AUTOMATIC TRANSAXLE

SECTION AT

CONTENTS

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX	
Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC	
PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION	3
Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR	
	3
Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD)	
System of A/T and Engine	3
Precautions	4
Service Notice or Precautions	5
Special Service Tools	7
Commercial Service Tools	10
OVERALL SYSTEM	
A/T Electrical Parts Location	11
Circuit Diagram for Quick Pinpoint Check	12
Wiring Diagram — AT —	13
Cross-sectional View	20
Hydraulic Control Circuit	21
Shift Mechanism	22
Control System	31
Control Mechanism	33
Control Valve	38
ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM	
DESCRIPTION	39
Introduction	39
OBD-II Function for A/T System	39
One or Two Trip Detection Logic of OBD-II	
OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)	
Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)	
CONSULT	43
Diagnostic Procedure without CONSULT	50
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction	54
Introduction	54
Diagnostic Worksheet	55
Work Flow	58
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection	59
A/T Fluid Check	
Stall Test	59
Pressure Test	62
Road Test	63

${\bf TROUBLE\ DIAGNOSISGeneral\ Description} \dots$	74
Symptom Chart	
TCM Terminals and Reference Value	77
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR POWER SUPPLY	8
Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0705	82
Inhibitor Switch	82
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0710	8
A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor	8
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0720	90
Vehicle Speed Sensor·A/T (Revolution sensor)	90
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0725	93
Engine Speed Signal	93
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0731	96
A/T 1st Gear Function	96
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0732	101
A/T 2nd Gear Function	10
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0733	106
A/T 3rd Gear Function	106
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0734	1 1
A/T 4th Gear Function	11 ⁻
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0740	119
Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve	119
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0744	
A/T TCC S/V Function (Lock-up)	120
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0745	130
Line Pressure Solenoid Valve	130
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0750	134
Shift Solenoid Valve A	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P0755	
Shift Solenoid Valve B	138
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1705	142
Throttle Position Sensor	142
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC P1760	148
Overrun Clutch Solenoid Valve	148
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR BATT/FLUID TEMP	
SEN	152
A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor Circuit and TCM	
Power Source	152

CONTENTS (Cont'd)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR VHCL SPEED	Diagnostic Procedure182	
SEN·MTR 156	Key Interlock Cable184	
Vehicle Speed Sensor·MTR156	Component Check185	Gl
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS159	ON-VEHICLE SERVICE187	QIII
1. O/D OFF Indicator Lamp Does Not Come On159	Control Valve Assembly and Accumulator187	
Engine Cannot Be Started In "P" and "N"	Revolution Sensor Replacement188	MA
Position160	Inhibitor Switch Adjustment188	
3. In "P" Position, Vehicle Moves Forward Or	Control Cable Adjustment189	CD 6
Backward When Pushed160	Differential Side Oil Seal Replacement189	
4. In "N" Position, Vehicle Moves161	REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION190	
5. Large Shock. "N" → "R" Position162	Removal190	LC
6. Vehicle Does Not Creep Backward In "R"	Installation191	IL.
Position163	MAJOR OVERHAUL193	
7. Vehicle Does Not Creep Forward In "D", "2"	Locations of Adjusting Shims, Needle Bearings,	EC
Or "1" Position164	Thrust Washers and Snap Rings196	
8. Vehicle Cannot Be Started From D ₁ 165	Oil Channel197	
9. A/T Does Not Shift: $D_1 \rightarrow D_2$ Or Does Not	DISASSEMBLY198	FE
Kickdown: $D_4 \rightarrow D_2$ 166	REPAIR FOR COMPONENT PARTS212	
10. A/T Does Not Shift: $D_2 \rightarrow D_3$ 167	Manual Shaft212	@∏
11. A/T Does Not Shift: $D_3 \rightarrow D_4$ 168	Oil Pump214	CL
12. A/T Does Not Perform Lock-up169	Control Valve Assembly218	
13. A/T Does Not Hold Lock-up Condition170	Control Valve Upper Body226	MT
14. Lock-up Is Not Released170	Control Valve Lower Body230	000 0
Engine Speed Does Not Return To Idle (Light	Reverse Clutch232	
Braking $D_4 \rightarrow D_3$)171	High Clutch235	AT
16. Vehicle Does Not Start From D ₁ 172	Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch239	
17. A/T Does Not Shift: $D_4 \rightarrow D_3$, When	Low & Reverse Brake245	r= ∧
Overdrive Control Switch "ON" → "OFF"172	Rear Internal Gear, Forward Clutch Hub and	FA
18. A/T Does Not Shift: $D_3 \rightarrow 2_2$, When Selector	Overrun Clutch Hub247	
Lever "D" → "2" Position173	Output Shaft, Idler Gear, Reduction Pinion Gear	RA
19. A/T Does Not Shift: $2_2 \rightarrow 1_1$, When Selector	and Bearing Retainer251	II U Z∕3
Lever "2" → "1" Position173	Band Servo Piston Assembly256	
20. Vehicle Does Not Decelerate By Engine	Final Drive261	BR
Brake174	ASSEMBLY 265	
21. TCM Self-diagnosis Does Not Activate	Assembly 1265	95
(Inhibitor, Overdrive Control and Throttle	Adjustment 1265	ST
Position Switch Circuit Checks)174	Assembly 2270	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES — A/T SHIFT LOCK	Adjustment 2276	R\$
SYSTEM180	Assembly 3278	עפשונו
Description180	SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)284	
Shift Lock System Electrical Parts Location180	General Specifications284	BT
Wiring Diagram — SHIFT —181	Specifications and Adjustments284	

When you read wiring diagrams:

Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
See EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit.
When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

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DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE INDEX

Alphabetical & P No. Index for DTC P NO. INDEX FOR DTC

ALPHABETICAL INDEX FOR DTC

Items	DTC		Reference	,	DTC		ltems	Reference
(CONSULT screen terms)	ECM*1	CONSULT GST*2	page		CONSULT GST*2	ECM*1	(CONSULT screen terms)	page
A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	1103	P0731	AT-96		P0705	1101	INHIBITOR SW/CIRC	AT-82
A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	1104	P0732	AT-101		P0710	1208	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	AT-86
A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	1105	P0733	AT-106		P0720	1102	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*4	AT-90
A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	1106	P0734	AT-111		P0725	1207	ENGINE SPEED SIG*4	AT-93
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	1 107	P0744	AT-123		P0731	1103	A/T 1ST GR FNCTN	AT-96
ENGINE SPEED SIG*4	1207	P0725	AT-93		P0732	1104	A/T 2ND GR FNCTN	AT-101
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	1208	P0710	AT-86		P0733	1105	A/T 3RD GR FNCTN	AT-106
INHIBITOR SW/CIRC	1101	P0705	AT-82		P0734	1106	A/T 4TH GR FNCTN	AT-111
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	1205	P0745	AT-130		P0740	1204	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	AT-119
O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	1203	P1760	AT-148		P0744	1107	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	AT-123
SFT SOL A/CIRC*3	1108	P0750	AT-134		P0745	1205	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	AT-130
SFT SOL B/CIRC*3	1201	P0755	AT-138		P0750	1108	SFT SOL A/CIRC*3	AT-134
TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3	1206	P1705	AT-142		P0755	1201	SFT SOL B/CIRC*3	AT-138
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	1204	P0740	AT-119		P1705	1206	TP SEN/CIRC A/T*3	AT-142
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*4	1102	P0720	AT-90		P1760	1203	O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC	AT-148

^{*1:} In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), these numbers are controlled by NISSAN.

^{*2:} These numbers are prescribed by SAE J2012.

^{*3:} When the fail-safe operation occurs, the MIL illuminates.

^{*4:} The MIL illuminates after TCM enters the fail-safe mode in two consecutive trips, if both the "Revolution sensor" and the "Engine speed signal" meet the fail-safe condition at the same time.

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "AIR BAG", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. In addition to the supplemental air bags for a frontal collision, the supplemental side air bag used along with the seat belt helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a side collision. The supplemental side air bag consists of air bag modules (located in the outer side of front seats), satellite sensor, diagnosis sensor unit (which is one of components of supplemental air bags for a frontal collision), wiring harness, warning lamp (which is one of components of supplemental air bags for a frontal collision). Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** in this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified with yellow harness protector or yellow insulation tape before the harness connectors.

Precautions for On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of A/T and Engine

The ECM (ECCS control module) has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

CAUTION

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative battery terminal before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will
 cause the MIL to light up due to an open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease,
 dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. Interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to a short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube
 may cause the MIL to light up due to a malfunction of the EGR system or fuel injection system,
 etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the TCM or ECM before returning the vehicle to the customer.







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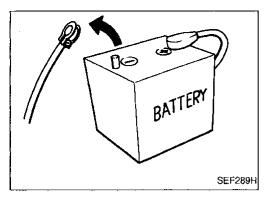
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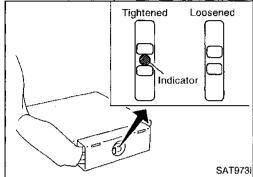
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RS



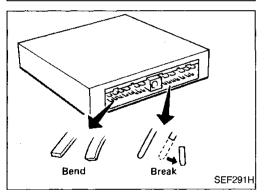
Precautions

 Before connecting or disconnecting the TCM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect negative battery terminal. Failure to do so may damage the TCM. Because battery voltage is applied to TCM even if ignition switch is turned off.



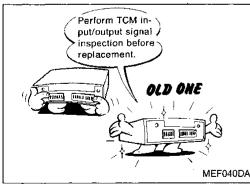
When connecting TCM harness connector, tighten securing bolt until the orange indicator appears.

e : 3.0 - 5.0 N·m (0.3 - 0.5 kg-m, 26 - 43 in-lb)

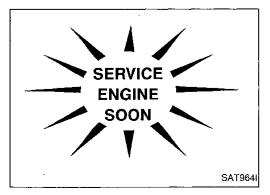


 When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from TCM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on TCM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.



 Before replacing TCM, perform TCM input/output signal inspection and make sure whether TCM functions properly or not. (See page AT-77.)



 After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform "DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE".

The DTC should not be displayed in the "DTC CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE" if the repair is completed.

Precautions (Cont'd)

- Before proceeding with disassembly, thoroughly clean the outside of the transaxle. It is important to prevent the internal parts from becoming contaminated by dirt or other foreign matter.
- Disassembly should be done in a clean work area.
- Use lint-free cloth or towels for wiping parts clean. Common shop rags can leave fibers that could interfere with the operation of the transaxle.
- Place disassembled parts in order for easier and proper assembly.
- All parts should be carefully cleaned with a general purpose, non-flammable solvent before inspection or reassembly.
- Gaskets, seals and O-rings should be replaced any time the transaxle is disassembled.
- It is very important to perform functional tests whenever they are indicated.
- The valve body contains precision parts and requires extreme care when parts are removed and serviced.
 Place disassembled valve body parts in order for easier and proper assembly. Care will also prevent springs and small parts from becoming scattered or lost.
- Properly installed valves, sleeves, plugs, etc. will slide along bores in valve body under their own weight.
- Before assembly, apply a coat of recommended ATF to all parts. Apply petroleum jelly to protect O-rings and seals, or hold bearings and washers in place during assembly. Do not use grease.
- Extreme care should be taken to avoid damage to O-rings, seals and gaskets when assembling.
- Replace ATF cooler if excessive foreign material is found in oil pan or clogging strainer. Refer to "ATF COOLER SERVICE" (Refer to AT-6).
- After overhaul, refill the transmission with new ATF.
- When the A/T drain plug is removed, only some of the fluid is drained. Old A/T fluid will remain in torque converter and ATF cooling system.
 - Always follow the procedures under "Changing A/T Fluid" in the MA section when changing A/T fluid.

Service Notice or Precautions

FAIL-SAFE

The TCM has an electronic Fail-Safe (limp home mode). This allows the vehicle to be driven even if a major electrical input/output device circuit is damaged.

Under Fail-Safe, the vehicle always runs in third gear, even with a shift lever position of "1", "2" or "D". The customer may complain of sluggish or poor acceleration.

When the ignition key is turned "ON" following Fail-Safe operation, O/D OFF indicator lamp blinks for about 8 seconds. (For "TCM SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (No Tools)", refer to AT-50.)

Fail-Safe may occur without electrical circuit damage if the vehicle is driven under extreme conditions (such as excessive wheel spin followed by sudden braking). To recover normal shift pattern, turn the ignition key "OFF" for 5 seconds, then "ON".

The blinking of the O/D OFF indicator lamp for about 8 seconds will appear only once and be cleared. The BR customer may resume normal driving conditions.

Always follow the "WORK FLOW" (Refer to AT-58).

The SELF-DIAGNOSIS results will be as follows:

The first SELF-DIAGNOSIS will indicate damage to the vehicle speed sensor or the revolution sensor. During the next SELF-DIAGNOSIS, performed after checking the sensor, no damages will be indicated.

TORQUE CONVERTER SERVICE

The torque converter should be replaced under any of the following conditions:

- External leaks in the hub weld area.
- Converter hub is scored or damaged.
- Converter pilot is broken, damaged or fits poorly into crankshaft.
- Steel particles are found after flushing the cooler and cooler lines.
- Pump is damaged or steel particles are found in the converter.
- Vehicle has TCC shudder and/or no TCC apply. Replace only after all hydraulic and electrical diagnoses have been made. (Converter clutch material may be glazed.)
- Converter is contaminated with engine coolant containing antifreeze.
- Internal failure of stator roller clutch.
- Heavy clutch debris due to overheating (blue converter).
- Steel particles or clutch lining material found in fluid filter or on magnet when no internal parts in unit are worn or damaged — indicates that lining material came from converter.

The torque converter should not be replaced if:

- The oil has an odor, is discolored, and there is no evidence of metal or clutch facing particles.
- The threads in one or more of the converter bolt holes are damaged.

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AT-5

Service Notice or Precautions (Cont'd)

- Transaxle failure did not display evidence of damaged or worn internal parts, steel particles or clutch plate lining material in unit and inside the fluid filter.
- Vehicle has been exposed to high mileage (only). The exception may be where the torque converter clutch dampener plate lining has seen excess wear by vehicles operated in heavy and/or constant traffic, such as taxi, delivery or police use.

ATF COOLER SERVICE

Replace ATF cooler if excessive foreign material is found in oil pan or clogging strainer.

VQ30DE engine (with RE4F04A/V) ... fin type cooler

Replace radiator lower tank (which includes ATF cooler) with a new one and flush cooler line using cleaning solvent and compressed air.

OBD-II SELF-DIAGNOSIS

- A/T self-diagnosis is performed by the TCM in combination with the ECM. The results can be read through
 the blinking pattern of the O/D OFF indicator or the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL). Refer to the table on
 AT-44 for the indicator used to display each self-diagnostic result.
- The self-diagnostic results indicated by the MIL are automatically stored in both the ECM and TCM memories.

Always perform the procedure "HOW TO ERASE DTC" on AT-41 to complete the repair and avoid unnecessary blinking of the MIL.

- The following self-diagnostic items can be detected using ECM self-diagnostic results mode* only when the O/D OFF indicator lamp does not indicate any malfunctions.
 - -Inhibitor switch
 - -A/T 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th gear function
 - -A/T TCC S/V function (lock-up)
 - *: For details of OBD-II, refer to EC section ("ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION").

Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
KV381054S0 (J34286) Puller	NT414	 Removing differential side oil seals Removing differential side bearing outer race Removing idler gear bearing outer race a: 250 mm (9.84 in) b: 160 mm (6.30 in)
ST33400001 (J26082) Drift	a b	Installing differential side oil seal (RH side) Installing oil seal on oil pump housing a: 60 mm (2.36 in) dia.
	NT086	b: 47 mm (1.85 in) dia.
ST2505S001 (J34301-C) Oil pressure gauge set ① ST25051001		Measuring line pressure.
(—) Oil pressure gauge ② ST25052000 (—) Hose		
3 ST25053000 (—) Joint pipe 4 ST25054000		
(—) Adapter ST25055000 (—) Adapter		
	NT097	Demoving idles goos
ST27180001 J25726-A) Puller		Removing idler gear
<u> </u>	NT424 C	a: 100 mm (3.94 in) b: 110 mm (4.33 in) c: M8 x 1.25P
ST23540000 J25689-A) Pin punch	a	Removing and installing parking rod plate and manual plate pins.
	NT442	a: 2.3 mm (0.091 in) dia. b: 4 mm (0.16 in) dia.
ST25710000 J25689-A) Pin punch	a	Aligning groove of manual shaft and hole of transmission case.
	NT410	a: 2 mm (0.08 in) dia.

Special Service Tools (Cont'd)				
Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description			
KV32101000 (J25689-A) Pin punch	a	Installing manual shaft retaining pin		
	NT410	a: 4 mm (0.16 in) dia.		
KV31102400 (J34285 and J34285-87) Clutch spring compressor	a a bandana a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	 Removing and installing clutch return springs Installing low and reverse brake piston 		
	NT423	a: 320 mm (12.60 in) b: 174 mm (6.85 in)		
KV40100630 (J26092) Drift	a b C	 Installing reduction gear bearing inner race Installing idler gear bearing inner race 		
	NT 107	a: 67.5 mm (2.657 in) dia. b: 44 mm (1.73 in) dia. c: 38.5 mm (1.516 in) dia.		
ST30720000 (J25405) Bearing installer		 Installing idler gear bearing outer race 		
	NT115	a: 77 mm (3.03 in) dia. b: 55.5 mm (2.185 in) dia.		
ST35321000 (—) Drift	b	 Installing output shaft bearing 		
	NT073	a: 49 mm (1.93 in) dia. b: 41 mm (1.61 in) dia.		
(J34291) Shim setting gauge set	BABAB LIMINAN	 Selecting oil pump cover bearing race and oil pump thrust washer Selecting side gear thrust washer 		
KV38100300 (J25523)	NT101	Installing differential side bearing inner race (RH side) (F04V)		
Bearing installer	NT085	a: 54 mm (2.13 in) dia. b: 46 mm (1.81 in) dia. c: 32 mm (1.26 in) dia.		
ST30613000 (J25742-3) Bearing installer	b	Installing differential side bearing inner race (LH side) (F04V)		
	NT073	a: 72 mm (2.83 in) dia. b: 48 mm (1.89 in) dia.		

Special Service Tools (Cont'd)

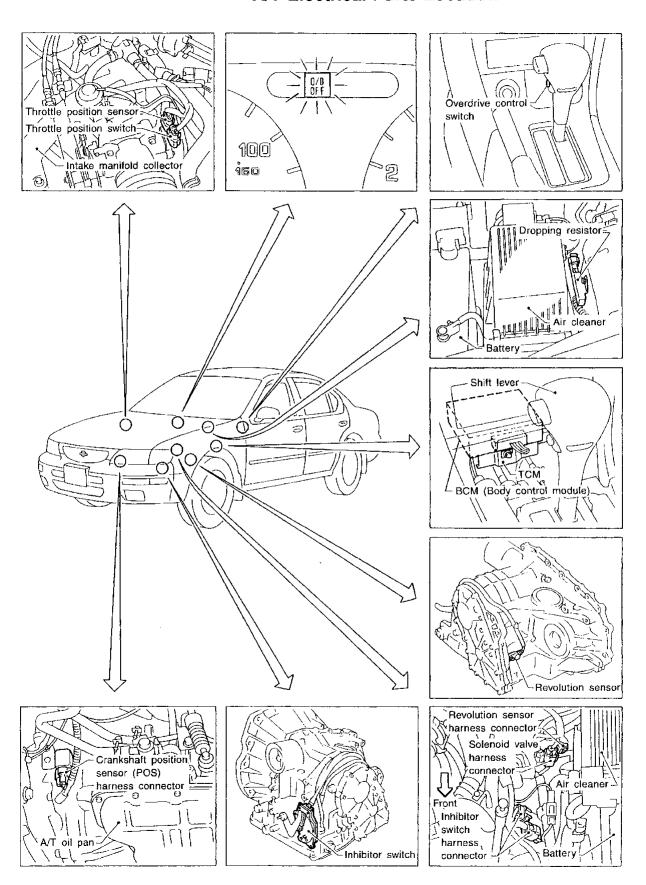
	Special Service	iodis (Cont a)	
Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description		
ST3306S001 (J22888-D) Differential side bearing puller set ① ST33051001 (J22888-D) Puller ② ST33061000 (J8107-2) Adapter	NT413	Removing differential side bearing inner race a: 38 mm (1.50 in) dia. b: 28.5 mm (1.122 in) dia. c: 130 mm (5.12 in) d: 135 mm (5.31 in) e: 100 mm (3.94 in)	
ST3127S000 (See J25765-A)		Checking differential side bearing preload	. –
Preload gauge ① GG91030000 (J25765-A)			
Torque wrench	2—————————————————————————————————————		F. C
3 HT62900000 (—) Socket adapter	NT124		.₩
ST33220000 (J25805-01) Drift		Selecting differential side bearing adjusting shim (F04V)	A
	NT085	a: 37 mm (1.46 in) dia. b: 31 mm (1.22 in) dia. c: 22 mm (0.87 in) dia.	F.
KV38105210 (J39883) Preload adapter		 Selecting differential side bearing adjusting shim (F04V) Checking differential side bearing preload 	. r.
		(F04V)	(a)
	NT075		S
ST35271000 (J26091) Drift		Installing idler gear	R
	NT115	a: 72 mm (2.83 in) dia. b: 63 mm (2.48 in) dia.	B
√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√√		 Selecting differential side bearing adjusting shim (F04A) Checking differential side bearing preload (F04A) 	
	NT087		•

Special Service Tools (Cont'd)				
Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description			
(J34290) Shim selecting tool set	NT080	Selecting differential side bearing adjusting shim		
ST33230000 (J25805-01) Drift	1610)	Installing differential side bearing		
	NT084	a: 51 mm (2.01 in) dia. b: 28.5 mm (1.122 in) dia.		

Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description		
Puller			 Removing idler gear bearing inner race Removing and installing band servo piston snap ring
Puller	NT077	a	Removing reduction gear bearing inner race
	NT411		a: 60 mm (2.36 in) dia. b: 35 mm (1.38 in) dia.
Drift		a	Installing differential side oil seal (Left side)
	NT083	<i>Y</i>	a: 90 mm (3.54 in) dia.
Drift			Installing needle bearing on bearing retainer
	NT083	*1	a: 36 mm (1.42 in) dia.
Drift			Removing needle bearing from bearing retainer
		aT Q	
	NT083	<i>y</i>	a: 33.5 mm (1.319 in) dia.

A/T Electrical Parts Location



GI

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

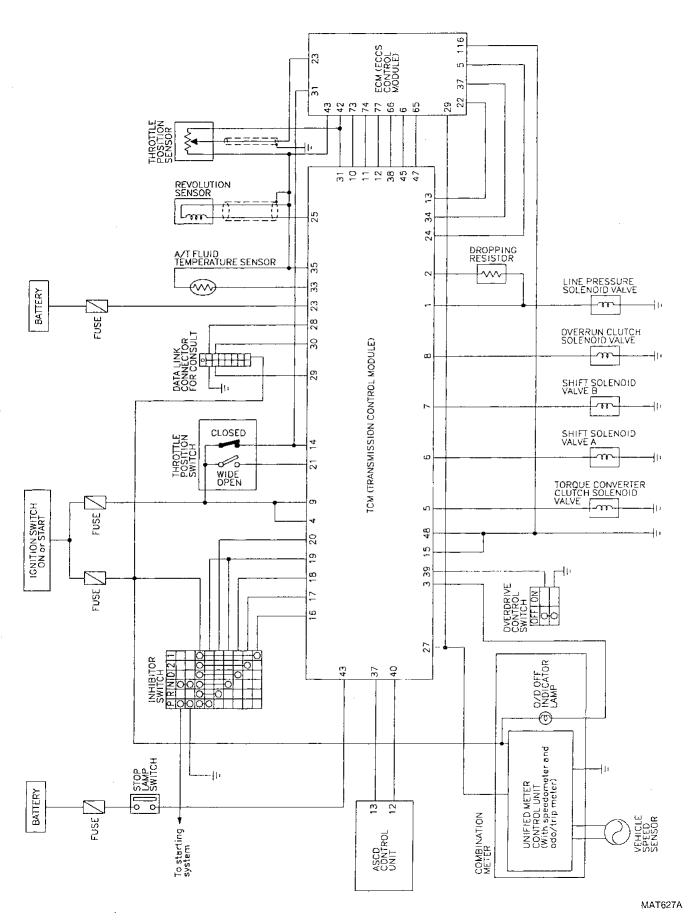
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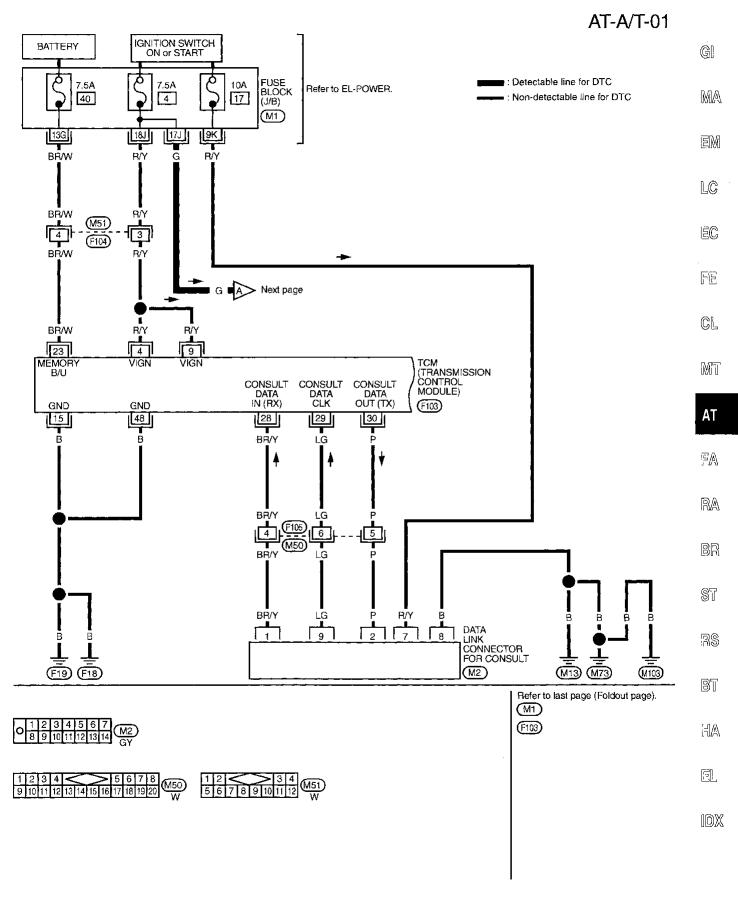
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Circuit Diagram for Quick Pinpoint Check

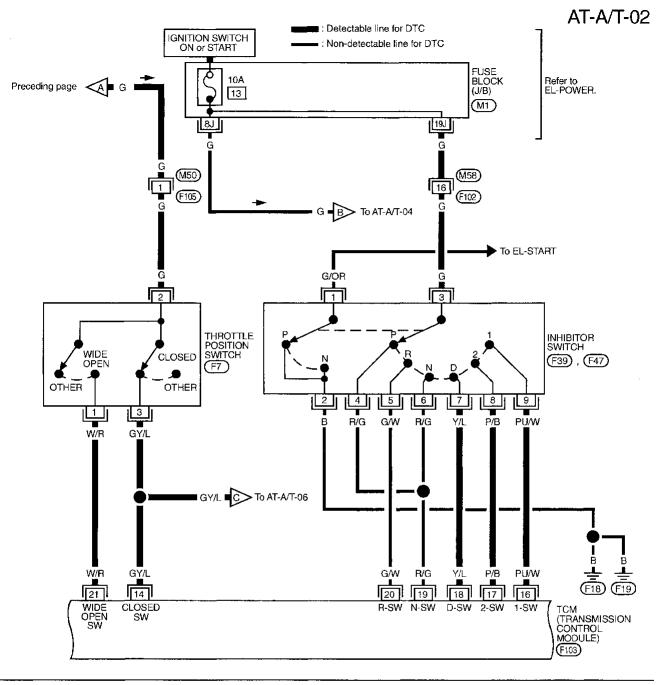


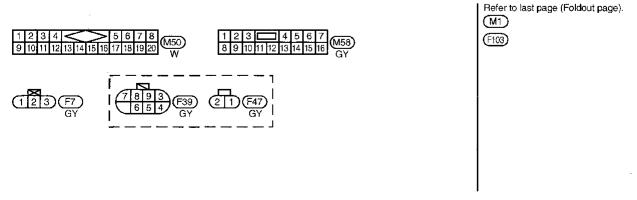
Wiring Diagram — AT —



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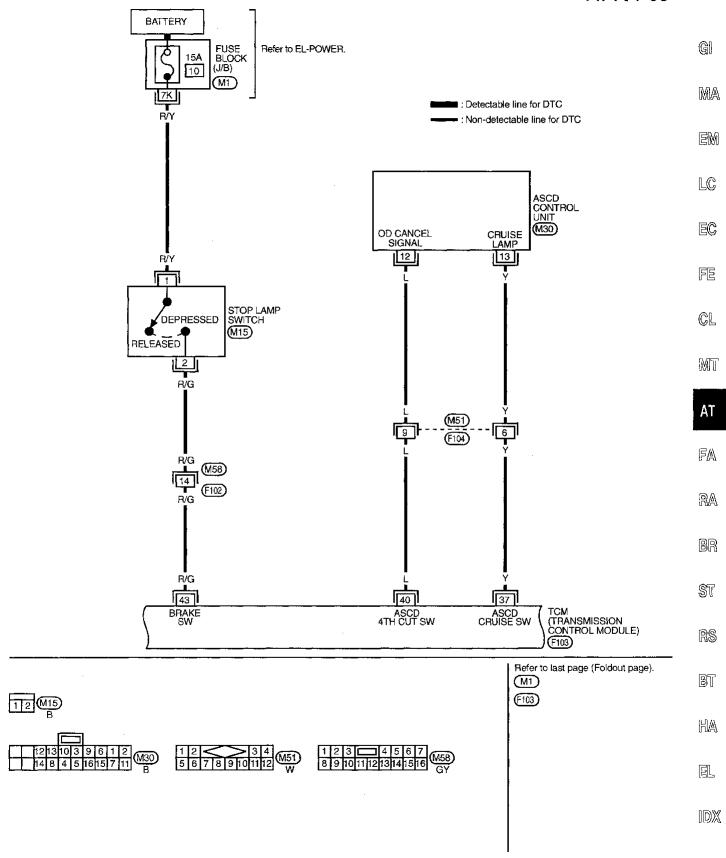
Wiring Diagram — AT — (Cont'd)





Wiring Diagram — AT — (Cont'd)

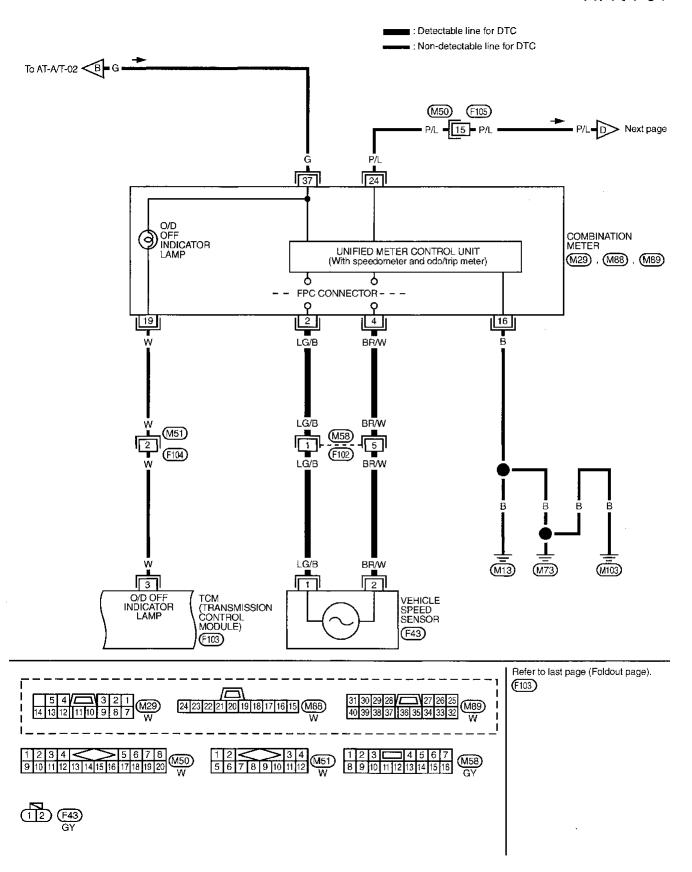
AT-A/T-03



MAT648A

Wiring Diagram — AT — (Cont'd)

AT-A/T-04



Wiring Diagram — AT — (Cont'd)

AT-A/T-05

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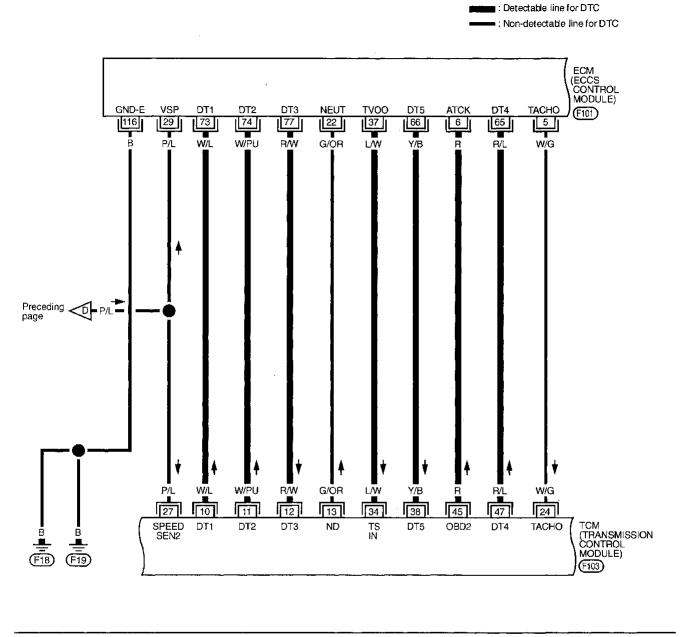
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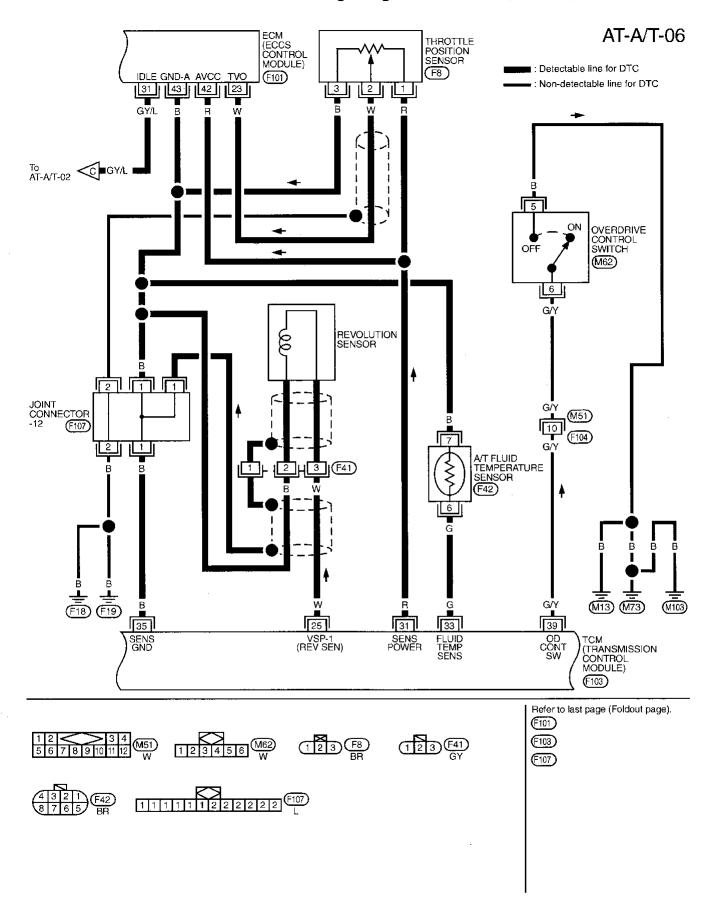
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Wiring Diagram — AT — (Cont'd)

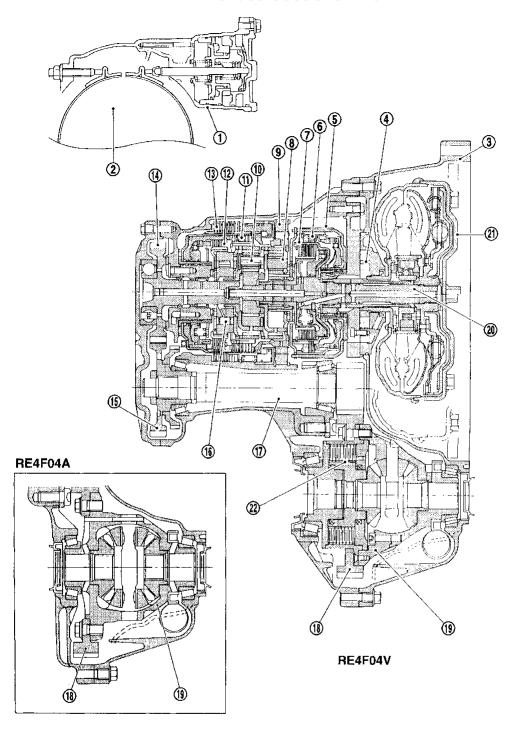


Wiring Diagram — AT — (Cont'd)

AT-A/T-07 : Detectable line for DTC : Non-detectable line for DTC GI TCM (TRANSMISSION CONTROL MODULE) MA PL DUTY SOL (DR) PL DUTY SOL (F103) OVR/C SOL SHIFT SOL B SHIFT SOL A LU DUTY SOL 8 5 6 2 LC BR/Y G/B w/B G/R LG/B R/Y EC FE DROPPING RESISTOR (F35) \mathbb{C} MT **AT** BR/Y LG/B G/B G/R F42 $\mathbb{F}\mathbb{A}$ 2 5 4 RA OVERRUN TORQUE SHIFT SHIFT CLUTCH SOLENOID VALVE SOLENOID VALVE B SOLENOID VALVE A CONVERTER CLUTCH SOLENOID PRESSURE SOLENOID VALVE BR VALVE ST RS Refer to last page (Foldout page). BT (F103) 1 2 F35 GY HA

MAT646A

Cross-sectional View



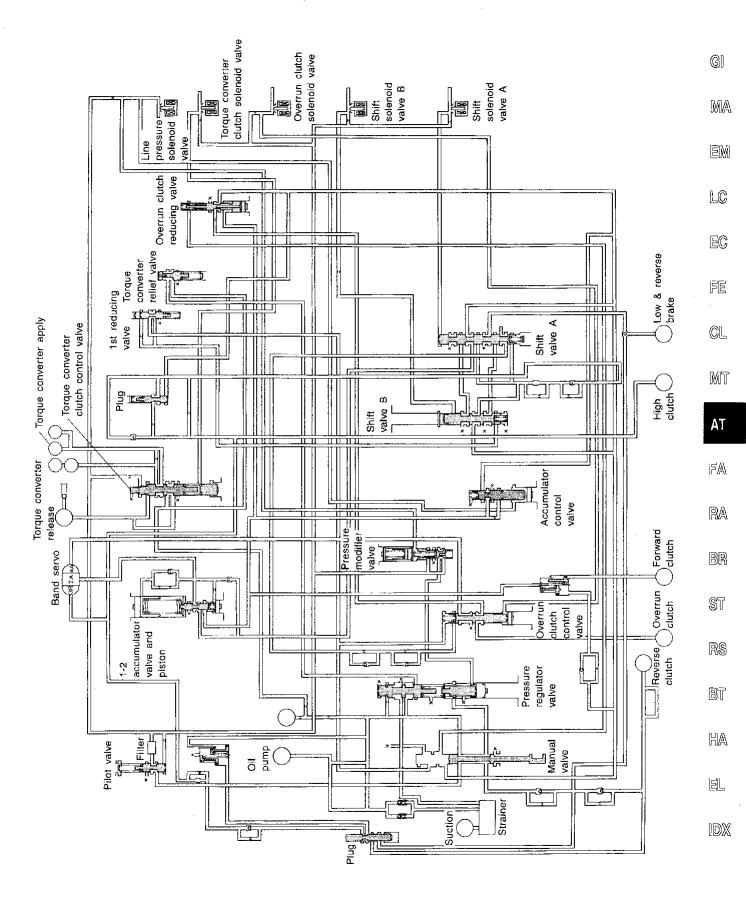
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- Band servo piston
- Reverse clutch drum
- Converter housing
- **3 4 5 6** Oil pump
- Brake band
- Reverse clutch
- Ŏ High clutch

- (8) Front planetary gear
- 9 Low one-way clutch
- Rear planetary gear 10
- Forward clutch (1)
- Overrun clutch 12
- 13 Low & reverse brake
- Output gear

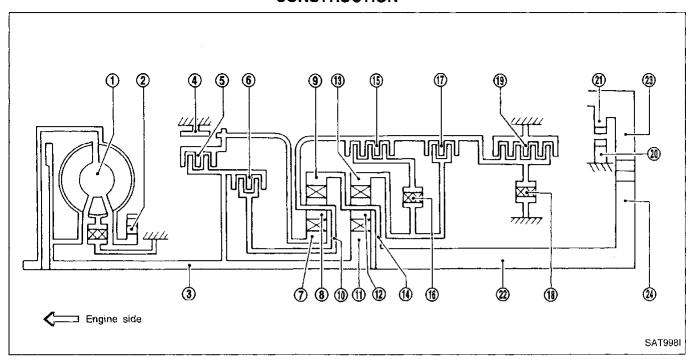
- ldler gear **(5)**
- **(16)** Forward one-way clutch
- Pinion reduction gear 17)
- Final gear 18
- Differential case
- 20 Input shaft
- **(21)** Torque converter
- Viscous coupling

Hydraulic Control Circuit



SAT407HD

Shift Mechanism CONSTRUCTION



- ① Torque converter
- ② Oil pump
- ③ Input shaft
- 4 Brake band
- ⑤ Reverse clutch
- 6 High clutch
- Front sun gear
- 8 Front pinion gear

- (9) Front internal gear
- (f) Front planetary carrier
- 1) Rear sun gear
- Rear pinion gear
- (3) Rear internal gear
- Rear planetary carrier
- Forward clutch
- (f) Forward one-way clutch

- ① Overrun clutch
- 18 Low one-way clutch
- 19 Low & reverse brake
- ② Parking pawl
- ② Parking gear
- 2 Output shaft
- ② Idle gear
- 24 Output gear

Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

POWER TRANSMISSION

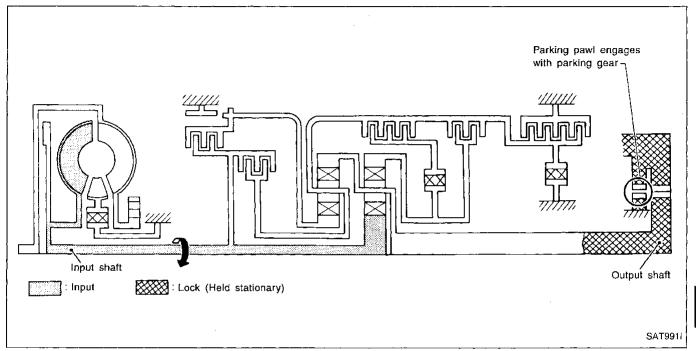
"N" and "P" positions

• "N" position

Power from the input shaft is not transmitted to the output shaft because the clutches do not operate.

• "P" position

Similar to the "N" position, the clutches do not operate. The parking pawl engages with the parking gear to mechanically hold the output shaft so that the power train is locked.



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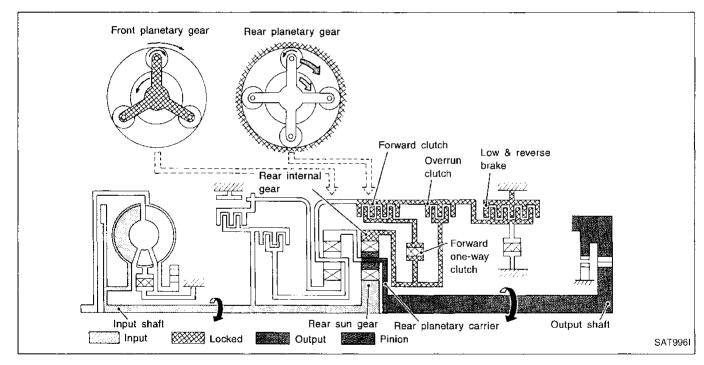
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Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

"1₁" position

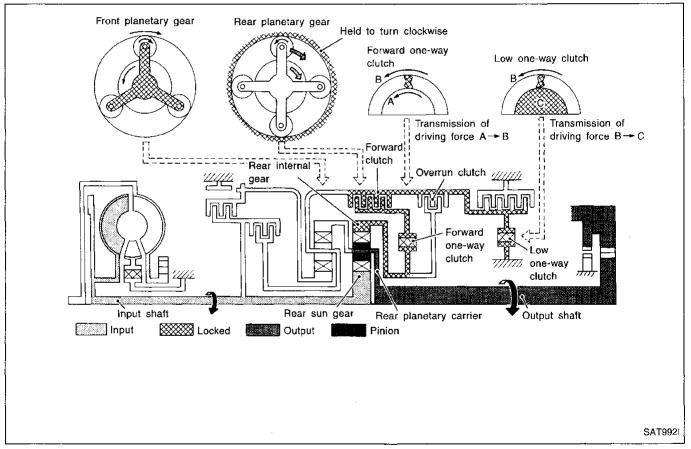
 Forward clutch Forward one-way clutch Overrun clutch Low and reverse brake 	As overrun clutch engages, rear internal gear is locked by the operation of low and reverse brake. This is different from that of D_1 and D_2 .
Engine brake	Overrun clutch always engages, therefore engine brake can be obtained when decelerating.
Power flow	Input shaft
	↓
	Rear sun gear
	Rear pinion gear
	Rear planetary carrier
	Output shaft



Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

"D₁" and "2₁" positions

Forward one-way clutchForward clutchLow one-way clutch	Rear internal gear is locked to rotate counterclockwise because of the functioning of these three clutches.
Overrun clutch engagement conditions (Engine brake)	D ₁ : Overdrive control switch "OFF" and throttle opening is less than 3/16 2 ₁ : Always engaged At D ₁ and 2 ₁ positions, engine brake is not activated due to free turning of low oneway clutch.
Power flow	Input shaft
	Rear sun gear
	Rear planetary carrier
	Output shaft



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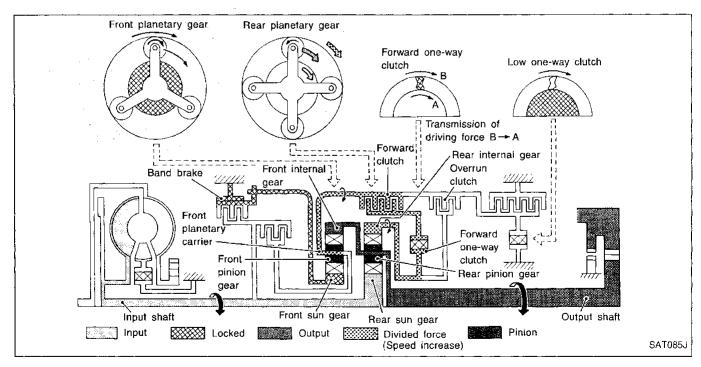
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Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

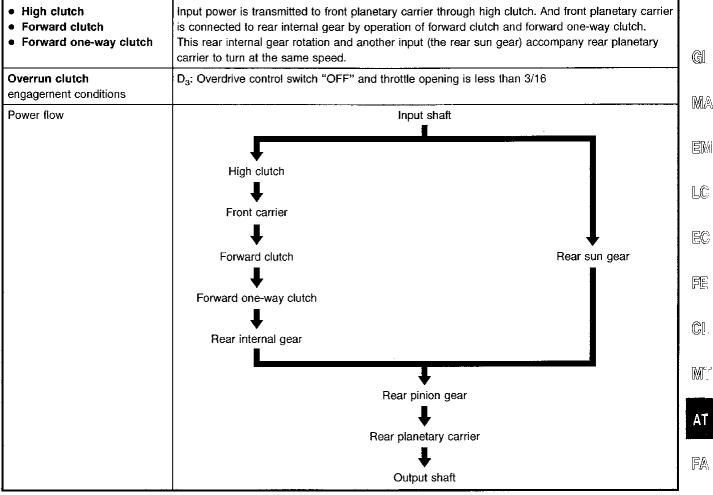
"D2", "22" and "12" positions

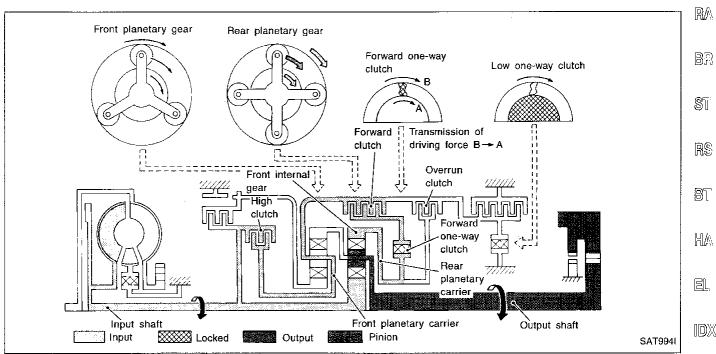
 Forward clutch Forward one-way clutch Brake band 	Rear sun gear drives rear planetary carrier and combined front internal gear. Front internal gear now rotates around front sun gear accompanying front planetary carrier. As front planetary carrier transfers the power to rear internal gear through forward clutch and forward one-way clutch, this rotation of rear internal gear increases the speed of rear planetary carrier compared with that of the 1st speed.			
Overrun clutch engagement conditions	D ₂ : Overdrive control switch "OFF" ar 2 ₂ and 1 ₂ : Always engaged	D ₂ : Overdrive control switch "OFF" and throttle opening is less than 3/16 2 ₂ and 1 ₂ : Always engaged		
Power flow	Rear sun gear Rear pinion gear Rear planetary carrier			
	Output shaft	Front internal gear		
	Front planetary carrier	Front pinion gear		
	Forward clutch	Forward one-way clutch Rear internal gear		



Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

"D₃" position





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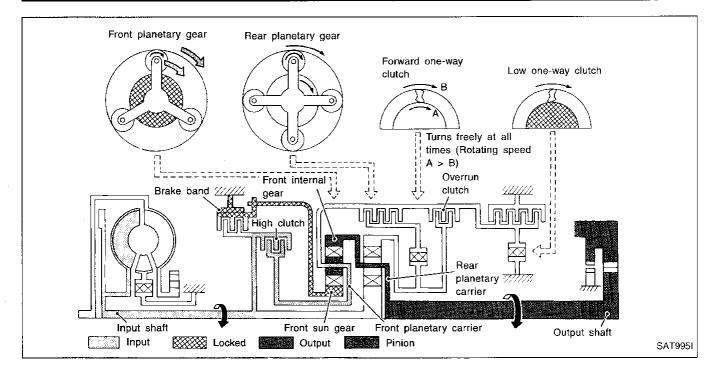
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Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

"D₄" (OD) position

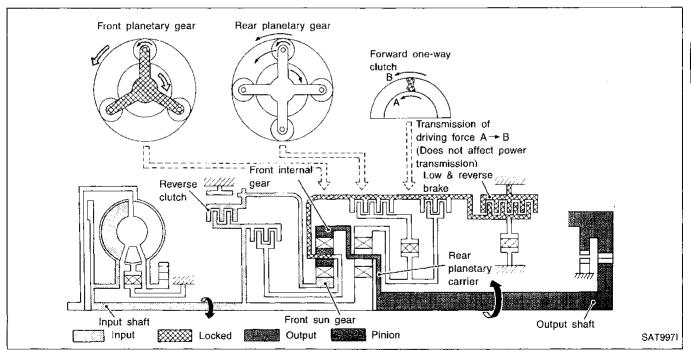
 High clutch Brake band Forward clutch (Does not affect power transmission) 	Input power is transmitted to front carrier through high clutch. This front carrier turns around the sun gear which is fixed by brake band and maker front internal gear (output) turn faster.	
Engine brake	At D ₄ position, there is no one-way clutch in the power transmission line and engine brake can be obtained when decelerating.	
Power flow	Input shaft	
	↓	
	High clutch	
·	↓	
	Front planetary carrier	
	↓	
	Front pinion gear	
	↓	
	Front internal gear	
	↓	
	Rear planetary carrier	
	. 🖊	
	Output shaft	



Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

"R" position

Reverse clutch Low and reverse brake	Front planetary carrier is stationary because of the operation of low and reverse brake. Input power is transmitted to front sun gear through reverse clutch, which drives front internal gear in the opposite direction.
Engine brake	As there is no one-way clutch in the power transmission line, engine brake can be obtained when decelerating.
Power flow	Input shaft
	Reverse clutch
	Front sun gear
	Front pinion gear
	Front internal gear
	Output shaft



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Shift Mechanism (Cont'd)

FUNCTION OF CLUTCH AND BRAKE

Clutch and brake components	Abbr.	Function
⑤ Reverse clutch	R/C	To transmit input power to front sun gear ⑦.
6 High clutch	H/C	To transmit input power to front planetary carrier 1.
Forward clutch	F/C	To connect front planetary carrier (1) with forward one-way clutch (16).
① Overrun clutch	O/C	To connect front planetary carrier (1) with rear internal gear (1).
Brake band	B/B	To lock front sun gear ⑦.
Forward one-way clutch	F/O.C	When forward clutch (f) is engaged, to stop rear internal gear (f) from rotating in opposite direction against engine revolution.
Low one-way clutch	L/O.C	To stop front planetary carrier from rotating in opposite direction against engine revolution.
(1) Low & reverse brake	L & R/B	To lock front planetary carrier 10.

CLUTCH AND BAND CHART

	Shift position		High	Forward	Overrun	un Band servo			1 1	1	Low &		
Shift p			clutch clutch	clutch (§)	clutch ①	2nd apply	3rd release	4th apply	one-way ciutch	one-way clutch	reverse brake ®	Lock-up	Remarks
	Р												PARK POSITION
	R	0									0		REVERSE POSITION
	N			I									NEUTRAL POSITION
	1st			0	*1⊗				•	•			Automatic shift
D*4	2nd			0	·1©	Q			•		•		
D 4	3rd		0	0	+1(()	·2 (X)	(X)		•			*5	$1 \leftrightarrow 2 \leftrightarrow 3 \leftrightarrow 4$
	4th		0	(X)		*3(X)	(X)	0				0	
2	1st			0	⊗				•	•			Automatic shift 1 ↔ 2 ← 3
2	2nd			0	0	0			•				
	1st			0	0				•		0		Locks (held stationary)
1	2nd			0	0	0			•		$\begin{array}{c} \text{in 1st speed} \\ 1 \leftarrow 2 \leftarrow 3 \end{array}$	in 1st speed	

'1:	Operates	when	overdrive	control	switch	is being	set in	"OFF"	position.

*5: Operates when overdrive control switch is "OFF".

: Operates.

: Operates when throttle opening is less than 3/16, activating engine brake.

: Operates during "progressive" acceleration.

Operates but does not affect power transmission.

(X): Operates when throttle opening is less than 3/16, but does not affect engine brake.

^{*22} Oil pressure is applied to both 2nd "apply" side and 3rd "release" side of band servo piston. However, brake band does not contract because oil pressure area on the "release" side is greater than that on the "apply" side.

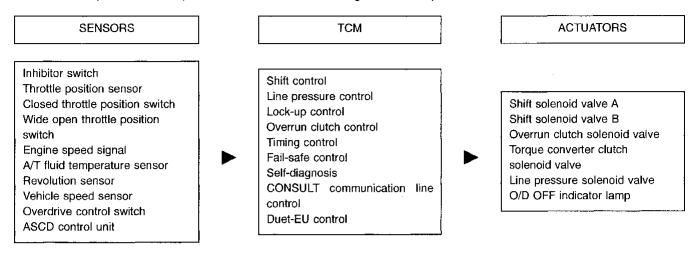
*33 Oil pressure is applied to 4th "apply" side in condition *2 above, and brake band contracts.

^{*4:} A/T will not shift to 4th when overdrive control switch is set in "OFF" position.

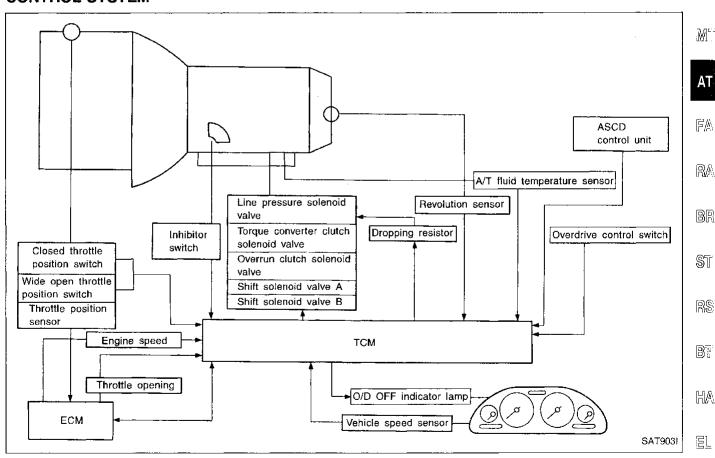
Control System

OUTLINE

The RE4F04A/V automatic transaxle senses vehicle operating conditions through various sensors. It always controls the optimum shaft position and reduces shifting and lock-up shocks.



CONTROL SYSTEM



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Control System (Cont'd)

TCM FUNCTION

The function of the TCM is to:

- Receive input signals sent from various switches and sensors.
 Determine required line pressure, shifting point, lock-up operation, and engine brake operation.
 Send required output signals to the respective solenoids.

INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL OF TCM

	Sensors and solenoid valves	Function					
<u>-</u>	Inhibitor switch	Detects select lever position and sends a signal to TCM.					
	Throttle position sensor	Detects throttle valve position and sends a signal to TCM.					
	Closed throttle position switch	Detects throttle valve's fully-closed position and sends a signal to TCM.					
	Wide open throttle position switch	Detects a throttle valve position of greater than 1/2 of full throttle and sends a signal to TCM.					
	Engine speed signal	From ECM (ECCS control module).					
Input	A/T fluid temperature sensor	Detects transmission fluid temperature and sends a signal to TCM.					
	Revolution sensor	Detects output shaft rpm and sends a signal to TCM.					
	Vehicle speed sensor	Used as an auxiliary vehicle speed sensor. Sends a signal when revolution sensor (installed on transmission) malfunctions.					
	Overdrive control switch	Sends a signal, which prohibits a shift to "D ₄ " (overdrive) position, to the TCM.					
	ASCD control unit	Sends the cruise signal and D_4 (overdrive) cancellation signal from ASCD control unit to TCM.					
	Shift solenoid valve A/B	Selects shifting point suited to driving conditions in relation to a signal sent from TCM.					
	Line pressure solenoid valve	Regulates (or decreases) line pressure suited to driving conditions in relation to a signal sent from TCM.					
Output	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	Regulates (or decreases) lock-up pressure suited to driving conditions in relation to a signal sent from TCM.					
	Overrun clutch solenoid valve	Controls an "engine brake" effect suited to driving conditions in relation to a signal sent from TCM.					
	O/D OFF indicator lamp	Shows TCM faults, when A/T control components malfunction.					

Control Mechanism

LINE PRESSURE CONTROL

TCM has the various line pressure control characteristics to meet the driving conditions.

An ON-OFF duty signal is sent to the line pressure solenoid valve based on TCM characteristics.

Hydraulic pressure on the clutch and brake is electronically controlled through the line pressure solenoid valve to accommodate engine torque. This results in smooth shift operation.



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Normal control

The line pressure to throttle opening characteristics is set for suitable clutch operation.



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Back-up control (Engine brake)

If the selector lever is shifted to "2" position while driving in D_{Δ} (OD) or D₃, great driving force is applied to the clutch inside the transmission. Clutch operating pressure (line pressure) must be increased to deal with this driving force.

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During shift change

The line pressure is temporarily reduced corresponding to a change in engine torque when shifting gears (that is, when the shift solenoid valve is switched for clutch operation) to reduce shifting shock.



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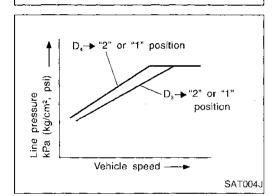


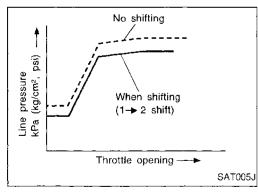


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"R" position psi) "D", "2", <mark>"1</mark>" pressure (kg/cm², p position Line kPa Throttle opening --SAT003J





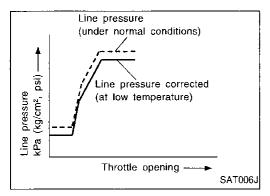
At low fluid temperature

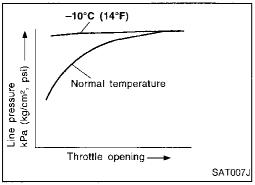
Fluid viscosity and frictional characteristics of the clutch facing change with fluid temperature. Clutch engaging or band-contacting pressure is compensated for, according to fluid temperature, to stabilize shifting quality.



Control Mechanism (Cont'd)

 The line pressure is reduced below 60°C (140°F) to prevent shifting shock due to low viscosity of automatic transmission fluid when temperature is low.

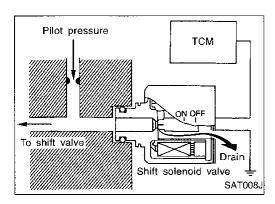




 Line pressure is increased to a maximum irrespective of the throttle opening when fluid temperature drops to -10°C (14°F). This pressure rise is adopted to prevent a delay in clutch and brake operation due to extreme drop of fluid viscosity at low temperature.

SHIFT CONTROL

The shift is regulated entirely by electronic control to accommodate vehicle speed and varying engine operations. This is accomplished by electrical signals transmitted by the revolution sensor and throttle position sensor. This results in improved acceleration performance and fuel economy.



Control of shift solenoid valves A and B

The TCM activates shift solenoid valves A and B according to signals from the throttle position sensor and revolution sensor to select the optimum gear position on the basis of the shift schedule memorized in the TCM.

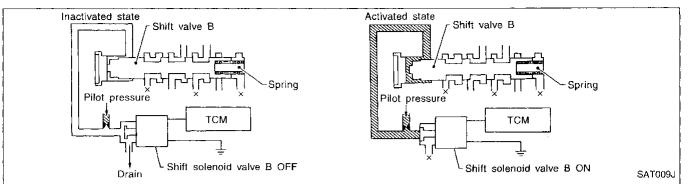
The shift solenoid valve performs simple ON-OFF operation. When set to ON, the drain circuit closes and pilot pressure is applied to the shift valve.

Relation between shift solenoid valves A and B and gear positions

Gear position					
	D ₁ , 2 ₁ , 1 ₁	D ₂ , 2 ₂ , 1 ₂	D ₃ , 2 ₃	D ₄ (OD)	N-P
Shift solenoid valve	•				
Α	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)
В	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)

Control Mechanism (Cont'd)

Control of shift valves A and B



Pilot pressure generated by the operation of shift solenoid valves A and B is applied to the end face of shift valves A and B.

The drawing above shows the operation of shift valve B. When the shift solenoid valve is ON, pilot pressure applied to the end face of the shift valve overcomes spring force, moving the valve upward.

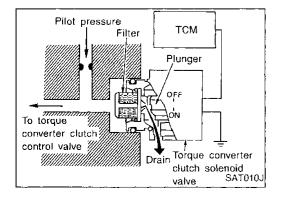
LOCK-UP CONTROL

The torque converter clutch piston in the torque converter is locked to eliminate torque converter slip to increase power transmission efficiency. The solenoid valve is controlled by an ON-OFF duty signal sent from the TCM. The signal is converted to oil pressure signal which controls the lock-up piston.

Conditions for lock-up operation

When vehicle is driven in 4th gear position, vehicle speed and throttle opening are detected. If the detected values fall within the lock-up zone memorized in the TCM, lock-up is performed.

Overdrive control switch	ON	OFF		
Selector lever	"D" po	osition		
Gear position	D_4	D ₃		
Vehicle speed	More than set value			
Throttle position sensor	Less than set opening			
Closed throttle position switch	OFF			
A/T fluid temperature sensor	More than 40°C (104°F)			



Torque converter clutch solenoid valve control

The torque converter clutch solenoid valve is controlled by the TCM. The plunger closes the drain circuit during the OFF period, and opens the circuit during the ON period. If the percentage of OFF-time increases in one cycle, the pilot pressure drain time is reduced and pilot pressure remains high.

The torque converter clutch piston is designed to slip to adjust the ratio of ON-OFF, thereby reducing lock-up shock.



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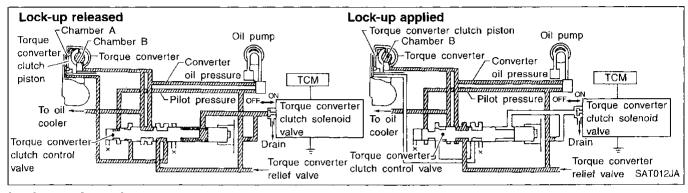
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OVERALL SYSTEM

Control Mechanism (Cont'd) High Pilot pressure psi) OFF-time Amount of drain HIGH **INCREASING DECREASING** pressure (kg/cm², p Lock-up released Lock-up Lock-up Pifot RELEASING Slip Lάν Torque converter clutch High solenoid valve off-time ratio (%) SAT0113

Torque converter clutch control valve operation



Lock-up released

The OFF-duration of the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is long, and pilot pressure is high. The pilot pressure pushes the end face of the torque converter clutch control valve in combination with spring force to move the valve to the left. As a result, converter pressure is applied to chamber A (torque converter clutch piston release side). Accordingly, the torque converter clutch piston remains unlocked.

Lock-up applied

When the OFF-duration of the torque converter clutch solenoid valve is short, pilot pressure drains and becomes low. Accordingly, the control valve moves to the right by the pilot pressure of the other circuit and converter pressure. As a result, converter pressure is applied to chamber B, keeping the torque converter clutch piston applied.

Also smooth lock-up is provided by transient application and release of the lock-up.

OVERRUN CLUTCH CONTROL (ENGINE BRAKE CONTROL)

Forward one-way clutch is used to reduce shifting shocks in downshifting operations. This clutch transmits engine torque to the wheels. However, drive force from the wheels is not transmitted to the engine because the one-way clutch rotates idle. This means the engine brake is not effective.

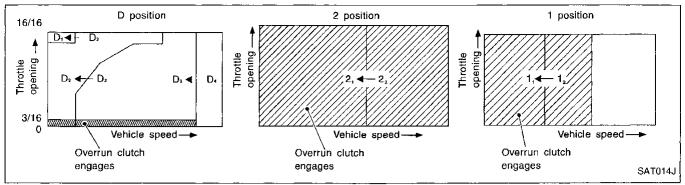
The overrun clutch operates when the engine brake is needed.

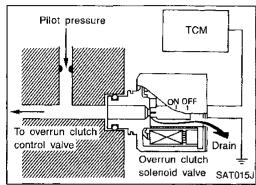
Overrun clutch operating conditions

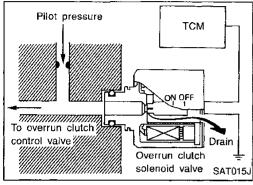
<u> </u>	Gear position	Throttle opening	
"D" position	D ₁ , D ₂ , D ₃ gear position	Less than 3/16	
"2" position	2 ₁ , 2 ₂ gear position	Less than 3/10	
"1" position	1 ₁ , 1 ₂ gear position	At any position	

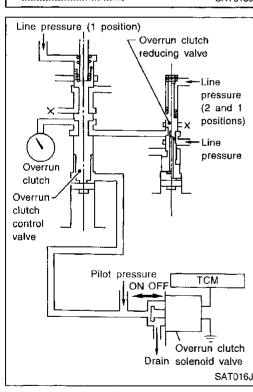
OVERALL SYSTEM

Control Mechanism (Cont'd)









Overrun clutch solenoid valve control

The overrun clutch solenoid valve is operated by an ON-OFF signal transmitted by the TCM to provide overrun clutch control (engine brake control).

When this solenoid valve is ON, the pilot pressure drain port closes. When it is OFF, the drain port opens.

During the solenoid valve ON pilot pressure is applied to the end face of the overrun clutch control valve.

Overrun clutch control valve operation

When the solenoid valve is ON, pilot pressure is applied to the overrun clutch control valve. This pushes up the overrun clutch control valve. The line pressure is then shut off so that the clutch does not engage.

When the solenoid valve is OFF, pilot pressure is not generated. At this point, the overrun clutch control valve moves downward by spring force. As a result, overrun clutch operation pressure is provided by the overrun clutch reducing valve. This causes the overrun clutch to engage.

In the 1 position, the overrun clutch control valve remains pushed down so that the overrun clutch is engaged at all times.

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OVERALL SYSTEM

Control Valve

FUNCTION OF CONTROL VALVES

Valve name	Function
 Pressure regulator valve Pressure regulator plug Pressure regulator sleeve plug 	Regulate oil discharged from the oil pump to provide optimum line pressure for all driving conditions.
Pressure modifier valve and sleeve	Used as a signal supplementary valve to the pressure regulator valve. Regulates pressure-modifier pressure (signal pressure) which controls optimum line pressure for all driving conditions.
Pilot valve	Regulates line pressure to maintain a constant pilot pressure level which controls lock-up mechanism, overrun clutch, shift timing.
Accumulator control valve	Regulate accumulator backpressure to pressure suited to driving conditions.
Manual valve	Directs line pressure to oil circuits corresponding to select positions. Hydraulic pressure drains when the shift lever is in Neutral.
Shift valve A	Simultaneously switches four oil circuits using output pressure of shift solenoid valve A to meet driving conditions (vehicle speed, throttle opening, etc.). Provides automatic downshifting and up-shifting (1st→2nd→3rd→4th gears/4th→3rd→2nd→1st gears) in combination with shift valve B.
Shift valve B	Simultaneously switches three oil circuits using output pressure of shift solenoid valve B in relation to driving conditions (vehicle speed, throttle opening, etc.). Provides automatic downshifting and up-shifting (1st->2nd->3rd->4th gears/4th->3rd->2nd->1st gears) in combination with shift valve A.
Overrun clutch control valve	Switches hydraulic circuits to prevent engagement of the overrun clutch simultaneously with application of the brake band in D_4 . (Interlocking occurs if the overrun clutch engages during D_4 .)
"1" reducing valve	Reduces low & reverse brake pressure to dampen engine-brake shock when down-shifting from the "1" position 1 ₂ to 1 ₁ .
Overrun clutch reducing valve	Reduces oil pressure directed to the overrun clutch and prevents engine-brake shock. In "1" and "2" positions, line pressure acts on the overrun clutch reducing valve to increase the pressure-regulating point, with resultant engine brake capability.
Torque converter relief valve	Prevents an excessive rise in torque converter pressure.
Torque converter clutch control valve, control plug and control sleeve	Activate or inactivate the lock-up function. Also provide smooth lock-up through transient application and release of the lock-up system.
1-2 accumulator valve and piston	Dampens the shock encountered when 2nd gear band servo contracts, and provides smooth shifting.

Introduction

The A/T system has two self-diagnostic systems.

The first is the emission-related on board diagnostic system (OBD-II) performed by the TCM (transmission control module) in combination with the ECM (ECCS control module). The malfunction is indicated by the MIL (malfunction indicator lamp) and is stored as a DTC in the ECM memory but not the TCM memory.

The second is the TCM original self-diagnosis indicated by the O/D OFF indicator lamp. The malfunction is stored in the TCM memory. The detected items are overlapped with OBD-II self-diagnostic items. For detail, refer to AT-52.

OBD-II Function for A/T System

The ECM (ECCS control module) provides emission-related on board diagnostic (OBD-II) functions for the A/T system. One function is to receive a signal from the TCM used with OBD-related parts of the A/T system. The signal is sent to the ECM when a malfunction occurs in the corresponding OBD-related part. The other function is to indicate a diagnostic result by means of the MIL (malfunction indicator lamp) on the instrument panel. Sensors, switches and solenoid valves are used as sensing elements.

The MIL automatically illuminates in One or Two Trip Detection Logic when a malfunction is sensed in relation to A/T system parts.

One or Two Trip Detection Logic of OBD-II

ONE TRIP DETECTION LOGIC

If a malfunction is sensed during the first test drive, the MIL will illuminate and the malfunction will be stored in the ECM memory as a DTC. The TCM is not provided with such a memory function.

TWO TRIP DETECTION LOGIC

When a malfunction is sensed during the first test drive, it is stored in the ECM memory as a 1st trip DTC (diagnostic trouble code) or 1st trip freeze frame data. At this point, the MIL will not illuminate. — First Trip If the same malfunction as that experienced during the first test drive is sensed during the second test drive, the MIL will illuminate. — Second Trip

A/T-related parts for which the MIL illuminates during the first or second test drive are listed below.

Items	MIL		
Reitis	One trip detection	Two trip detection	
Shift solenoid valve A — DTC: P0750 (1108)	X		
Shift solenoid valve B — DTC: P0755 (1201)	X		
Throttle position sensor or switch — DTC: P1705 (1206)	X		
Except above		X	

The "trip" in the "One or Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation.

OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)

How to read DTC and 1st trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

1. The number of blinks of the malfunction indicator lamp in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) Examples: 1101, 1102, 1103, 1104, etc. For details, refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

CONSULT or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0705, P0710, P0720, P0725, etc. These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

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OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) (Cont'd)

- 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.
- Output of the diagnostic trouble code indicates that the indicated circuit has a malfunction.
 However, in case of the Mode II and GST they do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or occurred in the past and returned to normal.
 CONSULT can identify them as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT (if available) is recommended.

ENGINE	A sample of CONSULT display for DTC is shown at left. DTC or 1s trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.
SEF895K SELF-DIAG RESULTS FAILURE DETECTED TIME INHIBITOR SW/CIRC [0] [P0705]	If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be "0".
ERASE PRINT FFdata SAT002J SELF-DIAG RESULTS FAILURE DETECTED TIME INHIBITOR SW/CIRC [1t] [P0705]	If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be "[1t]".

OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) (Cont'd)

FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM has a memory function, which stores the driving condition such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed and vehicle speed at the moment the ECM detects a malfunction.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data, and the data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT screen, not on the GST. For detail, refer to EC section ("CONSULT", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION").

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data of freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority	Items				
	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0306 (0701, 0603 - 0608)	_ 6		
1		Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171 (0115), P0172 (0114), P0174 (0209), P0175			
		(0210)	\.		
2	Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)				
3	1st trip freeze frame	data	_		

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

HOW TO ERASE DTC

The diagnostic trouble code can be erased by CONSULT, GST or ECM DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE as described following.

- If the battery terminal is disconnected, the diagnostic trouble code will be lost within 24 hours.
- When you erase the DTC, using CONSULT or GST is easier and quicker than switching the mode selector on the ECM.

The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared from the ECM memory when erasing DTC related to OBD-II. For details, refer to EC section ("Emission-related Diagnostic Information", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION").

- Diagnostic trouble codes (DTC)
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes (1st trip DTC)
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- **Test values**

HOW TO ERASE DTC (With CONSULT)

- If a DTC is displayed for both ECM and TCM, it needs to be erased for both ECM and TCM.
- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- Turn CONSULT "ON" and touch "A/T".
- Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the TCM will be erased.) Then touch "BACK" twice.
- Touch "ENGINE".
- Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- Touch "ERASE". (The DTC in the ECM will be erased.)

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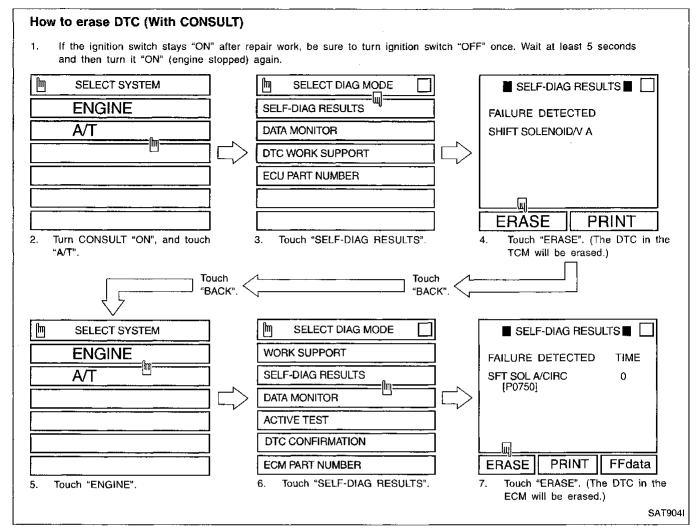
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HA

OBD-II Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) (Cont'd)

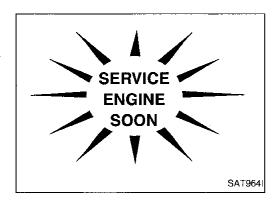


HOW TO ERASE DTC (With GST)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Perform "OBD-II SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE" (No Tools)". Refer to AT-50. (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.)
- Select Mode 4 with Generic Scan Tool (GST). For details, refer to EC section ["Generic Scan Tool (GST)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

(NO TOOIS)

- 1. If the ignition switch stays "ON" after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch "OFF" once. Wait at least 5 seconds and then turn it "ON" (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Perform "TCM SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (No Tools)". Refer to AT-50. (The engine warm-up step can be skipped when performing the diagnosis only to erase the DTC.)
- 3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by turning the mode selector on the ECM. Refer to EC section ["HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODES", "Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].



Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)

- The malfunction indicator lamp will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is for checking the blown lamp.
- If the malfunction indicator lamp does not light up, refer to EL section ("Warning Lamps/System Description", "WARNING LAMPS AND CHIME").

(Or see MIL & Data Link Connectors in EC section.)

When the engine is started, the malfunction indicator lamp should go off.

If the lamp remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an emission-related (OBD-II) malfunction. For detail, refer to EC section ("ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION").

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NOTICE

1. The CONSULT electrically displays shift timing and lock-up timing (that is, operation timing of each sole-

Check for time difference between actual shift timing and the CONSULT display. If the difference is noticeable, mechanical parts (except solenoids, sensors, etc.) may be malfunctioning. Check mechanical parts using applicable diagnostic procedures.

2. Shift schedule (which implies gear position) displayed on CONSULT and that indicated in Service Manual may differ slightly. This occurs because of the following reasons:

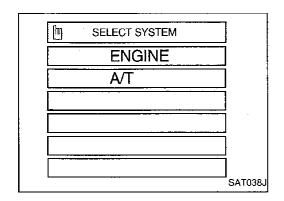
Actual shift schedule has more or less tolerance or allowance,

Shift schedule indicated in Service Manual refers to the point where shifts start, and

Gear position displayed on CONSULT indicates the point where shifts are completed.

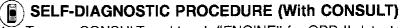
3. Shift solenoid valve "A" or "B" is displayed on CONSULT at the start of shifting. Gear position is displayed upon completion of shifting (which is computed by TCM).

4. Additional CONSULT information can be found in the Operation Manual supplied with the CONSULT unit.



SELF-DIAGNOSIS

After performing this procedure, place check marks for results on the "DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET", AT-56. Reference pages are provided following the items.



Turn on CONSULT and touch "ENGINE" for OBD-II detected items or touch "A/T" for TCM self-diagnosis. If A/T is not displayed, check TCM power supply and ground circuit. Refer to AT-77. If result is NG, refer to EL section ("POWER SUPPLY ROUTING").

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CONSULT (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAG RESULTS
FAILURE DETECTED
THROTTLE POSI SEN

ERASE PRINT
SAT708G

2. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".

Display shows malfunction experienced since the last erasing operation.

CONSULT performs REAL-TIME SELF-DIAGNOSIS.

Also, any malfunction detected while in this mode will be displayed at real time.

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULT TEST MODE

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Overrun clutch solenoid valve OVERRUN CLUTCH S/V O/R CLUCH SOL/CIRC T/C clutch solenoid valve T/C CLUTCH SOL/V TCC SOLENOID/CIRC Line pressure solenoid valve LINE PRESSURE S/V L/PRESS SOL/CIRC Throttle position sensor Throttle position switch THROTTLE POSI SEN TP SEN/CIRC A/T Engine speed signal ENGINE SPEED SIG A/T fluid temperature sensor BATT/FLUID TEMP SEN ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC INITIAL START O TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the ECM. TCM does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively		SFT SOL B/CIRC	, · · · ·	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
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T/C CLUTCH SOL/V TCC SOLENOID/CIRC tries to operate the solenoid valve. Line pressure solenoid valve			TCM detects an impressor voltage drap when it			
Line pressure solenoid valve LINE PRESSURE S/V L/PRESS SOL/CIRC Throttle position sensor Throttle position switch THROTTLE POSI SEN TP SEN/CIRC A/T Engine speed signal ENGINE SPEED SIG A/T fluid temperature sensor A/T fluid temperature sensor Initial start INITIAL START - TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM detects an improper voltage signal tries to operate the solenoid valve. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor.		TCC SOLENOID/CIRC		X	P0740	
LINE PRESSURE S/V L/PRESS SOL/CIRC tries to operate the solenoid valve. Throttle position sensor Throttle position switch THROTTLE POSI SEN TP SEN/CIRC A/T Engine speed signal				_		
Throttle position sensor Throttle position switch THROTTLE POSI SEN TP SEN/CIRC A/T Engine speed signal ENGINE SPEED SIG A/T fluid temperature sensor FATT/FLUID TEMP SEN ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC Initial start INITIAL START Temperature sensor TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage signal from the ECM.			- ' ' - ') X	P0745	
THROTTLE POSI SEN TP SEN/CIRC AT Engine speed signal ENGINE SPEED SIG A/T fluid temperature sensor BATT/FLUID TEMP SEN ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC Initial start INITIAL START No failure TCM does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. This is not a malfunction message (Whenever shutting off a power supply to the TCM, this message appears on the screen.) TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM. Total does not receive the proper voltage signal from the ECM.	Throttle position sensor		TCM receives an excessively low or high volt-	X	P1705	
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A/T fluid temperature sensor BATT/FLUID TEMP SEN ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC Initial start This is not a malfunction message (Whenever shutting off a power supply to the TCM, this message appears on the screen.) No failure TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. Yellow P0710 X P0710 P0710 P0710				X	P0725	
BATT/FLUID TEMP SEN ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC age from the sensor. Initial start INITIAL START No failure ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC age from the sensor. This is not a malfunction message (Whenever shutting off a power supply to the TCM, this message appears on the screen.)		sor	TCM receives an excessively low or high volt-	,.	ma=1.5	
Initial start INITIAL START This is not a malfunction message (Whenever shutting off a power supply to the TCM, this message appears on the screen.) No failure	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			X	P0/10	
No failure message appears on the screen.)	Initial start			Х		
No failure	INITIAL START	_	1 9 1 113			
(NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED No failure has been detected. X X FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED**)	(NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC I		No failure has been detected.	X	×	

X : Applicable

^{- :} Not applicable

^{*1 :} These malfunctions cannot be displayed by MIL SERVICE if another malfunction is assigned to MIL.

^{*2 :} Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CONSULT (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR MODE (A/T)

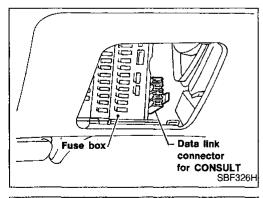
	1	Monito	or item			
ltem	Display	ECU input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks	. (
Vehicle speed sensor 1 (A/T) (Revolution sensor)	VHCL/S SE-A/T [km/h] or [mph]	X	_	Vehicle speed computed from signal of revolution sensor is displayed.	When racing engine in "N" or "P" position with vehicle stationary, CONSULT data may not indicate 0 km/h (0 mph).	ĺ
Vehicle speed sensor 2 (Meter)	VHCL/S SE-MTR [km/h] or [mph]	х	_	 Vehicle speed computed from signal of vehicle speed sensor is displayed. 	Vehicle speed display may not be accurate under approx. 10 km/h (6 mph). It may not indicate 0 km/h (0 mph) when vehicle is stationary.	
Throttle position sensor	THRTL POS SEN [V]	х		Throttle position sensor signal voltage is displayed.		l
A/T fluid temperature sensor	FLUID TEMP SE [V]	х		 A/T fluid temperature sensor signal voltage is displayed. Signal voltage lowers as fluid temperature rises. 		
Battery voltage	BATTERY VOLT [V]	х		 Source voltage of TCM is displayed. 		[
Engine speed	ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	х	×	Engine speed, computed from engine speed signal, is dis- played.	Engine speed display may not be accurate under approx. 800 rpm. It may not indicate 0 rpm even when engine is not running.	(
Overdrive control switch	OVERDRIVE SW [ON/OFF]	x	_	ON/OFF state computed from signal of overdrive control SW is displayed.		ĺ
P/N position switch	P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	x	_	ON/OFF state computed from signal of P/N position SW is displayed.		
R position switch	R POSITION SW [ON/OFF]	x	_	 ON/OFF state computed from signal of R position SW is dis- played. 		[
D position switch	D POSITION SW [ON/OFF]	×	_	 ON/OFF state computed from signal of D position SW is dis- played. 		[
2 position switch	2 POSITION SW [ON/OFF]	×	_	ON/OFF status, computed from signal of 2 position SW, is dis- played.		. [
1 position switch	1 POSITION SW [ON/OFF]	×		ON/OFF status, computed from signal of 1 position SW, is dis- played.		. (
ASCD cruise signal	ASCD-CRUISE [ON/OFF]	х	_	Status of ASCD cruise signal is displayed. ON Cruising state OFF Normal running state	This is displayed even when no ASCD is mounted.	, ,
ASCD OD cut signal	ASCD-OD CUT [ON/OFF]	х		Status of ASCD OD release signal is displayed. ON OD released OFF OD not released	This is displayed even when no ASCD is mounted.	į
Kickdown switch	KICKDOWN SW [ON/OFF]	×		ON/OFF status, computed from signal of kickdown SW, is dis- played.	This is displayed even when no kickdown switch is equipped.	
Closed throttle position switch	CLOSED THL/SW [ON/OFF]	×		ON/OFF status, computed from signal of closed throttle position SW, is displayed.		ĺ
Wide open throttle position switch	W/O THRL/P-SW [ON/OFF]	×		ON/OFF status, computed from signal of wide open throttle position SW, is displayed.		
Gear position	GEAR	_	х	Gear position data used for computation by TCM, is dis- played.		

CONSULT (Cont'd)

		Monite	or item		
ltem	Display	ECU input signals	Main signals	Description	Remarks
Selector lever position	SLCT LVR POSI	_	х	Selector lever position data, used for computation by TCM, is displayed.	A specific value used for control is displayed if fail-safe is activated due to error.
Vehicle speed	VEHICLE SPEED [km/h] or [mph]		х	Vehicle speed data, used for computation by TCM, is dis- played.	
Throttle position	THROTTLE POSI [/8]	_	х	Throttle position data, used for computation by TCM, is dis- played.	A specific value used for control is displayed if fail-safe is activated due to error.
Line pressure duty	LINE PRES DTY [%]		х	Control value of line pressure solenoid valve, computed by TCM from each input signal, is displayed.	
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve duty	TCC S/V DUTY	~	х	Control value of torque converter clutch solenoid valve, computed by TCM from each input signal, is displayed.	
Shift solenoid valve A	SHIFT S/V A [ON/OFF]	_	х	Control value of shift solenoid valve A, computed by TCM from each input signal, is displayed.	Control value of solenoid is dis- played even if solenoid circuit is disconnected. The "OFF" signal is displayed if
Shift solenoid valve B	SHIFT S/V B [ON/OFF]	_	x	Control value of shift solenoid valve B, computed by TCM from each input signal, is displayed.	solenoid circuit is shorted.
Overrun clutch solenoid valve	OVERRUN/C S/V [ON/OFF]	_	х	Control value of overrun clutch solenoid valve computed by TCM from each input signal is displayed.	
Self-diagnosis display lamp (O/D OFF indicator lamp)	SELF-D DP LMP [ON/OFF]	_	х	Control status of O/D OFF indi- cator lamp is displayed.	

X: Applicable

^{-:} Not applicable



NISSAN **CONSULT START** SUB MODE SEF3921

DTC WORK SUPPORT MODE WITH CONSULT **CONSULT** setting procedure

- Turn ignition switch "OFF". Connect CONSULT to Data link connector for CONSULT. Data link connector for CONSULT is located in left side dash panel.
- Turn ignition switch "ON". Touch "START".

	C	ONSULT (Cont'd)	
SELECT SYSTEM ENGINE	5.	Touch "A/T".	
A/T			GI
			M
SAT974H			en
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	6.	Touch "DTC WORK SUPPORT".	LC
DATA MONITOR DTC WORK SUPPORT			EC
ECU PART NUMBER			
SAT9741			CL.
△ SELECT ITEM □	7.	Touch select item menu (1ST, 2ND, etc.).	Mī
1ST GR FNCTN P0731 2ND GR FNCTN P0732			ΑT
3RD GR FNCTN P0733 4TH GR FNCTN P0734			FA
TCC S/V FNCTN P0744			RA
■ 2ND GR FNCTN P0732 ■	8.	Touch "START".	BR
THIS SUPPORT FUNCTION IS FOR DTC P0732.			ST
SEE THE SERVICE MANUAL ABOUT THE DRIVING CONDITION FOR THIS			RS
DIAGNOSIS. EXIT START			BT
SAT976I	9.	Perform driving test according to "DTC CONFIRMATION	HA
■ 2ND GR FNCTN P0732 ■ L OUT OF CONDITION		PROCEDURE" in "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC".	ZL,
GEAR 1 VEHICLE SPEED 0km/h THROTTLE POSI 0.0/8 TCC S/V DUTY 4%			(D)
SAT977I			

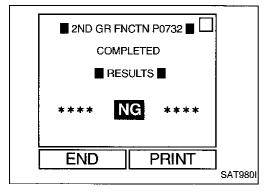
CONSULT (Cont'd)

2ND GR FNCTI	_	1
======= MONITC GEAR VEHICLE SPEED THROTTLE POSI TCC S/V DUTY	PR ====================================	
		SA

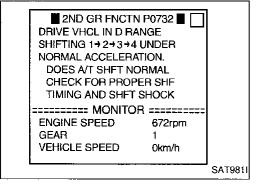
 When testing conditions are satisfied, CONSULT screen changes from "OUT OF CONDITION" to "TESTING".

■ 2ND GR FNCTN P0732 ■ □
STOP
VEHICLE

10. Stop vehicle. If "NG" appears on the screen, malfunction may exist. Go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".



11. Perform test drive to check gear shift feeling in accordance with instructions displayed.



12. Touch "YES" or "NO".

2ND GR FNCTN P0732 DRIVE VHCL IN D RANGE SHIFTING 1→2→3→4 UNDER NORMAL ACCELERATION. DOES A/T SHFT NORMAL CHECK FOR PROPER SHF TIMING AND SHFT SHOCK ======= MONITOR ======= **ENGINE SPEED** 672rpm **GEAR** VEHICLE SPEED 0km/h YES NO SAT982

CONSULT (Cont'd)

■ 2ND GR FNCTN P0732 ■ □
COMPLETED
■ RESULTS ■

**** OK ****

END PRINT
SAT9831

13. CONSULT procedure ended.

If "NG" appears on the screen, a malfunction may exist. Go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".

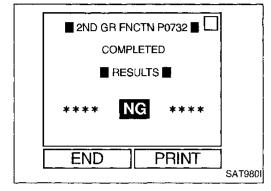
G

LC

EC

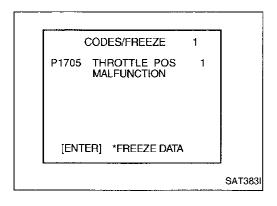
CL.

O. OST



DTC WORK SUPPORT MODE

DTC work support item	Description	Check item	
1ST GR FNCTN P0731	Following items for "A/T 1st gear function (P0731)" can be confirmed. ST GR FNCTN P0731 Self-diagnosis status (whether the diagnosis is being conducted or not) Self-diagnosis result (OK or NG)		A F
2ND GR FNCTN P0732	Following items for "A/T 2nd gear function (P0732)" can be confirmed. • Self-diagnosis status (whether the diagnosis is being conducted or not) • Self-diagnosis result (OK or NG)	 Shift solenoid valve B Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit 	- R B
3RD GR FNCTN P0733	Following items for "A/T 3rd gear function (P0733)" can be confirmed. • Self-diagnosis status (whether the diagnosis is being conducted or not) • Self-diagnosis result (OK or NG)	Shift solenoid valve A Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit	- § - R
4TH GR FNCTN P0734	Following items for "A/T 4th gear function (P0734)" can be confirmed. • Self-diagnosis status (whether the diagnosis is being conducted or not) • Self-diagnosis result (OK or NG)	 Shift solenoid valve A Shift solenoid valve B Overrun clutch solenoid valve Line pressure solenoid valve Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit 	- 171 181 141
TCC S/V FNCTN P0744	Following items for "A/T TCC S/V function (lock-up)" can be confirmed. • Self-diagnosis status (whether the diagnosis is being conducted or not) • Self-diagnosis result (OK or NG)	Torque converter clutch sole- noid valve Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit	

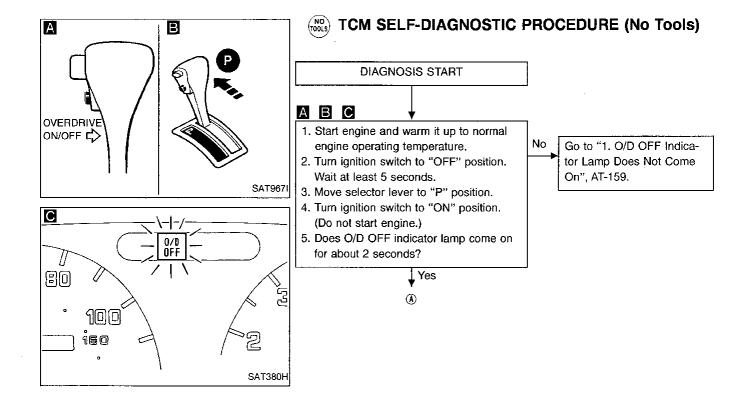


Diagnostic Procedure without CONSULT

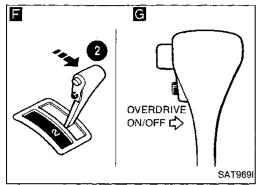
OBD-II SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (With GST)

Refer to EC section ["Generic Scan Tool (GST)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

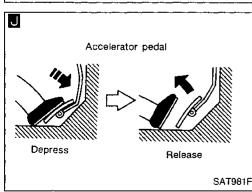
NO OBD-II SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (No Tools)
Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

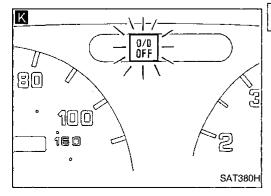


OVERDRIVE ON/OFF C

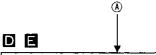








Diagnostic Procedure without CONSULT (Cont'd)



- 1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.
- 2. Turn ignition switch to "ACC" position.
- 3. Move selector lever to "D" position.
- Turn ignition switch to "ON" position. (Do not start engine.)
- Depress and hold overdrive control switch in "OFF" position until next step is completed.
- 6. Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.
- 7. Turn ignition switch to "ON" position (Do not start engine.)
- Wait more than 2 seconds after ignition switch "ON".



- 1. Move selector lever to "2" position.
- Depress and hold overdrive control switch in "ON" position until next step is completed.

- 1. Move selector lever to "1" position.
- Cycle overdrive control switch from "OFF" to "ON" position, depress and hold in "OFF" position until next step is completed.

Depress accelerator pedal fully and release it.

Check O/D OFF indicator lamp.

Refer to JUDGEMENT OF SELF-DIAG-NOSIS CODE, AT-52.

DIAGNOSIS END

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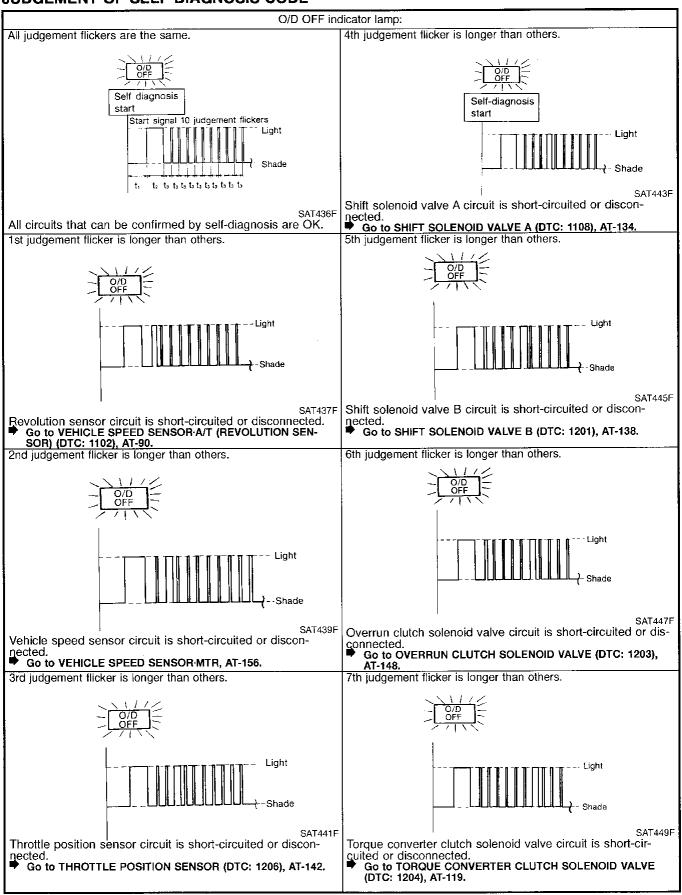
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Diagnostic Procedure without CONSULT (Cont'd)

JUDGEMENT OF SELF-DIAGNOSIS CODE

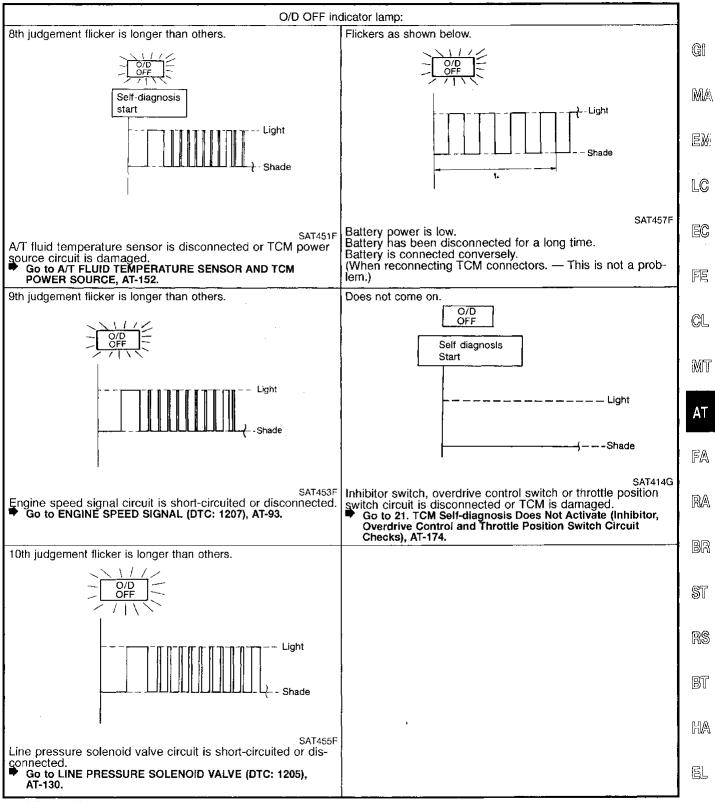


 $t_1 = 2.5$ seconds

 $t_2 = 2.0$ seconds

 $t_3 = 1.0$ second

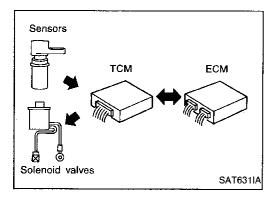
Diagnostic Procedure without CONSULT (Cont'd)

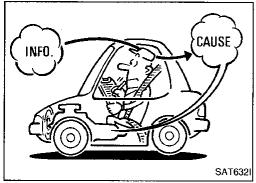


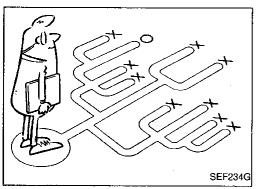
 $t_4 = 1.0 \text{ second}$

IDX

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction







Introduction

The TCM receives a signal from the vehicle speed sensor, throttle position sensor or inhibitor switch and provides shift control or lock-up control via A/T solenoid valves.

The TCM also communicates with the ECM by means of a signal sent from sensing elements used with the OBD-related parts of the A/T system for malfunction-diagnostic purposes. The TCM is capable of diagnosing malfunctioning parts while the ECM can store malfunctions in its memory.

Input and output signals must always be correct and stable in the operation of the A/T system. The A/T system must be in good operating condition and be free of valve seizure, solenoid valve malfunction, etc.

It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems. A road test with CONSULT (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the "Work Flow". Refer to AT-58.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such problems, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A "Diagnostic Worksheet" like the example (AT-55) should be used.

Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This will help troubleshoot driveability problems on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.

Also check related Service bulletins.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction

Diagnostic Worksheet

INFORMATION FROM CUSTOMER

KEY POINTS

WHAT Vehicle & A/T model WHEN Date, Frequencies WHERE Road conditions

HOW Operating conditions, Symptoms

Customer name MR/MS	Model & Year	VIN				
Trans. model	Engine	Mileage				
Incident Date	Manuf. Date	In Service Date				
Frequency	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent	(times a day)				
Symptoms	☐ Vehicle does not move. (☐ A	Any position Particular position)				
	\square No up-shift (\square 1st \rightarrow 2nd	\square 2nd \rightarrow 3rd \square 3rd \rightarrow O/D)				
	\square No down-shift (\square O/D \rightarrow 3rd	d □ 3rd → 2nd □ 2nd → 1st)				
	☐ Lockup malfunction					
	☐ Shift point too high or too low.	point too high or too low.				
	\square Shift shock or slip (\square N \rightarrow \square	D Lockup Any drive position)				
	□ Noise or vibration					
	□ No kickdown					
	☐ No pattern select					
	□ Others (
O/D OFF indicator lamp	Blinks for about 8 seconds.					
	☐ Continuously lit	□ Not lit				
Malfunction indicator lamp (MIL)	☐ Continuously lit	□ Not lit				

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction Diagnostic Worksheet (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET

1.	☐ Read the Fail-safe and listen to customer complaints.	AT-5		
2.	☐ CHECK A/T FLUID	AT-59		
	□ Leakage (Follow specified procedure)□ Fluid condition□ Fluid level			
3.	□ Perform STALL TEST and PRESSURE TEST.	AT-59, 62		
	☐ Stall test — Mark possible damaged components/others.			
L	☐ Torque converter one-way clutch ☐ Reverse clutch ☐ Forward clutch ☐ Overrun clutch ☐ Forward one-way clutch ☐ Clutches and brakes except high clutch and brake band are OK			
	□ Pressure test — Suspected parts:			
4.	☐ Perform all ROAD TEST and mark required procedures.	AT-63		
	4-1. Check before engine is started	AT-64		
	 OBD-II and TCM SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE — MIL and O/D OFF indicator lamp detected items. 			
	 ☐ Inhibitor switch, AT-82. ☐ A/T fluid temperature sensor, AT-86. ☐ Vehicle speed sensor·A/T (Revolution sensor), AT-90. ☐ Engine speed signal, AT-93. ☐ Torque converter clutch solenoid valve, AT-119. ☐ Line pressure solenoid valve, AT-130. ☐ Shift solenoid valve A, AT-134. ☐ Shift solenoid valve B, AT-138. ☐ Throttle position sensor, AT-142. ☐ Overrun clutch solenoid valve, AT-148. ☐ A/T fluid temperature sensor and TCM power source, AT-152. ☐ Vehicle speed sensor·MTR, AT-156. ☐ Battery ☐ Others 			
	4-2. Check at idle	AT-65		
	 □ 1. O/D OFF Indicator Lamp Does Not Come On, AT-159. □ 2. Engine Cannot Be Started In "P" And "N" Position, AT-160. □ 3. In "P" Position, Vehicle Moves Forward Or Backward When Pushed, AT-160. □ 4. In "N" Position, Vehicle Moves, AT-161. □ 5. Large Shock. "N" → "R" Position, AT-162. □ 6. Vehicle Does Not Creep Backward In "R" Position, AT-163. □ 7. Vehicle Does Not Creep Forward In "D", "2" Or "1" Position, AT-164. 			
	4-3. Cruise test	AT-67,		
	Part-1 \square 8. Vehicle Cannot Be Started From D ₁ , AT-165. \square 9. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₁ \rightarrow D ₂ Or Does Not Kickdown: D ₄ \rightarrow D ₂ , AT-166. \square 10. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₂ \rightarrow D ₃ , AT-167. \square 11. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₃ \rightarrow D ₄ , AT-168. \square 12. A/T Does Not Perform Lock-up, AT-169. \square 13. A/T Does Not Hold Lock-up Condition, AT-170. \square 14. Lock-up Is Not Released, AT-170. \square 15. Engine Speed Does Not Return To Idle (Light Braking D ₄ \rightarrow D ₃), AT-171.	AT-70		

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Introduction

Diagnostic Worksheet (Cont'd)

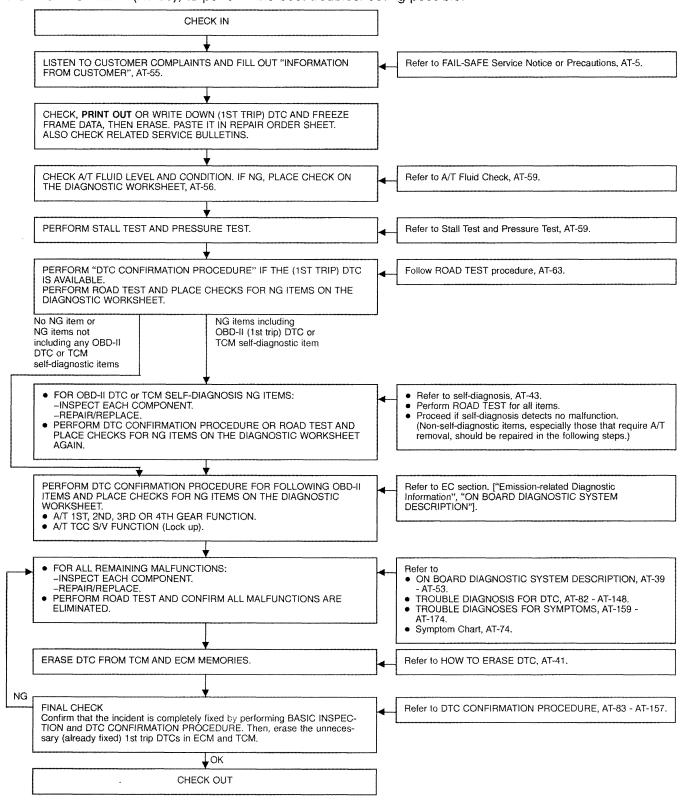
4.	Part-2	AT-72	
	☐ 16. Vehicle Does Not Start From D ₁ , AT-172. ☐ 9. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₁ \rightarrow D ₂ Or Does Not Kickdown: D ₄ \rightarrow D ₂ , AT-166. ☐ 10. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₂ \rightarrow D ₃ , AT-167. ☐ 11. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₃ \rightarrow D ₄ , AT-168.		GI
	Part-3 □ 17. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₄ → D ₃ When Overdrive Control Switch "ON" → "OFF", AT-172	AT-73	!MA
	□ 15. Engine Speed Does Not Return To Idle (Engine Brake In D ₃), AT-171. □ 18. A/T Does Not Shift: D ₃ \rightarrow 2 ₂ , When Selector Lever "D" \rightarrow "2" Position, AT-173.		EM
ļ	 □ 15. Engine Speed Does Not Return To Idle (Engine Brake In 2₂), AT-171. □ 19. A/T Does Not Shift: 2₂ → 1₁, When Selector Lever "2" → "1" Position, AT-173. 		LC
	 □ 20. Vehicle Does Not Decelerate By Engine Brake, AT-174. □ OBD-II and TCM SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE — MIL and O/D OFF indicator lamp detected items. 		EC
	☐ Inhibitor switch, AT-82.☐ A/T fluid temperature sensor, AT-86.		- FE
	 □ Vehicle speed sensor·A/T (Revolution sensor), AT-90. □ Engine speed signal, AT-93. □ Torque converter clutch solenoid valve, AT-119. 		CĹ
	☐ Line pressure solenoid valve, AT-130. ☐ Shift solenoid valve A, AT-134. ☐ Shift solenoid valve B, AT-138. ☐ Threatle position conservation.		
	☐ Throttle position sensor, AT-142. ☐ Overrun clutch solenoid valve, AT-148. ☐ A/T fluid temperature sensor and TCM power source, AT-152.		AT
	□ Vehicle speed sensor·MTR, AT-156.□ Battery□ Others		FA
5.	 □ For self-diagnosis NG items, inspect each component. Repair or replace the damaged parts. 	A T-44	RA
6. 7.	 □ Perform all ROAD TEST and re-mark required procedures. □ Perform DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE for following MIL indicating items and check out NG items. 	AT-63 EC section	BR
	Refer to EC section ["Emission-related Diagnostic Information", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"]. DTC (P0731, 1103) A/T 1st gear function, AT-96.		ST
	 □ DTC (P0732, 1104) A/T 2nd gear function, AT-101. □ DTC (P0733, 1105) A/T 3rd gear function, AT-106. □ DTC (P0734, 1106) A/T 4th gear function, AT-111. □ DTC (P0744, 1107) A/T TCC S/V function (lock-up), AT-123. 		RS
8.	Perform the Diagnostic Procedures for all remaining items marked NG. Repair or replace the damaged parts. Refer to the Symptom Chart when you perform the procedures. (The chart also	AT-77 AT-74	B7
9.	shows some other possible symptoms and the component inspection orders.) □ Erase DTC from TCM and ECM memories.	AT-41	HA
			1

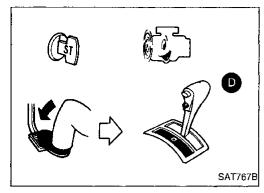
Work Flow

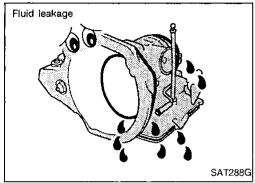
HOW TO PERFORM TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR QUICK AND ACCURATE REPAIR

A good understanding of the malfunction conditions can make troubleshooting faster and more accurate. In general, each customer feels differently about a problem. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Make good use of the two sheets provided, "INFORMATION FROM CUSTOMER" (AT-55) and "DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET" (AT-56), to perform the best troubleshooting possible.







A/T Fluid Check

FLUID LEAKAGE CHECK

Clean area suspected of leaking. - for example, mating surface of converter housing and transmission case.

Start engine, apply foot brake, place selector lever in "D" position and wait a few minutes.

Stop engine.

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Check for fresh leakage.

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Fluid color	Suspected problem
Dark or black with burned odor	Wear of frictional material
Milky pink	Water contamination — Road water entering through filler tube or breather
Varnished fluid, light to dark brown and tacky	Oxidation — Over or under filling, — Overheating

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FLUID LEVEL CHECK

Refer to MA section ("Checking A/T Fluid", "CHASSIS AND BODY MAINTENANCE").

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Stall Test

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STALL TEST PROCEDURE

Check A/T and engine fluid levels. If necessary, add.

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Drive vehicle for approx. 10 minutes or until engine oil and ATF reach operating temperature.

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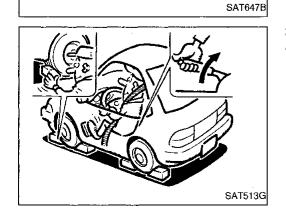
ATF operating temperature: 50 - 80°C (122 - 176°F)

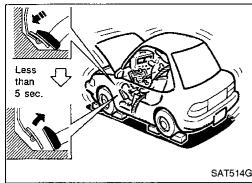
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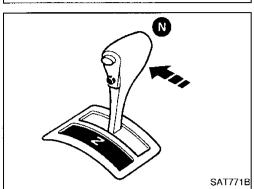
Set parking brake and block wheels.

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- Install a tachometer where it can be seen by driver during test.
- It is good practice to mark the point of specified engine rpm on indicator.







Stall Test (Cont'd)

- 5. Start engine, apply foot brake, and place selector lever in D position.
- Accelerate to wide-open throttle gradually while applying foot brake.
- Quickly note the engine stall revolution and immediately release throttle.
- During test, never hold throttle wide-open for more than 5 seconds.

Stall revolution: 2,000 - 2,300 rpm

- 8. Move selector lever to "N" position.
- Cool off ATF.
- Run engine at idle for at least 1 minute.
- 10. Repeat steps 5 through 9 with selector lever in "2", "1" and "R" positions.

JUDGEMENT OF STALL TEST

The test result and possible damaged components relating to each result are shown in the illustrations on next page.

In order to pinpoint the possible damaged components, follow the WORK FLOW shown in AT-58.

Note

Stall revolution is too high in "D", "2" or "1" position:

- Slippage occurs in 1st gear but not in 2nd and 3rd gears. Low one-way clutch slippage
- Slippage occurs in the following gears:
 1st through 3rd gears in "D" position and engine brake functions with overdrive control switch set to "OFF".
 1st and 2nd gears in "2" position and engine brake functions with accelerator pedal released (fully closed throttle). Forward clutch or forward one-way clutch slippage

Stall revolution is too high in R position:

- Engine brake does not function in "1" position. Low & reverse brake slippage
- Engine brake functions in "1" position. Reverse clutch slippage

Stall revolution within specifications:

 Vehicle does not achieve speed of more than 80 km/h (50 MPH). One-way clutch seizure in torque converter housing

CAUTION:

Be careful since automatic fluid temperature increases abnormally.

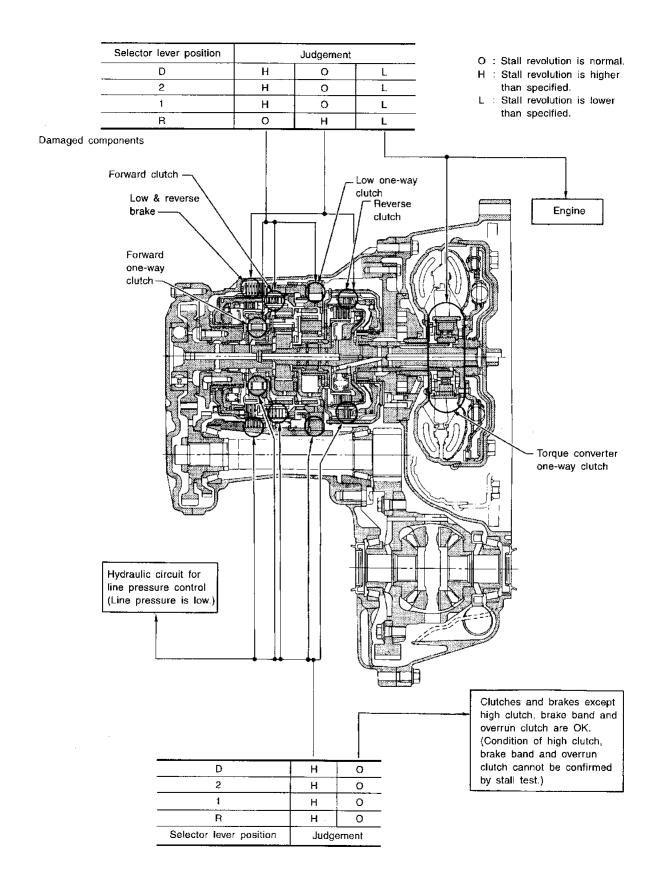
- Slippage occurs in 3rd and 4th gears in "D" position. High clutch slippage
- Slippage occurs in 2nd and 4th gear in "D" position. Brake band slippage
- Engine brake does not function in 2nd and 3rd gears in "D" position, 2nd gear in "2" position, and 1st gear in "1" position with overdrive control switch set to "OFF".

Stall revolution less than specifications:

Poor acceleration during starts. One-way clutch seizure in torque converter

Stall Test (Cont'd)

Judgement of stall test



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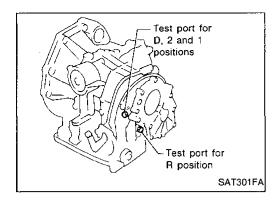
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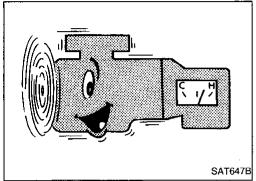


Pressure Test

PRESSURE TEST PORTS

Location of pressure test ports are shown in the illustration.

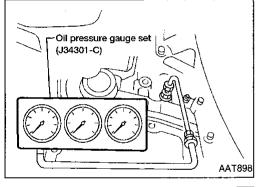
 Always replace pressure plugs as they are self-sealing bolts.



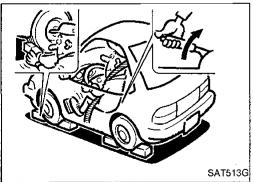
LINE PRESSURE TEST PROCEDURE

- 1. Check A/T and engine fluid levels. If necessary, add fluid.
- 2. Drive vehicle for approx. 10 minutes or until engine oil and ATF reach operating temperature.

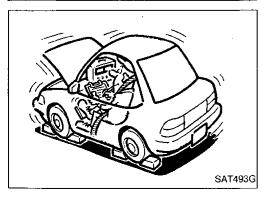
ATF operating temperature: 50 - 80°C (122 - 176°F)



3. Install pressure gauge to corresponding line pressure port.



- Set parking brake and block wheels.
- Continue to depress brake pedal fully while line pressure test is being performed at stall speed.



- 5. Start engine and measure line pressure at idle and stall speed.
- When measuring line pressure at stall speed, follow the stall test procedure.

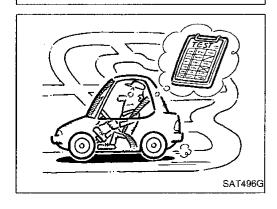
Line pressure: Refer to SDS, AT-284.

Pressure Test (Cont'd)

JUDGEMENT OF LINE PRESSURE TEST

	Judgement	Suspected parts	
	Line pressure is low in all positions.	 Oil pump wear Control piston damage Pressure regulator valve or plug sticking Spring for pressure regulator valve damaged Fluid pressure leakage between oil strainer and pressure regulator valve Clogged strainer 	@ R
At idle	Line pressure is low in particular position.	 Fluid pressure leakage between manual valve and particular clutch For example, line pressure is: Low in "R" and "1" positions, but Normal in "D" and "2" positions. Therefore, fluid leakage exists at or around low and reverse brake circuit. Refer to "CLUTCH AND BRAKE CHART", AT-30. 	
	Line pressure is high.	 Maladjustment of throttle position sensor A/T fluid temperature sensor damaged Line pressure solenoid valve sticking Short circuit of line pressure solenoid valve circuit Pressure modifier valve sticking Pressure regulator valve or plug sticking 	
		Open in dropping resistor circuit	
At stall speed	Line pressure is low.	 Maladjustment of throttle position sensor Line pressure solenoid valve sticking Short circuit of line pressure solenoid valve circuit Pressure regulator valve or plug sticking Pressure modifier valve sticking Pilot valve sticking 	

ROAD TEST PROCEDURE 1. Check before engine is started. 2. Check at idle. 3. Cruise test. SAT786A



Road Test DESCRIPTION

- The purpose of the test is to determine overall performance of \$\mathbb{S}\mathbb{T}\$ A/T and analyze causes of problems.
- The road test consists of the following three parts:
- Check before engine is started
- Check at idle
- 3. Cruise test
- Before road test, familiarize yourself with all test procedures and items to check.
- Conduct tests on all items until specified symptom is found. Troubleshoot items which check out No Good after road test. "ON **DIAGNOSTIC** BOARD **SYSTEM** DESCRIPTION" and "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES FOR SYMPTOMS", AT-39 - AT-53 and AT-159 - AT-174.













































Road Test (Cont'd)

1. Park vehicle on flat surface.

1. CHECK BEFORE ENGINE IS STARTED

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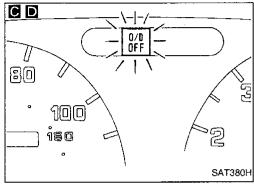
2. Move selector lever to "P" position.3. Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.

Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position Wait at least 5 seconds.

Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.
 (Do not start engine.)
 Does Q/D OFF indicator lamp come of the complete of the c

5. Does O/D OFF indicator lamp come on for about 2 seconds?

Stop ROAD TEST. Go to "1. O/D OFF Indicator Lamp Does Not Come On", AT-159.



Does O/D OFF indicator lamp flicker for about 8 seconds?

No

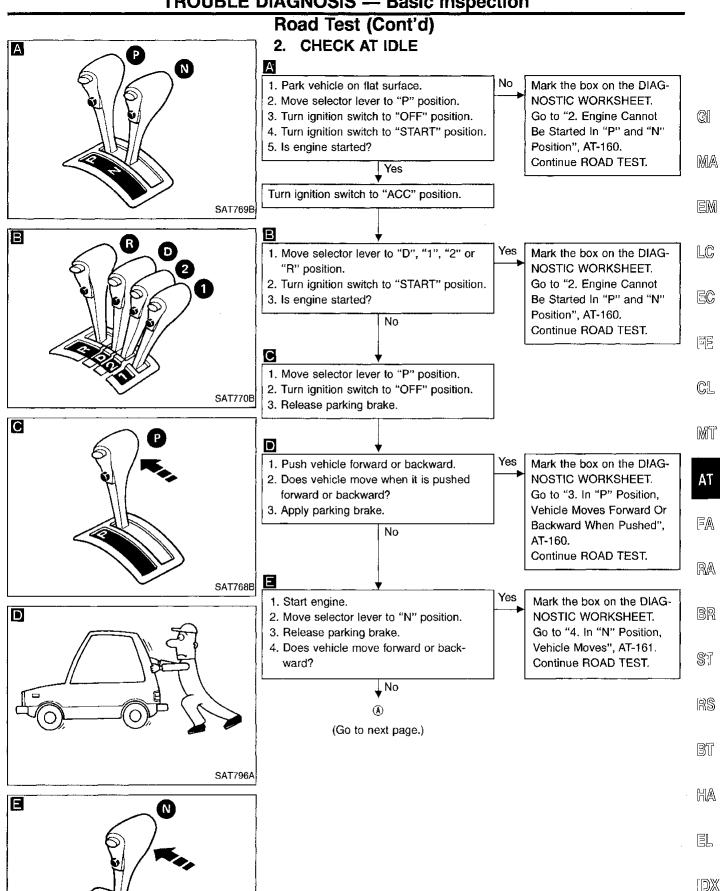
1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF" position.

Perform self-diagnosis and check NG items on the DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET, AT-56. Refer to SELF-DIAGNO-SIS PROCEDURE, AT-43.

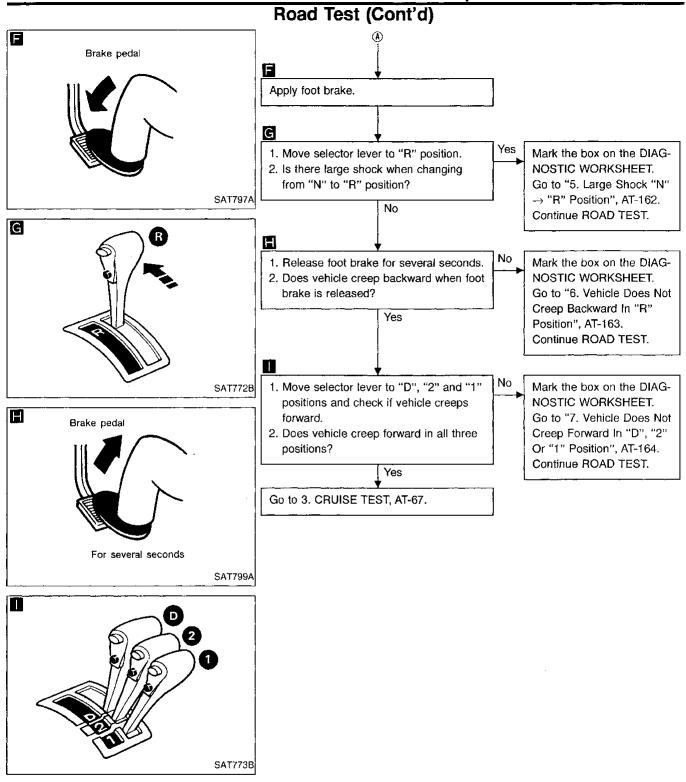
Perform self-diagnosis and note NG items.

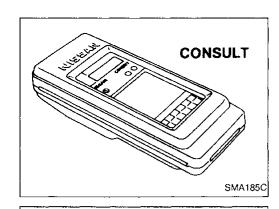
Refer to SELF-DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE, AT-50.

3. Go to "2. CHECK AT IDLE", AT-65.



SAT771B





Road Test (Cont'd)

3. CRUISE TEST

Check all items listed in Parts 1 through 3.



With CONSULT

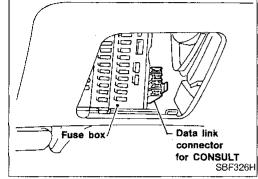
Using CONSULT, conduct a cruise test and record the result.

Print the result and ensure that shifts and lock-ups take place as per Shift Schedule.









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CONSULT

START

SUB MODE

SELECT SYSTEM **ENGINE**

SELECT DIAG MODE

SELF-DIAG SULTS

DTC WORK SUPPORT

ECU PART NUMBER

DATA MONITOR

A/T

SEF3921

SAT974H

SAT906I

CONSULT setting procedure

Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Connect CONSULT to Data link connector for CONSULT. Data link connector for CONSULT is located in left side dash panel.



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Turn ignition switch "ON". Touch "START".

Touch "A/T".

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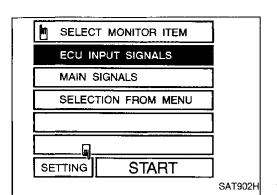
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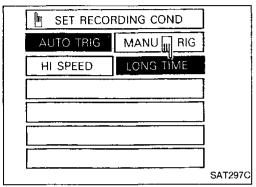
Touch "DATA MONITOR".



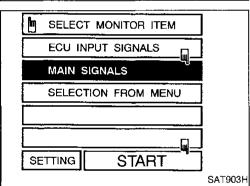
Road Test (Cont'd)



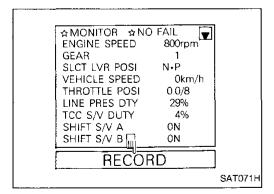
7. Touch "SETTING" to set recording condition.



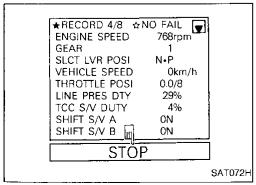
8. Touch "LONG TIME" and "ENTER" key.



- Go back to SELECT MONITOR ITEM and touch "MAIN SIGNALS".
- 10. Touch "START".



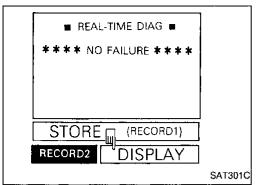
11. When performing cruise test, touch "RECORD".



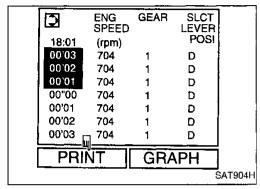
12. After finishing cruise test part 1, touch "STOP".

Road Test (Cont'd)

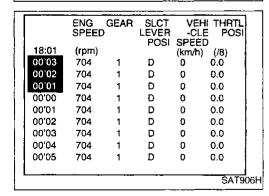
13. Touch "DISPLAY".



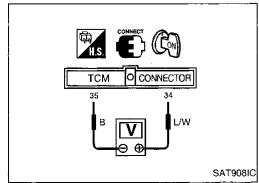
14. Touch "PRINT".



SLCT ENG SPEED **GEAR** POSI 18:01 (rpm) 00'03 704 D 00'02 704 D 1 D 00'01 704 1 00'00 704 D 1 00'01 704 D 00'02 704 D 1 00.03 704 D 1 PRINT ALL ITM SAT905H 15. Touch "PRINT" again.



- 16. Check the monitor data printed out.
- 17. Continue cruise test part 2 and 3.



Without CONSULT

Throttle position can be checked by voltage across terminals 34 and 35 of TCM.

EL

AT-69

G

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

ΑT

FA

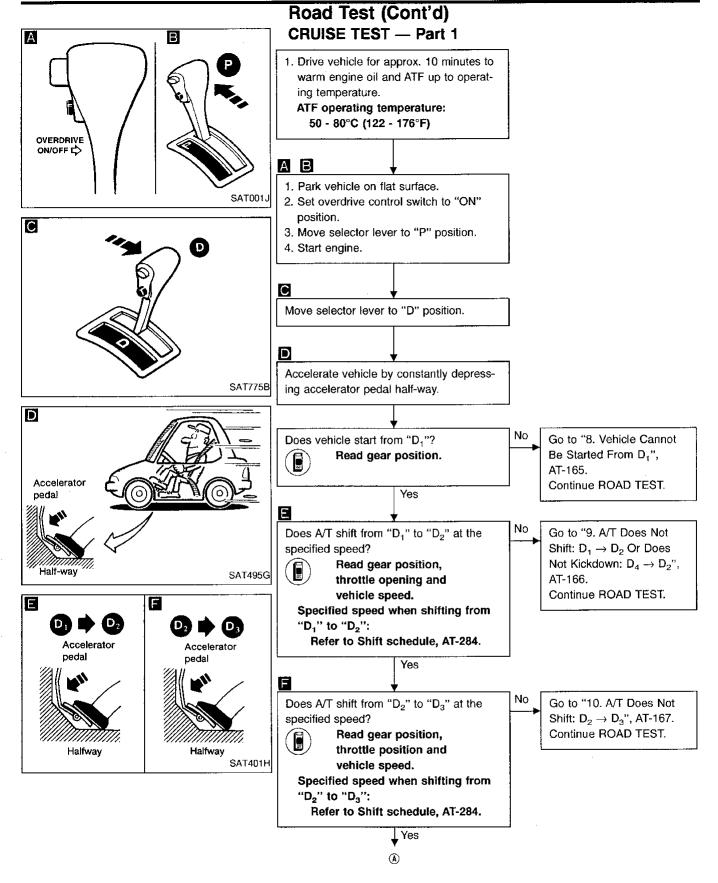
RA

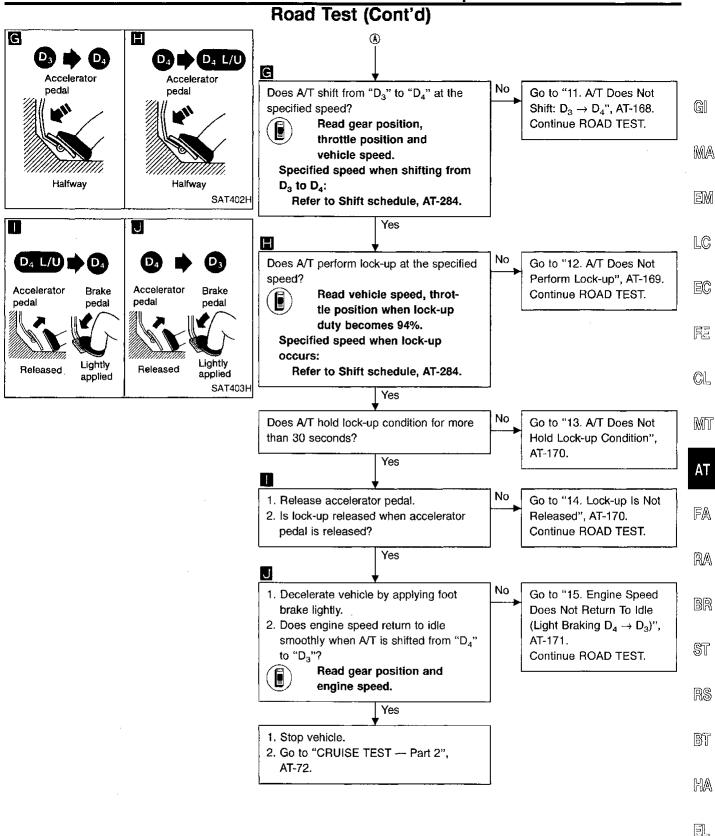
BR

 $\Im \mathbb{T}$

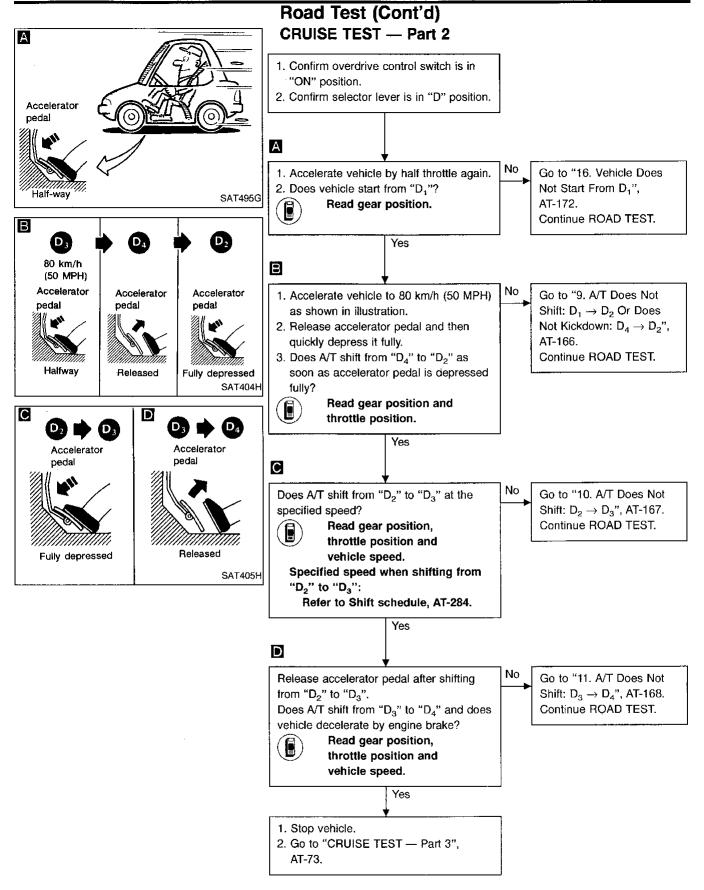
RS

HA

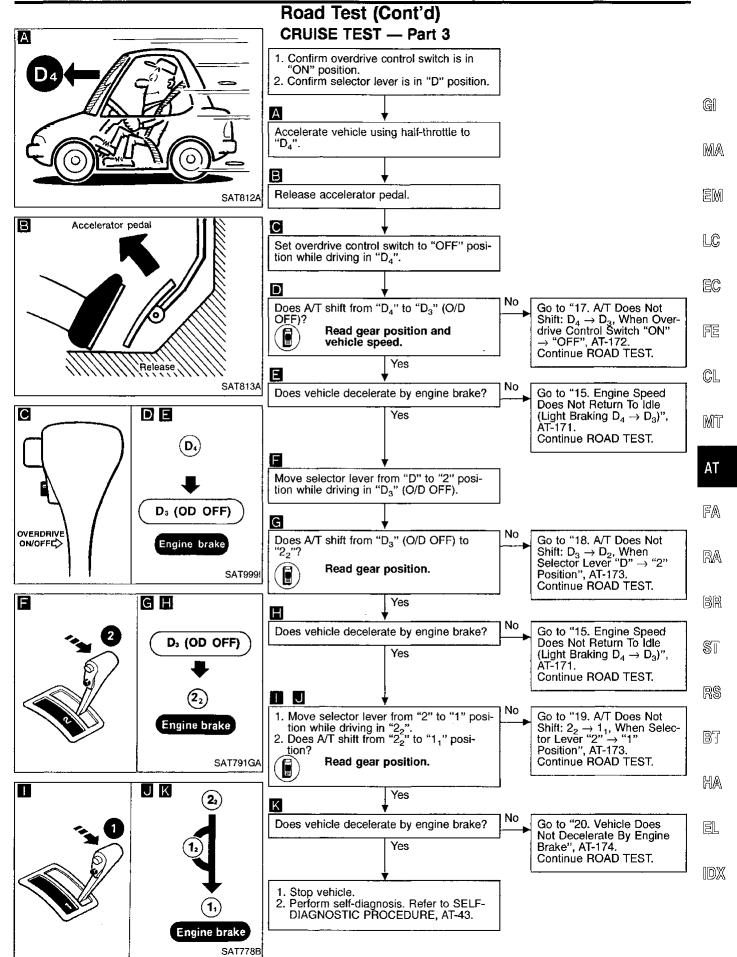




TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

Symptom Chart

l		١.					J	711				Ci	ııd	II F					ا .	_				△		nie! -				
		ON vehicle 59, 188 90, 93, 62 187, 138, 119, 189 156 62 134 130 148						G.	86	<u> </u>		-	10	98,	23		23		nicle		24	5	→							
	Reference page (AT-)			18	88	15		6	2				-	ı	-	18		18	37		98, 14		32, 35		17 17	23	39	24 25	-	<u> </u>
Reference page (AT-)	Numbers are arranged in order of probability. Perform inspections starting with number one and work up. Circled numbers indicate that the transaxle must be removed from the vehicle.	Fluid level	Control cable adjustment	Inhibitor switch adjustment	Throttle position sensor (Adjustment)	Revolution sensor and vehicle speed sensor	Engine speed signal	Engine idling rpm	Line pressure	Control valve assembly	Shift solenoid valve A	Shift solenoid valve B	Line pressure solenoid valve	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	Overrun clutch solenoid valve	A/T fluid temperature sensor	Accumulator N-D	Accumulator servo release	Ignition switch and starter	Torque converter	Oil pump	Reverse clutch	High clutch	Forward clutch	Forward one-way clutch	Overrun clutch	Low one-way clutch	Low & reverse brake	Brake band	Parking components
160	Engine does not start in "N", "P" positions.	Ŀ	2	3	٠		٠	·	٠		٠								1	·			٠	·						·
160	Engine starts in positions other than "N" and "P".	Ŀ	1	2				Ŀ											·						·					
	Transaxle noise in "P" and "N" positions.	1			3	4	5	Ŀ	2	:	-								·	Ŷ	6								٠	·_
160	Vehicle moves when changing into "P" position or parking gear does not disengage when shifted out of "P" position.		1		٠						٠								,		٠		-							2
161	Vehicle runs in "N" position.	Ŀ	1		÷	Ŀ		<u>.</u>	·	Ŀ	<u></u>	·				·	·	<u> </u>		Ŀ	<u>-</u>	3		2		4				
163	Vehicle will not run in "R" position (but runs in "D", "2" and "1" positions). Clutch slips. Very poor acceleration.		1						2	4			3				٠		. •		-	(5)	6	Ī	•	(8)		9		
_	Vehicle braked when shifting into "R" position.	1	2						3	5		·	4				·	·	,		,	ļ. <u> </u>	6	(8)		9			7	Ŀ
_	Sharp shock in shifting from "N" to "D" position.	·			2		5	1	3	7		·	6		٠	4	8				-			9	,			·		·_
_	Vehicle will not run in "D" and "2" positions (but runs in "1" and "R" positions).		1		·												·			· 							2			·
164	Vehicle will not run in "D", "1", "2" positions (but runs in "R" position). Clutch slips. Very poor acceleration.	1					•		2	4			3				5					6	7	8	9		®	•		
	Clutches or brakes slip somewhat in starting.	1	2		3				4	6	·_		5				7	ļ .		13	(f)	9		8				(3)		·
<u> </u>	Excessive creep.		•				•	1				<u> </u>	•		·			<u> </u>		•	·		•		-		•	-	·-	i
164	No creep at all. Failure to change gear from "D ₁ " to	1			•		•	-	2	3	•			· -	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	6	(a)		•	4)	•	-	•	•	•	Ė
	"D ₂ ". Failure to change gear from "D ₂ " to	 -	2	1		5	•	· -	<u>.</u>	4	3	3	•		-		•		•			·	· (6)	·	•	· .	_		⑥ ⑦	Ė
	"D ₃ ". Failure to change gear from "D ₃ " to	<u> </u>	2	1		4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· ·	<u> </u>	3	ľ	•		·	5	-	<u>.</u>		- -		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>		<u>•</u>	·
166, 167, 168	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- .	•		1 .	2			•		3	4				-	-		-										•	
	Gear change directly from "D ₁ " to "D ₃ " occurs.	1									•							2		<u> </u>	,		,				•		3	
_	Engine stops when shifting lever into "R", "D", "2" and "1".	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	•			1		3				2	-	-			-	4	-				-		-		•	
_	Too sharp a shock in change from "D ₁ " to "D ₂ ".			 	1				2	4						5		3		-		-	_						6	
_	Too sharp a shock in change from "D ₂ " to "D ₃ ".			,	1				2	3							•			-			4					-	(5)	

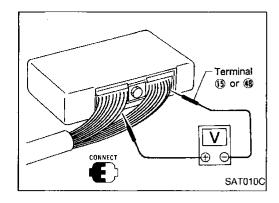
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Chart (Cont'd)

		4				-			()N v	ehic	le							-	-				OFF	- ve	hicle	!			→	
	Reference page (AT-)		9, 89	18	88	90, 1	93, 56	6	2		37, 34		38, 30	11	9, 48	8	6, 37	18	37	19 21	8, 14	23	32, 35	23 24	39, 47	2:	39		45, 56	[-	
Reference page (AT-)	Numbers are arranged in order of probability. Perform inspections starting with number one and work up. Circled numbers indicate that the transaxle must be removed from the vehicle.	Fluid level	Control cable adjustment	Inhibitor switch adjustment	Throttle position sensor (Adjustment)	Revolution sensor and vehicle speed sensor	Engine speed signal	Engine (dling rpm	Line pressure	Control valve assembly	Shift solenoid valve A	Shift solenoid valve B	Line pressure solenoid valve	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	Overrun clutch solenoid valve	A/T fluid temperature sensor	Accumulator N-D	Accumulator servo release	Ignition switch and starter	Torque converter	Oil pump	Reverse clutch	High clutch	Forward clutch	Forward one-way clutch	Overrun clutch	Low one-way clutch	Low & reverse brake	Brake band	Parking components	
_	Too sharp a shock in change from "D ₃ " to "D ₄ ".		-		1			-	2	3							_				,					⑤			4		
_	Almost no shock or clutches slip- ping in change from "D ₁ " to "D ₂ ".	1	-		2				3	5			-					4											6		1
-	Almost no shock or slipping in change from " D_2 " to " D_3 ".	1			2				3	4		ļ.								$\lceil \cdot \rceil$			(5)						®		
-	Almost no shock or slipping in change from "D ₃ " to "D ₄ ".	1	-		2				3	4													(5)						6]
	Vehicle braked by gear change from "D ₁ " to "D ₂ ".	1				,							-						,			2	4				⑤	3	-	-	
	Vehicle braked by gear change from "D ₂ " to "D ₃ ".	1			-												·				,					,			2		
_	Vehicle braked by gear change from "D ₃ " to "D ₄ ".	7		,																		4			3	2	•		-		١,
	Maximum speed not attained. Acceleration poor.	1		2						5	3	4	<u> </u>				-			(9)	(1)	6	7				-	9	8		
	Failure to change gear from "D ₄ " to "D ₃ ".	1			2					6	4		5		3											8		(Z)]
	Failure to change gear from "D ₃ " to "D ₂ " or from "D ₄ " to "D ₂ ".	1			2					5	3	4	•										6						Ø		1
	Failure to change gear from "D ₂ " to "D ₁ " or from "D ₃ " to "D ₁ ".	1			2					5	3	4	-										Ô				6		(8)		1
	Gear change shock felt during deceleration by releasing accelerator pedal.	,			1			-	2	4	,				3					٠		•									
	Too high a change point from "D ₄ " to "D ₃ ", from "D ₃ " to "D ₂ ", from "D ₂ " to "D ₁ ".		•		1	2									,						-						•		•		
	Kickdown does not operate when depressing pedal in "D ₄ " within kickdown vehicle speed.		,		1	2	,				3	4											•				•		,	-	
	Kickdown operates or engine over- runs when depressing pedal in "D ₄ " beyond kickdown vehicle speed limit,				2	1					3	4			,									,	,						
	Races extremely fast or slips in changing from "D ₄ " to "D ₃ " when depressing pedal.	1			2				3	5	-		4		,	·		•		·			6	Ø			-				
_	Races extremely fast or slips in changing from "D ₄ " to "D ₂ " when depressing pedal.	1			2				3	6	5		4	-	,				٠				,	8	-		•	-	7	· 	
	Races extremely fast or slips in changing from "D ₃ " to "D ₂ " when depressing pedal.	1		•	2	,	٠		3	5			4		·	6		•	•			•	9	8			-		7		
	Races extremely fast or slips in changing from "D ₄ " or "D ₃ " to "D ₁ " when depressing pedal.	1			2				3	5	-		4	-	-					٠		•	•	6	Ī		8		•		
1	Vehicle will not run in any position. Transaxle noise in "D", "2", "1" and	1	2	<u>.</u>	•			<u>.</u>	3	-	-	<u> </u>	4	-	-	Ŀ			$\dot{-}$	9	(5)	-	6	<u></u>	-			8	②	⊕	1
	"R" positions.	1		-		·		-		·	•		•	١.		·	·]		•	2	·	٠					.	١.	- 1		1

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description Symptom Chart (Cont'd)

		 						_	C	N v	ehic	le							→	•				OFF	- vel	nicle	;	_		
	Reference page (AT-)		9, 89	18	38	90, 15		6	2		37, 34	13	88, 30	11	-	86		18	37	19			32, 35	23		23	39		45, 56	
Reference page (AT-)	Numbers are arranged in order of probability. Perform inspections starting with number one and work up. Circled numbers indicate that the transaxle must be removed from the vehicle.	Fluid level	Control cable adjustment	Inhibitor switch adjustment	Throttle position sensor (Adjustment)	Revolution sensor and vehicle speed sensor	Engine speed signal	Engine idling rpm	Line pressure	Control valve assembly	Shift solenoid valve A	Shift solenoid valve B	Line pressure solenoid valve	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	Overrun clutch solenoid valve	lure sensor	Accumulator N-D	Accumulator servo release	Ignition switch and starter	Torque converter	Oil pump	Reverse clutch	High clutch	Forward clutch	Forward one-way clutch	Overrun clutch	Low one-way clutch	Low & reverse brake	Brake band	Parking components
171	Failure to change from "D ₃ " to "2 ₂ " when changing lever into "2" position.		7	1	2					6	5	4		-	3	-	•				-			-		9			8	
_	Gear change from "22" to "23" in "2" position.			1			. !		. !																,					
172	Engine brake does not operate in "1" position.		2	1	3	4			•	6	5				7											(8)		9		
_	Gear change from "1 ₁ " to "1 ₂ " in "1" position.		2	1					. !	,																	•			
_	Does not change from "1 ₂ " to "1 ₁ " in "1" position.			1		2				4	3				5											6		Ī		
_	Large shock changing from "1 ₂ " to "1 ₁ " in "1" position.	·							. !	1											·				,			2	$\overline{}$	
1	Transaxle overheats.	1		$\overline{}$	3			2	4	6			5			,		•	•	(19)	⑦	(8)	9	(1)		12		(13)	(1)	
1	ATF shoots out during operation. White smoke emitted from exhaust pipe during operation.	1	,	,	•		,		-	,	,	-			,						-	2	3	(5)		6	-	Ø	4	
_	Offensive smell at fluid charging pipe.	1									,									2	3	4)	(5)	Ī		8		9	6	-
_	Torque converter is not locked up.	Ŀ		3	1	2	4		6	8				7		5				9				-		Ŀ		Ŀ		
_	Torque converter clutch piston slip.	1		·	2				3	6		Ŀ	5	4	٠	<u> </u>				7		٠,		Ŀ		Ŀ		Ŀ		
169	Lock-up point is extremely high or low.	Ŀ			1	2				4		Ŀ		3							٠					<u>.</u>		Ŀ		
	A/T does not shift to "D ₄ " when driving with overdrive control switch "ON".			2	1	3			8	6	4				5	7	,				,	•				(1)	٠		9	
_	Engine is stopped at "R", "D", "2" and "1" positions.	1			·			-		5	4	3		2			-							,	•		٠			·

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description



TCM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

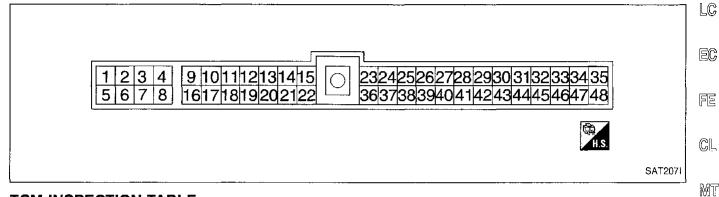
 Measure voltage between each terminal and terminal (§) or (§) by following "TCM INSPECTION TABLE".

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TCM HARNESS CONNECTOR TERMINAL LAYOUT



TCM INSPECTION TABLE

(Data are reference values.)

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	(Condition	Judgement standard
	G/R	Line pressure		When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	1.5 - 2.5V
	<u> </u>	solenoid valve		When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less
2		Line pressure solenoid valve		When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	5 - 14V
۷	, i	(with dropping resistor)	((Son))	When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less
	147	O/D OFF indica-	7.5	When setting overdrive control switch in "OFF" position.	1V or less
3	W	tor lamp	X	When setting overdrive control switch in "ON" position.	Battery voltage
				When turning ignition switch to "ON".	Battery voltage
4	R/Y	Power source		When turning ignition switch to "OFF".	1V or less

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description TCM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	(Condition	Judgement standard
_	0.5	Torque converter		When A/T performs lock-up.	8 - 15V
5	G/B	clutch solenoid valve		When A/T does not perform lock-up.	1V or less
6	R/Y	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve A operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₄ ".)	Battery voltage
Ü		valve A		When shift solenoid valve A does not operate. (When driving in "D ₂ " or "D ₃ ".)	1V or less
7	LG/B	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve B operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₂ ".)	Battery voltage
,	LG/B	valve B		When shift solenoid valve B does not operate. (When driving in "D ₃ " or "D ₄ ".)	1V or less
	BR/Y	Overrun clutch		When overrun clutch solenoid valve operates.	Battery voltage
8	DR/1	solenoid valve		When overrun clutch solenoid valve does not operate.	1V or less
9	R/Y	Power source		Same as No. 4	
10*	W/L	DT1		_	_
11*	W/PU	DT2		. —	_
12*	R/W	DT3		_	_
13*	G/OR	"N" position sig-		When setting selector lever to "N" or "P" position.	1V or less
	4/0/1	nal		When setting selector lever to other positions.	Approximately 5V
14	GY/L	Closed throttle position switch	200	When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	Battery voltage
	W172	(in throttle posi- tion switch)	(Con)	When depressing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	1V or less
15	В	Ground			Manus Prince
16	PU/W	Inhibitor "1"		When setting selector lever to "1" position.	Battery voltage
10	PO/W	position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less
47	D.D	Inhibitor "2"		When setting selector lever to "2" position.	Battery voltage
17	P/B	position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less
40	V4	Inhibitor "D"		When setting selector lever to "D" position.	Battery voltage
18	Y/L	position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less

^{*:} These terminals are connected to the ECM (ECCS control module).

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description

TCM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

Terminal No.	Wire color	ltem		Condition	Judgement standard	_
19	R/G	Inhibitor "N" or "P" position		When setting selector lever to "N" or "P" position.	Battery voltage	_
19	n/G	switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less	
20	G/W	Inhibitor "R"		When setting selector lever to "R" position.	Battery voltage	_
20	G/VV	position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less	_
21	W/R	Wide open throttle position switch	X.	When depressing accelerator pedal more than half-way after warming up engine.	Battery voltage	_
		(in throttle posi- tion switch)		When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	1V or less	_
22		_		_		_
00	DE 44	Power source		When turning ignition switch to "OFF".	Battery voltage	_
23	BR/W	(Memory back- up)	(Con) or (Cor)	When turning ignition switch to "ON".	Battery voltage	-
0.4		Engine speed		When engine runs at idle speed.	Approximately 0.6V	_
24	W/G	signal		When engine runs at 4,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.2V	_
25	w	Revolution sen- sor (Measure in AC range)		When vehicle cruises at 30 km/h (19 MPH).	1V or more Voltage rises gradually in response to vehicle speed.	
				When vehicle parks.	0V	_
26		_		_	_	
27	P/L	Vehicle speed sensor		When moving vehicle at 2 to 3 km/h (1 to 2 MPH) for 1 m (3 ft) or more.	Voltage varies between less than 1V and more than 4.5V	
28*	BR/Y	_		_		_
29*	LG	_		_		
30*	Р	_		_	_	_
31	R	Throttle position sensor (Power source)	%	_	4.5 - 5.5V	_
32			\\\		<u> </u>	-

^{*:} These terminals are connected to the Data link connector for CONSULT.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — General Description TCM Terminals and Reference Value (Cont'd)

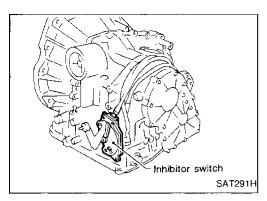
Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	(Condition	Judgement standard
33	G	A/T fluid tem-		When ATF temperature is 20°C (68°F).	Approximately 1.5V
	_	perature sensor		When ATF temperature is 80°C (176°F).	Approximately 0.5V
34	L/W	Throttle position sensor		When depressing accelerator pedal slowly after warming up engine. (Voltage rises gradually in response to throttle position.)	Fully-closed throttle: Approximately 0.5V Fully-open throttle: Approximately 4V
35	В	Throttle position sensor (Ground)		_	
36		_			
37	Y	ASCD cruise switch		When ASCD cruise is being per- formed. ("CRUISE" light comes on.) When ASCD cruise is not being per- formed. ("CRUISE" light does not comes on.)	Battery voltage
38	_	_		_	_
20	GN	Overdrive control	((Con))	When setting overdrive control switch in "ON" position	Battery voltage
39	G/Y	switch		When setting overdrive control switch in "OFF" position	1V or less
40	L	ASCD 4th cut		When "ACCEL" set switch on ASCD cruise is in "D ₄ " position.	5 - 8V
	<u>-</u>	signal		When "ACCEL" set switch on ASCD cruise is in "D ₃ " position.	1V or less
41				_	_
42	-			_	_
43	R/G	Brake switch	(Lan)	_	
44	<u>-</u>	_		_	-
45*	R	OBD-II output		_	
46		_	W 3 1	_	
47*	DT4	_	X		
48	В	Ground		_	_

^{*} This terminal is connected to the ECM (ECCS control module).

Main Power Supply and Ground Circuit

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item			Condition	<u> </u>		Judgement standard
4	R/Y	Power source			When turning igniti "ON".	ion swit	ch to	Battery voltage
7		l ower source			When turning igniti "OFF".	on swit	ch to	1V or less
9	R/Y	Power source		X 2.2		Same	e as No. 4	
15	В	Ground	ļ	M.s.,	_			_
23	BR/W	Power source (Memory back-	Con	or (Core)	When turning igniti			Battery voltage
		up)			When turning igniti "ON".	on swit	.cn to	Battery voltage
48	В	Ground		(Con)	_	_		
								:
3	CONNECT		DIA	AGNOSTIC P	ROCEDURE			
		H.S. UNIOFF		INSPECTIO	N START	7		
	TCM	O CONNECTOR	Laman			7		
	3	1	A					
	V	Ī	CHE	CK TCM POWER	SOURCE.	NG	Check the	following items:
۲	- 0 0 	_	1 1	rn ignition switch to not start engine.	·		1	for short or tween ignition
ļ		_	2. Ch	eck voltage betwe	een TCM terminals		switch a	nd TCM termi-
<u> </u>		S.		, ⑨ , ② and grou Itage: Battery vo			пals ④ , (Main ha	(9) and (20)
3	DISCONNECT		3. Tu	rn ignition switch	to "OFF" position.		• Ignition s	switch and fuse
			1 1	eck voltage between and ground.	en TCM terminal		ł	EL section R SUPPLY
	ТСМ	O CONNECTOR	1 1	Itage: Battery vo	ltage		ROUTIN	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				OK			
	Ω	_•	B	\downarrow				
ſ	- t• - +		11	CK TCM GROUN		NG		en circuit or short
1		C	11	rn ignition switch sconnect TCM har	to "OFF" position.			or short to power or connectors.
		S.	3. Cr	eck continuity bet	ween terminals (§),			o. comicololo.
				and ground. Intinuity should	exist.			
			If (DK, check harnes	s for short to			
			l ara	ound and short to	nower	1		
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Inhibitor Switch DESCRIPTION

The inhibitor switch detects the selector lever position and sends a signal to the TCM.

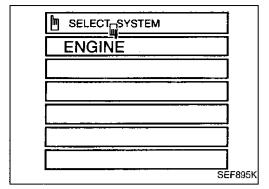
TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

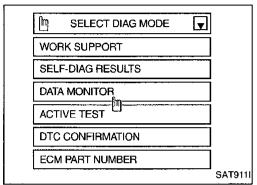
Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	ltem	•	Condition	Judgement standard
16	DILAM	Inhibitor "1"		When setting selector lever to "1" position.	Battery voltage
16	PU/W	position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less
17	P/B	Inhibitor "2"		When setting selector lever to "2" position.	Battery voltage
17	P/B	position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less
18	Y/L	Inhibitor "D"	(Ca)	When setting selector lever to "D" position.	Battery voltage
16	Y/L	position switch	X 22	When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less
10	D/C	Inhibitor "N" or	W.ss.	When setting selector lever to "N" or "P" position.	Battery voltage
19	R/G	"P" position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less
00	600	Inhibitor "R"		When setting selector lever to "R" position.	Battery voltage
20	G/W	position switch		When setting selector lever to other positions.	1V or less

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: INHIBITOR SW/CIRC : P0705 : MIL Code No. 1101	TCM does not receive the correct voltage signal from the switch based on the gear position.	Harness or connectors (The inhibitor switch circuit is open or shorted.) Inhibitor switch





Inhibitor Switch (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

1) Turn ignition switch "ON".

2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.

 Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more THRTL POS SEN: More than 1.3V Selector lever: D position (OD "ON" or "OFF")

--- OR -

1) Start engine.

2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D", overdrive control switch in "ON" or "OFF" position, vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle position sensor more than 1.3V and driving for more than 5 seconds.

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

— OR –

NO

1) Start engine.

Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D", overdrive control switch in "ON" or "OFF" position, vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/2 of the full throttle position and driving for more than 5 seconds.

Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
 Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
 "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

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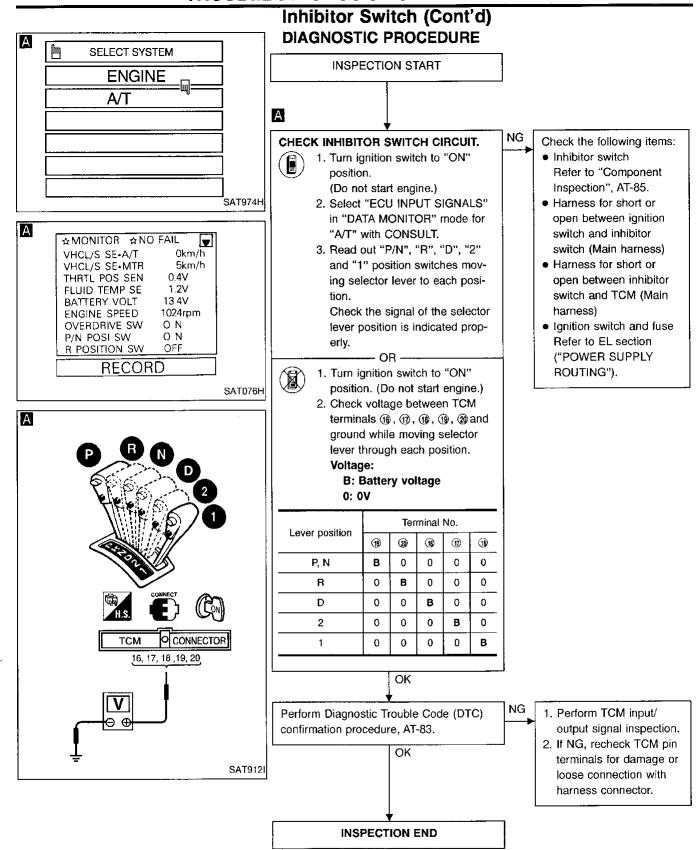
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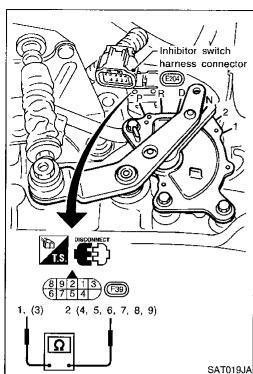
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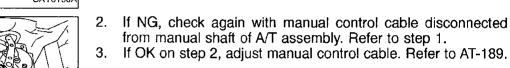


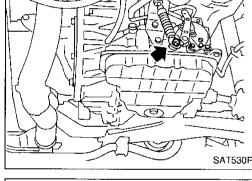
Inhibitor Switch (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Inhibitor switch

1. Check continuity between terminals ① and ② and between terminals 3 and 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 while moving manual shaft through each position.

Lever position	Termir	nal No.
Р	1 - 2	3 - 4
R	3 - 5	
N	① -②	3 - 6
D	3 - 7	
2	3 -8	
1	3 - 9	





2, (4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)

If NG on step 2, remove inhibitor switch from A/T and check continuity of inhibitor switch terminals. Refer to step 1.

If OK on step 4, adjust inhibitor switch. Refer to AT-188.

Inhibitor switch harness connector If NG on step 4, replace inhibitor switch.

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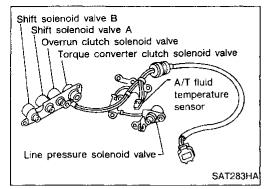
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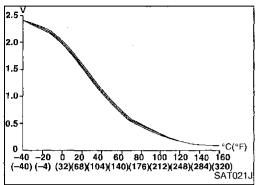
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A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor DESCRIPTION

The A/T fluid temperature sensor detects the A/T fluid temperature and sends a signal to the TCM.



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Monitor item	Condition	Specification
A/T fluid temperature sensor	Cold [20°C (68°F)] ↓ Hot [80°C (176°F)]	Approximately 1.5V ↓ Approximately 0.5V

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

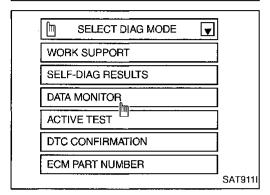
Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Termina! No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
33 G	_	A/T fluid tem- perature sensor	(Çon)	When ATF temperature is 20°C (68°F).	Approximately 1.5V
	G			When ATF temperature is 80°C (176°F).	Approximately 0.5V
35	В	Throttle position sensor (Ground)	X.	_	_

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC : P0710 NO: MIL Code No. 1208	TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor.	 Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) A/T fluid temperature sensor

	SELECT_SYSTEM	
	ENGINE	
	SE	F895K



A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

 Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.

 Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 10 minutes (Total). (It is not necessary to maintain continuously.)

CMPS-RPM (REF): 450 rpm or more VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more THRTL POS SEN: More than 1.2V Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

- OR ——

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Start engine.
 Drive vehicle under the following conditions:
 Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/8 of the full open position, engine speed higher than 450 rpm and driving for more than 10 minutes (Total).

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

– OR -



1) Start engine.

2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/8 of the full open position, engine speed higher than 450 rpm and driving for more than 10 minutes (Total).

3) Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
"ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

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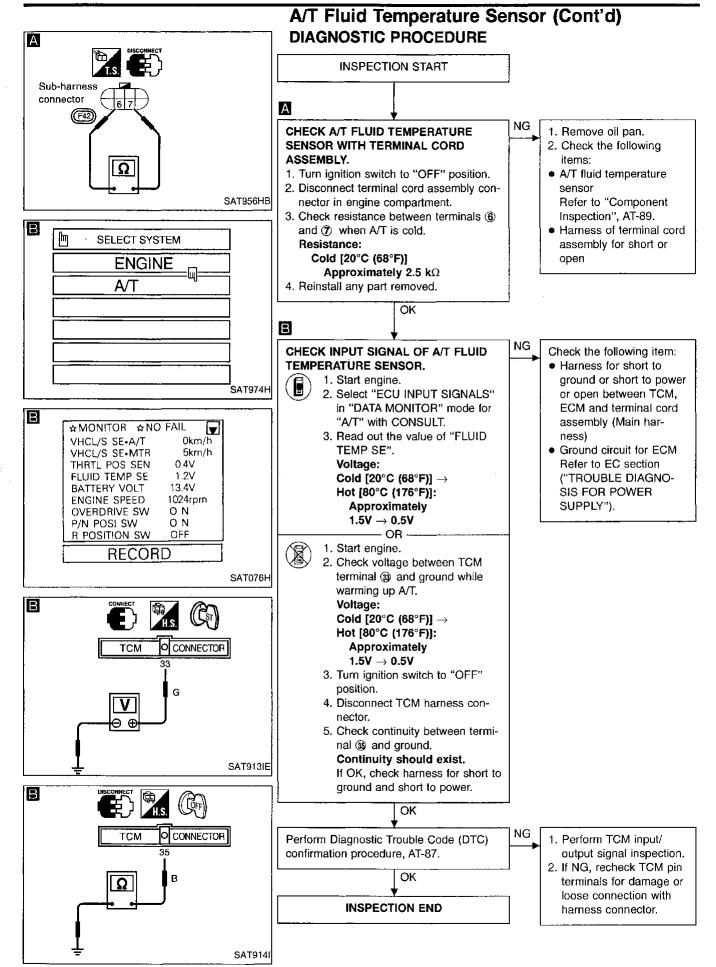
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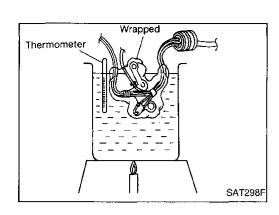
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A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

A/T fluid temperature sensor

- For removal, refer to AT-187. Check resistance between two terminals while changing temperature as shown at left.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance
20 (68)	Approximately 2.5 kΩ
80 (176)	Approximately 0.3 kΩ

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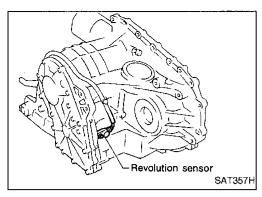
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Vehicle Speed Sensor·A/T (Revolution sensor) DESCRIPTION

The revolution sensor detects the revolution of the idler gear parking pawl lock gear and emits a pulse signal. The pulse signal is sent to the TCM which converts it into vehicle speed.

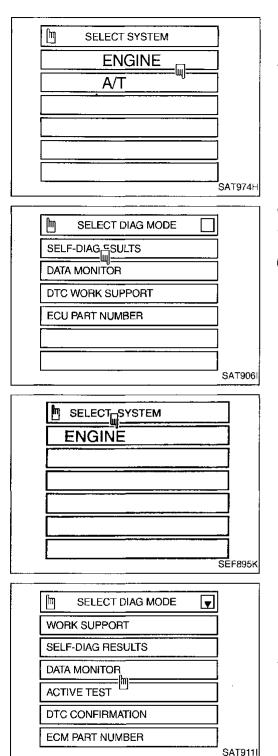
TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal N o.	Wire color	Item		Judgement standard	
25	w	Revolution sen- sor (Measure in AC range)		When vehicle cruises at 30 km/h (19 MPH).	1V or more Voltage rises gradually in response to vehicle speed.
				When vehicle parks.	0V
35	В	Throttle position B sensor (Ground)	(Con)		
			X 2		

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT : P0720 : MIL Code No. 1102	TCM does not receive the proper voltage signal from the sensor.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Revolution sensor



Vehicle Speed Sensor-A/T (Revolution sensor) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

Be careful not to rev engine into the red zone on the tachometer.

NOTE:

"DIAGNOSTIC **TROUBLE** CODE CONFIRMATION lf PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.

Drive vehicle and check for an increase of "VHCL/S SE·A/T" value in response to "VHCL/S SE·MTR" value

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-158. If the check result is OK, go to following step.

Select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.

Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

VHCL SPEED SE: 30 km/h (19 MPH) or more THRTL POS SEN: More than 1.2V Selector lever: D position ("OD" ON)

Driving pattern: Driving the vehicle uphill (increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-92.

If the check result is OK, go to following step. Maintain the following conditions for at least 5 consecutive seconds.

CMPS RPM (REF): 3,500 rpm or more THRTL POS SEN: More than 1.2V Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

Driving pattern: Driving the vehicle uphill (increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

Start engine.

2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 30 km/h (19 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/8 of the full throttle position and driving for more than 5 seconds.

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST. – OR -

Start engine.

1) 2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 30 km/h (19 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/8 of the full throttle position and driving for more than 5 seconds.

Perform self-diagnosis for ECM. Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].



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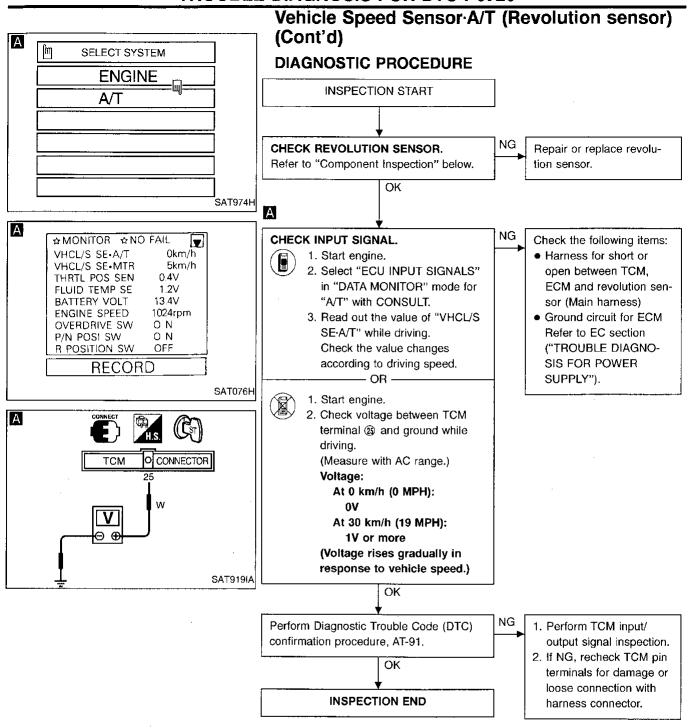
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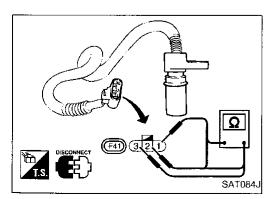
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

Revolution sensor

For removal, refer to AT-188.

• Check resistance between terminals ①, ② and ③.

Termi	Resistance	
①	2	500 - 650Ω
2	3	No continuity
①	3	No continuity

Engine Speed Signal

DESCRIPTION

The engine speed signal is sent from the ECM to the TCM.

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard	
0.4	W/G Engine speed signal	Engine speed			When engine runs at idle speed.	Approximately 0.6V
24			When engine runs at 4,000 rpm.	Approximately 2.2V		

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)	
ENGINE SPEED SIG			
: P0725	TCM does not receive the proper voltage signal from ECM.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or	CL
(NO) : MIL Code No. 1207		shorted.)	MT

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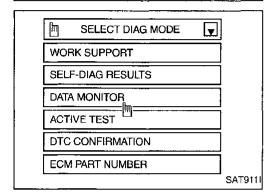
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Engine Speed Signal (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTÉ:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.
- Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more THRTL POS SEN: More than 1.2V Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

— OR -

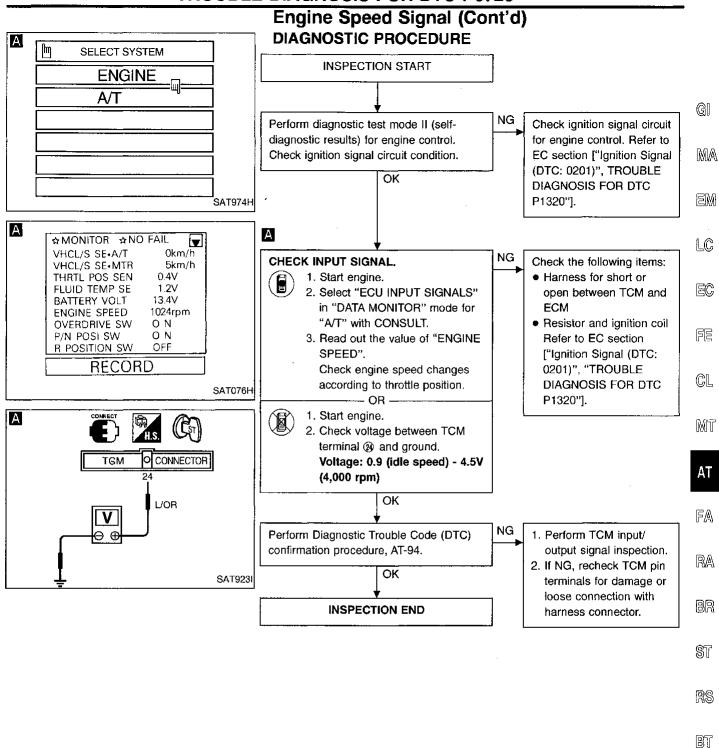
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- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/8 of the full throttle position and driving for more than 10 consecutive seconds.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

– OR -



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/8 of the full throttle position and driving for more than 10 consecutive seconds.
- 3) Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
 Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
 "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].



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A/T 1st Gear Function

DESCRIPTION

- This is an OBD-II self-diagnostic item and not available in TCM self-diagnosis.
- This malfunction will not be detected while the O/D OFF indicator lamp is indicating another self-diagnosis malfunction.
- This malfunction is detected when the A/T does not shift into first gear position as instructed by the TCM.
 This is not caused by electrical malfunction (circuits open or shorted) but by mechanical malfunction such as control valve sticking, improper solenoid valve operation, etc.

Gear position	1	2	3	4
Shift solenoid valve A	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
Shift solenoid valve B	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
6	R/Y	Shift solenoid valve A		When shift solenoid valve A operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₄ ".)	Battery voltage
				When shift solenoid valve A does not operate. (When driving in "D ₂ " or "D ₃ ".)	1V or less
7	I LG/B I	LG/B Shift solenoid valve B		When shift solenoid valve B operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₂ ".)	Battery voltage
				When shift solenoid valve B does not operate. (When driving in "D ₃ " or "D ₄ ".)	1V or less

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

This diagnosis monitors actual gear position by checking the torque converter slip ratio calculated by TCM as follows:

Torque converter slip ratio = A x C/B

A: Output shaft revolution signal from revolution sensor

B: Engine speed signal from ECM

C: Gear ratio determined as gear position which TCM supposes

If the actual gear position is higher than the position (1st) supposed by TCM, the slip ratio will be more than normal. In case the ratio exceeds the specified value, TCM judges this diagnosis malfunction.

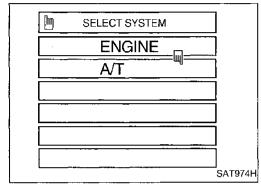
This malfunction will be caused when either shift solenoid valve A is stuck open or shift solenoid valve B is stuck open.

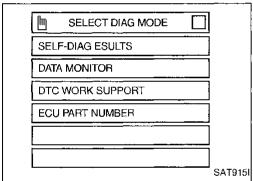
Gear position supposed by TCM	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with no malfunctions	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with shift solenoid valve A stuck open	2	2	3	3
In case of gear position with shift solenoid valve B stuck open	4	3	3	4

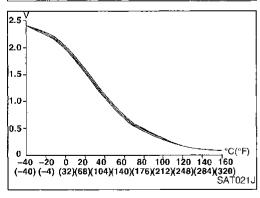
○: P0731 is detected.

A/T 1st Gear Function (Cont'd)

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)	<u>-</u>
: A/T 1ST GR FNCTN : P0731 NO : MIL Code No. 1103	A/T cannot be shifted to the 1st gear position even if electrical circuit is good.	 Shift solenoid valve A Shift solenoid valve B Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit 	Gi Ma







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

Be careful not to rev engine into the red zone on the tachometer.

NOTE:

"DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always drive vehicle on a level road to improve the accuracy of test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

Start engine and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.

Make sure that output voltage of A/T fluid temperature sensor is within the range below. FLUID TEMP SEN: 0.4 - 1.5V

If out of range, drive the vehicle to decrease the voltage (warm up the fluid) or stop engine to increase the voltage (cool down the fluid).

Select "1ST GR FNCTN P0731" of "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT and touch "START".

Accelerate vehicle to 20 to 25 km/h (12 to 16 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8 (at all times during step 4)

Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

Check that "GEAR" shows "2" after releasing pedal.

Depress accelerator pedal to WOT (more than 7/8 of "THROTTLE POSI") quickly from a speed of 20 to 25 km/h (12 to 16 MPH) until "TESTING" changes to "STOP VEHICLE" or "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

If the check result NG appears on CONSULT screen, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-99.

If "STOP VEHICLE" appears on CONSULT screen, go to the following step.

Check that "GEAR" shows "1" when depressing accelerator pedal to WOT.

If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT for a

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A/T 1st Gear Function (Cont'd)

long time, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" for "ENGINE". In case a 1st trip DTC other than P0731 is shown, refer to applicable "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC".

6) Stop vehicle.

 Follow the instruction displayed. (Check for normal shifting referring to the table below.)

Vehicle condition	Gear on actual transmission shift pattern when screen is changed to $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$
No malfunction exists	$1 \to 2 \to 3 \to 4$
Malfunction for P0731 exists.	$2 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 3$
Manunction for P0731 exists.	$4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$

8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. (If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".) Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-99. Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

- OR -

1) Start engine and warm up ATF.

 Accelerate vehicle to 20 to 25 km/h (12 to 16 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8
Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

Depress accelerator pedal to We

 Depress accelerator pedal to WOT (more than 7/8 of "THROTTLE POSI") quickly from a speed of 20 to 25 km/h (12 to 16 MPH). (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



Start engine and warm up ATF.

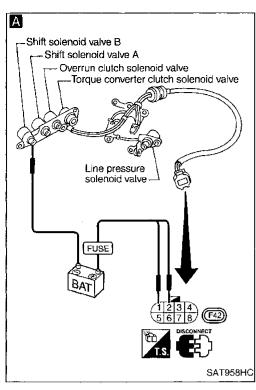
 Accelerate vehicle to 20 to 25 km/h (12 to 16 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

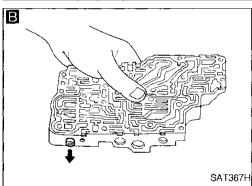
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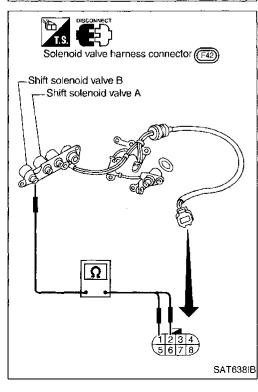
THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8 Selector lever: D position (OD "ON") Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

 Depress accelerator pedal to WOT (more than 7/8 of "THROTTLE POSI") quickly from a speed of 20 to 25 km/h (12 to 16 MPH). (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

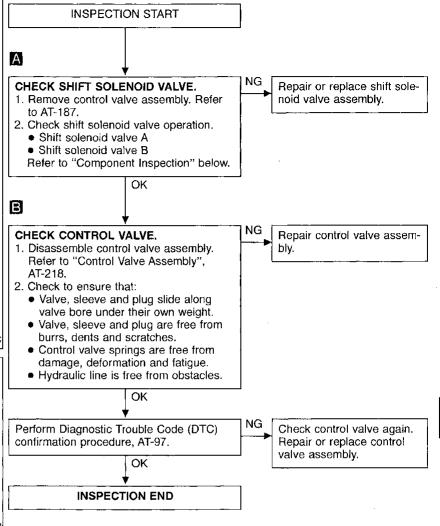
Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
 Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
 "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].







A/T 1st Gear Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



COMPONENT INSPECTION

Shift solenoid valve A and B

For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

• Check resistance between terminals (1), (2) and ground.

• Check resistance between terminals (1), (2) and ground.					
Solenoid valve	Termir	nal No.	Resistance (Approx.)		
Shift solenoid valve A	2	Ground	20 - 40Ω		
Shift solenoid valve B	1	Ground	20 - 4012		

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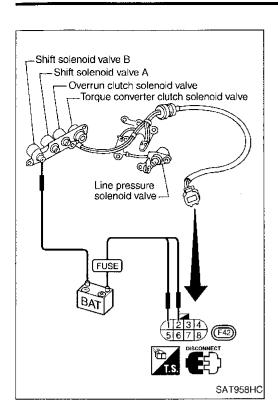
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A/T 1st Gear Function (Cont'd) Operation check

 Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminals ①, ② and ground.

A/T 2nd Gear Function

DESCRIPTION

- This is an OBD-II self-diagnostic item and not available in TCM self-diagnosis.
- This malfunction will not be detected while the O/D OFF indicator lamp is indicating another self-diagnosis malfunction.
- This malfunction is detected when the A/T does not shift into second gear position as instructed by the TCM. This is not caused by electrical malfunction (circuits open or shorted) but by mechanical malfunction such as control valve sticking, improper solenoid valve operation, etc.

Gear position	1	2	3	4
Shift solenoid valve A	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
Shift solenoid valve B	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Hemarks: Sp	Hernarks: Specification data are reference values.					EC
Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard	
	10/8	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve B operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₂ ".)	Battery voltage	FE CL
/	LG/B	valve B		When shift solenoid valve B does not operate. (When driving in "D ₃ " or "D ₄ ".)	1V or less	MT

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

This diagnosis monitors actual gear position by checking the torque converter slip ratio calculated by TCM as follows:

Torque converter slip ratio = $A \times C/B$

A: Output shaft revolution signal from revolution sensor

B: Engine speed signal from ECM

C: Gear ratio determined as gear position which TCM supposes

If the actual gear position is higher than the position (2nd) supposed by TCM, the slip ratio will be more than normal. In case the ratio exceeds the specified value, TCM judges this diagnosis malfunction.

This malfunction will be caused when shift solenoid valve B is stuck open.

		 		
Gear position supposed by TCM	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with no malfunctions	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with shift solenoid valve B stuck open	4	3	3	4

O: P0732 is detected.

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)	_
: A/T 2ND GR FNCTN			
(g) : P0732	A/T cannot be shifted to the 2nd gear position even if electrical circuit is good.	Shift solenoid valve B Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit	EL
(NO) : MIL Code No. 1104		Tryuradiic control circuit	

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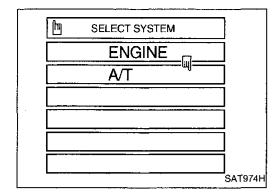
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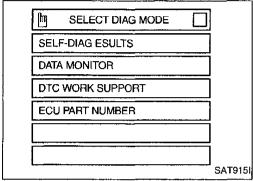
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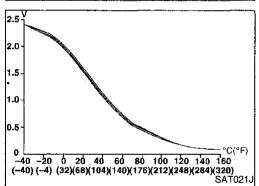
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A/T 2nd Gear Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
- Be careful not to rev engine into the red zone on the tachometer.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always drive vehicle on a level road to improve the accuracy of test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.



- 1) Start engine and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.
- Make sure that output voltage of A/T fluid temperature sensor is within the range below.

FLUID TEMP SEN: 0.4 - 1.5V

If out of range, drive the vehicle to decrease the voltage (warm up the fluid) or stop engine to increase the voltage (cool down the fluid).

- 3) Select "2ND GR FNCTN P0732" of "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT and touch "START".
- Accelerate vehicle to 60 to 65 km/h (37 to 40 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8 (at all times during step 4)

Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

- Check that "GEAR" shows "3" or "4" after releasing pedal.
- 5) Depress accelerator pedal to WOT (more than 7/8 of "THROTTLE POSI") quickly from a speed of 60 to 65 km/h (37 to 40 MPH) until "TESTING" changes to "STOP VEHICLE" or "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

If the check result NG appears on CONSULT screen, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-104.

If "STOP VEHICLE" appears on CONSULT screen, go to following step.

- Check that "GEAR" shows "2" when depressing accelerator pedal to WOT.
- If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT for a long time, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" for "ENGINE". In case a 1st trip DTC other than P0732 is shown, refer to applicable "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC".
- Stop vehicle.
- 7) Follow the instruction displayed. (Check for normal shifting referring to the table below.)

Vehicle condition	Gear on actual transmission shift pattern when screen is changed to 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4
No malfunction exists	$1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$
Malfunction for P0732 exists.	$4 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4$

A/T 2nd Gear Function (Cont'd)

8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. (If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".) Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-104. Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

- OR -



1) Start engine and warm up ATF.

Accelerate vehicle to 63 to 68 km/h (39 to 42 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8
Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")
Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

 Depress accelerator pedal to WOT (more than 7/8 of "THROTTLE POSI") quickly from a speed of 63 to 68 km/h (39 to 42 MPH). (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

4) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

OR —

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Start engine and warm up ATF.

 Accelerate vehicle to 63 to 68 km/h (39 to 42 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8
Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")
Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

 Depress accelerator pedal to WOT (more than 7/8 of "THROTTLE POSI") quickly from a speed of 63 to 68 km/h (39 to 42 MPH). (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

 Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
 Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].



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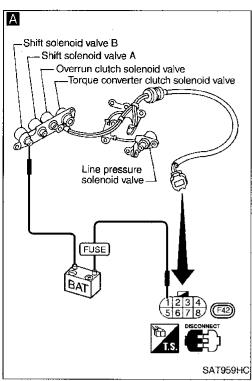
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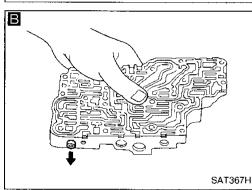
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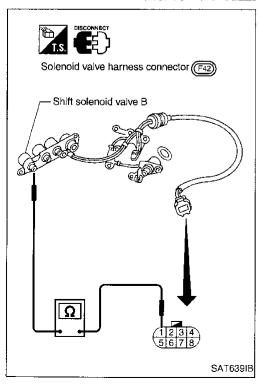
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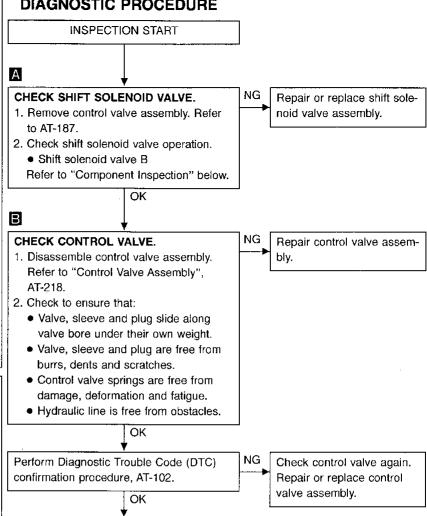
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A/T 2nd Gear Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



COMPONENT INSPECTION

INSPECTION END

Shift solenoid valve B

For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

Check resistance between terminal ① and ground.

Solenoid valve	Terminal No.		Resistance (Approx.)	
Shift solenoid valve B	①	Ground	20 - 40Ω	

Shift solenoid valve B Shift solenoid valve A Overrun clutch solenoid valve Torque converter clutch solenoid valve Line pressure solenoid valve FUSE BAT DISCONNECT SAT959HC

A/T 2nd Gear Function (Cont'd)

Operation check

• Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminal ① and ground.

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A/T 3rd Gear Function

DESCRIPTION

- This is an OBD-II self-diagnostic item and not available in TCM self-diagnosis.
- This malfunction will not be detected while the O/D OFF indicator lamp is indicating another self-diagnosis malfunction.
- This malfunction is detected when the A/T does not shift into third gear position as instructed by the TCM.
 This is not caused by electrical malfunction (circuits open or shorted) but by mechanical malfunction such
 as control valve sticking, improper solenoid valve operation, malfunctioning servo piston or brake band,
 etc.

Gear position	1	2	3	4
Shift solenoid valve A	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
Shift solenoid valve B	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
	1.000	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve A operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₄ ".)	Battery voltage
6	L/W	valve A		When shift solenoid valve A does not operate. (When driving in "D ₂ " or "D ₃ ".)	1V or less

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

This diagnosis monitors actual gear position by checking the torque converter slip ratio calculated by TCM as follows:

Torque converter slip ratio = $A \times C/B$

A: Output shaft revolution signal from revolution sensor

B: Engine speed signal from ECM

C: Gear ratio determined as gear position which TCM supposes

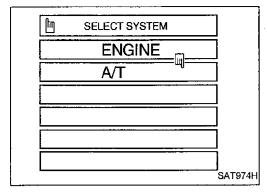
If the actual gear position is higher than the position (3rd) supposed by TCM, the slip ratio will be more than normal. In case the ratio exceeds the specified value, TCM judges this diagnosis malfunction.

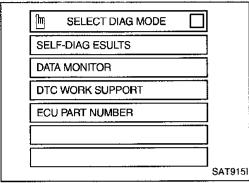
This malfunction will be caused when shift solenoid valve A is stuck closed.

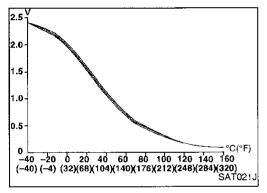
Gear position supposed by TCM	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with no malfunctions	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with shift solenoid valve A stuck closed	1	1	④	4

O: P0733 is detected.

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: A/T 3RD GR FNCTN : P0733 NO.: MIL Code No. 1105	A/T cannot be shifted to the 3rd gear position even if electrical circuit is good.	 Shift solenoid valve A Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit







A/T 3rd Gear Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

 Be careful not to rev engine into the red zone on the tachometer.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always drive vehicle on a level road to improve the accuracy of test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

 Start engine and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.

2) Make sure that output voltage of A/T fluid temperature sensor is within the range below.

FLUID TEMP SEN: 0.4 - 1.5V

If out of range, drive the vehicle to decrease the voltage (warm up the fluid) or stop engine to increase the voltage (cool down the fluid).

 Select "3RD GR FNCTN P0733" of "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT and touch "START".

 Accelerate vehicle to 80 to 95 km/h (50 to 59 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8 (at all times during step 4)

Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

• Check that "GEAR" shows "4" after releasing pedal.

5) Depress accelerator pedal steadily with 3.5/8 - 4.5/8 of "THROTTLE POS!" from a speed of 80 to 95 km/h (50 to 59 MPH) until "TESTING" changes to "STOP VEHICLE" or "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

If the check result NG appears on CONSULT screen, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-109.

If "STOP VEHICLE" appears on CONSULT screen, go to following step.

 Check that "ĠEAR" shows "3" when depressing accelerator pedal with 3.5/8 - 4.5/8 of "THROTTLE POSI".

 If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT for a long time, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" for "ENGINE". In case a 1st trip DTC other than P0733 is shown, refer to applicable "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC".

3) Stop vehicle.

 Follow the instruction displayed. (Check for normal shifting referring to the table below.)

Vehicle condition	Gear on actual transmission shift pattern when screen is changed to 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4
No malfunction exists.	$1 \to 2 \to 3 \to 4$
Malfunction for P0733 exists.	$1 \to 1 \to 4 \to 4$

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A/T 3rd Gear Function (Cont'd)

8) Make sure that "OK" is displayed. (If "NG" is displayed, refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".)
Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-109.
Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.



1) Start engine and warm up ATF.

 Accelerate vehicle to 80 to 95 km/h (50 to 59 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8 Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

3) Depress accelerator pedal with 3.5/8 - 4.5/8 of "THROTTLE POSI" from a speed of 80 to 95 km/h (50 to 59 MPH). (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

Select "MODE 7" with GST.

NO TOOLS

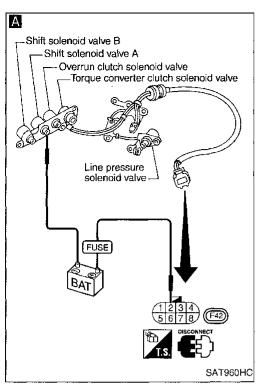
1) Start engine and warm up ATF.

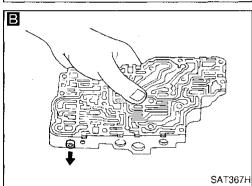
 Accelerate vehicle to 80 to 95 km/h (50 to 59 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

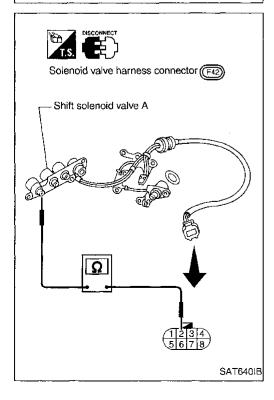
THROTTLE POSI: Less than 1/8
Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")
Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

 Depress accelerator pedal with 3.5/8 - 4.5/8 of "THROTTLE POSI" from a speed of 80 to 95 km/h (50 to 59 MPH). (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

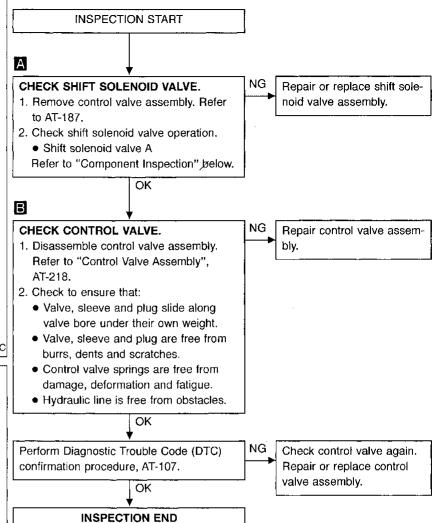
4) Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
"ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].







A/T 3rd Gear Function (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE



COMPONENT INSPECTION

Shift solenoid valve A

For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

Check resistance between terminal ② and ground.

Solenoid valve	Terminal No.		Resistance (Approx.)
Shift solenoid valve A	2	Ground	20 - 40Ω

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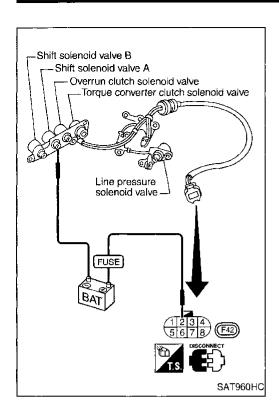
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A/T 3rd Gear Function (Cont'd) Operation check

 Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminal ② and ground.

A/T 4th Gear Function

DESCRIPTION

- This is an OBD-II self-diagnostic item and not available in TCM self-diagnosis.
- This malfunction will not be detected while the O/D OFF indicator lamp is indicating another self-diagnosis malfunction.
- This malfunction is detected when the A/T does not shift into fourth gear position or the torque converter clutch does not lock up as instructed by the TCM. This is not caused by electrical malfunction (circuits open or shorted) but by mechanical malfunction such as control valve sticking, improper solenoid valve operation, malfunctioning oil pump or torque converter clutch, etc.

Gear position	1	2	3	4
Shift solenoid valve A	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
Shift solenoid valve B	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Monitor item	Condition	Specification	
Torque converter clutch solenoid	Lock-up "OFF" ↓	Approximately 4% ↓	
valve duty	Lock-up "ON"	Approximately 94%	
Line pressure solenoid valve duty	Small throttle opening (Low line pressure) Large throttle opening (High line pressure)	Approximately 24% Approximately 95%	

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

marks: Sp	pecification d	ata are reference va	llues.		,	-
Terminal No.	Wire color	Item		Judgement standard	_	
1	G/R	Line pressure		When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	1.5 - 2.5V	
•	G/A	solenoid valve	((Lon))	When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less	
		Line pressure solenoid valve	<u>ي ک</u> ر	When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	5 - 14V	_
2	P	(with dropping resistor)	X <u>**</u> _ X	When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less	
<i>r</i>	C/D	Torque converter		When A/T performs lock-up.	8 - 15V	
5	G/B	clutch solenoid valve		When A/T does not perform lock-up.	1V or less	_
	Shift solenoid	Shift solenoid valve A	When shift solenoid valve A operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₄ ".)	Battery voltage	_	
6	R/Y			When shift solenoid valve A does not operate. (When driving in "D ₂ " or "D ₃ ".)	1V or less	_
	10/0	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve B operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₂ ".)	Battery voltage	_
7	LG/B	valve B	FORTIONS	When shift solenoid valve B does not operate. (When driving in "D ₃ " or "D ₄ ".)	1V or less	_
0	BBN	Overrun clutch		When overrun clutch solenoid valve operates.	Battery voltage	_
Ö		solenoid valve		When overrun clutch solenoid valve does not operate.	1V or less	•

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A/T 4th Gear Function (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

This diagnosis monitors actual gear position by checking the torque converter slip ratio calculated by TCM as follows:

Torque converter slip ratio = A x C/B

A: Output shaft revolution signal from revolution sensor

B: Engine speed signal from ECM

C: Gear ratio determined as gear position which TCM supposes

If the actual gear position is much lower than the position (4th) supposed by TCM, the slip ratio will be much less than normal. In case the ratio does not reach the specified value, TCM judges this diagnosis malfunction. This malfunction will be caused when shift solenoid valve B is stuck closed.

Gear position supposed by TCM	1	2	3	.4
In case of gear position with no malfunctions	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with shift solenoid valve B stuck closed	1	2	2	• •

: P0734 is detected.

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
(E): A/T 4TH GR FNCTN		Shift solenoid valve A Shift solenoid valve B Overrun clutch solenoid valve
P 0734	A/T cannot be shifted to the 4th gear position even if electrical circuit is good.	Line pressure solenoid valve Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit
(NO) : MIL Code No. 1106		Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

SELECT SYSTEM	
ENGINE	
A/T	
L	SAT974H

SELECT DIAG MODE	
SELF-DIAG ESULTS	
DATA MONITOR	
DTC WORK SUPPORT	
ECU PART NUMBER	
	0.70451
	SAT915I

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
- Be careful not to rev engine into the red zone on the tachometer.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always drive vehicle on a level road to improve the accuracy of test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

Start engine and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.

A/T 4th Gear Function (Cont'd)

Make sure that output voltage of A/T fluid temperature sensor is within the range below.

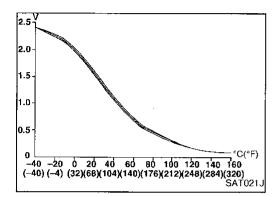
FLUID TEMP SEN: 0.4 - 1.5V

If out of range, drive the vehicle to decrease the voltage (warm up the fluid) or stop engine to increase the voltage (cool down the fluid).





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Select "4TH GR FNCTN P0734" of "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT and touch "START".



Accelerate vehicle to 60 to 70 km/h (37 to 43 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.



THROTTLE POSI: Less than 5.5/8 (at all times during



Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")



Check that "GEAR" shows "3" after releasing pedal.



Depress accelerator pedal steadily with 1/8 - 2/8 of "THROTTLE POSI" from a speed of 60 to 70 km/h (37 to 43 MPH) until "TESTING" has turned to "STOP VEHICLE" or "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)



If the check result NG appears on CONSULT screen, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-115.

ΑT

If "STOP VEHICLE" appears on CONSULT screen, go to following step.



Check that "GEAR" shows "4" when depressing accelerator pedal with 1/8 - 2/8 of "THROTTLE POSI".



If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT for a long time, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" for "ENGINE". In case a 1st trip DTC other than P0734 is shown, refer to applicable "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS





FOR DTC". Stop vehicle. Follow the instruction displayed. (Check for normal shift-



Vehicle condition	Gear on actual transmission shift pattern whe screen is changed to 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4	
No malfunction exists	$1 \to 2 \to 3 \to 4$	
Malfunction for P0734 exists.	$1 \to 2 \to 2 \to 1$	

ing referring to the table below.)



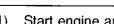
Make sure that "OK" is displayed. (If "NG" is displayed,

- OR -



refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".) Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-115. Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.





Start engine and warm up ATF.



Accelerate vehicle to 60 to 70 km/h (37 to 43 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

THROTTLE POSI: Less than 5.5/8 Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

A/T 4th Gear Function (Cont'd)

- Depress accelerator pedal with 1/8 2/8 of "THROTTLE POSI" from a speed of 60 to 70 km/h (37 to 43 MPH) (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

NO Start engine and warm up ATF. 1)

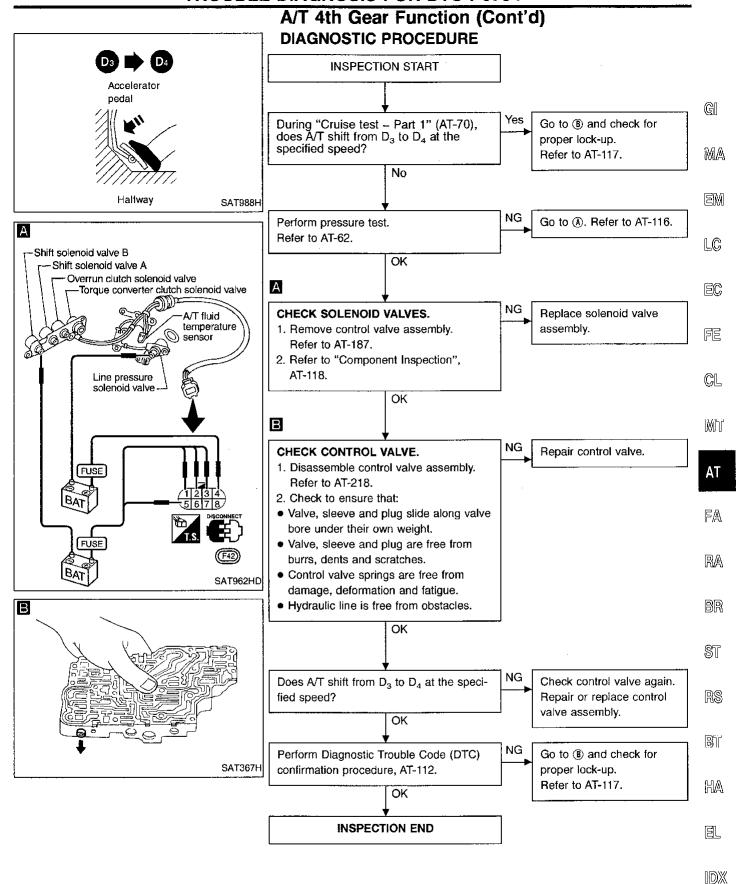
Accelerate vehicle to 60 to 70 km/h (37 to 43 MPH) under the following condition and release the accelerator pedal completely.

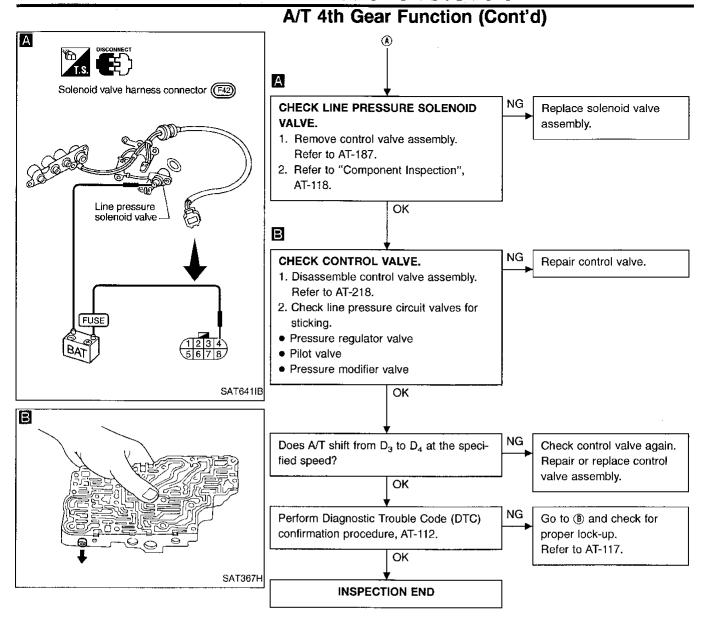
THROTTLE POSI: Less than 5.5/8 Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

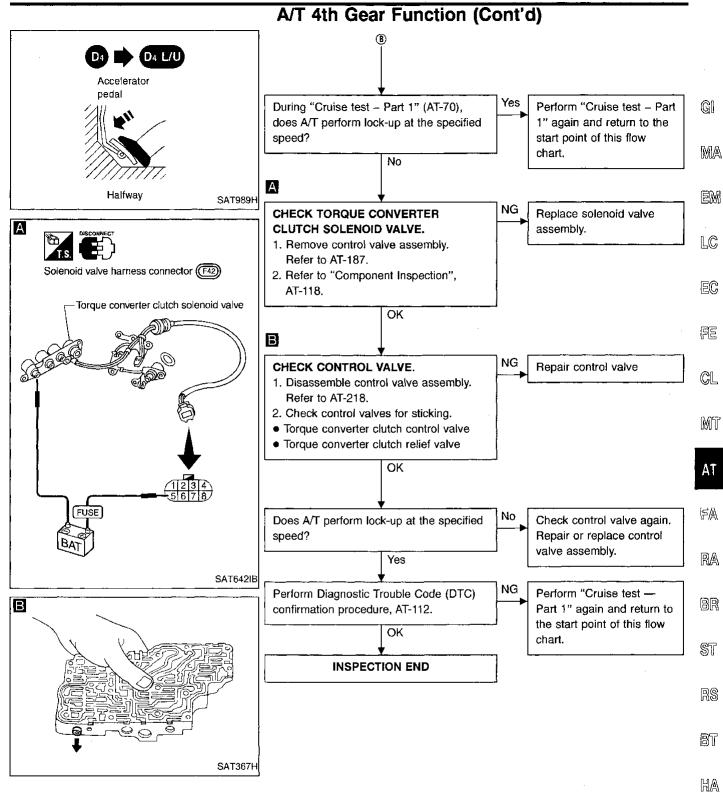
Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

Depress accelerator pedal with 1/8 - 2/8 of "THROTTLE POSI" from a speed of 60 to 70 km/h (37 to 43 MPH). (It will take approximately 3 seconds.)

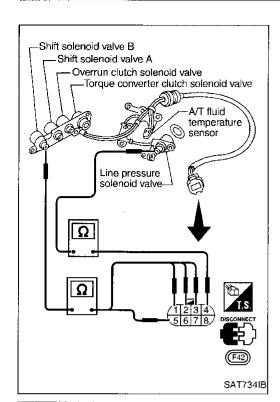
Perform self-diagnosis for ECM. Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].







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A/T 4th Gear Function (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

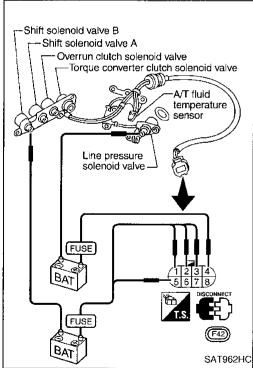
Solenoid valves

• For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

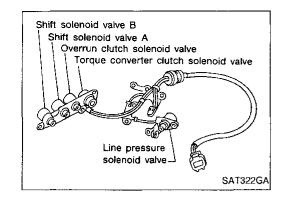
• Check resistance between terminals (②, ①, ③, ④ and ⑤) and ground.

Solenoid valve	Terminal No.		Resistance (Approx.)	
Shift solenoid valve A	2			
Shift solenoid valve B	①	Ground	20 - 40Ω	
Overrun clutch solenoid valve	3			
Line pressure solenoid valve	4		2.5 - 5Ω	
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	(5)		10 - 16Ω	



Operation check

Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminals (②, ①, ③, ④ and ⑤) and ground.



Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve DESCRIPTION

The torque converter clutch solenoid valve is activated, with the gear in " D_4 ", by the TCM in response to signals sent from the vehicle speed and throttle position sensors. Lock-up piston operation will then be controlled.

Lock-up operation, however, is prohibited when A/T fluid temperature is too low.

When the accelerator pedal is depressed (less than 2/8) in lock-up condition, the engine speed should not change abruptly. If there is a big jump in engine speed, there is no lock-up.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Monitor item	Condition	Specification	
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve duty	Lock-up "OFF" ↓ Lock-up "ON"	Approximately 4% ↓ Approximately 94%	_

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
5		Torque converter clutch solenoid		When A/T performs lock-up.	8 - 15V
5	G/B	valve	FORMOT	When A/T does not perform lock-up.	1V or less

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

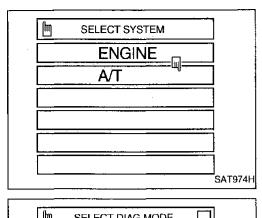
Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)	_
: TCC SOLENOID/CIRC : P0740 NO : MIL Code No. 1204	TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The solenoid circuit is open or shorted.) T/C clutch solenoid valve 	BR ST
. WILL COUR NO. 1204		_	RS

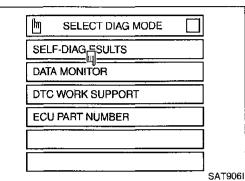
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Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

– OR -



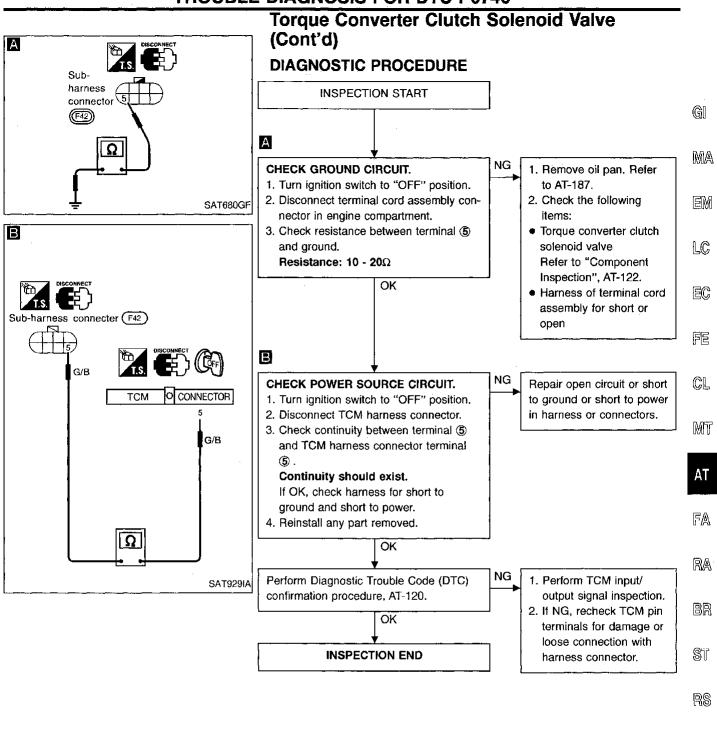
- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT and wait at least 1 second.

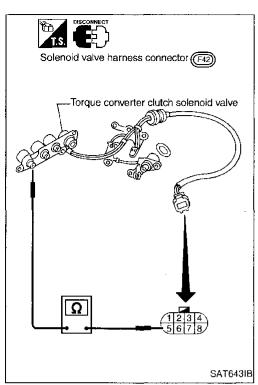


-) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON".
- 2) Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
 Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
 "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].





Torque Converter Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

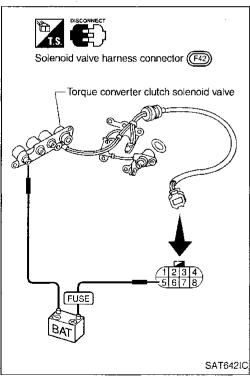
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve

For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

Check resistance between terminal 5 and ground.

Solenoid valve	Termii	Resistance (Approx.)	
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	(5)	Ground	10 - 16Ω



Operation check

 Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminal ⑤ and ground.

A/T TCC S/V Function (Lock-up)

DESCRIPTION

- This is an OBD-II self-diagnostic item and not available in TCM self-diagnosis.
- This malfunction will not be detected while the O/D OFF indicator lamp is indicating another self-diagnosis malfunction.
- This malfunction is detected when the A/T does not shift into fourth gear position or the torque converter clutch does not lock up as instructed by the TCM. This is not caused by electrical malfunction (circuits open or shorted) but by mechanical malfunction such as control valve sticking, improper solenoid valve operation, malfunctioning oil pump or torque converter clutch, etc.

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CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Monitor item	Condition	Specification
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve duty	Lock-up "OFF" ↓ Lock-up "ON"	Approximately 4% ↓ Approximately 94%

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TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item		Condition	Judgement standard		
4	Line pressure		6.15	Line pressure		When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	1.5 - 2.5V
1	G/R	solenoid valve	(Con)	When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less		
2	P	Line pressure solenoid valve	ر کے کے	When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	5 - 14V		
2		(with dropping resistor)		When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less		
	C (P	Torque converter		When A/T performs lock-up.	8 - 15V		
5	G/B	clutch solenoid valve		When A/T does not perform lock-up.	1V or less		
	Shift solenoid	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve A operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₄ ".)	Battery voltage		
6	R/Y	valve A		When shift solenoid valve A does not operate. (When driving in "D ₂ " or "D ₃ ".)	1V or less		
7	LG/B	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve B operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₂ ".)	Battery voltage		
ľ	CO/B	valve B		When shift solenoid valve B does not operate. (When driving in "D ₃ " or "D ₄ ".)	1V or less		
8	BD/V	Overrun clutch		When overrun clutch solenoid valve operates.	Battery voltage		
o	DF/1	solenoid valve	solenoid valve	When overrun clutch solenoid valve does not operate.	1V or less		

A/T TCC S/V Function (Lock-up) (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC LOGIC

This diagnosis monitors actual gear position by checking the torque converter slip ratio calculated by TCM as follows:

Torque converter slip ratio = A x C/B

A: Output shaft revolution signal from revolution sensor

B: Engine speed signal from ECM

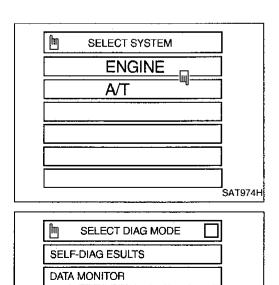
C: Gear ratio determined as gear position which TCM supposes

If the actual gear position is much lower than the position (4th) supposed by TCM, the slip ratio will be much less than normal. In case the ratio does not reach the specified value, TCM judges this diagnosis malfunction. This malfunction will be caused when shift solenoid value B is stuck closed.

Gear position supposed by TCM	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with no malfunctions	1	2	3	4
In case of gear position with shift solenoid valve B stuck closed	1	2	2	①

[:] P0744 is detected.

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: A/T TCC S/V FNCTN : P0744 : MIL Code No. 1107	A/T cannot perform lock-up even if electrical circuit is good.	Torque converter clutch solenoid valve Each clutch Hydraulic control circuit



DTC WORK SUPPORT

ECU PART NUMBER

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.



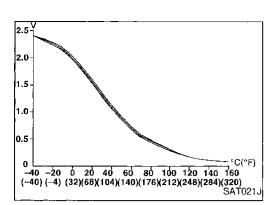
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- 1) Start engine and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.
- Make sure that output voltage of A/T fluid temperature sensor is within the range below.

FLUID TEMP SEN: 0.4 - 1.5V

If out of range, drive the vehicle to decrease the voltage (warm up the fluid) or stop engine to increase the voltage (cool down the fluid).

Select "TCC S/V FNCTN P0744" of "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT and touch "START".



A/T TCC S/V Function (Lock-up) (Cont'd)

Accelerate vehicle to more than 70 km/h (43 MPH) and maintain the following condition continuously until "TESTING" has turned to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 30 seconds after "TESTING" shows.) THROTTLE POSI: 1/8 - 2/8 (at all times during step

Selector lever: D position (OD "ON") TCC S/V DUTY: More than 94%

VHCL/S SE·A/T: Constant speed of more than 70 km/h (43 MPH)

Check that "GEAR" shows "4".

For shift schedule, refer to SDS, AT-284.

- If "TESTING" does not appear on CONSULT for a long time, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". In case a 1st trip DTC other than P0744 is shown, refer to applicable "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC".
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed. (If "NG" is displayed. refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE".) Refer to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-126. Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

– OR

Start engine and warm up ATF.

- Start vehicle with selector lever in "D", throttle opening 1/8 - 2/8 and D₄ lock-up position for approximately 30 seconds. Check that vehicle runs through gear shift of $D_1 \rightarrow D_2 \rightarrow D_3 \rightarrow D_4 \rightarrow D_4$ lock-up, in accordance with shift schedule. Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST.

Start engine and warm up ATF.

1) Start vehicle with selector lever in "D", throttle opening 2) 1/8 - 2/8 and D₄ lock-up position for approximately 30 seconds. Check that vehicle runs through gear shift of $D_1 \rightarrow D_2 \rightarrow D_3 \rightarrow D_4 \rightarrow D_4$ lock-up, in accordance with shift schedule. Refer to shift schedule, AT-284.

Perform self-diagnosis for ECM. Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)" "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

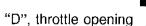


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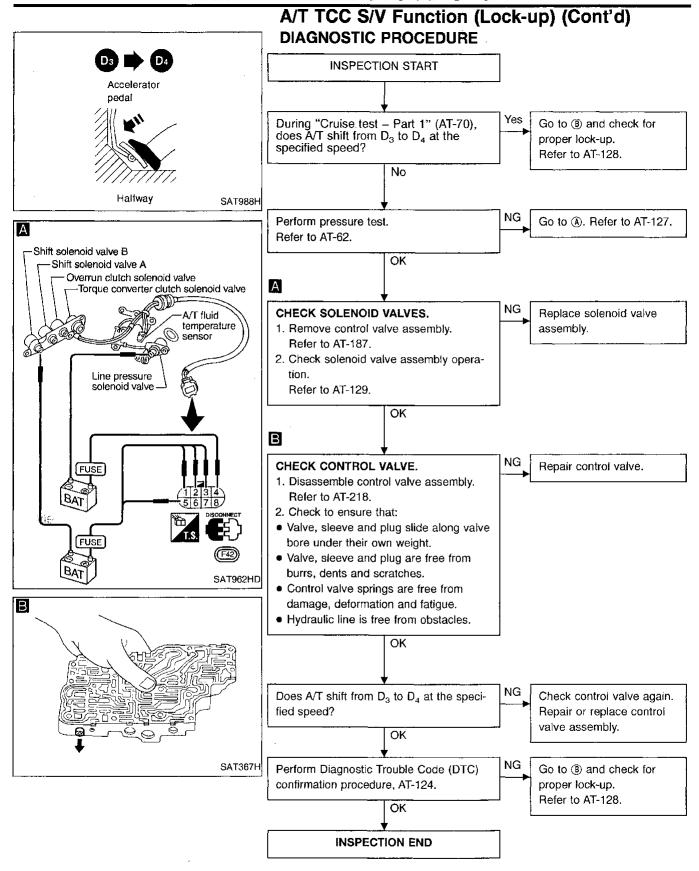
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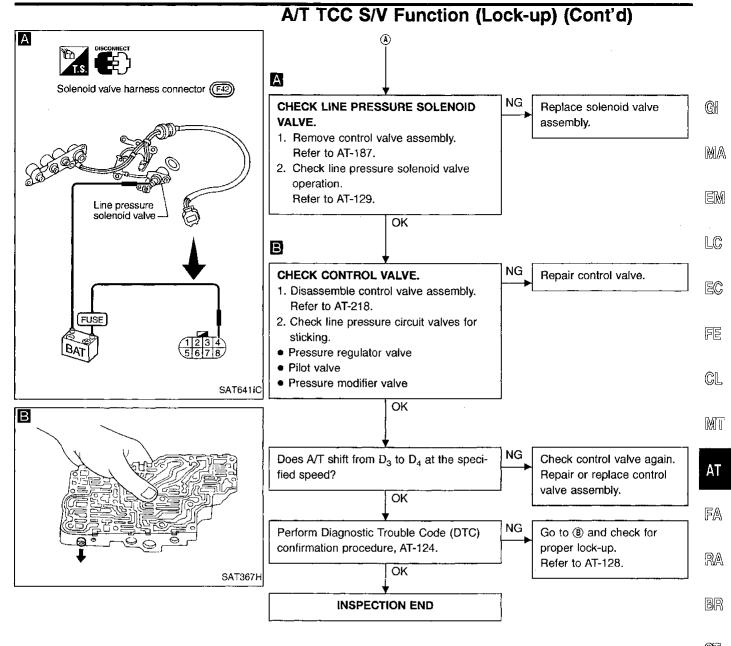
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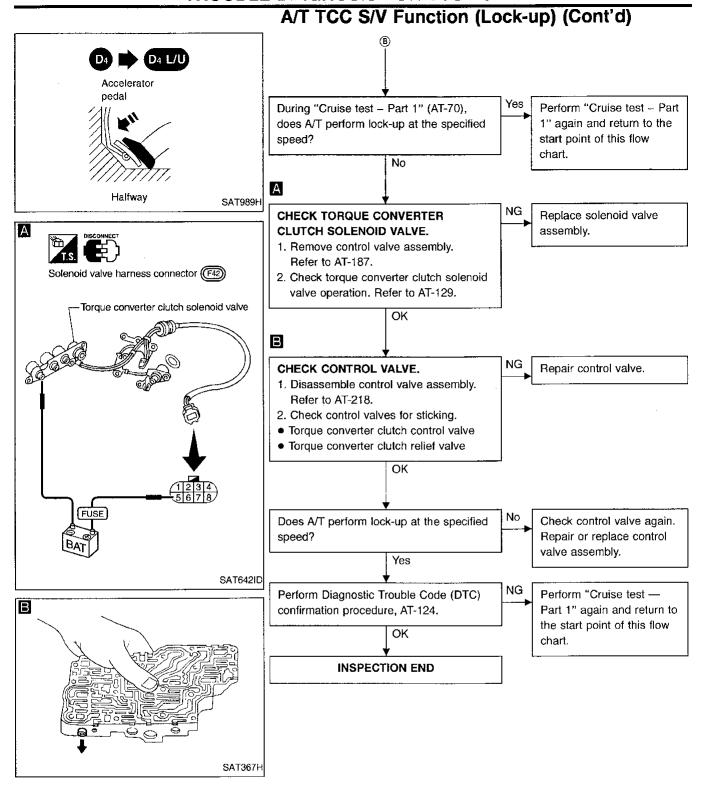




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Shift solenoid valve B Shift solenoid valve A Overrun clutch solenoid valve Torque converter clutch solenoid valve A/T fluid temperature sensor Line pressure solenoid valve SAT734IC

Shift solenoid valve B Shift solenoid valve A Overrun clutch solenoid valve Torque converter clutch solenoid valve A/T fluid temperature Line pressure solenoid valve FUSE SAT962HE

A/T TCC S/V Function (Lock-up) (Cont'd) **COMPONENT INSPECTION**

Solenoid valves

For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

Check resistance between terminals (2, 1, 3, 4 and 5) and ground.

Solenoid valve	Terminal No.		Resistance (Approx.)	UMI/A)
Shift solenoid valve A	2			- EM
Shift solenoid valve B	•		20 - 40Ω	LC
Overrun clutch solenoid valve	3	Ground		_ EC
Line pressure solenoid valve	4		2.5 - 5Ω	-
Torque converter clutch solenoid valve	(5)		10 - 16Ω	
			1	

Operation check

Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminals (2, 1, 3, 4 and (5) and ground.

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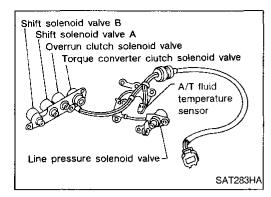
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Line Pressure Solenoid Valve DESCRIPTION

The line pressure solenoid valve regulates the oil pump discharge pressure to suit the driving condition in response to a signal sent from the TCM.

The line pressure duty cycle value is not consistent when the closed throttle position switch is "ON". To confirm the line pressure duty cycle at low pressure, the accelerator (throttle) should be open until the closed throttle position switch is "OFF".

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Monitor item	Condition	Specification
Line pressure solenoid valve duty	Small throttle opening (Low line pressure) Large throttle opening (High line pressure)	Approximately 24% ↓ Approximately 95%

Note: The line pressure duty cycle value is not consistent when the closed throttle position switch is "ON". To confirm the line pressure duty cycle at low pressure, the accelerator (throttle) should be open until the closed throttle position switch is "OFF".

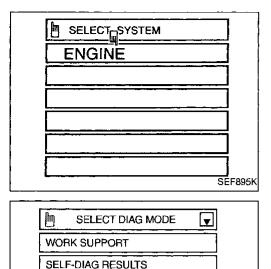
TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
4	C/D	Line pressure	(A)	When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	1.5 - 2.5V
·	G/R	solenoid valve		When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less
0		Line pressure solenoid valve	<u></u>	When releasing accelerator pedal after warming up engine.	5 - 14V
2		(with dropping resistor)	When depressing accelerator pedal fully after warming up engine.	0.5V or less	

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: L/PRESS SOL/CIRC : P0745 MO : MIL Code No. 1205	TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The solenoid circuit is open or shorted.) Line pressure solenoid valve



DATA MONITOR

ACTIVE TEST

DTC CONFIRMATION

ECM PART NUMBER

Line Pressure Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

NOTE:

lf "DIAGNOSTIC **TROUBLE** CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

- OR -



Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.

Depress accelerator pedal completely and wait at least

1 second.

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Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)

2) Depress accelerator pedal completely and wait at least 1 second.

3) Select "MODE 7" with GST. - OR -

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Turn ignition switch "ON". 1)

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Depress accelerator pedal completely and wait at least 2) 1 second. 3)

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Perform self-diagnosis for ECM. Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

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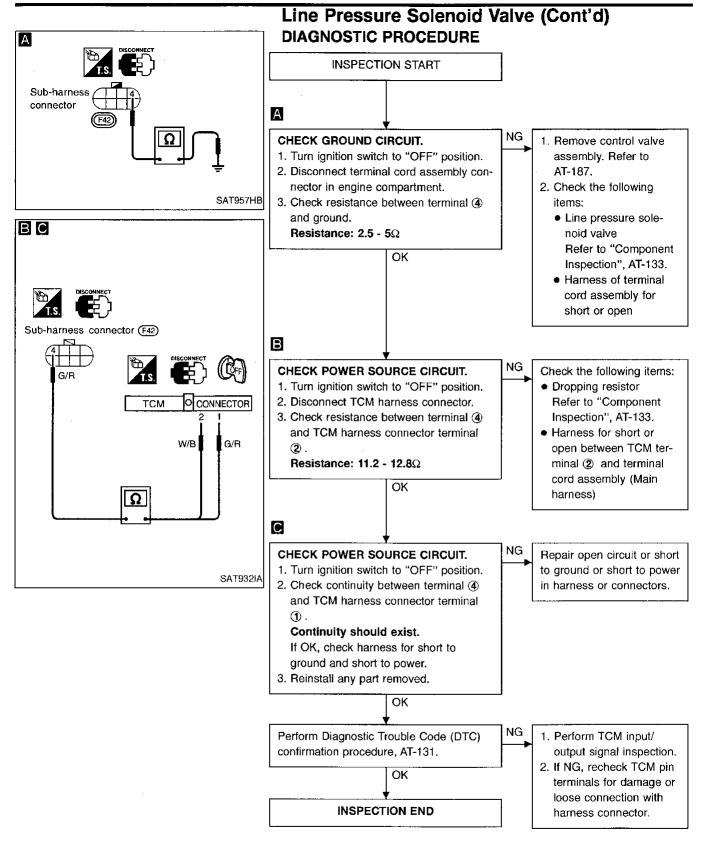
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Solenoid valve harness connector F42) Line pressure solenoid valve 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

Line Pressure Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

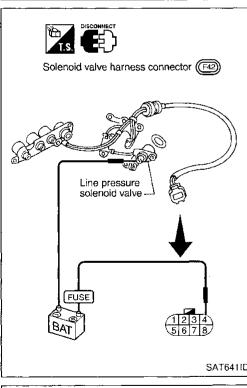
Line pressure solenoid valve

• For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

• Check resistance between terminal ④ and ground.

Solenoid valve	Terminal No.		Resistance (Approx.)
Line pressure solenoid valve	④	Ground	2.5 - 5Ω



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Operation check

 Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminal (4) and ground.

Dropping resistor

Check resistance between two terminals.

Resistance: 11.2 - 12.8 Ω

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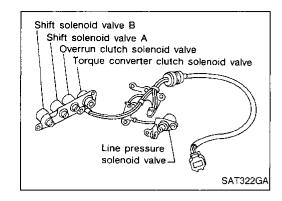
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Shift Solenoid Valve A DESCRIPTION

Shift solenoid valves A and B are turned "ON" or "OFF" by the TCM in response to signals sent from the inhibitor switch, vehicle speed and throttle position sensors. Gears will then be shifted to the optimum position.

Gear position	1	2	3	4
Shift solenoid valve A	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
Shift solenoid valve B	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

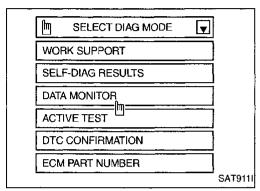
Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	ltem	Condition		Judgement standard
6	504	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve A operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₄ ".)	Battery voltage
	R/Y	valve A		When shift solenoid valve A does not operate. (When driving in "D ₂ " or "D ₃ ".)	1V or less

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: SFT SOL A/CIRC : P0750 NO : MIL Code No. 1108	TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve.	Harness or connectors (The solenoid circuit is open or shorted.) Shift solenoid valve A

SELECT SYSTEM]
ENGINE]
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	_ SEF895K



Shift Solenoid Valve A (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

– OR -

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- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.
- 2) Start engine.
- 3) Drive vehicle in D position and allow the transmission to shift "1" → "2" ("GEAR").



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle in $D_1 \rightarrow D_2$ position.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle in $D_1 \rightarrow D_2$ position.
- Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
 Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
 "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

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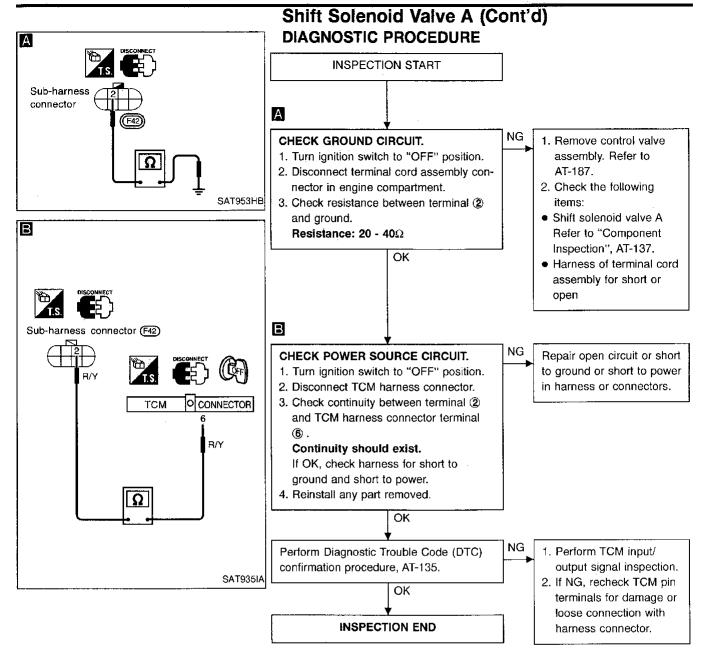
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Shift solenoid valve A Shift solenoid valve A 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 18 SAT640IC

Shift Solenoid Valve A (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Shift solenoid valve A

• For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

• Check resistance between terminal ② and ground.

Solenoid valve	Termir	nal No.	Resistance (Approx.)
Shift solenoid valve A	2	Ground	20 - 40Ω

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Operation check

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Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminal ② and ground.



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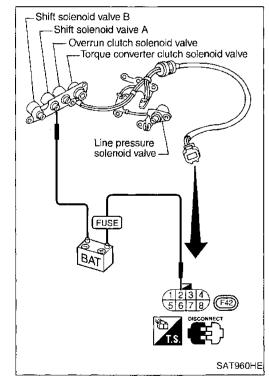
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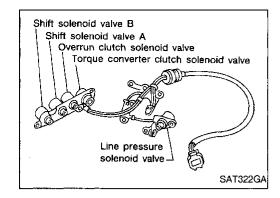
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Shift Solenoid Valve B

DESCRIPTION

Shift solenoid valves A and B are turned "ON" or "OFF" by the TCM in response to signals sent from the inhibitor switch, vehicle speed and throttle position sensors. Gears will then be shifted to the optimum position.

Gear position	1	2	3	4
Shift solenoid valve A	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)	ON (Closed)
Shift solenoid valve B	ON (Closed)	ON (Closed)	OFF (Open)	OFF (Open)

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

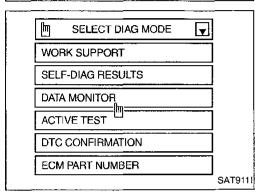
Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
	1 O /D	Shift solenoid		When shift solenoid valve B operates. (When driving in "D ₁ " or "D ₂ ".)	Battery voltage
7	LG/B	valve B		When shift solenoid valve B does not operate. (When driving in "D ₃ " or "D ₄ ".)	1V or less

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: SFT SOL B/CIRC : P0755 (NO): MIL Code No. 1201	TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The solenoid circuit is open or shorted.) Shift solenoid valve B

SELECT SYSTEM	
ENGINE	
SE	F895K



Shift Solenoid Valve B (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

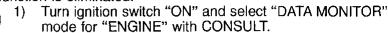
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NO TOOLS

CODE **CONFIRMATION** lf "DIAGNOSTIC **TROUBLE** PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the

malfunction is eliminated.



2) Start engine.

3) Drive vehicle in D position and allow the transmission to shift $1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3$ ("GEAR").

– OR -

1) Start engine.

2) Drive vehicle in $D_1 \rightarrow D_2 \rightarrow D_3$ position.

Select "MODE 7" with GST. 3)

— OR -

1) Start engine.

2) Drive vehicle in $D_1 \rightarrow D_2 \rightarrow D_3$ position.

3) Perform self-diagnosis for ECM. Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

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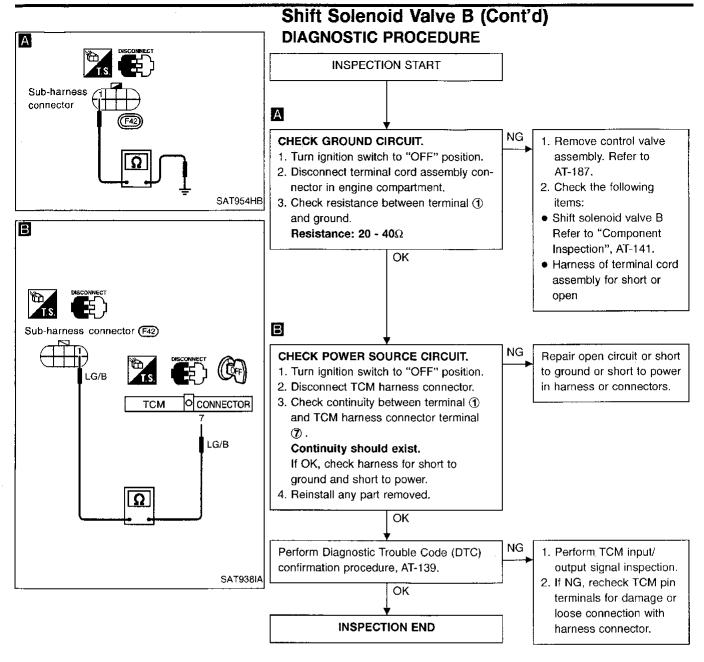
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Solencid valve harness connector (F42) Shift solenoid valve B (12 3 4 5 6 7 8) SAT639IC

Shift Solenoid Valve B (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Shift solenoid valve B

For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

Check resistance between terminal ① and ground.

Solenoid valve	Termir	nal No.	Resistance (Approx.)
Shift solenoid valve B	①	Ground	20 - 40Ω

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Operation check

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Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminal ① and ground.

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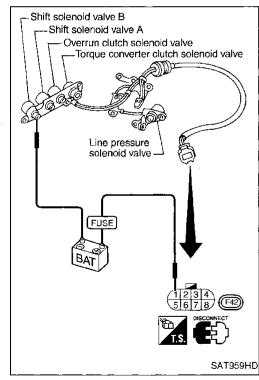
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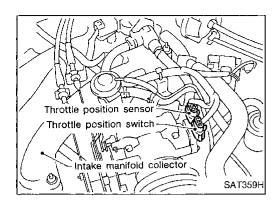
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Throttle Position Sensor

DESCRIPTION

Throttle position sensor

The throttle position sensor detects the throttle valve position and sends a signal to the TCM.

Throttle position switch

Consists of a wide open throttle position switch and a closed throttle position switch.

The wide open throttle position switch sends a signal to the TCM when the throttle valve is open at least 1/2 of the full throttle position. The closed throttle position switch sends a signal to the TCM when the throttle valve is fully closed.

CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Monitor item	Condition	Specification
The state of the s	Fully-closed throttle	Approximately 0.5V
Throttle position sensor	Fully-open throttle	Approximately 4V

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition	Judgement standard
14	GY/L	Closed throttle position switch	When releasing acceler after warming up engine	· I Battery Voltage
14	GIAL	(in throttle posi- tion switch)	When depressing accelerater warming up engine	I IV or less
21	W/R	Wide open throttle position switch	When depressing accel- more than half-way afte engine.	
		(in throttle posi- tion switch)	When releasing acceler after warming up engine	LIV OF IESS
31	R	Throttle position sensor (Power source)	(Cox)	4.5 - 5.5V
34	L/W	Throttle position sensor	When depressing accel- slowly after warming up (Voltage rises gradually to throttle position.)	engine. 0.5V
35	В	Throttle position sensor (Ground)	_	

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

TCM receives an excessively low or high voltage from the sensor. Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Throttle position sensor Throttle position switch	Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)	
• Throttle position sensor		TCM receives an excessively low or	(The sensor circuit is open or	GI
	(ND)	high voltage from the sensor.	Throttle position sensor	MA

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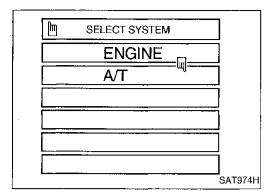
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SELECT DIAG MODE SELF-DIAG_SULTS DATA MONITOR DTC WORK SUPPORT ECU PART NUMBER SAT906I

i	SELECT SYSTEM	
	ENGINE	
	SE	F895K

SELECT DIAG MODE	▼	
WORK SUPPORT		
SELF-DIAG RESULTS		
DATA MONITOR		
ACTIVE TEST		
DTC CONFIRMATION		
ECM PART NUMBER		
	SA	T911

Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.



- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.
- 2) Check the following.

Accelerator pedal condition	THRTL POS SEN	CLOSED THL/SW	W/O THRL/P·SW
Fully released	Less than 4.7V	ON	OFF
Partially depressed	0.1 - 4.6V	OFF	OFF
Fully depressed	1.9 - 4.6V	OFF	ON

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-145.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

- Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.
- 4) Start engine and maintain the following conditions for at least 3 consecutive seconds. Then release accelerator pedal completely.

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more THRTL POS SEN: Approximately 3V or less Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

If the check result is NG, go to "DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE", AT-145.

If the check result is OK, go to following step.

Maintain the following conditions for at least 3 consecutive seconds. Then release accelerator pedal completely.

VHCL SPEED SE: 10 km/h (6 MPH) or more Accelerator pedal: Wide open throttle Selector lever: D position (OD "ON")

---- OR -

----- OR --

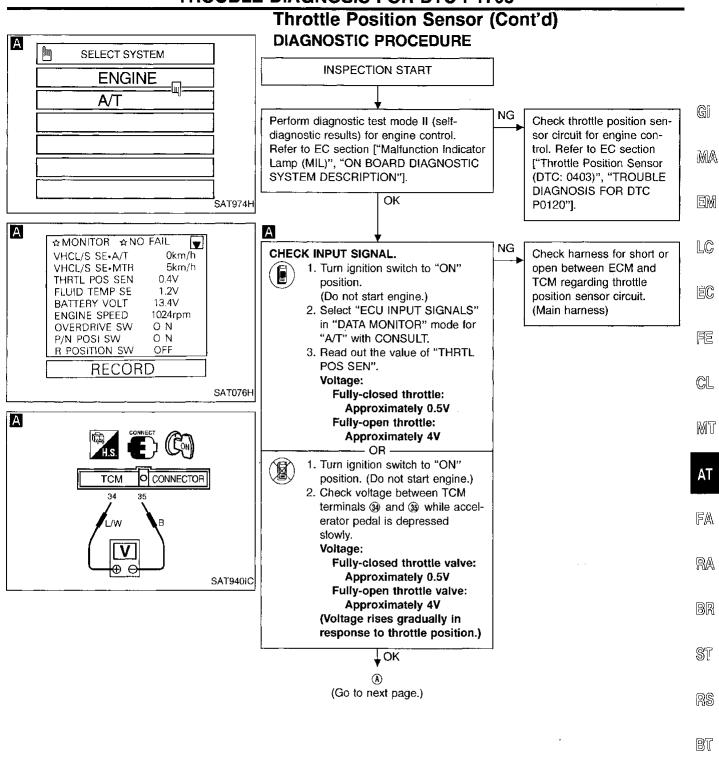


- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/2 of the full throttle position and driving for more than 3 seconds.
- 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.



- 1) Start engine.
- 2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" (OD "ON"), vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH), throttle opening greater than 1/2 of the full throttle position and driving for more than 3 seconds.
- Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
 Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)",
 "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

AT-144

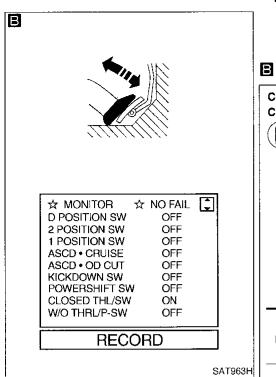


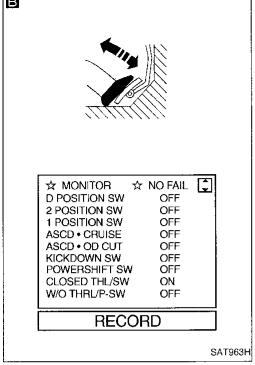
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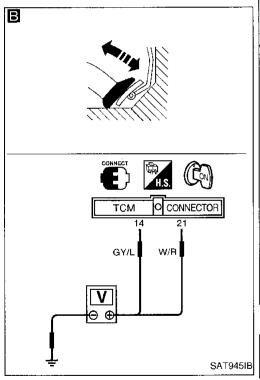
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Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd)











- 1. Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.
 - (Do not start engine.)
- 2. Select "ECU INPUT SIGNALS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.
- 3. Read out "CLOSED THL/SW" and "W/O THRL/P-SW" depressing and releasing accelerator pedal.

Check the signal of throttle position switch is indicated properly.

Accelerator	Data monitor		
pedal condi- tion	CLOSED THL/SW	W/O THRL/ P-SW	
Released	ON	OFF	
Fully depressed	OFF	ON	

1. Turn ignition switch to "ON" position. (Do not start engine.)

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2. Check voltage between TCM terminals (4), (2) and ground while depressing, and releasing accelerator pedal slowly. (After warming up engine)

Accelerator	Volt	age
pedal condi- tion	Terminal No.	Terminal No.
Released	Battery volt- age	1V or less
Fully depressed	1V or less	Battery volt- age

NG Perform Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) confirmation procedure, AT-144. OK INSPECTION END

OK

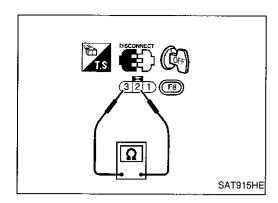
Check the following items:

NG

- Throttle position switch Refer to "Components Inspection", AT-147.
- · Harness for short or open between ignition switch and throttle position switch (Main harness)
- · Harness for short or open between throttle position switch and TCM (Main harness)

1. Perform TCM input/ output signal inspection.

2. If NG, recheck TCM pin terminals for damage or loose connection with harness connector.



Throttle Position Sensor (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Throttle position switch

Closed throttle position switch (idle position)

Check continuity between terminals ② and ③.

Accelerator pedal condition	Continuity
Released	Yes
Depressed	No

To adjust closed throttle position switch, refer to EC section ("Basic Inspection", "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection").

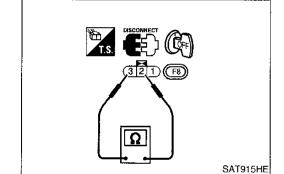


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Wide open throttle position switch

• Check continuity between terminals ② and ③.

Accelerator pedal condition	Continuity
Released	No
Depressed	Yes



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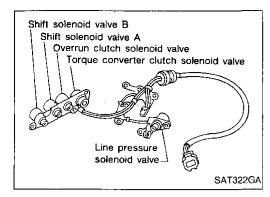
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Overrun Clutch Solenoid Valve DESCRIPTION

The overrun clutch solenoid valve is activated by the TCM in response to signals sent from the inhibitor switch, overdrive control switch, vehicle speed and throttle position sensors. The overrun clutch operation will then be controlled.

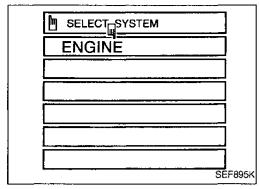
TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

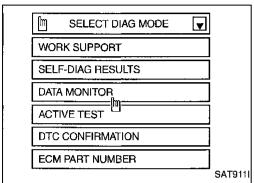
Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
C DDA	Overrun clutch		When overrun clutch solenoid valve operates.	Battery voltage	
8	BR/Y	solenoid valve		When overrun clutch solenoid valve does not operate.	1V or less

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: O/R CLTCH SOL/CIRC F1760 MIL Code No. 1203	TCM detects an improper voltage drop when it tries to operate the solenoid valve.	 Harness or connectors (The solenoid circuit is open or shorted.) Overrun clutch solenoid valve





Overrun Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

NOTE:

If "DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before conducting the next test.

TESTING CONDITION:

Always drive vehicle on a level road to improve accuracy of test.

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "ENGINE" with CONSULT.

2) Start engine.

Accelerate vehicle to a speed of more than 10 km/h (6 MPH) in "D" position (OD "ON").

 Release accelerator pedal completely in "D" position (OD "OFF").

— OR **–**

 Start engine.
 Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D", overdrive control switch in "ON" or "OFF" position and vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h

(6 MPH). 3) Select "MODE 7" with GST.

Start engine.

Start engine.
 Drive vehicle under the following conditions:
 Selector lever in "D", overdrive control switch in "ON" or "OFF" position and vehicle speed higher than 10 km/h (6 MPH).

Perform self-diagnosis for ECM.
Refer to EC section ["Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL)", "ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM DESCRIPTION"].

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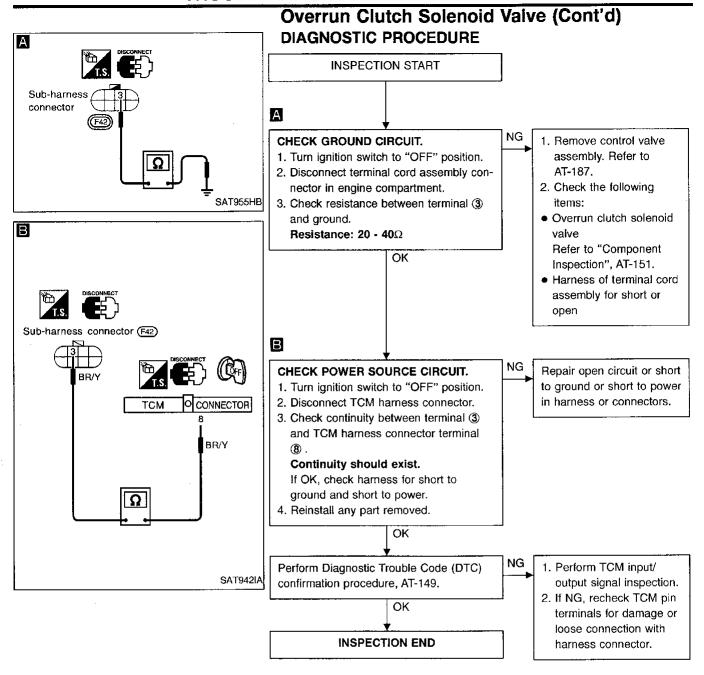
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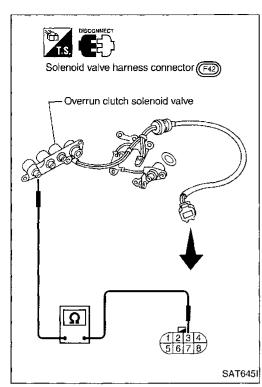
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Overrun Clutch Solenoid Valve (Cont'd) COMPONENT INSPECTION

Overrun clutch solenoid valve

• For removal, refer to AT-187.

Resistance check

• Check resistance between terminal 3 and ground.

Solenoid valve	Termir	Resistance (Approx.)	
Overrun clutch solenoid valve	3	Ground	20 - 40Ω

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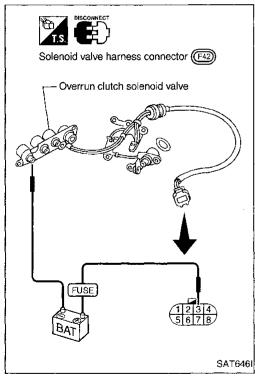
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 Check solenoid valve by listening for its operating sound while applying battery voltage to the terminal ③ and ground.





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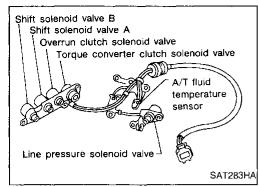
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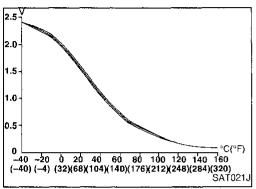
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A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor Circuit and TCM Power Source

DESCRIPTION

The A/T fluid temperature sensor detects the A/T fluid temperature and sends a signal to the TCM.



CONSULT REFERENCE VALUE IN DATA MONITOR MODE

Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

Monitor item	Condition	Specification
A/T fluid temperature sensor	Cold [20°C (68°F)] ↓ Hot [80°C (176°F)]	Approximately 1.5V ↓ Approximately 0.5V

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

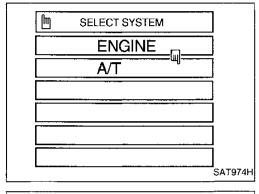
Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

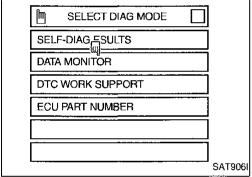
Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition		Judgement standard
				When turning ignition switch to "ON".	Battery voltage
4	R/Y	Power source	× 1	When turning ignition switch to "OFF".	1V or less
9	R/Y	Power source		Same as No. 4	
00		Power source		When turning ignition switch to "OFF".	Battery voltage
23 BR/W	(Memory back- up)	back- (Lon) or (Lon)	When turning ignition switch to "ON".	Battery voltage	
20	33 G	A/T fluid tem-		When ATF temperature is 20°C (68°F).	Approximately 1.5V
33		perature sensor		When ATF temperature is 80°C (176°F).	Approximately 0.5V
35	В	Throttle position sensor (Ground)		_	_

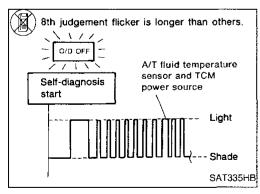
A/T Fluid Temperature Sensor Circuit and TCM Power Source (Cont'd)

ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)	
BATT/FLUID TEMP SEN	TCM receives an excessively low or	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or	- GI
(NO) : 8th judgement flicker	high voltage from the sensor.	shorted.) • A/T fluid temperature sensor	MA







DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

Start engine. 1)

2) Select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CON-SULT.

Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D", vehicle speed higher than 20 km/h (12 MPH). – OR ––––

1) Start engine.

Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D", vehicle speed higher than 20 km/h (12 MPH).

Perform self-diagnosis. Refer to TCM SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (No Tools), AT-50.

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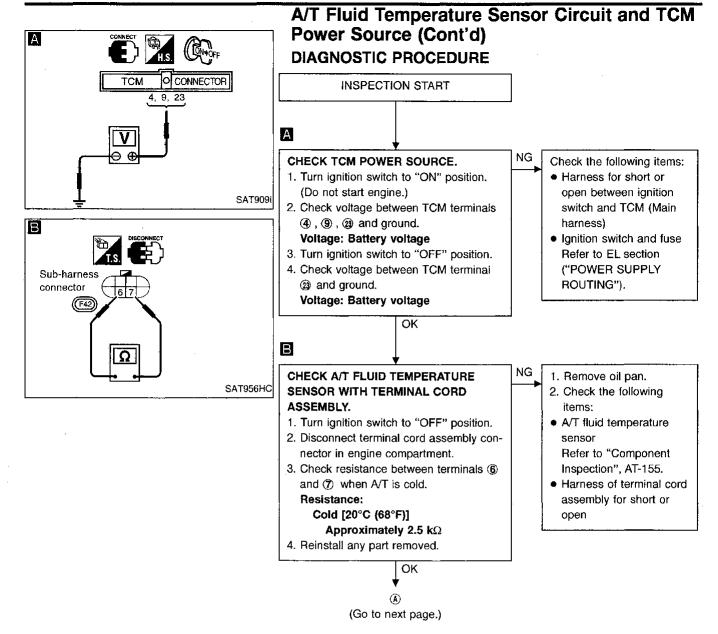
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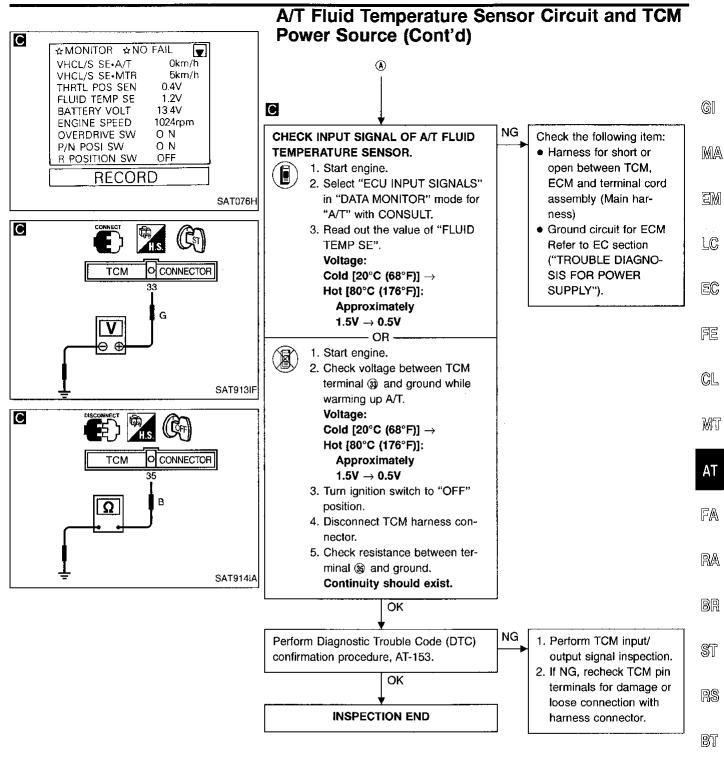
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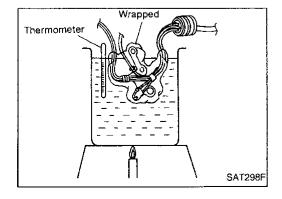
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COMPONENT INSPECTION

A/T fluid temperature sensor

For removal, refer to AT-187.

Check resistance between two terminals while changing temperature as shown at left.

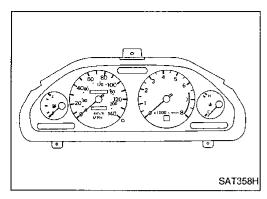
Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance
20 (68)	Approximately 2.5 kΩ
80 (176)	Approximately 0.3 kΩ

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR VHCL SPEED SEN MTR



Vehicle Speed Sensor·MTR

DESCRIPTION

The vehicle speed sensor·MTR is built into the speedometer assembly. The sensor functions as an auxiliary device to the revolution sensor when it is malfunctioning. The TCM will then use a signal sent from the vehicle speed sensor·MTR.

TCM TERMINALS AND REFERENCE VALUE

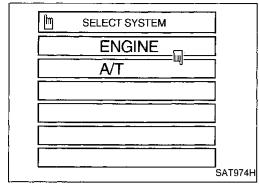
Remarks: Specification data are reference values.

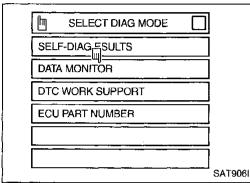
Terminal No.	Wire color	Item	Condition	Judgement standard
27	P/L	Vehicle speed sensor	,	Voltage varies between less than 1V and more than 4.5V

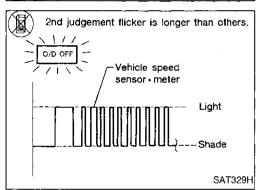
ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS LOGIC

Diagnostic trouble code	Malfunction is detected when	Check item (Possible cause)
: VHCL SPEED SEN-MTR : 2nd judgement flicker	TCM does not receive the proper voltage signal from the sensor.	Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Vehicle speed sensor

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR VHCL SPEED SEN MTR







Vehicle Speed Sensor-MTR (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE (DTC) CONFIRMA-TION PROCEDURE

CAUTION:

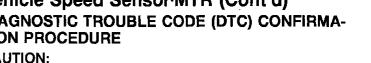
- Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.
- If conducting this "DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE" again, always turn ignition switch "OFF" and wait at least 5 seconds before continuing.

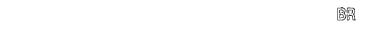
After the repair, perform the following procedure to confirm the malfunction is eliminated.

- 1) Turn ignition switch "ON" and select "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.
 - Start engine and accelerate vehicle from 0 to 25 km/h (0 to 6 MPH). - OR -

Start engine. 1)

- 2) Drive vehicle under the following conditions: Selector lever in "D" and vehicle speed higher than 25 km/h (16 MPH).
- Perform self-diagnosis. Refer to TCM SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE (No Tools), AT-50.







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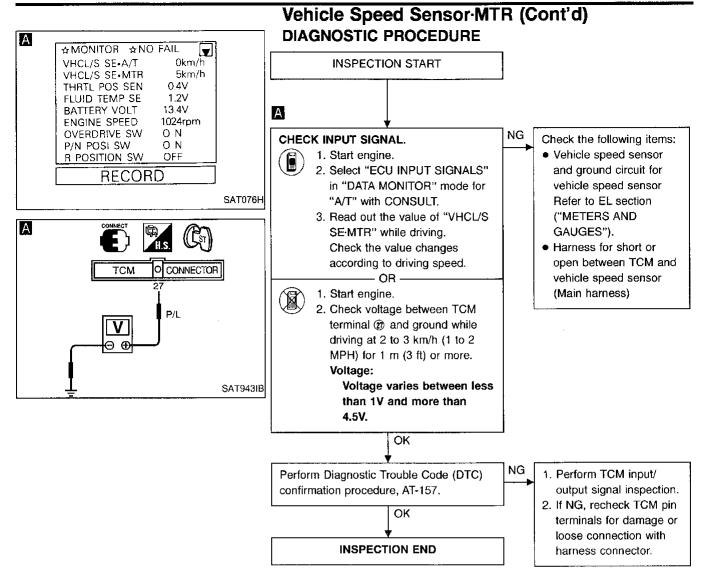
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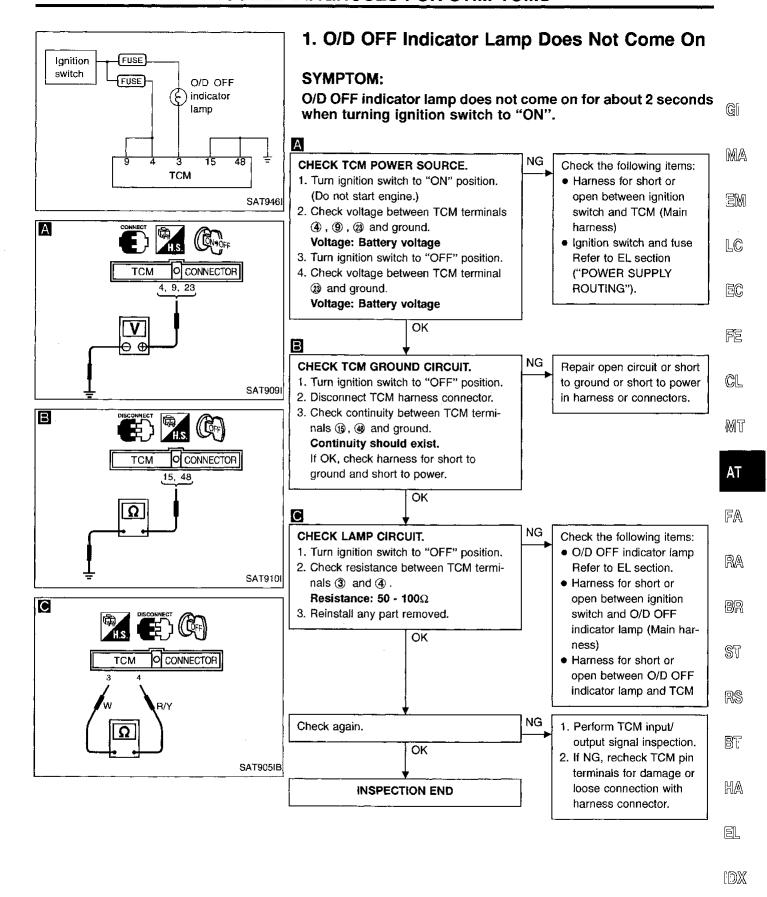
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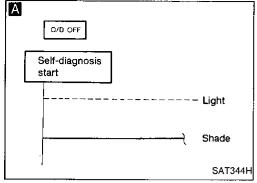
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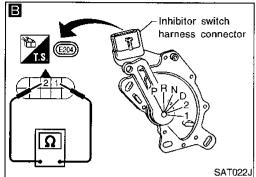
TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR VHCL SPEED SEN·MTR





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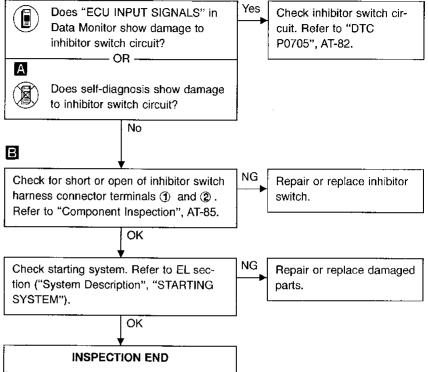


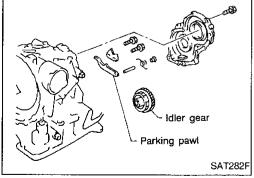


2. Engine Cannot Be Started In "P" and "N" Position

SYMPTOM:

- Engine cannot be started with selector lever in "P" or "N" position.
- Engine can be started with selector lever in "D", "2", "1" or "R" position.

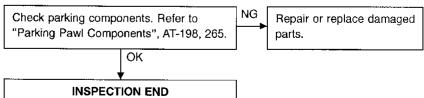


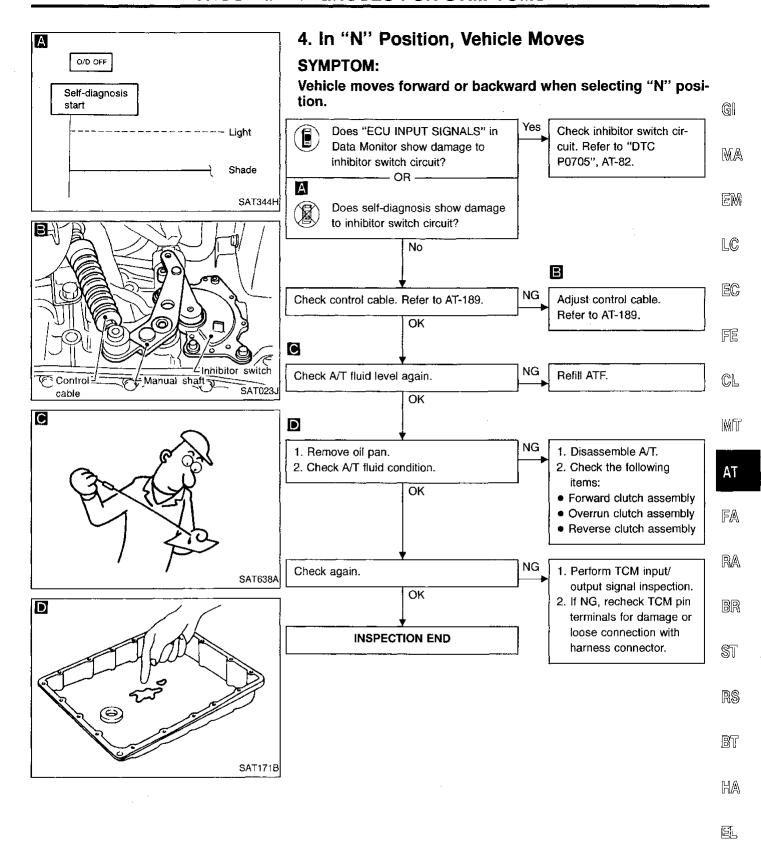


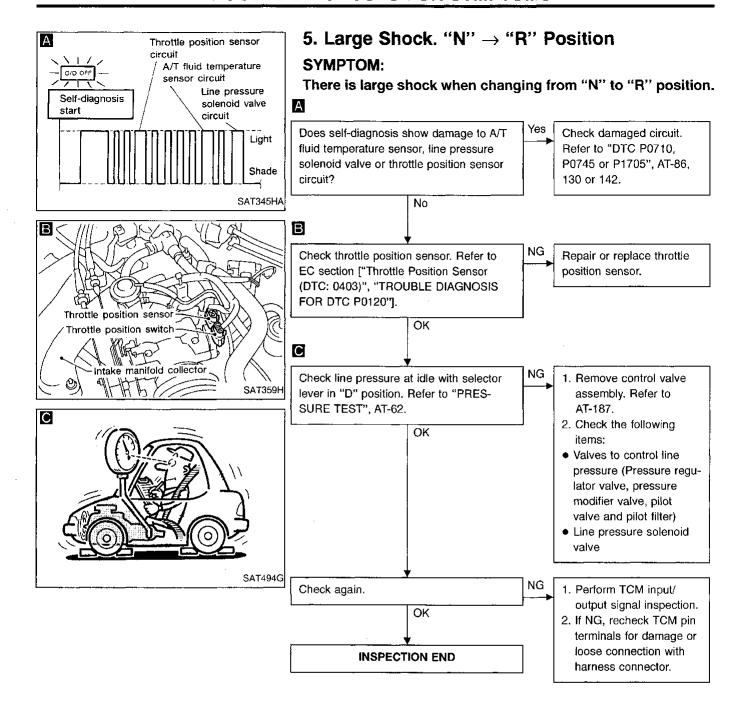
3. In "P" Position, Vehicle Moves Forward Or Backward When Pushed

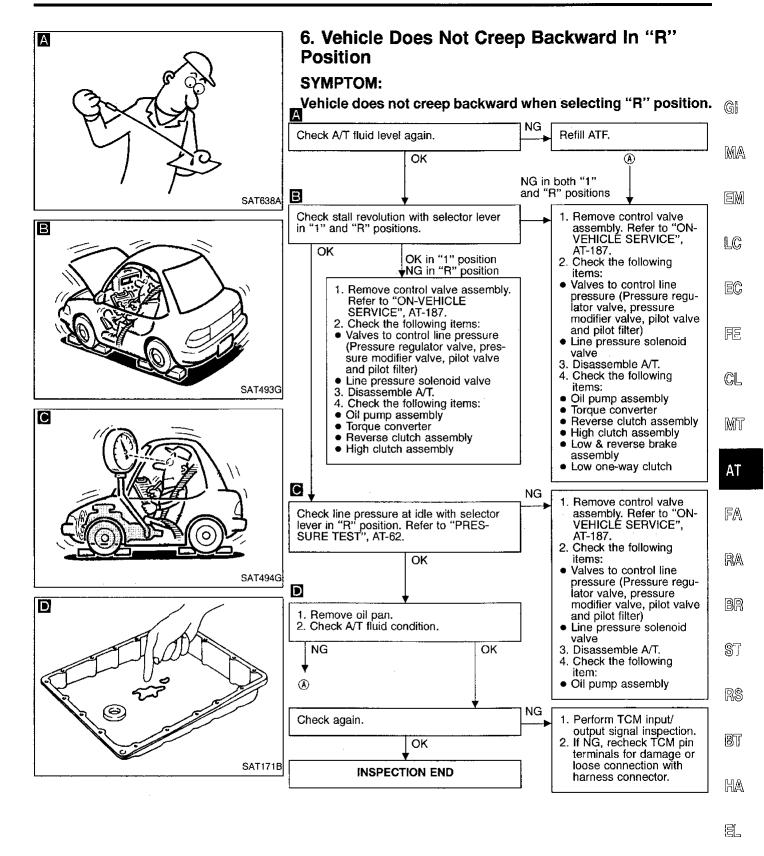
SYMPTOM:

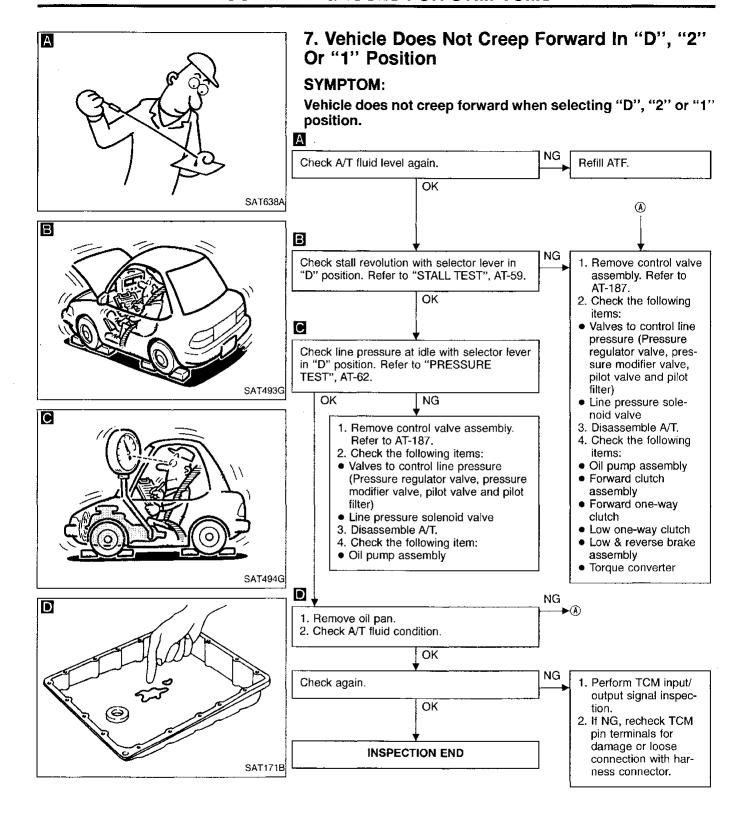
Vehicle moves when it is pushed forward or backward with selector lever in "P" position.

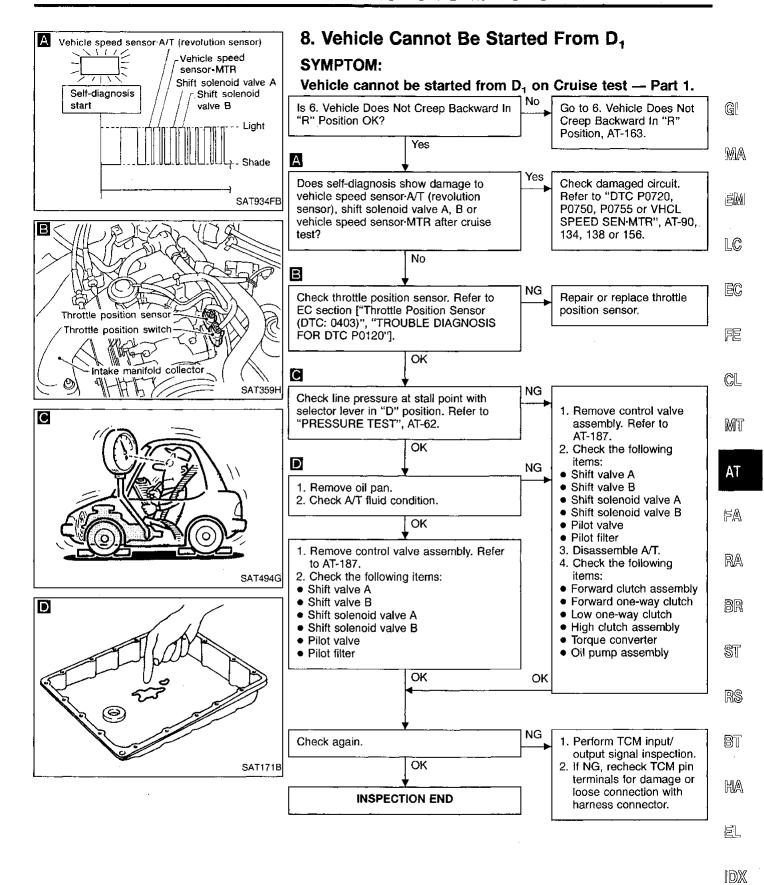


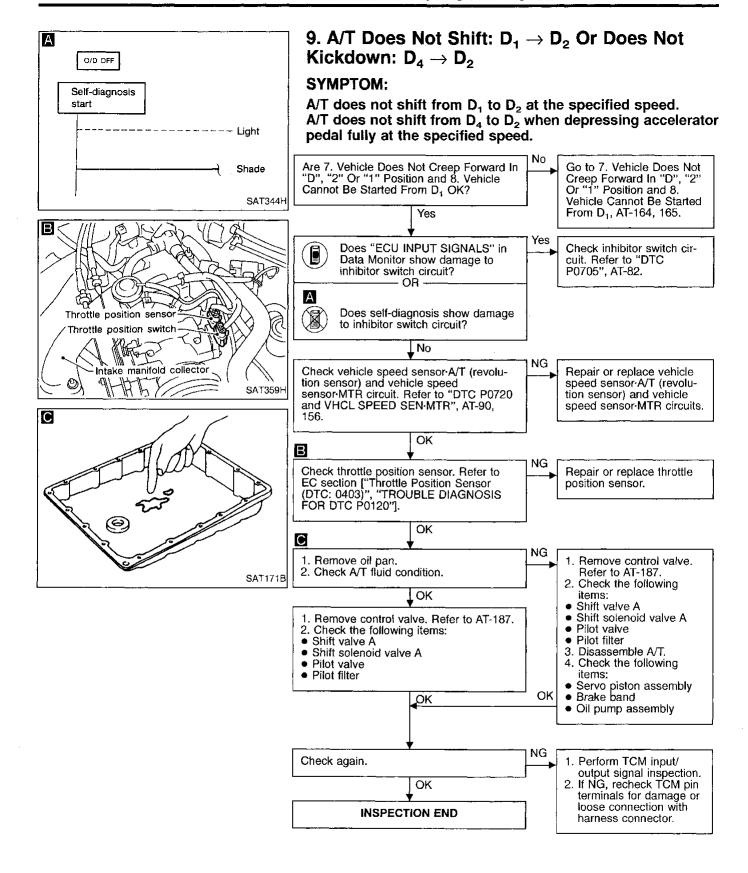


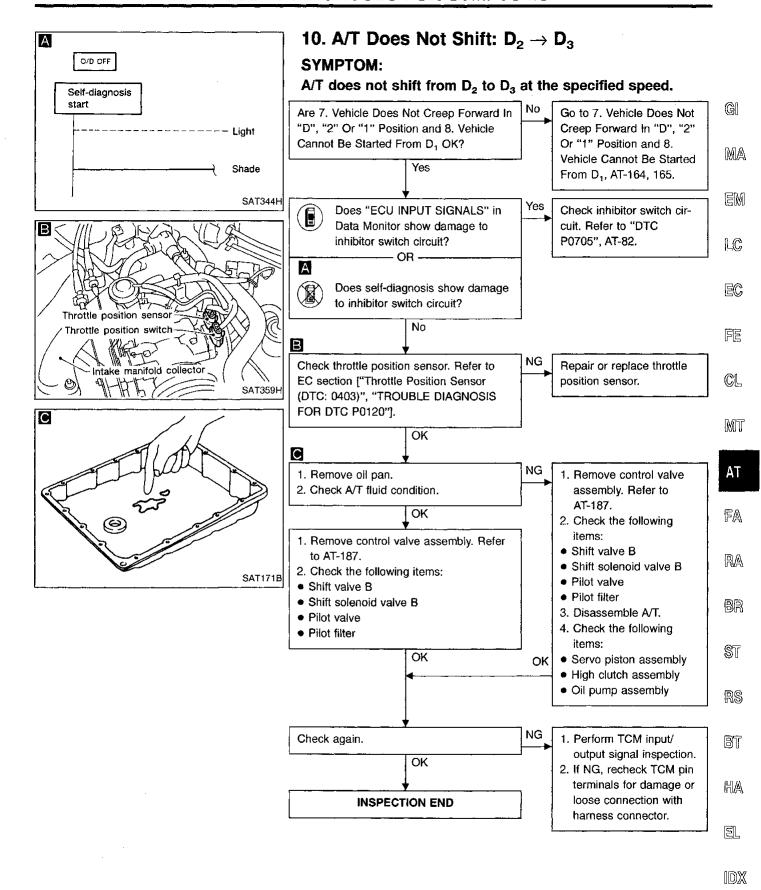


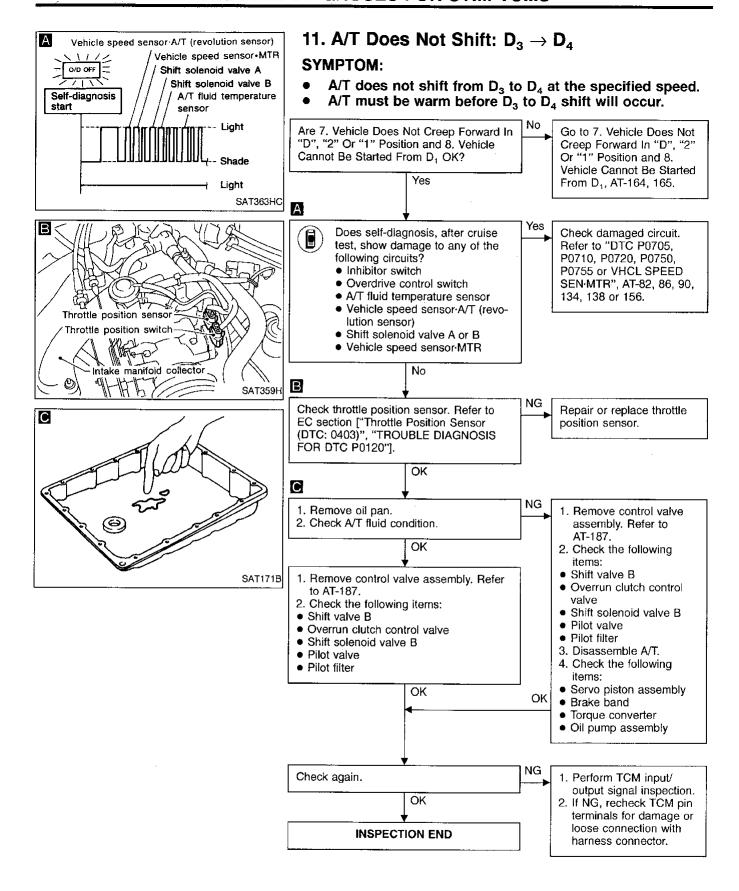


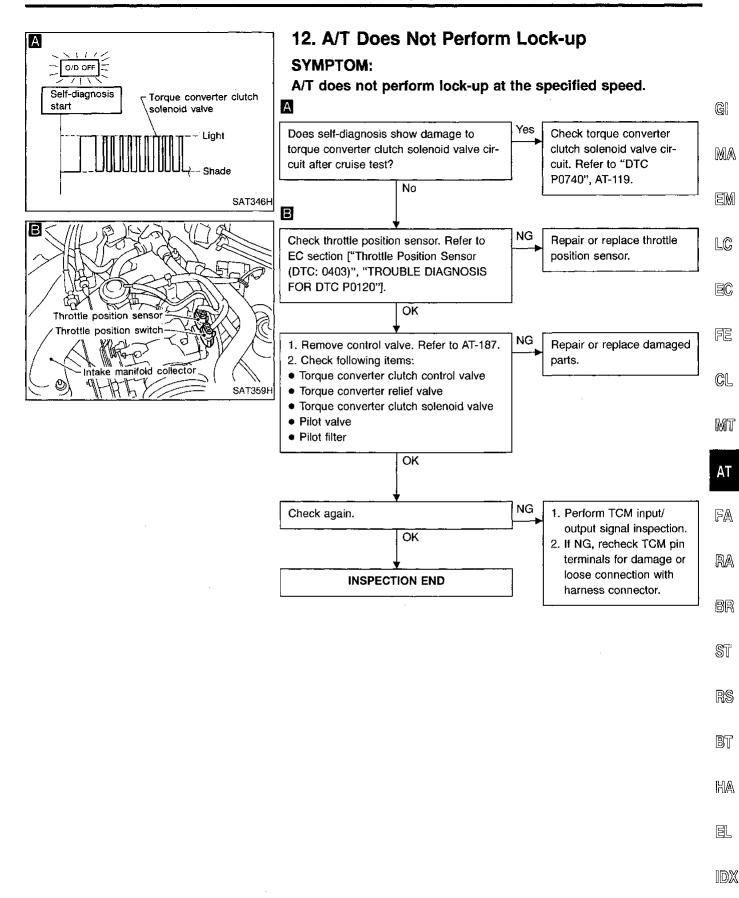


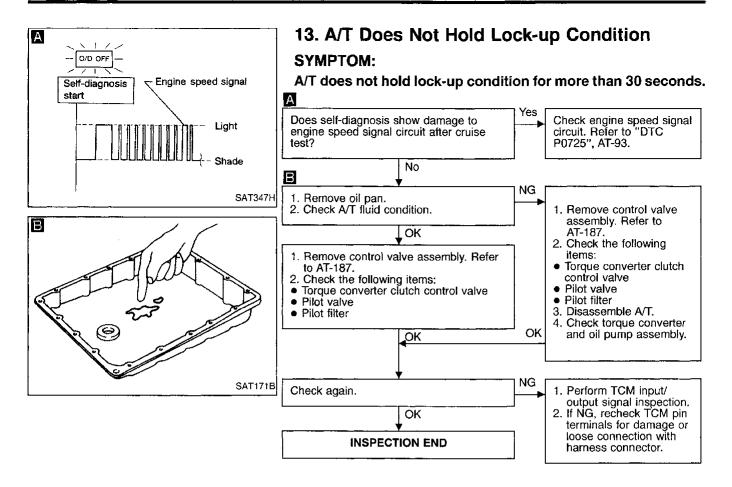


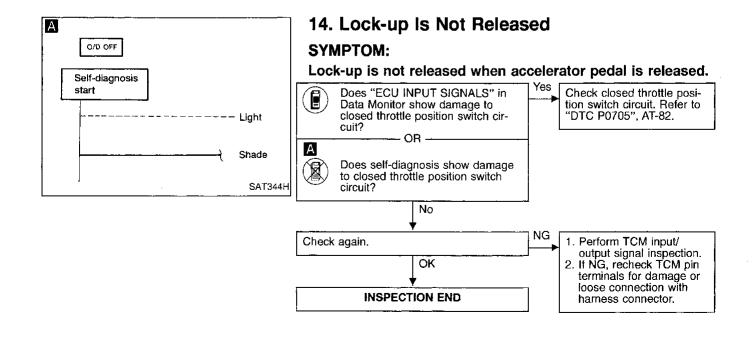


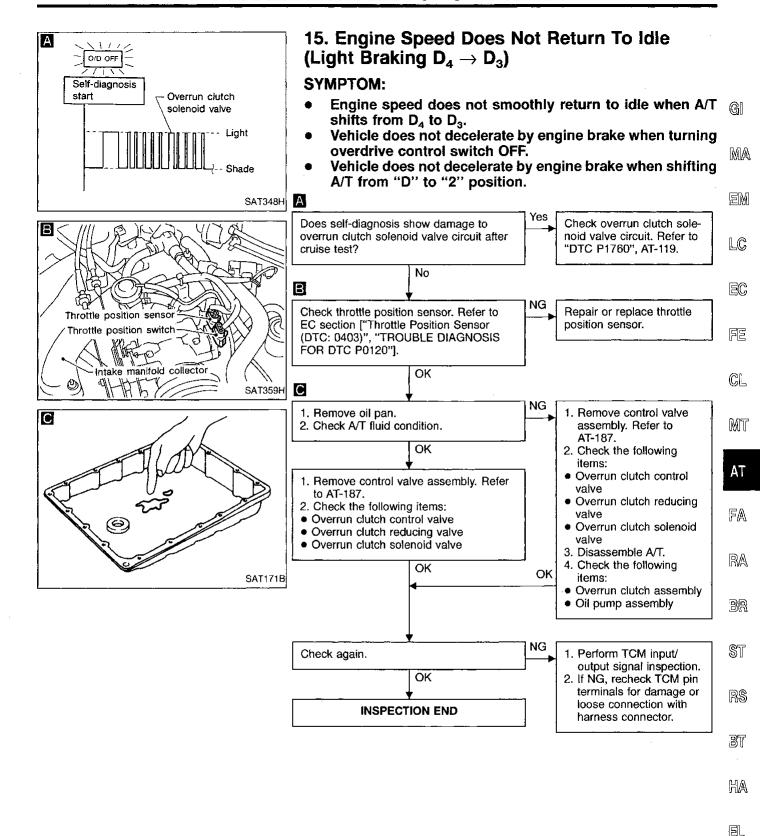


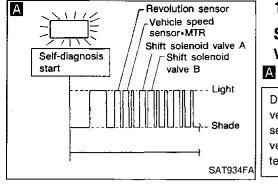










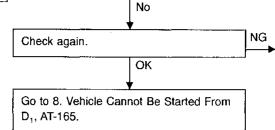


16. Vehicle Does Not Start From D₁ SYMPTOM:

Vehicle does not start from D₁ on Cruise test — Part 2.

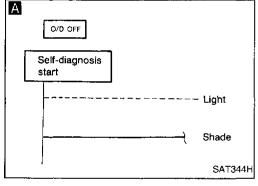
Does self-diagnosis show damage to vehicle speed sensor-A/T (revolution sensor), shift solenoid valve A, B or vehicle speed sensor-MTR after cruise

Check damaged circuit. Refer to "DTC P0720, P0750, P0755 or VHCL SPEED SEN·MTR", AT-90, 134, 138 or 156.



 Perform TCM input/ output signal inspection.

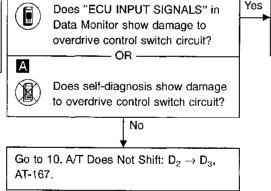
If NG, recheck TCM pin terminals for damage or loose connection with harness connector.



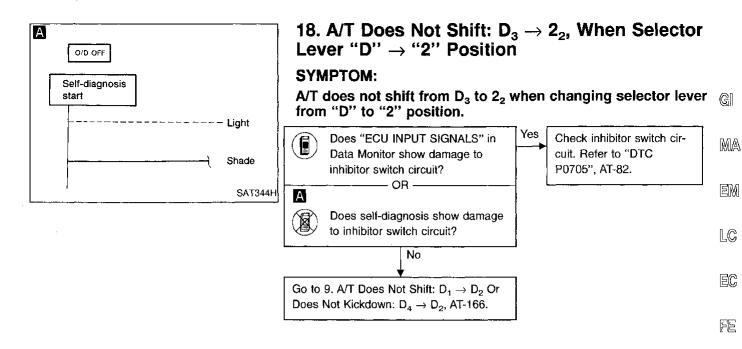
17. A/T Does Not Shift: $D_4 \rightarrow D_3$, When Overdrive Control Switch "ON" \rightarrow "OFF"

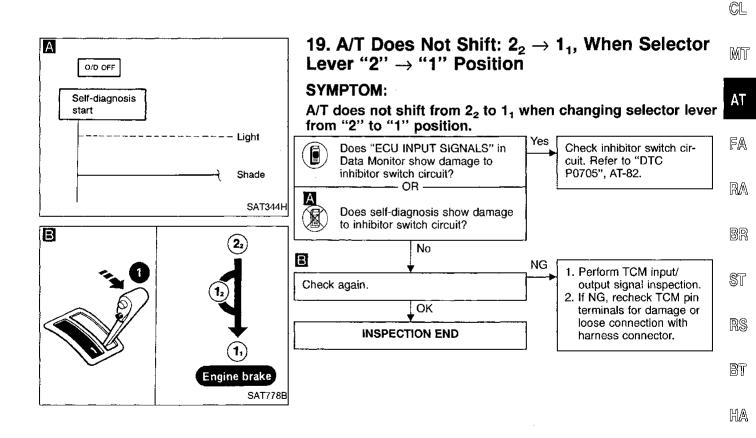
SYMPTOM:

A/T does not shift from D_4 to D_3 when changing overdrive control switch to "OFF" position.



Check overdrive control switch circuit. Refer to "DTC P0705", AT-82.





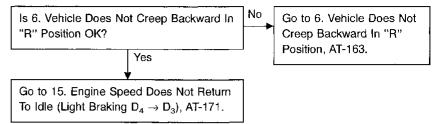
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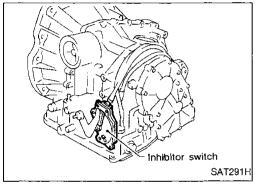
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20. Vehicle Does Not Decelerate By Engine Brake

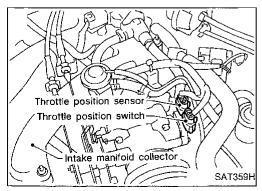
SYMPTOM:

Vehicle does not decelerate by engine brake when shifting from 2_2 (1_2) to 1_1 .





Overdrive control switch SAT360H



21. TCM Self-diagnosis Does Not Activate (Inhibitor, Overdrive Control and Throttle Position Switch Circuit Checks)

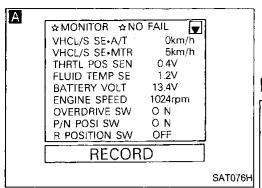
SYMPTOM:

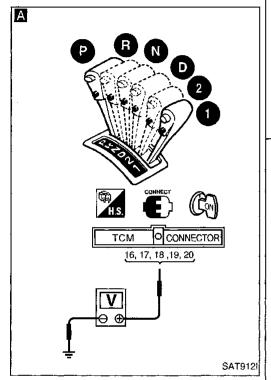
O/D OFF indicator lamp does not come on in TCM self-diagnostic procedure even if the lamp circuit is good.

DESCRIPTION

- Inhibitor switch
 Detects the selector lever position and sends a signal to the TCM
- Overdrive control switch
 Detects the overdrive control switch position (ON or OFF) and
 sends a signal to the TCM.
- Throttle position switch
 Consists of a wide open throttle position switch and a closed
 throttle position switch.

The wide open throttle position switch sends a signal to the TCM when the throttle valve is open at least 1/2 of the full throttle position. The closed throttle position switch sends a signal to the TCM when the throttle valve is fully closed.





21. TCM Self-diagnosis Does Not Activate (Inhibitor, Overdrive Control and Throttle Position Switch Circuit Checks) (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

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CHECK INHIBITOR SWITCH CIRCUIT.



- 1. Turn ignition switch to "ON" position.
 - (Do not start engine.)
- 2. Select "ECU INPUT SIGNALS" in "DATA MONITOR" mode for "A/T" with CONSULT.
- 3. Read out "P/N", "R", "D", "2" and "1" position switches moving selector lever to each posi-

Check that the signal of the selector lever position is indicated properly. OR .

- 1. Turn ignition switch to "ON" position. (Do not start engine.)
- 2. Check voltage between TCM terminals (16, (17), (18, (19), (29) and ground while moving selector lever through each position. Voltage:

B: Battery voltage

0: 0V

Lauar pacition		Ter	minal	No.	
Lever position	19	20	18	(II)	16
P, N	В	0	0	0	0
R	0	В	0	0	0
D	0	0	В	0	0
2	0	0	0	В	0
1	0	0	0	0	В

(Go to next page.)

Check the following items: • Inhibitor switch (Refer to

- "Components Inspection", AT-178.) · Harness for short or
- open between ignition switch and inhibitor switch (Main harness)
- · Harness for short or open between inhibitor switch and TCM (Main harness)

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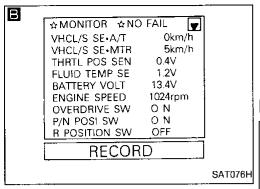
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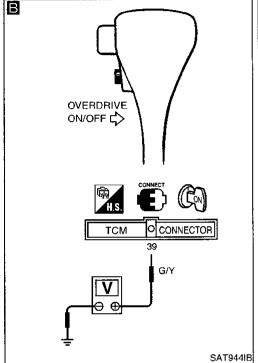
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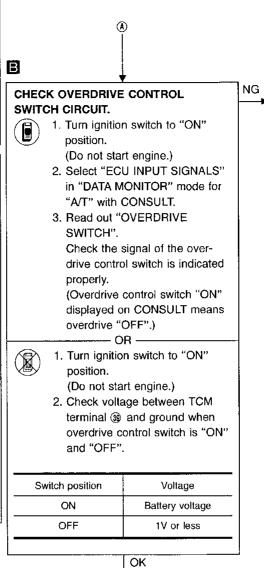
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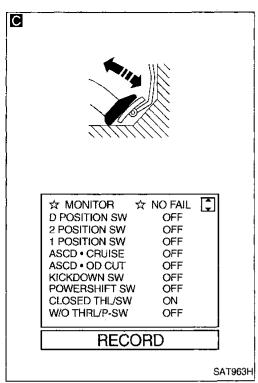
21. TCM Self-diagnosis Does Not Activate (Inhibitor, Overdrive Control and Throttle Position Switch Circuit Checks) (Cont'd)

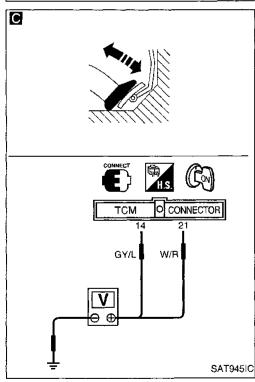


(Go to next page.)

Check the following items:

- Overdrive control switch (Refer to "Components Inspection", AT-178.)
- Harness for short or open between TCM and overdrive control switch (Main harness)
- Harness of ground circuit for overdrive control switch (Main harness) for short or open





21. TCM Self-diagnosis Does Not Activate (Inhibitor, Overdrive Control and Throttle Position Switch Circuit Checks) (Cont'd)

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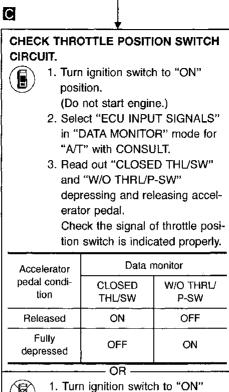
1. Perform TCM input/

output signal inspection.

terminals for damage or loose connection with

2. If NG, recheck TCM pin

harness connector.



- position.
 - (Do not start engine.)
- 2. Check voltage between TCM terminals (1), (2) and ground while depressing, and releasing accelerator pedal slowly. (After warming up engine)

pedal condition Terminal No. Terminal No. @ Released Battery voltage Fully depressed Terminal No. Terminal No. @ Battery voltage Battery voltage	Accelerator	Voltage	
Fully 1 or less Battery volt-	•	_ i	_
' 1V NY 1099 1 '	Released	•	1V or less
	•	1V or less	1 '

Perform self-diagnosis again after driving for awhile. OK

INSPECTION END

- Check the following items:
- Throttle position switch Refer to "Components Inspection", AT-179.
- · Harness for short or open between ignition switch and throttle position switch (Main harness)
- Harness for short or open between throttle position switch and TCM (Main harness)

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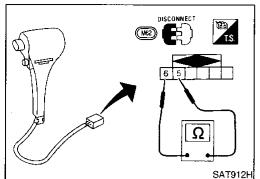
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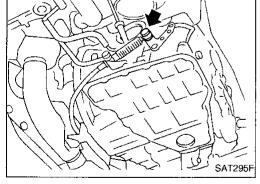
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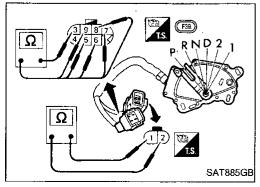
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Inhibitor switch Inhibitor switch harness connector -Battery SAT884GB





21. TCM Self-diagnosis Does Not Activate (Inhibitor, Overdrive Control and Throttle Position Switch Circuit Checks) (Cont'd)

COMPONENT INSPECTION

Overdrive control switch

Check continuity between two terminals.

Switch position	Continuity
ON	No
OFF	Yes

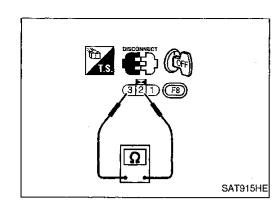
Inhibitor switch

Check continuity between terminals ① and ② and between terminals 3 and 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 while moving manual shaft through each position.

Lever position	Terminal No.	
Р	1 -2	3 -4
R	3-5	
N	① -②	3 — 6
D	3 -7	
2	3 -8	
1	3-9	

- If NG, check again with manual control cable disconnected from manual shaft of A/T assembly. Refer to step 1.
- If OK on step 2, adjust manual control cable. Refer to AT-189.

- If NG on step 2, remove inhibitor switch from A/T and check continuity of inhibitor switch terminals. Refer to step 1.
- If OK on step 4, adjust inhibitor switch. Refer to AT-188.
- If NG on step 4, replace inhibitor switch.



21. TCM Self-diagnosis Does Not Activate (Inhibitor, Overdrive Control and Throttle Position Switch Circuit Checks) (Cont'd)

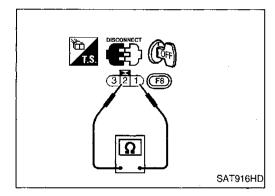
Throttle position switch

Closed throttle position switch (idle position)

• Check continuity between terminals ② and ③.

Accelerator pedal condition	Continuity
Released	Yes
Depressed	No

To adjust closed throttle position switch, refer to EC section ("Basic Inspection", "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS — Basic Inspection").



Wide open throttle position switch

Check continuity between terminals ① and ②.

Accelerator pedal condition	Continuity
Released	No
Depressed	Yes

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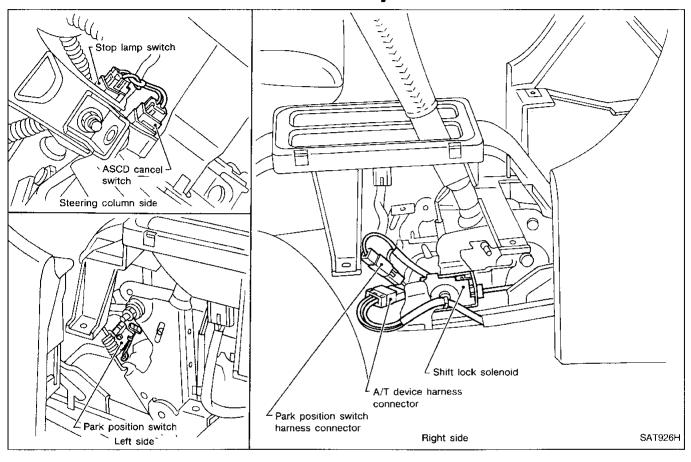
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES — A/T SHIFT LOCK SYSTEM

Description

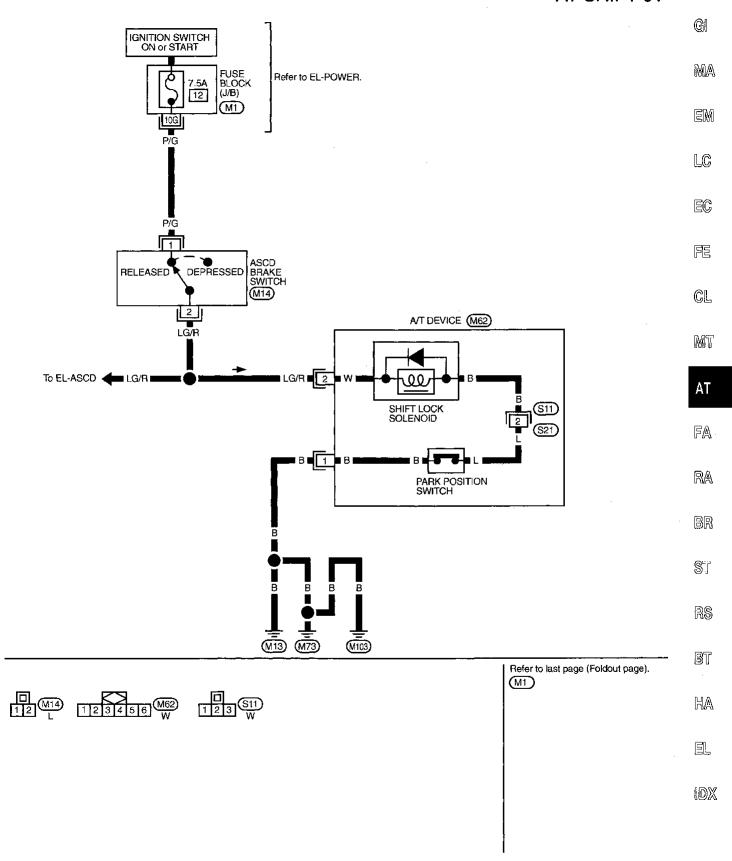
- The mechanical key interlock mechanism also operates as a shift lock: With the key switch turned to "ON", the selector lever cannot be shifted from "P" (parking) to any other position unless the brake pedal is depressed.
 - With the key removed, the selector lever cannot be shifted from "P" to any other position.
 - The key cannot be removed unless the selector lever is placed in "P".
- The shift lock and key interlock mechanisms are controlled by the ON-OFF operation of the shift lock solenoid and by the operation of the rotator and slider located inside the key cylinder, respectively.

Shift Lock System Electrical Parts Location



Wiring Diagram — SHIFT —

AT-SHIFT-01



MAT580A

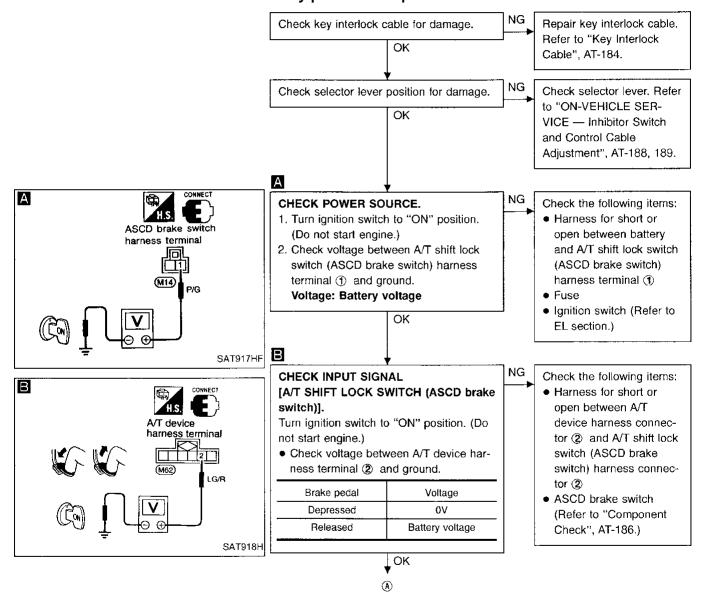
Diagnostic Procedure

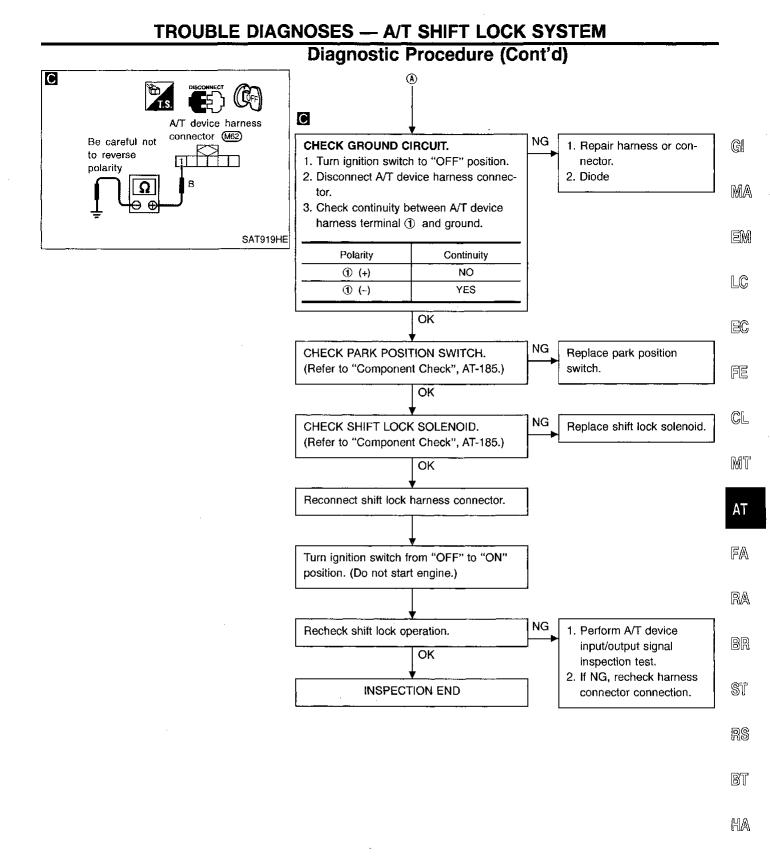
SYMPTOM 1:

- Selector lever cannot be moved from "P" position with key in "ON" position and brake pedal applied.
- Selector lever can be moved from "P" position with key in "ON" position and brake pedal released.
- Selector lever can be moved from "P" position when key is removed from key cylinder.

SYMPTOM 2:

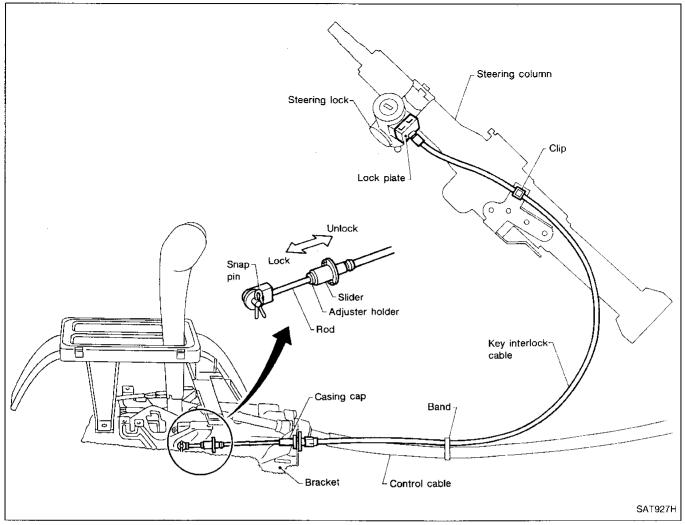
Ignition key cannot be removed when selector lever is set to "P" position. It can be removed when selector lever is set to any position except "P".





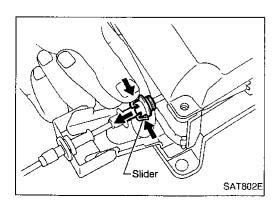
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Key Interlock Cable



CAUTION:

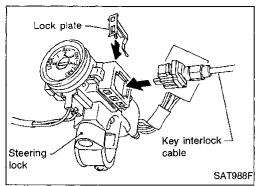
- Install key interlock cable in such a way that it will not be damaged by sharp bends, twists or interference with adjacent parts.
- After installing key interlock cable to control device, make sure that casing cap and bracket are firmly secured in their positions. If casing cap can be removed with an external load of less than 39.2 N (4.0 kg, 8.8 lb), replace key interlock cable with new one.



REMOVAL

Unlock slider from adjuster holder and remove rod from cable.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES — A/T SHIFT LOCK SYSTEM



Key interlock rod-

Adjust holder

Key interlock rod

-Bracket

FUSE

Casing cap

TS.

A/T device

hamess connector

SAT804E

SAT805E

SAT920H

Slider

Shift lock solenoid

harness connector

(S11)

Key Interlock Cable (Cont'd) **INSTALLATION**

- Set key interlock cable to steering lock assembly and install lock plate.
- Clamp cable to steering column and fix to control cable with
- Set control lever to P position.





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Insert interlock rod into adjuster holder.

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- Install casing cap to bracket.
- Move slider in order to fix adjuster holder to interlock rod.



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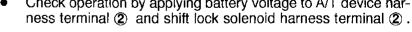
Component Check SHIFT LOCK SOLENOID

Check operation by applying battery voltage to A/T device har-



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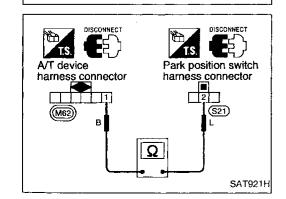
PARK POSITION SWITCH

Check continuity between A/T device harness terminal (1) and park position switch harness terminal (2).

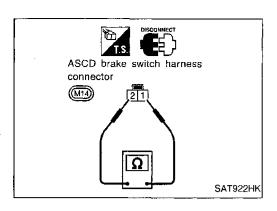
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Condition	Continuity
When selector lever is set in "P" position and selector lever button is released	Yes
Except above	No



TROUBLE DIAGNOSES — A/T SHIFT LOCK SYSTEM



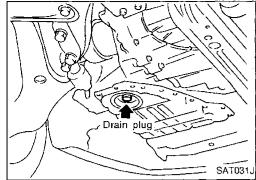
Component Check (Cont'd) ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

• Check continuity between terminals ① and ②.

Condition	Continuity	
When brake pedal is depressed	No	
When brake pedal is released	Yes	

Check ASCD brake switch after adjusting brake pedal — refer to BR section ("Adjustment", "BRAKE PEDAL AND BRACKET").

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE



Control Valve Assembly and Accumulator REMOVAL

- Drain ATF from transaxie.
- Remove oil pan and gasket.

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Disconnect A/T solenoid harness connector.

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Remove stopper ring from terminal cord assembly harness terminal body.

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5. Remove terminal cord assembly harness from transmission case by pushing on terminal body.

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Remove control valve assembly by removing fixing bolts ①, ③ BR

Bolt length, number and location are shown in the illustration.

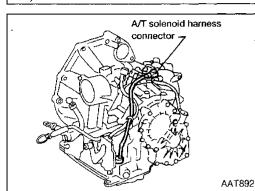


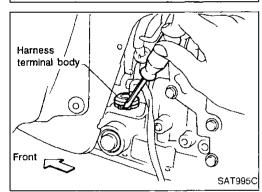
Be careful not to drop manual valve and servo release

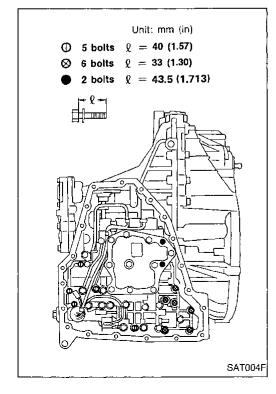
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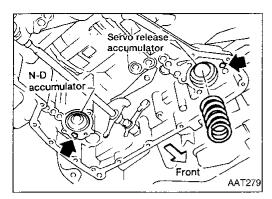
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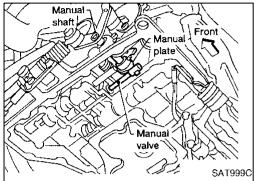


ON-VEHICLE SERVICE



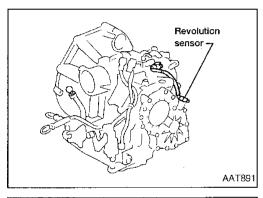
Control Valve Assembly and Accumulator (Cont'd)

- 8. Remove servo release and N-D accumulators by applying compressed air if necessary.
- Hold each piston with a rag.



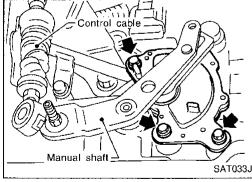
INSTALLATION

- Set manual shaft in Neutral, then align manual plate with groove in manual valve.
- After installing control valve assembly, make sure that selector lever can be moved to all positions.



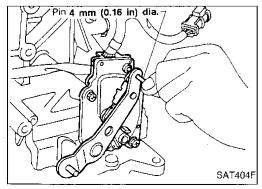
Revolution Sensor Replacement

- 1. Remove under cover.
- 2. Remove revolution sensor from A/T.
- Reinstall any part removed.
- Always use new sealing parts.

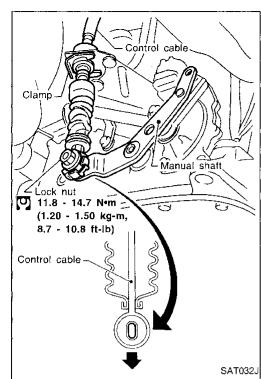


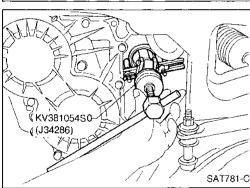
Inhibitor Switch Adjustment

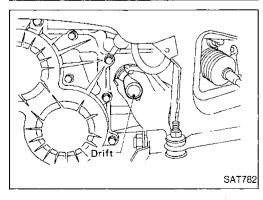
- 1. Remove control cable from manual shaft.
- 2. Set manual shaft in "N" position.
- 3. Loosen inhibitor switch fixing bolts.



- 4. Insert pin into adjustment holes in both inhibitor switch and manual shaft as near vertical as possible.
- 5. Reinstall any part removed.
- Check continuity of inhibitor switch. Refer to AT-85.







Control Cable Adjustment

Move selector lever from the "P" position to the "1" position. You should be able to feel the detents in each position. If the detents cannot be felt or the pointer indicating the position is improperly aligned, the control cable needs adjustment.

Place selector lever in "P" position.

Loosen control cable lock nut and place manual shaft in "P" position.

CAUTION:

Turn wheels more than 1/4 rotations and apply the park lock.

Pull control cable in the direction of the arrow shown in the illustration by specified force.

Specified force: 9.8 N (1.0 kg, 2.2 lb)

- Tighten control cable lock nut.
- Move selector lever from "P" to "1" position again. Make sure that selector lever moves smoothly.
- Make sure that the starter operates when the selector lever is placed in the "N" or "P" position.
- Make sure that the transmission is locked properly when the selector lever is placed in the "P" position.

Differential Side Oil Seal Replacement

- Remove drive shaft assembly. Refer to FA section ("Removal", "FRONT AXLE — Drive Shaft").
- Remove oil seal.

- Install oil seal.
- Apply ATF before installing.
- Reinstall any part removed.



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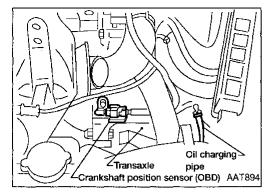
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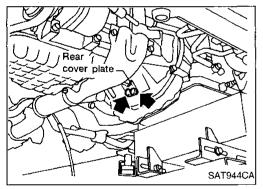
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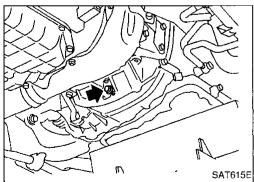
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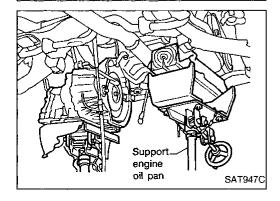
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Connectors LH mounting bracket AAT893







Removal

CAUTION:

When removing the transaxle assembly from engine, first remove the crankshaft position sensor (OBD) from the assembly.

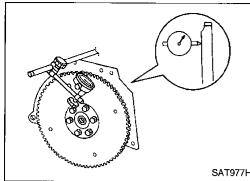
Be careful not to damage sensor edge.

- 1. Remove battery and bracket.
- Remove air cleaner and resonator.
- 3. Disconnect terminal cord assembly harness connector and inhibitor switch harness connectors.
- 4. Disconnect harness connectors of revolution sensor, ground and vehicle speed sensor.
- 5. Remove crankshaft position sensor (OBD) from transaxle.
- 6. Remove LH mounting bracket from transaxle and body. Tighten LH mounting bracket bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM section ("ENGINE REMOVAL").
- 7. Disconnect control cable at transaxle side.
- 8. Drain ATF.
- Remove drive shafts. Refer to FA section ("Removal", "FRONT AXLE — Drive Shaft").
- 10. Disconnect oil cooler piping.
- 11. Remove starter motor from transaxle.
- 12. Support engine by placing a jack under oil pan.
- Do not place jack under oil pan drain plug.
- 13. Remove center member.

Tighten center member bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM section ("ENGINE REMOVAL").

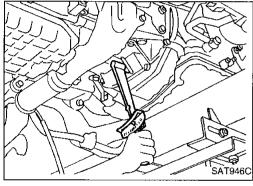
- 14. Remove rear cover plate and bolts securing torque converter to drive plate.
 - Tighten rear plate cover bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM section ("OIL PAN").
- Rotate crankshaft for access to securing bolts.

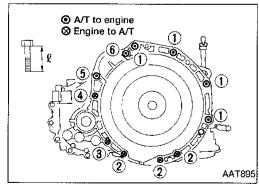
- 15. Support transaxle with a jack.
- 16. Remove bolts fixing A/T to engine.
- 17. Lower transaxle while supporting it with a jack.



SAT977H

SAT044A





Installation

Drive plate runout

CAUTION:

Do not allow any magnetic materials to contact the ring gear teeth.

Maximum allowable runout:

Refer to EM section ("Inspection", "CYLINDER BLOCK").

If this runout is out of allowance, replace drive plate and ring gear.

When connecting torque converter to transaxle, measure distance "A" to be certain that they are correctly assembled.

Distance "A":

19 mm (0.75 in) or more

Install bolts fixing converter to drive plate.

 With converter installed, rotate crankshaft several turns to check that transaxle rotates freely without binding.

Tighten bolts securing transaxle.

Tighten LH mounting bracket bolts to the specified torque.
 Refer to EM section ("ENGINE REMOVAL").

Tighten center member bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM section ("ENGINE REMOVAL").

 Tighten rear plate cover bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM section ("OIL PAN").

Bolt No.	Tightening torque N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)	ℓ mm (in)
1	39 - 49 (4.0 - 5.0, 29 - 36)	45 (1.77)
2	30 - 36 (3.1 - 3.7, 22 - 27)	30 (1.18)
3	30 - 36 (3.1 - 3.7, 22 - 27)	40 (1.57)
4	74 - 83 (7.5 - 8.5, 54 - 61)	45 (1.77)
5	30 - 36 (3.1 - 3.7, 22 - 27)	80 (3.15)
6	30 - 36 (3.1 - 3.7, 22 - 27)	65 (2.56)

Reinstall any part removed.

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RS

. . .

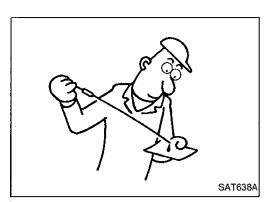
BT

MA

IĀIÆ)

IDX

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION



Installation (Cont'd)

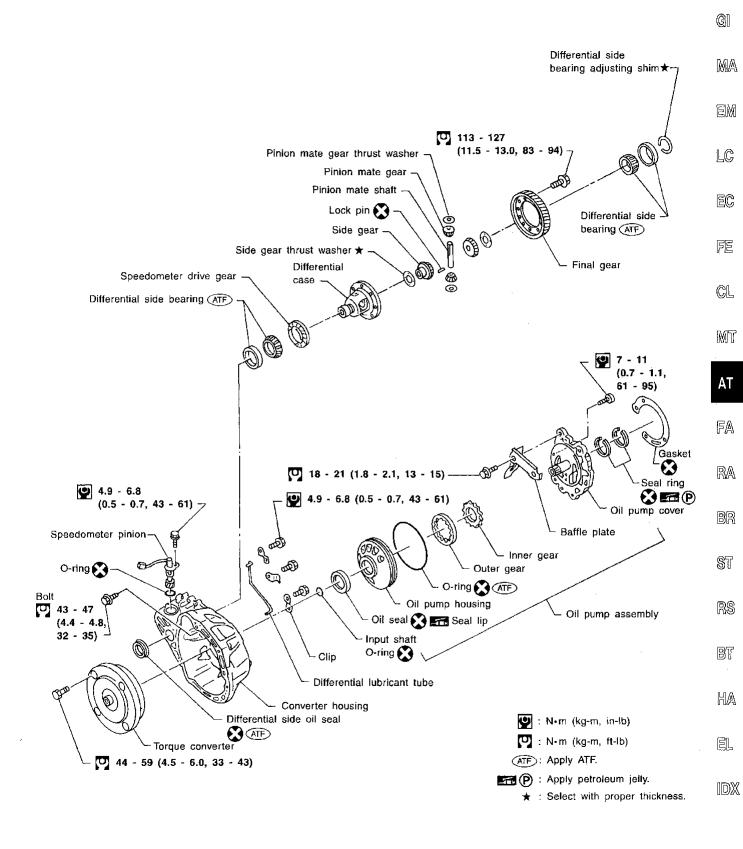
- Check fluid level in transaxle.
- Move selector lever through all positions to be sure that transaxle operates correctly.
 With parking brake applied veteta angine at idling. Move selections.

With parking brake applied, rotate engine at idling. Move selector lever through "N" to "D", to "2", to "1" and to "R" position. A slight shock should be felt by hand gripping selector each

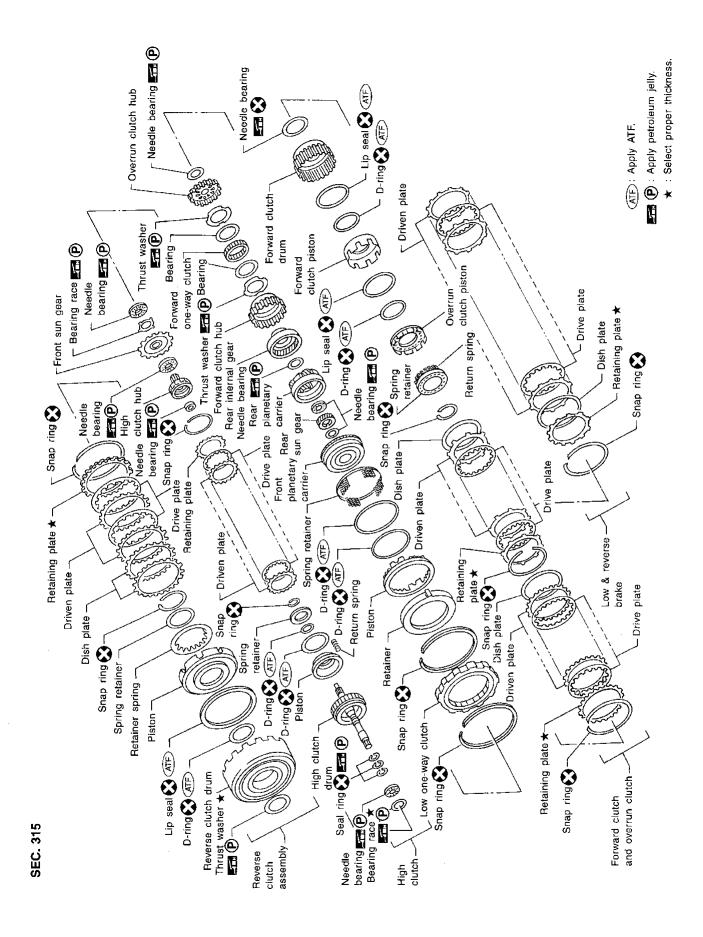
time transaxle is shifted.

Perform road test. Refer to AT-63.

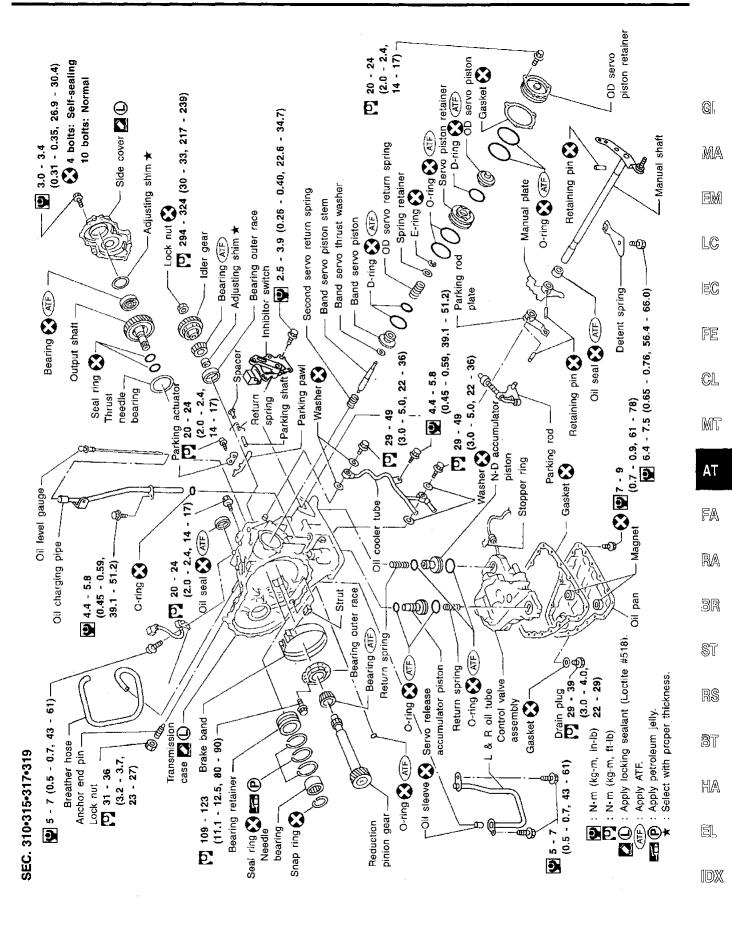
SEC. 311•313•327•381



SAT948

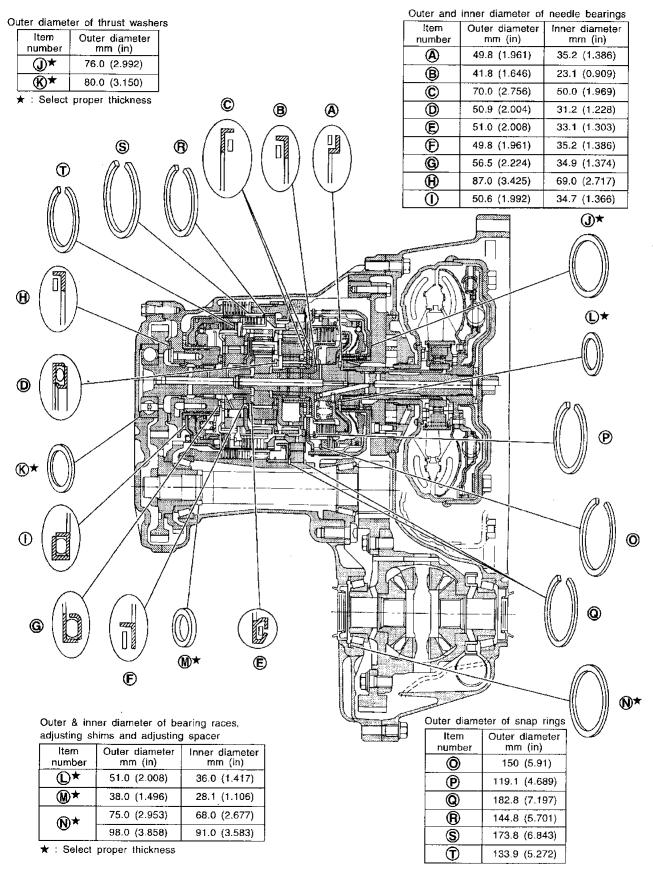


MAJOR OVERHAUL

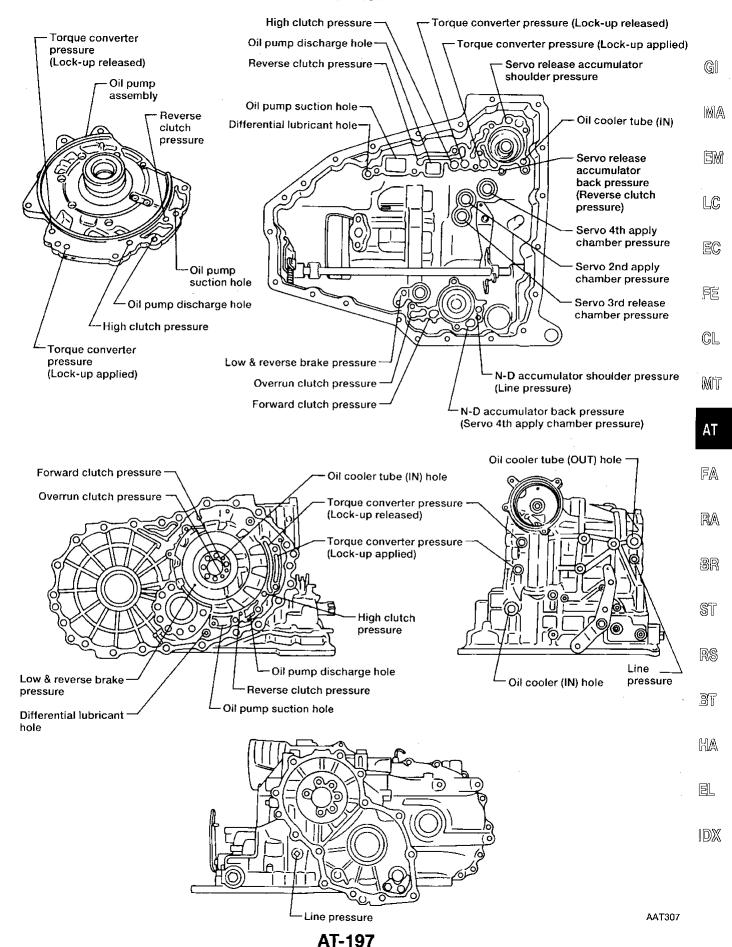


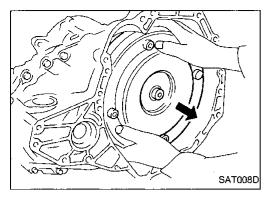
SAT9711

Locations of Adjusting Shims, Needle Bearings, Thrust Washers and Snap Rings

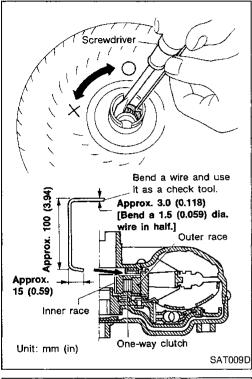


Oil Channel

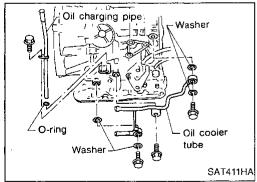




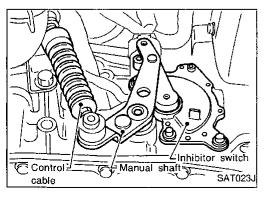
- 1. Drain ATF through drain plug.
- 2. Remove torque converter.



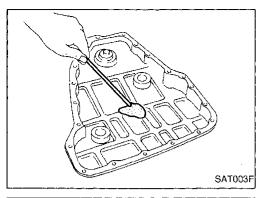
- 3. Check torque converter one-way clutch using check tool as shown at left.
- a. Insert check tool into the groove of bearing support built into one-way clutch outer race.
- When fixing bearing support with check tool, rotate one-way clutch spline using screwdriver.
- c. Check that inner race rotates clockwise only. If not, replace torque converter assembly.

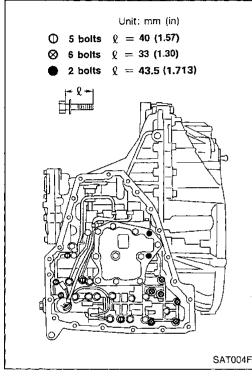


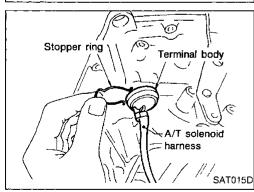
4. Remove oil charging pipe and oil cooler tube.

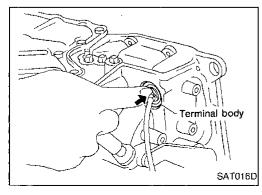


- 5. Set manual shaft to position "P".
- Remove inhibitor switch.

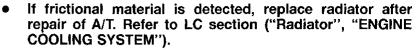








- 7. Remove oil pan and oil pan gasket.
- Do not reuse oil pan bolts.
- Check foreign materials in oil pan to help determine causes of malfunction. If the fluid is very dark, smells burned, or contains foreign particles, the frictional material (clutches, band) may need replacement. A tacky film that will not wipe clean indicates varnish build up. Varnish can cause valves, servo, and clutches to stick and can inhibit pump pressure.



- Remove control valve assembly according to the following procedures.
- Remove control valve assembly mounting bolts (1), (3) and ().

Remove stopper ring from terminal body.

Push terminal body into transmission case and draw out sole-

noid harness.

MA

LC

EC

FE

CL

MIT

ΑT

FA

RA

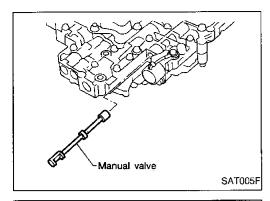
BR

ST

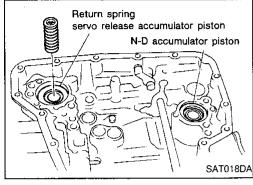
RS

BT

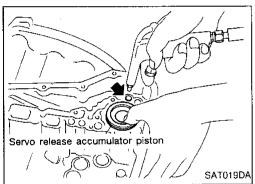
HA



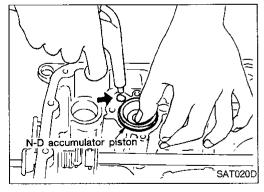
10. Remove manual valve from control valve assembly.



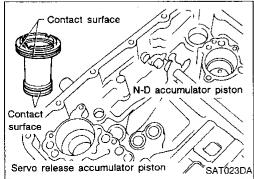
11. Remove return spring from servo release accumulator piston.



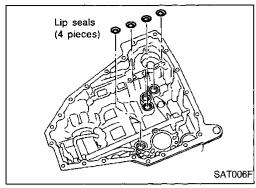
- 12. Remove servo release accumulator piston with compressed air.
- 13. Remove O-rings from servo release accumulator piston.



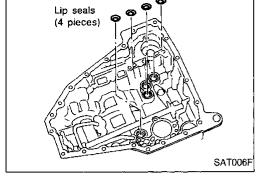
- 14. Remove N-D accumulator piston and return spring with compressed air.
- 15. Remove O-rings from N-D accumulator piston.



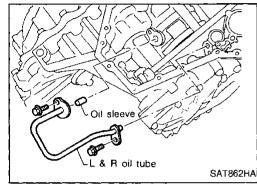
- Check accumulator pistons and contact surface of transmission case for damage.
- 17. Check accumulator return springs for damage and free length.



18. Remove lip seals.



19. Remove L & R oil tube and oil sleeve.





G

MA

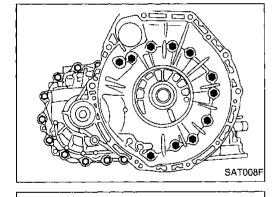
EM

LC

FE



- 20. Remove converter housing according to the following proce-Remove converter housing mounting bolts.
- Remove converter housing by tapping it lightly.



Remove O-ring from differential oil port.





FA



BR







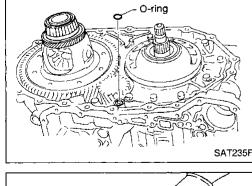








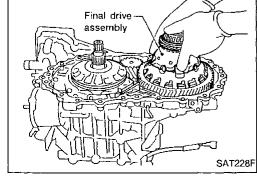


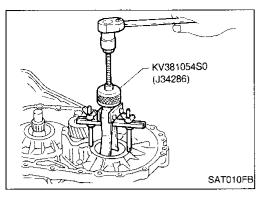


21. Remove final drive assembly from transmission case.

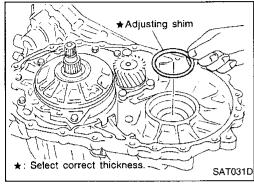




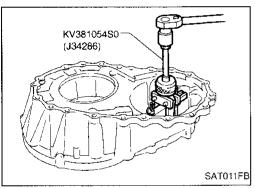




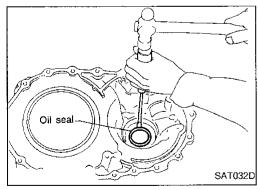
22. Remove differential side bearing outer race from transmission case.



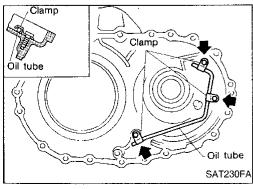
23. Remove differential side bearing adjusting shim from transmission case.



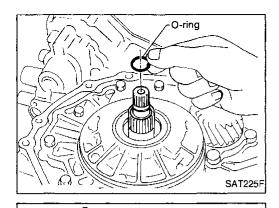
24. Remove differential side bearing outer race from converter housing.



- 25. Remove oil seal with screwdriver from converter housing.
- Be careful not to damage case.



26. Remove oil tube from converter housing.



Baffle plate

Oil pump

assembly

SAT012F

SAT013F

Bearing race Thrust washer

- 27. Remove oil pump according to the following procedures.
- Remove O-ring from input shaft.



MA

EM

Remove oil pump assembly, baffle plate and gasket from transmission case.



EC



CL



Remove thrust washer and bearing race from oil pump assembly.







 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

BR

- 28. Remove brake band according to the following procedures.
- Loosen lock nut, then back off anchor end pin.
- Do not reuse anchor end pin.





RS

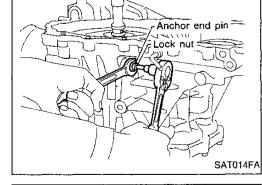


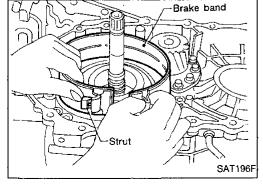




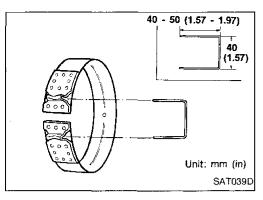






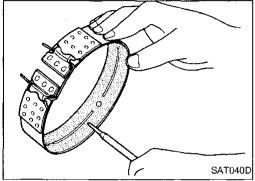


- Remove brake band and strut from transmission case.

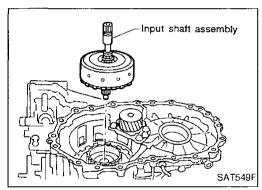


To prevent brake linings from cracking or peeling, do not stretch the flexible band unnecessarily. When removing the brake band, always secure it with a clip as shown in the figure at left.

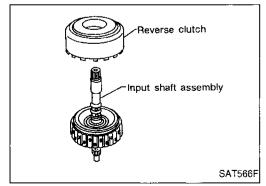
Leave the clip in position after removing the brake band.



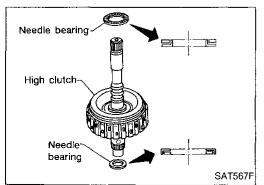
c. Check brake band facing for damage, cracks, wear or burns.



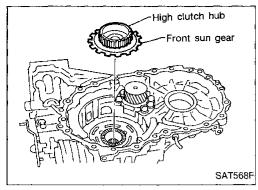
- 29. Remove input shaft assembly (high clutch) and reverse clutch according to the following procedures.
- a. Remove input shaft assembly (high clutch) with reverse clutch.



b. Remove input shaft assembly (high clutch) from reverse clutch.



 Remove needle bearings from high clutch drum and check for damage or wear.

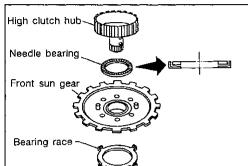


Remove high clutch hub and front sun gear from transmission case.



MA

EM



SAT019F

Remove front sun gear and needle bearing from high clutch hub and check for damage or wear.

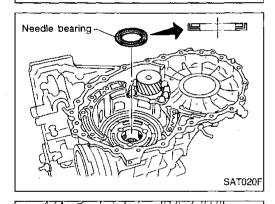


Remove bearing race from front sun gear and check for damf. age or wear.



FF





Low and reverse brake

SAT138F

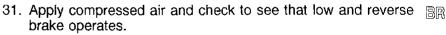
30. Remove needle bearing from transmission case and check for damage or wear.







RA

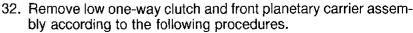






87

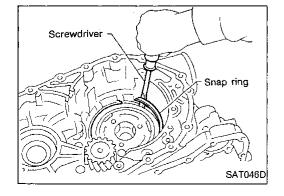


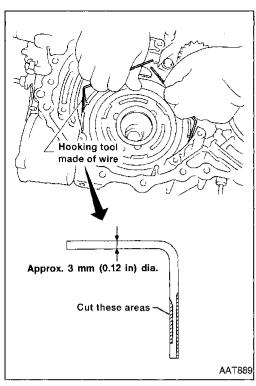


Remove snap ring with flat-bladed screwdriver.

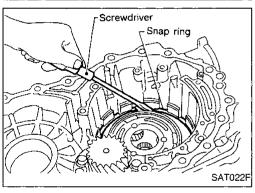




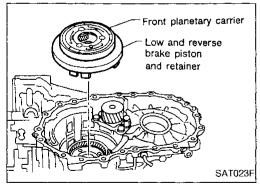




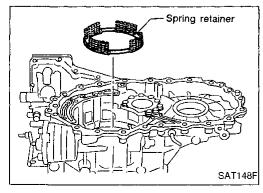
b. Remove low one way clutch with a hook made of wire.



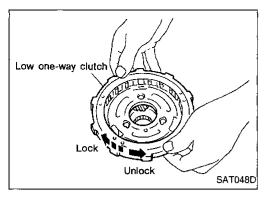
c. Remove snap ring with flat-bladed screwdriver.



d. Remove front planetary carrier with low and reverse brake piston and retainer.



- e. Remove low and reverse brake spring retainer.
- Do not remove return springs from spring retainer.

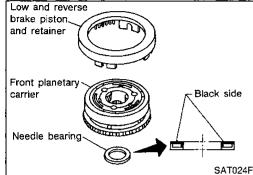


Check that low one-way clutch rotates in the direction of the arrow and locks in the opposite direction.



MA





Feeler-

Clearance

SAT025F

Remove needle bearing, low and reverse brake piston and retainer from front planetary carrier.



LC.







Check front planetary carrier, low one-way clutch and needle bearing for damage or wear.



Check clearance between planetary gears and planetary carrier with feeler gauge.



Standard clearance:

0.20 - 0.70 mm (0.0079 - 0.0276 in)

Allowable limit:

0.80 mm (0.0315 in)

Replace front planetary carrier if the clearance exceeds allowable limit.



33. Remove rear planetary carrier assembly and rear sun gear



according to the following procedures. Remove rear planetary carrier assembly from transmission case.









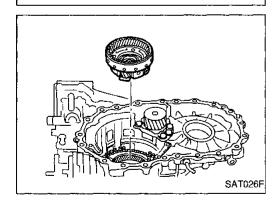
Remove rear sun gear from rear planetary carrier.

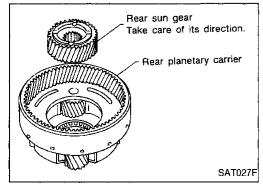


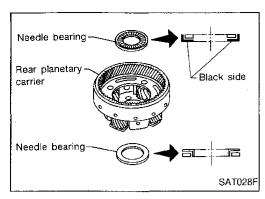
HA



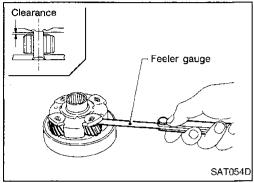








c. Remove needle bearings from rear planetary carrier assembly.



d. Check rear planetary carrier, rear sun gear and needle bearings for damage or wear.

e. Check clearance between pinion washer and rear planetary carrier with feeler gauge.

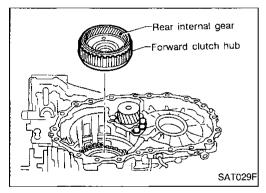
Standard clearance:

0.20 - 0.70 mm (0.0079 - 0.0276 in)

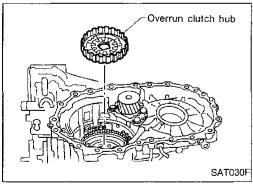
Allowable limit:

0.80 mm (0.0315 in)

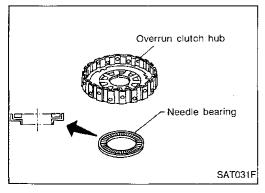
Replace rear planetary carrier if the clearance exceeds allowable limit.



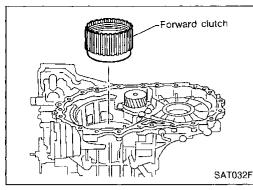
34. Remove rear internal gear and forward clutch hub from transmission case.



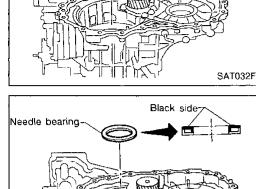
35. Remove overrun clutch hub from transmission case.



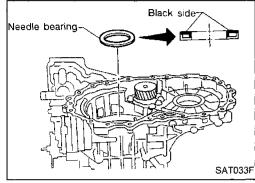
36. Remove needle bearing from overrun clutch hub and check for damage or wear.



37. Remove forward clutch assembly from transmission case.



38. Remove needle bearing from transmission case.



39. Remove output shaft assembly according to the following procedures.



AT

EA

RA

MA

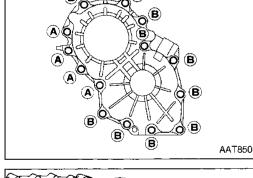
LC

EC

FE

CL

- Remove side cover bolts. a.
- Do not mix bolts (A) and (B).
- Always replace bolts (A) as they are self-sealing bolts.



Remove side cover by lightly tapping it with a soft hammer.



Be careful not to drop output shaft assembly. It might come out when removing side cover.



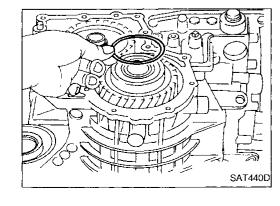
RS

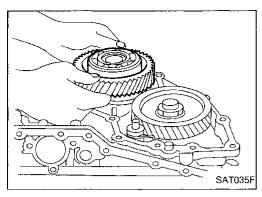
Şoft hammer SAT434D

Remove adjusting shim.

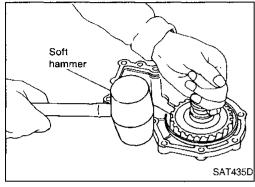


BT

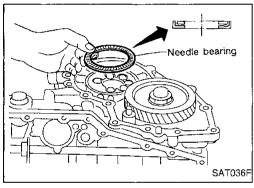




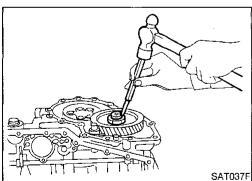
d. Remove output shaft assembly.



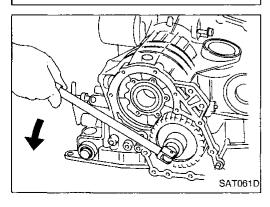
If output shaft assembly came off with side cover, tap cover with a soft hammer to separate.



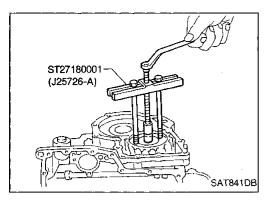
Remove needle bearing.



- 40. Disassemble reduction pinion gear according to the following procedures.
- Set manual shaft to position "P" to fix idler gear. Unlock idler gear lock nut using a pin punch.



- Remove idler gear lock nut.
- Do not reuse idler gear lock nut.



Remove idler gear with puller.



MA



- Remove reduction pinion gear.
- Remove adjusting shim from reduction pinion gear.







CL.



MT

- 41. Remove return spring from parking shaft with screwdriver.
- 42. Draw out parking shaft and remove parking pawl from transmission case.
- 43. Check parking pawl and shaft for damage or wear.







- 82
- 44. Remove parking actuator support from transmission case. 45. Check parking actuator support for damage or wear.



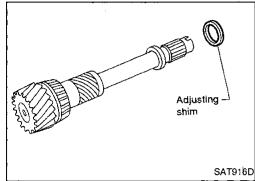


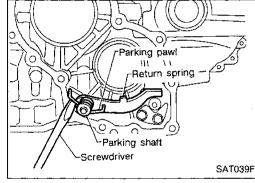


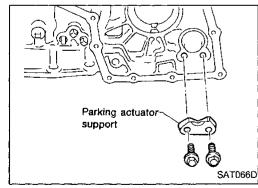


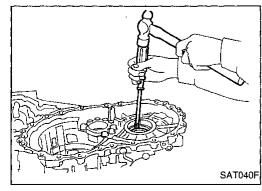






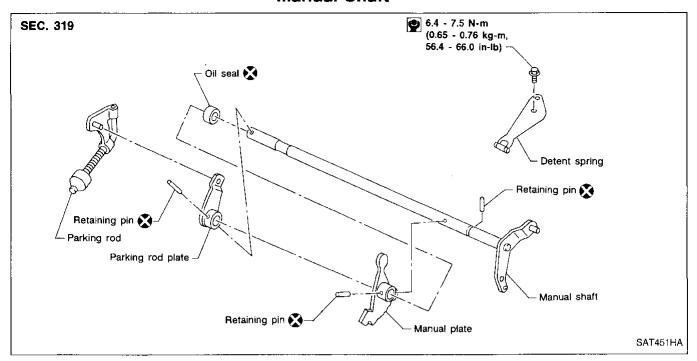


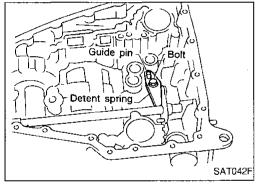




46. Remove side oil seal with screwdriver from transmission case.

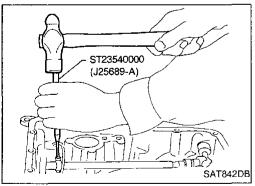
Manual Shaft



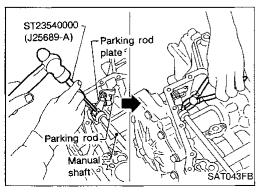


REMOVAL

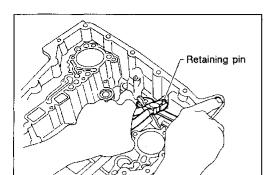
1. Remove detent spring from transmission case.



2. Drive out manual plate retaining pin.



- 3. Drive and pull out parking rod plate retaining pin.
- Remove parking rod plate from manual shaft.
- 5. Draw out parking rod from transmission case.



SAT049F

Manual Shaft (Cont'd)

Pull out manual shaft retaining pin.

Remove manual shaft and manual plate from transmission case.



MA

Remove manual shaft oil seal.



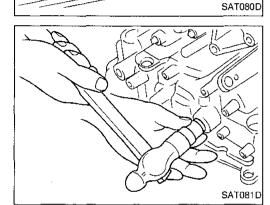
EC



CL

MT

ΑT



INSPECTION

Check component parts for wear or damage. Replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

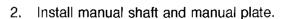
Install manual shaft oil seal.



Apply ATF to outer surface of oil seal.



BR



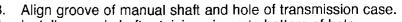




RS

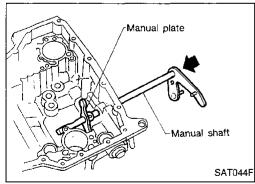
BT

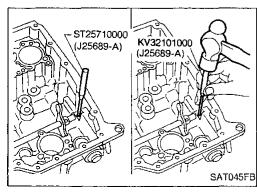
MA









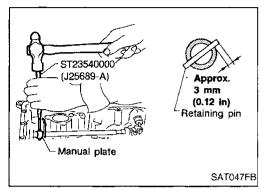


Install manual shaft retaining pin up to bottom of hole.

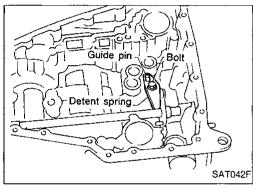
Parking rod plate Parking rod Approx. 3 mm (0.12 in) Retaining pin ST23540000 (J25689-A) SAT034J

Manual Shaft (Cont'd)

- Install parking rod to parking rod plate.
- 6. Set parking rod assembly onto manual shaft and drive retaining pin.
- Both ends of pin should protrude.

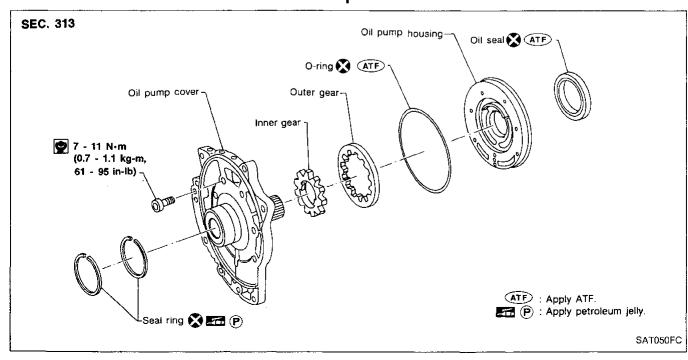


- 7. Drive manual plate retaining pin.
- Both ends of pin should protrude.



8. Install detent spring.

Oil Pump



SAT699H

Oil Pump (Cont'd) **DISASSEMBLY**

Remove seal rings.



MA

EM

Loosen bolts in a crisscross pattern and remove oil pump cover.



EC

FE





AT



 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

BR









SAT051F

Oil pump housing

SAT092D

SAT093D

Inner gear

Outer gear

3. Remove inner and outer gear from oil pump housing.

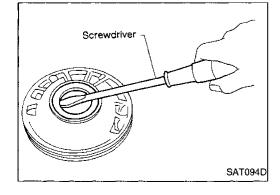




4. Remove O-ring from oil pump housing.



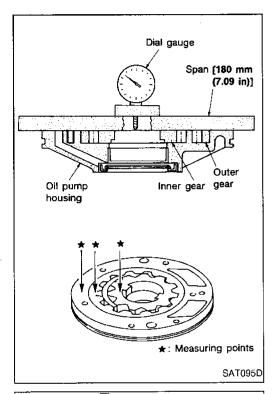




Oil Pump (Cont'd) INSPECTION

Oil pump housing, oil pump cover, inner gear and outer gear

Check for wear or damage.



Side clearance

 Measure side clearance of inner and outer gears in at least four places around each outside edge. Maximum measured values should be within specified positions.

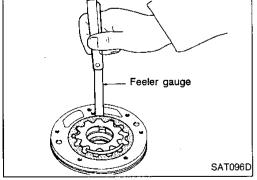
Standard clearance:

0.030 - 0.050 mm (0.0012 - 0.0020 in)

If clearance is less than standard, select inner and outer gear as a set so that clearance is within specifications.

Inner and outer gear: Refer to SDS, AT-288.

 If clearance is more than standard, replace whole oil pump assembly except oil pump cover.



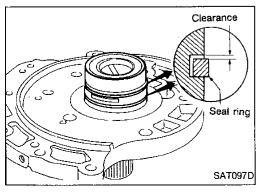
Measure clearance between outer gear and oil pump housing.
 Standard clearance:

0.111 - 0.181 mm (0.0044 - 0.0071 in)

Allowable limit:

0.181 mm (0.0071 in)

If not within allowable limit, replace whole oil pump assembly except oil pump cover.



Seal ring clearance

Measure clearance between seal ring and ring groove.

Standard clearance:

0.1 - 0.25 mm (0.0039 - 0.0098 in)

Allowable limit:

0.25 mm (0.0098 in)

If not within allowable limit, replace oil pump cover assembly.

ST33400001 (J26082) SAT900DB

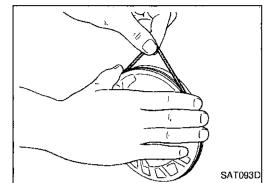
Oil Pump (Cont'd) **ASSEMBLY**

1. Install oil seal on oil pump housing.



MA





Inner gear

Outer gear

Install O-ring on oil pump housing.

Apply ATF to O-ring.









MIT

- Install inner and outer gears on oil pump housing.
- Be careful of direction of inner gear.

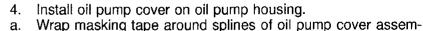














ST

bly to protect seal. Position oil pump cover assembly on oil pump housing assembly, then remove masking tape.

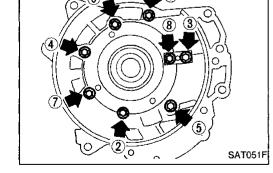
b. Tighten bolts in a crisscross pattern.

🖲 : 7 - 11 N·m (0.7 - 1.1 kg-m, 61 - 95 in-lb)









Oil pump housing

SAT092D

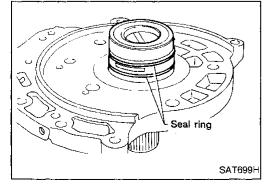
Install new seal rings carefully after packing ring groove with petroleum jelly.



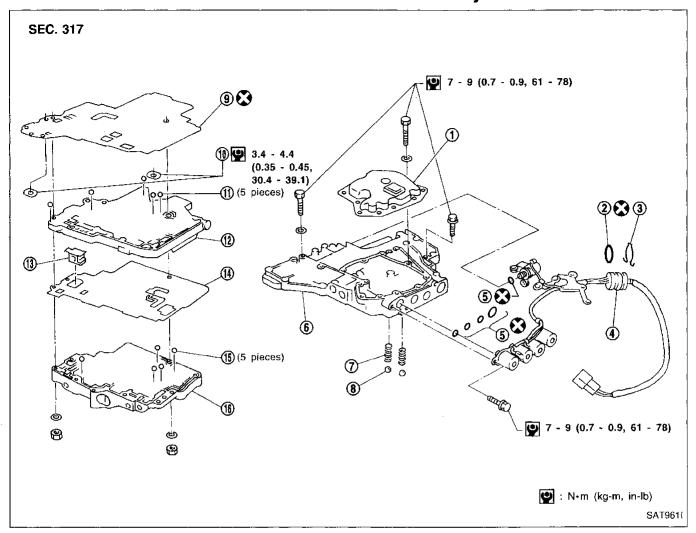
Do not spread gap of seal ring excessively while installing. The ring may be deformed.







Control Valve Assembly



- ① Oil strainer
- ② O-ring
- 3 Stopper ring
- Terminal body
- ⑤ O-rings
- 6 Control valve lower body

- Oil cooler relief valve spring
- Check ball
- Separating plate
- Support plate
- ① Steel ball
- ① Control valve inter body

- Pilot filter
- Separating plate
- (1) Steel ball
- (f) Control valve upper body

DISASSEMBLY

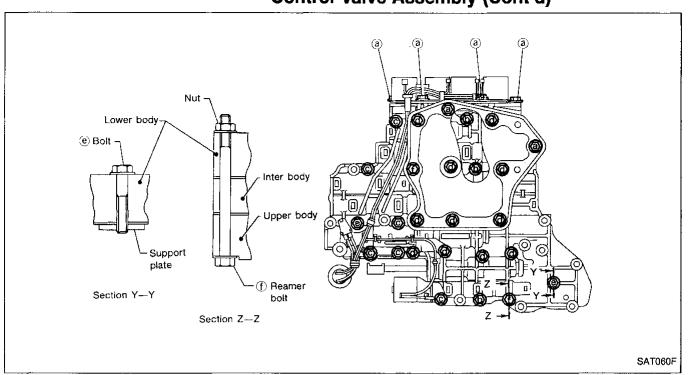
Disassemble upper, inter and lower bodies.

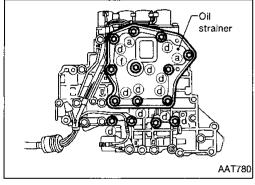
Bolt length, number and location:

Bolt symbol		a	(b)	. ©	0	e	①
Bolt length "ℓ"	mm (in)	13.5	58.0	40.0	66.0	33.0	78.0
<u> </u>		(0.531)	(2.283)	(1.575)	(2.598)	(1.299)	(3.071)
Number of bolts		6	3 .	6	11	2	2

f: Reamer bolt and nut.

Control Valve Assembly (Cont'd)





Remove bolts (a), (d) and nut (f) and remove oil strainer from control valve assembly.



FA

RA

MT

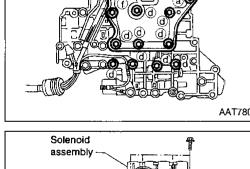
GI

MA

LC

EC

Æ

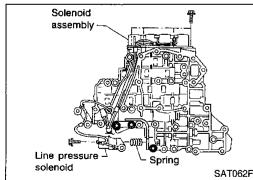


Remove solenoid valve assembly and line pressure solenoid valve from control valve assembly.



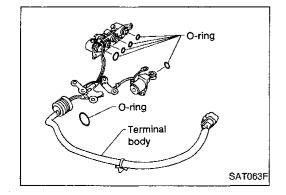
ST

RS



Remove O-rings from solenoid valves and terminal body.

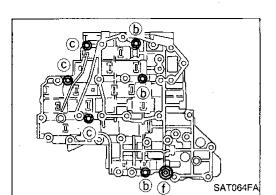




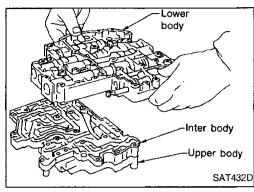
HA

IDX

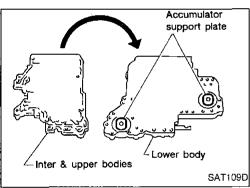
Control Valve Assembly (Cont'd)



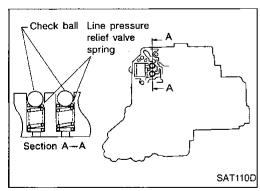
d. Place upper body facedown, and remove bolts (b), (c) and nut (f).



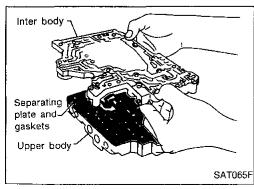
e. Remove inter body from lower body.



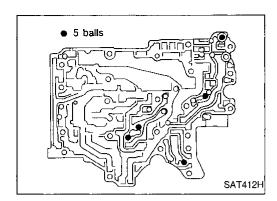
f. Turn over lower body, and remove accumulator support plate.



- g. Remove bolts (a), separating plate and separating gasket from lower body.
- h. Remove steel balls and relief valve springs from lower body.
- Be careful not to lose steel balls and relief valve springs.



i. Remove inter body from upper body.



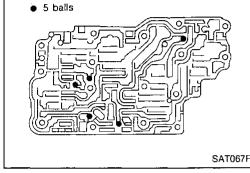
Control Valve Assembly (Cont'd)

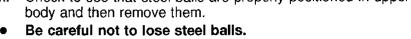
- Check to see that steel balls are properly positioned in inter body and then remove them.
- Be careful not to lose steel balls.



MA

Check to see that steel balls are properly positioned in upper body and then remove them.





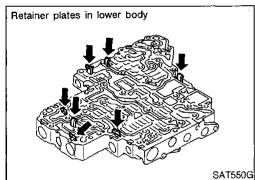


LC

FE

CL

MIT



Retainer plates in upper body

INSPECTION

Lower and upper bodies

Check to see that retainer plates are properly positioned in lower body.



FA

RA

Check to see that retainer plates are properly positioned in upper body.



Be careful not to lose these parts.



RS

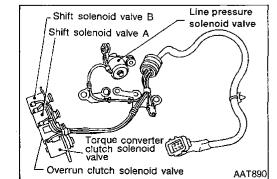


SAT551G

Check wire netting of oil strainer for damage.



HA



Shift solenoid valves "A" and "B", line pressure solenoid valve, torque converter clutch solenoid valve and overrun clutch solenoid valve

Measure resistance. Refer to "Components Inspection", AT-118.

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(Join out of the first of the f

Control Valve Assembly (Cont'd)

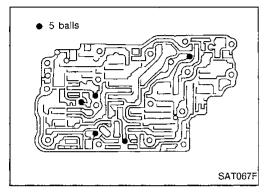
Oil cooler relief valve spring

- Check springs for damage or deformation.
- Measure free length and outer diameter.

Inspection standard:

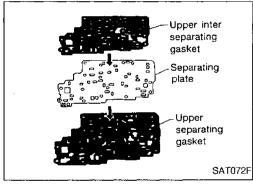
Unit: mm (in)

Part No.	e	D
31872-31X00	17.02 (0.6701)	8.0 (0.315)

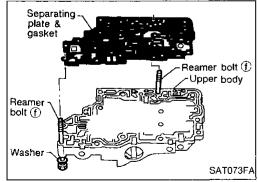


ASSEMBLY

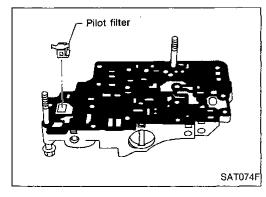
- 1. Install upper, inter and lower body.
- a. Place oil circuit of upper body face up. Install steel balls in their proper positions.



 Install upper separating gasket, upper inter separating gasket and upper separating plate in order shown in illustration.

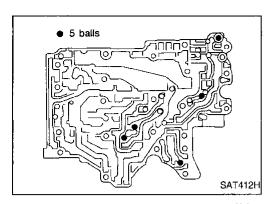


c. Install reamer bolts ① from bottom of upper body. Using reamer bolts as guides, install separating plate and gaskets as a set.



d. Install pilot filter.

Control Valve Assembly (Cont'd)

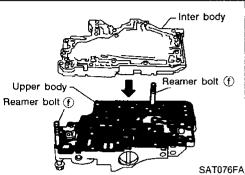


Place lower body as shown in illustration (side of inter body face up). Install steel balls in their proper positions.



MA

EM



Install inter body on upper body using reamer bolts (f) as f.



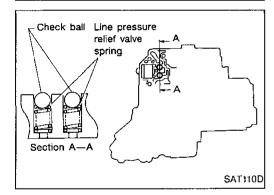
Be careful not to dislocate or drop steel balls.



FE

CL

MT



Lower separating

Lower separating

ower separating

gasket

plate

gasket

Install steel balls and relief valve springs in their proper positions in lower body.



ΑT

FA

RA

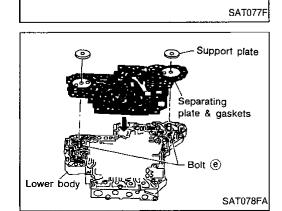
Install lower separating gasket, inter separating gasket and lower separating plate in order shown in illustration.



RS



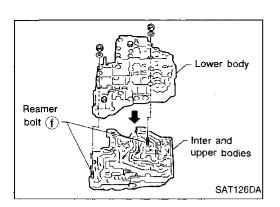
HA



- Install bolts (e) from bottom of lower body. Using bolts (e) as i. guides, install separating plate and gaskets as a set.
- Temporarily install support plates on lower body.

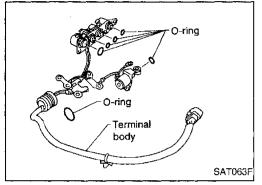


ID)X



Control Valve Assembly (Cont'd)

k. Install lower body on inter body using reamer bolts ① as guides and tighten reamer bolts ① slightly.

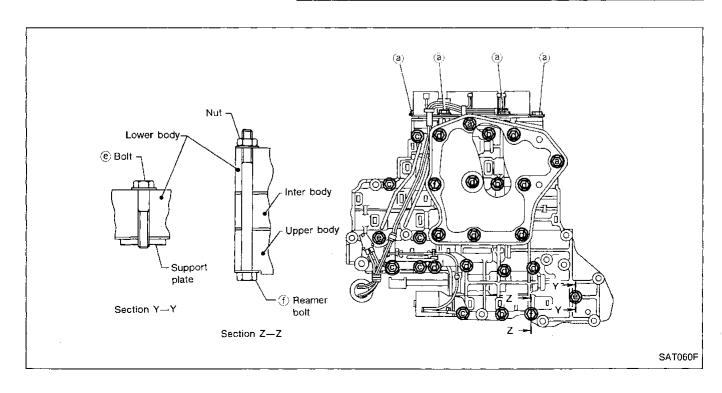


- 2. Install O-rings to solenoid valves and terminal body.
- Apply ATF to O-rings.

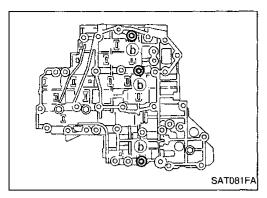
3. Install and tighten bolts.

Bolt length, number and location:

Bolt symbol		a	Ъ	0	(d)	(e)	①
Bolt length "ℓ"	mm (in)	13.5	58.0	40.0	66.0	33.0	78.0
Q Q		1		40.0 (1.575)	(2.598)		
Number of bolts		6	3	6	11	2	2



Control Valve Assembly (Cont'd)

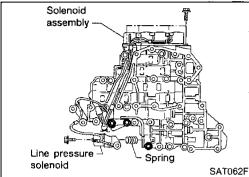


a. Install and tighten bolts (b) to specified torque. 9 : 7 - 9 N·m (0.7 - 0.9 kg-m, 61 - 78 in-lb)



MA





Install solenoid valve assembly and line pressure solenoid valve to lower body.



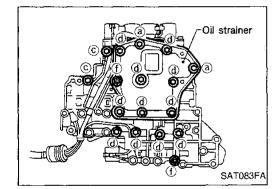
LC



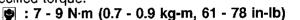


CL

MIT



Set oil strainer, then tighten bolts (a), (c), (d) and nuts (f) to specified torque.











Tighten bolts (e) to specified torque.







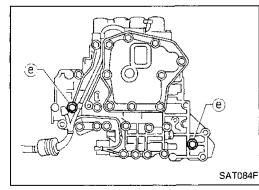








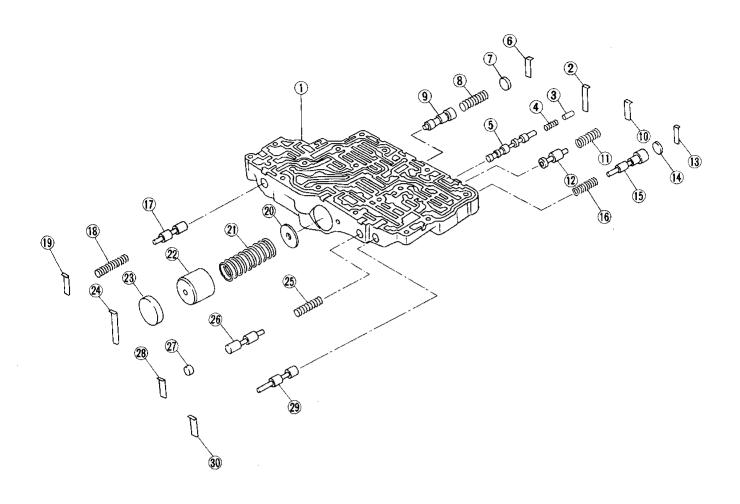




(0.35 - 0.45 kg-m, 30.4 - 39.1 in-lb)

Control Valve Upper Body

SEC. 317



SAT859H

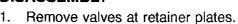
Apply ATF to all components before installation.

- ① Upper body
- ② Retainer plate
- 3 Plug
- 4 Return spring
- (5) Torque converter clutch control valve
- 6 Retainer plate
- Plug
- 8 Return spring
- 1-2 accumulator valve
- Retainer plate

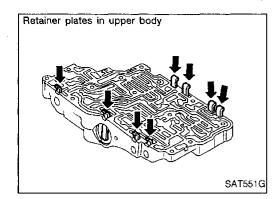
- Return spring
- 1 Torque converter relief valve
- Retainer plate
- Plug
- (1) Overrun clutch reducing valve
- Return spring
- (f) Pilot valve
- ® Return spring
- ® Retainer plate
- 1-2 accumulator retainer plate

- ② Return spring
- 2 1-2 accumulator piston
- Plug
- 2 Retainer plate
- Return spring
- 28 1st reducing valve
- ② Plug
- Retainer plate
- 29 Plug
- 30 Retainer plate

Control Valve Upper Body (Cont'd) DISASSEMBLY



Do not use a magnetic pick-up tool.





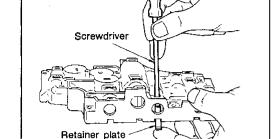
a. Use a screwdriver to remove retainer plates.



LC

EC

MA



SAT553G



FE

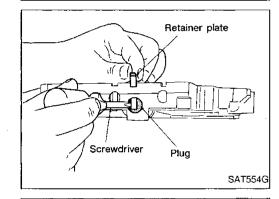
Remove retainer plates while holding spring, plugs or sleeves.
Remove plugs slowly to prevent internal parts from jumping out.

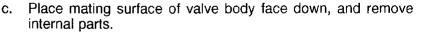


FA

RA

MT





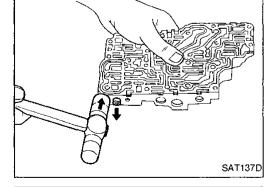


ST

- If a valve is hard to remove, place valve body face down and lightly tap it with a soft hammer.
- Be careful not to drop or damage valves and sleeves.

RS





INSPECTION

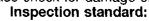
HA

Valve spring

Measure free length and outer diameter of each valve spring.
 Also check for damage or deformation.

g. 🖺

DX

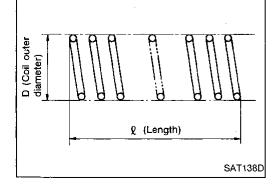


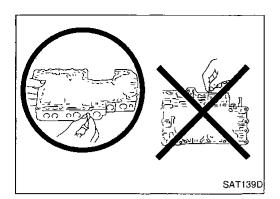
Refer to SDS, AT-285.

Replace valve springs if deformed or fatigued.

Control valves

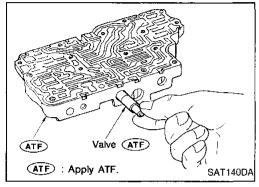
Check sliding surfaces of valves, sleeves and plugs.



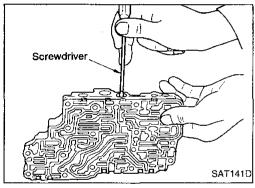


Control Valve Upper Body (Cont'd) ASSEMBLY

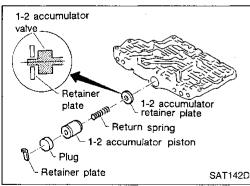
 Lay control valve body down when installing valves. Do not stand the control valve body upright.



- 1. Lubricate the control valve body and all valves with ATF. Install control valves by sliding them carefully into their bores.
- Be careful not to scratch or damage valve body.

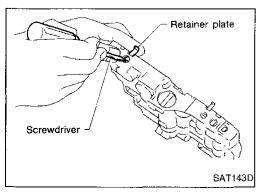


 Wrap a small screwdriver with vinyl tape and use it to insert the valves into their proper positions.

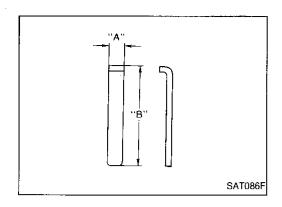


1-2 accumulator valve

- Install 1-2 accumulator valve. Align 1-2 accumulator retainer plate from opposite side of control valve body.
- Install return spring, 1-2 accumulator piston and plug.



- Install retainer plates
- While pushing plug or return spring, install retainer plate.



Control Valve Upper Body (Cont'd) Retainer plate

		Unit: mm (in)	
Name of control valve	Length A	Length B	
Pilot valve			GI
1st reducing valve		01 5 (0.046)	ejii
Torque converter relief valve		21.5 (0.846)	ת מות
Plug	6.0 (0.336)		MA
1-2 accumulator valve	6.0 (0.236)	29 E /1 E16)	C 0
1-2 accumulator piston valve		38.5 (1.516)	
Overrun clutch reducing valve		24.0 (0.945)	
Torque converter clutch control valve		28.0 (1.102)	LC

Install proper retainer plates.

EC

CL

MT

ΑT

FA

RA

BR

ST

RS

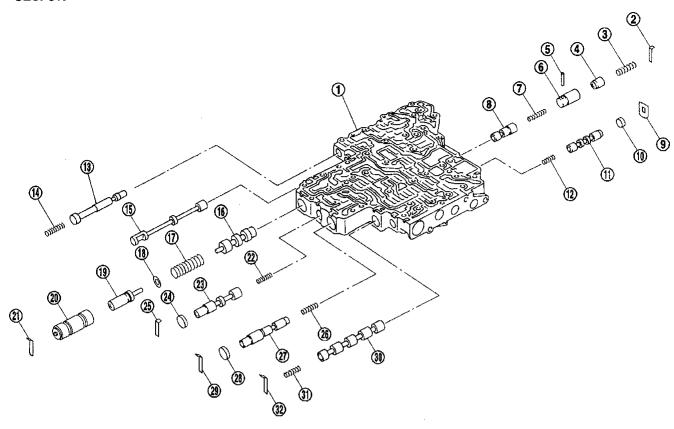
BT

HA

EL

Control Valve Lower Body

SEC. 317



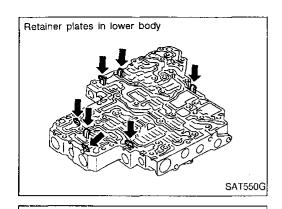
SAT429i

Apply ATF to all components before installation.

- ① Lower body
- ② Retainer plate
- 3 Return spring
- 4 Piston
- 5 Parallel pin
- Sleeve
- ? Return spring
- 8 Pressure modifier valve
- Retainer plate
- 10 Plug
- (1) Shift valve B

- Return spring
- Plug
- Return spring
- Manual valve
- Pressure regulator valve
- Return spring
- (8) Spring seat
- Plug
- 3 Sleeve
- Retainer plate
- Return spring

- 3 Overrun clutch control valve
- 24 Plug
- Retainer plate
- ® Return spring
- ② Accumulator control valve
- 28 Plug
- 29 Retainer plate
- 30 Shift valve A
- 3) Retainer spring
- Retainer plate



(Length)

outer

D (Coil ou diameter)

Retainer plates in lower body

"A"

TYPE I

Control Valve Lower Body (Cont'd) DISASSEMBLY

Remove valves at retainer plate. For removal procedures, refer to "DISASSEMBLY", "Control Valve Upper Body", AT-227.



MA

INSPECTION

Valve springs

LC

Check each valve spring for damage or deformation. Also measure free length and outer diameter.

EC

Inspection standard: Refer to SDS, AT-285.

Replace valve springs if deformed or fatigued.

25

Control valves

Check sliding surfaces of control valves, sleeves and plugs for damage.



ASSEMBLY

SAT138D

SAT550A

SAT089F

TYPE II

MT

Install control valves. For installation procedures, refer to "ASSEMBLY", "Control Valve Upper Body", AT-228.





RA

Retainer plate



			Unit: mm (in)	
Name of control valve and plug	Length A	Length B	Туре	
Plug		19.5 (0.768)		
Pressure regulator valve]			
Accumulator control valve	6 0 (0 036)	28.0 (1.102)	ı	
Shift valve A	6.0 (0.236)			
Overrun clutch control valve				
Pressure modifier valve	1			
Shift valve B	_	_	11	

ST

BT

RS

HA

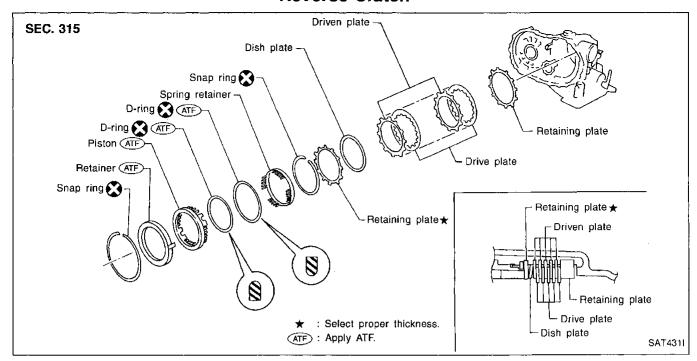
Install proper retainer plates.

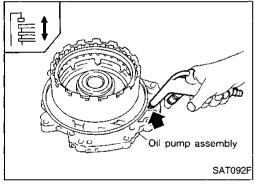


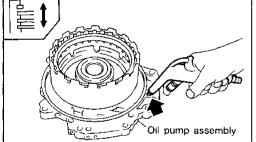
1DX

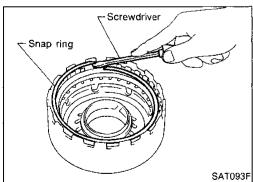


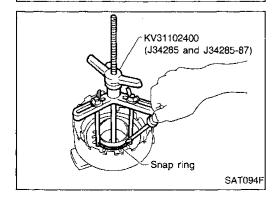
Reverse Clutch







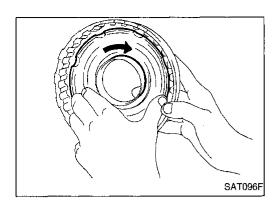




DISASSEMBLY

- Check operation of reverse clutch
- Install seal ring onto drum support of oil pump cover and install reverse clutch assembly. Apply compressed air to oil hole.
- Check to see that retaining plate moves to snap ring.
- If retaining plate does not contact snap ring:
- D-ring might be damaged.
- Oil seal might be damaged.
- Fluid might be leaking past piston check ball.
- Remove snap ring.
- Remove drive plates, driven plates, retaining plate, and dish plates.

- Set Tool on spring retainer and remove snap ring from reverse clutch drum while compressing return springs.
- Set Tool directly over springs.
- Do not expand snap ring excessively.
- Remove spring retainer and return springs.



Reverse Clutch (Cont'd)

- Remove piston from reverse clutch drum by turning it.
- Remove D-ring and lip seal from piston.





INSPECTION

Reverse clutch snap ring, spring retainer and return springs

Check for deformation, fatigue or damage. If necessary, replace.



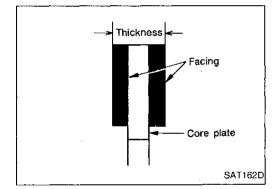
LC







MT



Piston

Lip seal

D-ring

Reverse clutch drive plates

- Check facing for burns, cracks or damage.
- Measure thickness of facing. Thickness of drive plate: Standard value: 1.6 mm (0.063 in) Wear limit: 1.4 mm (0.055 in)

If not within wear limit, replace.











BR



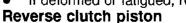
- Check for deformation or damage.
- Measure thickness of dish plate.

Thickness of dish plate: 3.08 mm (0.1213 in)

If deformed or fatigued, replace.



RS



- Make sure that check balls are not fixed.
- Apply compressed air to check ball oil hole opposite the return spring. Make sure there is no air leakage.
- Apply compressed air to oil hole on return spring side to make sure that air leaks past ball.



SAT097FA

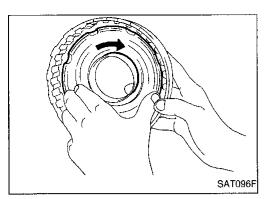
SAT163D

ASSEMBLY

- Install D-ring and lip seal on piston.
- Take care with the direction of lip seal.
- Apply ATF to both parts.

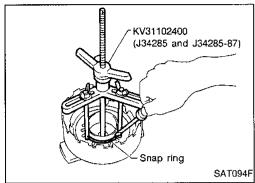
BT HA



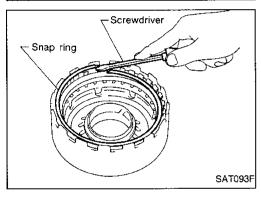


Reverse Clutch (Cont'd)

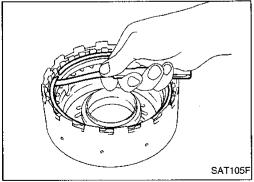
- 2. Install piston assembly by turning it slowly.
- Apply ATF to inner surface of drum.



- 3. Install return springs and spring retainer on piston.
- 4. Set Tool on spring retainer and install snap ring while compressing return springs.
- Set Tool directly over return springs.



- 5. Install drive plates, driven plates, retaining plate and dish plates.
- Take care with order of plates.
- 6. Install snap ring.



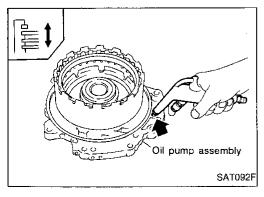
7. Measure clearance between retaining plate and snap ring. If not within allowable limit, select proper retaining plate.

Specified clearance:

Standard 0.5 - 0.8 mm (0.020 - 0.031 in) Allowable limit 1.2 mm (0.047 in)

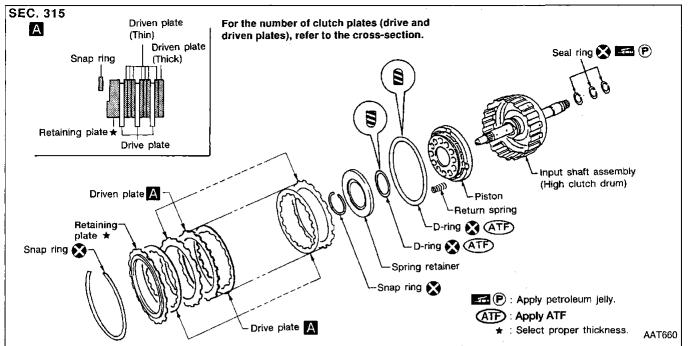
Retaining plate:

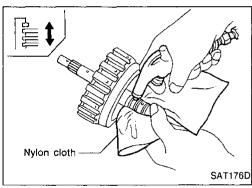
Refer to SDS, AT-286.

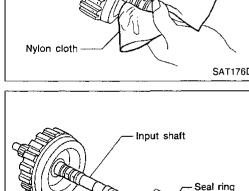


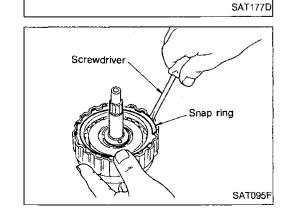
8. Check operation of reverse clutch. Refer to "DISASSEMBLY", "Reverse Clutch", AT-232.

High Clutch









DISASSEMBLY

Check operation of high clutch.

a. Apply compressed air to oil hole of input shaft with nylon cloth.

 Stop up hole on opposite side of input shaft with nylon cloth.

b. Check to see that retaining plate moves to snap ring.

c. If retaining plate does not contact snap ring:

D-ring might be damaged.

· Oil seal might be damaged.

Fluid might be leaking past piston check ball.

2. Remove seal rings from input shaft.

Always replace when removed.

1. Remove drive plates, driven plates and retaining plate.

B. Remove snap ring.

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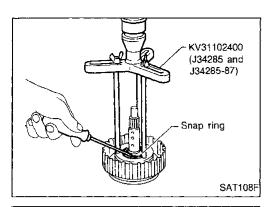
BR

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RS

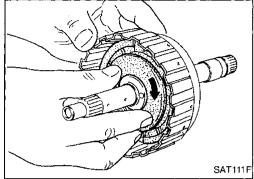
BT

HA

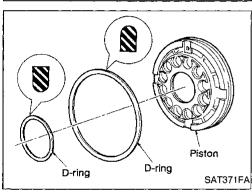


High Clutch (Cont'd)

- 5. Set Tool on spring retainer and remove snap ring from high clutch drum while compressing return springs.
- Set Tool directly over springs.
- Do not expand snap ring excessively.
- Remove spring retainer and return springs.



7. Remove piston from high clutch drum by turning it.

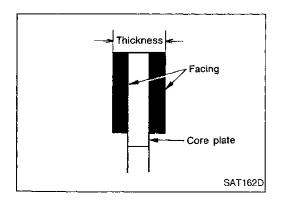


8. Remove D-rings from piston.

INSPECTION

High clutch snap ring, spring retainer and return springs

- Check for deformation, fatigue or damage. If necessary, replace.
- When replacing spring retainer and return springs, replace them as a set.

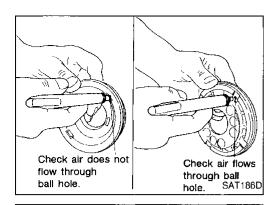


High clutch drive plates

- Check facing for burns, cracks or damage.
- Measure thickness of facing.

Thickness of drive plate: Standard value 1.6 mm (0.063 in) Wear limit 1.4 mm (0.055 in)

If not within wear limit, replace.



Seal ring

Input shaft

High Clutch (Cont'd) High clutch piston

- Make sure that check balls are not fixed.
- Apply compressed air to check ball oil hole opposite the return spring. Make sure there is no air leakage.
- Apply compressed air to oil hole on return spring side to make sure that air leaks past ball.



MA

Seal ring clearance

- Install new seal rings onto input shaft.
- Measure clearance between seal ring and ring groove.

Standard clearance:

0.08 - 0.23 mm (0.0031 - 0.0091 in)

Allowable limit:

If not within allowable limit, replace input shaft assembly.

EC

LC

0.23 mm (0.0091 in)

CL

MT

FE

ASSEMBLY

- Install D-rings on piston.
- Apply ATF to both parts.

ΑT

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BR

- Install piston assembly by turning it slowly.
- Apply ATF to inner surface of drum.

ST

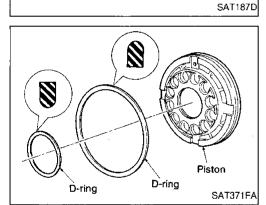
RS

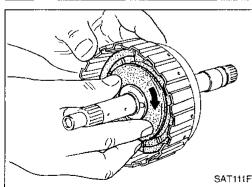
BT

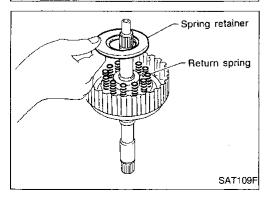
Install return springs and spring retainer on piston.

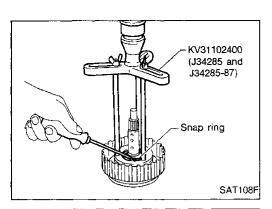
HA





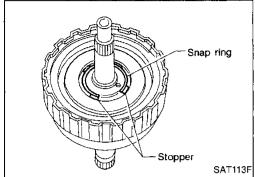




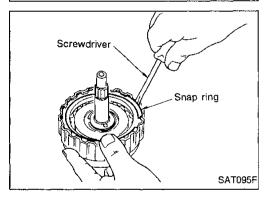


High Clutch (Cont'd)

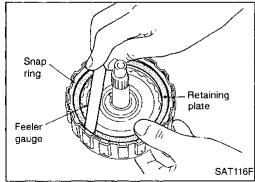
- 4. Set Tool on spring retainer and install snap ring while compressing return springs.
- Set Tool directly over return springs.



Do not align snap ring gap with spring retainer stopper.



- 5. Install drive plates, driven plates and retaining plate.
- Take care with the order and direction of plates.
- 6. Install snap ring.

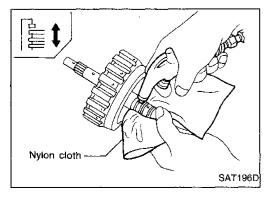


- Measure clearance between retaining plate and snap ring. If not within allowable limit, select proper retaining plate.
 - Specified clearance:

Standard 1.8 - 2.2 mm (0.071 - 0.087 in) Allowable limit 2.8 mm (0.110 in)

Retaining plate:

Refer to SDS, AT-286.



Check operation of high clutch. Refer to "DISASSEMBLY", "High Clutch", AT-235.

Apply petroleum jelly

Thick paper

SAT198D

High Clutch (Cont'd)

- Install seal rings to input shaft.
- Apply petroleum jelly to seal rings.
- Always replace when removed.

G

MA

Roll paper around seal rings to prevent seal rings from spreading.

LC

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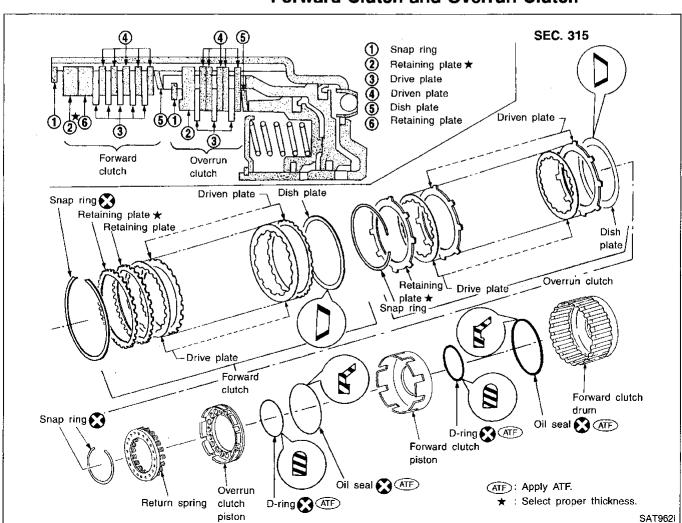
RS

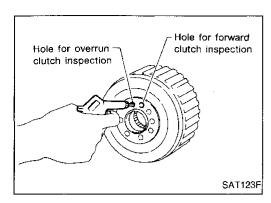
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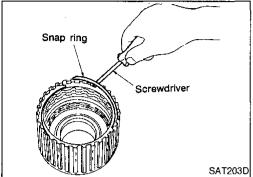
Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch



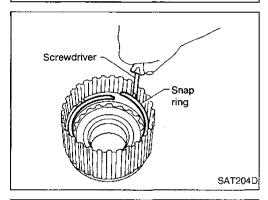


Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch (Cont'd) DISASSEMBLY

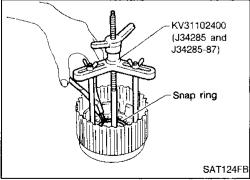
- 1. Check operation of forward clutch and overrun clutch.
- a. Install bearing retainer on forward clutch drum.
- b. Apply compressed air to oil hole of forward clutch drum.
- c. Check to see that retaining plate moves to snap ring.
- d. If retaining plate does not contact snap ring:
- D-ring might be damaged.
- Oil seal might be damaged.
- Fluid might be leaking past piston check ball.



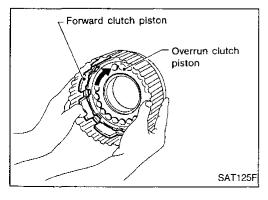
- 2. Remove snap ring for forward clutch.
- 3. Remove drive plates, driven plates, retaining plate and dish plate for forward clutch.



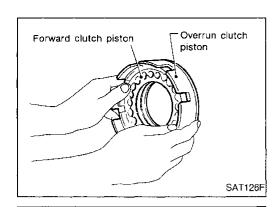
- 4. Remove snap ring for overrun clutch.
- 5. Remove drive plates, driven plates, retaining plate and dish plate for overrun clutch.



- 6. Set Tool on spring retainer and remove snap ring from forward clutch drum while compressing return springs.
- Set Tool directly over return springs.
- Do not expand snap ring excessively.
- 7. Remove spring retainer and return springs.
- Do not remove return springs from spring retainer.



 Remove forward clutch piston with overrun clutch piston from forward clutch drum by turning it.



D-ring Overrun clutch piston

Forward clutch piston

Facing

Core plate

SAT162D

SAT127FA

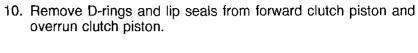
Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch (Cont'd)

Remove overrun clutch piston from forward clutch piston by turning it.



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Snap rings, spring retainer and return springs

- Check for deformation, fatigue or damage.
- Replace if necessary.
- When replacing spring retainer and return springs, replace them as a set.

ΑT

FA

RA

Forward clutch and overrun clutch drive plates

38

Check facing for burns, cracks or damage. Measure thickness of facing.

ST

Thickness of drive plate:

Forward clutch

Standard value: 1.6 mm (0.063 in)

Wear limit: 1.4 mm (0.055 in)

Overrun clutch

Standard value: 1.6 mm (0.063 in) Wear limit: 1.4 mm (0.055 in)

If not within wear limit, replace.

RS

BT

MA

Forward clutch and overrun clutch dish plates

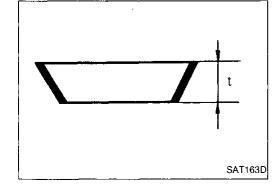
Check for deformation or damage.

Measure thickness of dish plate. Thickness of dish plate:

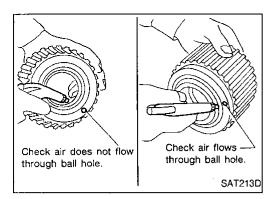
Forward clutch 2.7 mm (0.106 in) Overrun clutch 2.7 mm (0.106 in)

If deformed or fatigued, replace.

EL.

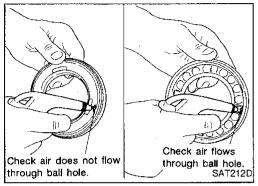


Thickness



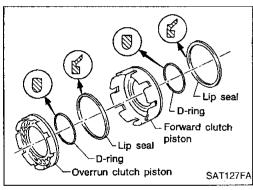
Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch (Cont'd) Forward clutch drum

- Make sure that check balls are not fixed.
- Apply compressed air to check ball oil hole from outside of forward clutch drum. Make sure air leaks past ball.
- Apply compressed air to oil hole from inside of forward clutch drum. Make sure there is no air leakage.



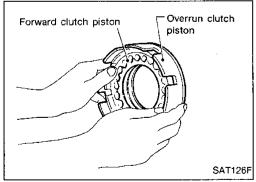
Overrun clutch piston

- Make sure that check balls are not fixed.
- Apply compressed air to check ball oil hole opposite the return spring. Make sure there is no air leakage.
- Apply compressed air to oil hole on return spring side. Make sure that air leaks past ball.

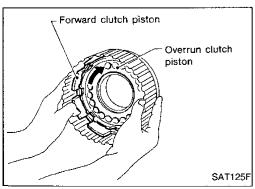


ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install D-rings and lip seals on forward clutch piston and overrun clutch piston.
- Take care with direction of lip seal.
- Apply ATF to both parts.



- Install overrun clutch piston assembly on forward clutch piston by turning it slowly.
- Apply ATF to inner surface of forward clutch piston.



- Install forward clutch piston assembly on forward clutch drum by turning it slowly.
- Apply ATF to inner surface of drum.

Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch (Cont'd)

Spring retainer SAT131F

4. Install return spring on overrun clutch piston.



MA

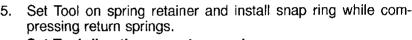
Align the mark on spring retainer with check ball in overrun clutch piston.



EC









Set Tool directly over return springs.











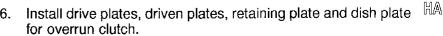














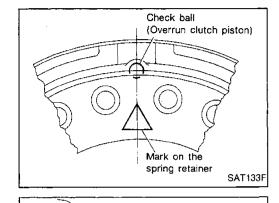


EL,

Install snap ring for overrun clutch.







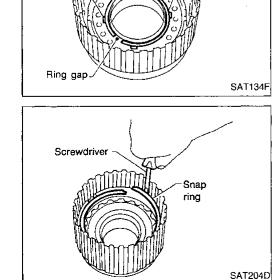
KV31102400 (J34285 and

J34285-87)

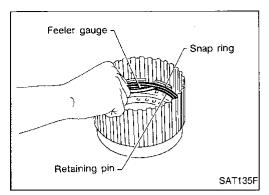
Snap ring

SAT124FB

Snap ring



Stopper



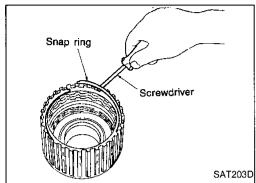
Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch (Cont'd)

8. Measure clearance between overrun clutch retaining plate and snap ring.

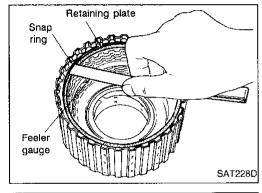
If not within allowable limit, select proper retaining plate.

Specified clearance:

Standard 0.7 - 1.1 mm (0.028 - 0.043 in) Allowable limit 1.7 mm (0.067 in) Overrun clutch retaining plate: Refer to SDS, AT-286.



- 9. Install drive plates, driven plates, retaining plate and dish plate for forward clutch.
- Take care with order of plates.
- 10. Install snap ring for forward clutch.

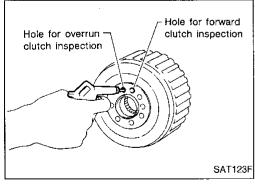


11. Measure clearance between forward clutch retaining plate and snap ring.

If not within allowable limit, select proper retaining plate.

Specified clearance:

Standard 0.45 - 0.85 mm (0.0177 - 0.0335 in) Allowable limit 1.85 mm (0.0728 in) Forward clutch retaining plate: Refer to SDS, AT-286.



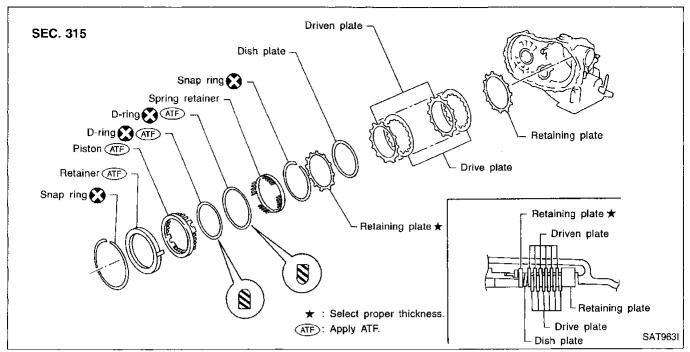
12. Check operation of forward clutch.

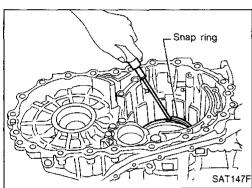
Refer to "DISASSEMBLY", "Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch", AT-240.

13. Check operation of overrun clutch.

Refer to "DISASSEMBLY", "Forward Clutch and Overrun Clutch", AT-240.

Low & Reverse Brake







Check operation of low & reverse brake.

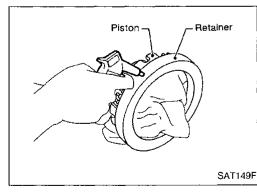
a. Apply compressed air to oil hole of transmission case.

b. Check to see that retaining plate moves to snap ring.

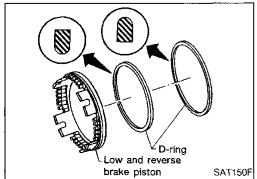
c. If retaining plate does not contact snap ring:

D-ring might be damaged.

Fluid might be leaking past piston check ball.



- 2. In order to remove piston, apply compressed air to oil hole of retainer while holding piston.
- Apply air gradually and allow piston to come out evenly.



3. Remove D-rings from piston.

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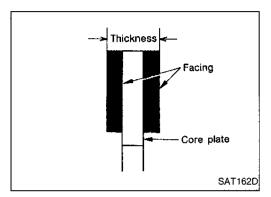
HA

EL

Low & Reverse Brake (Cont'd) INSPECTION

Low & reverse clutch snap ring, spring retainer and return springs

- Check for deformation, fatigue or damage. If necessary, replace.
- When replacing spring retainer and return springs, replace them as a set.

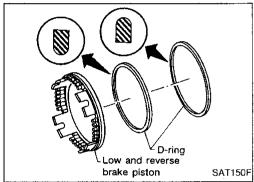


Low & reverse brake drive plate

- Check facing for burns, cracks or damage.
- Measure thickness of facing.

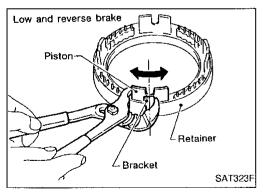
Thickness of drive plate: Standard value 1.8 mm (0.071 in) Wear limit 1.6 mm (0.063 in)

If not within wear limit, replace.

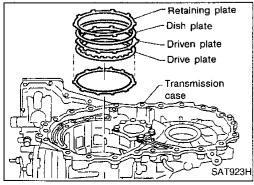


ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install D-rings on piston.
- Apply ATF to both parts.



- 2. Set and align piston with retainer.
- This operation is required in order to engage the protrusions of piston to return springs correctly.
 Further procedures are given in "ASSEMBLY".



- Install driven plates, drive plates, retaining plate and dish plate on transmission case.
- Take care with order of plates and direction of dish plate.

Low & Reverse Brake (Cont'd)

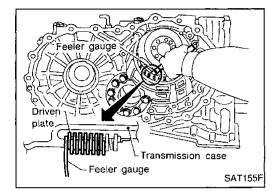
Snap ring
Snap ring
SAT546G

4. Install snap ring.



MA

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 Measure clearance between driven plate and transmission case. If not within allowable limit, select proper retaining plate. (front side)

LC

EC

Specified clearance:

Standard 1.7 - 2.1 mm (0.067 - 0.083 in)

Allowable limit 3.3 mm (0.130 in)

Retaining plate:

Refer to SDS, AT-287.

FE

CL

MIT

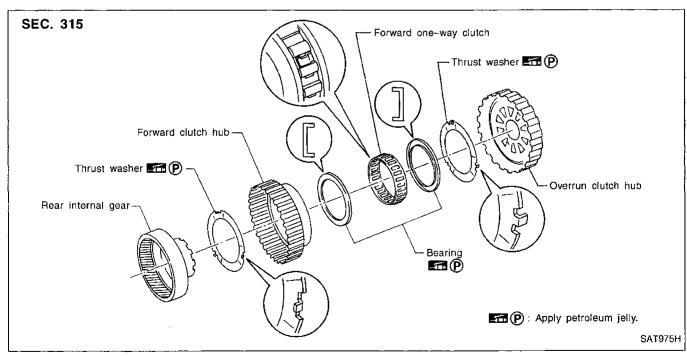
Rear Internal Gear, Forward Clutch Hub and Overrun Clutch Hub



FA

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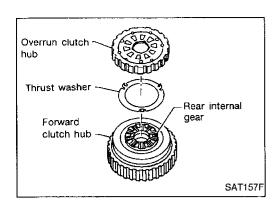


0.

RS

BT

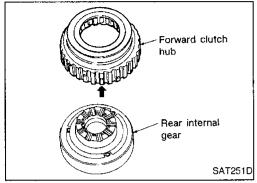
HA



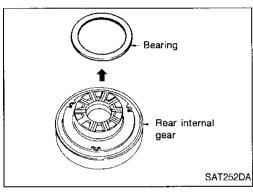
Rear Internal Gear, Forward Clutch Hub and Overrun Clutch Hub (Cont'd)

DISASSEMBLY

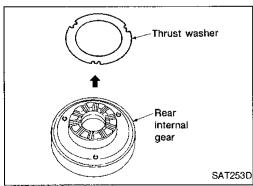
1. Remove overrun clutch hub and thrust washer from forward clutch hub.



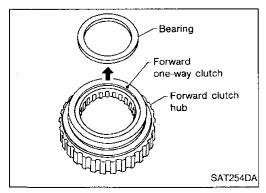
2. Remove forward clutch hub from rear internal gear.



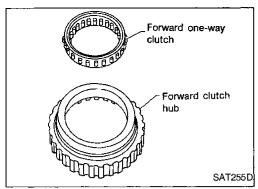
3. Remove bearing from rear internal gear.



4. Remove thrust washer from rear internal gear.

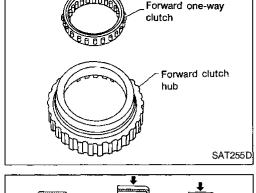


5. Remove bearing from forward one-way clutch.



Rear Internal Gear, Forward Clutch Hub and Overrun Clutch Hub (Cont'd)

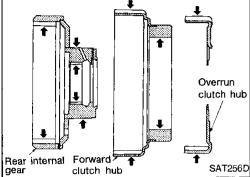
6. Remove forward one-way clutch from forward clutch hub.



INSPECTION

Rear internal gear, forward clutch hub and overrun clutch hub

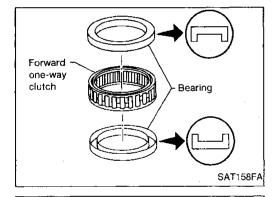
Check rubbing surfaces for wear or damage.



Bearings and forward one-way clutch

Check bearings for deformation and damage.

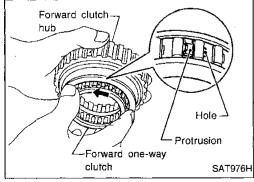
Check forward one-way clutch for wear and damage.



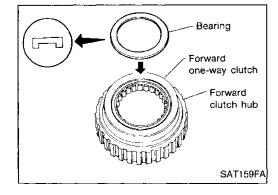
ASSEMBLY

Install forward one-way clutch on forward clutch.

Take care with the direction of forward one-way clutch.



- Install bearing on forward one-way clutch.
- Apply petroleum jelly to bearing.





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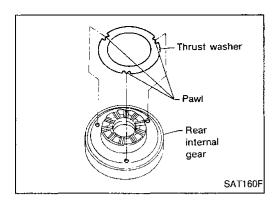
RS

BT

HA

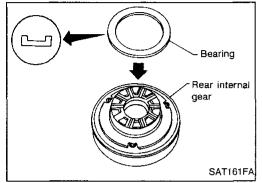
EL,

IDX

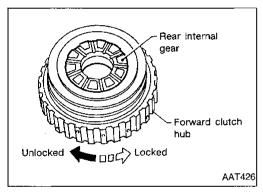


Rear Internal Gear, Forward Clutch Hub and Overrun Clutch Hub (Cont'd)

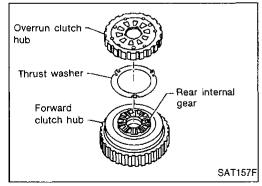
- 3. Install thrust washer on rear internal gear.
- Apply petroleum jelly to thrust washer.
- Align hooks of thrust washer with holes of rear internal gear.



- 4. Install bearing on rear internal gear.
- Apply petroleum jelly to bearing.

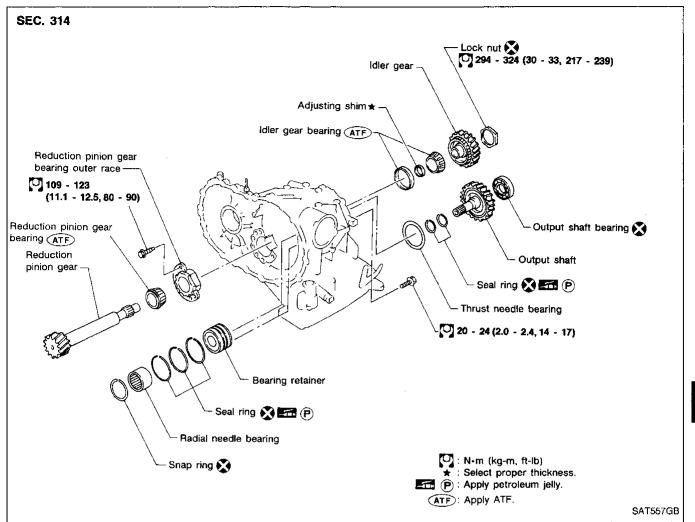


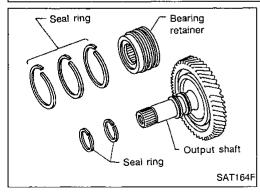
- 5. Install forward clutch hub on rear internal gear.
- Check operation of forward one-way clutch.
 Hold rear internal gear and turn forward clutch hub.
 Check forward clutch hub for correct locking and unlocking directions.
- If not as shown in illustration, check installation direction of forward one-way clutch.

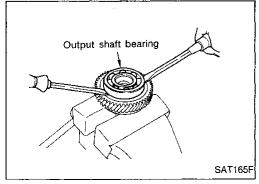


- 6. Install thrust washer and overrun clutch hub.
- Apply petroleum jelly to thrust washer.
- Align hooks of thrust washer with holes of overrun clutch hub.
- Align projections of rear internal gear with holes of overrun clutch hub.

Output Shaft, Idler Gear, Reduction Pinion Gear and Bearing Retainer







DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove seal rings from output shaft and bearing retainer.

- Remove output shaft bearing with screwdrivers.
- Always replace bearing with a new one when removed.
- Do not damage output shaft.

G!

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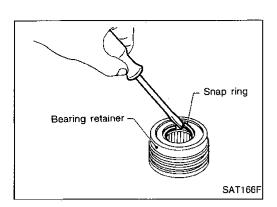
ST

RS

BT

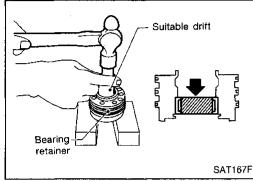
HA

E.,

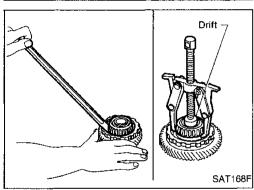


Output Shaft, Idler Gear, Reduction Pinion Gear and Bearing Retainer (Cont'd)

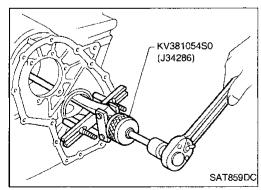
3. Remove snap ring from bearing retainer.



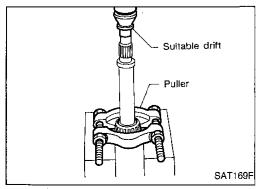
4. Remove needle bearing from bearing retainer.



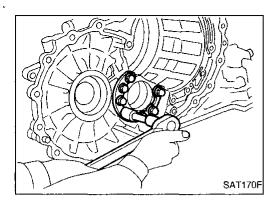
5. Remove idler gear bearing inner race from idler gear.



6. Remove idler gear bearing outer race from transmission case.



Press out reduction pinion gear bearing inner race from reduction pinion gear.



Output Shaft, Idler Gear, Reduction Pinion Gear and Bearing Retainer (Cont'd)

Remove reduction pinion gear bearing outer race from transmission case.



MA

INSPECTION

Output shaft, idler gear and reduction pinion gear

LC

Check shafts for cracks, wear or bending.

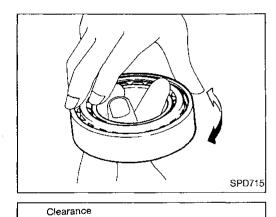
Check gears for wear, chips and cracks.

EC

FE

CL

MIT



Seal ring

Output shaft

Bearing

retainer

SAT171F

Bearing

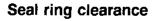
Make sure bearings roll freely and are free from noise, cracks,

pitting or wear.

When replacing taper roller bearing, replace outer and inner race as a set.

FA

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Install new seal rings to output shaft.

Measure clearance between seal ring and ring groove of output shaft.

ST

Standard clearance:

0.10 - 0.25 mm (0.0039 - 0.0098 in)

RS

Allowable limit:

0.25 mm (0.0098 in)

If not within allowable limit, replace output shaft.

BT

Install new seal rings to bearing retainer.

Measure clearance between seal ring and ring groove of bearing retainer.

HA

Standard clearance:

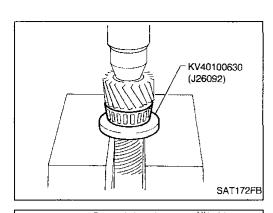
0.10 - 0.30 mm (0.0039 - 0.0118 in)

Allowable limit:

0.30 mm (0.0118 in)

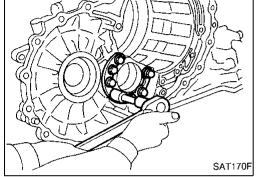
If not within allowable limit, replace bearing retainer.





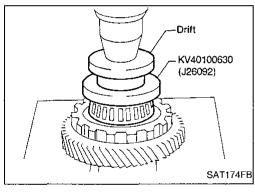
Output Shaft, Idler Gear, Reduction Pinion Gear and Bearing Retainer (Cont'd) ASSEMBLY

 Press reduction pinion gear bearing inner race on reduction pinion gear.

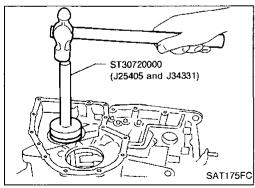


2. Install reduction pinion gear bearing outer race on transmission case.

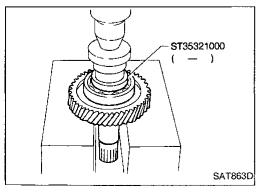
2: 109 - 123 N·m (11.1 - 12.5 kg-m, 80 - 90 ft-lb)



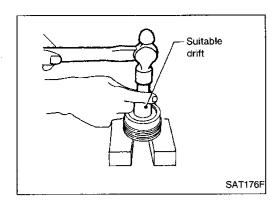
3. Press idler gear bearing inner race on idler gear.



4. Install idler gear bearing outer race on transmission case.



5. Press output shaft bearing on output shaft.



Bearing retainer

Output Shaft, Idler Gear, Reduction Pinion Gear and Bearing Retainer (Cont'd)

6. Press needle bearing on bearing retainer.



MA

EM

7. Install snap ring to bearing retainer.



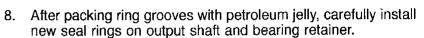
EC

LC



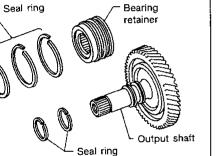
FE

CL





ΑT



Snap ring

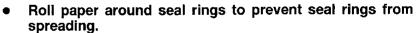
SAT166F

SAT164F

FA

RA

ı BR



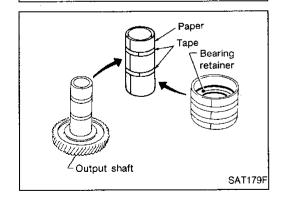


RS

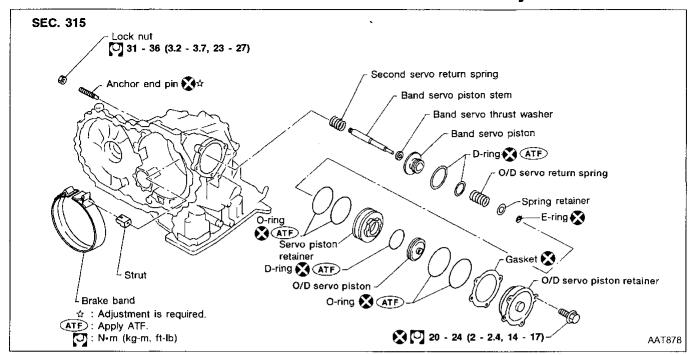
BT

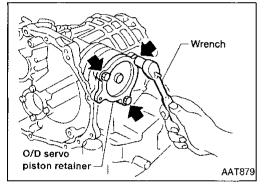
HA

EL



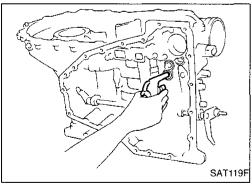
Band Servo Piston Assembly



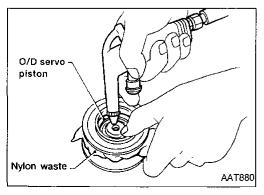


DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove band servo piston fixing bolts.

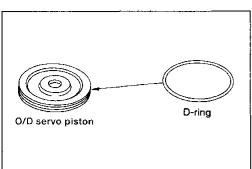


- 2. Apply compressed air to oil hole in transmission case to remove O/D servo piston retainer and band servo piston assembly.
- Hold band servo piston assembly with a rag or nylon waste.

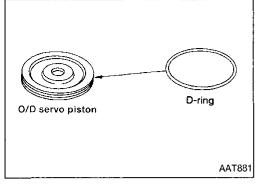


- 3. Apply compressed air to oil hole in O/D servo piston retainer to remove O/D servo piston from retainer.
- Hold O/D band servo piston while applying compressed air.

Band Servo Piston Assembly (Cont'd)



4. Remove D-ring from O/D servo piston.



O/D servo piston retainer

O-ring (Large diameter)

O-ring (Small diameter)

AAT882

SAT293D

Remove O-rings from O/D servo piston retainer.



MA

G

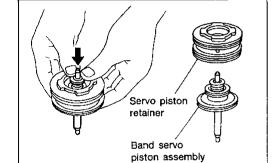
LC

EC

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CL

MT

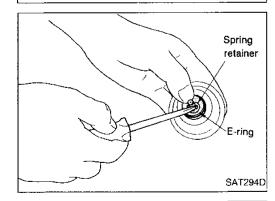


Remove band servo piston assembly from servo piston retainer by pushing it forward.



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7. Place piston stem end on a wooden block. While pushing servo piston spring retainer down, remove E-ring.

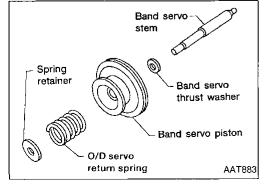


RS



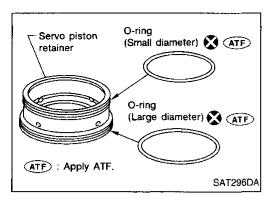
Remove O/D servo return spring, band servo thrust washer and band servo piston stem from band servo piston.



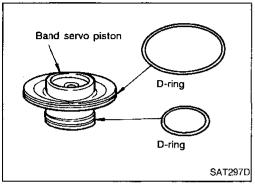


Band Servo Piston Assembly (Cont'd)

9. Remove O-rings from servo piston retainer.



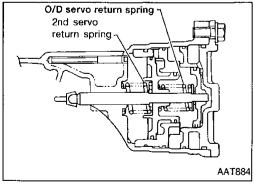
10. Remove D-rings from band servo piston.



INSPECTION

Pistons, retainers and piston stem

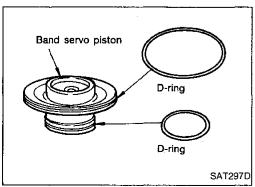
Check frictional surfaces for abnormal wear or damage.



Return springs

- Check for deformation or damage.
- Measure free length and outer diameter.

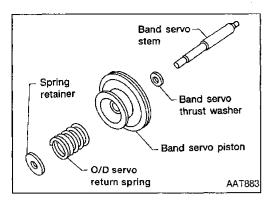
Inspection standard: Refer to SDS, AT-290.



ASSEMBLY

- 1. Install D-rings to servo piston retainer.
- Apply ATF to D-rings.
- Pay attention to position of each O-ring.

Band Servo Piston Assembly (Cont'd)



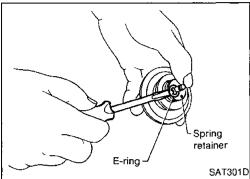
Install band servo piston stem, band servo thrust washer, O/D servo return spring and spring retainer to band servo piston.



MA

EM

LC



O-ring

O-ring

(Small diameter) X ATF

(Large diameter) X (ATF)

SAT296DA

Servo piston

ATF : Apply ATF.

retainer

Place piston stem end on a wooden block. While pushing servo piston spring retainer down, install E-ring.



EC

FE

CL.

MT

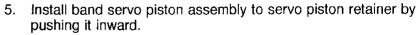
- Install O-rings to servo piston retainer.
- Apply ATF to O-rings.
- Pay attention to position of each O-ring.



FA

RA

BR





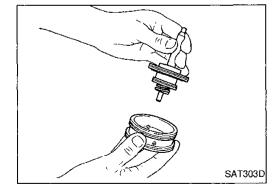






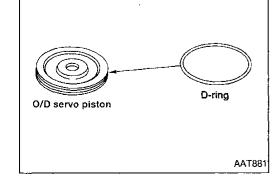






Install D-ring to O/D servo piston.



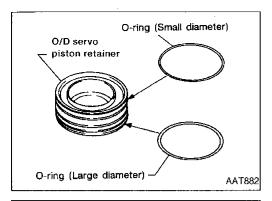


Band Servo Piston Assembly (Cont'd)

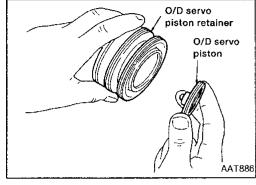




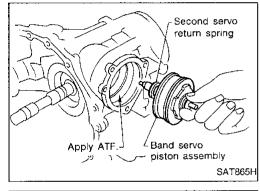
Pay attention to position of each O-ring.



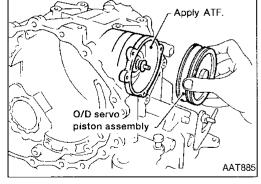
8. Install O/D servo piston to O/D servo piston retainer.



- Install band servo piston assembly and 2nd servo return spring to transmission case.
- Apply ATF to O-ring of band servo piston and transmission case.

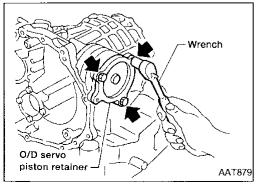


- 10. Install O/D servo piston assembly to transmission case.
- Apply ATF to O-ring of band servo piston and transmission case.

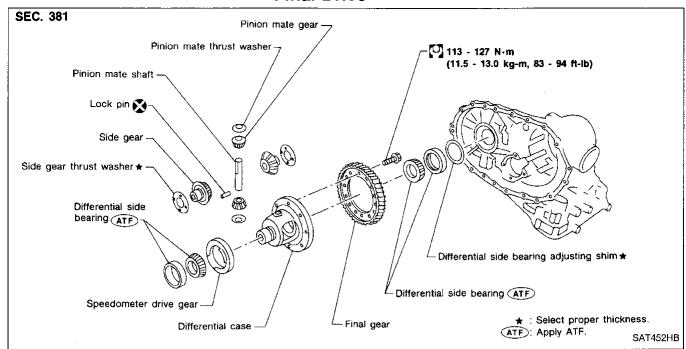


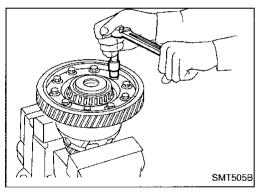
11. Install O/D servo piston retainer to transmission case.

(2 - 2.4 kg-m, 14 - 17 ft-lb)



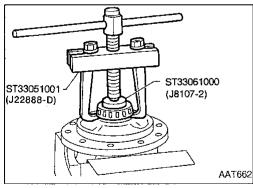
Final Drive



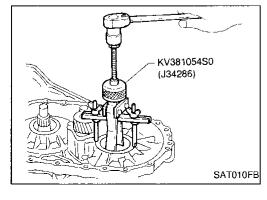




1. Remove final gear.



- 2. Press out differential side bearings.
- Be careful not to mix up the right and left bearings.



 Remove differential side bearing outer race, and side bearing adjusting shim from transmission case.

AT-261

GI

LC









ΑT













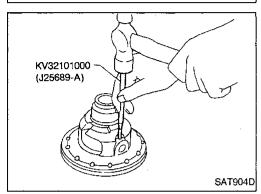


Final Drive (Cont'd)



SAT313D

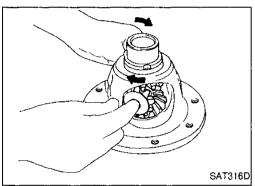
4. Remove speedometer drive gear.



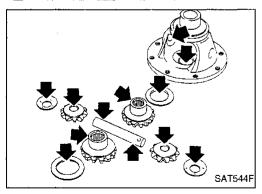
Speedometer drive gear O

Attaching direction

5. Drive out pinion mate shaft lock pin.



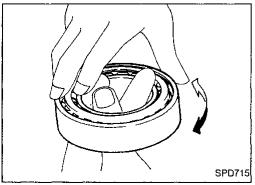
- 6. Draw out pinion mate shaft lock pin.
- 7. Remove pinion mate gears and side gears.



INSPECTION

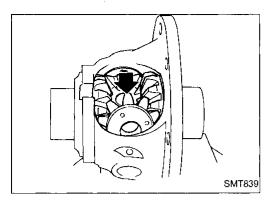
Gear, washer, shaft and case

- Check mating surfaces of differential case, side gears and pinion mate gears.
- Check washers for wear.



Bearings

- Make sure bearings roll freely and are free from noise, cracks, pitting or wear.
- When replacing taper roller bearing, replace outer and inner race as a set.



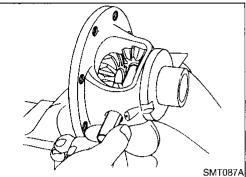
Final Drive (Cont'd) **ASSEMBLY**

Attach side gear thrust washers to side gears, then install pinion mate thrust washers and pinion mate gears in place.



MA

EM



Insert pinion mate shaft.

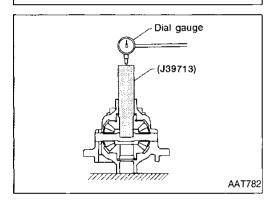
When inserting, be careful not to damage pinion mate thrust washers.



LC

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Measure clearance between side gear and differential case with washers following the procedure below:

MIT

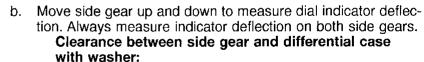
Set Tool and dial indicator on side gear.

ΑT

FA

RA

BR

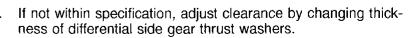


0.1 - 0.2 mm (0.004 - 0.008 in)

ST

RS

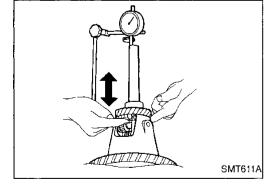
BŢ

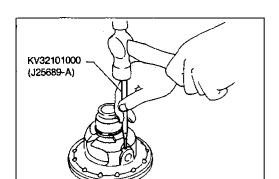


Differential side gear thrust washers: Refer to SDS, AT-287.

HA

EL

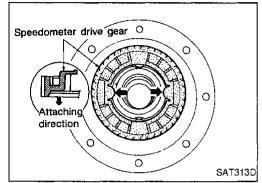




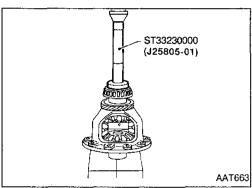
SMT699B

Final Drive (Cont'd)

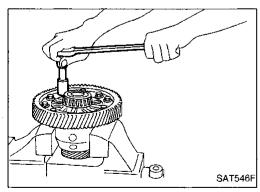
- 4. Install lock pin.
- Make sure that lock pin is flush with case.



- 5. Install speedometer drive gear on differential case.
- Align the projection of speedometer drive gear with the groove of differential case.

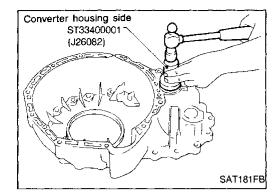


6. Press on differential side bearings.



7. Install final gear and tighten fixing bolts in a crisscross pattern.

[2]: 113 - 127 N·m (11.5 - 13.0 kg-m, 83 - 94 ft-lb)



Transmission case side

Suitable drift

Assembly 1

Install differential side oil seals on transmission case and converter housing.



MA



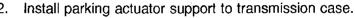
LC

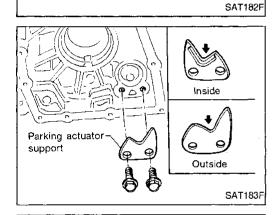
EC

FE

CL

MT





Parking pawl Return spring

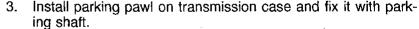
Pay attention to direction of parking actuator support.



FA

RA

88



Install return spring.



RS





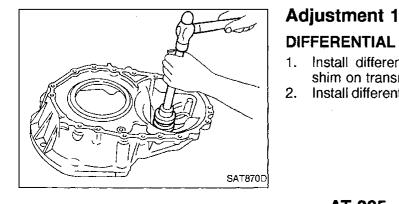




DIFFERENTIAL SIDE BEARING PRELOAD

- Install differential side bearing outer race without adjusting shim on transmission case.
- Install differential side bearing outer race on converter housing.



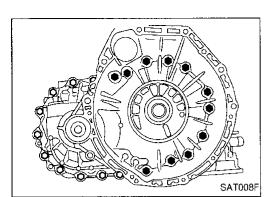


Parking shaft

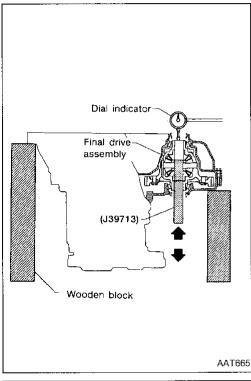
SAT039F

Screwdriver

Adjustment 1 (Cont'd)

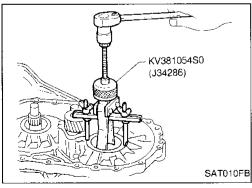


- 3. Place final drive assembly on transmission case.
- Install transmission case on converter housing. Tighten transmission case fixing bolts to the specified torque. Refer to AT-193.

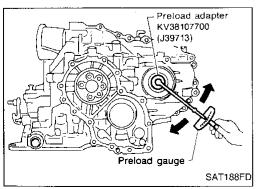


- Attach dial indicator on differential case at converter housing side.
- Insert Tool into differential side gear from transmission case side
- 7. Move Tool up and down and measure dial indicator deflection.
- Select proper thickness of differential side bearing adjusting shim(s).

Suitable shim thickness = Dial indicator deflection
+ Specified bearing preload
Differential side bearing preload adjusting shim:
Refer to SDS, AT-287.
Bearing preload:
0.05 - 0.09 mm (0.0020 - 0.0035 in)



- 9. Remove converter housing from transmission case.
- 10. Remove final drive assembly from transmission case.
- 11. Remove differential side bearing outer race from transmission case
- 12. Reinstall differential side bearing outer race and shim(s) selected from SDS table on transmission case.
- Reinstall converter housing on transmission case and tighten transmission case fixing bolts to the specified torque. Refer to AT-193.



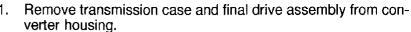
- 14. Insert Tool and measure turning torque of final drive assembly.
- Turn final drive assembly in both directions several times to seat bearing rollers correctly.

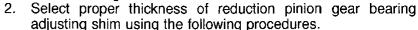
Turning torque of final drive assembly (New bearing): 0.78 - 1.37 N⋅m (8.0 - 14.0 kg-cm, 6.9 - 12.2 in-lb)

- When old bearing is used again, turning torque will be slightly less than the above.
- Make sure torque is close to the specified range.

Adjustment 1 (Cont'd)

REDUCTION PINION GEAR BEARING PRELOAD





Place reduction pinion gear on transmission case as shown.



MA

ĒM



Measure dimensions "B" "C" and "D" and calculate dimension "A".



A = D - (B + C)

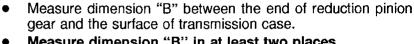
"A": Distance between the surface of idler gear bearing inner race and the adjusting shim mating surface of reduction pinion gear.



EC

FE

CL





Measure dimension "B" in at least two places.

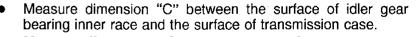




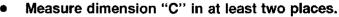


RA











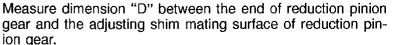












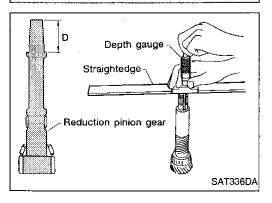




Calculate dimension "A".

$$A = D - (B + C)$$





Transmission

Reduction pinion

SAT332DA

D

SAT333DA

SAT334DA

SAT335D

gear

С

Reduction

pinion gear

R

case

Transmission-

Transmission

В

Depth gauge

Reduction pinion gear

Depth

gauge

Idler gear bearing

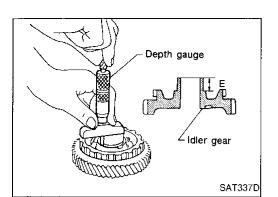
Straightedge

Transmission case

Straightedge

case





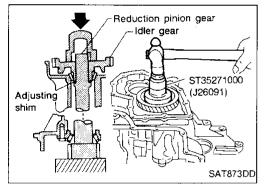
Adjustment 1 (Cont'd)

- d. Measure dimension "E" between the end of idler gear and the idler gear bearing inner race mating surface of idler gear.
- Measure dimension "E" in at least two places.

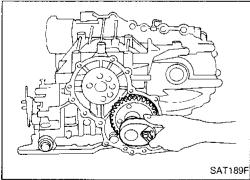
e. Select proper thickness of reduction pinion gear bearing adjusting shim.

Proper shim thickness = A - E - 0.5 mm (0.020 in)*
(* ... Bearing preload)

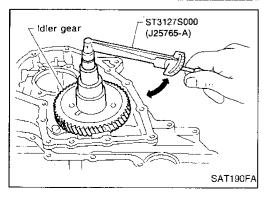
Reduction pinion gear bearing adjusting shim: Refer to SDS, AT-289.



- 3. Install reduction gear and reduction gear bearing adjusting shim selected in step 2-e on transmission case.
- 4. Press idler gear bearing inner race on idler gear.
- Press idler gear on reduction gear.
- Press idler gear until idler gear fully contacts adjusting shim.



- Tighten idler gear lock nut to the specified torque. Refer to AT-251.
- Lock idler gear with parking pawl when tightening lock nut.



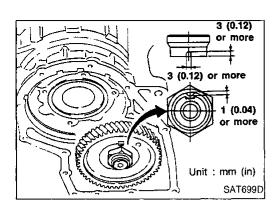
- 7. Measure turning torque of reduction pinion gear.
- When measuring turning torque, turn reduction pinion gear in both directions several times to seat bearing rollers correctly.

Turning torque of reduction pinion gear:

0.05 - 0.39 N·m (0.5 - 4.0 kg-cm, 0.43 - 3.47 in-lb)

 If turning torque is out of specification, decrease or increase thickness of reduction pinion gear bearing adjusting shim.

Adjustment 1 (Cont'd)

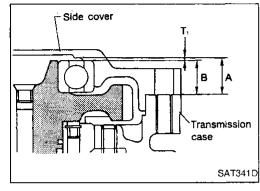


8. After properly adjusting turning torque, clinch idler gear lock nut as shown.



MA





Measure clearance between side cover and the end of the output shaft bearing.

EC

Select proper thickness of adjusting shim so that clearance is within specifications.

FE

CL

1. Install bearing retainer for output shaft.

MT

AT

FA

 $\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$

BR

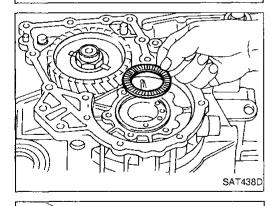
2. Install output shaft thrust needle bearing on bearing retainer.

ST

RS

BT

HA

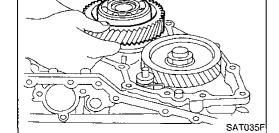


SAT191F

Install output shaft on transmission case.



IDX

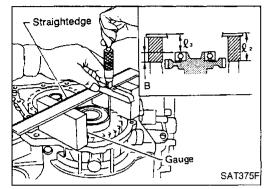


Straightedge Gauge SAT374F

Adjustment 1 (Cont'd)

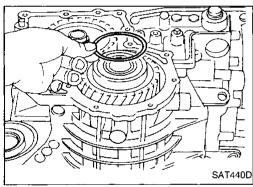
- 4. Measure dimensions " ℓ_1 " and " ℓ_2 " at side cover and then calculate dimension "A".
- Measure dimension " ℓ_1 " and " ℓ_2 " in at least two places.
 - "A": Distance between transmission case fitting surface and adjusting shim mating surface.

$$A = \ell_1 - \ell_2$$
 ℓ_2 : Height of gauge



- 5. Measure dimensions " ℓ_2 " and " ℓ_3 " and then calculate dimension "B".
- Measure " ℓ_2 " and " ℓ_3 " in at least two places.
 - "B": Distance between the end of output shaft bearing outer race and the side cover fitting surface of transmission case.

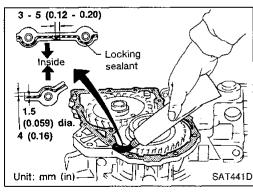
$$B = \ell_2 - \ell_3$$
 ℓ_2 : Height of gauge



 Select proper thickness of adjusting shim so that output shaft end play (clearance between side cover and output shaft bearing) is within specifications.

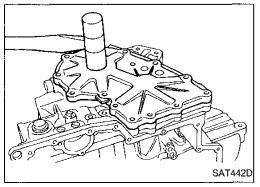
Output shaft end play (A - B): 0 - 0.15 mm (0 - 0.0059 in) Output shaft end play adjusting shims: Refer to SDS, AT-290.

7. Install adjusting shim on output shaft bearing.



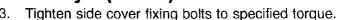
Assembly 2

 Apply locking sealant (Loctite #518) to transmission case as shown in illustration.



- Set side cover on transmission case.
- Apply locking sealant to the mating surface of transmission case.

Assembly 2 (Cont'd)



📵: 3.0 - 3.4 N·m (0.31 - 0.35 kg-m, 26.9 - 30.4 in-lb)

Do not mix bolts (A) and (B).

Always replace bolts (A) as they are self-sealing bolts.

 \mathbb{G}

MA

EM

Remove paper rolled around bearing retainer.

Install thrust washer on bearing retainer. 5.

LC

Apply petroleum jelly to thrust washer.

EC

FE

CL

Install forward clutch assembly.

MIT

Align teeth of low & reverse brake drive plates before installing.

Make sure that bearing retainer seal rings are not spread.

ΑT

If forward clutch assembly is correctly seated, points (1) and ② are at almost same level.

FA

RA

BR

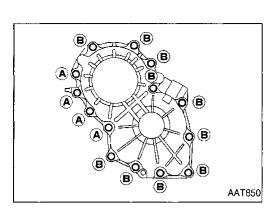
ST

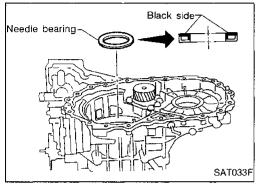
RS

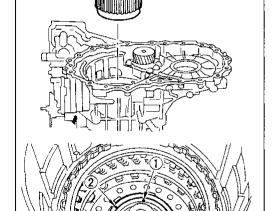
BT

HA

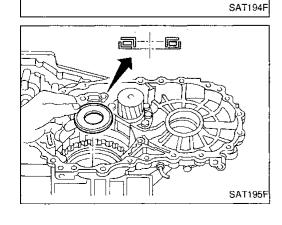
EL





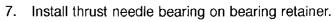


Forward clutch



Bearing retainer

2 Edge of forward clutch drum



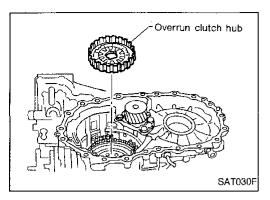
Apply petroleum jelly to thrust needle bearing.

Pay attention to direction of thrust needle bearing.

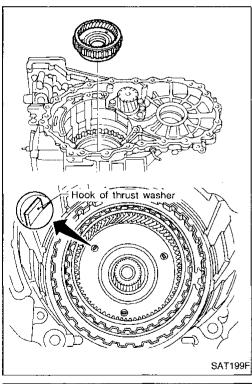
Assembly 2 (Cont'd)



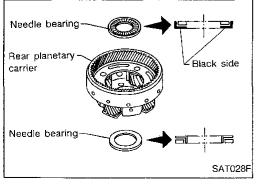
- Apply petroleum jelly to thrust washers.
- Align teeth of overrun clutch drive plates before installing.



- Forward clutch hub SAT198F
- Hold forward clutch hub and turn rear internal gear.
 Check overrun clutch hub for correct directions of lock and unlock.
- If not shown as illustrated, check installed direction of forward one-way clutch.

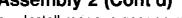


- 10. Install forward clutch hub and rear internal gear assembly.
- Align teeth of forward clutch drive plates before installing.
- Check that three hooks of thrust washer are correctly aligned after installing.

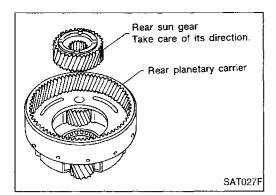


- Install rear planetary carrier assembly and rear sun gear according to the following procedures.
- a. Install needle bearings on rear planetary carrier.
- Apply petroleum jelly to needle bearings.
- Pay attention to direction of needle bearings.

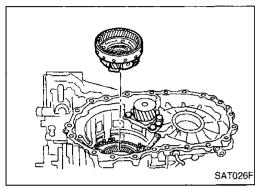
Assembly 2 (Cont'd)



Install rear sun gear on rear planetary carrier. Pay attention to direction of rear sun gear.



G[



Front planetary

-Needle bearing

Black side

SAT380F

Install rear planetary carrier on transmission case.

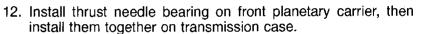


MA

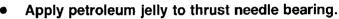




CL





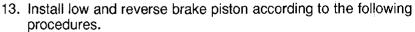


Pay attention to direction of thrust needle bearing.





RA



BR

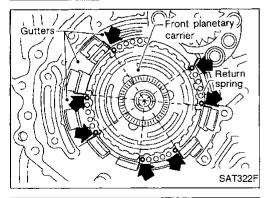
Set and align return springs to transmission case gutters as shown in illustration.



RS

BT

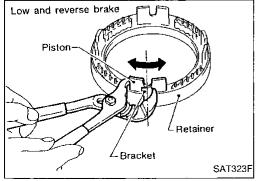
KA



Set and align piston with retainer.

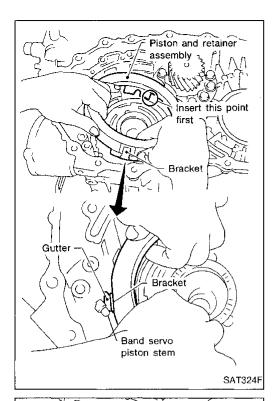


]D)X(



Assembly 2 (Cont'd)

- c. Install piston and retainer assembly on the transmission case.
- Align bracket to specified gutter as indicated in illustration.



Piston and retainer

SAT325F

KV31102400 (J34285 and J34285-87)

Snap ring

Piston and retainer assembly

SAT326FB

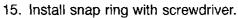
assembly

Front planetary carrier SAT206F

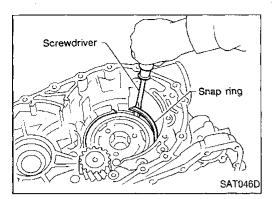
- d. Check that each protrusion of piston is correctly set to corresponding return spring as follows.
- Push piston and retainer assembly evenly and confirm they move smoothly.
- If they can not move smoothly, remove piston and retainer assembly and align return spring correctly as instructed in step "a".
- e. Push down piston and retainer assembly and install snap ring.

14. Install low one-way clutch to front planetary carrier by turning carrier in the direction of the arrow shown.

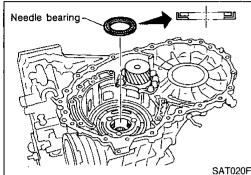
Assembly 2 (Cont'd)



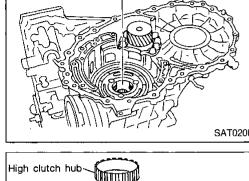
Forward clutch and bearing must be correctly installed for snap ring to fit into groove of transmission case.

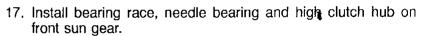






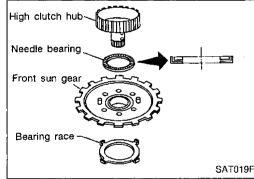
- 16. Install needle bearing on transmission case.
- Apply petroleum jelly to needle bearing.
- Pay attention to direction of needle bearing.



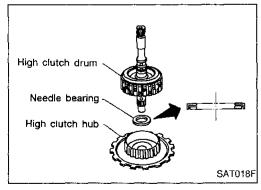


Apply petroleum jelly to needle bearing.

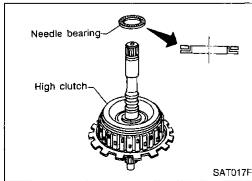
Pay attention to direction of needle bearing.



18. Install needle bearing and high clutch drum on high clutch hub.



- 19. Install needle bearing on high clutch drum.
- Apply petroleum jelly to needle bearing.
- Pay attention to direction of needle bearing.





MA

LC

EC

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88

RS

ST

BT

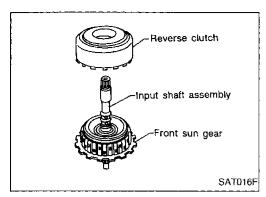
HA

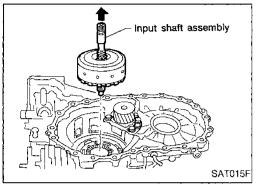
EL

IDX

Assembly 2 (Cont'd)

- 20. Remove paper rolled around input shaft.
- 21. Install input shaft assembly in reverse clutch.
- Align teeth of reverse clutch drive plates before installing.



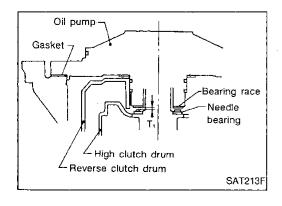


- 22. Install reverse clutch assembly on transmission case.
- Align teeth of high clutch drive plates before installing.

Adjustment 2

When any parts listed below are replaced, adjust total end play and reverse clutch end play.

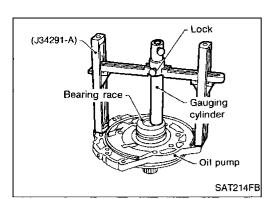
Part name	Total end play	Reverse clutch end play
Transmission case	•	•
Overrun clutch hub	•	•
Rear internal gear	•	•
Rear planetary carrier	•	•
Rear sun gear	•	•
Front planetary carrier	•	•
Front sun gear	•	•
High clutch hub	•	•
High clutch drum	•	•
Oil pump cover	•	•
Reverse clutch drum	_	•



TOTAL END PLAY

1. Adjust total end play "T1".

Adjustment 2 (Cont'd)



With original bearing race installed, place Tool onto oil pump. The long ends of legs should be placed firmly on machined surface of oil pump assembly. The gauging cylinder should rest on top of bearing race. Lock gauging cylinder in place with set screw.



MA

EM

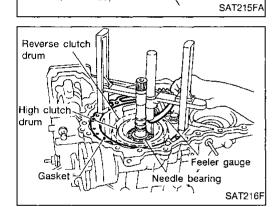
Install gauging plunger into cylinder.

LC

EC

FE

CL



Thrust washer

SAT218F

Gauging plunger

(J34291-25)

Oil pump

Gasket

With needle bearing installed on high clutch drum, place Tool legs on machined surface of transmission case (with gasket). Then allow plunger to rest on needle bearing.

MT

Measure gap between cylinder and plunger. This measurement should give exact total end play.

ΑT

Total end play "T₁": 0.25 - 0.55 mm (0.0098 - 0.0217 in)

FA

If end play is out of specification, decrease or increase thickness of bearing race as necessary.

Available bearing race:

RA

Refer to SDS, AT-290.



Adjust reverse clutch drum end play "T2".

ST

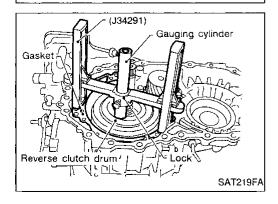
RS

BT

Place Tool on machined surface of transmission case (with gasket). Then allow gauging cylinder to rest on reverse clutch drum. Lock cylinder in place with set screw.

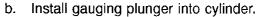
HA

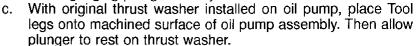
凰



Reverse clutch drum

Adjustment 2 (Cont'd)



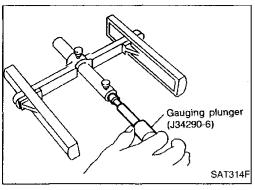


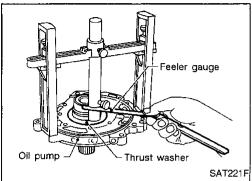
Measure gap between cylinder and plunger with feeler gauge. This measurement should give exact reverse clutch drum end

Reverse clutch drum end play "T2": 0.55 - 0.90 mm (0.0217 - 0.0354 in)

If end play is out of specification, decrease or increase thickness of thrust washer as necessary.

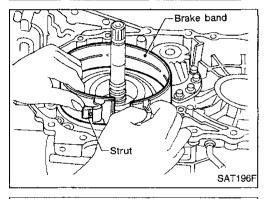
> Available thrust washer: Refer to SDS, AT-289.



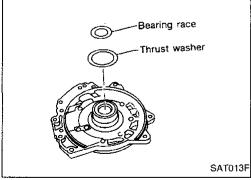


Assembly 3

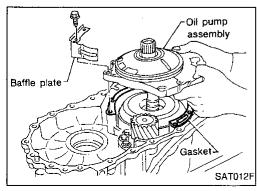
- Install anchor end pin and lock nut on transmission case.
- 2. Place brake band on outside of reverse clutch drum. Tighten anchor end pin just enough so that brake band is evenly fitted on reverse clutch drum.



- Place bearing race selected in total end play adjustment step on oil pump cover.
- Apply petroleum jelly to bearing race.
- Place thrust washer selected in reverse clutch end play step on reverse clutch drum.
- Apply petroleum jelly to thrust washer.

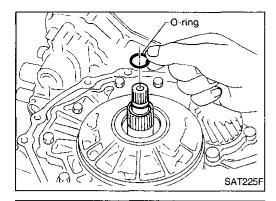


- Install oil pump assembly, baffle plate and gasket on transmission case.
- Tighten oil pump fixing bolts to the specified torque.



Assembly 3 (Cont'd)

- Install O-ring to input shaft.
- Apply ATF to O-ring.

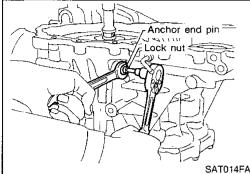




GI

MA

LC



Adjust brake band. 8.

Tighten anchor end pin to the specified torque.

Anchor end pin:

🔮 : 3.9 - 5.9 N·m (0.4 - 0.6 kg-m, 35 - 52 in-lb)

Back off anchor end pin two and a half turns.

10. Install final drive assembly on transmission case.

While holding anchor end pin, tighten lock nut.

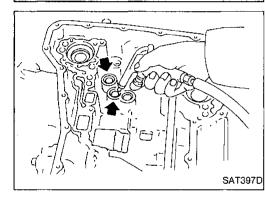
Lock nut:

(3.2 - 3.7 kg-m, 23 - 27 ft-lb)

FE

EC

CL



9. Apply compressed air to oil holes of transmission case and check operation of brake band.

MT ΑT

FA

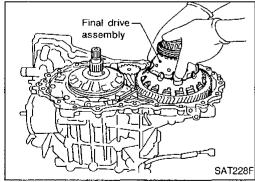
RA

ST

RS

BT

HA



Clamp

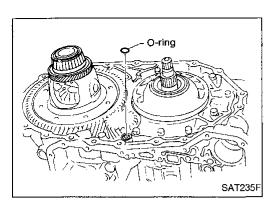
Óil tube

11. Install oil tube on converter housing.



Assembly 3 (Cont'd)

12. Install O-ring on differential oil port of transmission case.



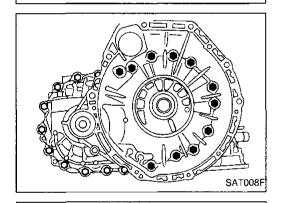
- 3 5 (0.12 0.20)

 Inside
 Locking sealant

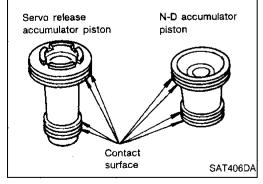
 1.5 (0.059) dia. Unit: mm (in)

 4 (0.16)

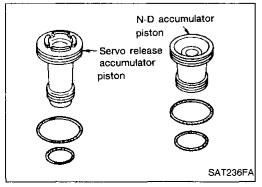
 SAT371H
- 13. Install converter housing on transmission case.
 Apply locking sealant (Loctite #518) to mating surface of converter housing.



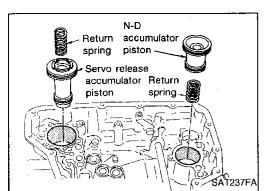
- 14. Install accumulator piston.
- a. Check contact surface of accumulator piston for damage.



- b. Install O-rings on accumulator piston.
- Apply ATF to O-rings.
 Accumulator piston O-rings:
 Refer to SDS, AT-289.



Assembly 3 (Cont'd)



- Install accumulator pistons and return springs on transmission case.
- Apply ATF to inner surface of transmission case. Return springs: Refer to SDS, AT-290.

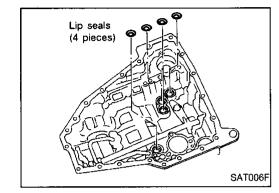




EM

15. Install lip seals for band servo oil holes on transmission case.

LC



L & R oil tube

SAT862HA

SAT005F

Apply petroleum jelly to lip seals.

FE

CL.

16. Install L & R oil tube and oil sleeve.

★: 5 - 7 N·m (0.5 - 0.7 kg-m, 43 - 61 in-lb)

ΑT

MIT

FA

RA

17. Install control valve assembly. Insert manual valve into control valve assembly.

BR

Apply ATF to manual valve.

ST

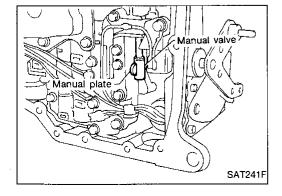
RS

BT

Set manual shaft in Neutral position.

HA

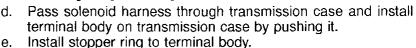
Install control valve assembly on transmission case while aligning manual valve with manual plate.

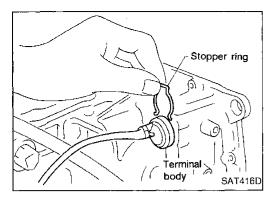


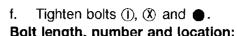
Manual valve

AT-281

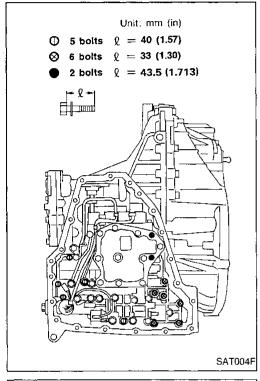
Assembly 3 (Cont'd)



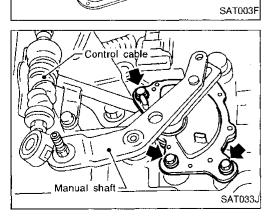




Bolt			①	(X)	•
Bolt length "ℓ"	Emme 6	mm (in)	40.0 (1.575)	33.0 (1.299)	43.5 (1.713)
Number of bolts			5	6	2

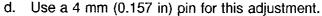


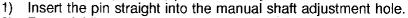
- 18. Install oil pan.a. Attach a magnet to oil pan.
- b. Install new oil pan gasket on transmission case.
- c. Install oil pan on transmission case.
- Always replace oil pan bolts as they are self-sealing bolts.
- Tighten four bolts in a criss-cross pattern to prevent dislocation of gasket.
- d. Tighten oil pan bolts and drain plug to the specified torque. Refer to AT-195.



- 19. Install inhibitor switch.
- a. Set manual shaft in "P" position.
- b. Temporarily install inhibitor switch on manual shaft.
- c. Move selector lever to "N" position.

Assembly 3 (Cont'd)

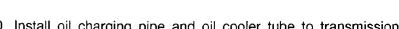


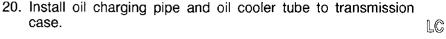


- 2) Rotate inhibitor switch until the pin can also be inserted straight into hole in inhibitor switch.
- Tighten inhibitor switch fixing bolts. Refer to AT-195.
- Remove pin from adjustment hole after adjusting inhibitor switch.

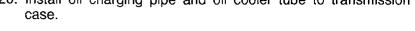


MA





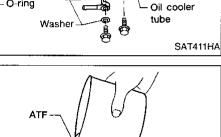






FE

CL.



SAT404F

Washer

mm (0.16 in) dia.-

charging pipe

21. Install torque converter.

Pour ATF into torque converter.

MT

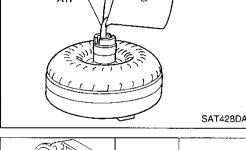
Approximately 1 liter (1-1/8 US qt, 7/8 Imp qt) of fluid is required for a new torque converter.

When reusing old torque converter, add the same amount of fluid as was drained.

ΑT

FA

RA



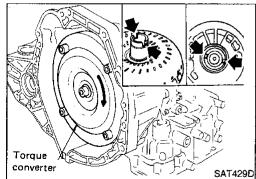
Install torque converter while aligning notches of torque converter with notches of oil pump.



ST

RS

BT



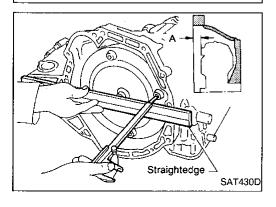
Measure distance "A" to check that torque converter is in proper position.

Distance A: 19 mm (0.75 in) or more











General Specifications

Engine		VQ30	0DE	
Automatic transaxle model		RE4F04A	RE4F04V	
Automatic transaxle assembly				
Model code number		80X17	80X18	
Transaxle gear ratio			•	
1st		2.785		
2nd	100	1.545		
3rd		1.0	00	
4th		0.6	94	
Reverse		2.2	72	
Final drive		3.619		
Recommended oil		Nissan Matic "D" (Continental U.S. and Alaska) or Genuine Nissan Automatic Transmiss Fluid (Canada)*1		
Oil capacity	ℓ (US qt, Imp qt)	p qt) 9.4 (10, 8-1/4)		

^{*1:} Refer to MA section ("Fluids and Lubricants", "RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS").

Specifications and Adjustments

SHIFT SCHEDULE

Vehicle speed when shifting gears

Throttle posi-	Chiff mottors	Vehicle speed km/h (MPH)						
tion	Shift pattern	$D_1 \rightarrow D_2$	$D_2 \rightarrow D_3$	$D_3 \rightarrow D_4$	$D_4 \rightarrow D_3$	$D_3 \rightarrow D_2$	$D_2 \rightarrow D_1$	$1_2 \rightarrow 1_1$
Full throttle Auto power	61 - 69 (38 - 43)	113 - 121 (70 - 75)	177 - 185 (110 - 115)	173 - 181 (108 - 112)	103 - 111 (64 - 69)	54 - 62 (34 - 39)	61 - 69 (38 - 43)	
		61 - 69 (38 - 43)	113 - 121 (70 - 75)	177 - 185 (110 - 115)	173 - 181 (108 - 112)	103 - 111 (64 - 69)	54 - 62 (34 - 39)	61 - 69 (38 - 43)
Half throttle	Comfort	39 - 47 (24 - 29)	73 - 81 (45 - 50)	113 - 121 (70 - 75)	79 - 87 (49 - 54)	36 - 44 (22 - 27)	5 - 13 (3 - 8)	61 - 69 (38 - 43)
	Auto power	46 - 54 (29 - 34)	85 - 93 (53 - 58)	134 - 142 (83 - 88)	85 - 93 (53 - 58)	51 - 59 (32 - 37)	5 - 13 (3 - 8)	61 - 69 (38 - 43)

Vehicle speed when performing lock-up (Reference value)

Model code No.			80X17	80X18
Vehicle speed	km/h (MPH)	Throttle position 1/8	49 - 65	(30 - 40)

- Note:

 Lock-up vehicle speed indicates the speed in D₄ position.

 Make sure that lock-up is released under the following conditions:

 Throttle opening 0/8
 - Vehicle speed is less than 120 km/h (75 MPH).
 - Perform lock-up inspection after warming up engine.
 Lock-up vehicle speed may vary depending on the driving conditions and circumstances.

STALL REVOLUTION

Engine	Stall revolution rpm
VQ30DE	2,000 - 2,300

LINE PRESSURE

Engine speed	Line pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)		
rpm	D, 2 and 1 positions	R position	
ldle	500 (5.1, 73)	775 (7.9, 112)	
Stall	1,225 (12.5, 178)	1,912 (19.5, 227)	

Specifications and Adjustments (Cont'd)

CONTROL VALVES

Control valve and plug return springs

Unit:	mm	(in)

	Parts ·			Item		- - (6)
		Paris	Part No.	Free length	Outer diameter	
	(18)	Pilot valve spring	31742-80X14	36.0 (1.417)	8.1 (0.319)	
	8	1-2 accumulator valve spring	31742-80X10	20.5 (0.807)	7.0 (0.276)	- MA
	2)	1-2 accumulator piston spring	31742-80X20	49.3 (1.941)	19.6 (0.772)	-
Upper body	23	1st reducing valve spring	31742-80X05	27.0 (1.063)	7.0 (0.276)	EM
	10	Overrun clutch reducing valve spring	31742-80X15	37.5 (1.476)	6.9 (0.272)	
	1	Torque converter relief valve spring	31742-80X07	31.0 (1.220)	9.0 (0.354)	_ _ LC
	4	Torque converter clutch control valve	31742-80X17	39.5 (1.555)	11.0 (0.433)	_
	17	Pressure regulator valve spring	31742-80X13	45.0 (1.772)	15.0 (0.591)	- - EC
	22	Overrun clutch control valve spring	31762-80X00	21.7 (0.854)	7.0 (0.276)	- 59
	26	Accumulator control valve spring	31742-80X02	22.0 (0.866)	6.5 (0.256)	
	39	Shift valve A spring	31762-80X00	21.7 (0.854)	7.0 (0.276)	- FE
Lower body	10	Shift valve B spring	31762-80X00	21.7 (0.854)	7.0 (0.276)	_
	3	31742-41X15	30.5 (1.201)	9.8 (0.386)	- Cl	
Ø	- Pressure modifier valve spring	31742-80X16	32.0 (1.260)	6.9 (0.272)	_	
	19	Plug spring	31742-80X11	17.0 (0.669)	10.7 (0.421)	
	*****	Oil cooler relief valve spring	31872-31X00	17.02 (0.6701)	8.0 (0.315)	

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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS) Specifications and Adjustments (Cont'd)

CLUTCHES AND BRAKES

Reverse clutch			
Number of drive	plates	2	
Number of drive	en plates	2	2
Drive plate thick	mess mm (in)		
Stand	lard	1.6 (0).063)
Allow	able limit	1.4 (0).055)
Clearance	mm (in)		
Stand	lard	0.5 - 0.8 (0.	020 - 0.031)
Allow	able limit	1.2 (0).047)
		Thickness mm (in)	Part number
Thickness of retaining plates		6.6 (0.260) 6.8 (0.268) 7.0 (0.276) 7.2 (0.283) 7.4 (0.291) 7.6 (0.299) 7.8 (0.307)	31537-80X05 31537-80X06 31537-80X07 31537-80X08 31537-80X09 31537-80X20 31537-80X21
High clutch			
Number of drive	plates	4	
Number of drive	n plates	6 + 1	
Drive plate thick	mess mm (in)		
Stand	lard	1.6 (0.063)	
Allow	able limit	1.4 (0	0.055)
Clearance	mm (in)	-	
Stand	lard	1.8 - 2.2 (0.	071 - 0.087)
Allow	Allowable limit		0.118)
		Thickness mm (in)	Part number
Thickness of re plates	Thickness of retaining plates		31537-81X10 31537-80X11 31537-80X12 31537-80X13 31537-80X14

Fo	orward clutch			•	
1	Number of drive plates		5	5	
1	Number of driven plates	3	Ę	5	
[Orive plate thickness				
	Γ	nm (in)			
	Standard		1.6 (0	1.063)	
	Allowable lim	it	1.4 (0	1.055)	
(Clearance r	nm (in)			
	Standard		0.45 - 0.85 (0.	0177 - 0.0335)	
	Allowable lim	it	1.85 (0	.0728)	
_			Thickness mm (in)	Part number	
-	Thickness of retaining p	olates	3.6 (0.142) 3.8 (0.150) 4.0 (0.157) 4.2 (0.165) 4.4 (0.173) 3.4 (0.134) 3.2 (0.126)	31537-80X70 31537-80X71 31537-80X72 31537-80X73 31537-80X74 31537-80X75 31537-80X76	
O	verrun clutch				
	Number of drive plates		3		
-	Number of driven plates	6	5		
Ī	Drive plate thickness	mm (in)			
	Standard		1.6 (0.063)		
	Allowable lim	it	1.4 (0.055)		
-	Clearance r	nm (in)			
	Standard		0.7 - 1.1 (0.028 - 0.043)		
	Allowable lim	it	1.7 (0).067)	
_			Thickness mm (in)	Part number	
	Thickness of retaining p	olates	3.0 (0.118) 3.2 (0.126) 3.4 (0.134) 3.6 (0.142) 3.8 (0.150)	31537-80X65 31537-80X66 31537-80X67 31537-80X68 31537-80X69	
_					

Specifications and Adjustments (Cont'd) RE4F04V

Viscous coupling side

Differential case side

Thickness mm (in)

0.43 - 0.45

(0.0169 - 0.0177)

0.52 - 0.54

(0.0205 - 0.0213)0.61 - 0.63

(0.0240 - 0.0248)

0.70 - 0.72

(0.0276 - 0.0283)

0.79 - 0.81

(0.0311 - 0.0319)0.75 - 0.80

(0.0295 - 0.0315)0.80 - 0.85

(0.0315 - 0.0335)

0.85 - 0.90

(0.0335 - 0.0354)0.90 - 0.95

(0.0354 - 0.0374)

Part number

38424-51E10

38424-51E11

38424-51E12

38424-51E13

38424-51E14

38424-E3000

38424-E3001

38424-E3002

38424-E3003

G1

MMA

EM

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EC

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 		<u> </u>
ow & reverse brake		
Number of drive plates	7	
Number of driven plates	٤	3
Drive plate thickness mm (in)		
Standard	1.8 (0).071)
Allowable limit	1.6 (0).063)
Clearance mm (in)		
Standard	1.7 - 2.1 (0.	067 - 0.083)
Alfowable limit	3.3 (0	0.130)
	Thickness mm (in)	Part number
 Thickness of retaining plates	2.0 (0.079) 2.2 (0.087) 2.4 (0.094) 2.6 (0.102) 2.8 (0.110) 3.0 (0.118) 3.2 (0.126) 3.4 (0.134)	31667-80X00 31667-80X01 31667-80X02 31667-80X03 31667-80X04 31667-80X05 31667-80X06 31667-80X07
Brake band		
Anchor end pin tightening torque N-m (kg-m, in-lb)	3.9 - 5.9 (0.4	- 0.6, 35 - 52)
Number of returning revolutions for anchor end pin	2	.5
Lock nut tightening torque N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)	31 - 36 (3.2 - 3.7, 23 - 27)	

Differential side bearing preload adjusting shims

RE4F04A

Thickness mm (in)	Part number	<u>—</u> Мі
0.48 (0.0189)	31438-80X00	_
0.52 (0.0205)	31438-80X01	AT
0.56 (0.0220)	31438-80X02	
0.60 (0.0236)	31438-80X03	r A
0.64 (0.0252)	31438-80X04	FA
0.68 (0.0268)	31438-80X05	
0.72 (0.0283)	31438-80X06	RA
0.76 (0.0299)	31438-80X07	
0.80 (0.0315)	31438-80X08	
0.84 (0.0331)	31438-80X09	BR
0.88 (0.0346)	31438-80X10	
0.92 (0.0362)	31438-80X11	\$T

FINAL DRIVE

Differential side gear clearance

Clearance between side gear and differential case with washermm (in)	0.1 - 0.2 (0.004 - 0.008)

Differential side gear thrust washers RE4F04A

Thickness mm (in)	Part number
0.75 (0.0295)	38424-81X00
0.80 (0.0315)	38424-81X01
0.85 (0.0335)	38424-81X02
0.90 (0.0354)	38424-81X03
0.95 (0.0374)	38424-81X04

Specifications and Adjustments (Cont'd) PLANETARY CARRIER AND OIL PUMP

RE4F04V

Thickness mm (in)	Part number
0.36 (0.0142)	38753-56E00
0.40 (0.0157)	38753-56E01
0.44 (0.0173)	38753-56E02
0.48 (0.0189)	38753-56E03
0.52 (0.0205)	38753-56E04
0.56 (0.0220)	38753-56E05
0.60 (0.0236)	38753-56E06
0.64 (0.0252)	38753-56E07
0.68 (0.0268)	38753-56E08
0.72 (0.0283)	38753-56E09
0.76 (0.0299)	38753-56E10
0.80 (0.0315)	38753-56E11
0.84 (0.0331)	38753-56E12
0.88 (0.0346)	38753-56E13
0.92 (0.0362)	38753-56E14
0.12 (0.0047)	38753-56E15
0.16 (0.0063)	38753-56E16
0.20 (0.0079)	38753-56E17
0.24 (0.0094)	38753-56E18
0.28 (0.0110)	38753-56E19
0.32 (0.0126)	38753-56E20
	l

Bearing preload

Differential side bearing preload n	nm (in)	0.05 - 0.09 (0.0020 - 0.0035)
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Turning torque

Clutch and brake return springs

Unit: mm (in)

Parts	Free length	Outer diameter
Forward clutch (Overrun clutch) (22 pcs)	21.4 (0.843)	10.3 (0.406)
High clutch (12 pcs)	22.5 (0.886)	10.8 (0.425)
Low & Reverse brake (24 pcs)	24.1 (0.949)	6.6 (0.260)

Planetary carrier		
Clearance between planetary carrier and pinion washer		
mm (in)	0.00 0.70 (0.	0070 0.0070)
Standard		0079 - 0.0276)
Allowable limit	0.80 (0).0315)
Oil pump Oil pump side clear- ance mm (in)	0.030 - 0.050 (0).0012 - 0.0020)
	Inner	gear
Thickness of inner gears and outer gears	Thickness mm (in)	Part number
	11.99 - 12.0 (0.4720 - 0.4724) 11.98 - 11.99	31346-80X00
	(0,4717 - 0.4720) 11.97 - 11.98	31346-80X01
	(0.4713 - 0.4717)	31346-80X02
	Outer gear	
	Thickness mm (in)	Part number
	11.99 - 12.0 (0.4720 - 0.4724) 11.98 - 11.99	31347-80X00
	(0.4717 - 0.4720) 11.97 - 11.98	31347-80X01
	(0.4713 - 0.4717)	31347-80X02
Clearance between oil pump housing and outer gear mm (in)		
Standard	0.111 - 0.181 (().0044 - 0.0071)
Allowable limit		0.0071)
Oil pump cover seal ring clearance mm (in)	3.731	
Standard	0.10 - 0.25 (0.	0039 - 0.0098)
Allowable limit	0.25 (0	0.0098)
	l	•

INPUT SHAFT

Input shaft seal ring clearance	
mm (in)	
Standard	0.08 - 0.23 (0.0031 - 0.0091)
Allowable limit	0.23 (0.0091)

Specifications and Adjustments (Cont'd)

REDUCTION PINION GEAR

Turning torque

Turning torque of reduction pinion gear	0.05 - 0.39
N-m (kg-cm, in-lb)	(0.5 - 4.0, 0.43 - 3.47)

Reduction pinion gear bearing adjusting shims

snims	
Thickness mm (in)	Part number
4.50 (0.1772)	31439-83X00
4.52 (0.1780)	31439-83X01
4.54 (0.1787)	31439-83X02
4.56 (0.1795)	31439-83X03
4.58 (0.1803)	31439-83X04
4.60 (0.1811)	31439-83X05
4.62 (0.1819)	31439-83X06
4.64 (0.1827)	31439-83X07
4.66 (0.1835)	31439-83X08
4.68 (0.1843)	31439-83X09
4.70 (0.1850)	31439-83X10
4.72 (0.1858)	31439-83X11
4.74 (0.1866)	31439-83X12
4.76 (0.1874)	31439-83X13
4.78 (0.1882)	31439-83X14
4.80 (0.1890)	31439-83X15
4.82 (0.1898)	31439-83X16
4.84 (0.1906)	31439-83X17
4.86 (0.1913)	31439-83X17 31439-83X18
. ' '	31439-83X19
4.88 (0.1921)	
4.90 (0.1929)	31439-83X20
4.92 (0.1937)	31439-83X21
4.94 (0.1945)	31439-83X22
4.96 (0.1953)	31439-83X23
4.98 (0.1961)	31439-83X24
5.00 (0.1969)	31439-81X00
5.02 (0.1976)	31439-81X01
5.04 (0.1984)	31439-81X02
5.06 (0.1992)	31439-81X03
5.08 (0.2000)	31439-81X04
5.10 (0.2008)	31439-81X05
5.12 (0.2016)	31439-81X06
5.14 (0.2024)	31439-81X07
5.16 (0.2031)	31439-81X08
5.18 (0.2039)	31439-81X09
5.20 (0.2047)	31439-81X10
5.22 (0.2055)	31439-81X11
5.24 (0.2063)	31439-81X12
5.26 (0.2071)	31439-81X13
5.28 (0.2079)	31439-81X14
5.30 (0.2087)	31439-81X15
5.32 (0.2094)	31439-81X16
5.34 (0.2102)	31439-81X17
5.36 (0.2110)	31439-81X18
5.38 (0.2118)	31439-81X19
5.40 (0.2126)	31439-81X20
5.42 (0.2134)	31439-81X21
5.44 (0.2142)	31439-81X22
5.46 (0.2150)	31439-81X23
5.48 (0.2157)	31439-81X24
5.50 (0.2165)	31439-81X46
5.52 (0.2173)	31439-81X47

5.54 (0.2181)	31439-81X48	
5.56 (0.2189)	31439-81X49	
5.58 (0.2197)	31439-81X60	
5.60 (0.2205)	31439-81X61	
5.62 (0.2213)	31439-81X62	G[
5.64 (0.2220)	31439-81X63	QIII
5.66 (0.2228)	31439-81X64	
5.68 (0.2236)	31439-81X65	MA
5.70 (0.2244)	31439-81X66	UVUZAA
5.72 (0.2252)	31439-81X67	
5.74 (0.2260)	31439-81X68	EM
5.76 (0.2268)	31439-81X69	
5.78 (0.2276)	31439-81X70	
5.80 (0.2283)	31439-81X71	LC
5.82 (0.2291)	31439-81X72	
5.84 (0.2299)	31439-81X73	
5.86 (0.2307)	31439-81X74	
5.88 (0.2315)	31439-81X75	EC
5.90 (0.2323)	31439-81X76	
5.92 (0.2331)	31439-81X77	
5.94 (0.2339)	31439-81X78	FE
5.96 (0.2346)	31439-81X79	
5.98 (0.2354)	31439-81X80	@5
6.00 (0.2362)	31439-81X81	CL

REVERSE CLUTCH DRUM END PLAY

Reverse clutch drum end play mm (in)	0.55 - 0.90 (0.0217 - 0.0354)
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Thrust washers for adjusting reverse clutch drum end play

Thickness mm (in)	Part number	
0.80 (0.0315)	31508-80X13	
1.40 (0.0551)	31508-80X17	
0.95 (0.0374)	31508-80X14	
1.10 (0.0433)	31508-80X15	
1.25 (0.0492)	31508-80X16	
1.55 (0.0610)	31508-80X18	
1.70 (0.0669)	31508-80X19	
1.85 (0.0728)	31508-80X20	

ACCUMULATOR

O-ring

Unit: mm		
Accumulator	Inner diameter (Small)	inner diameter (Large)
Servo release accu- mulator	26.9 (1.059)	44.2 (1.740)
N-D accumulator	34.6 (1.362)	39.4 (1.551)

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Specifications and Adjustments (Cont'd)

Return spring

Unit:	mm	(in)

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Accumulator	Free length	Outer diameter
Servo release accu- mulator	52.5 (2.067)	20.4 (0.803)
N-D accumulator	43.5 (1.713)	28.0 (1.102)

Seal ring clearance

Bearing retainer seal ring clearance mm (in)	i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Standard	0.10 - 0.30 (0.0039 - 0.0118)
Allowable limit	0.30 (0.0118)

BAND SERVO

Return spring

Unit: mm (in)

Return spring	Free length	Outer diameter
2nd servo return spring	32.5 (1.280)	25.9 (1.020)
O/D servo return spring	31.0 (1.220)	21.7 (0.854)

TOTAL END PLAY

Total end play mm (in) 0.25	- 0.55 (0.0098 - 0.0217)
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REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Unit: mm (in)

Bearing race for adjusting total end play

Thickness mm (in)	Part number
0.8 (0.031)	31435-80X00
1.0 (0.039)	31435-80X01
1.2 (0.047)	31435-80X02
1.4 (0.055)	31435-80X03
1.6 (0.063)	31435-80X04
1.8 (0.071)	31435-80X05
2.0 (0.079)	31435-80X06
0.9 (0.035)	31435-80X09
1.1 (0.043)	31435-80X10
1.3 (0.051)	31435-80X11
1.5 (0.059)	31435-80X12
1.7 (0.067)	31435-80X13
1.9 (0.075)	31435-80X14

OUTPUT SHAFT

Seal ring clearance

Output shaft seal ring clearance mm (in)	
Standard	0.10 - 0.25 (0.0039 - 0.0098)
Allowable limit	0.25 (0.0098)

End play

Output shaft end play	mm (in)	0 - 0.15 (0 - 0.0059)

Output shaft end play adjusting shims

Thickness mm (in)	Part number
0.80 (0.0315)	31438-80X60
0.84 (0.0331)	31438-80X61
0.88 (0.0346)	31438-80X62
0.92 (0.0362)	31438-80X63
0.96 (0.0378)	31438-80X64
1.00 (0.0394)	31438-80X65
1.04 (0.0409)	31438-80X66
1.08 (0.0425)	31438-80X67
1.12 (0.0441)	31438-80X68
1.16 (0.0457)	31438-80X69
1.20 (0.0472)	31438-80X70