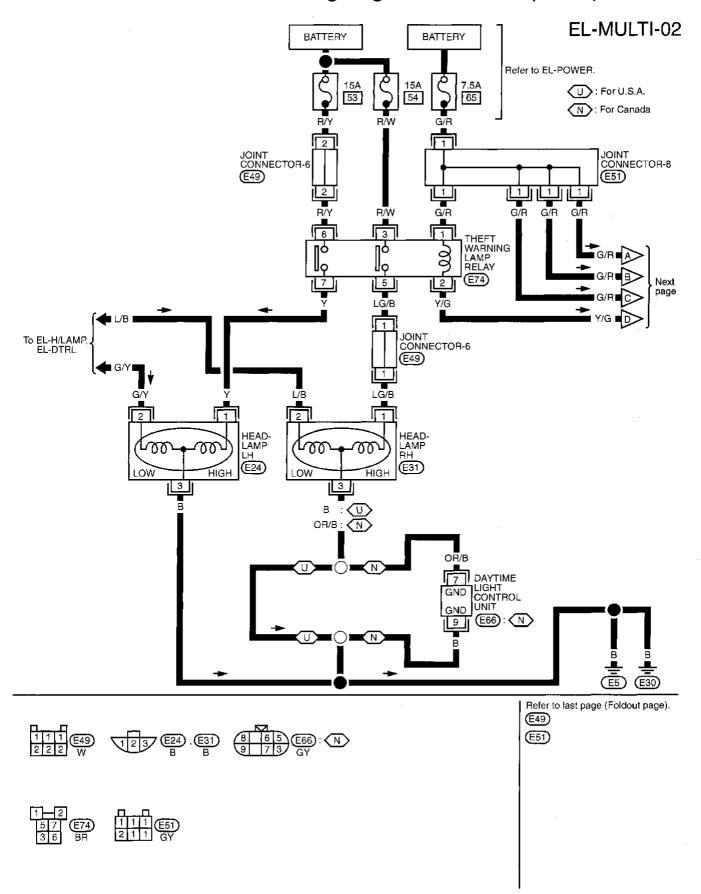
Multi-remote control system activates horn and headlamps intermittently when an alarm signal is sent from remote controller to multi-remote control system.

For detailed description, refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS" (EL-245).

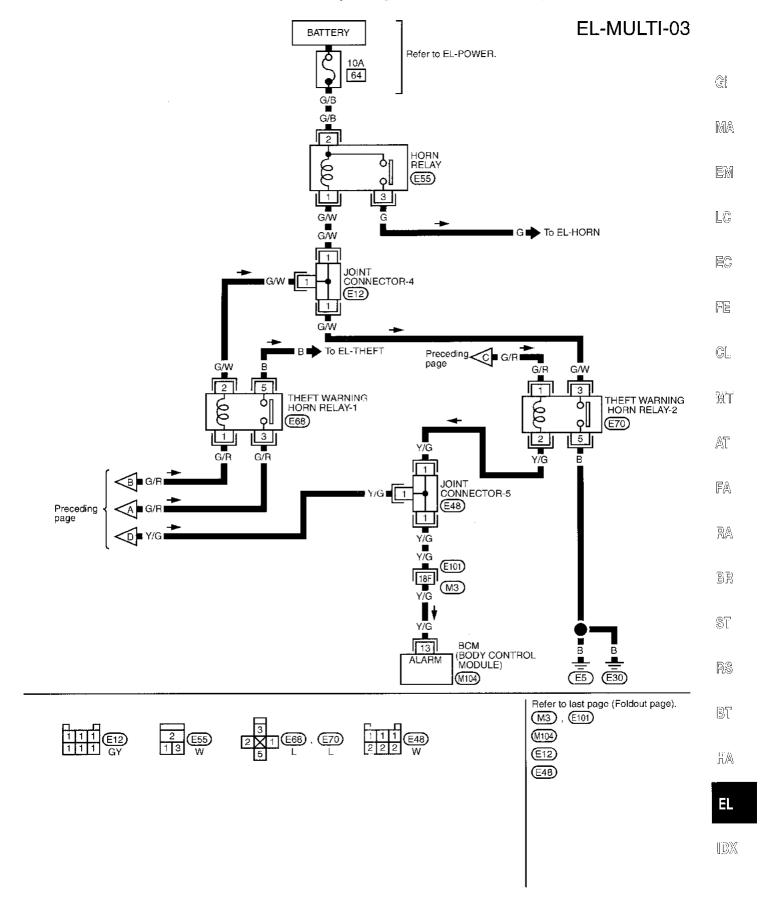
Wiring Diagram --- MULTI ---



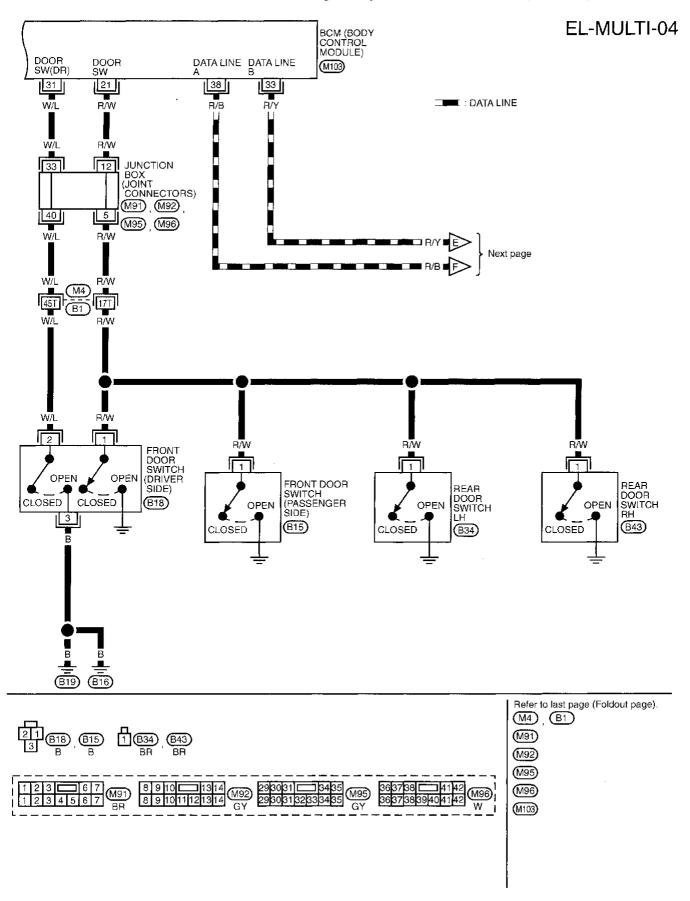
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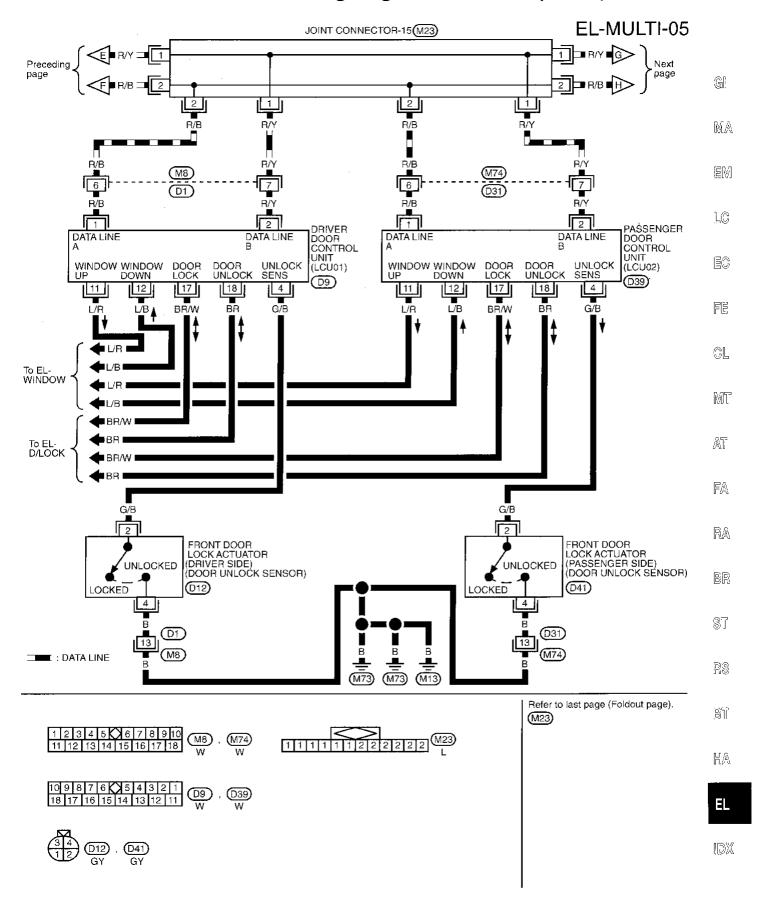


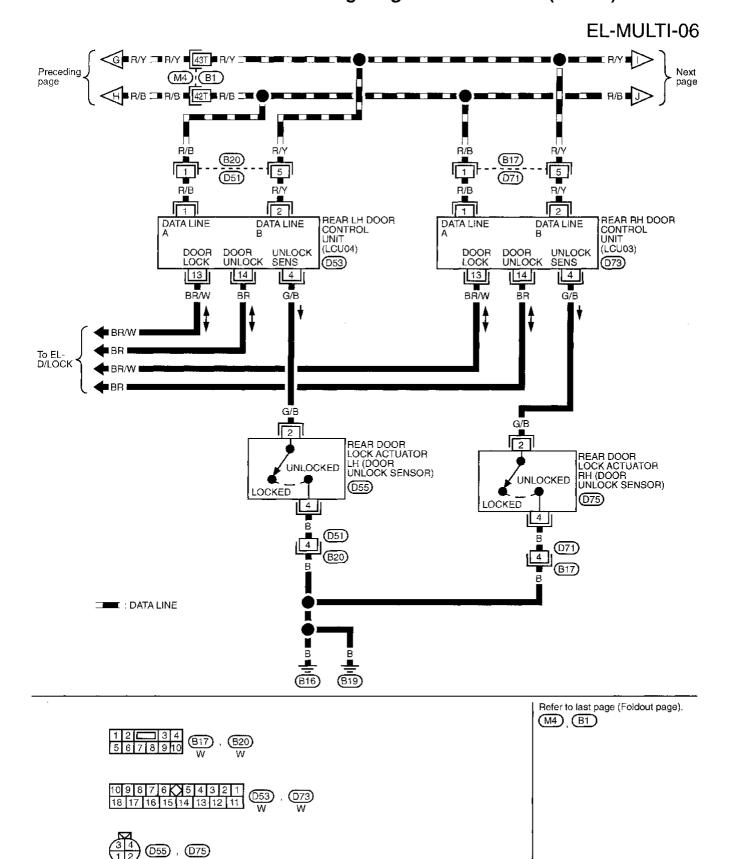
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)

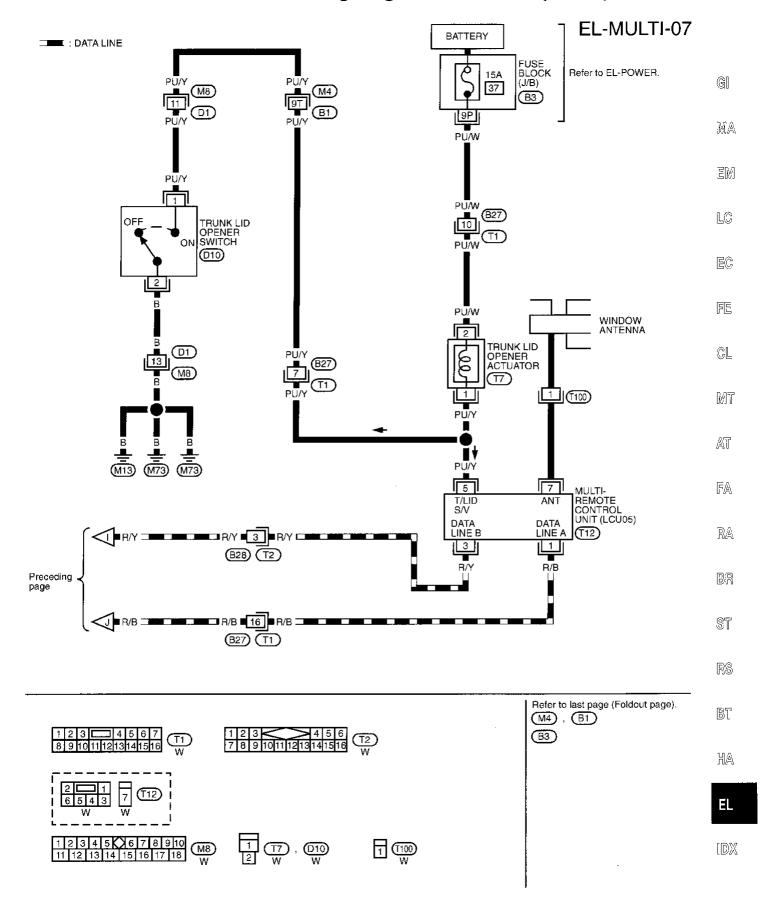


MEL774E

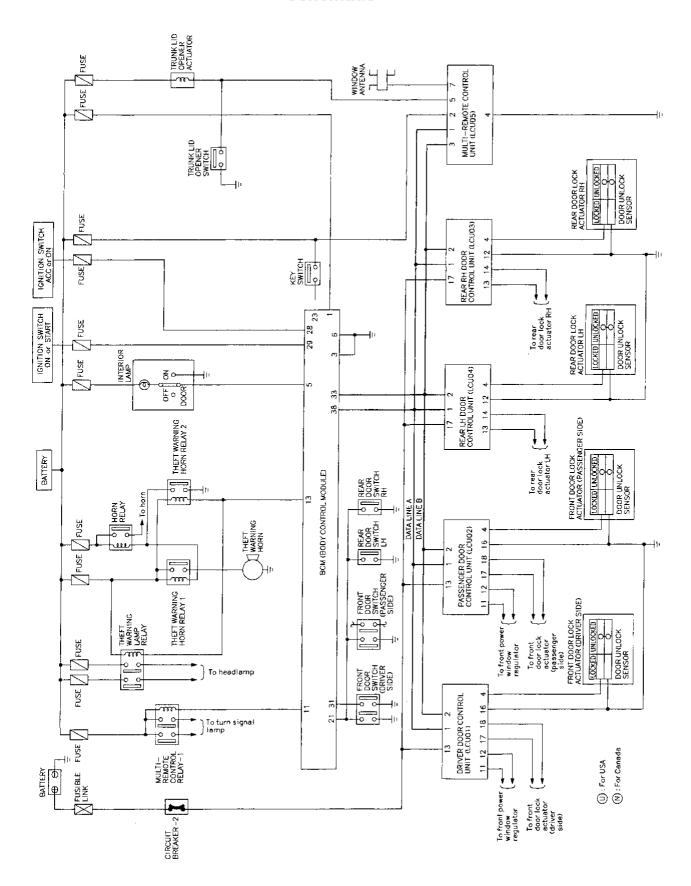








Schematic



Trouble Diagnoses

SYMPTOM CHART

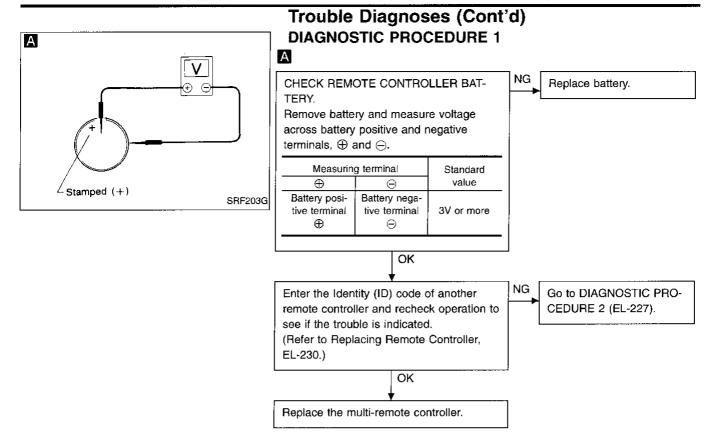
PROCEDURE	IVMS communi- cation diagnosis		Power supply and ground cir- cuit check		Diagnostic procedure									
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-160	EL-165	EL-183	EL-184	EL-226	EL-227	EL-228	EL-228	EL-229	EL-208	EL-256	EL-193	- M	
SYMPTOM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic procedure 1	Diagnostic procedure 2	Diagnostic procedure 3	Diagnostic procedure 4	Diagnostic procedure 5	Check "POWER DOOR LOCK" system.	Check "THEFT WARNING" system.	Check "POWER WINDOW" system.	- L1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	
All functions of remote control system do not function.	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х							M	
Door lock or unlock does not function.	х	х	Х	х						х			- A1	
Panic alarm does not activate when panic alarm button is continuously pressed for more than 1.5 seconds.	х	Х	x	х							x		- F/	
Front power windows do not lower when door lock button is continuously pressed for more than 1.5 seconds.	х	x	×	х								×	- B] S.	
Trunk lid does not open when trunk open button is continuously pressed more than 0.5 seconds.	Х	х	x	x			х	х					- R(B [†]	
Hazard reminder does not activate.	-								х				- H/	

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with multi-remote control system diagnostic procedure.

Note: The multi-remote control system does not activate with the ignition key inserted in the ignition key cylinder.

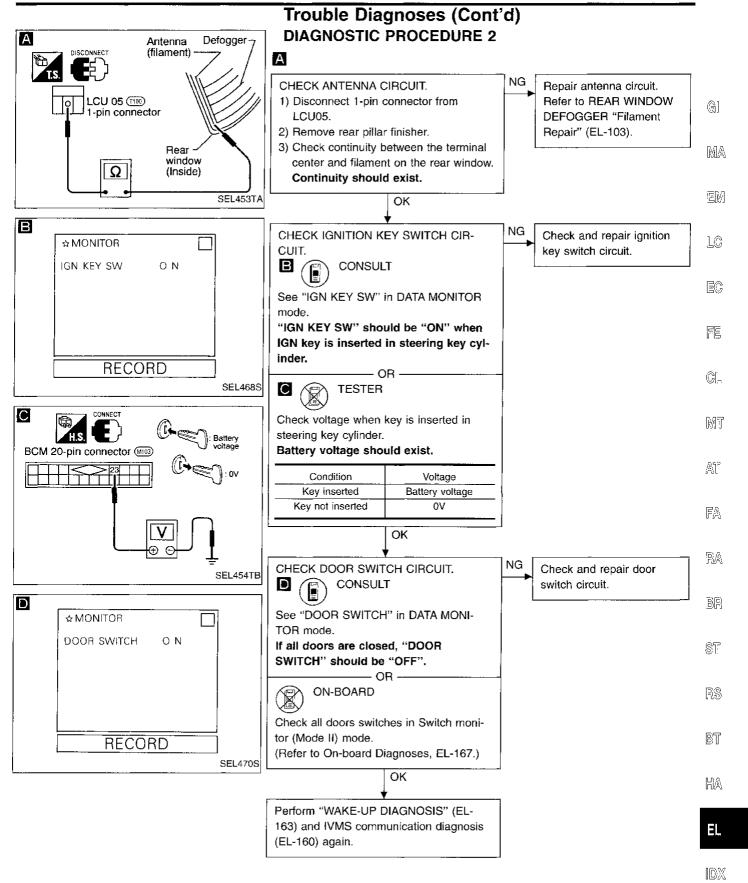
ΞL

EL-225

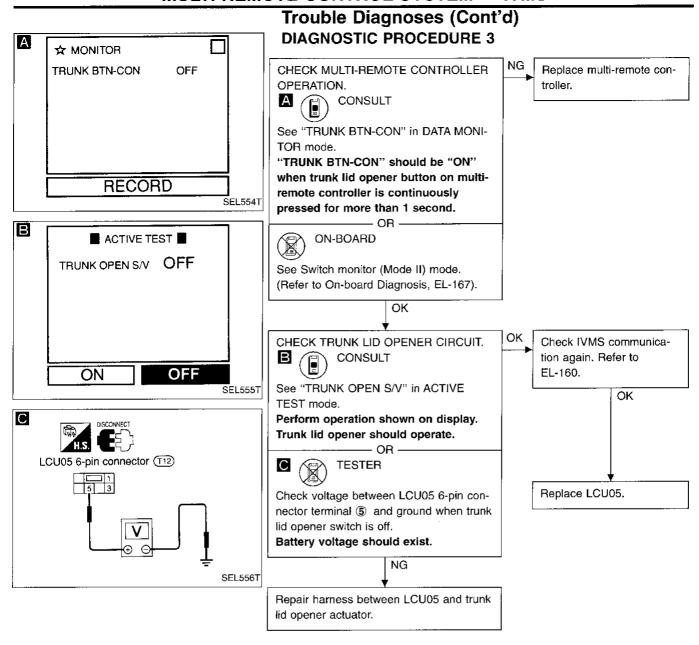


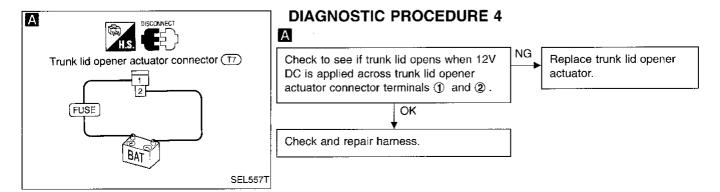
Note:

Remote controller does not function if battery is not set correctly.

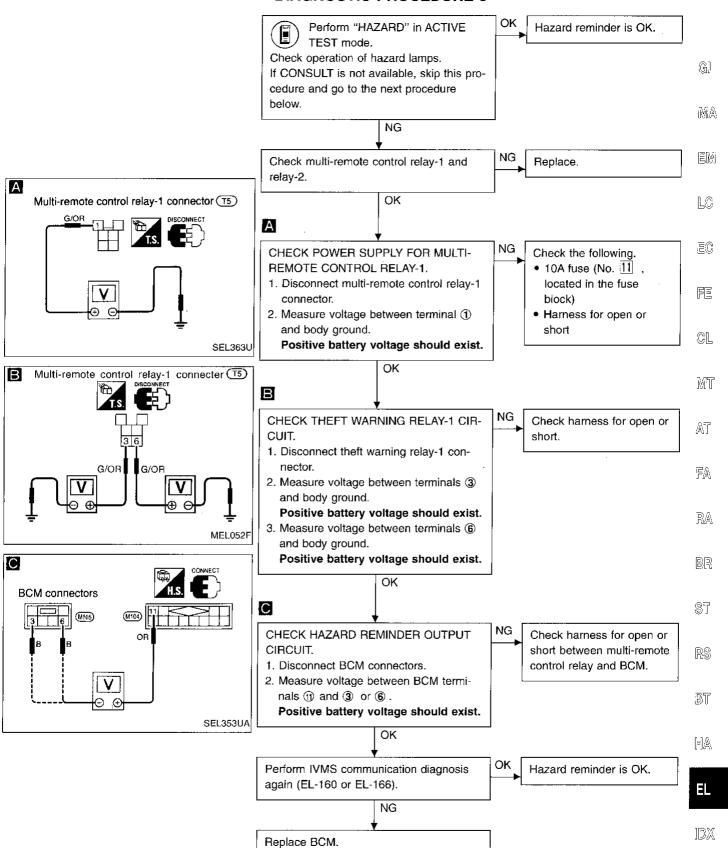


EL-227





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5



EL-229

Replacing Remote Controller or Multi-Remote Control Unit (LCU05)

Enter the identity (ID) code manually when:

- remote controller or multi-remote control unit LCU05 is replaced.
- an additional remote controller is activated.

ID Code Entry Procedure

To enter the ID code, follow this procedure.

"Setting mode":

- (1) Close and lock all doors.
- (2) Insert and remove the key from the ignition more than six times within 10 seconds. (The hazard warning lamp will then flash twice.)
- At this time, the original ID codes are eliminated.

ID code entry:

- (3) Turn ignition key to "ACC" position.
- (4) Push lock button on the new remote controller once (for example, if door is locked using the remote controller during this ID code entry enable state, a new ID code can be entered).
- At this time, the new ID code is entered. (The hazard warning lamp will then flash twice.)

Additional ID code entry

- (5) If you need to activate additional remote controllers, unlock the driver's door, then lock again with door lock knob.
- (6) Push lock button on the additional new remote controller once.
- (7) This ID code entry enable state and setting mode remain until the driver's door is opened.

NOTE

- If you need to activate more than two additional new remote controllers, repeat the procedure "Additional ID code entry" for each new remote controller.
- If the same ID code that exists in the memory is input, the hazard warning lamps will flash twice but the entry will be ignored.
- Entry of maximum four ID codes is allowed and any attempt to enter more will be ignored.
- Any ID codes entered after termination of the "setting mode" will not be accepted. Additionally remote control signals will be inhibited when an ID code has not been entered during the "setting" mode.

System Description

FUNCTION

The IVMS has the following time control functions.

ltem	Details of control						
Intermittent wiper control	Regulates intermittent time approximately from 2 to 21 seconds depending on the intermittent wiping time setting.						
Washer and wiper combination control	Operates wiper when washer switch is turned "ON" for at least 0.3 seconds.						
Light warning buzzer timer	Sounds warning buzzer when driver's door is opened with light switch in the 1st or 2nd position and ignition switch "OFF".						
Ignition key warning buzzer timer	Sounds warning buzzer when driver's door is opened with key in ignition.						
Seat belt warning buzzer timer	Sounds warning buzzer for about 6 seconds if ignition switch is turned "ON" when driver's seat belt is unfastened.						
Rear window defogger timer	Turn off rear window defogger and door mirror heater, if equipped, about 15 minutes after the rear window defogger switch is turned "ON".						
Battery saver	Shuts off interior lamp, step lamps and ignition keyhole illumination in 30 minutes if any door is left open when ignition switch is "OFF". The battery saver will reset if ignition switch is cycled or any door is opened or closed.						

INTERMITTENT WIPER CONTROL Intermittent operation

Intermittent operation can be set variable by turning the intermittent wiper volume knob. The wiper motor then operates the wiper at low speed at a set interval of about 1 to 20 seconds. This function is controlled by the BCM.

Ground is supplied from body grounds (E5) and (E30) to front wiper switch terminals (7) and (20). When the wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied

• to BCM terminal 23

from wiper switch terminal (15)

The desired interval time is input

- to BCM terminal (17)
- from wiper switch terminal (19).

For further information, refer to "WIPER AND WASHER" (EL-91).

Washer and wiper combination operation

Operates wiper when washer switch is turned "ON" for at least 0.3 seconds.

Power is supplied at ignition switch ACC or ON

- through 20A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to wiper relay terminal (1).

Ground is supplied from body grounds (£5) and (£30).

When wiper switch is placed in the WASH position, ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal 29
- from wiper switch terminal (18).

Then ground is supplied from BCM terminal 1 to wiper relay terminal 2 to operate wiper.

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER TIMER

The rear window defogger and door mirror defogger system are controlled by the BCM. With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- to the rear window defogger relay terminal (1).
- to the door mirror defogger relay terminal (1) and
- to BCM terminal 29

through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)].

Ground is supplied to terminal ② of the rear window defogger switch through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

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System Description (Cont'd)

When the rear window defogger switch is ON, ground is supplied

- through terminal ① of the rear window defogger switch
- to BCM terminal 22.

Terminal (3) of the BCM then supplies ground to the rear window defogger relay terminal (2) and the door mirror defogger relay terminal (2).

With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay and the door mirror defogger relay are energized to operate rear window defogger and door mirror defogger for about 15 minutes.

For further information, refer to "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER" (EL-100).

IGNITION KEY WARNING BUZZER TIMER

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to warning buzzer terminal ①, and
- key switch terminal ①.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 29.

Ground is supplied to BCM terminal ③ through front driver side door switch LH terminals ② and ③ when switch is in OPEN position from body grounds ®10 and ®10.

With the key in the ignition switch in the ACC or OFF position, and the driver's door OPEN, the warning buzzer will sound.

LIGHT WARNING BUZZER TIMER

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 66), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal 11.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to warning buzzer terminal ①.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 29.

Ground is supplied to BCM terminal ③ through front driver side door switch LH terminals ② and ③ when switch is in OPEN position from body grounds ®16 and ®19.

With the ignition switch in the ACC or OFF position, the driver's door OPEN, and the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, the warning buzzer will sound.

SEAT BELT WARNING BUZZER TIMER

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to warning buzzer terminal ①.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 29.

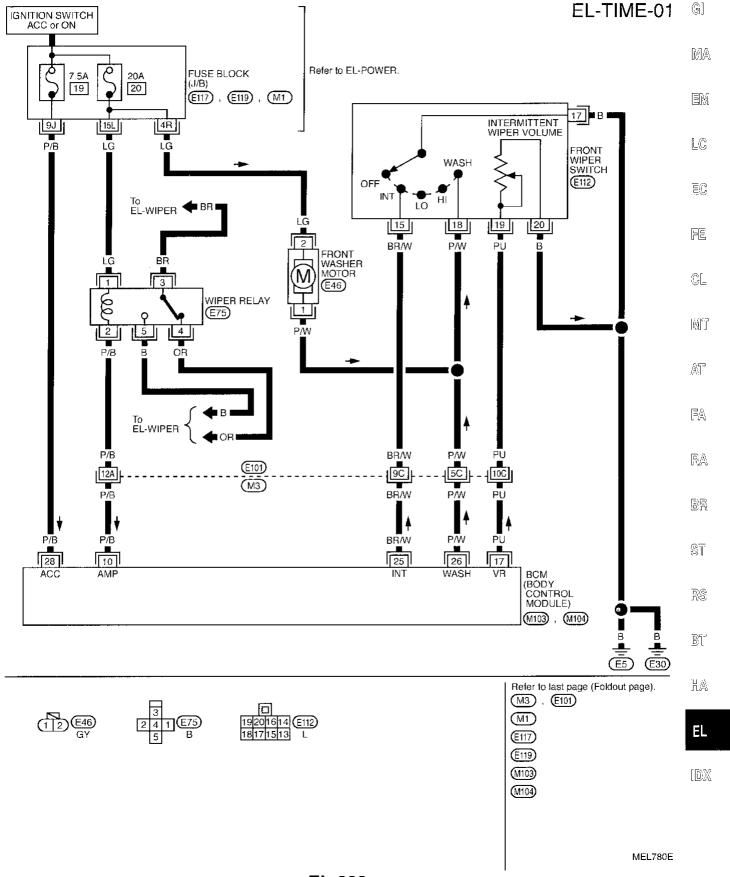
Ground is supplied to BCM terminal ① through seat belt buckle switch terminals ① and ③, when seat belt buckle switch is in UNFASTENED position, and body grounds (B19) and (B19).

This warning buzzer sounds for about 6 seconds

when ignition switch is turned from OFF to ON and seat belt is unfastened (seat belt buckle switch ON).

Wiring Diagram — TIME —

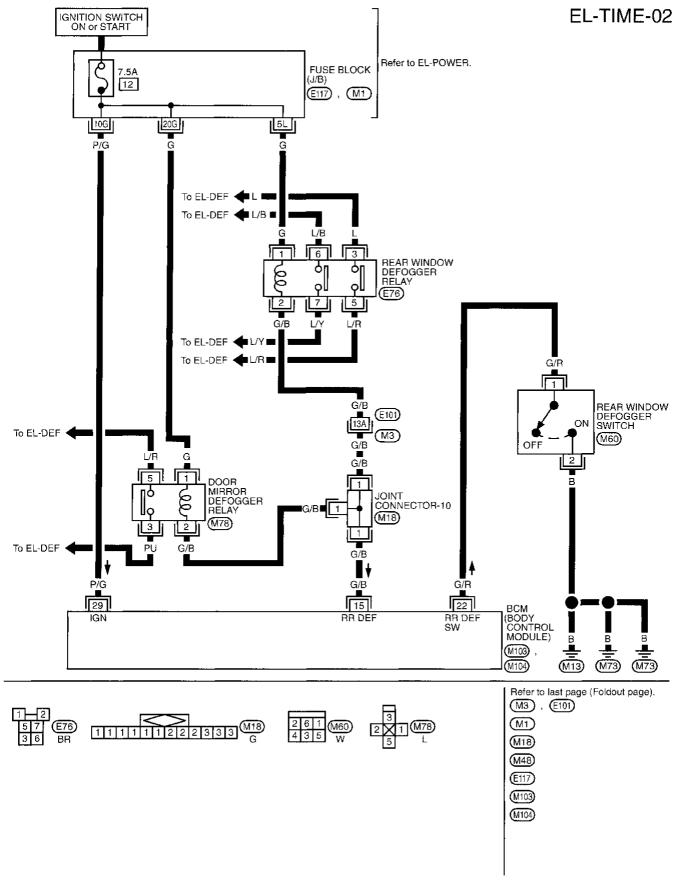
INTERMITTENT WIPER CONTROL



EL-233

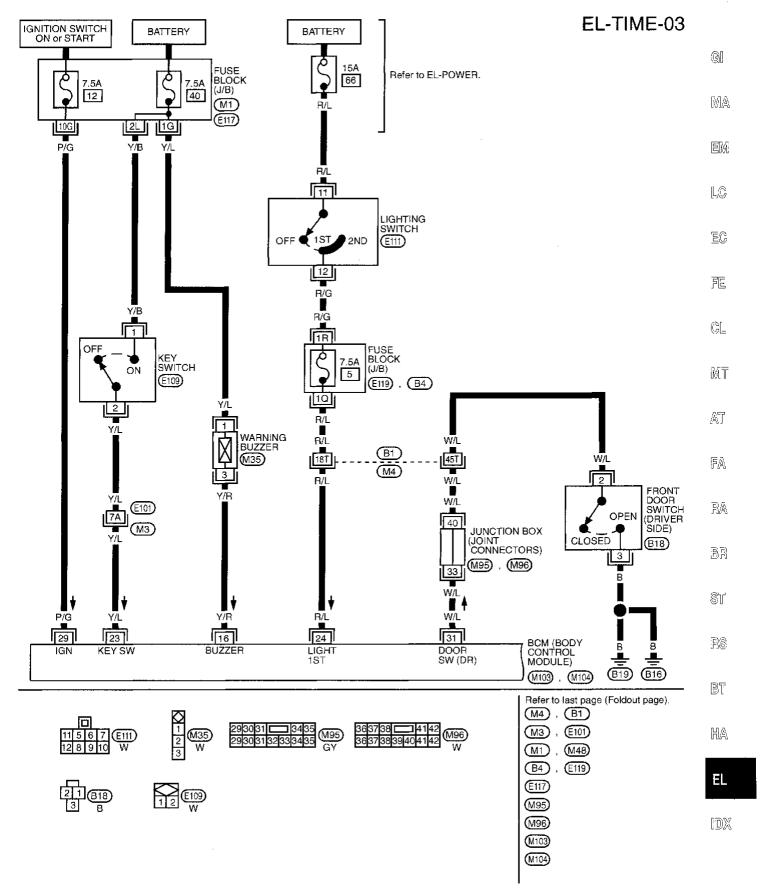
Wiring Diagram — TIME — (Cont'd)

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER TIMER CONTROL



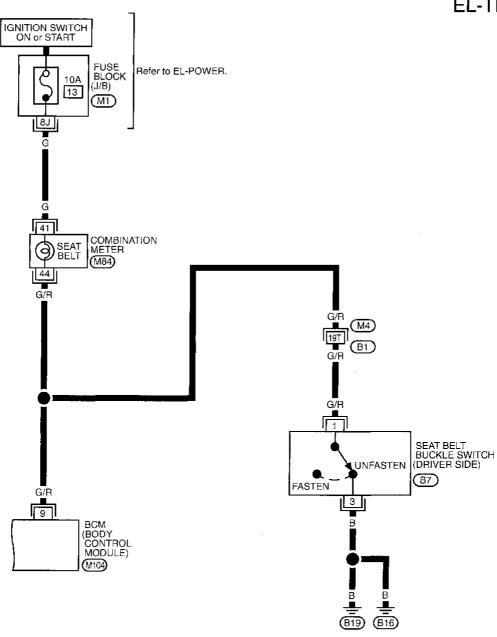
Wiring Diagram — TIME — (Cont'd)

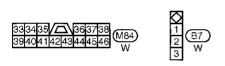
IGNITION KEY, LIGHT AND SEAT BELT WARNING CONTROL



Wiring Diagram — TIME — (Cont'd)

EL-TIME-04





Refer to last page (Foldout page).

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(M104)

Trouble Diagnoses

Perform "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" as necessary before starting Diagnostic Procedures.

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE		and g	Power supply and ground Diagnostic Procedure circuit check							MA		
REFERENCE PAGE		EL-183	EL-184	EL-238	EL-239	EL-240	EL-241	EL-241	EL-242	EL-243	EL-244	EM
SYMPTOM		Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic Procedure 1	Diagnostic Procedure 2	Diagnostic Procedure 3	Diagnostic Procedure 4	Diagnostic Procedure 5	Diagnostic Procedure 6	Diagnostic Procedure 7	Diagnostic Procedure 8	LC EC FE
Wiper & washer	Intermittent wiper does not operate.	всм	всм	X								GL
	Intermittent time of wiper cannot be adjusted.	всм	всм		х							- _
	Wiper and washer activate individually but not in combination.	всм	всм			х						
Warning se	Light warning chime does not activate.	всм	всм				Х			Х		- AT -
	Ignition key warning chime does not activate.	всм	всм					Х		X		FA
	Seat belt warning chime does not activate.	всм	всм						Х	х		- RA
Rear defogger	Rear defogger does not activate, or go off after activating.	всм	ВСМ								×	- 11.7 - BR - \$7

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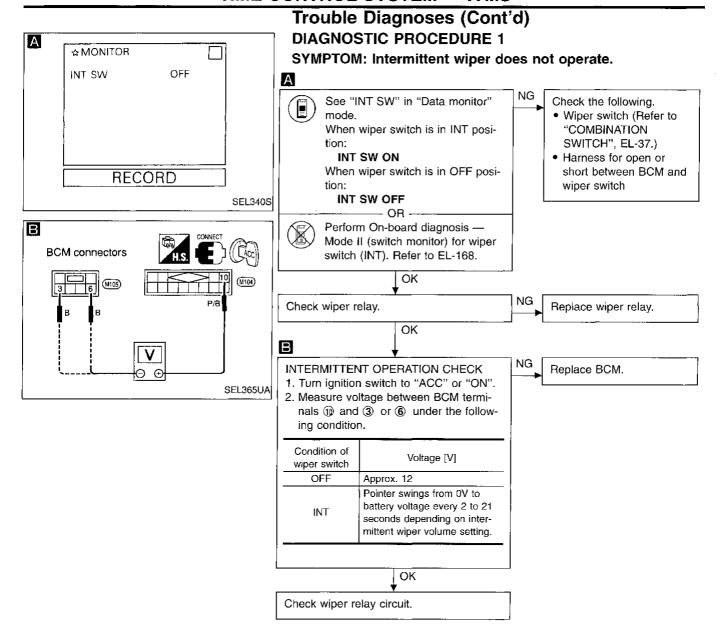
BT

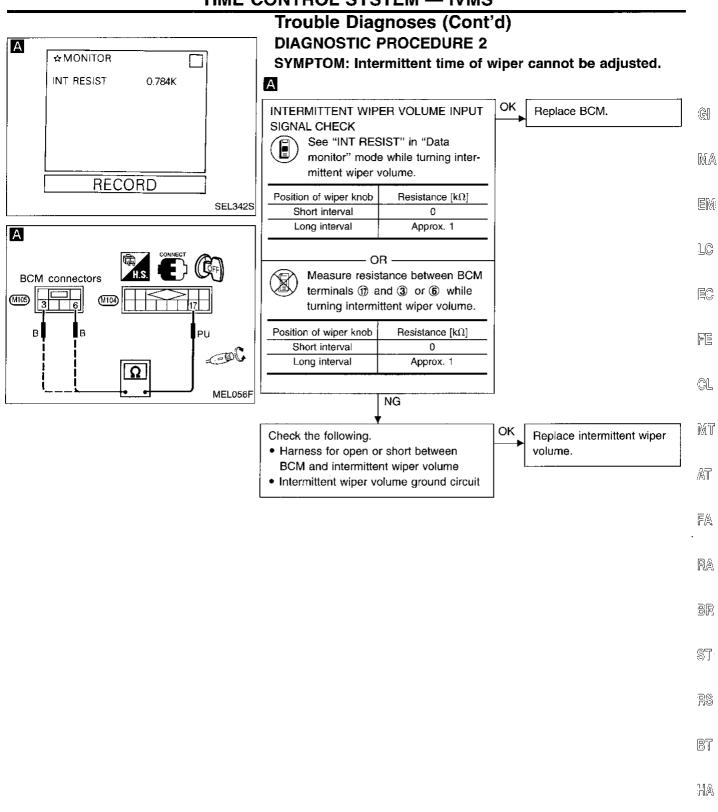
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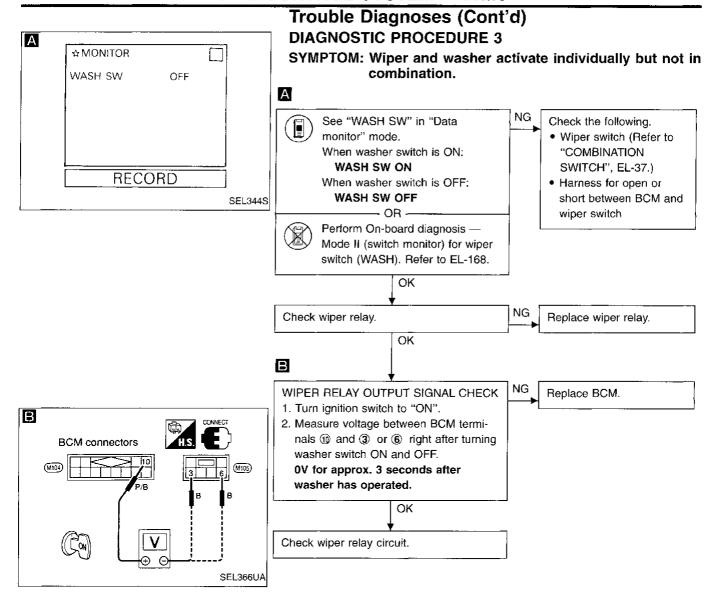
IDX

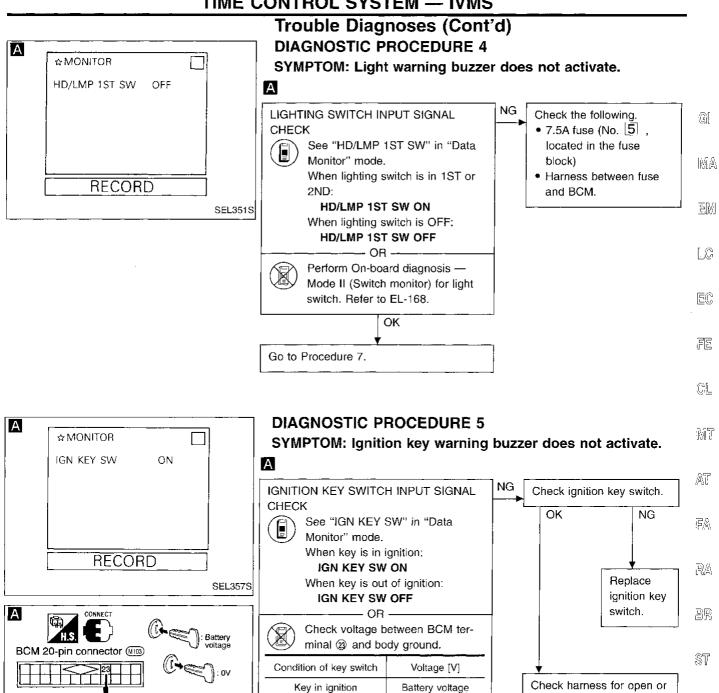
EL-237





EL-239





Key out of ignition

Go to Procedure 7.

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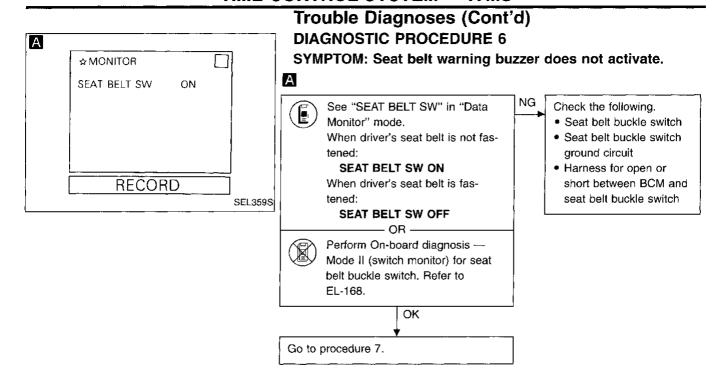
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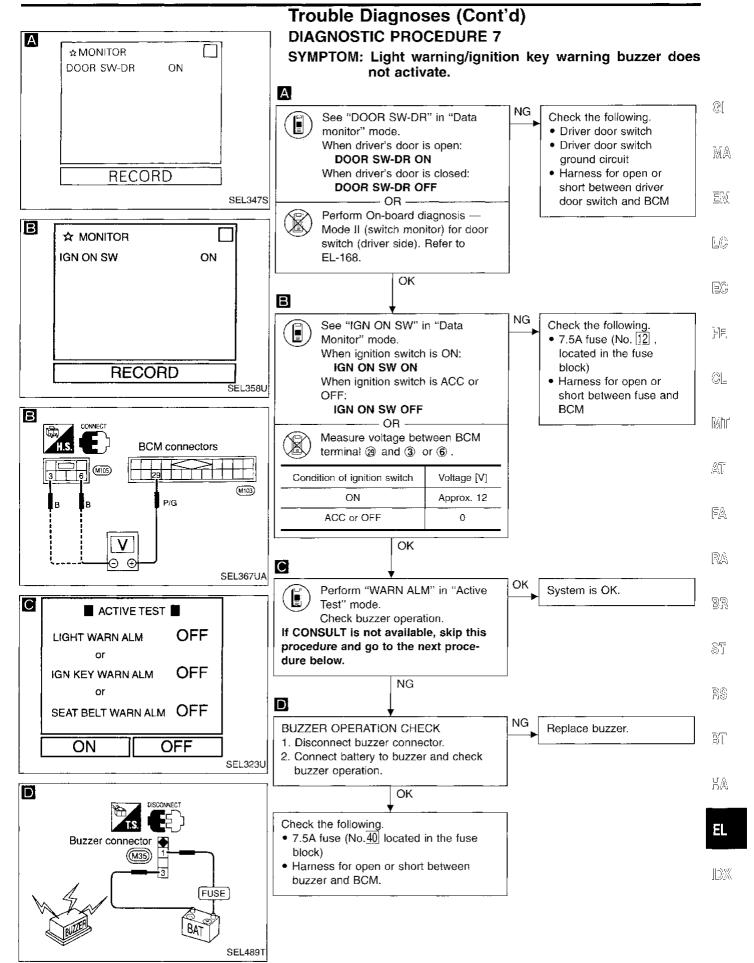
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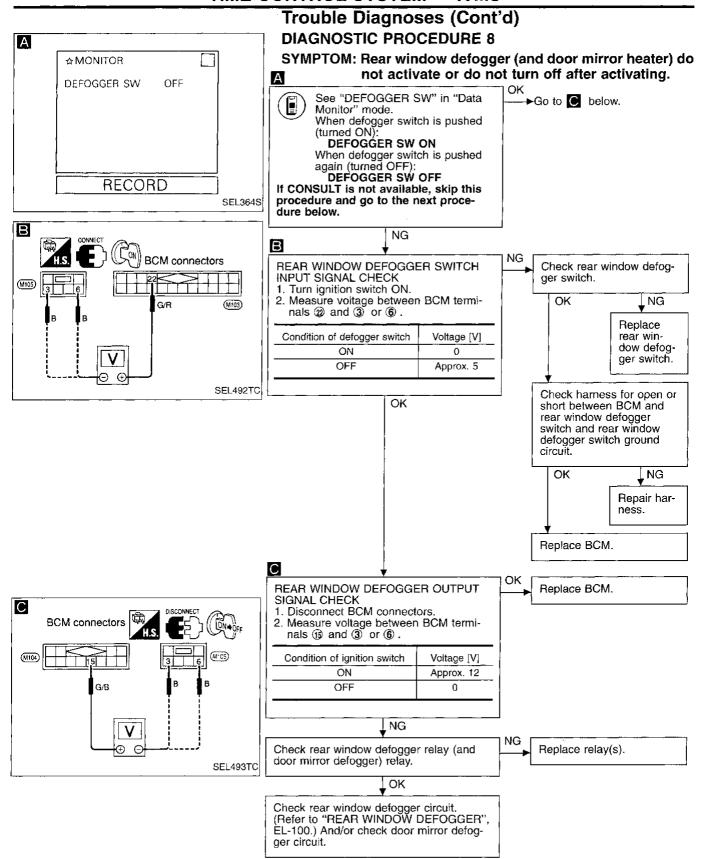
EL-241 1395

short.

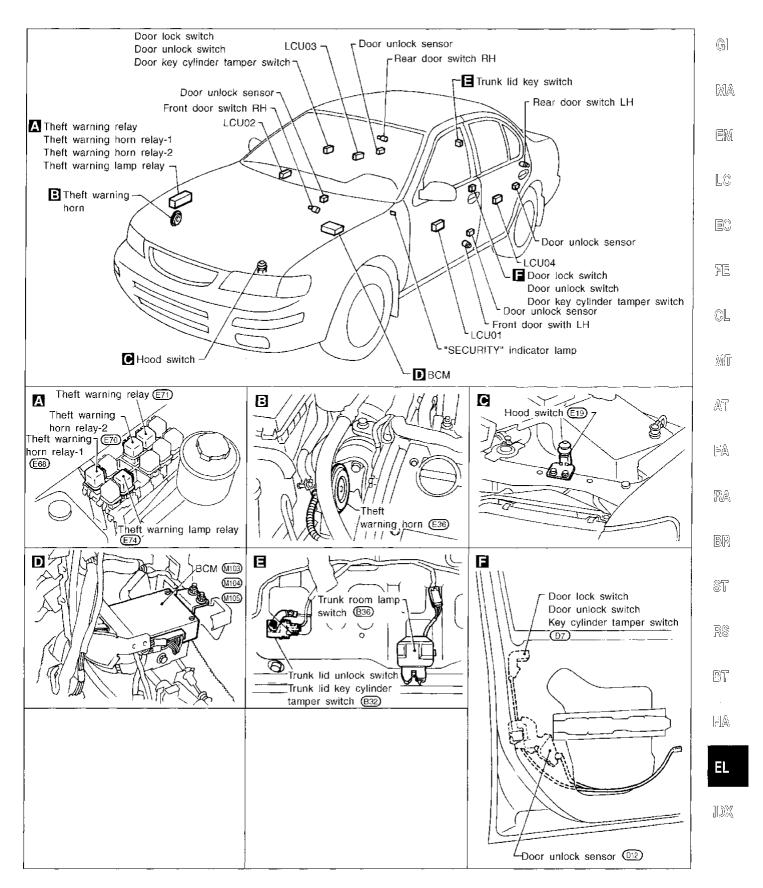




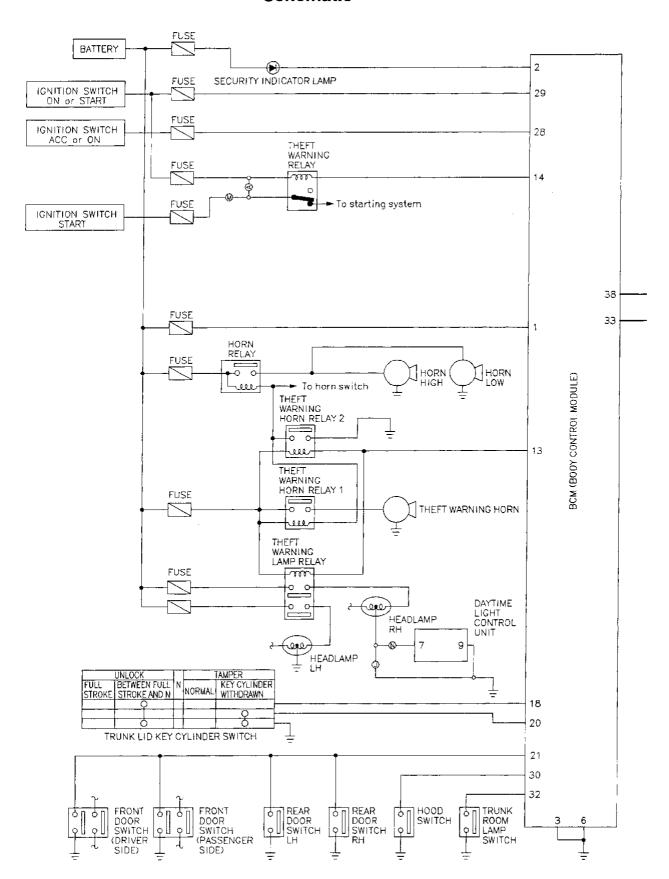
EL-243



Component Parts and Harness Connector Location

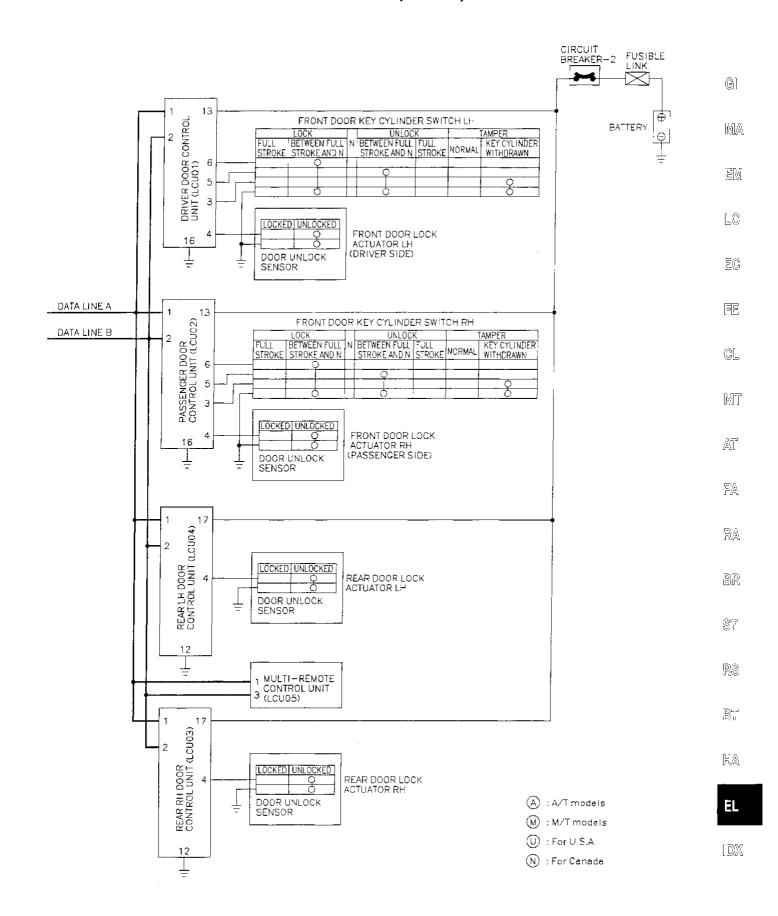


Schematic



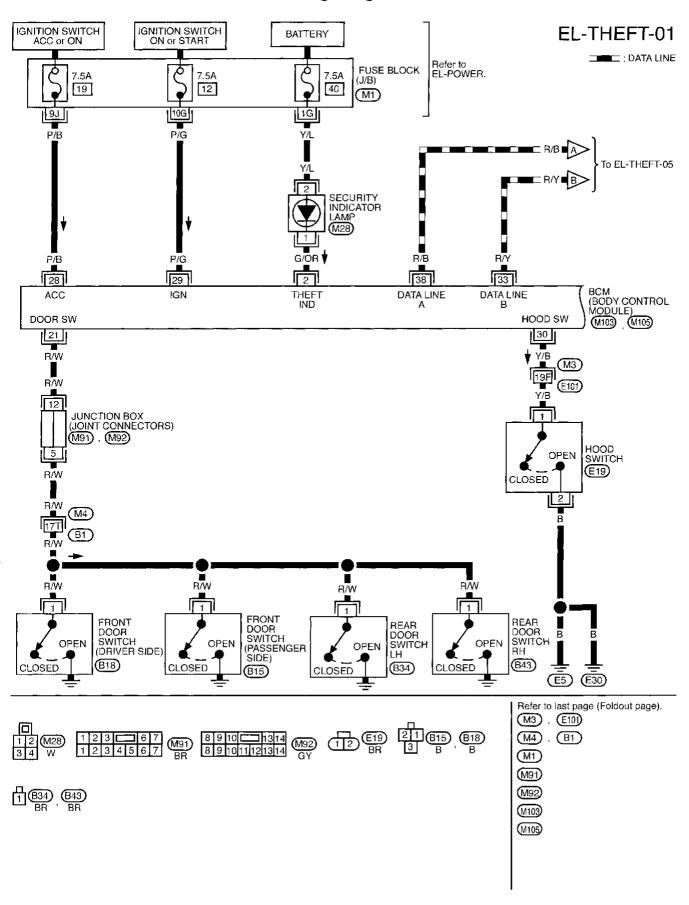
THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS

Schematic (Cont'd)



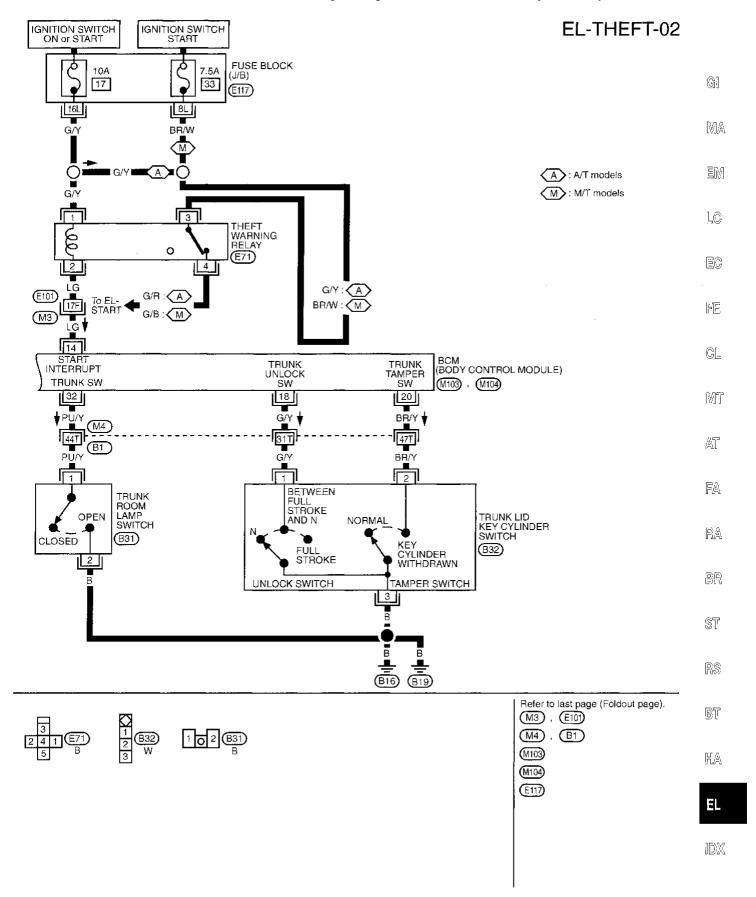
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Wiring Diagram — THEFT —

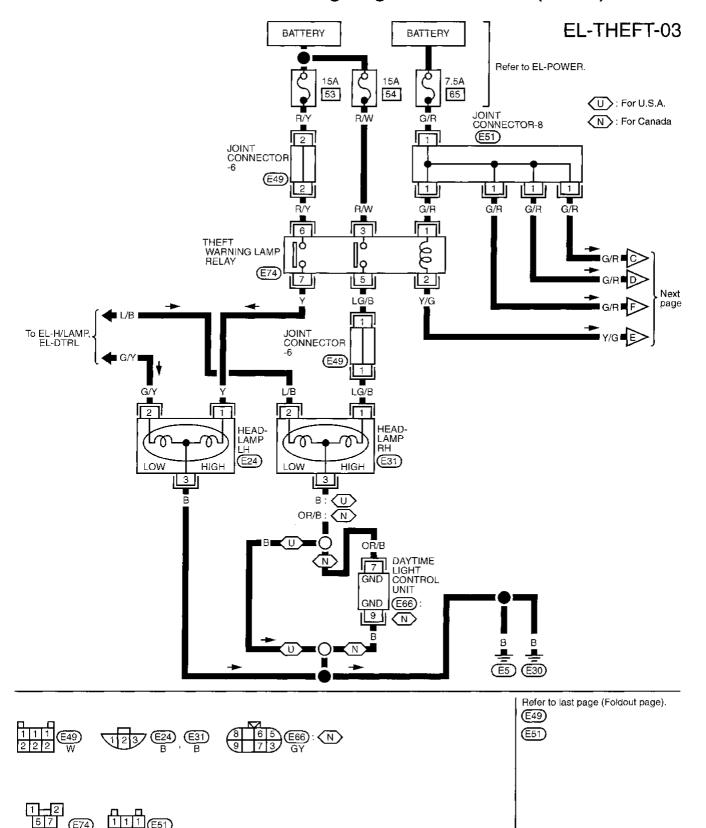


THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS

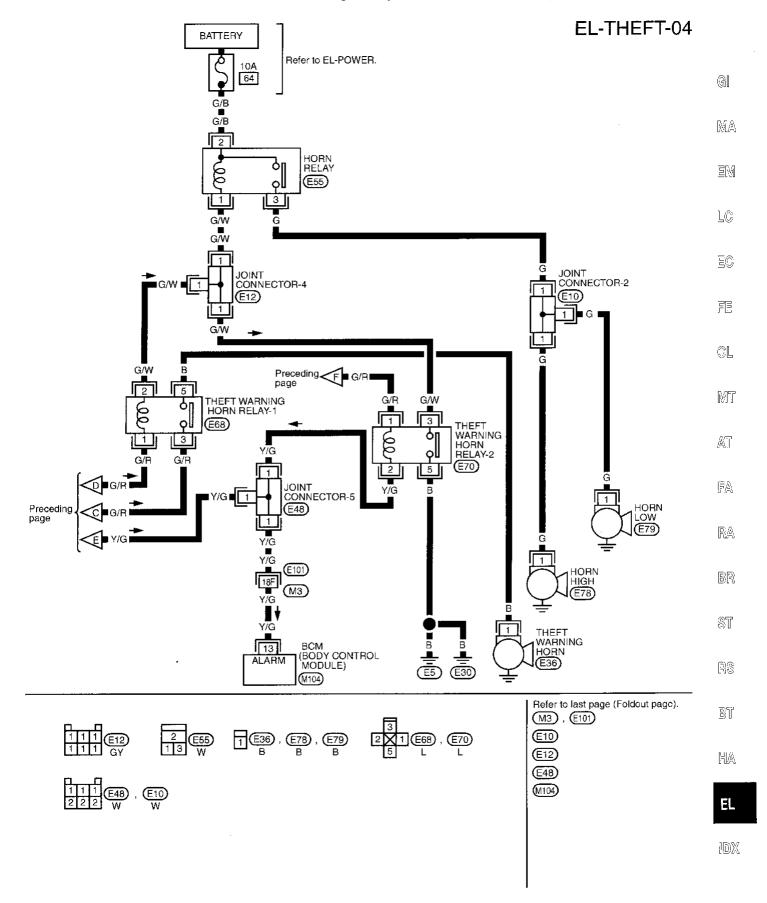
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)



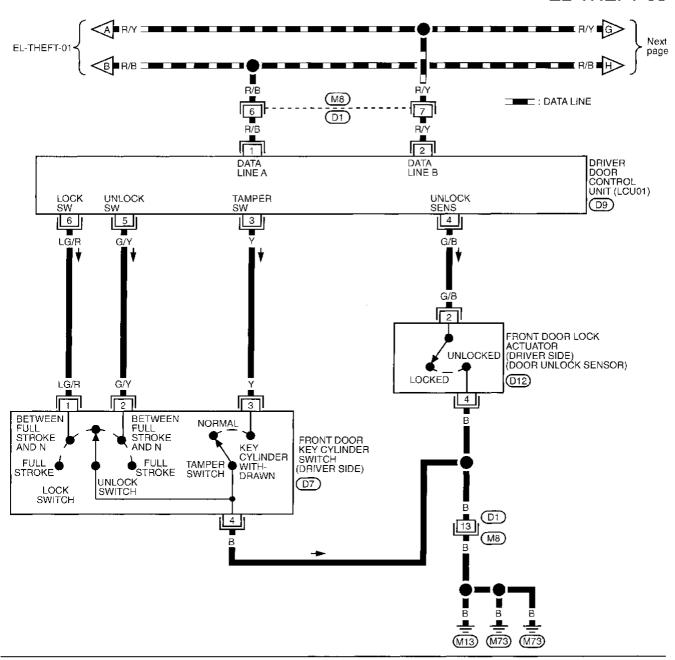
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)



THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS

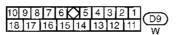
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)

EL-THEFT-05





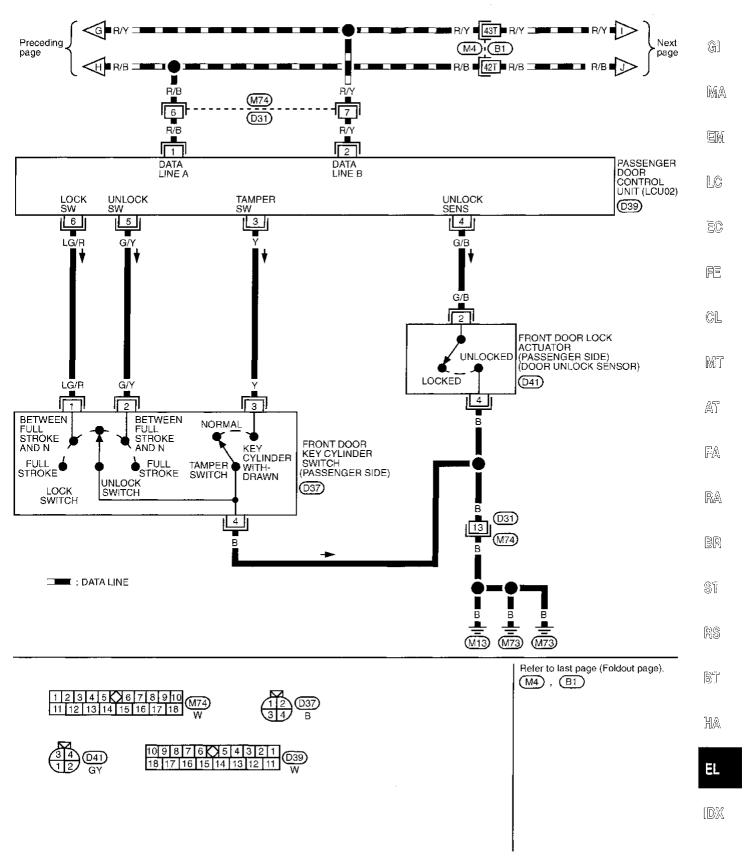






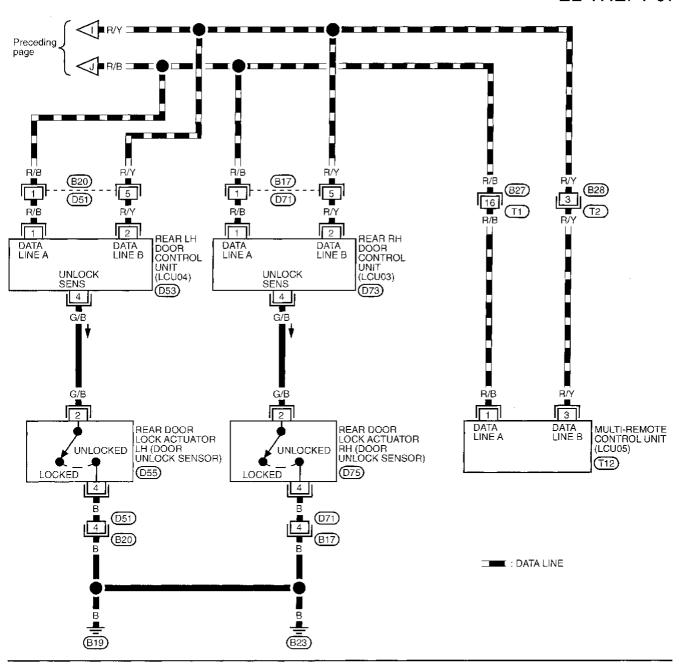
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)

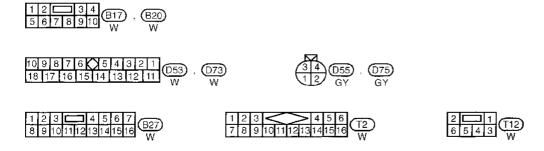
EL-THEFT-06



Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)

EL-THEFT-07

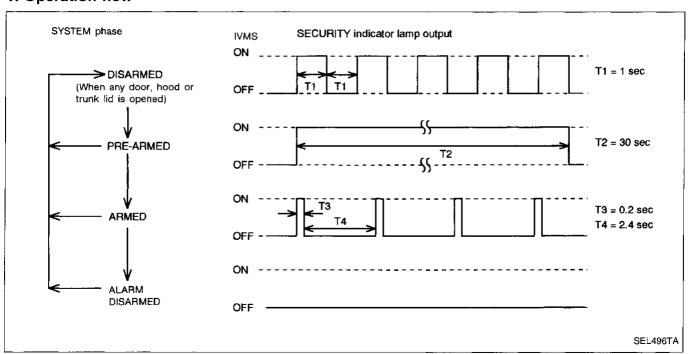




Trouble Diagnoses

DESCRIPTION

1. Operation flow



2. Setting the theft warning system

Initial condition

- Close all doors.
- (2) Close hood and trunk lid.
- (3) Pull key out of ignition.

Disarmed phase

The theft warning system is in the disarmed phase when any door(s), hood or trunk lid is opened. The security indicator lamp blinks every second.

Pre-armed phase and armed phase

The theft warning system turns into the "pre-armed" phase when hood, trunk lid and all doors are closed and locked by key or multi-remote control. (The security indicator lamp illuminates.)

After about 30 seconds, the system automatically shifts into the "armed" phase (the system is set). (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.)

3. Canceling the set theft warning system

When the following (a) or (b) operation is performed, the armed phase is canceled.

- (a) Unlock the doors or the trunk lid with the key.
- (b) Unlock the doors or the trunk lid with the multi-remote controller.

4. Activating the alarm operation of the theft warning system

Make sure the system is in the armed phase. (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.) When any of the following operations (a), (b) and (c) is performed, the system sounds the horns and flashes the headlamps for about 2.5 minutes. (At the same time, the system disconnects the starting system circuit.) The starting system is kept dead even after the alarm turns off.

- (a) Engine hood is opened without using the hood opener.
- (b) Door is unlocked or trunk lid is opened without using key or multi remote controller.
- (c) Key cylinder is pulled out from either front door or the trunk lid.

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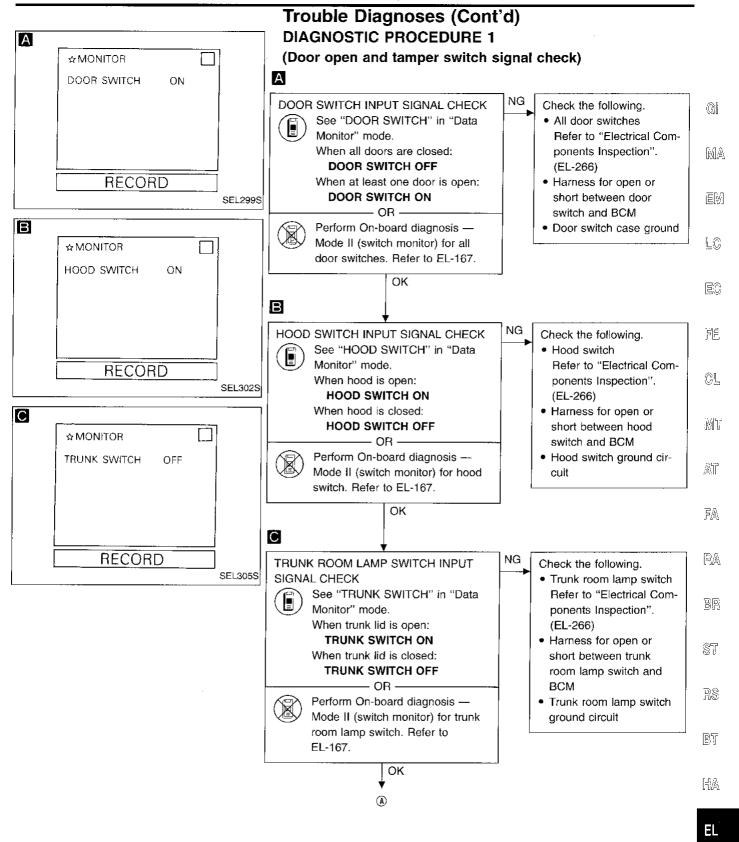
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE		nicatio	commu- on diag- osis	and o	supply ground check			Di	agnostic	proced	ure	· · · · · · ·		_
REFER	ENCE PAGE	EL-160	EL-166	EL-183	EL-184	EL-257	EL-259	EL-260	EL-261	EL-262	EL-263	EL-264	EL-265	EL-225
SYMPT	OM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Door open and tamper switch signal check)	Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Security indicator lamp check)	Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Door unlock sensor check)	Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 5 (Theft warning horn alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 6 (Headiamp alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Starter interrupt system check)	Diagnostic Procedure 8 (Trunk lid key unlock signal check)	Check "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL" system.
Theft warning indicator does not turn "ON" or blinking.		Х	х	х	х		х							
ng not	All items	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	·	Х						
warni can t by	Door out side key	Х	Х	Х	Х				Х					
Theft warning system cannot be set by	Multi-remote con- trol	х	х	Х	Х									х
	All function	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х								
Theft warning system does not activate.	Horn alarm	Х	Х	Х	Х					Х				
eft warn em does activate.	Turn lamp	Х	Х	Х	Х						Х			
syst	Starter interrupt	Х	X	Х	Х							Х		
ng of be	Door out side key	Х	х	X	Х				Х					
warni canno ed by	Trunk lid key	Х	Х	Х	Х								Х	-
Theft warning system cannot be canceled by	Multi-remote con- trol	Х	Х	Х	Х									Х

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with theft warning system diagnostic procedure.

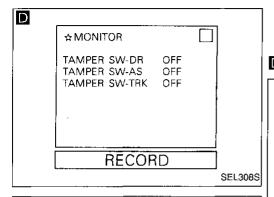
X : Applicable

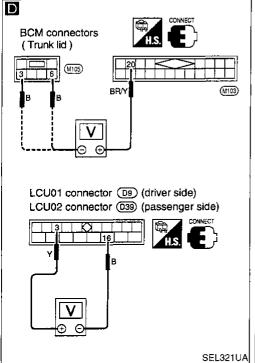


EL-257

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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)







KEY CYLINDER TAMPER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CHECK

See "TAMPER SW" in "Data Monitor" mode.

When driver side key cylinder is removed.

TAMPER SW-DR ON

When driver side key cylinder is installed,

TAMPER SW-DR OFF

When passenger side key cylinder is removed,

TAMPER SW-AS ON

When passenger side key cylinder is installed,

TAMPER SW-AS OFF

When trunk lid key cylinder is removed.

TAMPER SW-TRK ON

When trunk lid key cylinder is installed,

TAMPER SW-TRK OFF

Measure voltage between BCM terminals ② and ③ or ⑥ (trunk lid), LCU01 terminals ③ and ⑥ (driver side), and LCU02 terminals ③ and ⑥ (passenger side).

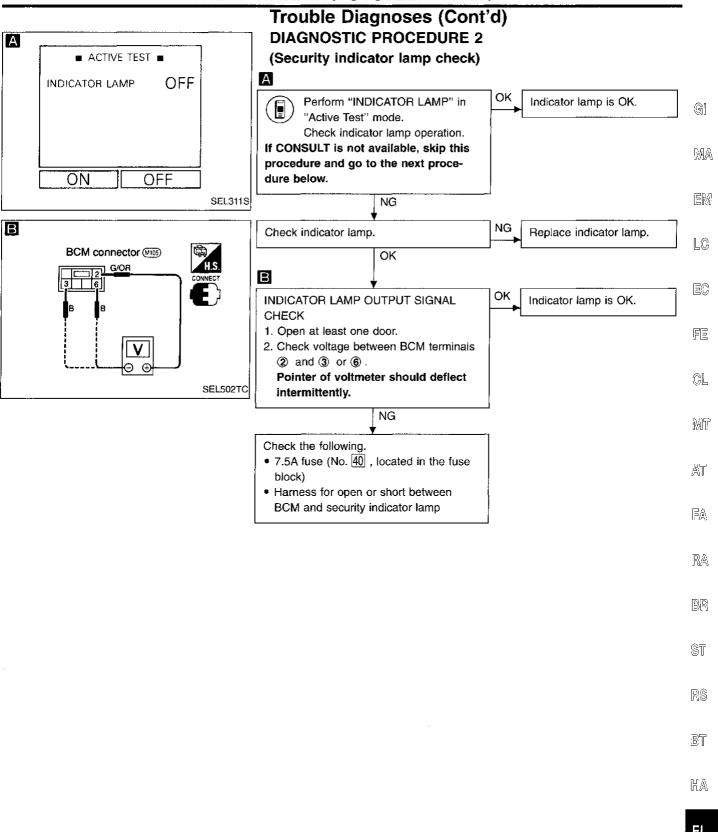
Cond	Voltage [V]			
Key cylinde	0			
Key cylinder	Front doors	Approx. 12		
installed	Trunk lid	Approx. 5		

OK

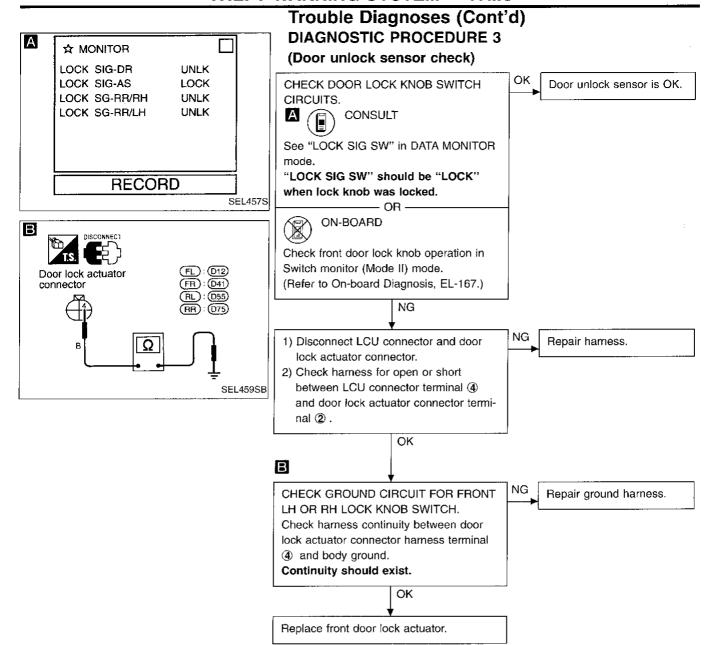
Door open and tamper switch is OK.

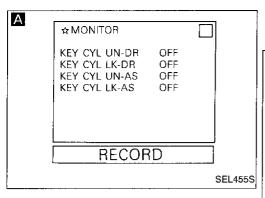
NG Check the following.

- Key cylinder tamper switch in question.
 Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-267).
- Harness for open or short between tamper switch and BCM/LCU
- Tamper switch ground circuit



EL-259





Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4

(Door key cylinder switch check)

CHECK DOOR KEY CYLINDER SIGNAL.

OK

QK.

Door key cylinder switch is

G[

MA

LC

EC

FE

WIT

AT.

FA

RA

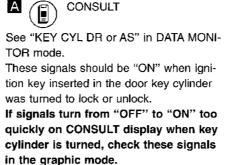
BR

ST

RS

BT

HA



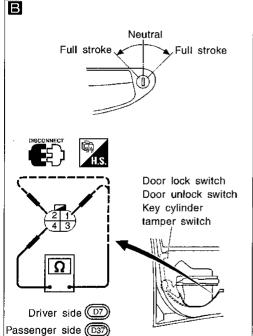
(Refer to CONSULT OPERATION MANUAL.)

OR

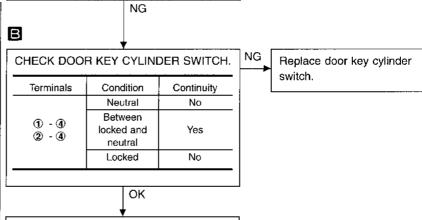
ON-BOARD

Check front LH or RH door lock key cylinder lock and unlock switch in Switch monitor (Mode II) mode.

(Refer to On-board Diagnosis, EL-167.)



MEL055F



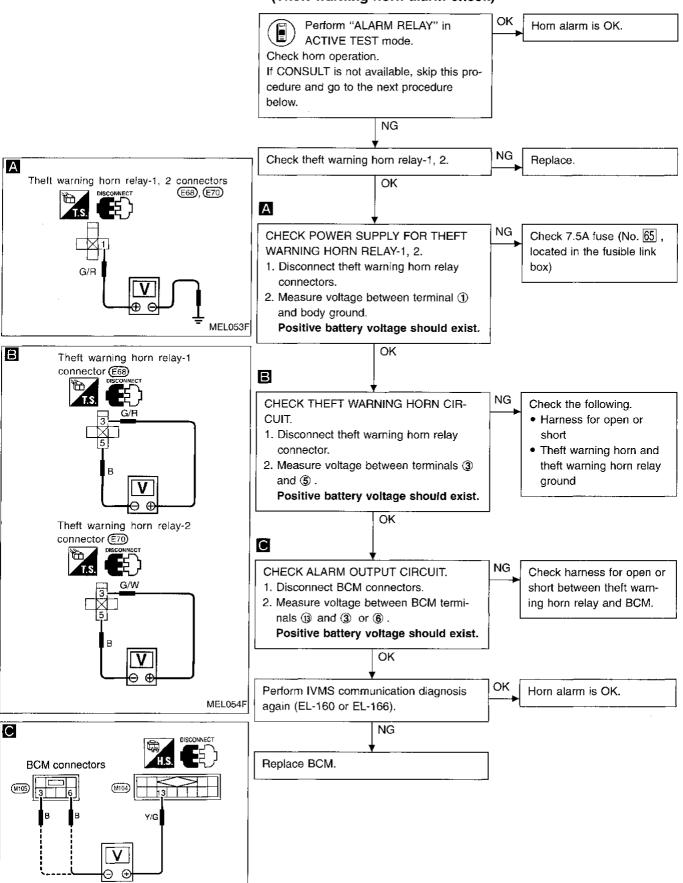
Check harness for open or short between door key cylinder switch and LCU01/02.

EL

EL-261

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5

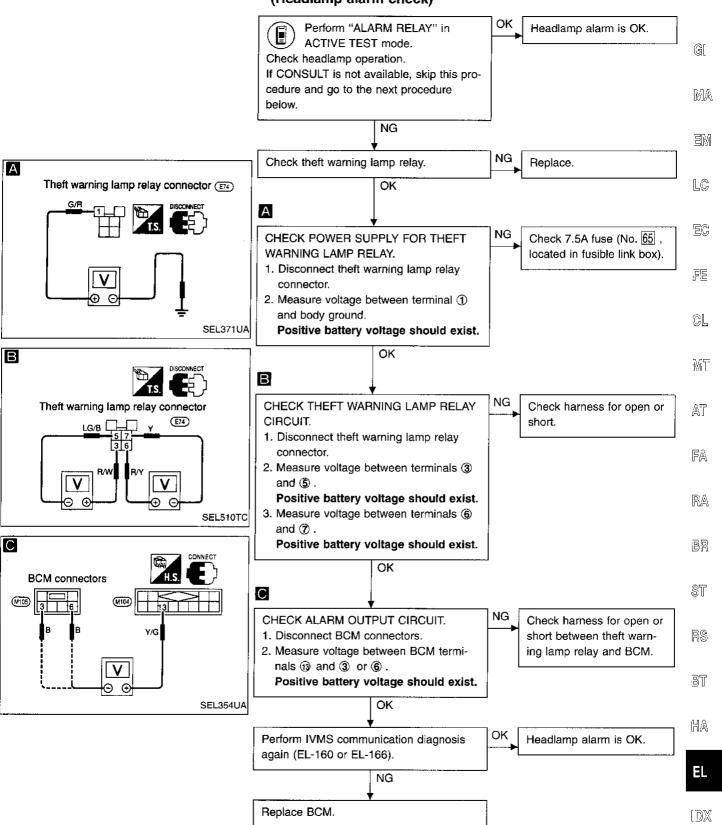
(Theft warning horn alarm check)



SEL370UA

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6

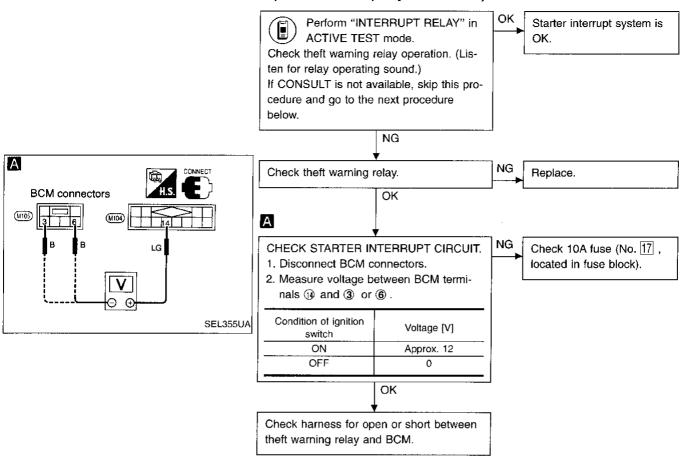
(Headlamp alarm check)

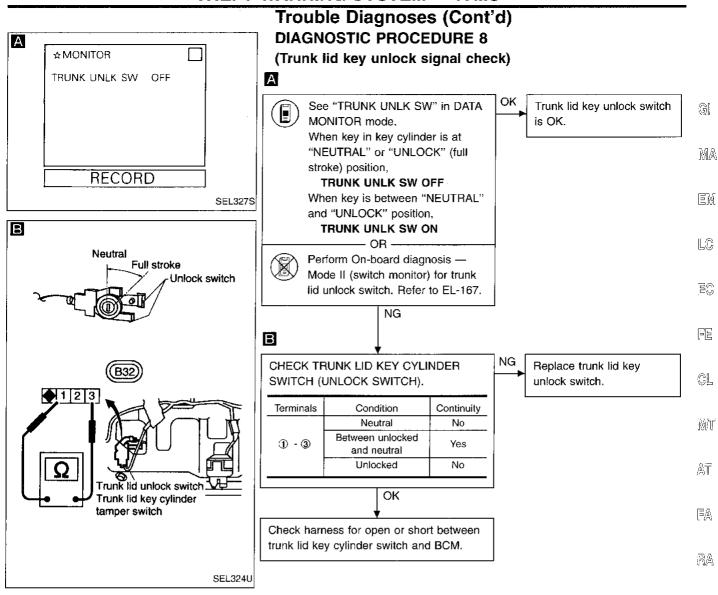


EL-263

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7

(Starter interrupt system check)





EL-265

BR

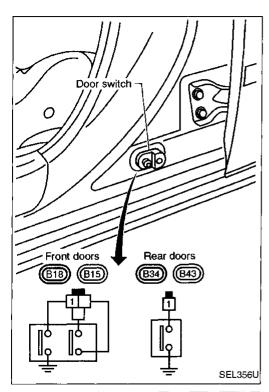
ST

RS

BT

HA

[D)X(

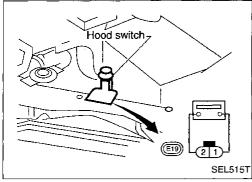


Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS INSPECTION

Door switches

Check continuity between terminal and switch body.

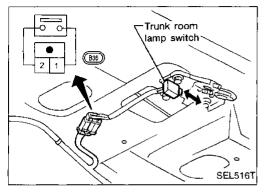
	Terminals	Condition	Continuity
Front door	① - switch body	Pressed	No
switches	TO - SWITCH BODY	Released	Yes
Rear door	(T) quitab bady	Pressed	No
switches	① - switch body	Released	Yes



Hood switch

Check continuity between terminals.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
(1) - (2)	Pressed	No
U - 2	Released	Yes



Trunk room lamp switch

Check continuity between terminals.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
① - ②	Pressed	Yes
① - ②	Released	No

Tamper switch OFF ON B32 Trunk lid unlock switch Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch SEL357U

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS INSPECTION

Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch

	Terminals	Condition	Continuity
Towner aviitale		Key cylinder installed	No
Tamper switch	2 - 3	Key cylinder removed	Yes

G

MA

EM

<u>l</u>C

Door key cylinder tamper switch

	Terminals	Condition	Continuity
Town or owitale		Key cylinder installed	No
Tamper switch	3 - 4	Key cylinder removed	Yes

EC

FE

GL

MT

AT

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

BR

ST

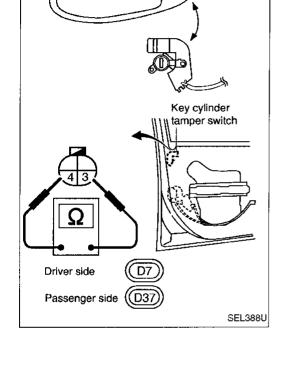
RS

BT

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EL

IDX



System Description

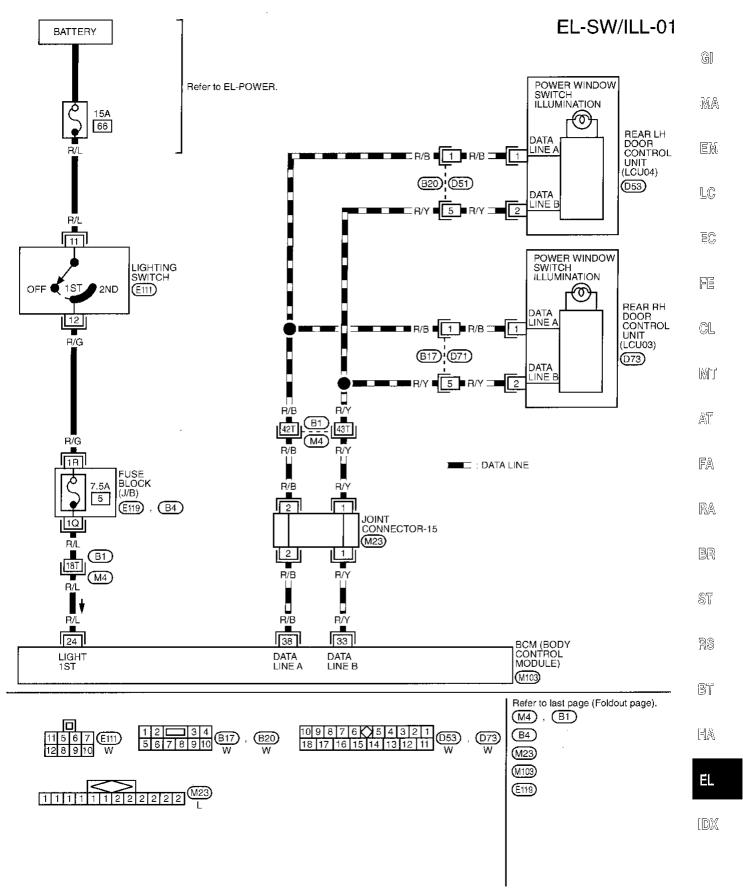
Power is supplied at all times

- to lighting switch terminal (1)
- through 15A fuse (No. 66), located in the fuse and fusible link box). With the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, power is supplied
- to BCM terminal 29
- through lighting switch terminal 10 and
- 7.5A fuse [No. 5], located in the fuse block (J/C)].

Terminals ① and ② of the power window switch illumination (located in the rear LH and RH door control units) are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ by DATA LINES A and B respectively.

When power is supplied to BCM, BCM sends a signal to rear LH and RH door control units to turn on power window switch illumination. Power and ground are supplied to power window switch illumination, then power window switch illumination turns on.

Wiring Diagram — SW/ILL —



MEL795E

ILLUMINATION — IVMS

Trouble Diagnoses

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnoses" (EL-160) and "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" (EL-183) before starting with the following chart.

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order	
	1. 7.5A fuse	1. Check 7.5A fuse (No. 5 , located in fuse block).	
manning officer to tarrior to	Open in lighting switch circuit	Check harness for open or short between 7.5A fuse and BCM.	
1st or 2nd.*	3. LCU	3. Replace LCU.	
	4. BCM	4. Replace BCM.	

^{*} CONSULT (data monitor and/or active test) may also be used to confirm the cause of malfunction.

INTERIOR LAMP ON-OFF CONTROL — IVMS

System Description

INTERIOR LAMP, IGNITION KEYHOLE ILLUMINATION TIMER CONTROL

Function

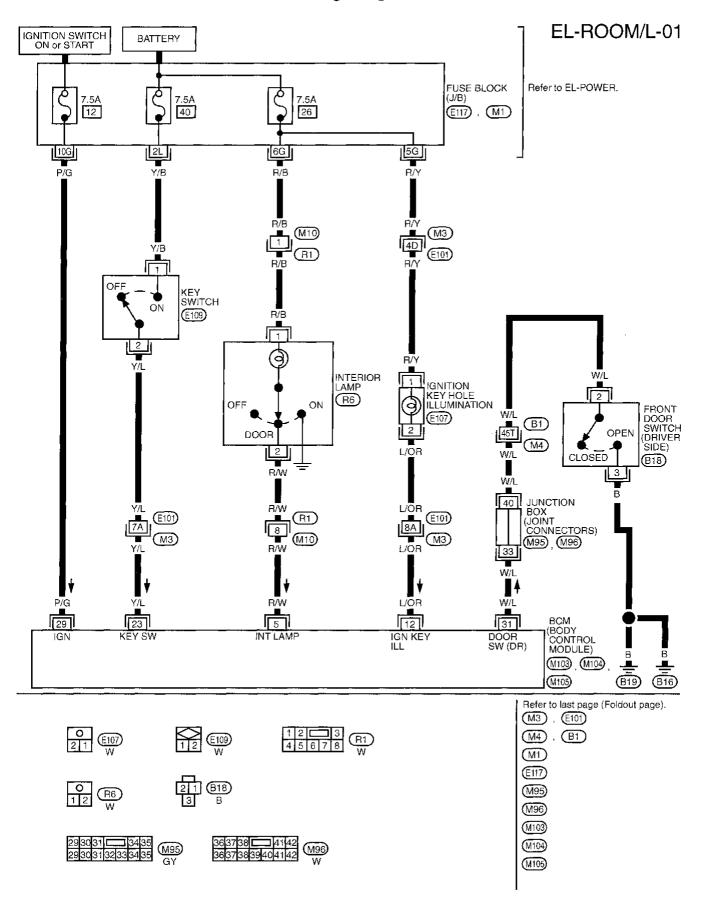
G[Interior lamp timer keeps interior lamp and ignition keyhole illuminated for about 30 seconds when: driver's door is unlocked while key is out of ignition. key is pulled out of ignition while driver's door is closed, and key is pulled out of ignition and driver's door is opened and then closed. iMiA. The timer is cancelled, and interior lamp and ignition keyhole illumination turn off when: driver's door is locked, or ignition switch is turned "ON". Power supply and ground LC Power is supplied at all times through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to interior lamp terminal (1), to ignition keyhole illumination terminal 1. Power is also supplied at all times through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)] FE to key switch terminal (1). With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)] CL to BCM terminal 29. Driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal (1) is connected to BCM terminal (3) by DATA LINE A. Also, driver door control unit terminal ② is connected to BCM terminal ③ by DATA LINE B. MIT Ground is supplied to driver door control unit terminal 4 through front driver's side door lock actuator (unlock sensor) terminals 2 and 4 when front door lock actuator is in UNLOCK position AT through body grounds (M13) and (M73). 廖 **Timer operation** Driver's door is unlocked, driver's door is opened and then closed or key is withdrawn from ignition key cylinder. Ground is then supplied to interior lamp terminal 2 and ignition key hole illumination terminal 2 to illumi-While timer is activated, ignition switch is turned ON or driver's door is locked. Timer will then be canceled. INTERIOR LAMP ON-OFF CONTROL Power is supplied at all times ST through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to interior lamp terminal (1). BCM terminal ② is grounded when any door switch is in OPEN position. RS When the front driver side door switch, front passenger side door switch, rear LH door switch or rear RH door switch is in OPEN position, interior lamp turns on. BT

EL

HA

D)X(

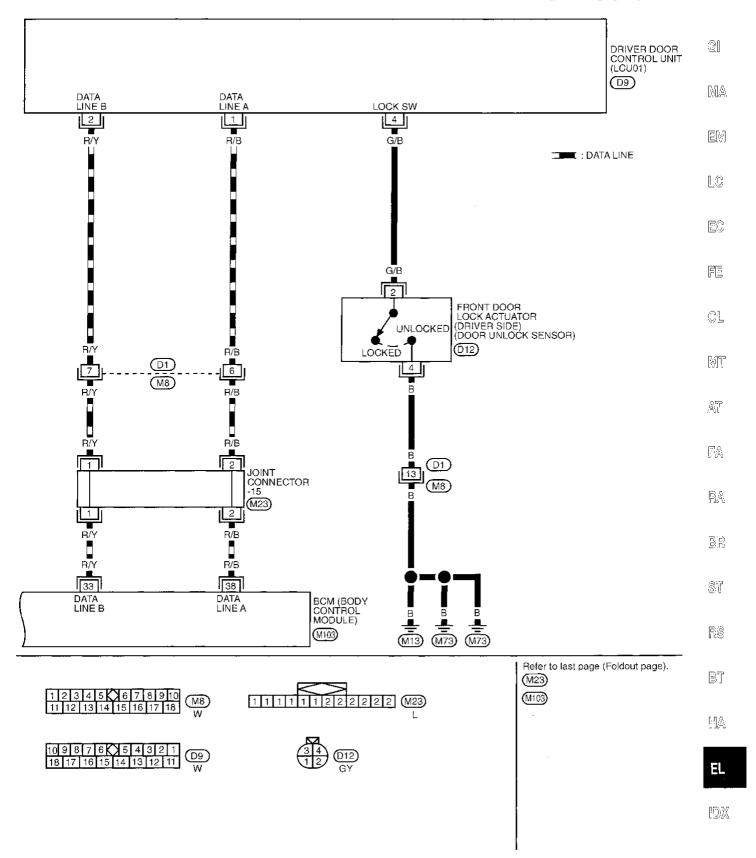
Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L —



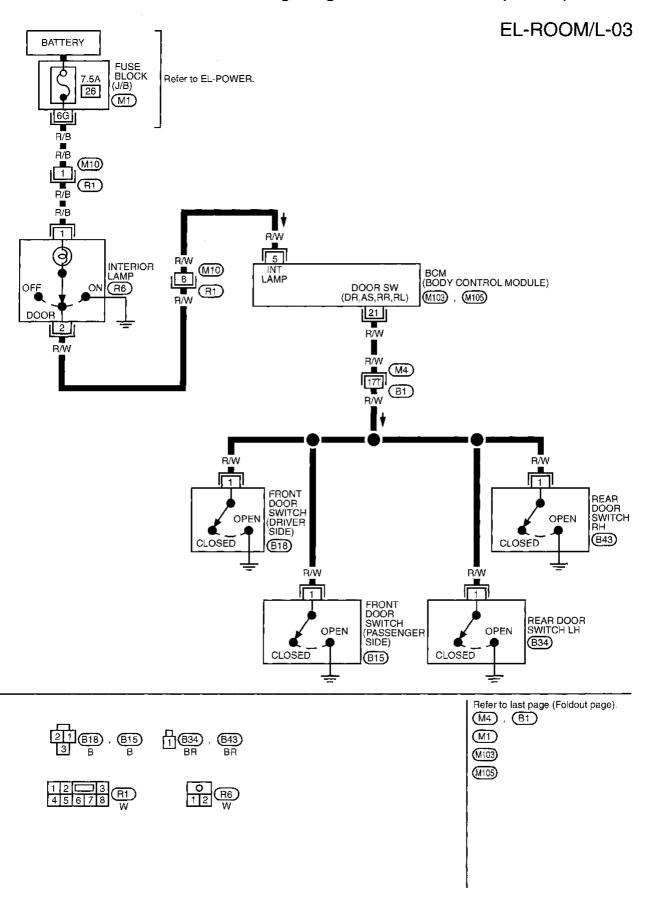
INTERIOR LAMP ON-OFF CONTROL — IVMS

Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L — (Cont'd)

EL-ROOM/L-02

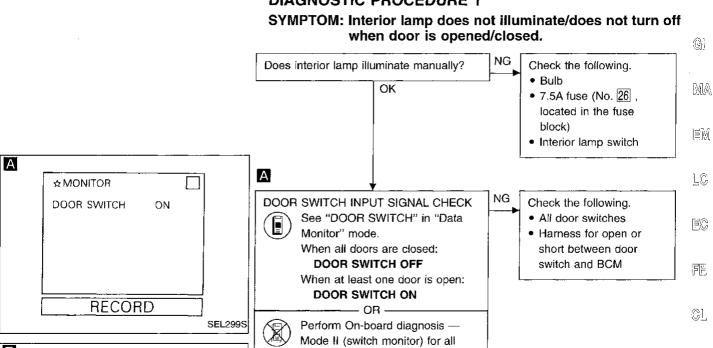


Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L — (Cont'd)



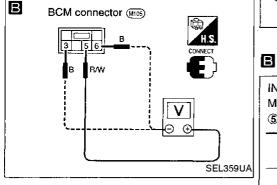
Trouble Diagnoses

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1



door switches. Refer to EL-167.

OK



NG INTERIOR LAMP SIGNAL CHECK Check harness for open or Measure voltage between BCM terminals (5) and (3) or (6) interior lamp. Condition of interior lamp Voltage (V) switch Door Approx. 12 OFF/ON 0 OK Replace BCM.

short between BCM and

BR

MT

AT

FA

RA

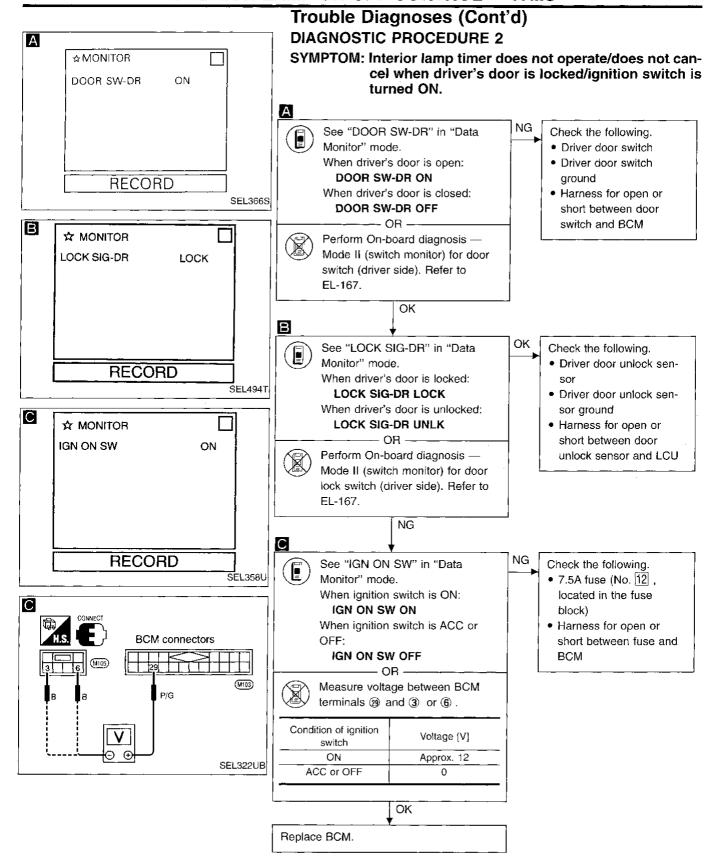
ST RS

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110X

INTERIOR LAMP ON-OFF CONTROL — IVMS

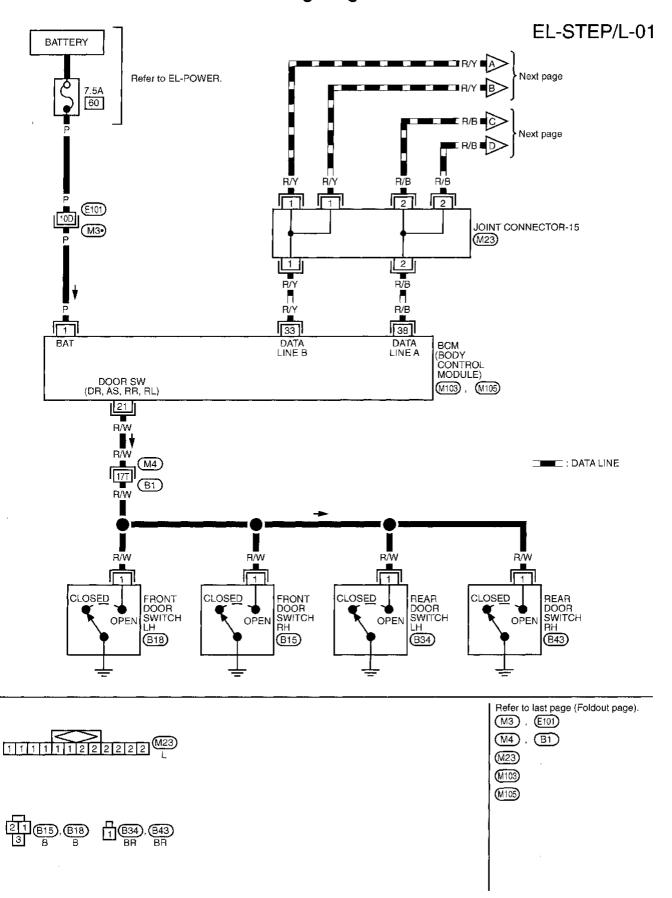


System Description	
Power is supplied at all times ■ to BCM terminal ① ■ through 7.5A fuse (No. , located in the fuse and fusible link box).	
Power is supplied at all times ■ to front step lamp LH and RH terminals ① ■ through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)].	Gi
Ground is supplied to terminal (6) of LCU01 and LCU02 through body grounds (413) and (413). Terminal (1) of LCU01 and LCU02 and terminal (3) of BCM are connected as DATA LINE A. Terminal (2) of LCU01 and LCU02 and terminal (3) of BCM are connected by DATA LINE B.	M:A
BCM terminal ② is grounded when any door switch is in OPEN position. When the driver door switch, passenger door switch, rear RH door switch, or rear LH door switch is in OPEN position, BCM sends a signal to driver and passenger door control units to turn on front LH and RH step lamps.	
With power and ground supplied, front step lamps turn on.	L©
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	er RS
	BT HA
	UT!!/A\

EL

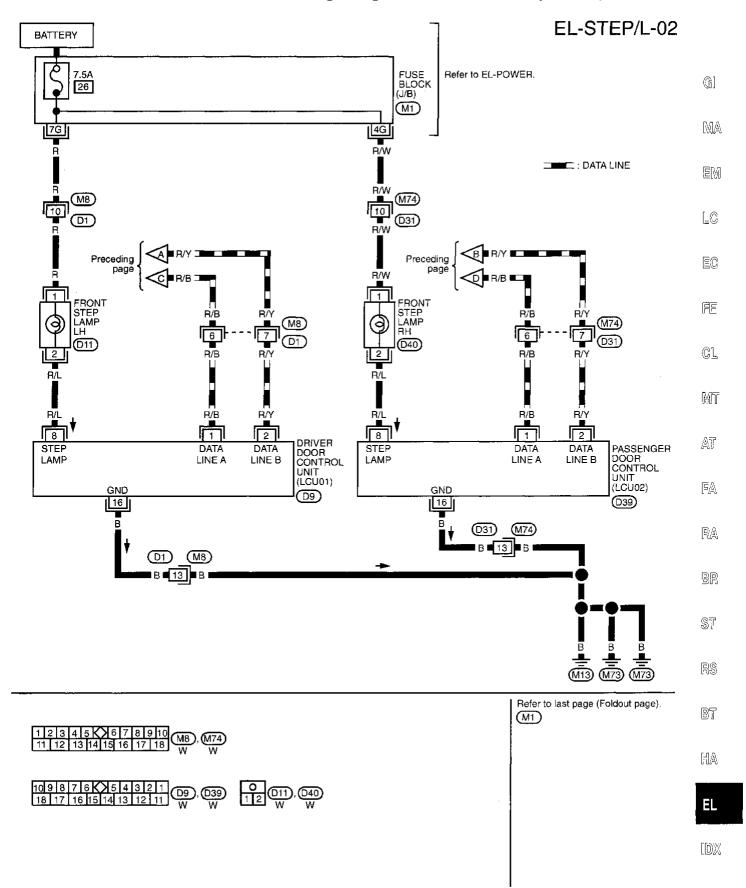
EL-277 1431

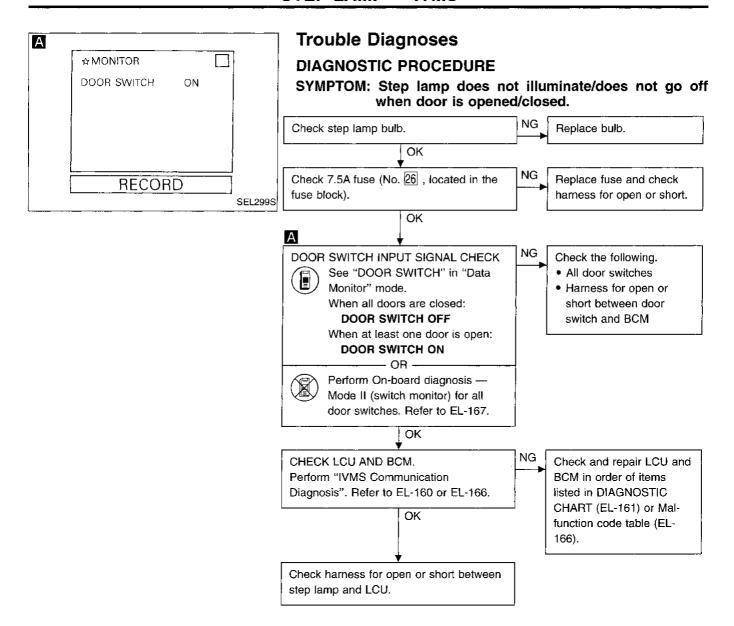
Wiring Diagram — STEP/L —



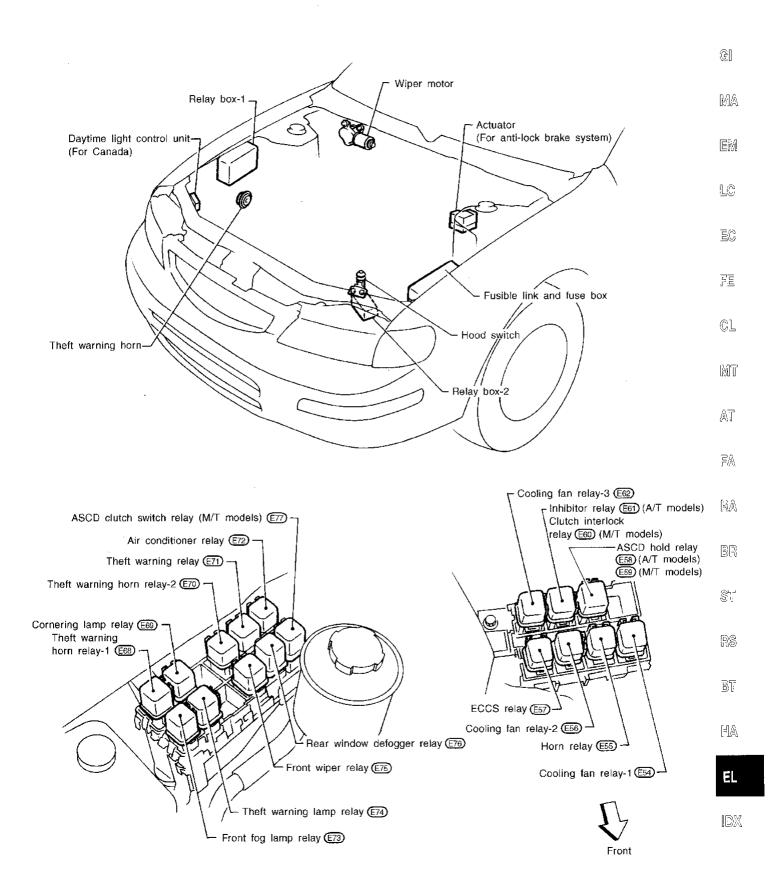
MEL797E

Wiring Diagram — STEP/L — (Cont'd)



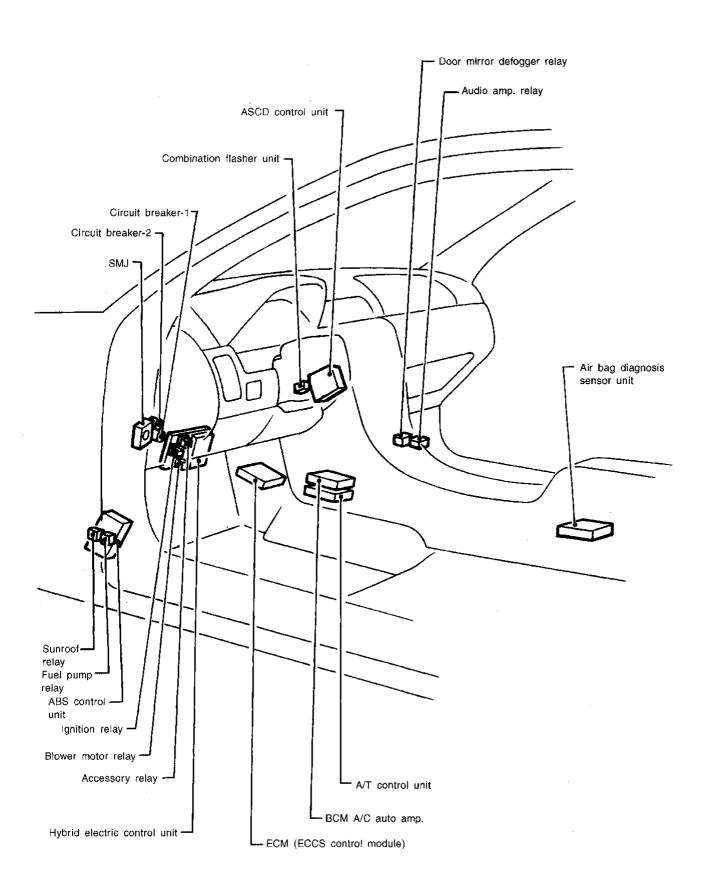


Engine Compartment

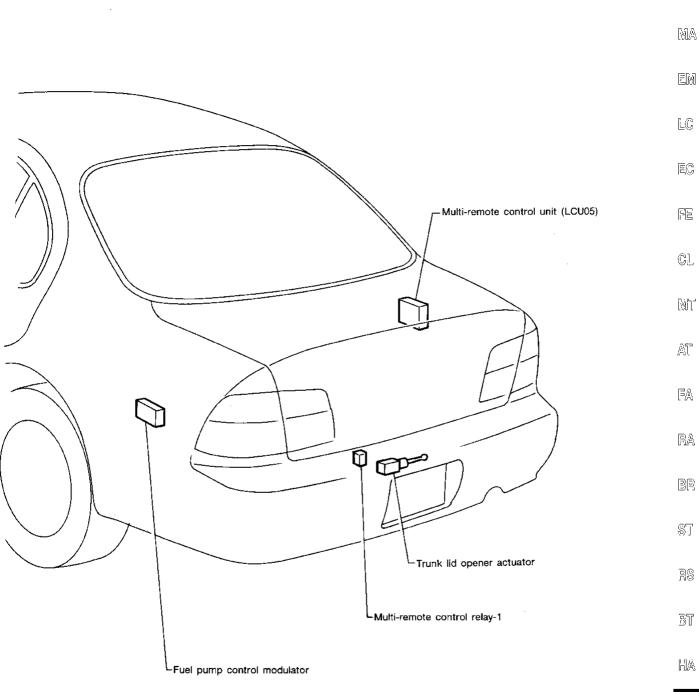


MEL806E

Passenger Compartment



Luggage Compartment



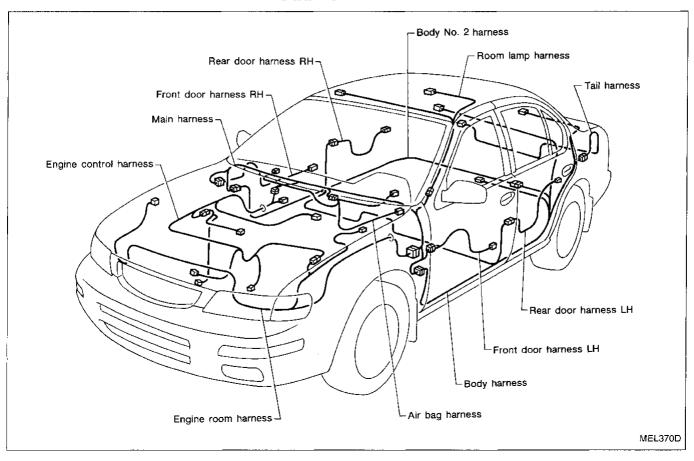
@[

FE

1DX

MEL369D

Outline



The following Harness Layouts use a map style grid to help locate connectors on the drawings:

- Engine Room Harness (Engine Compartment)
- Main Harness
- Body Harness

The grid reference is placed on the page where connectors are listed in number order.

To the left of the connector number code there is a grid reference.

Example:

G2 (E1): ASCD actuator

T grid reference

To use the grid reference

- 1) Find the desired connector number on the connector list.
- 2) Find the grid reference.
- 3) On the drawing, find the crossing of the grid reference letter column and number row.
- 4) Find the connector number in the crossing zone.
- 5) Follow the line (if used) to the connector.

Engine Room Harness 2 က 4 Ŋ G G 9 MA EM Body ground E4 LC Ų, щ E14 8 EC Ш E12) (8) FE 8 E13 Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. (H) CL ш 囧 ш (E) MT (E15) E19 AT EZ FA (E8) (E) [22] E24 BA (E73) (F76) ×* E25 \circ E27 83 */ EZB E34 ST 88 (83 (83 8 RS E47 (38) Θ Ω EA FA BT [4<u>7</u> 8 E46 HA E45) (83) 0 3/C-6 (F49) (E3) (E6) EL E34 (89) ⋖ Body ground J/C-5 J/C-7 [#B] E37 0 [23] 83 E33 E44 ო 2 4 Ŋ

EL-285

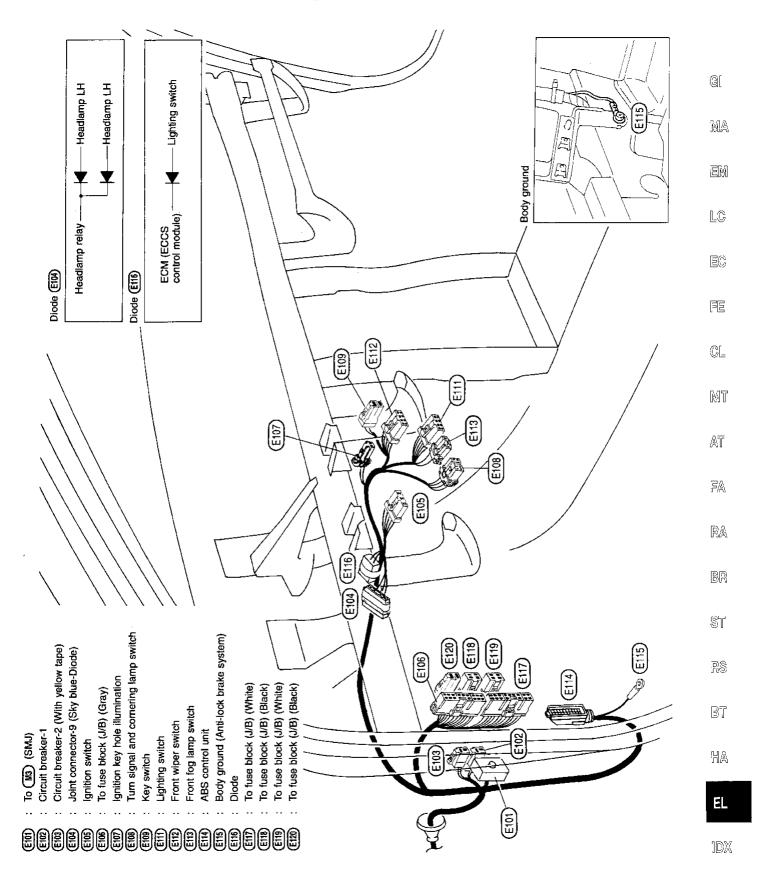
MEL808E

Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

Relay box-1 (Refer to "LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS".)	rada) rada) Relay box-2 (Refer to "LOCATION OF ELECTRICAL UNITS".)	ostic system to light up
	A2 (E6) : Daytime light control unit (For Canada) A2 (E6) : Daytime light control unit (For Canada) C2 (E6) : Theft warning horn relay-1 C2 (E7) : Theft warning horn relay-2 C2 (E7) : Theft warning relay C2 (E7) : Air conditioner relay C2 (E7) : Air conditioner relay C2 (E7) : Front fog lamp relay C2 (E7) : Theft warning lamp relay C2 (E7) : ASCD clutch switch relay C2 (E7) : ASCD clutch switch relay	.: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection.
Brake fluid level switch ASCD pump Body ground Clearance lamp and comering lamp LH To front fog lamp harness (For optional) Fuse and fusible link box Joint connector-1 (White) Joint connector-2 (White) Joint connector-4 (Gray) To (F35) Starter motor	: Front wheel sensor LH (Anti-lock brake system) : Hood switch (Theft warning system) : Front fog lamp LH : Front turn signal lamp LH : Front side marker lamp LH : Triple-pressure switch : Cooling fan motor-1 : Cooling fan motor-2 : Ambient sensor : Horn : Body ground : Headlamp RH : Front turn signal lamp RH	Front fog lamp RH Body ground Theft warning horn Alternator To (E38) To (E38) Alternator Compressor (Air conditioner) Clearance lamp and cornering lamp RH Washer level switch Front washer motor Alternator Joint connector-5 (White) Joint connector-8 (Gray) Battery
	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	C 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

HARNESS LAYOUT

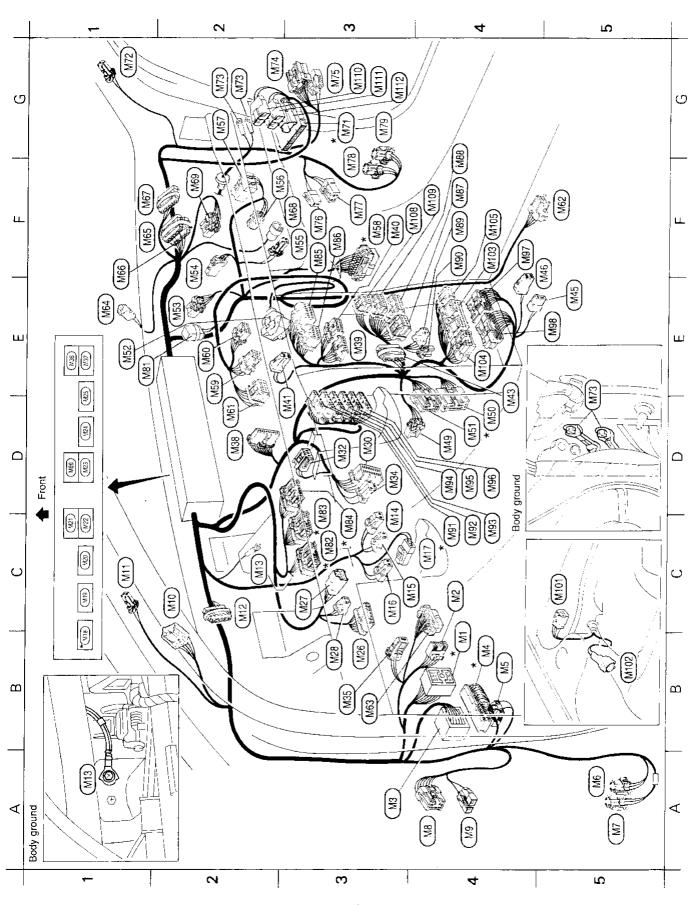
Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)



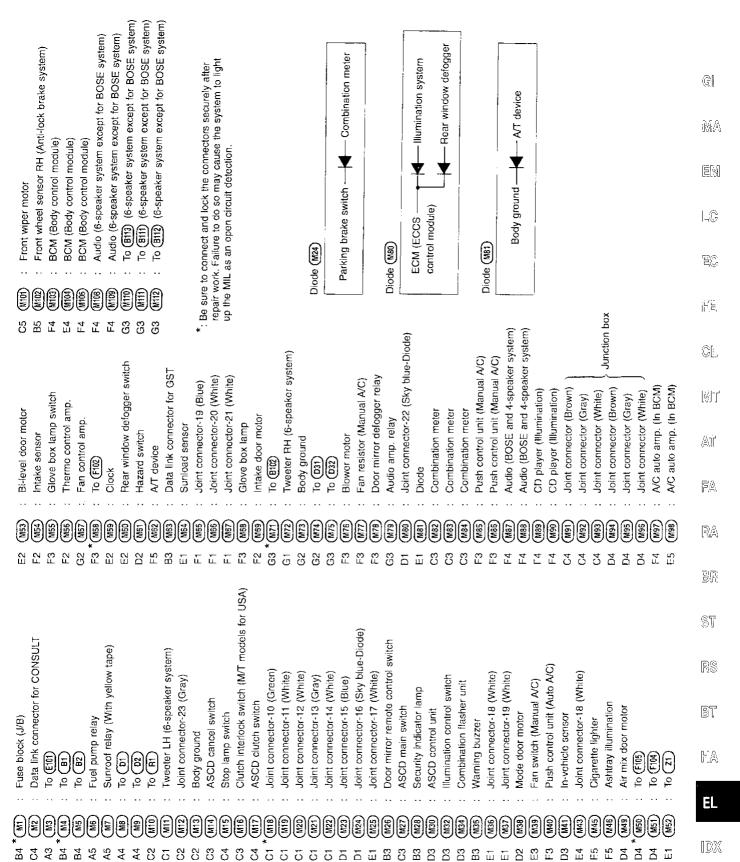
MEL810E

EL-287

Main Harness



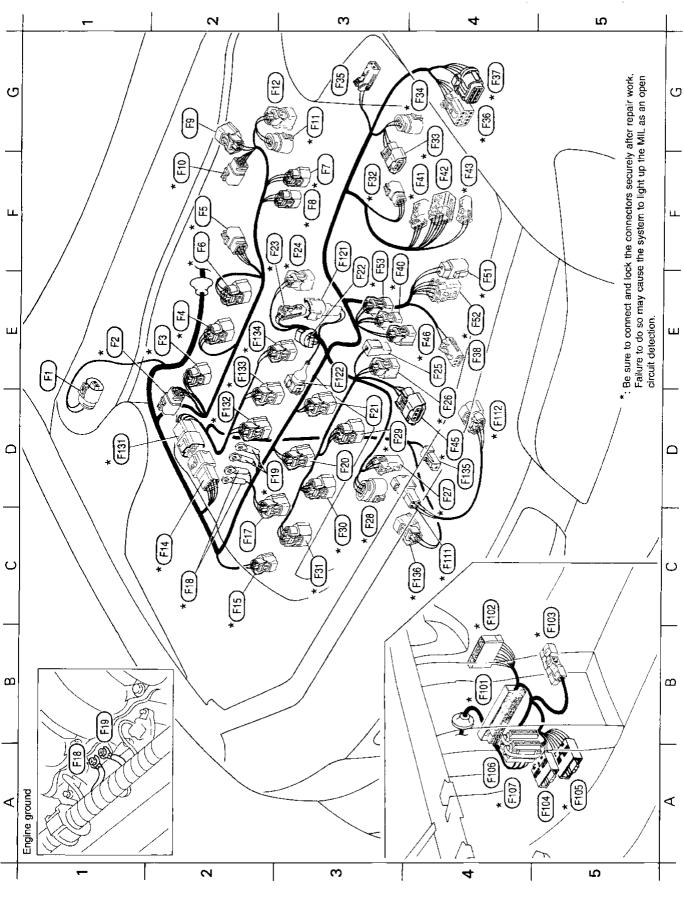
Main Harness (Cont'd)



MEL812E

EL-289

Engine Control Harness



Engine Control Harness (Cont'd)

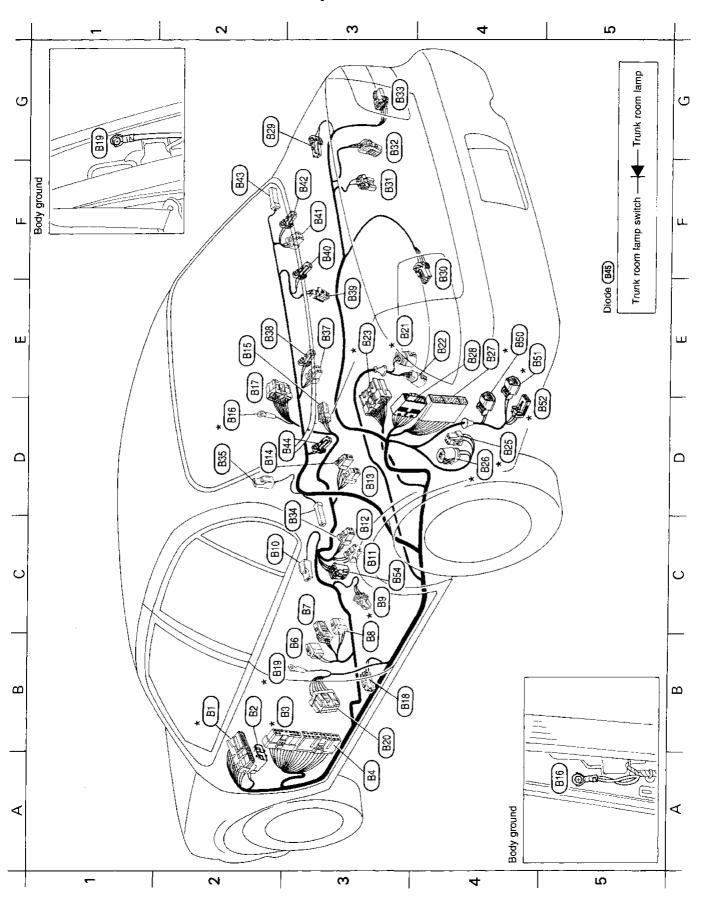
	G]
	MA
open control of the c	EM
10 (Fig.) : ECM (ECCS control module) 124 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 154 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 155 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 156 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 157 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 158 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 159 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 150 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 151 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 152 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 153 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 154 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 155 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 156 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 157 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 158 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 159 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 169 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 170 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 180 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 191 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 192 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 193 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 194 (Fig.) : 10 (Fig.) 195 (Fi	LG
t up the N	EC
eis) or (POS) em to ligh	FE
ontrol mod (A/T mod -24 (Gray) -25 (Blue) ition senso the syst e the syst	CL.
ECM (ECCS control module) To (MSS) AT control unit (AT models) To (MSS) To (MSS) Joint connector-24 (Gray) Joint connector-25 (Blue) To (F23) Knock sensor To (F33) Knock sensor To (F14) Injector No. 3 Injector No. 3 Injector No. 5 Oil pressure switch Crankshaft position sensor (REF) Ornnect and lock the connectors to may cause the system to lighton.	MT
* FIBS : To MISS	AÏĪ
4 2 8 8 8 8 4 4 2 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	FA
	RA
alve alve	BR
switch RH sensor LH switch r models) r walve	ST
Power steering oil pressure switch front heated oxygen sensor RH ignition coil No. 1 Ignition coil No. 3 Canister purge control valve Ignition coil No. 5 Throttle position switch Throttle position sensor IACV-FICD solenoid valve-2 IACV-FICD solenoid valve-1 Tro (Fi3) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE Injector No. 2 Engine ground Injector No. 4 Injector No. 6 Condenser To (Fi3) Front heated oxygen sensor LH ignition coil No. 2 Engine coolant temperature sensor To (Fi3) Front heated oxygen sensor LH ignition coil No. 2 Injector No. 6 Condenser The (Fi3) Front heated oxygen sensor LH ignition coil No. 2 Injector No. 6 Injector No. 6 Condenser To (Fi3) Front heated oxygen sensor (AT mode) Front heated oxygen sensor Intake air temperature sensor Dropping resistor To (Fi3) To (Fi3) To (Fi3) To (Fi3) To (Fi3) Front engine mounting EVAP canister purge control solon Revolution sensor (AT mode) Vehicle speed sensor Absolute pressure sensor Inhibitor switch Inhibitor switch Inhibitor switch	R\$
Power steering oil pressure sersor ignition coil No. 1 Ignition coil No. 3 Canister purge control valve ignition coil No. 5 Throttle position switch Throttle position sensor IACV-FICD solenoid valve-2 IACV-AAC valve EGR temperature sensor IACV-FICD solenoid valve-1 To (Fi3) Camshaft position sensor (Pl Injector No. 2 Engine ground Injector No. 4 Injector No. 6 Condenser To (Fi3) EGRC-solenoid valve Thermal transmitter Engine coolant temperature sensor Ionition coil No. 6 Gondenser To (Fi3) Front heated oxygen sensor Ignition coil No. 6 Ignition coil No. 6 Ignition coil No. 6 Ignition coil No. 7 Intake air temperature senso Dropping resistor To (Fi3) To (Fi3) To (Fi3) Front engine mounting EVAP canister purge control Revolution sensor (AT mode EVAP canister purge sensor Absolute pressure sensor Absolute pressure sensor Inhibitor switch Inhibitor switch Inhibitor switch	BŢ
Power steering Front heated or Ignition coil No Ignition coil No Canister purge Ignition coil No Throttle position Throttle position Throttle position Throttle position Throttle position IACV-FICD sole IACV-FICD sole IACV-FICD sole Injector No. 2 Engine ground Injector No. 2 Engine ground Injector No. 4 Injector No. 6 Condenser To (Fizi) EGRC-solenoid Thermal transmengine coolant To (Fizi) EGRC-solenoid Thermal transmengine coil No Ignition soil No Ignition soil No Neutral and rew Mass air flow solutake air temp Dropping resist To (Eizi) To (Eizi) Front engine m EVAP canister Revolution sent Terminal cord a Vehicle speed subsolute press MAP/BARO sw Inhibitor switch EGRC-solenoic	XA
EFFERERERERERERERERERERERERERERERERERER	EL
m m m m r r r r g r 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	[DX

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EL-291

1445

Body Harness



Body Harness (Cont'd)

To high-mounted stop lamp sub-harness (Models equipped with rear air spoller) *: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the system to light up the MIL as an open High-mounted stop lamp (Models without rear air spoiler) Rear speaker RH (Models equipped with 6 speakers) Rear speaker RH (Models equipped with 4 speakers) Rear speaker LH (Models equipped with 4 speakers) Rear speaker LH (Models equipped with 6 speakers) Trunk lid key cylinder switch and tamper switch EVAP canister vent control valve Vacuum cut valve bypass valve Trunk lid combination lamp LH Trunk lid combination lamp RH Fuef tank pressure sensor Trunk room lamp switch Rear window defogger Rear door switch LH Rear door switch RH Telephone pre wire Trunk room tamp Dropping resistor Not used circuit detection. E4 * BEI E4 * D4 E4 E4 F4 Rear heated oxygen sensor To power seat harness RH To power seat harness LH Fuel pump control module Heated seat switch RH Seat belt buckle switch Heated seat switch LH Front door switch RH Front door switch LH Parking brake switch Fuel tank gauge unit Heated seat RH Fuse block (J/B) Heated seat LH Fuse block (J/B) Body ground Body ground Fuel pump 70 (PM) 70 (BS1)

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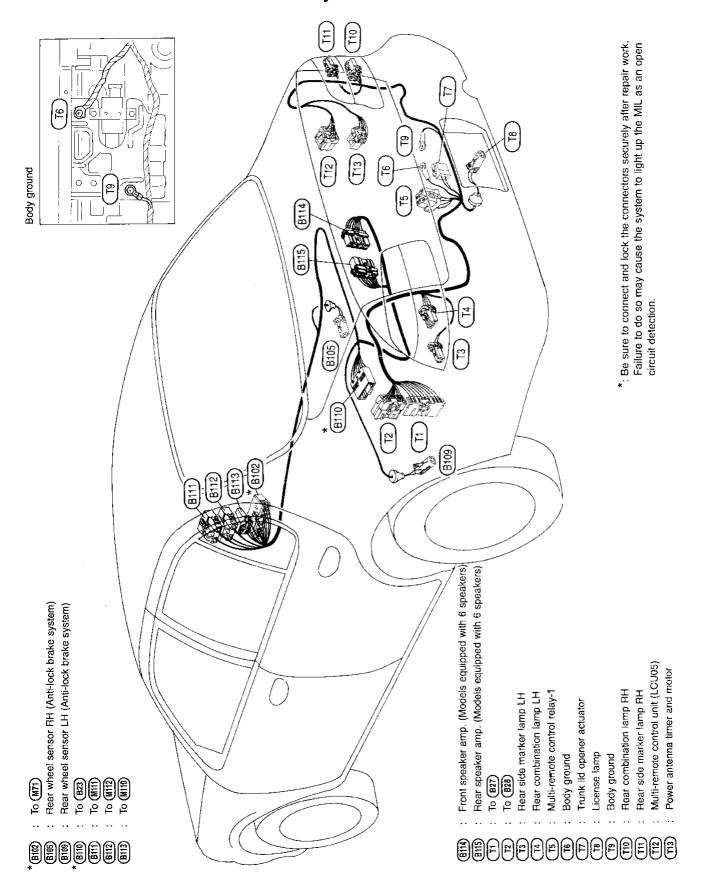
Sī

RS

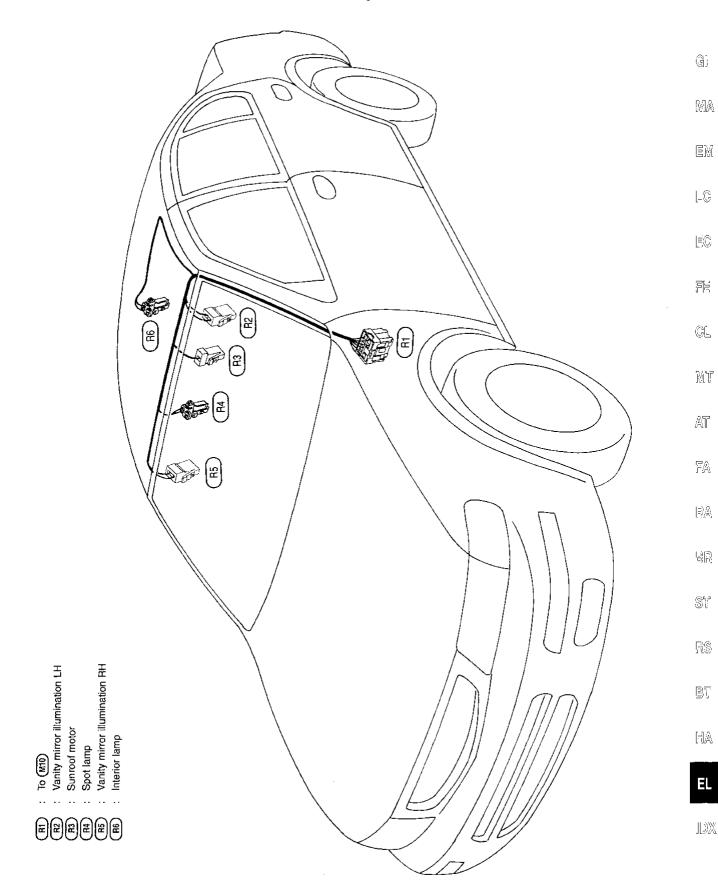
BT

HA

Body No. 2 Harness and Tail Harness



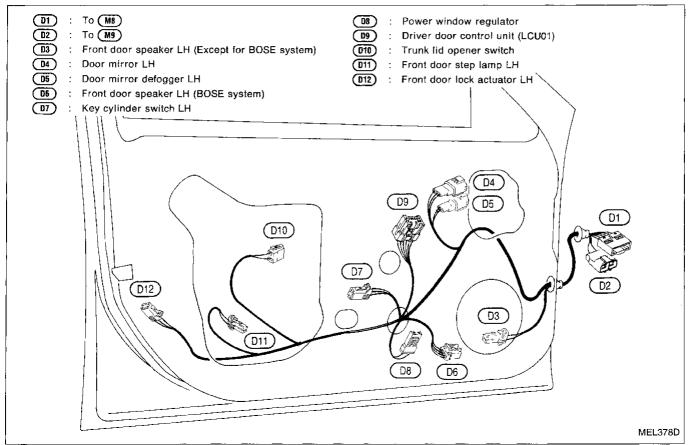
Room Lamp Harness



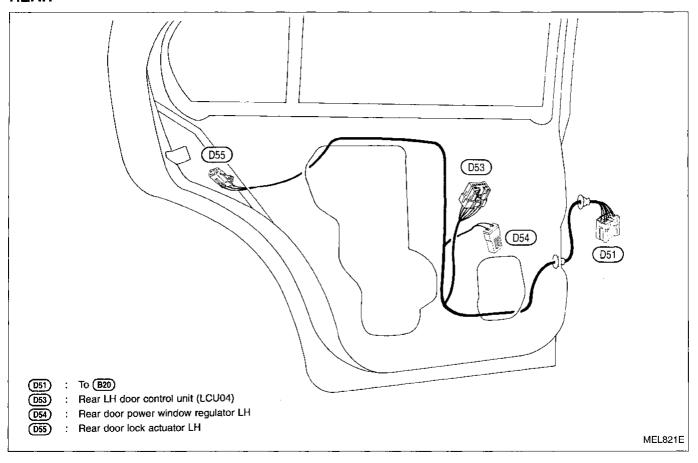
MEL818E

FRONT

Door Harness (LH side)

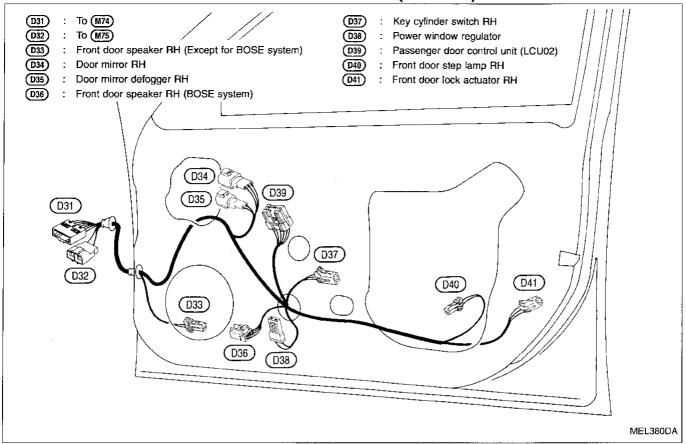


REAR

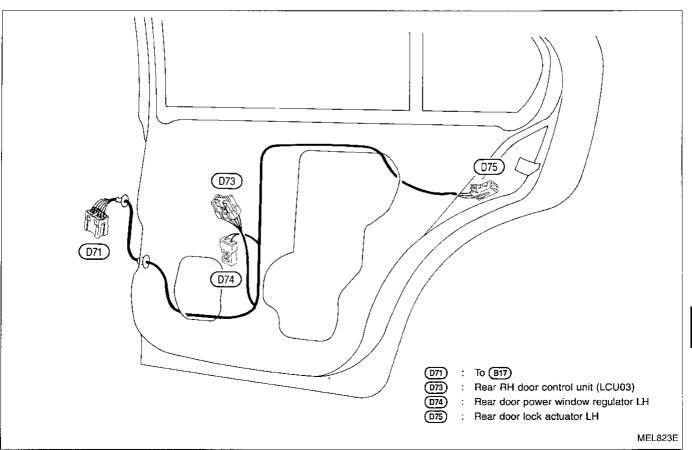


FRONT

Door Harness (RH side)



REAR



EL-297 1451

Gl

MA

LC

EC

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C[_

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a AT

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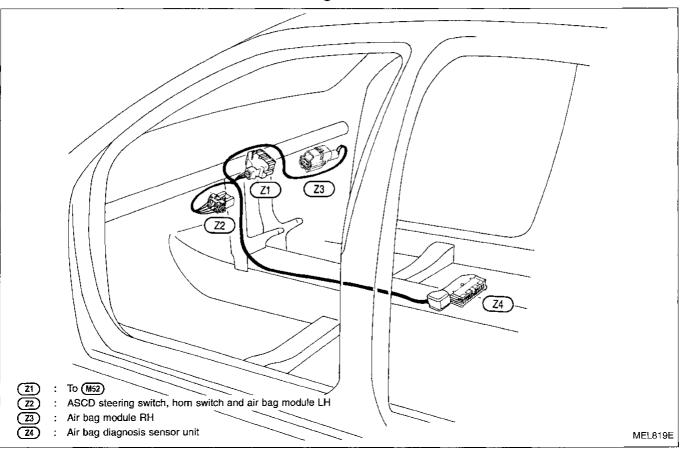
RS

BT

HA

EL

Air Bag Harness



EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD	
E5/E30	ABS CONTROL ACTUATOR	E63	BR-ABS	
	ASCD HOLD RELAY	E58, E59	EL-ASCD	
	BRAKE FLUID LEVEL SWITCH	E1	EL-WARN	_
	CLEARANCE LAMP LH	E6	EL-TAIL/L	
	CLEARANCE LAMP RH	E44	EL-TAIL/L	
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-1	E26	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M	
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-2	E27	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M	
	COOLING FAN RELAY-1	E54	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M	
	COOLING FAN RELAY-2	E56	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M	
	COOLING FAN RELAY-3	E62	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A HA-A/C, M	
	CORNERING LAMP LH	E6	EL-CORNER	
	CORNERING LAMP RH	E44	EL-CORNER	_
	CORNERING LAMP RELAY	E69	EL-CORNER	
	DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT	E66	EL-DTRL	
	FRONT FOG LAMP LH	E21	EL-F/FOG	
	FRONT FOG LAMP RH	E34	EL-F/FOG	_
	FRONT FOG LAMP SWITCH	E113	EL-F/FOG	_
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP LH	E22	EL-TURN	
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP RH	E32	EL-TURN	_
	FRONT WIPER SWITCH	E112	EL-WIPER EL-TIME	
	HEADLAMP LH	E24	EL/H/LAMP EL-DTRL EL-THEFT	
	HEADLAMP RH	E31	EL-H/LAMP EL-THEFT	_
	HOOD SWITCH	E19	EL-THEFT	_
	THEFT WARNING HORN RELAY-1	E68	EL-MULTI EL-THEFT	_
	THEFT WARNING HORN RELAY-2	E70	EL-MULTI EL-THEFT	
	TRIPLE-PRESSURE SWITCH	E25	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A	_
	WASHER LEVEL SWITCH	E45	EL-WARN	_
	FRONT WIPER RELAY	E75	EL-WIPER	
	A/C AUTO AMP (In BCM)	M98	HA-AC, A	
E35	ALTERNATOR	E37	EL-CHARGE	
E115	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT LH WHEEL SENSOR)	E17	BR-ABS	_
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT RH WHEEL SENSOR)	M102	BR-ABS	
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR LH WHEEL SENSOR)	B109	BR-ABS	
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR RH WHEEL SENSOR)	B105	BR-ABS	
M13/M73	ABS CONTROL UNIT	E114	BR-ABS	
	A/T DEVICE (OD CONTROL SWITCH)	M62	AT-A/T	_
	A/T DEVICE (PARK POSITION SWITCH)	M62	AT-SHIFT	_ [
	A/T DEVICE (SHIFT LOCK SOLENOID)	M62	AT-SHIFT	
	ACCESSORY RELAY	M1	EL-POWER	
	ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH	M17	EL-ASCD	_
	ASCD CONTROL UNIT	M30	EL-ASCD	_

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EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD
M13/M73	ASCD MAIN SWITCH	M27	EL-ASCD
	ASHTRAY ILLUMINATION	M46	EL-ILL
	AUDIO AMP RELAY	M79	EL-AUDIO
	BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE)	M105	EL-COMM
	BLOWER RELAY	M1	EL-POWER
	CIGARETTE LIGHTER SOCKET	M45	EL-HORN
	CLOCK	M59	EL-HORN
	CLOCK (ILLUMINATION)	M59	EL-ILL
	CLUTCH INTERLOCK SWITCH	M16	EL-START
	COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT	M34	EL-TURN
	COMBINATION METER (AIR BAG)	M82	RS-SRS EL-WARN
	COMBINATION METER (FUEL GAUGE)	M84	EL-METER
	COMBINATION METER (HIGH BEAM INDICATOR)	M83	EL-H/LAMP EL-DTRL
	COMBINATION METER (SPEEDOMETER)	M82, M8	AT-A/T EL-METER EL-ASCD
	COMBINATION METER (TACHOMETER)	M82, M8	EL-METER
	COMBINATION METER (TURN)	M83	EL-TURN
	COMBINATION METER (WATER TEMP GAUGE)	M82	EL-METER
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR CONSULT	M2	EC-MIL AT-A/T BR-ABS RS-SRS EL-COMM
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M63	EC-MIL
	DOOR MIRROR REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH	M26	EL-MIRROR
	FAN CONTROL AMP.	M57	HA-AC, A
	FRONT WIPER MOTOR	M101	EL-WIPER
	GLOVE BOX LAMP SWITCH	M55	EL-ILL
	IGNITION RELAY	M1	EL-POWER
	ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH	M32	EL-ILL EL-I/MIRROR
	INTAKE DOOR MOTOR	M69	HA-A/C, A
	MODE DOOR MOTOR	M38	HA-A/C, A
	PUSH CONTROL UNIT	M40	HA-A/C, A
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH	M60	EL-DEF EL-TIME
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH (INDI- CATOR LAMP)	M60	EL-DEF
	SUN ROOF RELAY	M7	EL-SROOF
	IACV-FICD SOLENOID VALVE-2	F9	EC-FICD
	DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER LH	D5	EL-DEF
	DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER RH	D35	EL-DEF
	DRIVER DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU01)	D9	EL-COMM EL-STEP/L
	DRIVER SIDE KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	D7	EL-THEFT
	PASSENGER SIDE KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	D37	L EL-THEFT

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EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD
M13/M73	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D12	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT EL-TIME EL-MULTI
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D41	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT EL-MULTI
	FRONT DOOR SPEAKER LH	D6	EL-AUDIO
	FRONT DOOR SPEAKER RH	D36	EL-AUDIO
	PASSENGER DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU02)	D39	EL-COMM EL-STEP/L
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT DOOR SPEAKER AND TWEETER LH)	M11, D6	EL-AUDIO
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT DOOR SPEAKER AND TWEETER RH)	M72, D36	EL-AUDIO
	TRUNK LID OPENER SWITCH	D10	EL-TLID EL-MULTI
	SPOT LAMP	R4	EL-INT/L
	VANITY MIRROR ILLUMINATION LH	R2	EL-ILL
	VANITY MIRROR ILLUMINATION RH	R5	EL-ILL
	AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT	Z 4	RS-SRS
F18/F19	A/T CONTROL UNIT	F103	AT-A/T
	CONDENSER	F22	EC-IGN/SG
	ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE)	F101	EC-MAIN AT-A/T
	IACV-FICD SOLENOID VALVE-1	F12	EC-FICD
	IGNITION COIL NO. 1	F3	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 2	F31	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 3	F4	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 4	F30	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 5	F6	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 6	F29	EC-IGN/SG
	INHIBITOR SWITCH	F51	EL-START EL-ASCD
	NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH	F32	EC-PNP/SW
	POWER STEERING OIL PRESSURE SWITCH	F1	EC-PST/SW
	SHIELD WIRE [CAMSHAFT POSITION SEN- SOR (PHASE)]	F15	EC-PHASE
	SHIELD WIRE [CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)]	F112	EC-POS
	SHIELD WIRE [CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (REF)]	F136	EC-REF
	SHIELD WIRE FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR LH	F28	EC-FRO2LH EC-FUELLH EC-F02H-L
	SHIELD WIRE FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR RH	F2	EC-FRO2RH EC-FUELRH EC-F02H-R
	SHIELD WIRE (KNOCK SENSOR)	F122	EC-KS
	SHIELD WIRE (MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR)	F33	EC-MAFS
	SHIELD WIRE (THROTTLE POSITION SEN- SOR)	F8	EC-TPS, AT-A/T
	SHIELD WIRE (ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)	 F45	EC-AP/SEN

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EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD
F18/F19	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M63	EC-MIL
	FUEL PUMP	B21	EC-F/PUMP
	SHIELD WIRE (FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR)	B52	EC-PRE/SE
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR)	B9	EC-RR02
B16/B19	DROPPING RESISTOR	B26	EC-F/PUMP
	FRONT DOOR SWITCH LH	B18	EL-MULTI EL-TIME RS-SRS EL-ROOM L EL-D/LOCK EL-WINDOW
	FRONT DOOR SWITCH RH	B15	EL-D/LOCK
	FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT	B22	EL-METER EL-WARN EC-FTS
	FUEL PUMP CONTROL MODULE	B25	EC-FPCM EC-F/PUMP
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH LH	B11	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH RH	B12	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT LH	B8	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT RH	B13	EL-HSEAT
	TELEPHONE (TELEPHONE PRE WIRE)	B54	EC-PHONE
T6/T9	HIGH-MOUNTED STOP LAMP (With rear air spoiler)	B29	EL-STOP/L
	HIGH-MOUNTED STOP LAMP (Without rear air spoiler)	B40	EL-STOP/L
	POWER SEAT LH	B6	EL-SEAT
	POWER SEAT RH	B14	EL-SEAT
	REAR SPEAKER LH	B37	EL-AUDIO
	REAR SPEAKER RH	B41	EL-AUDIO
	SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	В7	EL-WARN EL-TIME
	TELEPHONE PRE-WIRE	B54	EL-PHONE
	TRUNK LID COMBINATION LAMP LH	B30	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-BACK/L
	TRUNK LID COMBINATION LAMP RH	B33	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-BACK/L
	TRUNK LID KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	B32	EL-THEFT
	TRUNK ROOM LAMP SWITCH	B31	EL-INT/L EL-THEFT
	REAR LH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU04)	D53	EL-CONN
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH	D55	EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	REAR RH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU03)	D73	EL-COMM
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH	D75	EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH RH	B12	EL-HSEAT
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER	B35	EL-DEF
	MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL UNIT (LCU05)	T12	EL-COMM
	POWER ANTENNA TIMER	T13	EL-P/ANT
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP LH	T4	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-TURN
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP RH	T10	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-TURN