ELECTRICAL SYSTEM



When you read wiring diagrams:

• Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".

When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

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DX

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- All SRS electrical connectors are covered with yellow outer insulation. Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS.

EL-4 1142

Description

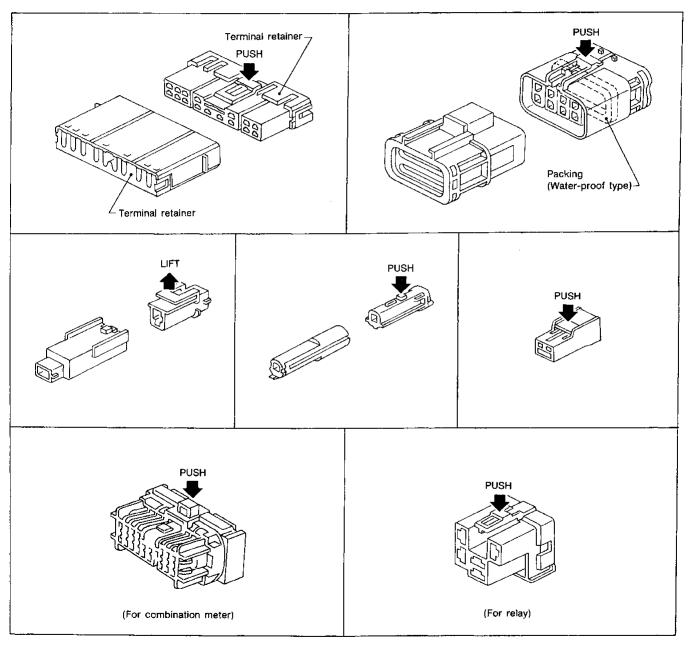
HARNESS CONNECTOR

- All harness connectors have been modified to prevent accidental loosing or disconnection.
- The connector can be disconnected by pushing or lifting the locking section.

CAUTION:

Do not pull the harness when disconnecting the connector.

[Example]



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EL-5 1143

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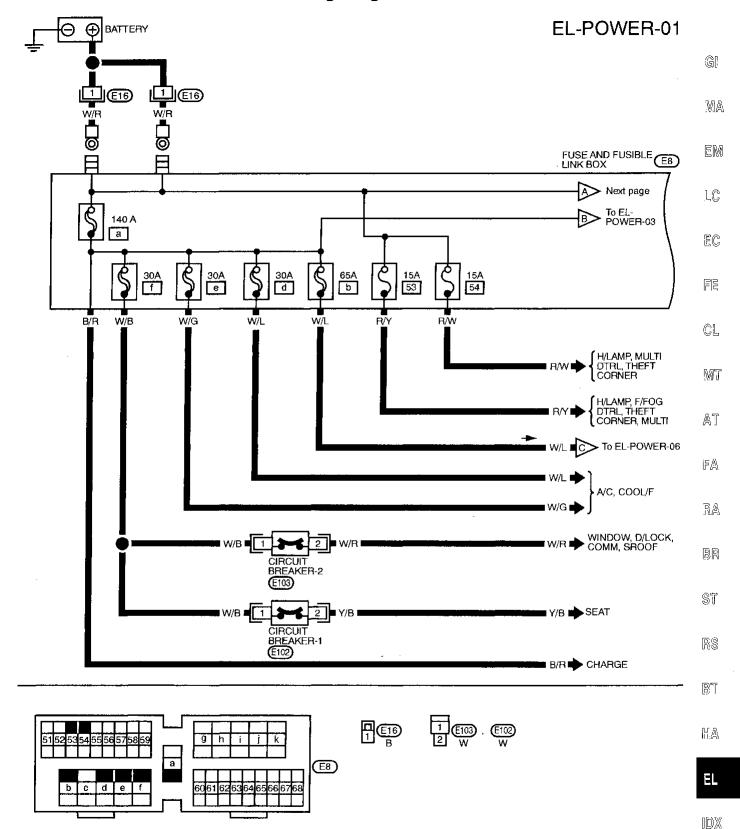
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Description

Туре	Outer view	Circuit	Connector symbol and connection	Case color
17		1 5 4	5 2 4 1	BLACK
2М		1 6 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 2 1 7 5 6 3	BROWN
1M•1B		1 6 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	00 2 1 6 7 3	GRAY
1M	3	1 5	5 1 3	BLUE

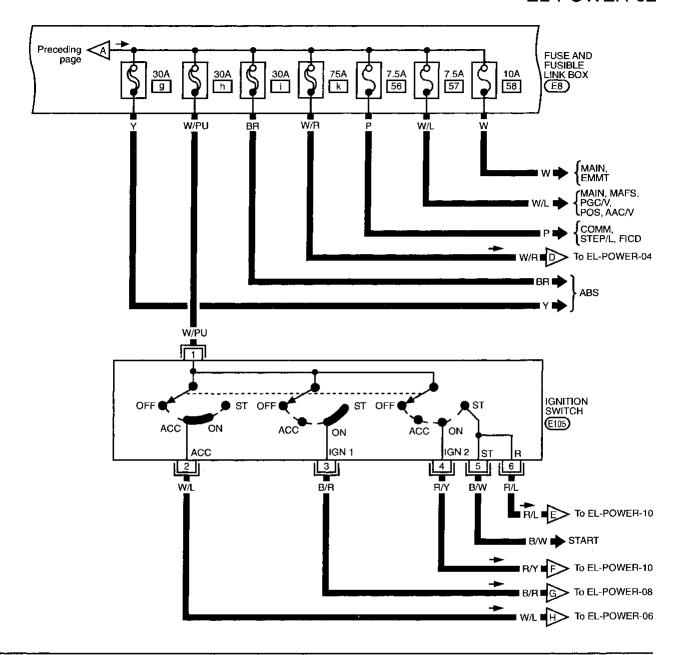
The arrangement of terminal numbers on the actual relays may differ from those shown above.

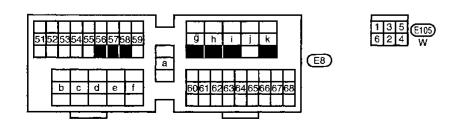
Wiring Diagram — POWER —



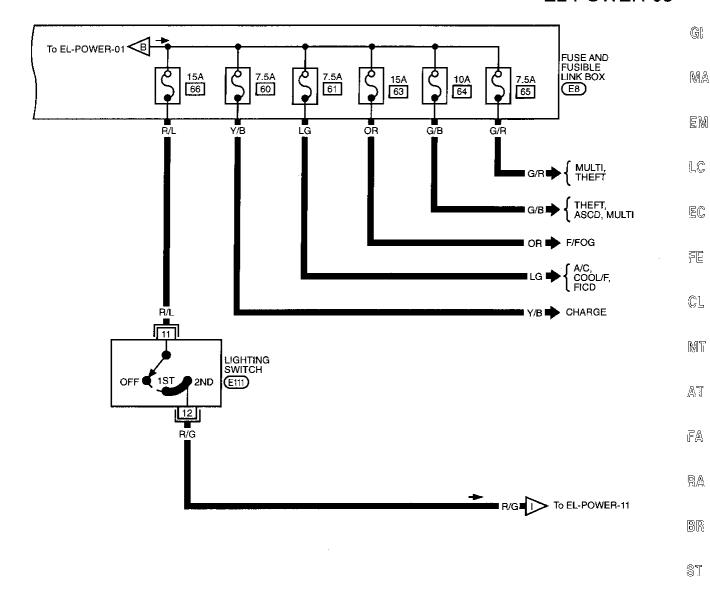
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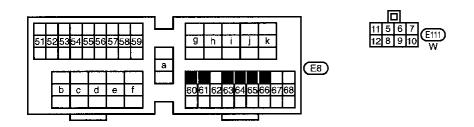
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EL-POWER-03





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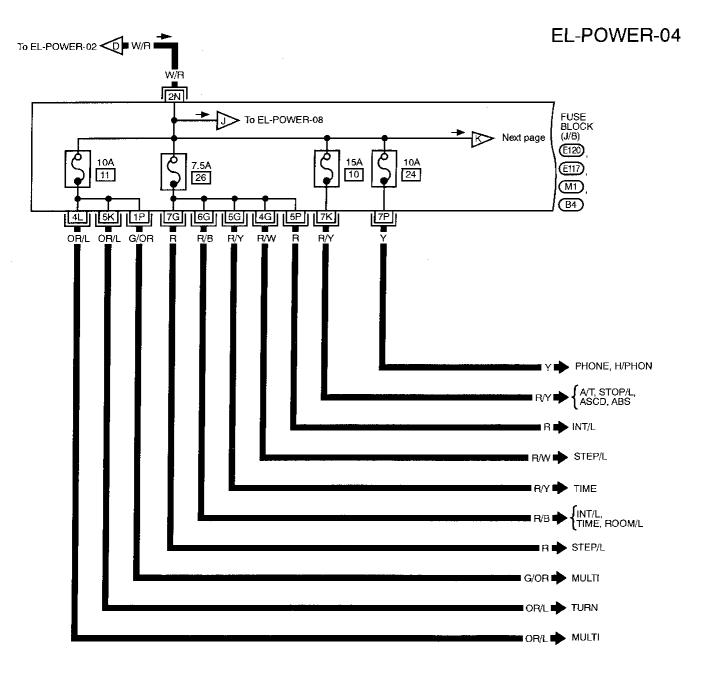
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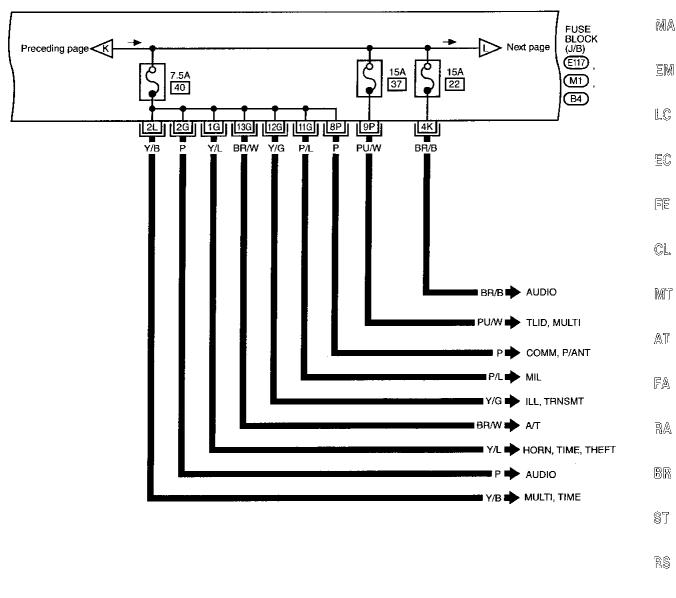
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E117

E120

EL-POWER-05

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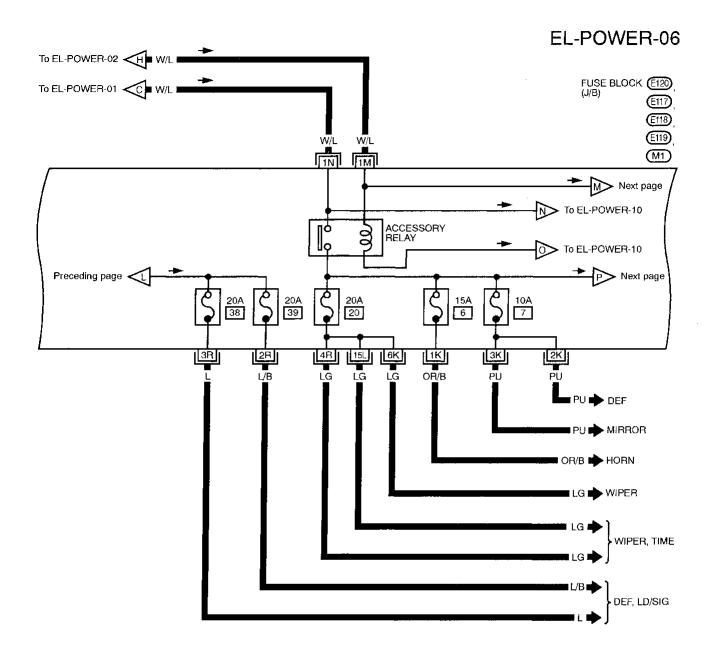
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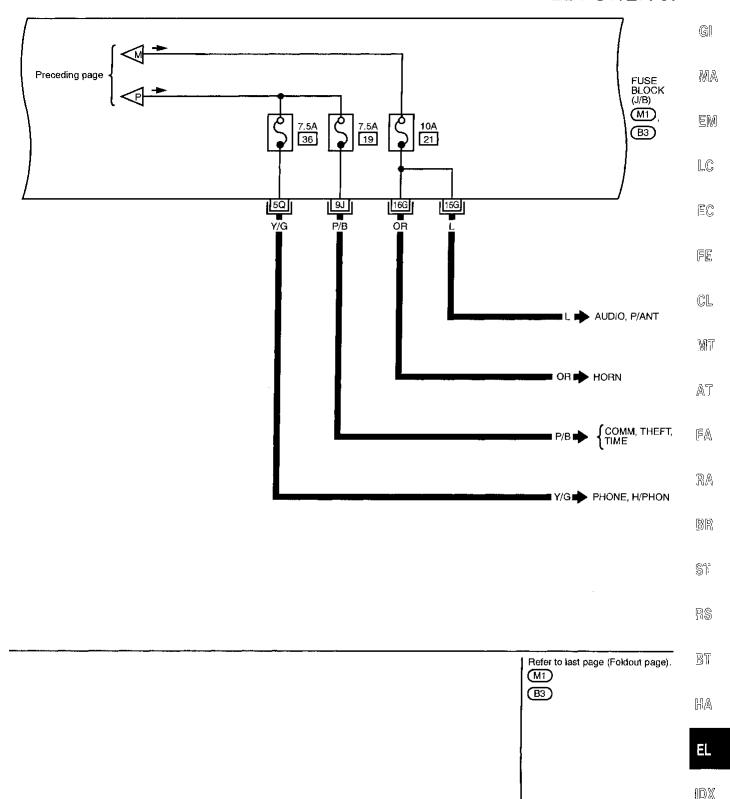
M1 , E117

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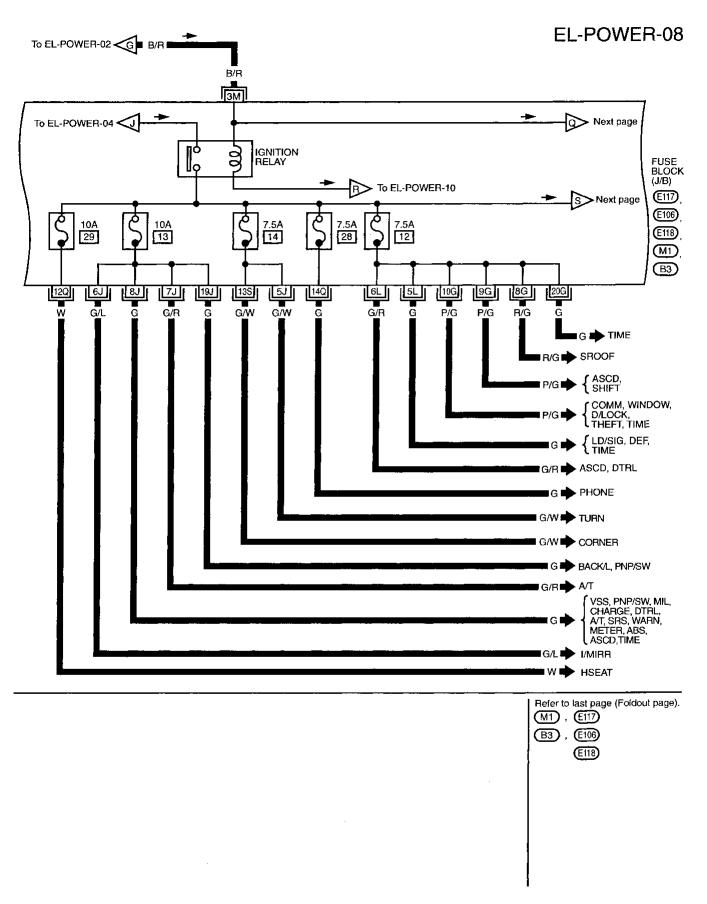
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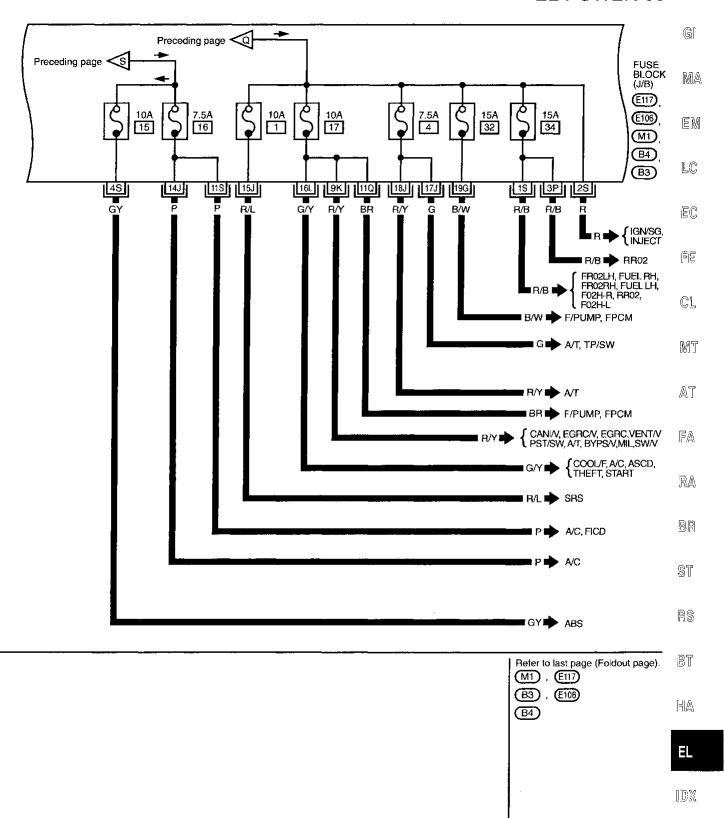
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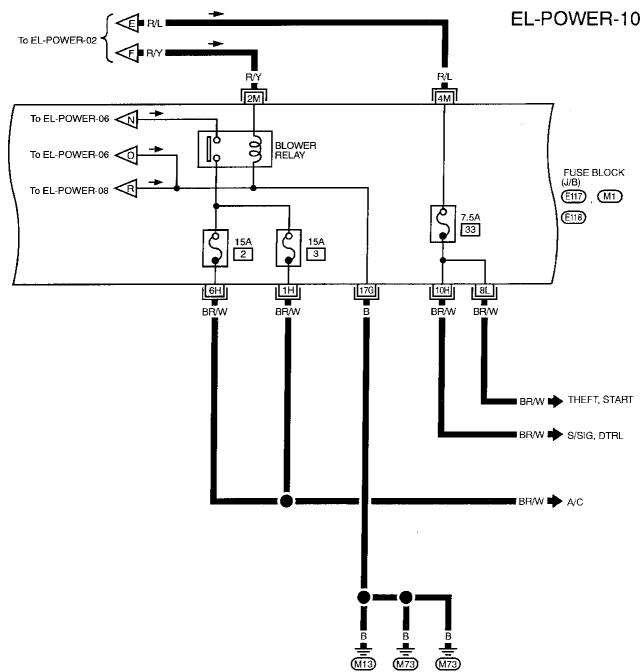
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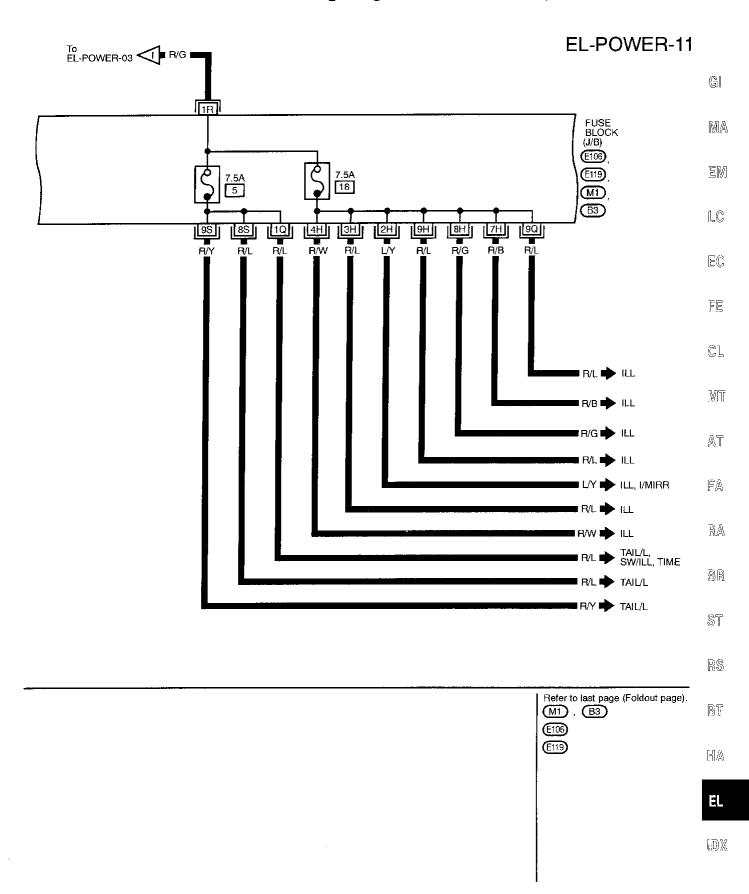


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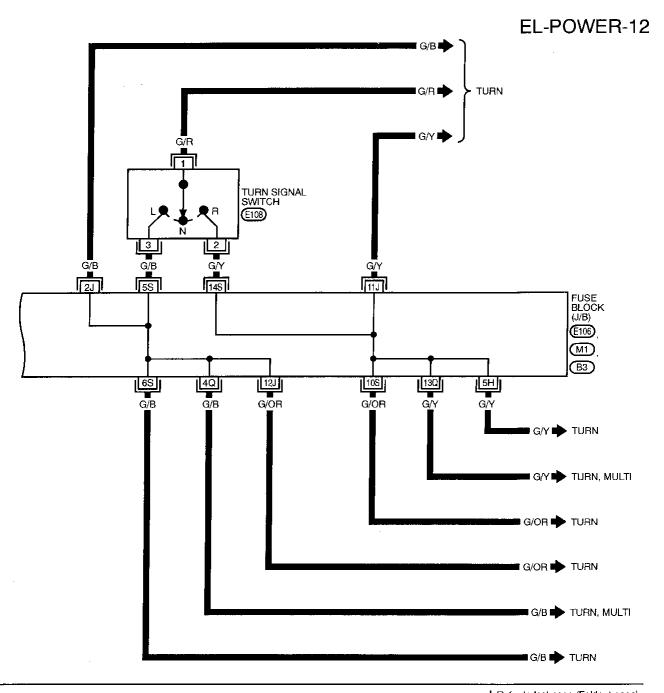


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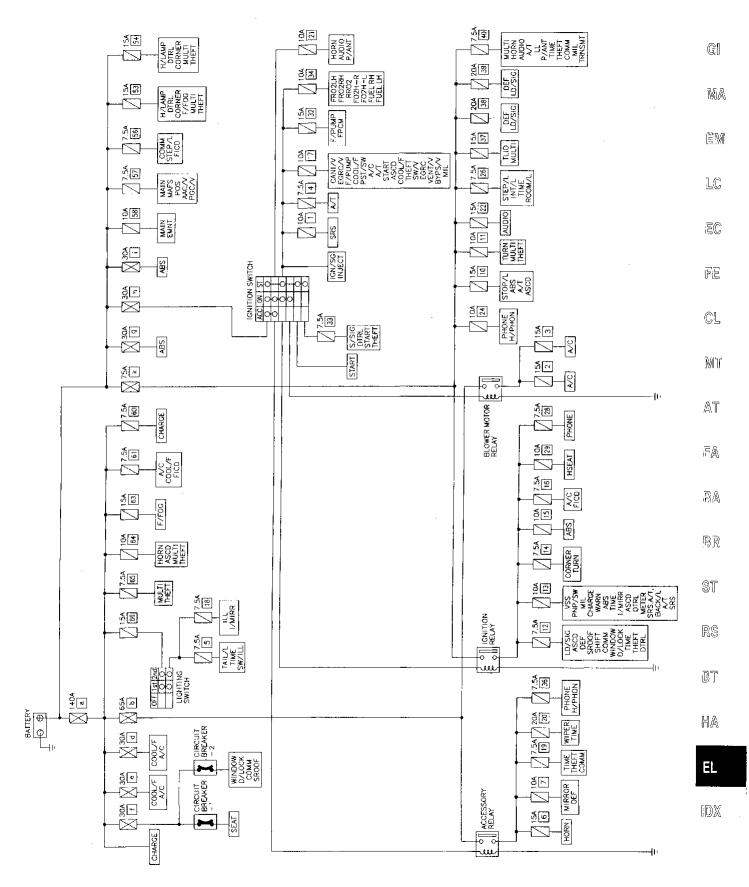


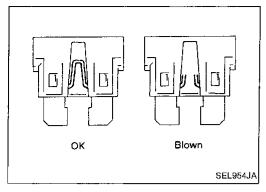
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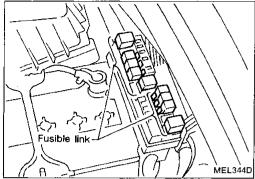
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MEL477E

Schematic







Fuse

- a. If fuse is blown, be sure to eliminate cause of problem before installing new fuse.
- b. Use fuse of specified rating. Never use fuse of more than specified rating.
- Do not partially install fuse; always insert it into fuse holder properly.
- d. Remove fuse for clock if vehicle is not used for a long period of time.

Fusible Link

A melted fusible link can be detected either by visual inspection or by feeling with finger tip. If its condition is questionable, use circuit tester or test lamp.

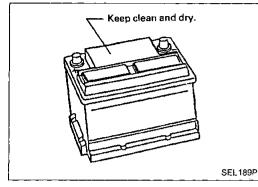
CAUTION:

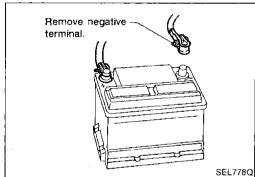
- a. If fusible link is melted, it is possible that a critical circuit (power supply or large current carrying circuit) is shorted. In such a case, carefully check these circuits and eliminate cause.
- b. Never wrap outside of fusible link with vinyl tape. Important: Never let fusible link touch any other wiring harness, vinyl or rubber parts.

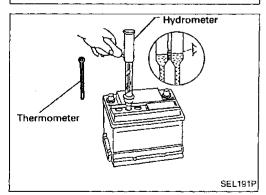
EL-20 1158

CAUTION:

- If it becomes necessary to start the engine with a booster battery and jumper cables, use a 12-volt booster battery.
- After connecting battery cables, ensure that they are tightly clamped to battery terminals for good contact.
- Never add distilled water through the hole used to check specific gravity.







How to Handle Battery

METHODS OF PREVENTING OVER-DISCHARGE

The following precautions must be taken to prevent over-discharging a battery.

- The battery surface (particularly its top) should always be kept clean and dry.
- The terminal connections should be clean and tight.
- At every routine maintenance, check the electrolyte level. This also applies to batteries designated as "low maintenance" and "maintenance-free".
- When the vehicle is not going to be used over a long period of time, disconnect the negative battery terminal. (If the vehicle has an extended storage switch, turn it off.)

Check the condition of the battery by checking the specific R gravity of the electrolyte.

CHECKING ELECTROLYTE LEVEL

WARNING:

Do not allow battery fluid to come in contact with skin, eyes, fabrics, or painted surfaces. After touching a battery, do not touch or rub your eyes until you have thoroughly washed your hands. If the acid contacts the eyes, skin or clothing, immediately flush with water for 15 minutes and seek medical atten-

Normally the battery does not require additional water. However, when the battery is used under severe conditions, adding distilled water may be necessary during the battery life.

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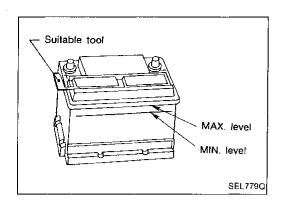
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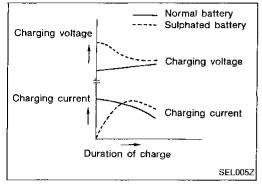
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How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

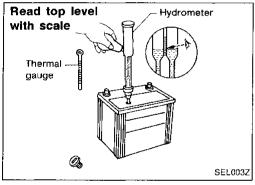
- · Remove the cell plug using a suitable tool.
- Add distilled water up to the MAX level.



SULPHATION

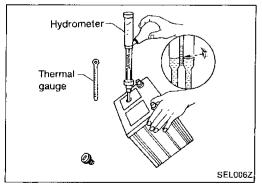
A battery will be completely discharged if it is left unattended for a long time and the specific gravity becomes less than 1.100. This may result in sulphation on the cell plates.

To find if a battery has been "sulphated", pay attention to its voltage and current when charging it. As shown in the figure at left, if the battery has been "sulphated", less current and higher voltage may be observed in the initial stages of charging.



SPECIFIC GRAVITY CHECK

Read hydrometer and thermometer indications at eye level.



 When the electrolyte level is too low, tilt battery case for easier measurement.

EL-22 1160

BATTERY

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

 Use the chart below to correct your hydrometer reading according to electrolyte temperature.

Hydrometer temperature correction

electrolyte temperature °C (°F)	Add to specific gravity reading
71 (160)	0.032
66 (150)	0.028
60 (140)	0.024
54 (129)	0.020
49 (120)	0.016
43 (110)	0.012
38 (100)	0.008
32 (90)	0.004
27 (80)	0
21 (70)	-0.004
16 (60)	-0.008
10 (50)	-0.012
4 (39)	-0.016
−1 (30)	-0.020
-7 (20)	-0.024
-12 (10)	-0.028
-18 (0)	-0.032

_ /	Approximate charge condition	Corrected specific gravity
_ ′	Fully charged	1.260 - 1.280
	3/4 charged	1.230 - 1.250
- [1/2 charged	1.200 - 1.220
	1/4 charged	1.170 - 1.190
_ [Almost discharged	1.140 - 1.160
_	Completely discharged	1.110 - 1.130

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MON

CHARGING THE BATTERY

CALITION

- a. Do not "quick charge" a fully discharged battery.
- Keep the battery away from open flame while it is being charged.
- c. When connecting the charger, connect the leads first, then turn on the charger. Do not turn on the charger first, as this may cause a spark.
- d. If battery electrolyte temperature rises above 60°C (140°F), stop charging. Always charge battery at a temperature below 60°C (140°F).

Charging rates:

Amps	Time
50	1 hour
25	2 hours
10	5 hours
5	10 hours

Do not charge at more than 50 ampere rate.

EL-23 1161

How to Handle Battery (Cont'd)

Note: The ammeter reading on your battery charger will automatically decrease as the battery charges. This indicates that the voltage of the battery is increasing normally as the state of charge improves. The charging amps indicated above refer to initial charge rate.

• If, after charging, the specific gravity of any two cells varies more than .050, the battery should be replaced.

MEMORY RESET

If the battery is disconnected or goes dead, the following items must be reset:

- Radio AM and FM preset
- Clock
- AUTO temperature setting trimmer

Service Data and Specifications (SDS)

Applied area		USA		Canada	USA non-California
		Standard	Option	Standard	Option
Туре		55D23L	80D	26L	65D26L
Capacity	V-AH	12-60	12-	-65	12-65
Cold cranking o (For reference)	urrent A	356	58	32	413

EL-24 1162

System Description

M/T models for USA

to the inhibitor switch is interrupted.

Power is supplied at all times	
• to ignition switch terminal ①	Gl
• through 30A fusible link (letter h, located in the fuse and fusible link box).	SIL
With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied	
• through terminal 5 of the ignition switch	MA
• to clutch interlock relay terminal ③.	
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied	=n.c
• through 10A fuse [No. 17], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	EM
• to theft warning relay terminal ①.	
With the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied ◆ through 7.5A fuse [No. 33], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	LC
	15.19
 to theft warning relay terminal ③. If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied 	
• through theft warning relay terminal (4)	EC
• to clutch interlock relay terminal ①	
When the clutch pedal is depressed, ground is supplied to clutch interlock relay terminal ② through	
the clutch interlock switch and body grounds (MI3) and (M73).	
The clutch interlock relay is energized and power is supplied	
• from terminal (5) of the clutch interlock relay	രാ
to terminal ① of the starter motor windings.	CL
The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor.	
The starter motor is grounded to the cylinder block. With power and ground supplied, the starter motor	MT
operates.	B174 4
If the theft warning system is triggered, terminal 2 of the theft warning relay is grounded and power	
to the clutch interlock relay is interrupted.	AT
A/T models	l≡ W
Power is supplied at all times	FA
• to ignition switch terminal ①	
 through 30A fusible link (letter h , located in the fuse and fusible link box). 	RA
With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied	<u>.</u>
through 10A fuse [No. 17], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	
• to theft warning relay terminal ①.	BR
Also, with the ignition switch in the START position, power is supplied	
• from ignition switch terminal ⑤	@T
	ST
If the theft warning system is not triggered, power is supplied	
• through theft warning relay-1 terminal 4	RS
• to inhibitor switch terminal ①	100
• through inhibitor relay terminal ①, with the selector lever in the P or N position	
• to body grounds (Fig. and (Fig.))	BT
The inhibitor relay is energized and power is supplied	
 from ignition switch terminal ⑤ to terminal ⑥ of the starter motor windings 	0.0
 to terminal (f) of the starter motor windings through inhibitor relay terminals (6) and (7). 	KA
The starter motor plunger closes and provides a closed circuit between the battery and the starter motor.	
The starter motor plunger closes and provides a dissed chount between the battery and the starter motor.	
The starter motor is grounded to the cylinder block. With power and ground supplied, the starter motor	EL
The starter motor is grounded to the cylinder block. With power and ground supplied, the starter motor operates.	EL

If the theft warning system is triggered, terminal ② of the theft warning relay is grounded and power

EL-25 1163

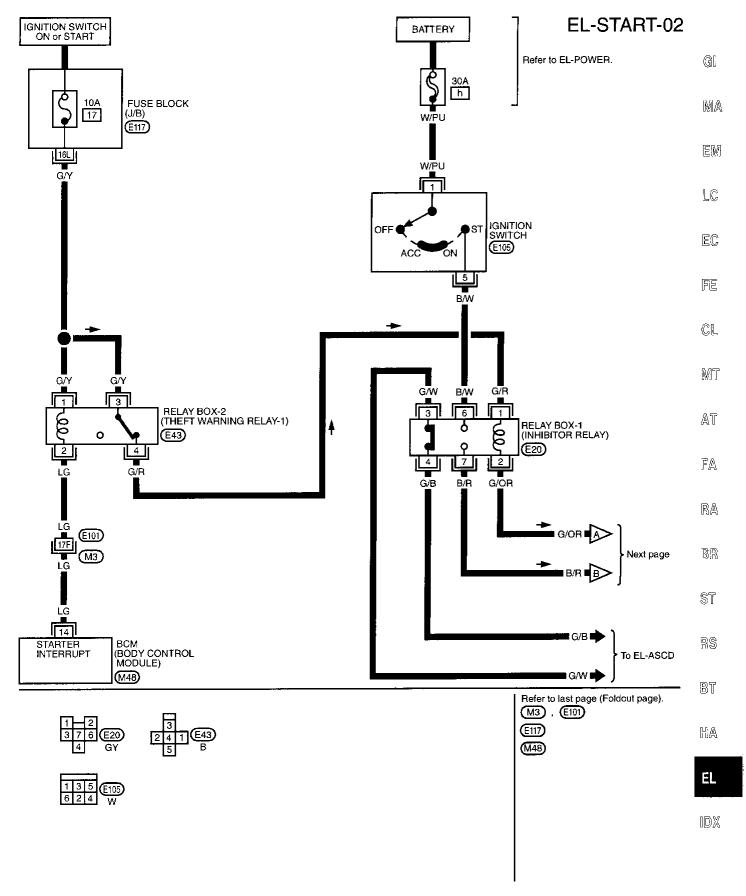
DX

Wiring Diagram — START —

M/T MODEL IGNITION SWITCH ON or START IGNITION SWITCH START **EL-START-01 BATTERY** FUSE BLOCK Refer to EL-POWER. 10A 17 7.5A 33 30A (J/B) h (E117) 16L 8L BR/W G/Y W/PU IGNITION SWITCH OFF C (E105) B/W G/B ВW 3 BR/W RELAY BOX-1 (CLUTCH INTERLOCK RELAY) 3 RELAY BOX-2 (THEFT WARNING RELAY-1) 5 0 5D ■ G/OR ■ (E101) (M3) CLUTCH INTERLOCK SWITCH DEPRESSED (E101) (M16) RELEASED (M3) 2 STARTER MOTOR LG 14 BATTERY E15) BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE) STARTER (M13)**(**M73) (M48)Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M3) , (E101) (E117) (M48) MEL479E

Wiring Diagram — START — (Cont'd)

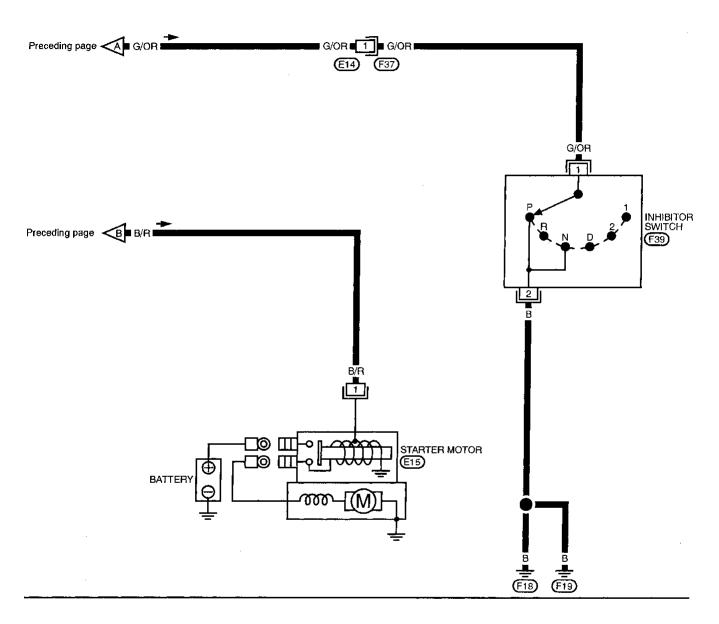
A/T MODEL



MEL480E

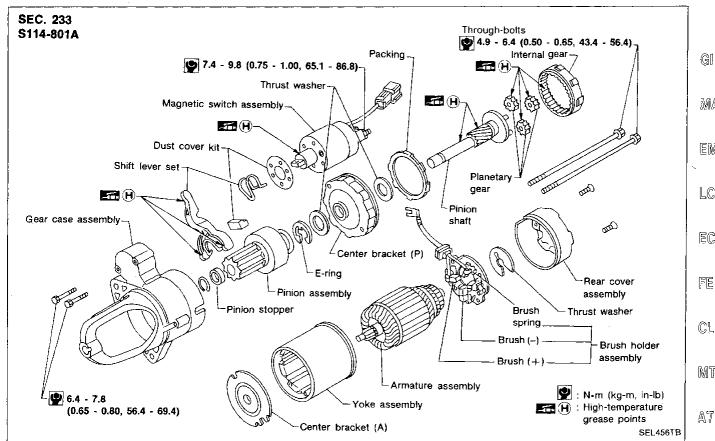
Wiring Diagram — START — (Cont'd)

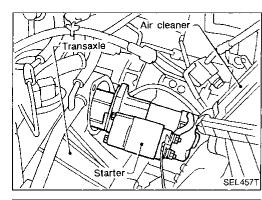
EL-START-03

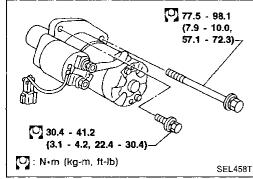




Construction







Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- Remove air duct assembly.
- 2. Disconnect starter harness.
- 3. Remove starter bolts (two).
- Remove starter.

INSTALLATION

To install, reverse the removal procedure.

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Pinion/Clutch Check

- 1. Inspect pinion teeth.
- Replace pinion if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of ring gear teeth.)
- 2. Inspect reduction gear teeth.
- Replace reduction gear if teeth are worn or damaged. (Also check condition of armature shaft gear teeth.)
- 3. Check to see if pinion locks in one direction and rotates smoothly in the opposite direction.
- If it locks or rotates in both directions, or unusual resistance is evident, replace.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) STARTER

		S114-801A
Туре		HITACHI make
		Reduction gear type
System voltage	V	12
No-load		
Terminal voltage	v	11.0
Current	А	Less than 90
Revolution	rpm	More than 2,700
Minimum diameter of commuta	itor mm (in)	28 (1.10)
linimum length of brush	mm (in)	10.5 (0.413)
rush spring tension	N (kg, lb)	12.7 - 17.7 (1.3 - 1.8, 2.9 - 4.0)
earance of bearing metal and naft	d armature mm (in)	Less than 0.2 (0.008)
learance between pinion front inion stopper	t edge and mm (in)	0.3 - 2.5 (0.012 - 0.098)

EL-30 1168

System Description

The alternator provides DC voltage to operate the vehicle's electrical system and to keep the battery charged. AC voltage is converted into DC voltage by the diode assembly in the alternator.

Power is supplied at all times to alternator terminal (\$\scritte{S}\) through:

- 140A fusible link (letter a), located in the fuse and fusible link box), and
- 7.5A fuse (No. 60], located in the fuse and fusible link box).

Voltage output through alternator terminal (B), is controlled by the IC regulator at terminal (S). The charging circuit is protected by the 140A fusible link.

Terminal (E) of the alternator supplies ground through body ground (E35).

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 13], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to combination meter terminal (1) for the charge warning indicator.

Ground is supplied to terminal @ of the combination meter through terminal ① of the alternator. With power and ground supplied, the charge warning indicator will illuminate. When the alternator is providing sufficient voltage, the ground is opened and the charge warning indicator will go off.

If the charge warning indicator illuminates with the engine running, a malfunction is indicated. Refer to "Trouble Diagnoses" (EL-34).

> **EL-31** 1169

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Wiring Diagram — CHARGE — IGNITION SWITCH ON or START **EL-CHARGE-01 BATTERY** FUSE BLOCK (J/B) M1 10A 13 а Refer to EL-POWER. 7.5A 60 COMBINATION METER (CHARGE) (M29) W/R Y/B Y/B Y/B W/R [3] ALTERNATOR







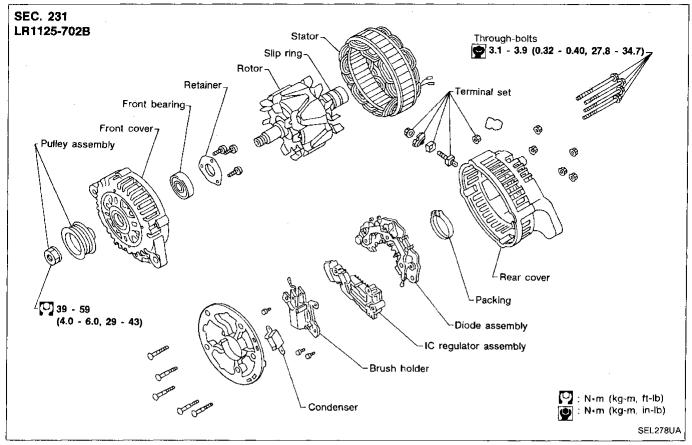
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

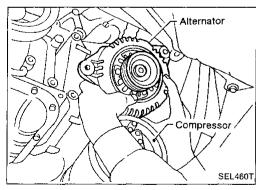
(M3), (E101)

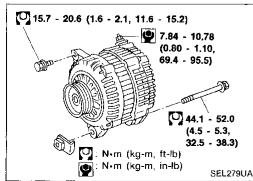
M3), E101 M1)

MEL482E

Construction







Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove engine undercover RH.
- 2. Remove side inspection cover RH.
- 3. Loosen belt idler pulley.
- 4. Remove drive belt.
- 5. Remove A/C compressor mounting bolts (four).
- 6. Remove cooling fan and fan shroud.
- 7. Slide A/C compressor forward.
- 8. Disconnect alternator harness connector.
- 9. Remove alternator upper bolt and lower bolt.

INSTALLATION

To install, reverse the removal procedure.

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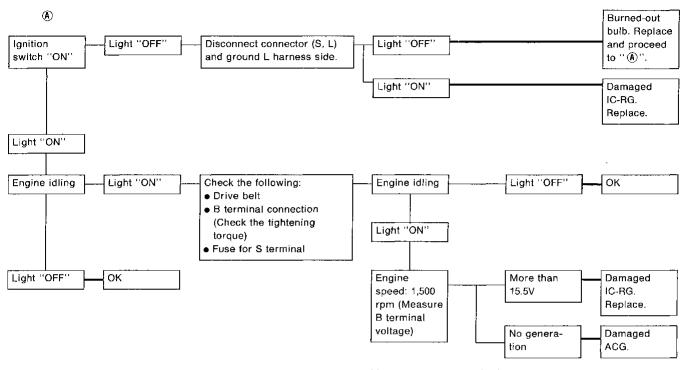
EL

Trouble Diagnoses

Before conducting an alternator test, make sure that the battery is fully charged. A 30-volt voltmeter and suitable test probes are necessary for the test. The alternator can be checked easily by referring to the Inspection Table.

Before starting, inspect the fusible link.

WITH IC REGULATOR



Make sure connector (S, L) is connected correctly.

- 1) Use fully charged battery.
- 2) Light: Charge warning light

ACG: Alternator parts except IC regulator

IC-RG: IC regulator

OK: IC-alternator is in good condition.

 When reaching "Damaged ACG", remove alternator from vehicle and disassembly, inspect and correct or replace faulty parts.

Service Data and Specifications (SDS) ALTERNATOR

Tom -		LR1125-702B	
Туре		HITACHI make	- (
Nominal rating	V-A	12-125	_
Ground polarity		Negative	- №
Minimum revolution under no (When 13.5 volts is applied)	-load rpm	Less than 1,100	
Hot output current (When 13.5 volts is applied)	A/rpm	More than 36/1,300 More than 94/2,500 More than 123/5,000	
Regulated output voltage	V	14.1 - 14.7	- L
Minimum length of brush	mm (in)	More than 6.00 (0.2362)	
Brush spring pressure	N (g, oz)	1.000 - 3.432 (102 - 350, 3.60 - 12.34)	
Slip ring minimum diameter	mm (in)	More than 26.0 (1.024)	-
Rotor (field coil) resistance	Ω	2.35	- Fi

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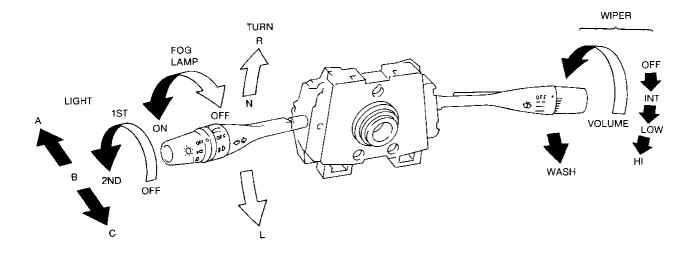
BT

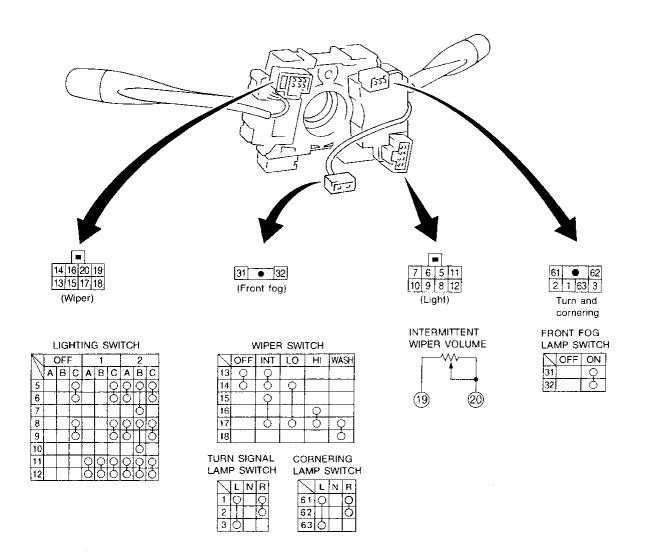
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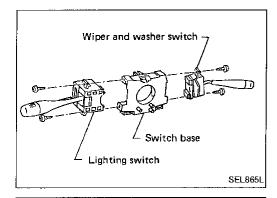
EL-35 1173

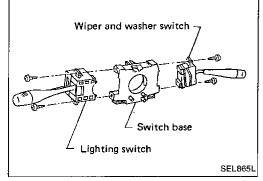
Combination Switch/Check





COMBINATION SWITCH





Combination Switch/Replacement

For removing/installing air bag module and spiral cable, refer to RS section.

• Each switch can be replaced without removing combination switch base.

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To remove combination switch base, remove base attaching screw.

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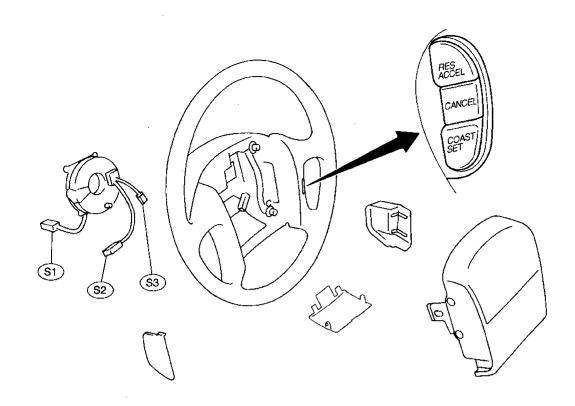
RS

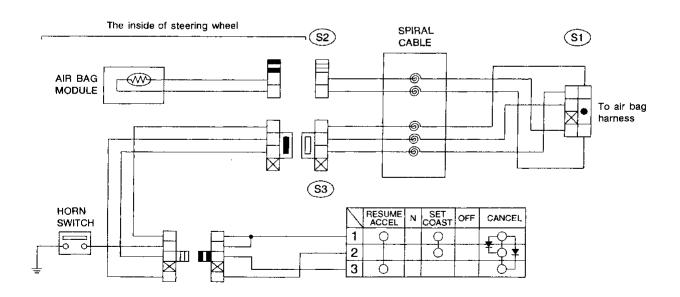
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EL-37 1175

Steering Switch/Check





HEADLAMP

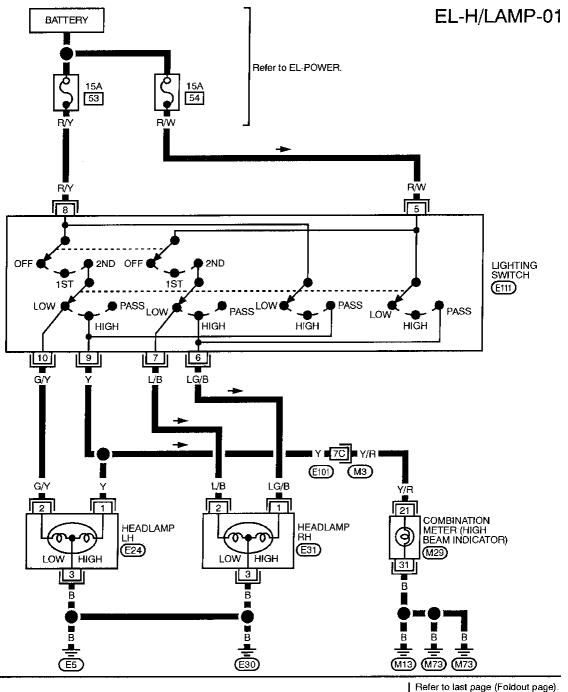
System Description (For USA)

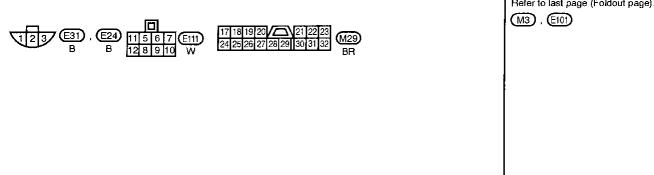
Power is supplied at all times through 15A fuse (No. 54, located in the fuse and fusible link box)	
to lighting switch terminal ⑤, and through 15A fuse (No. 53, located in the fuse and fusible link box)	GI
 to lighting switch terminal ⑧. When the lighting switch is turned to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied from lighting switch terminal ⑩ to terminal ② of the LH headlamp, and 	WA
 from lighting switch terminal ⑦ to terminal ② of the RH headlamp. 	EM
Terminal ③ of each headlamp supplies ground through body grounds (5) and (30). With power and ground supplied, the headlamps will illuminate. When the lighting switch is placed in the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied from lighting switch terminal ⑤	LC
to terminal ① of the LH headlamp, and from lighting switch terminal ⑥	EĈ
 to terminal ① of the RH headlamp, and to combination meter terminal ② for the HIGH BEAM indicator. Ground is supplied to terminal ③ of the combination meter through body grounds (MI) and (MI). 	FE
With power and ground supplied, the high beams and the HIGH BEAM indicator illuminate. With theft warning system	CL
The theft warning system will flash the high beams if the system is triggered. Refer to "THEFT WARN-ING SYSTEM — IVMS" (EL-240).	MT
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EL-39

1DX

Wiring Diagram — H/LAMP —





MEL483E

HEADLAMP

Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
LH headlamps do not operate.	1. Bulb 2. LH headlamp ground 3. 15A fuse 4. Lighting switch	1. Check bulb. 2. Check LH headlamp ground. (Terminal ③) 3. Check 15A fuse (No. 53], located in fusible link). 4. Check lighting switch.
RH headlamps do not operate.	1. Bulb 2. RH headlamp ground 3. 15A fuse 4. Lighting switch	1. Check bulb. 2. Check RH headlamp ground. (Terminal ③) 3. Check 15A fuse (No.54), located in fusible link). 4. Check lighting switch.
LH high beam does not operate, but LH low beam operates.	Bulb Open in LH high beam circuit Bulb Bulb Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check Y wire between lighting switch and LH head-lamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
LH low beam does not operate, but LH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in LH low beam circuit Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check G/Y wire between lighting switch and LH headlamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH high beam does not operate, but RH low beam operates.	Bulb Open in RH high beam circuit Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check LG/B wire between lighting switch and RH headlamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
RH low beam does not operate, but RH high beam operates.	Bulb Open in RH low beam circuit Lighting switch	Check bulb. Check L/B wire between lighting switch and RH headlamp for an open circuit. Check lighting switch.
High beam indicator does not work.	1. Bulb 2. High beam indicator ground 3. Open in high beam circuit	1. Check bulb in combination meter. 2. Check combination meter ground. (Terminal 1) 3. Check Y and Y/R wires between lighting switch and combination meter for an open circuit.

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EL-41 1179

System Description (For Canada)

The headlamp system on vehicles for Canada contains a daytime light unit. The unit activates the high beam headlamps at approximately half illumination whenever the engine is running. If the parking brake is applied before the engine is started, the daytime lights will not be illuminated. The daytime lights will illuminate once the parking brake is released. After that, the daytime lights will continue to operate even when the parking brake is applied.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 53, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal 3 and
- to lighting switch terminal 8.

Power is also supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 54, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to daytime light control unit terminal 2,
- to lighting switch terminal (5) and

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to daytime light control unit terminal (2).

Ground is supplied to daytime light control unit terminal (5) through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

HEADLAMP OPERATION

Low beam operation

When the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal 10
- to LH headlamp terminal ②.

Ground is supplied to LH headlamp terminal 3 through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

Also, when the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal ?
- to RH headlamp terminal ② .

Ground is supplied to headlamp terminal 3 through body grounds 5 and 6 (through daytime light control unit).

With power and ground supplied, the low beam headlamps illuminate.

High beam operation

When the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal (9)
- to LH headlamp terminal (1).

Also, when the lighting switch is moved to the 2ND and HIGH ("A") or PASS ("C") position, power is supplied

- from lighting switch terminal 9
- to daytime light control unit terminal (8)
- through daytime light control unit terminal 6
- to RH headlamp terminal ①.

Ground is supplied in the same manner as low beam operation.

With power and ground supplied, the high beam headlamps illuminate.

DAYTIME LIGHT OPERATION

With the engine running and the lighting switch in the OFF position, power is supplied

- to daytime light control unit terminal 3
- through daytime light control unit terminal 6
- to headlamp RH terminal (1)
- through headlamp RH terminal (3)
- to daytime light control unit terminal (7)
- through daytime light control unit terminal 8
- to headlamp LH terminal (1).

Ground is supplied to headlamp LH terminal 3 through body grounds 5 and 5.

Because the high beam headlamps are now connected in series, they operate at half illumination.

Operation (Daytime light system for Canada)

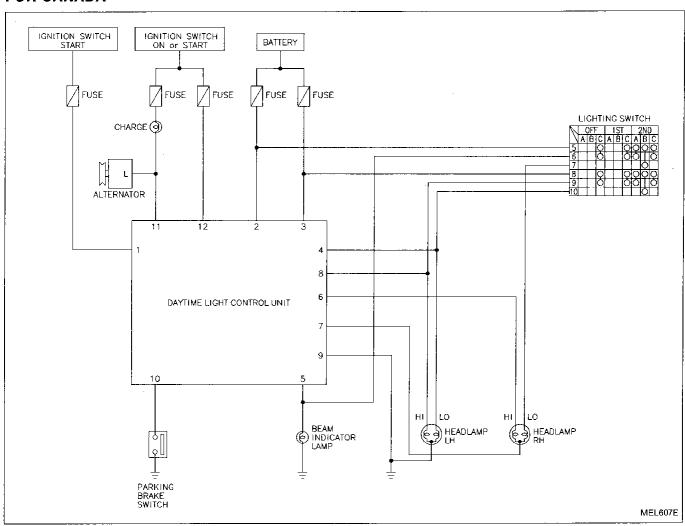
After starting the engine with the lighting switch in the "OFF" position or "1ST" position, the headlamp high beam automatically turns on. Lighting switch operations other than the above are the same as conventional light systems.

E	Ingine			W	ith er	ngine	stopp	ed					V	/ith er	igine	runnii	ng		
		OFF 1ST		2ND		OFF		1ST			2ND								
Lighting switch		Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
	High beam	х	Х	0	х	Х	0	0	Х	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	Δ*	Δ*	0	0	Х	0
Headlamp	Low beam	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	0	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х
Clearance and ta	il lamp	х	х	х	0	0	0	0	0	0	х	х	X	0	0	0	0	0	0
License and instr lamp	rument illumination	Х	х	х	0	0	0	0	0	0	х	х	х	0	0	0	0	0	0

O: Lamp "ON"

Schematic

FOR CANADA



EL-43 1181

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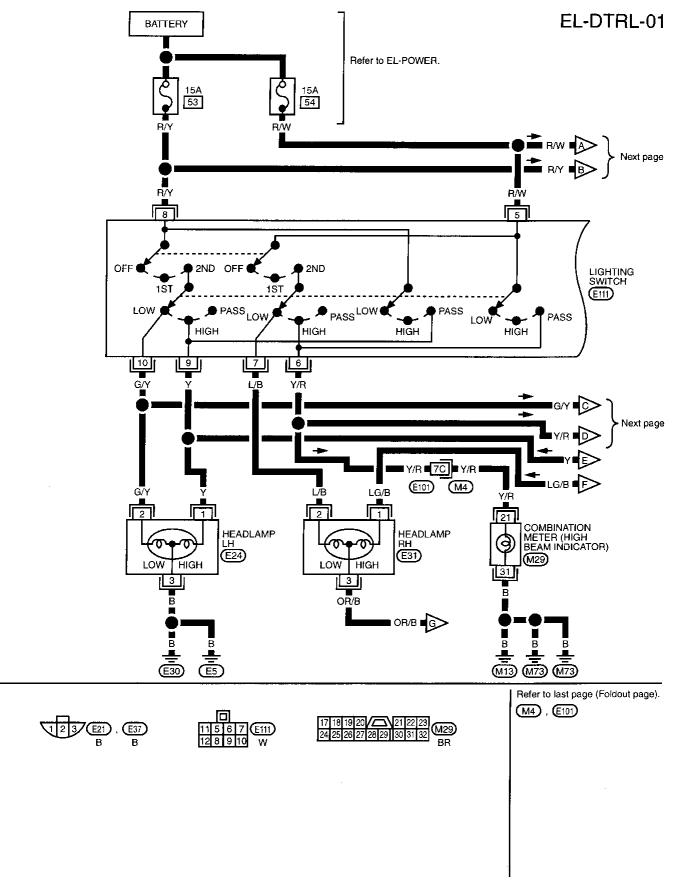
X : Lamp "OFF"

 $[\]triangle$: Lamp dims.

^{*:} When starting the engine with the parking brake released, the daytime lamp will come ON.

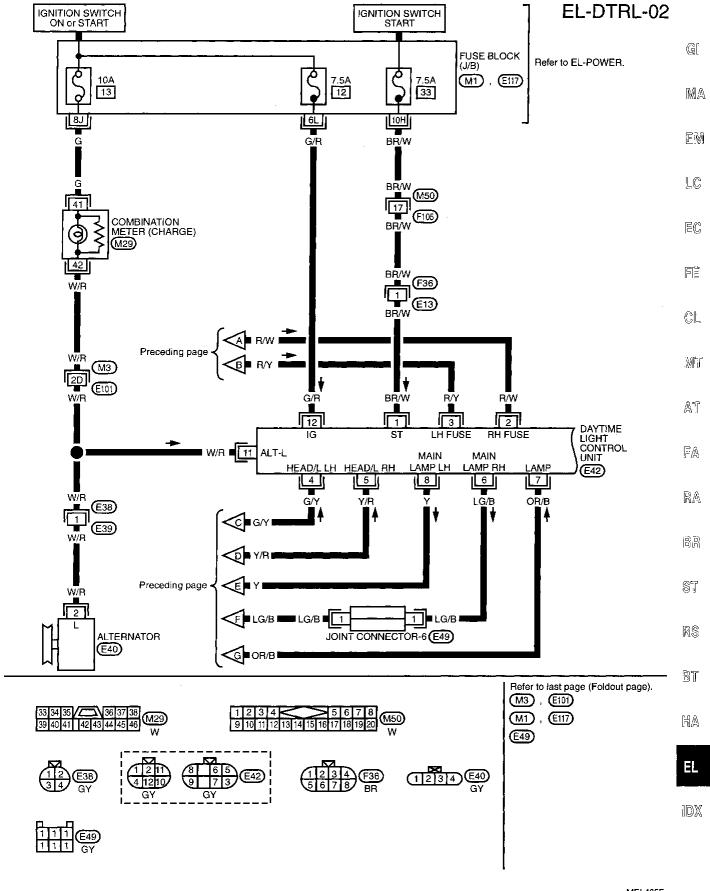
When starting the engine with the parking brake pulled, the daytime lamp won't come ON.

Wiring Diagram — DTRL —



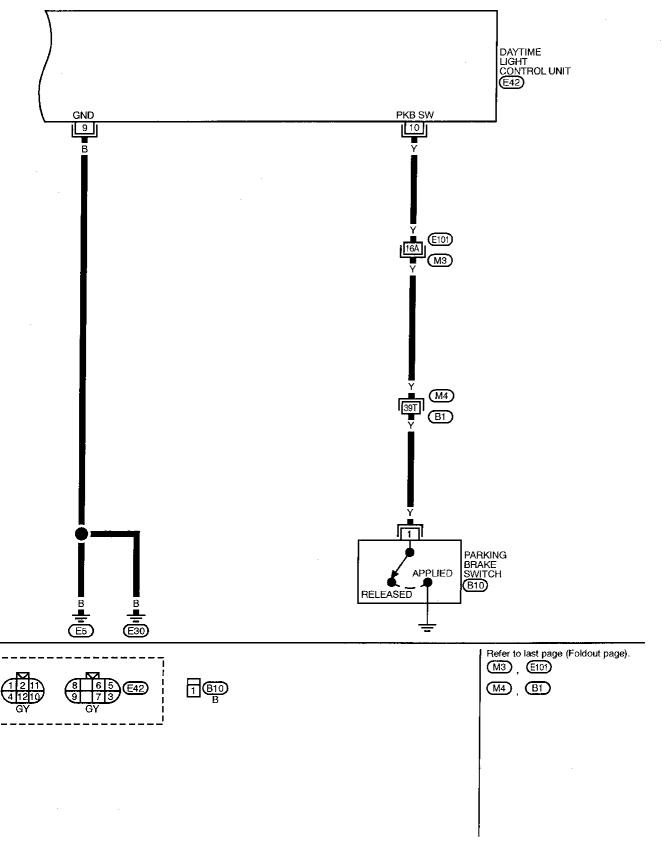
MEL484E

Wiring Diagram — DTRL — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — DTRL — (Cont'd)

EL-DTRL-03



Trouble Diagnoses (Daytime Light)

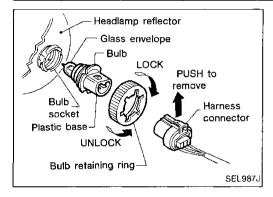
DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT INSPECTION TABLE

Ter- minal No.	Item		Condition	Judgement standard
1	Start signal		When turning ignition switch to "ST"	Battery positive voltage
		Con	When turning ignition switch to "ON" from "ST"	1V or less
		Corp	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	1V or less
2	Power source	Can	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery positive voltage
i		Con	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Battery positive voltage
3	Power source	Con	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery positive voltage
		COFF	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	Battery positive voltage
4	Lighting switch (Lo beam)		When turning lighting switch to "2ND" ("B")	Battery positive voltage
5	Lighting switch (Hi beam)		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("A")	Battery positive voltage
ļ			When turning lighting switch to "PASS" ("C")	Battery positive voltage
6	RH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("C")	Battery positive voltage
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (day-time light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Battery positive voltage
	RH headlamp control (ground)		When lighting switch is turned to "2ND" ("B")	1V or less
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Approx. half battery voltage
8	LH hi beam		When turning lighting switch to "HIGH" ("A")	Battery positive voltage
			When releasing parking brake with engine running and turning lighting switch to "OFF" (daytime light operation) CAUTION: Block wheels and ensure selector lever is in N or P position.	Approx. half battery voltage

EL-47 1185

Trouble Diagnoses (Daytime Light) (Cont'd)

Ter- minal No.	ltem		Condition	Judgement standard
9	Ground			-
10	Parking brake switch	(En	When parking brake is released	Battery positive voltage
]			When parking brake is set	1.5V or less
11	Alternator	(Con)	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	1V or less
			When engine is running	Battery positive voltage
		(COFF)	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	1V or less
12	Power source	CON	When turning ignition switch to "ON"	Battery positive voltage
		(CsT)	When turning ignition switch to "ST"	Battery positive voltage
		(Coff)	When turning ignition switch to "OFF"	1V or less



Bulb Replacement

The headlamp is a semi-sealed beam type which uses a replaceable halogen bulb. The bulb can be replaced from the engine compartment side without removing the headlamp body.

- Grasp only the plastic base when handling the bulb. Never touch the glass envelope.
- 1. Disconnect the battery cable.
- Turn the bulb retaining ring counterclockwise until it is free from the headlamp reflector, and then remove it.
- Disconnect the harness connector from the back side of the bulb.
- Remove the headlamp bulb carefully. Do not shake or rotate the bulb when removing it.
- 5. Install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

 Do not leave the bulb out of the headlamp reflector for a long period of time as dust, moisture, smoke, etc. may enter the headlamp body and affect the performance of the headlamp. Thus, the headlamp bulb should not be removed from the headlamp reflector until just before a replacement bulb is to be installed.

EL-48 1186

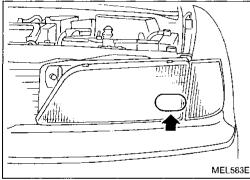
Aiming Adjustment

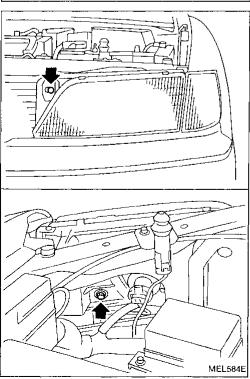
When performing headlamp aiming adjustment, use an aiming machine, aiming wall screen or headlamp tester. For operating instructions of any aimer, it should be in good repair, calibrated and used according to respective operation manuals supplied with the unit.

If any aimer is not available, aiming adjustment can be done as follows:

For details, refer to the regulations in your own country.

- Keep all tires inflated to correct pressures.
- b. Place vehicle and tester on one and same flat surface.
- c. See that there is no-load in vehicle (coolant, engine oil filled up to correct level and full fuel tank) other than the driver (or equivalent weight placed in driver's position).





AIMER ADJUSTMENT MARK

When using a mechanical aimer, adjust adapter legs to the data marked on the headlamps.

Example:

4H 2V

Vertical side: 2

Horizontal side: 4

LOW BEAM

- Turn headlamp low beam on.
- Use adjusting screws to perform aiming adjustment.
- First tighten the adjusting screw all the way and then make adjustment by loosening the screw.



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$W_L = 1,100 (43.31)$ 7,620 (300,00) "H": Horizontal center line of headlamps Vertical center line Upper edge of ahead of headlamps high intensity zone Height of 100 lamp centers (4) 100 (4) 100 100 (4) (4) 100 100 100 100 (4) (4) Left edge of high intensity zone = ACCEPTABLE RANGE Unit: mm (in) SEL866L

Aiming Adjustment (Cont'd)

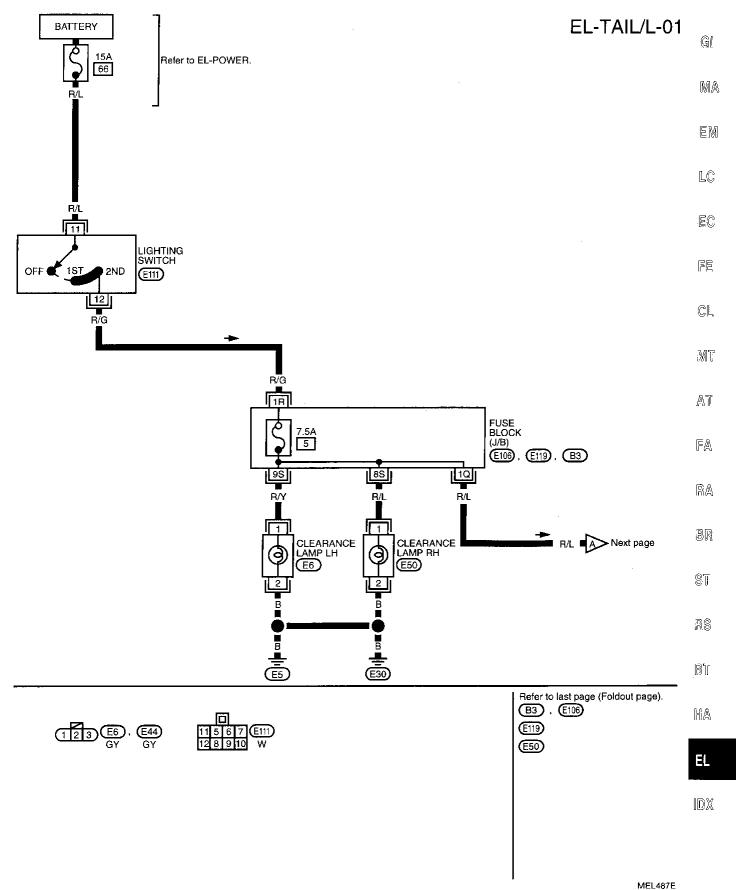
- Upper edge and left edge of high intensity zone should be within the range shown at left. Adjust headlamps accordingly.
- Dotted lines in illustration show center of headlamp.

"H": Horizontal center line of headlamps

"W,": Distance between each headlamp center

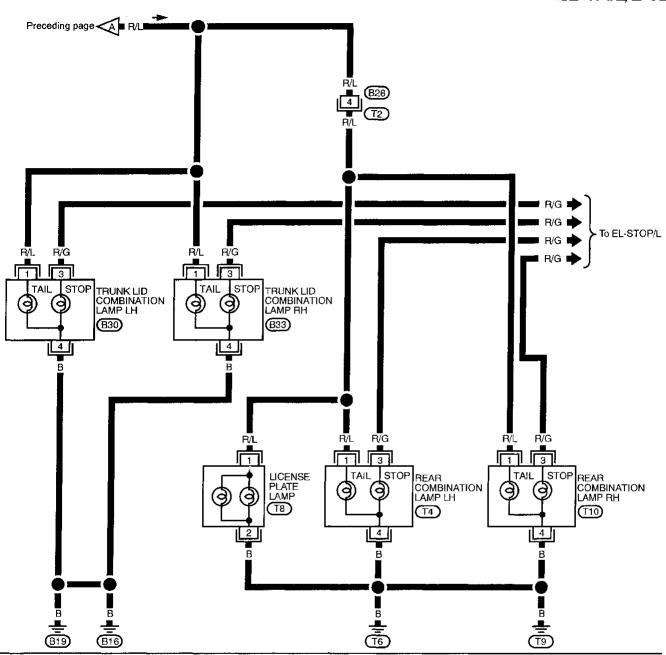
EL-50 1188

Clearance, License and Tail Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L —

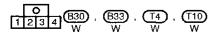


Clearance, License and Tail Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TAIL/L — (Cont'd)

EL-TAIL/L-02









Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/System Description

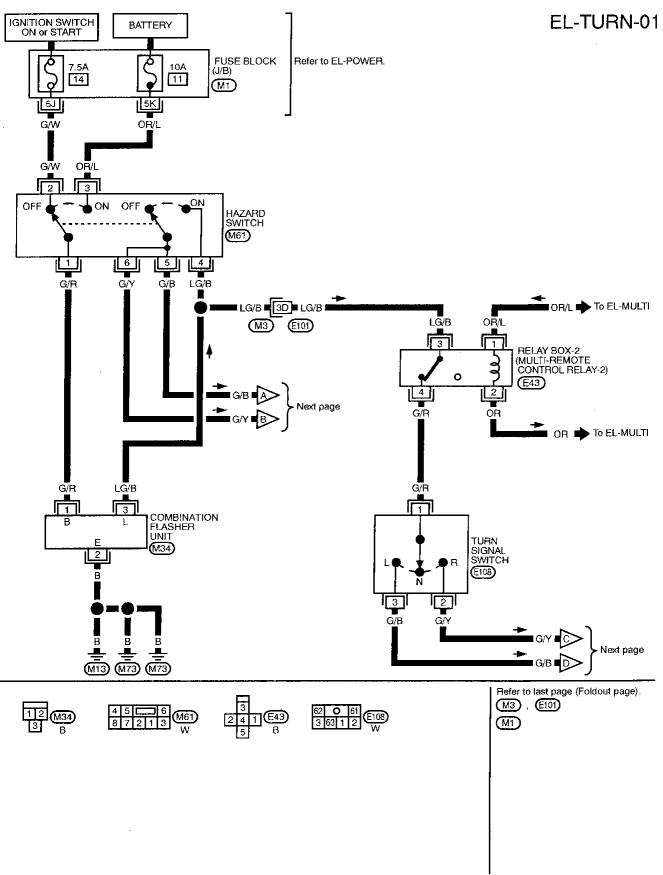
TURN SIGNAL OPERATION

ard warning lamps.

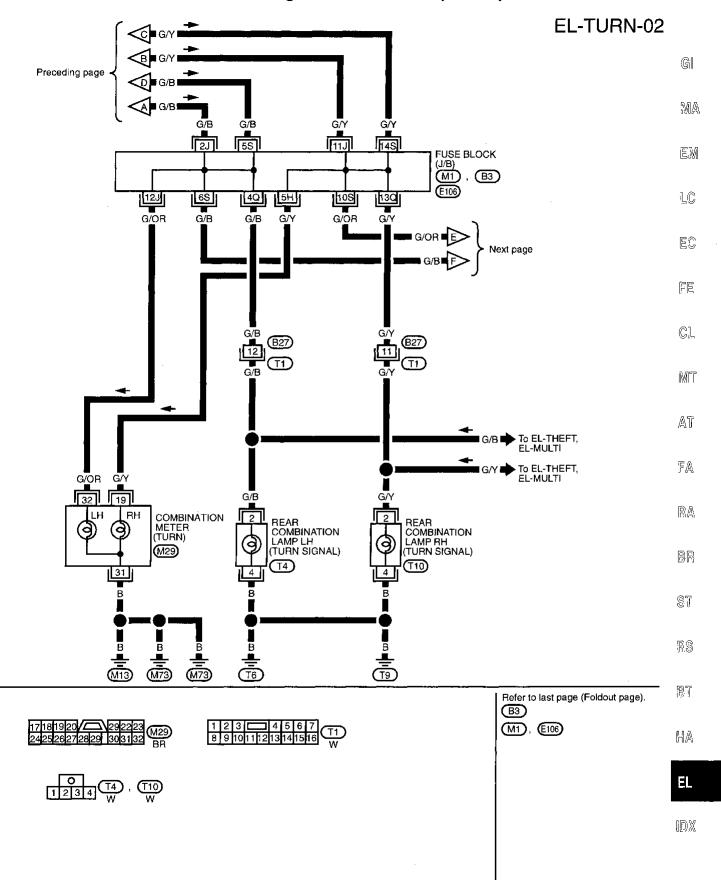
With the hazard switch in the OFF position and the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power	
is supplied through 7.5A fuse [No. 14], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	GI
 to hazard switch terminal ② through terminal ① of the hazard switch to combination flasher unit terminal ® 	MA
• through terminal ① of the combination flasher unit and terminal ④ of the multi-remote control relay-2	EW
• to turn signal switch terminal ①. Ground is supplied to combination flasher unit terminal ⑤ through body grounds (M13) and (M73).	LC
LH turn When the turn signal switch is moved to the LH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal (3) to	EC
 front turn signal lamp LH terminal ① [through fuse block (J/B) terminals ⑤ and ⑥] rear combination lamp LH terminal ② [through fuse block (J/B) terminals ⑥ and ④] and 	
 combination meter terminal ②. Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp LH terminal ② through body grounds (E5) and (E30). Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp LH terminal ④ through body grounds (T6) and (T9). 	FE
Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal 31) through body grounds (M13) and (M73). With power and grounds supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the LH	CL
turn signal lamps. RH turn	WIT
When the turn signal switch is moved to the RH position, power is supplied from turn signal switch terminal ② to front turn signal lamp RH terminal ① [through fuse block (J/B) terminals ④ and ⑤]	AT
 rear combination lamp RH terminal ② [through fuse block (J/B) terminals (48) and (30)] and combination meter terminal (9). 	FA
Ground is supplied to the front turn signal lamp RH terminal ② through body grounds E5 and E30. Ground is supplied to the rear combination lamp RH terminal ④ through body grounds 6 and 9. Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ⑤ through body grounds 6 and 6. With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the RH	RA
turn signal lamps. HAZARD LAMP OPERATION	BR
Power is supplied at all times to hazard switch terminal ③ through 10A fuse [No. 11], located in the fuse block (J/B)]. With the hazard switch in the ON position, power is supplied	ST
• through terminal (1) of the hazard switch	RS
• to hazard switch terminal 4	87
 front turn signal lamp LH terminal ① [through fuse block (J/B) terminals ② and ⑥ rear combination lamp LH terminal ② [through fuse block (J/B) terminals ② and ⑥ 	HA
 combination meter terminal ②. Power is also supplied through terminal ⑥ of the hazard switch to front turn signal lamp RH terminal ① [through fuse block (J/B) terminals ① and ② 	EL
 rear combination lamp RH terminal ② [through fuse block (J/B) terminals (11) and (130)] and combination meter terminal ③ [through fuse block (J/B) terminals (11) and (34)]. 	:Dx
Ground is supplied to terminal ② of the front turn signal lamps through body grounds (5) and (53). Ground is supplied to terminal ④ of the rear combination lamps through body grounds (16) and (19). Ground is supplied to combination meter terminal ⑤ through body grounds (13) and (13).	
With power and ground supplied, the combination flasher unit controls the flashing interval of the haz-	

EL-53 1191

Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TURN —

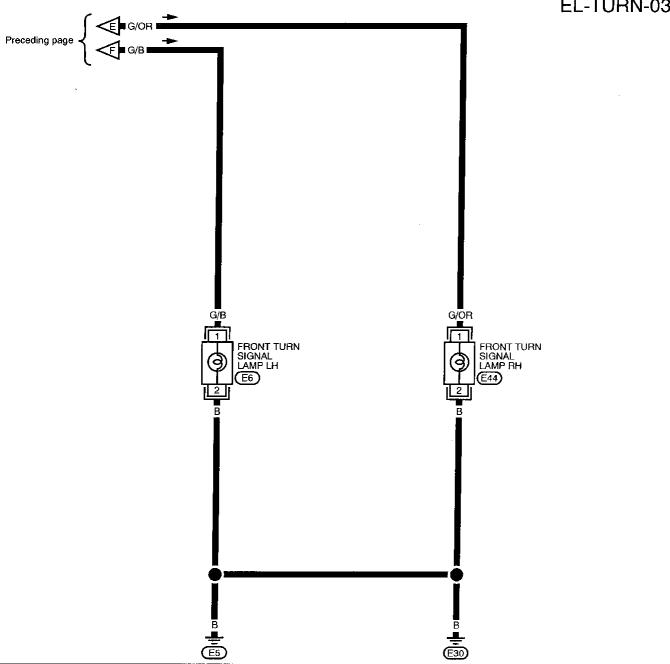


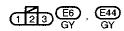
Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TURN — (Cont'd)



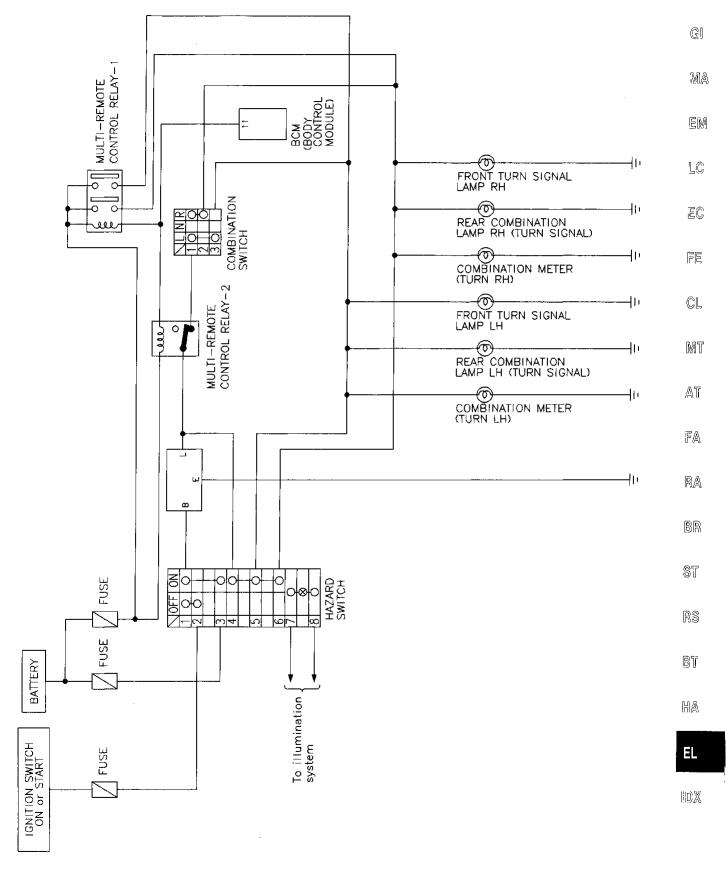
Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Wiring Diagram — TURN — (Cont'd)

EL-TURN-03



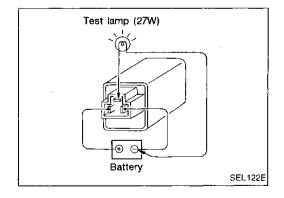


Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/ Schematic



Turn Signal and Hazard Warning Lamps/Trouble Diagnoses

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order
Turn signal and hazard warning lamps do not operate.	Hazard switch Combination flasher unit Open in combination flasher unit circuit	Check hazard switch. Refer to combination flasher unit check. Check wiring to combination flasher unit for open circuit.
Turn signal lamps do not operate but hazard warning lamps oper- ate.	1. 7.5A fuse	1. Check 7.5A fuse (No. 14, located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ② of hazard switch.
	Hazard switch Turn signal switch Open in turn signal switch circuit	 Check hazard switch. Check turn signal switch. Check harness between combination flasher unit terminal ③ and turn signal switch terminal ① for open circuit.
Hazard warning lamps do not operate but turn signal lamps operate.	 1. 10A fuse 2. Hazard switch 3. Open in hazard switch circuit 	 Check 10A fuse (No. 11), located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 3 of hazard switch. Check hazard switch. Check harness between combination flasher unit terminal 3 and hazard switch terminal 4 for open circuit.
Individual turn signal lamp or turn indicators do not operate.	1. Bulb 2. Grounds	Check bulb. Check ground circuit for the bulb.

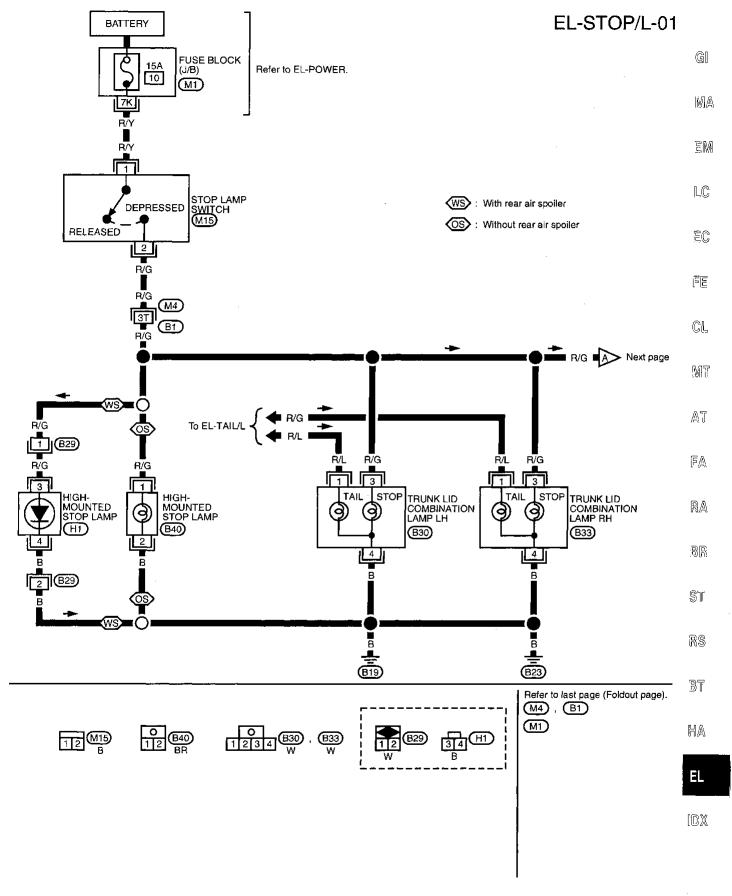


Combination Flasher Unit Check

- Before checking, ensure that bulbs meet specifications.
- Connect a battery and test lamp to the combination flasher unit, as shown. Combination flasher unit is properly functioning if it blinks when power is supplied to the circuit.

EL-58 1196

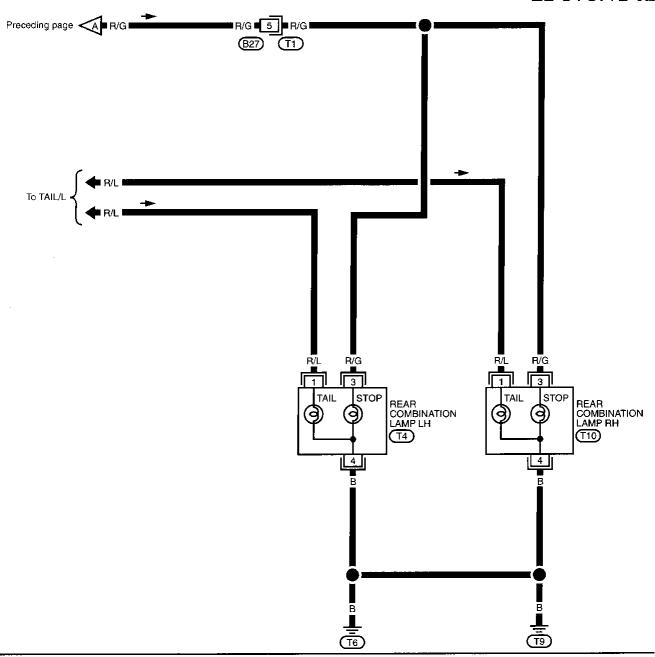
Stop Lamp/Wiring Diagram — STOP/L —



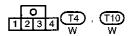
MEL493E

Stop Lamp/Wiring Diagram — STOP/L — (Cont'd)

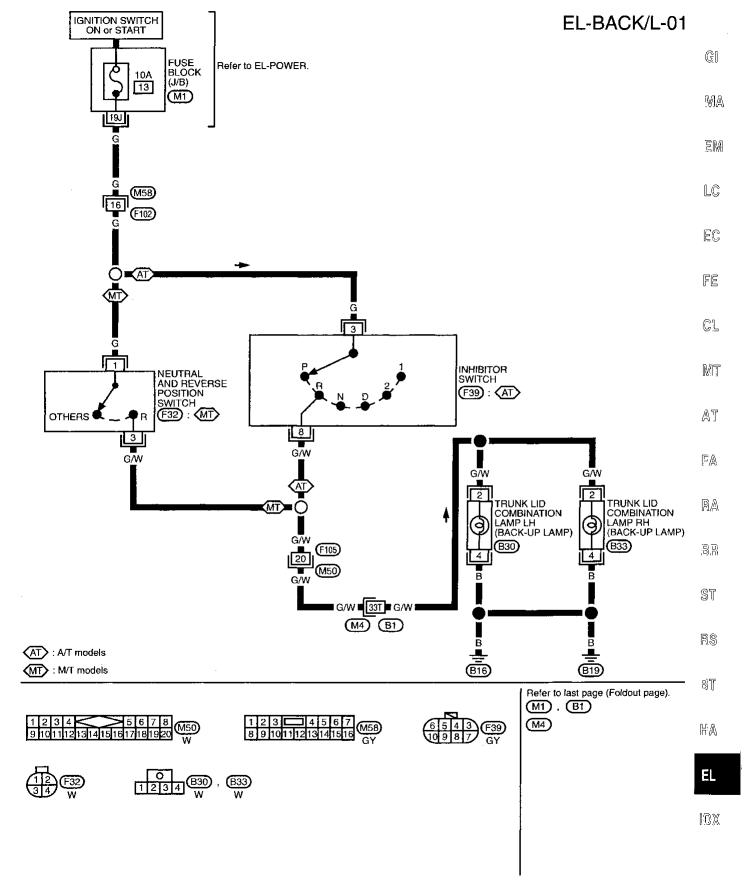
EL-STOP/L-02







Back-up Lamp/Wiring Diagram — BACK/L —



MEL495E

Front Fog Lamp/System Description

Power is supplied at all times to front fog lamp relay terminal 3 through

• 15A fuse (No. 63, located in the fuse and fusible link box).

With the lighting switch in the 2ND and LOW ("B") position, power is supplied

- through 15A fuse (No. 53, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal (8)
- through terminal (0) of the lighting switch
- to front fog lamp relay terminal ①.

Front fog lamp operation

The lighting switch must be in the 2ND and LOW ("B") position for front fog lamp operation. With the front fog lamp switch in the ON position

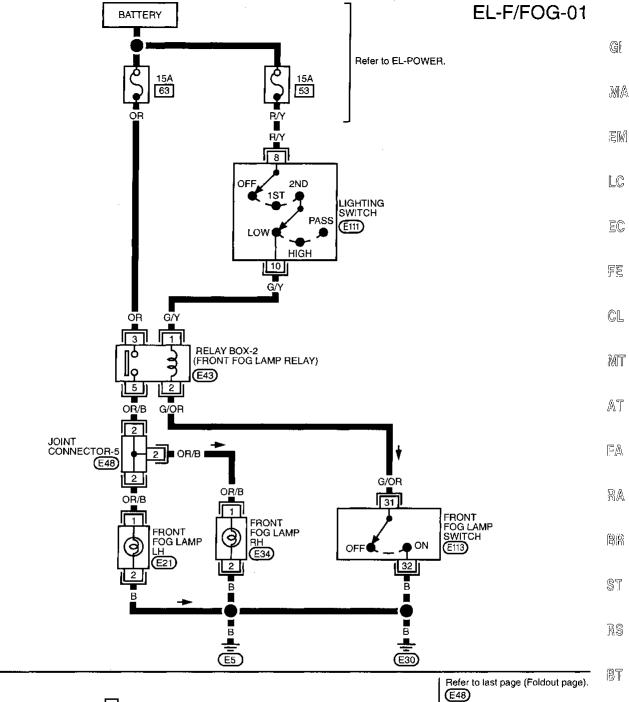
• ground is supplied to front fog lamp relay terminal ② through the front fog lamp switch and body grounds (E3) and (E30).

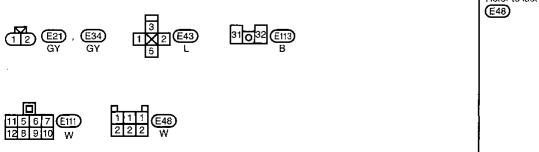
The front fog lamp relay is energized and power is supplied

- from front fog lamp relay terminal (5)
- to terminal (1) of each front fog lamp.

Ground is supplied to terminal ② of each front fog lamp through body grounds (E5) and (E30). With power and ground supplied, the front fog lamps illuminate.

Front Fog Lamp/Wiring Diagram — F/FOG —



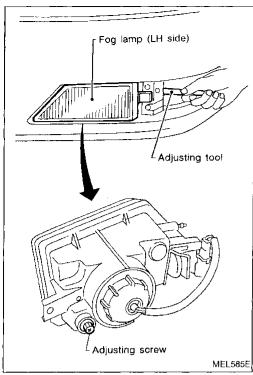


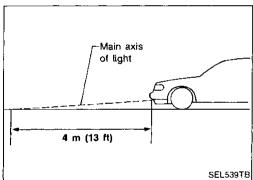
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Front Fog Lamp Aiming Adjustment

Before performing aiming adjustment, make sure of the following.

- a. Keep all tires inflated to correct pressure.
- b. Place vehicle on level ground.
- See that vehicle is unloaded (except for full levels of coolant, engine oil and fuel, and spare tire, jack, and tools).
 Have the driver or equivalent weight placed in driver seat.

Adjust aiming in the vertical direction by turning the adjusting screw.

Check the distance between the vehicle and the ground point where the main axis of light of fog lamp reaches. Keep the distance within 4 m (13 ft).

EXTERIOR LAMP

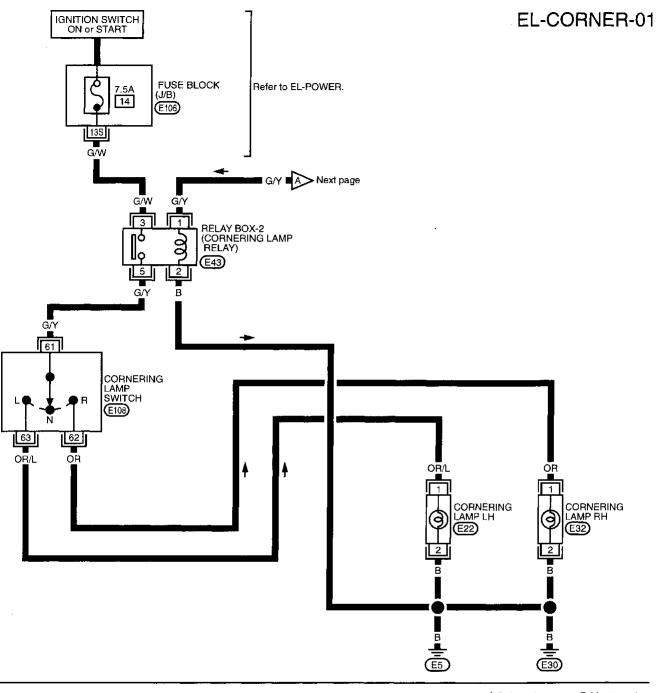
Cornering Lamp/System Description

The lighting switch must be in the 2ND and LOW ("B") or HIGH ("A") position for the cornering lamps to operate. Power is supplied at all times to terminal (8) of the lighting switch through • 15A fuse (No. [53], located in the fuse and fusible link box). GI. With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied to cornering lamp relay terminal (3) through: MA • 7.5A fuse [No. 14], located in the fuse block (J/B)]. Power is supplied to cornering lamp relay terminal (1) through terminal (10) of the lighting switch in the LOW ("B") position or EM through terminal (6) of the lighting switch in the HIGH ("A") position. Ground is supplied to cornering lamp relay terminal (1) through body grounds (15) and (150). With power and ground supplied, the cornering lamp relay is energized. LC Power is supplied from terminal (5) of the cornering lamp relay to cornering lamp switch terminal 61). EC RH turn When the turn signal lever is moved to the RH position, power is supplied FE • from terminal (f) of the cornering lamp switch through terminal 62 of the cornering lamp switch to cornering lamp RH terminal (1). CL Ground is supplied to terminal (2) of cornering lamp RH through body grounds (E5) and (E30). The RH cornering lamp illuminates until the turn signal lever returns to NEUTRAL position. LH turn MT When the turn signal lever is moved to the LH position, power is supplied • from terminal (1) of the cornering lamp switch AT through terminal 63 of the cornering lamp switch to cornering lamp LH terminal ①. Ground is supplied to terminal ② of cornering lamp LH through body grounds (E5) and (E30). FA The LH cornering lamp illuminates until the turn signal lever returns to NEUTRAL position. RA BR ST RS BT HA

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EL-65 1203

Cornering Lamp/Wiring Diagram — CORNER —







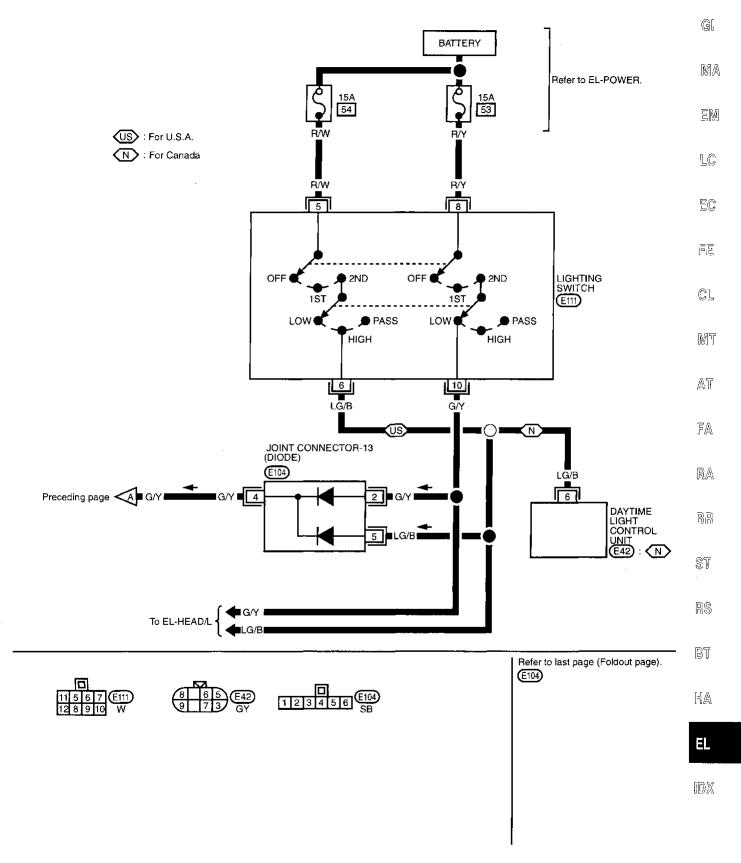


Refer to last page (Foldout page).

MEL497E

Cornering Lamp/Wiring Diagram — CORNER — (Cont'd)

EL-CORNER-02



MEL498E

Bulb Specifications

	Wattage (12 volt)		
Headlamp (Semi-sealed beam)			
High/low	65/45 (HB1)		
Front turn signal lamp	27		
Front clearance lamp	5		
Cornering lamp	27		
Front fog lamp	55 (H3)		
Rear combination lamp			
Turn signal	27		
Stop/Tail	27/8		
Back-up	27		
License plate lamp	5		
High-mounted stop lamp	27		

EL-68 1206

Illumination/System Description

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse (No. 66, located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to lighting switch terminal (f).

The lighting switch must be in the 1ST or 2ND position for illumination.

Power is also supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to vanity mirror illumination terminal (1).

A variable resistor is built in the illumination control switch to control the amount of current to the illumination system.

The ashtray illumination, vanity mirror illumination and the glove box lamp are not controlled by the illumination control switch. The brightness of these lamps does not change.

The following chart shows the power and ground connector terminals for the components included in the illumination system.

Component	Power terminal	Ground terminal
Combination meter	36)	(5) and (40)
Push control unit	①	4
Illumination control switch	①	② and ③
Handsfree switch	(L)	(3)
Audio	8	7
A/T device	4	3
Cigarette lighter	①	2
Hazard switch	?	8
ASCD main switch	(5)	6
Rear window defogger switch	(5)	6
Power window switch (Front LH/RH)	⑦/⑭	10 / 10
Ashtray	1	2
Glove box lamp	①	2
Clock	2	1
Vanity mirror	1	2

With the exception of the glove box lamp, vanity mirror illumination and the ashtray illumination, the ground for all of the components are controlled through terminals (2) and (3) of the illumination control switch and body grounds (M13) and (M73).

When the glove box is open, glove box lamp terminal ① is grounded through the glove box lamp switch and body grounds (M13) and (M73).

The ashtray illumination terminal (2) and vanity mirror illumination terminal (2) are grounded directly through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

Vanity mirror will illuminate when cover of the vanity mirror is opened.

Spot and Trunk Room Lamps/System **Description**

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to spot lamp terminal (1), and
- to trunk room lamp terminal (1).

Ground is supplied when switch is OPEN

- to spot lamp terminal ②
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

Ground is supplied when trunk room lamp switch is OPEN

- to trunk room lamp terminal (2)
- through body grounds (816) and (819).

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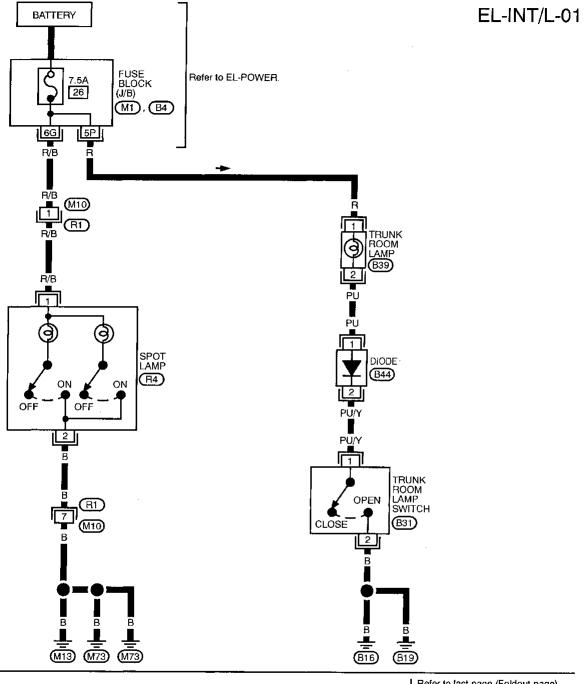
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EL-69 1207

Spot and Trunk Room Lamp/Wiring Diagram — INT/L —



1 B44





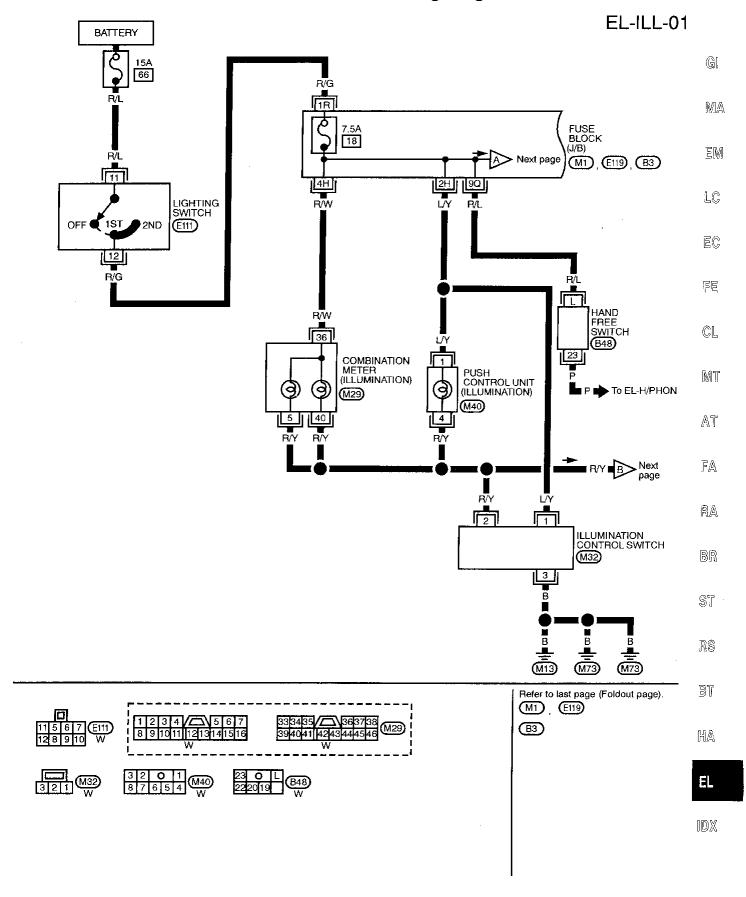




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MEL499E

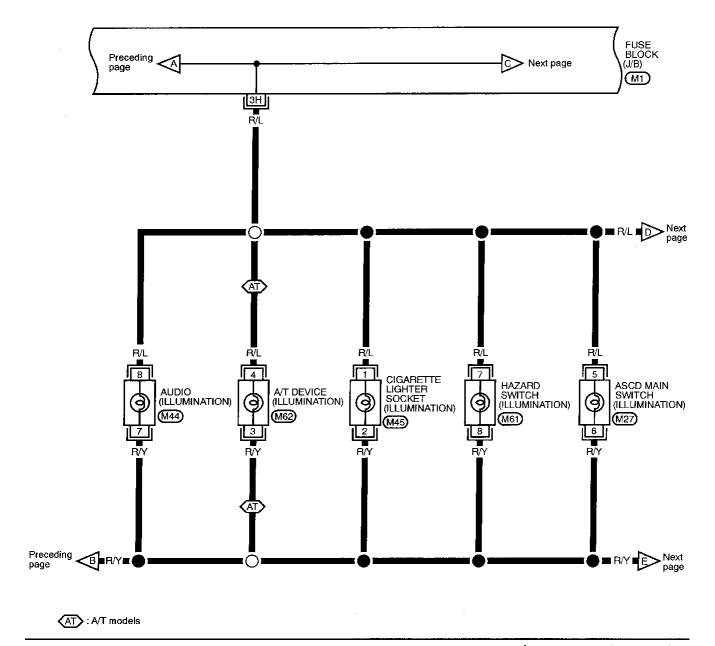
Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL —

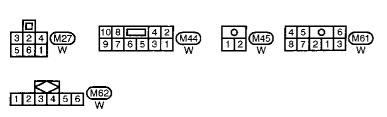


MEL501E

Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)

EL-ILL-02



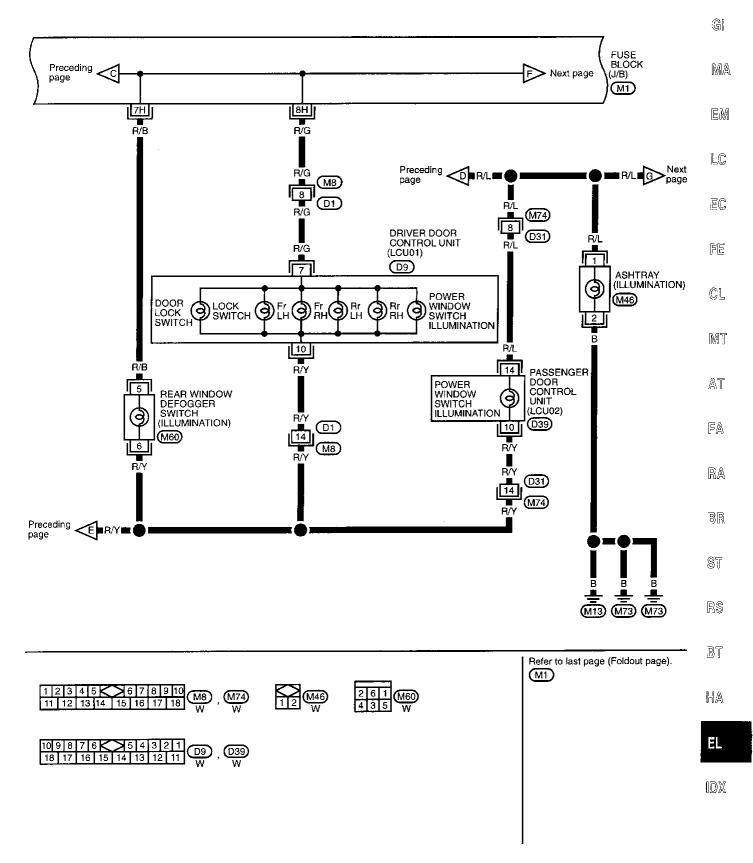


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MEL502E

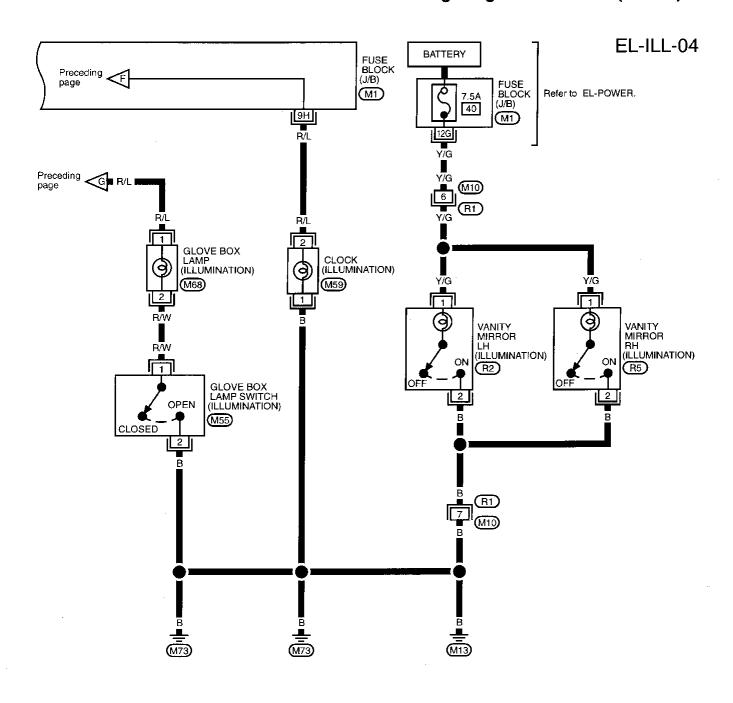
Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)

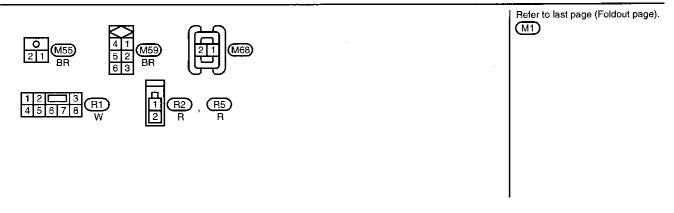
EL-ILL-03



MEL503E

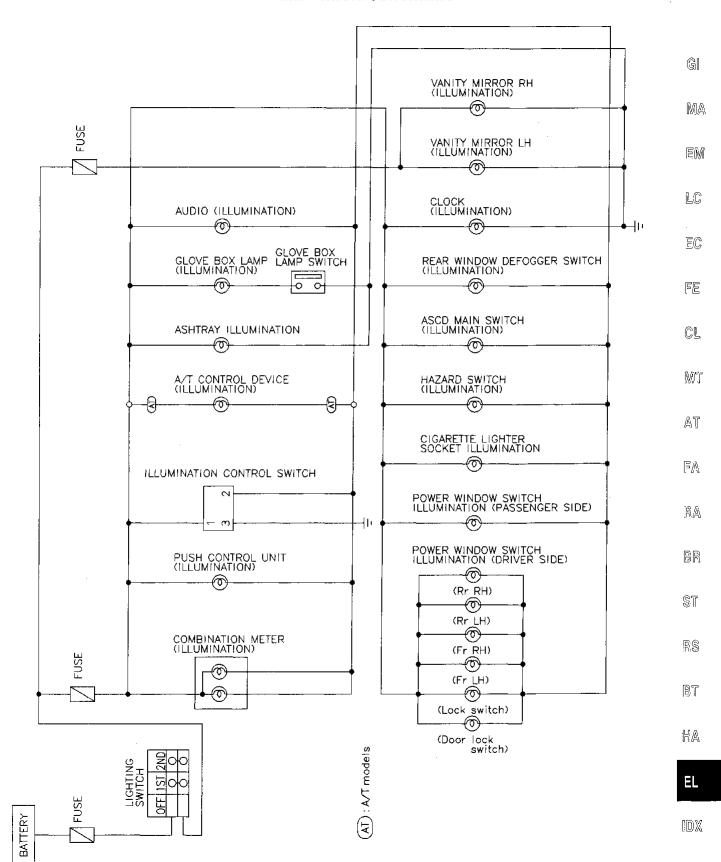
Illumination/Wiring Diagram — ILL — (Cont'd)





MEL504E

Illumination/Schematic



INTERIOR LAMP

Bulb Specifications

	Wattage (12 volt)	
Interior lamp	10	
Spot lamp	10	
Step lamp	3.4	
Trunk room lamp	3.4	

EL-76 1214

METERS AND GAUGES

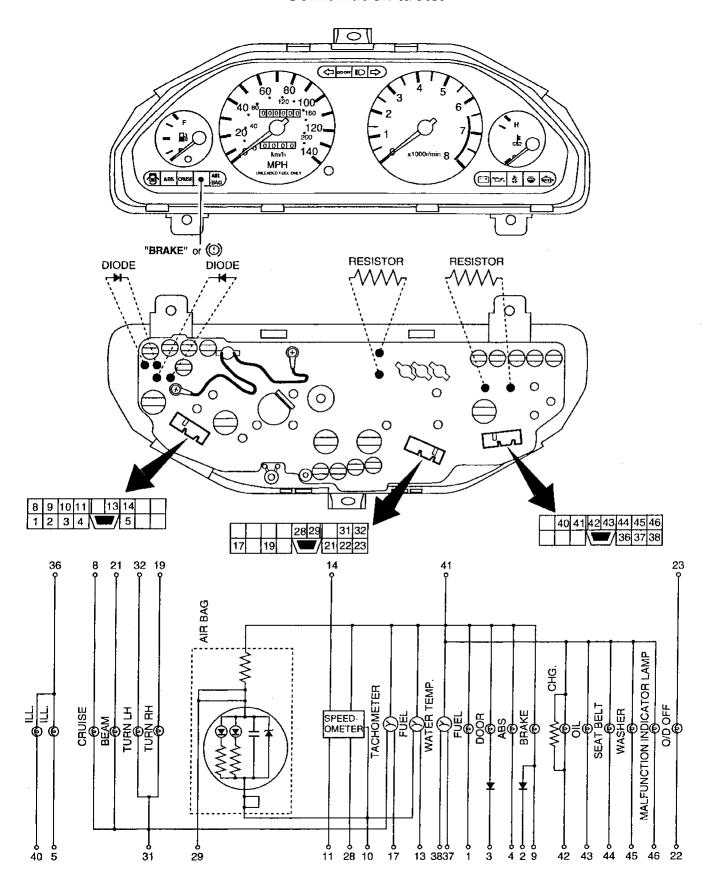
System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied through 10A fuse [No. 13], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to combination meter terminal (1) GI for the tachometer and for the fuel gauge and water temperature gauge. Ground is supplied MA • to combination meter terminals (1), (10) and (88) through body grounds (M13) and (M73). The reading on the water temperature gauge is based on the resistance change of the thermal transmitter. A variable ground is supplied to terminal \mathfrak{D} of the combination meter for the water temperature gauge. The tachometer is regulated by a signal LC. • from terminal 5 of the ECM (ECCS control module) to combination meter terminal (7) for the tachometer. The fuel gauge is regulated by a variable ground signal supplied EC to combination meter terminal (3) for the fuel gauge from terminal (3) of the fuel tank gauge unit through terminal (2) of the fuel tank gauge unit and FE through body grounds (816) and (819). The vehicle speed sensor provides a voltage signal to the combination meter for the speedometer and CiL the voltage is converted into the vehicle speed. The voltage is supplied to combination meter terminals (1) and (28) for the speedometer MT from terminals (1) and (2) of the vehicle speed sensor. ΔT FA RA BR ST RS BT HA 34

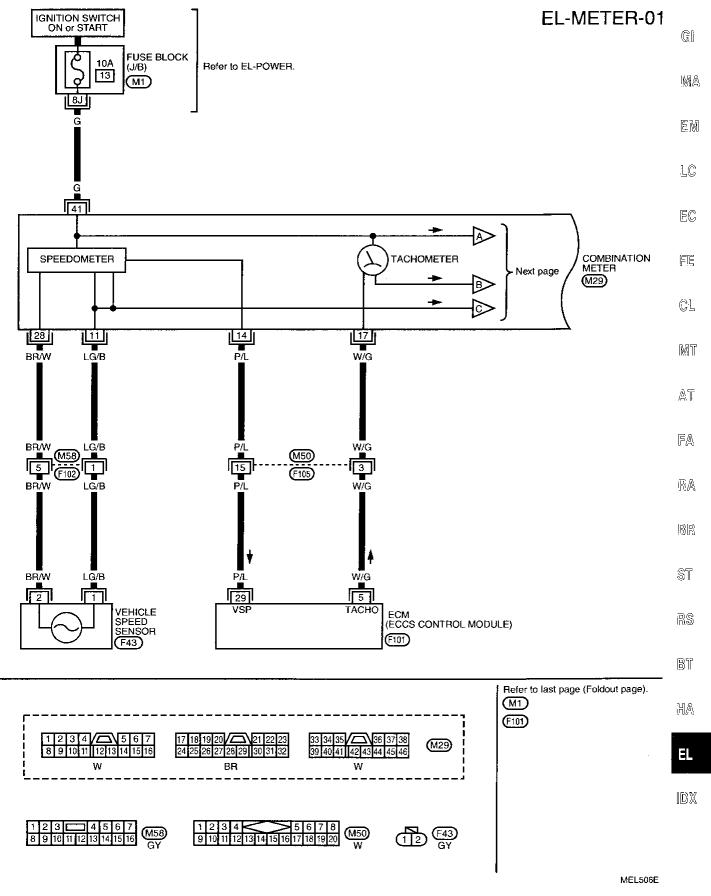
EL-77 1215

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Combination Meter

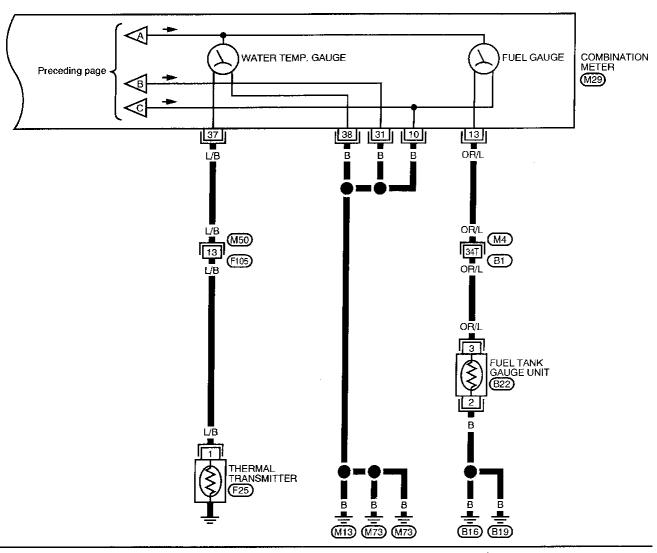


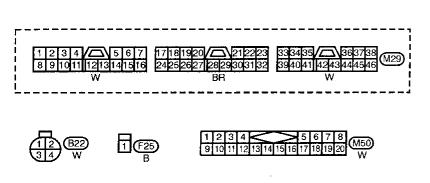
Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp. and Fuel Gauges/Wiring Diagram — METER —



Speedometer, Tachometer, Temp. and Fuel Gauges/Wiring Diagram — METER — (Cont'd)

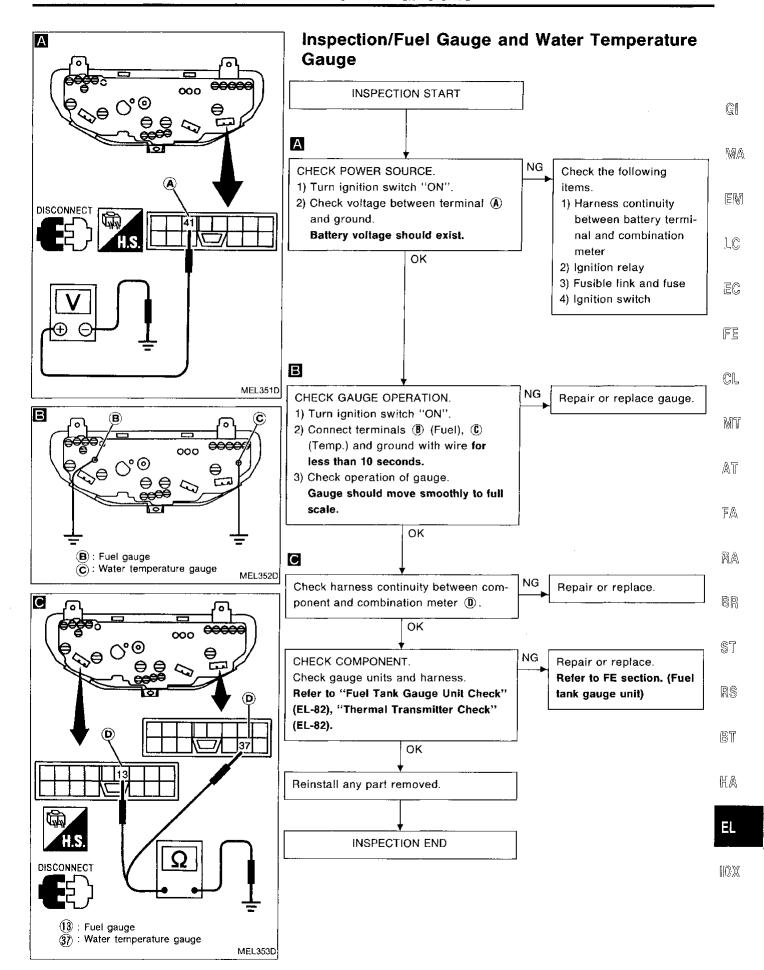
EL-METER-02



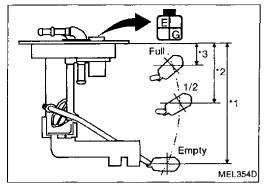


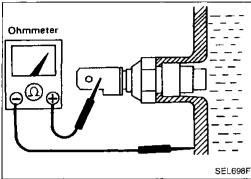
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

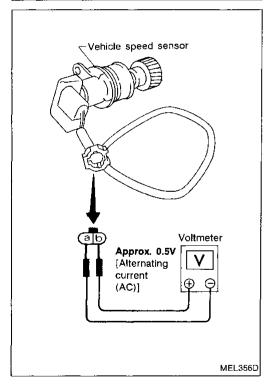
MEL507E



EL-81







Fuel Tank Gauge Unit Check

• For removal, refer to FE section "FUEL SYSTEM". Check the resistance between terminals (6) and (5).

Ohmmeter		Float position		Resistance value	
(+)	(-)	mm (in)			(Ω)
		*3	Fulí	32 (1.26)	Approx. 5 - 8
G	E	*2	1/2	93 (3.66)	32 - 34
		*1	Empty	157 (6.18)	80 - 81

*1 and *3: When float rod is in contact with stopper.

Thermal Transmitter Check

Check the resistance between the terminals of thermal transmitter and body ground.

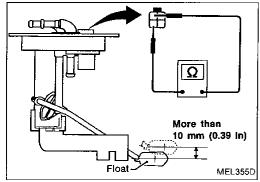
Water temperature	Resistance	
60°C (140°F)	Approx. 70 - 90Ω	
100°C (212°F)	Approx. 21 - 24Ω	

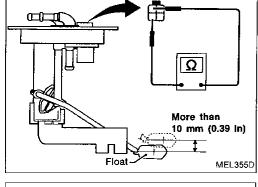
Vehicle Speed Sensor Signal Check

- 1. Remove vehicle speed sensor from transmission.
- 2. Turn vehicle speed sensor pinion quickly with fingers and measure voltage across (a) and (b).

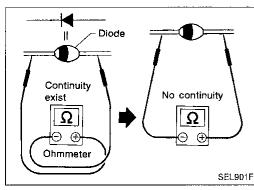
EL-82 1220

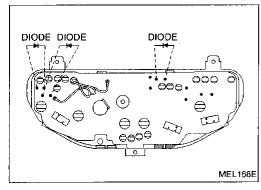
WARNING LAMPS





Ohmmeter Ω Θ. \oplus SEL748K





Fuel Warning Lamp Sensor Check

Raise the float with fingers more than the distance shown in the figure at left. Make sure that continuity does not exist.

Do not move the float beyond its mobile range.

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Oil Pressure Switch Check

	Oil pressure kPa (kg/cm², psi)	Continuity
Engine start	More than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	NO
Engine stop	Less than 10 - 20 (0.1 - 0.2, 1 - 3)	YES

Check the continuity between the terminals of oil pressure switch and body ground.

Diode Check

Check continuity using an ohmmeter.

Diode is functioning properly if test results are as shown in the figure at left.

NOTE: Specifications may vary depending on the type of tester. Before performing this inspection, be sure to refer to the instruction manual of your tester.

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Diodes for warning lamps are built into the combination meter printed circuit.

Refer to "Combination Meter" (EL-78).

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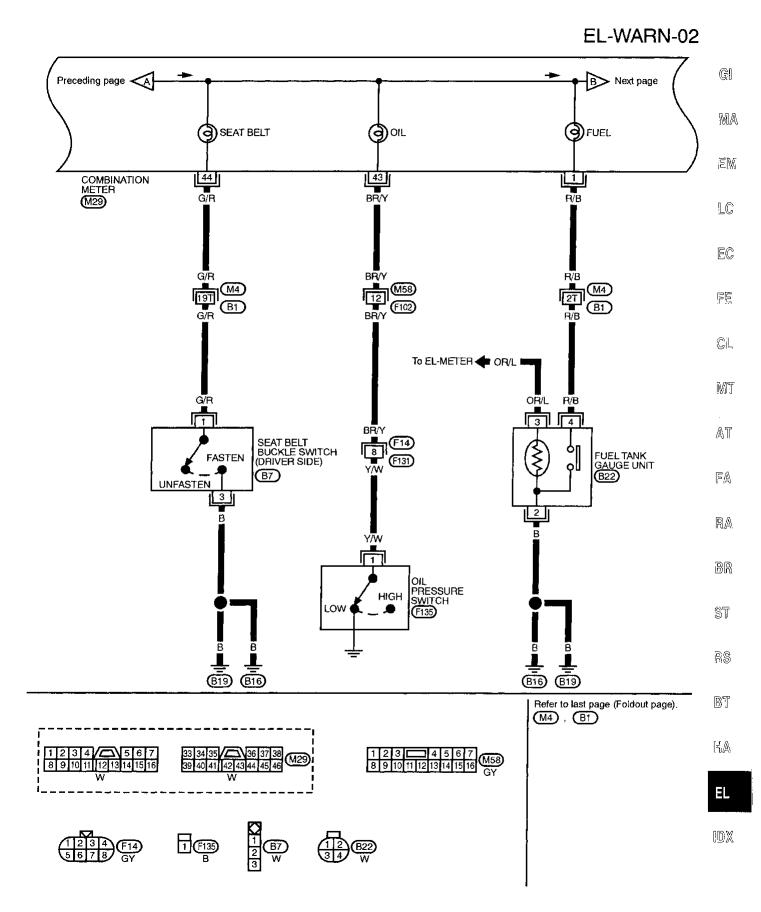
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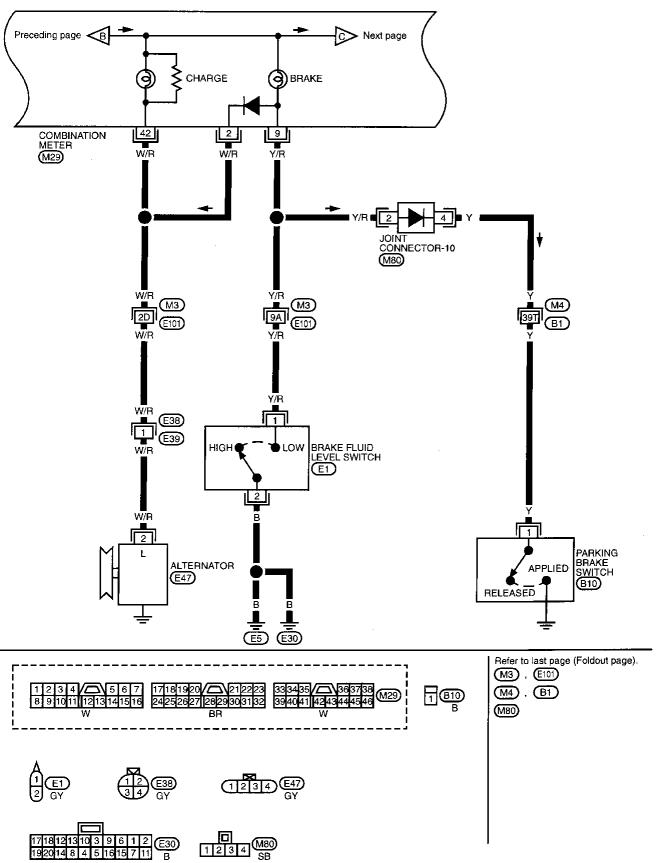
EL-83 1221

Wiring Diagram — WARN — IGNITION SWITCH ON or START **EL-WARN-01** FUSE BLOCK Refer to EL-POWER. 10A 13 (M1)G 41 A Next page COMBINATION METER M29 MALFUNCTION NDICATOR (**9**) wash AIR BAG LAMP 29 10 LG/B 45 R/W (M3) 13F (E101) LG/B 7 LG/B (M50) (F105) WASHER LEVEL SWITCH LOW (E45) HIGH 2 LG/B <u>[6]</u> ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE) AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT Б Ē Ē **(Z4)** (F101) (M13) (M73) M73 (E30) (E5) Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M3), (E101) 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 (M1)8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 (F101) W BR W **(Z4)** 12 E45 RB

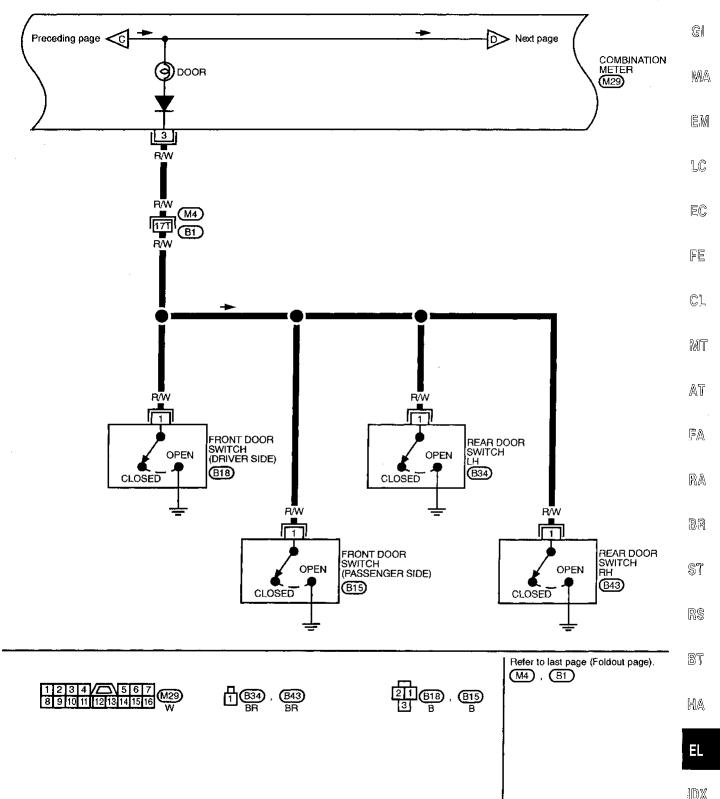


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EL-WARN-03

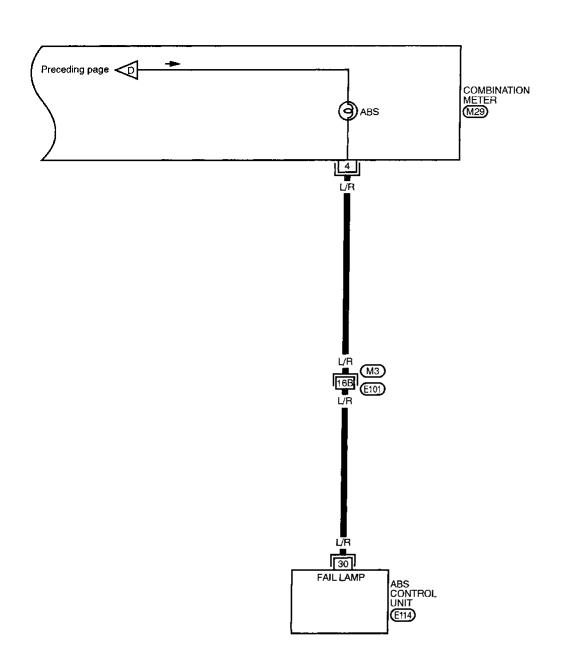


EL-WARN-04

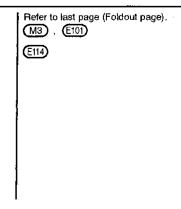


MEL511E

EL-WARN-05

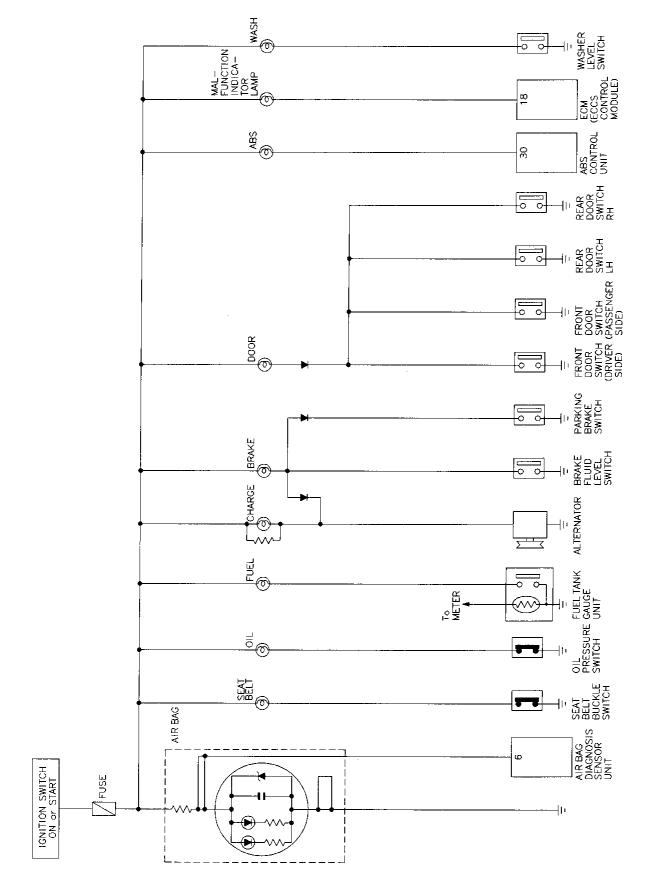






MEL512E

Schematic



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System Description

WIPER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 20A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to front wiper motor terminal 4.

Low and high speed wiper operation

Ground is supplied to front wiper switch terminal 10 through body grounds E5 and E30.

When the front wiper switch is placed in the LO position, ground is supplied

- through terminal (4) of the front wiper switch
- to front wiper motor terminal 2.

With power and ground supplied, the front wiper motor operates at low speed.

When the front wiper switch is placed in the HI position, ground is supplied

- through terminal (6) of the front wiper switch
- to front wiper motor terminal 3.

With power and ground supplied, the front wiper motor operates at high speed.

Auto stop operation

When the front wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, the front wiper motor will continue to operate until the wiper arms reach the base of the windshield (Auto stop).

When the front wiper switch is placed in the OFF position, ground is supplied

- from terminal (4) of the front wiper switch
- to front wiper motor terminal 2, in order to continue front wiper motor operation at low speed.

Ground is also supplied until the wiper arms reaches the base of the windshield

- through terminal (3) of the front wiper switch
- to wiper relay terminal 3
- through terminal 4 of the wiper relay
- to front wiper motor terminal (5)
- through terminal 6 of the front wiper motor, and
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

When the wiper arms reach the base of the windshield, the switch in the front wiper motor moves to the "STOP" position. The ground path is interrupted and the front wiper motor stops.

Intermittent operation

Intermittent operation is controlled by the BCM.

When the front wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal (5)
- from front wiper switch terminal (5)
- through body grounds E5 and E30.

The desired interval time is input

- to BCM terminal (7)
- from front wiper switch terminal (9).

Based on these two inputs, an intermittent ground is supplied

- to front wiper relay terminal 2
- from BCM terminal (10).

With power and ground supplied, the front wiper relay is activated.

When activated, an intermittent ground is supplied

- to front wiper motor terminal (2)
- through the front wiper switch terminal (4)
- to front wiper switch terminal (3)
- through front wiper relay terminal 3
- to front wiper relay terminal (5)
- through body grounds (E5) and (E30).

Front wiper motor operates at desired low speeds with BCM terminal (5) grounded.

WASHER OPERATION

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 20A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to front washer motor terminal (1).

WIPER AND WASHER

System Description (Cont'd)

When the lever is pulled to the WASH position, ground is supplied

- to washer motor terminal 2, and
- to BCM terminal 26
- from terminal (8) of the front wiper switch
- through terminal 170 of the front wiper switch, and
- through body grounds (55) and (530).

With power and ground supplied, the washer motor operates.

The front wiper motor operates at low speed for about 3 seconds. This feature is controlled by the BCM in the same manner as the intermittent operation.

For further information, refer to "TIME CONTROL SYSTEM" (EL-226).

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RS

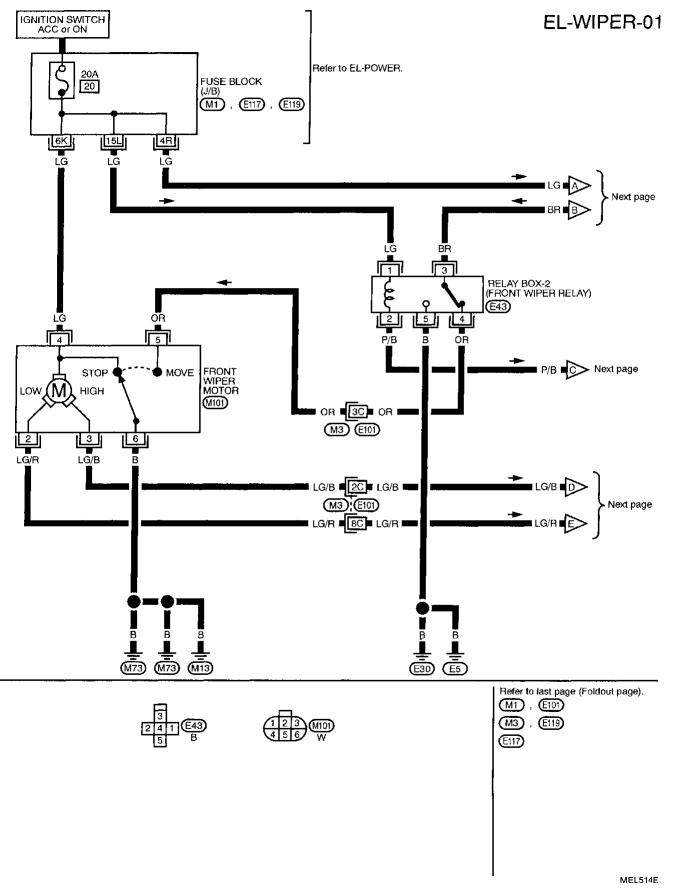
BT

HA

ΕI

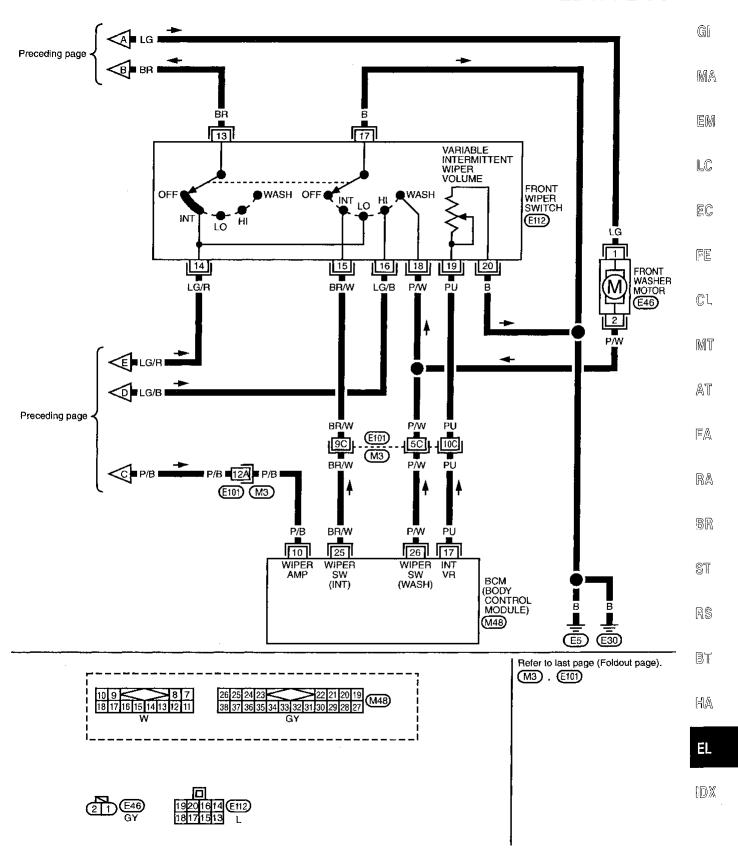
IDX

Front Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram — WIPER —



Front Wiper and Washer/Wiring Diagram — WIPER — (Cont'd)

EL-WIPER-02



MEL515E

Installation

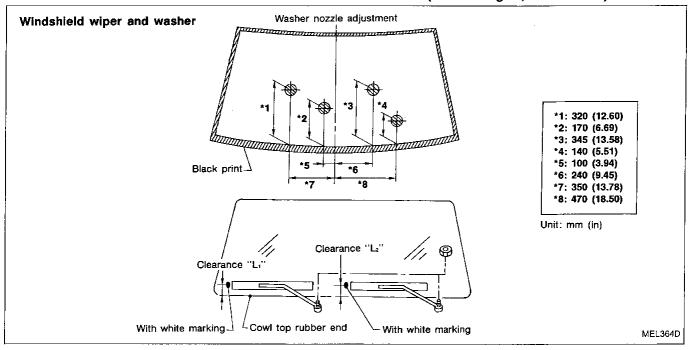
- Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF" (Auto Stop).
- Lift the blade up and then set it down onto glass surface.
 Set the blade center to clearance "L₁" or "L₂" immediately before tightening nut.
- Eject washer fluid. Turn on wiper switch to operate wiper motor and then turn it "OFF".
- 4. Ensure that wiper blades stop within clearance " L_1 " & " L_2 ".

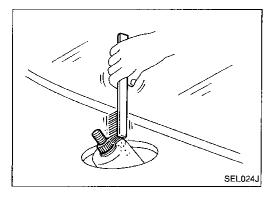
Clearance " L_1 ": 40 - 56 mm (1.57 - 2.20 in) Clearance " L_2 ": 37 - 47 mm (1.46 - 1.85 in)

• Tighten windshield wiper arm nuts to specified torque.

Windshield wiper:

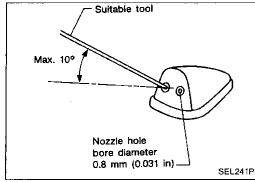
21 - 26 N·m (2.1 - 2.7 kg-m, 15 - 20 ft-lb)

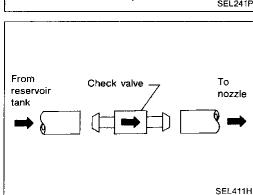


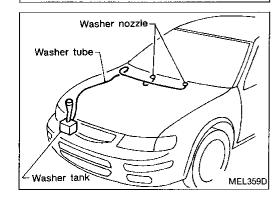


 Before reinstalling wiper arm, clean up the pivot area as illustrated. This will reduce possibility of wiper arm looseness.

WIPER AND WASHER







Washer Nozzle Adjustment

 Adjust washer nozzle with suitable tool as shown in the figure at left.

Adjustable range: ±10°

Gi

MA

EM

Check Valve

A check valve is provided in the washer fluid line. Be careful not to connect check valve to washer tube in the wrong direction.

EC

LC

FE

©L,

MT

AT

EA

R/A

BR

ST

RS.

BT

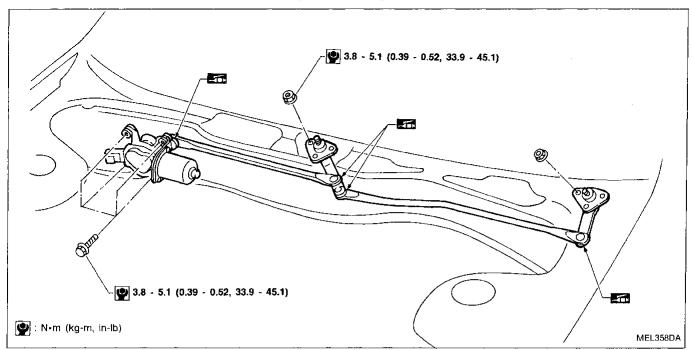
HA

EL

 $\mathbb{D}X$

EL-95 1233

Wiper Linkage



REMOVAL

- 1. Remove 4 bolts that secure wiper motor.
- 2. Detach wiper motor from wiper linkage at ball joint.
- 3. Remove wiper linkage.

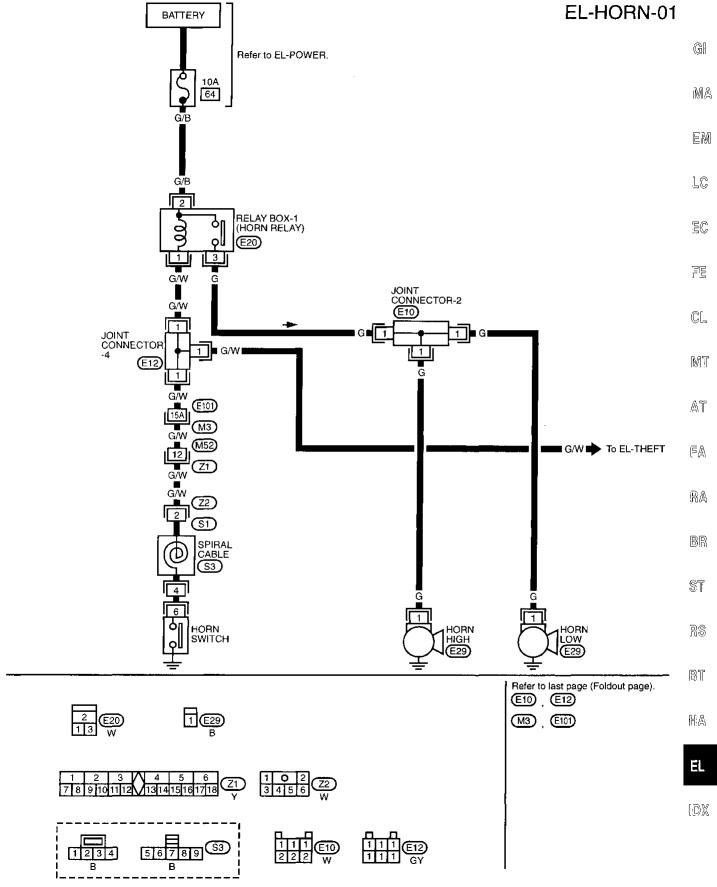
Be careful not to break ball joint rubber boot.

INSTALLATION

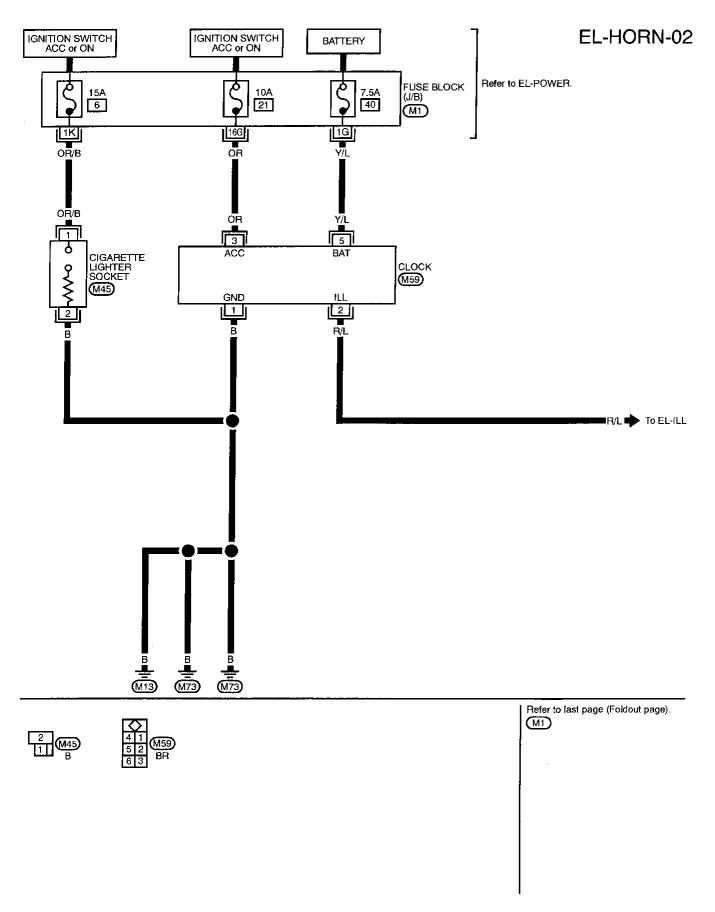
• Grease ball joint portion before installation. Installation is in reverse order of removal.

EL-96 1234

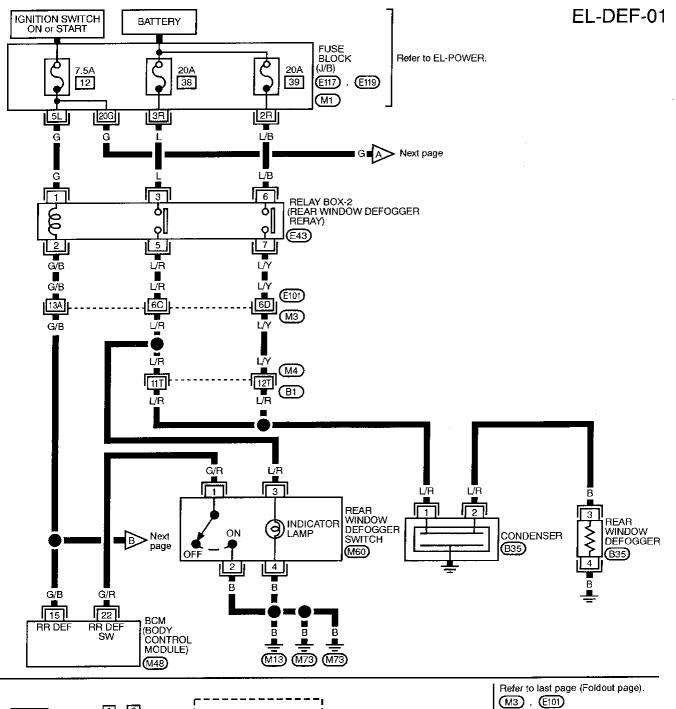
Wiring Diagram — HORN —



MEL516E



Wiring Diagram — DEF —





Refer to last page (Foldout page).

M3 , (£101)

M4 , B1

(M48 , M1)

(£119)

MEL518E

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MA

템쎖

LC

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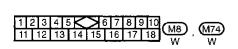
HA

EL

[DX

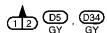
Wiring Diagram — DEF — (Cont'd)

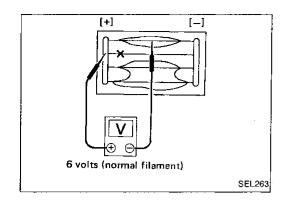
EL-DEF-02 IGNITION SWITCH ACC or ON FUSE BLOCK (J/B) Refer to EL-POWER. 10A 7 M1DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER RELAY Preceding page (M85) L/R 2 L/R $\overline{M8}$ M74(D1) **(**31) L/R DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER (DRIVER SIDE) DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER (PASSENGER SIDE) (D5) **(D34)** 囫 **(**31) (BM) M74M73 M73





Refer to last page (Foldout page).





Press

Tin foil

Tester probe

SEL122R

Heat wire

Filament Check

1. Attach probe circuit tester (in volt range) to middle portion of each filament.

G[

MA

EM

When measuring voltage, wrap tin foil around the top of the your finger.

EC

FE

CL

MIT

If a filament is burned out, circuit tester registers 0 or 12 volts.

AT

RA

BR

ST

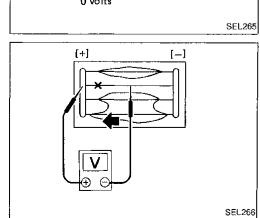
RS

BT

HA

ĘĻ

DX



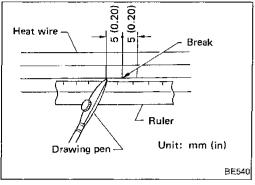
Burned out point 12 volts Burned out point 0 volts

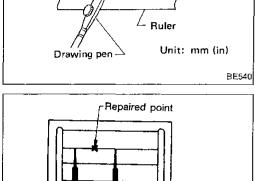
> To locate burned out point, move probe along filament. Tester needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

Filament Repair

REPAIR EQUIPMENT

- Conductive silver composition (Dupont No. 4817 or equivalent)
- 2. Ruler 30 cm (11.8 in) long
- 3. Drawing pen
- 4. Heat gun
- 5. Alcohol
- 6. Cloth





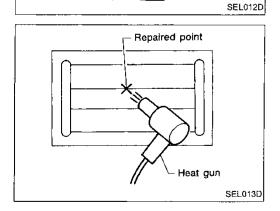


- Wipe broken heat wire and its surrounding area clean with a cloth dampened in alcohol.
- 2. Apply a small amount of conductive silver composition to tip of drawing pen.

Shake silver composition container before use.

- Place ruler on glass along broken line. Deposit conductive silver composition on break with drawing pen. Slightly overlap existing heat wire on both sides [preferably 5 mm (0.20 in)] of the break.
- After repair has been completed, check repaired wire for continuity. This check should be conducted 10 minutes after silver composition is deposited.

Do not touch repaired area while test is being conducted.



5. Apply a constant stream of hot air directly to the repaired area for approximately 20 minutes with a heat gun. A minimum distance of 3 cm (1.2 in) should be kept between repaired area and hot air outlet. If a heat gun is not available, let the repaired area dry for 24 hours.

EL-102 1240

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

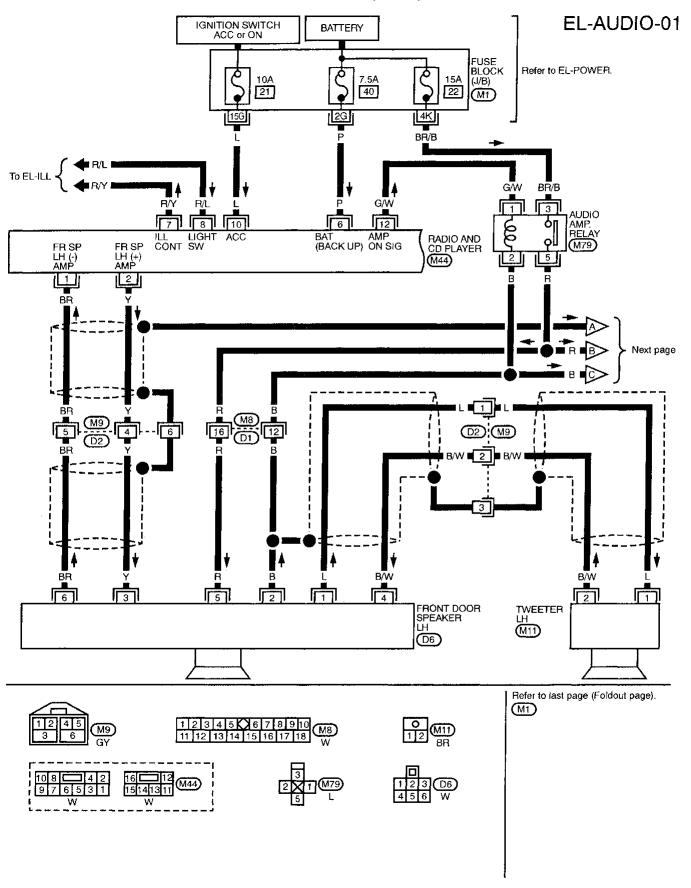
Audio/System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for audio system operating instructions.

Power is supplied at all times	
	Gĺ
 to radio and CD player terminal (6). With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied 	
• through 10A fuse [No. 21, located in the fuse block (J/B)]	MA
• to radio and CD player terminal (10).	
Ground is supplied through the case of the radio. Also, radio and CD player terminal ② is grounded to body grounds (M13) and (M13) through audio amp.	EW.
relay terminals (1) and (2).	
Power is cumplied at all times	LC
● through 15A fuse [No. [22], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	-ib
• to front door speaker LH terminal (5)	
 to front door speaker RH terminal (3) and to rear speaker LH terminal (3) and RH terminal (3). 	EC
When the radio POWER button is pressed, audio signals are supplied	
 through radio and CD player terminals ①, ②, ③, ④, ③, ④, ⑤ and ⑥ to terminals ③ and ⑥ of the LH and RH front speakers and terminals ② and ④ of the LH and RH 	
rear speakers to LH and RH tweeters through terminals 1 and 2 of the front and rear speakers.	<u></u>]
	WIT
	NT.
\mathbb{R}	8/A
	R
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	18
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	IA.

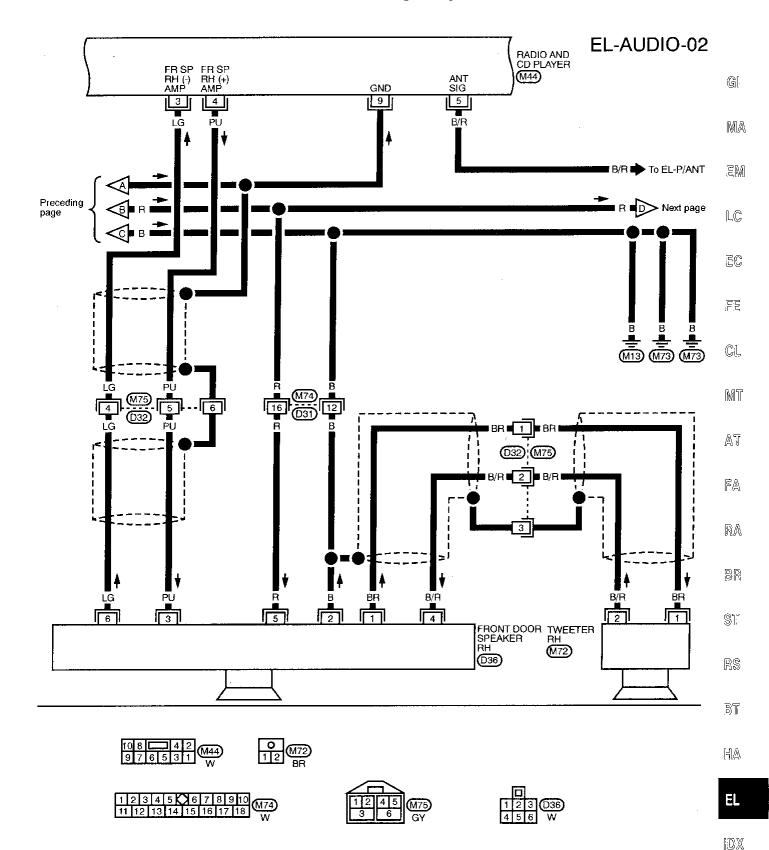
EL-103 1241

Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO —



AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

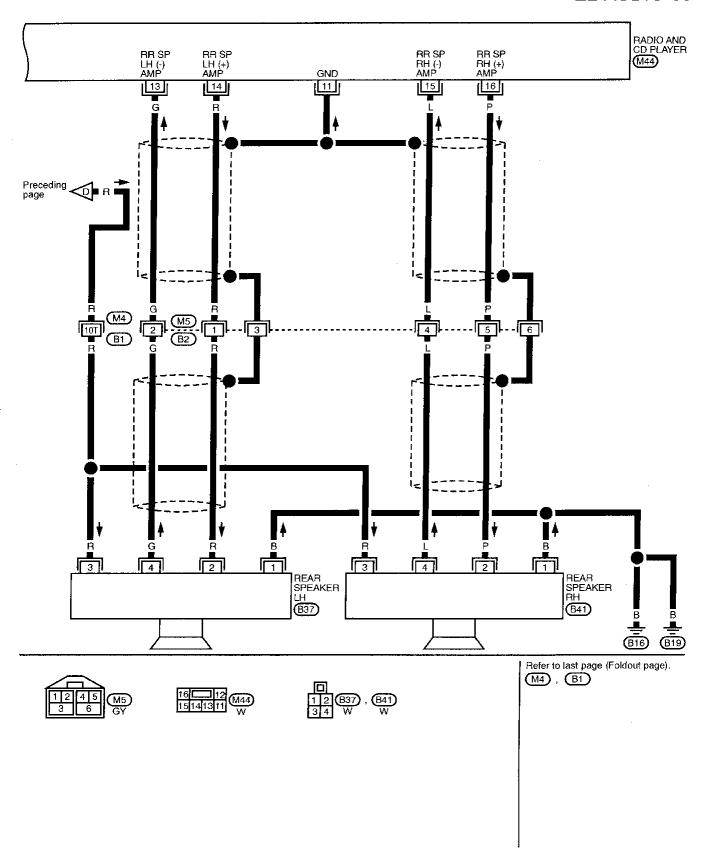
Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)



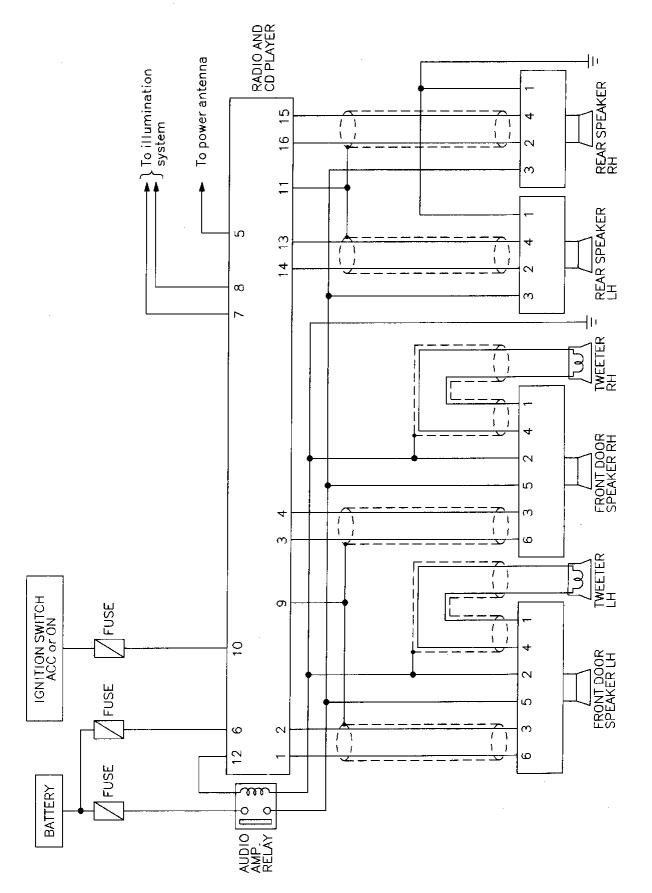
MEL521E

Audio/Wiring Diagram — AUDIO — (Cont'd)

EL-AUDIO-03



Schematic



RS

GI

MA

EM

LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

ST

BT

EL

MEL670E

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Power Antenna/System Description

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to power antenna timer and motor terminal (3).

With the ignition switch in the ACC or ON position, power is supplied

- through 10A fuse [No. 21], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to radio and CD player terminal (10).

Ground is supplied to the power antenna timer and motor through body grounds (T6) and (T9).

When the radio is turned to the ON position, battery voltage is supplied

- through radio and CD player terminal (5)
- to power antenna timer and motor terminal (4).

When battery voltage is supplied to the power antenna timer and motor terminal (4), power supplied to the power antenna timer and motor terminal (3) drives the motor.

The antenna rises and is held in the extended position.

When the radio is turned to the OFF position, battery voltage is interrupted

- from radio and CD player terminal (5)
- to power antenna terminal 4.

The antenna retracts.

EL-108 1246

Power Antenna/Wiring Diagram — P/ANT — IGNITION SWITCH ACC or ON EL-P/ANT-01 BATTERY FUSE BLOCK (J/B) G[Refer to EL-POWER. 10A 7.5A 21 40 (M1), (B4) MA ΕM LC 10 RADIO AND CD PLAYER ACC ANT SIGNAL EC (M44) 5 B/R FE (M4) CL (B27) (B1) B/R MIT AT (B28) 国人 (T2) RA BR POWER ANTENNA TIMER (T13) ST RS B <u>∓</u> <u>T6</u> **(**19) BT Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M4), (B1) $\overline{M1}$ (B4) MA EL (D)X

MEL524E

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Trouble Diagnoses

RADIO

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Radio is inoperative (no digital display and no sound from speakers).	1. 10A fuse 2. Poor radio case ground 3. Radio	1. Check 10A fuse (No. 21), located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ① of radio. 2. Check radio case ground. 3. Remove radio for repair.
Radio presets are lost when ignition switch is turned OFF.	1. 7.5A fuse 2. Radio	Check 7.5A fuse (No. 40), located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal 6 of radio. Remove radio for repair.
AM stations are weak or noisy (FM stations OK).	Antenna Poor radio ground Radio	Check antenna. Check radio ground. Remove radio for repair.
FM stations are weak or noisy (AM stations OK).	Window antenna Radio	Check antenna. Remove radio for repair.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with engine running.	1. Poor radio ground 2. Loose or missing ground bonding straps 3. Ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser 4. Alternator 5. Ignition coil or secondary wiring	 Check radio ground. Check ground bonding straps. Replace ignition condenser or rear window defogger noise suppressor condenser. Check alternator. Check ignition coil and secondary wiring.
Radio generates noise in AM and FM modes with accessories on (switch pops and motor noise).	Radio Radio Redio ground	1. Check radio ground. 2. Check antenna. 3. Check accessory ground. 4. Replace accessory.

BOSE SYSTEM

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order					
Radio controls are operational, but no sound is heard from any speaker.	1. 15A fuse	Check 15A fuse (No. 22), located in fuse block). Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ③ of audio amp. relay.					
	2. Audio amp. relay	2. Check audio amp. relay.					
•	3. Audio amp. relay ground	3. Check audio amp. relay ground (Terminal ②).					
	4. Amp. ON signal	4. Turn ignition switch ACC and radio ON. Verify battery positive voltage is present at terminal ① of audio amp. relay.					
	5. Radio output	5. Check radio output voltage.					
	6. Radio	6. Remove radio for repair.					
Individual speaker is noisy or inoperative.	1. Speaker ground	1. Check speaker ground (Terminal @: FR LH, : FR RH, : RR RH).					
	2. Power supply	2. Check power supply for speaker.					
	3. Radio output	3. Check radio output voltage for amp.					
	4. Speaker	4. Replace speaker.					

EL-110 1248

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

POWER ANTENNA

Symptom	Possible causes	Repair order
Power antenna does not operate.	1. 7.5A fuse	Check 7.5A fuse (No. 40 , located in fuse block). Verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal 6 of power antenna timer and motor.
	2. 10A fuse	2. Check 10A fuse (No. 21), located in fuse block). Turn ignition switch ON and verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal 100 of radio.
	3. Radio signal	3. Turn ignition switch and radio ON. Verify that battery positive voltage is present at terminal 4 of power antenna timer.
	Power antenna timer ground	4. Check power antenna timer ground (Terminal (2)).
	Power antenna timer and motor	5. Check power antenna timer and motor.

ANTENNA INSPECTION

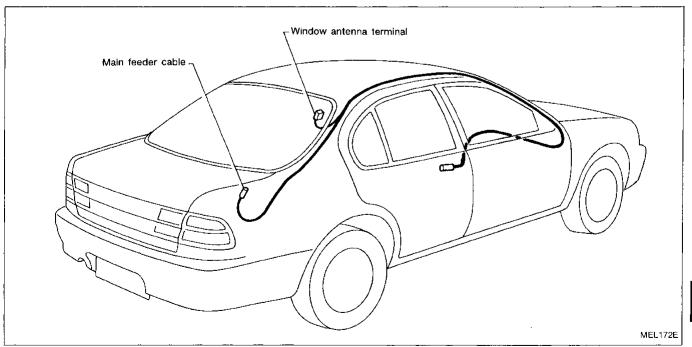
- 1. Using a jumper wire, clip an auxiliary ground between antenna and body.
- If reception improves, check antenna ground (at body surface).
- If reception does not improve, check main feeder cable for short circuit or open circuit.

RADIO INSPECTION

All voltage inspections are made with:

- Ignition switch ON or ACC
- Radio ON
- Radio and speakers connected (If radio or speaker is removed for inspection, supply a ground to the case using a jumper wire.)

Location of Antenna



EL-111 1249

FE

CL.

MT

AT

FA

RA

88

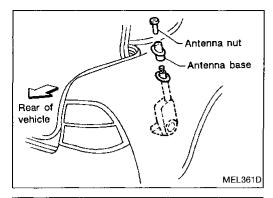
\$₹

RS

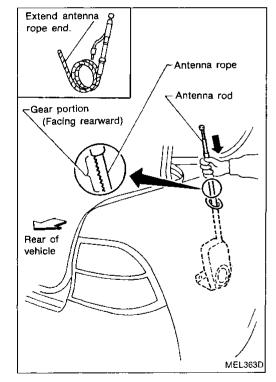
BT

HA

IDX



Antenna rope Antenna rod Rear of vehicle MEL362D



Antenna Rod Replacement

REMOVAL

1. Remove antenna nut and antenna base.

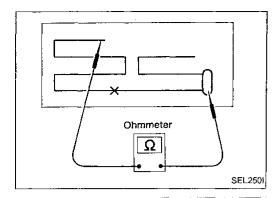
Withdraw antenna rod while raising it by operating antenna motor.

INSTALLATION

- Lower antenna rod by operating antenna motor.
- 2. Insert gear section of antenna rope into place with it facing toward antenna motor.
- 3. As soon as antenna rope is wound on antenna motor, stop antenna motor. Insert antenna rod lower end into antenna motor pipe.
- 4. Retract antenna rod completely by operating antenna motor.
- 5. Install antenna nut and base.

EL-112 1250

AUDIO AND POWER ANTENNA



Window Antenna Repair

ELEMENT CHECK

Attach probe circuit tester (in ohm range) to antenna terminal on each side.

GH

MA

2. If an element is broken, no continuity will exist.

EM

LC EC

FE

Cil

MT

AT

FA

RA

BR

To locate broken point, move probe along element. Tester

ST

RS

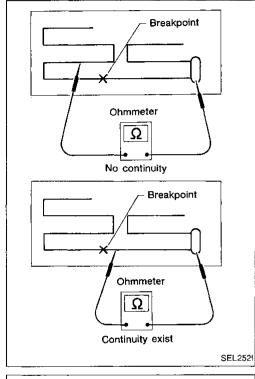
BT

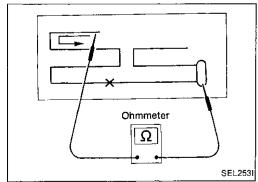
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1251





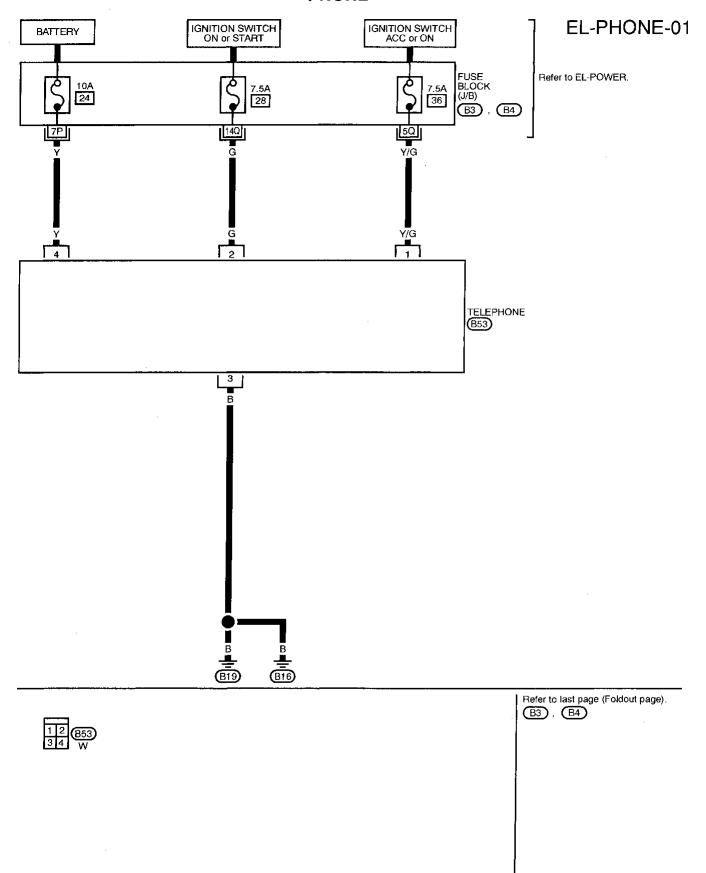
needle will swing abruptly when probe passes the point.

ELEMENT REPAIR

Refer to REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER "Filament Repair" (EL-101).

EL-113

Telephone Pre Wire/Wiring Diagram — PHONE —



MEL525E

BATTERY

16

всм 9

OR OR

OR

OR 11 (B1)

M4)

BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE)

(M48)

10A 24

TELEPHONE MICROPHONE

(E121)

BR

BR 11F

BR

BR

6

BR

BR 3

ΒR

BR

14

(E101)

(M3)

(M71)

(B102)

B110

(B23)

GND

17

R

BR/W

BRW

[IF]

BRW

BRW

13

BR/W

BR/W

10

8R/W

BR/W

15

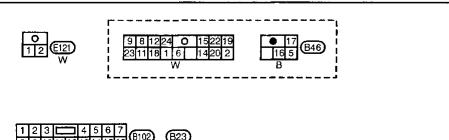
Handsfree Telephone/Wiring Diagram - H/PHON —

Y/G

Y/G

5

EL-H/PHON-01 GI IGNITION SWITCH ON or START MA FUSE BLOCK | Refer to EL-POWER. (J/B) 36 B6 B4 EM LC EC Y/G ■ A Next page CL MIT AT TRANSCEIVER FA (B46) RA BR ST 🖿 OR 📤 To EL-THEFT



Refer to last page (Foldout page). M3 (E101) M48 M4 (B6) B1 (B4)

MEL526E

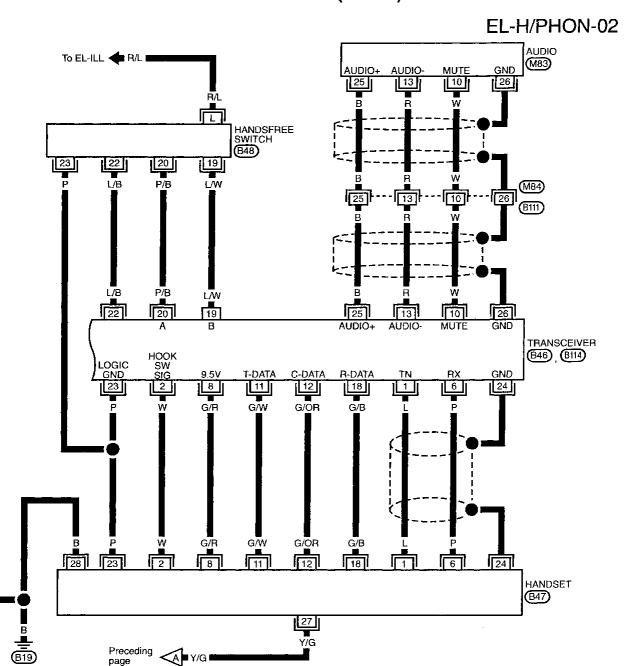
RS

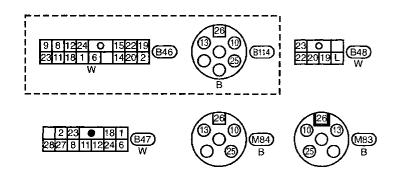
BT

HA

EL

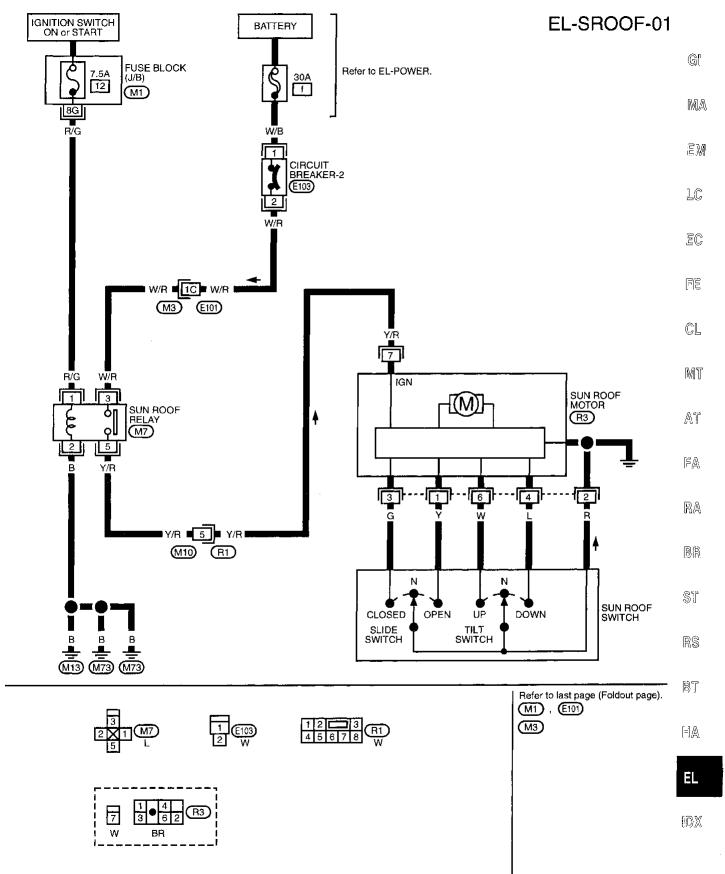
Handsfree Telephone/Wiring Diagram — H/PHON — (Cont'd)





<u>≛</u> B16

Sun Roof/Wiring Diagram — SROOF —



MEL528E

Power Seat/Wiring Diagram — SEAT —

EL-SEAT-01 **BATTERY** Refer to EL-POWER. 30A CIRCUIT BREAKER-1 E102 **E**101 (M3) (M4) (B1) Y/B A Next page Y/B POWER SEAT SWITCH POWER SEAT (DRIVER SIDE) (B6) RECLINING MOTOR FRONT LIFTER MOTOR REAR LIFTER MOTOR SLIDE MOTOR

> 1 E102 , B6 2 W

Refer to last page (Foldout page).

M3 , M101

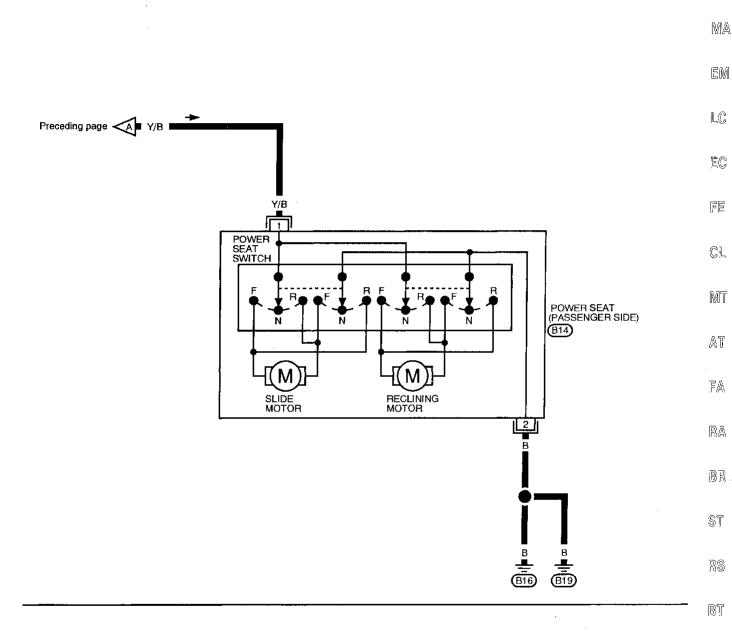
M4 . B1

MEL529E

Power Seat/Wiring Diagram — SEAT — (Cont'd)

EL-SEAT-02

GI

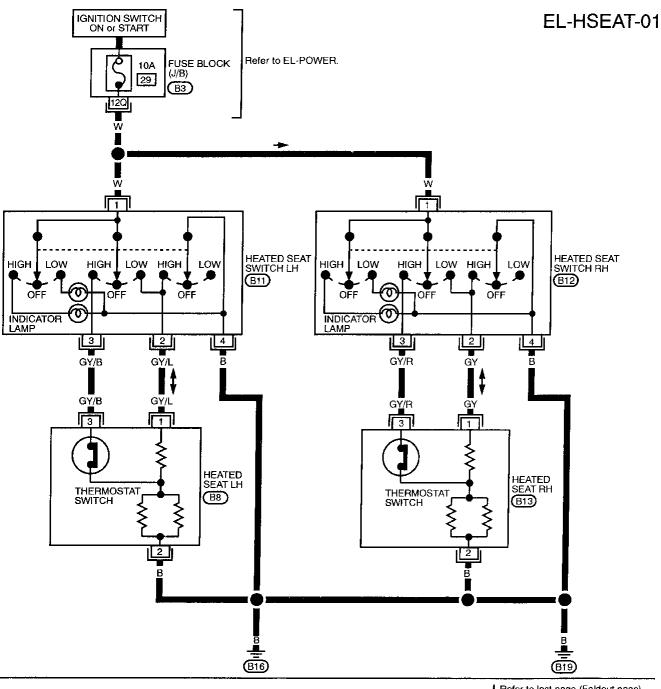


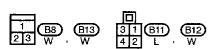


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MEL530E

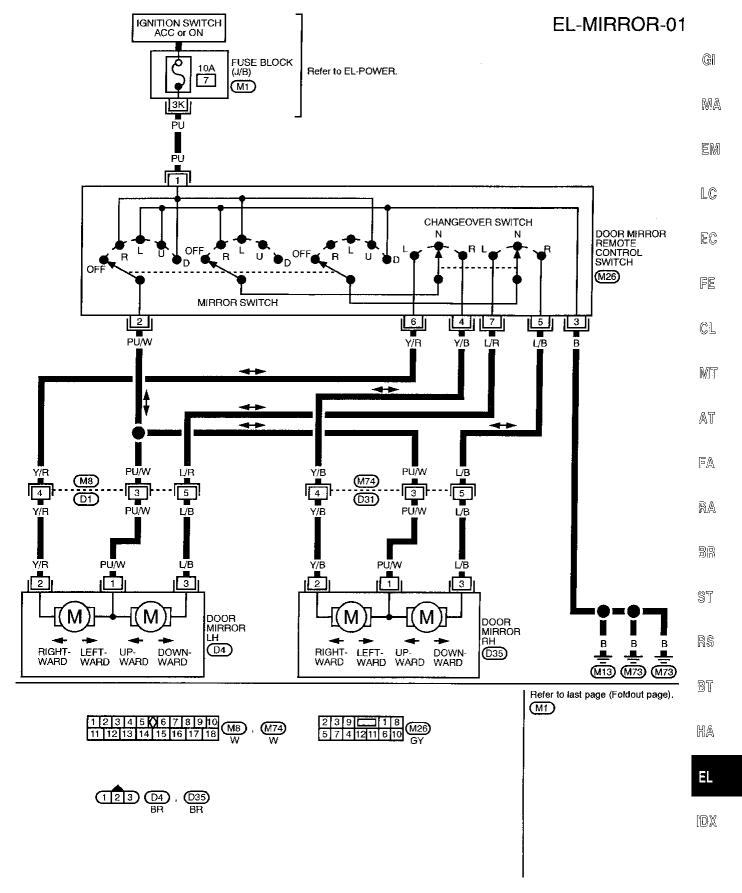
Heated Seat/Wiring Diagram — HSEAT —





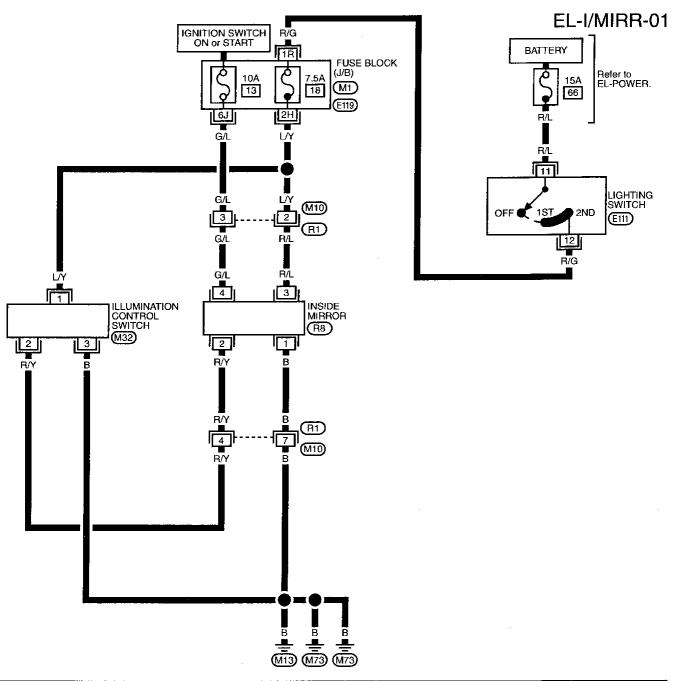
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

Wiring Diagram — MIRROR —



MEL532E

Auto Anti-dazzling Inside Mirror/Wiring Diagram — I/MIRR —





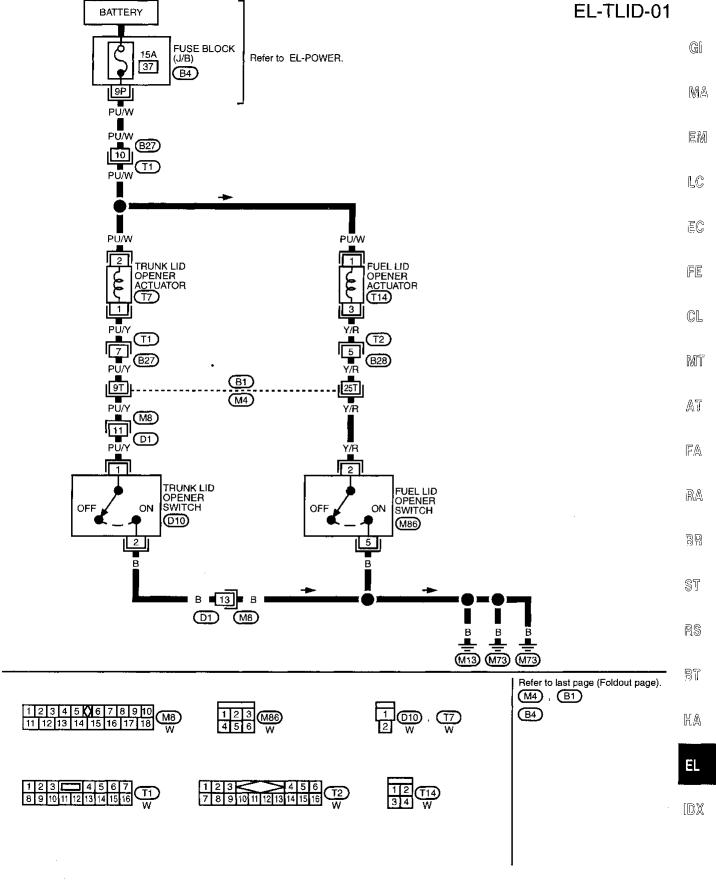
Refer to last page (Foldout page).

M1)

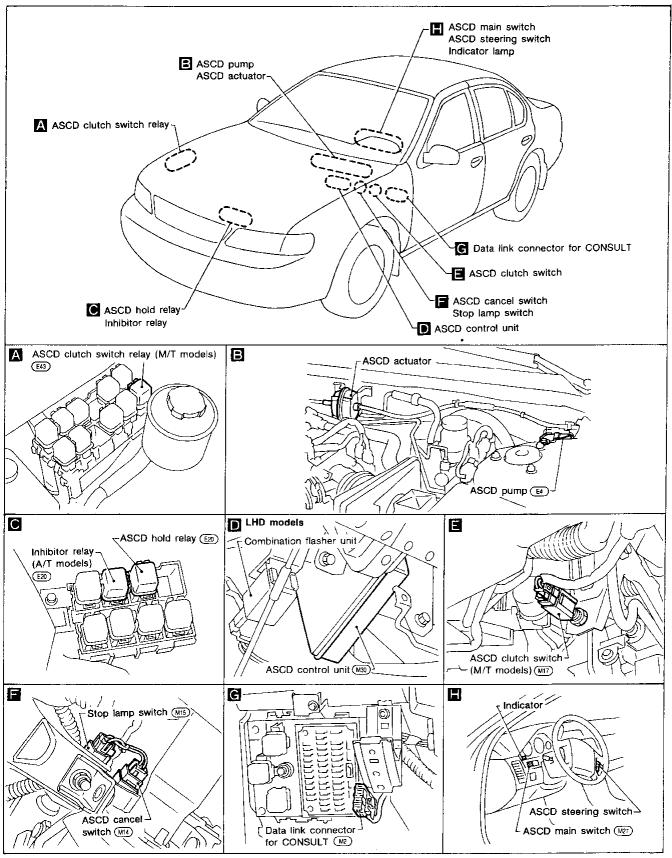
E119

MEL533E

Wiring Diagram — TLID —



Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



MEL587E

EL-124

System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions. When the ignition switch is in the ON or START position, power is supplied	-
• through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]	0.5
• to ASCD main switch terminal ① and	GI
• to ASCD hold relay terminal ⑤ and ASCD clutch switch relay terminal ⑥ (M/T models). When ASCD main switch is in the ON position, power is supplied.	
 When ASCD main switch is in the ON position, power is supplied from terminal ② of the ASCD main switch 	W1/A
to ASCD control unit terminal ④ and	
• from terminal ③ of the ASCD main switch	
• to ASCD hold relay terminal ①.	EW
Ground is supplied	
• to ASCD hold relay terminal ②	LC
through body grounds	.50
With power and ground supplied, the ASCD hold relay is activated, and power is supplied	
• from terminal ③ of the ASCD hold relay	'EC
to ASCD clutch switch relay terminal ⑥ (M/T models) or	
• to ASCD hold relay terminal ③ (A/T models).	==
Power remains supplied also to ASCD control unit terminal 4 when the ASCD main switch is released	FE
to the N (neutral) position.	
Ground is supplied • to ASCD control unit terminal ③	CIL
• through body grounds (M13) and (M73).	915
Inputs At this point, the system is ready to estimate or desetimate based on inputs from the following:	MΤ
At this point, the system is ready to activate or deactivate, based on inputs from the following: • speedometer in the combination meter	
stop lamp switch	A ==
ASCD steering switch	ΑŢ
• inhibitor relay (A/T models)	
ASCD clutch switch (M/T models) and	FA
ASCD cancel switch.	3 1/11
A vehicle speed input is supplied	
• from terminal (4) of the combination meter	$\mathbb{R}\mathbb{A}$
to ASCD control unit terminal ⑦	
Power is supplied at all times	തര
• to stop lamp switch terminal ①	BR
• through 15A fuse [No. 10], located in the fuse block (J/B)].	
When the brake pedal is depressed, power is supplied	ST
• from terminal ② of the stop lamp switch	
• to ASCD control unit terminal ① .	
Power is supplied at all times	RS
• through 10A fuse (No. 64), located in the fuse and fusible link box)	
 to horn relay terminal ② through terminal ① of the horn relay 	היים
 through terminal (1) of the horn relay to ASCD steering switch terminal (2). 	BT
When the SET/COAST switch is depressed, power is supplied	
• from terminal ② of the ASCD steering switch	HA
• to ASCD control unit terminal ②.	
When the RESUME/ACCEL switch is depressed, power is supplied	
• from terminal ② of the ASCD steering switch	EL
• to ASCD control unit terminal ①.	
When the ASCD CANCEL switch is depressed, power is supplied	li⊎M.
• to ASCD control unit terminals ① and ②.	M
When the system is activated, power is supplied	
• to ASCD control unit terminal ①.	
Power is interrupted when	

EL-125

the shift lever is placed in P or N (A/T models)
the clutch pedal is depressed (M/T models) or

System Description (Cont'd)

• the brake pedal is depressed.

Outputs

The ASCD actuator controls the throttle drum via the ASCD wire based on inputs from the ASCD control unit. The ASCD actuator consists of a vacuum motor, an air valve, and a release valve. Power is supplied

- from terminal (8) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal (1).

Ground is supplied to the vacuum motor

- from terminal (9) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal 4.

Ground is supplied to the air valve

- from terminal 10 of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal (2).

Ground is supplied to the release valve

- from terminal (4) of the ASCD control unit
- to ASCD pump terminal (3).

When the system is activated, power is supplied

- from terminal (3) of the ASCD control unit
- to combination meter terminal (8) and
- to A/T control unit terminal (17) (A/T models).

Ground is supplied

- to combination meter terminal (1)
- through body grounds M13 and M73.

With power and ground supplied, the CRUISE indicator illuminates.

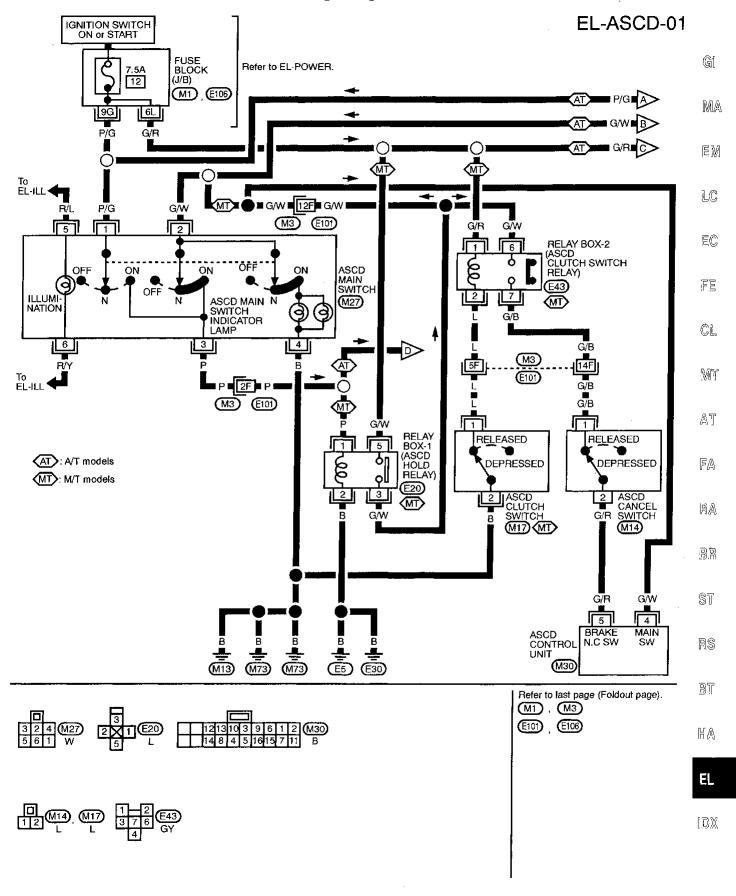
When the RESUME/ACCEL button is depressed on A/T models, a signal is sent

- from terminal (2) of the ASCD control unit
- to A/T control unit terminal 40.

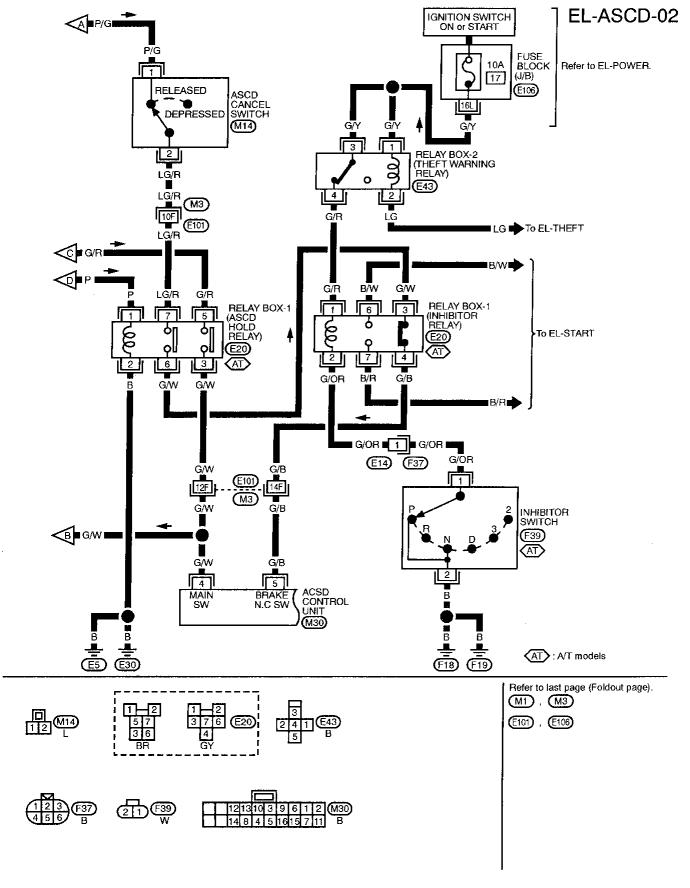
When this occurs, the A/T control unit cancels overdrive.

EL-126 1264

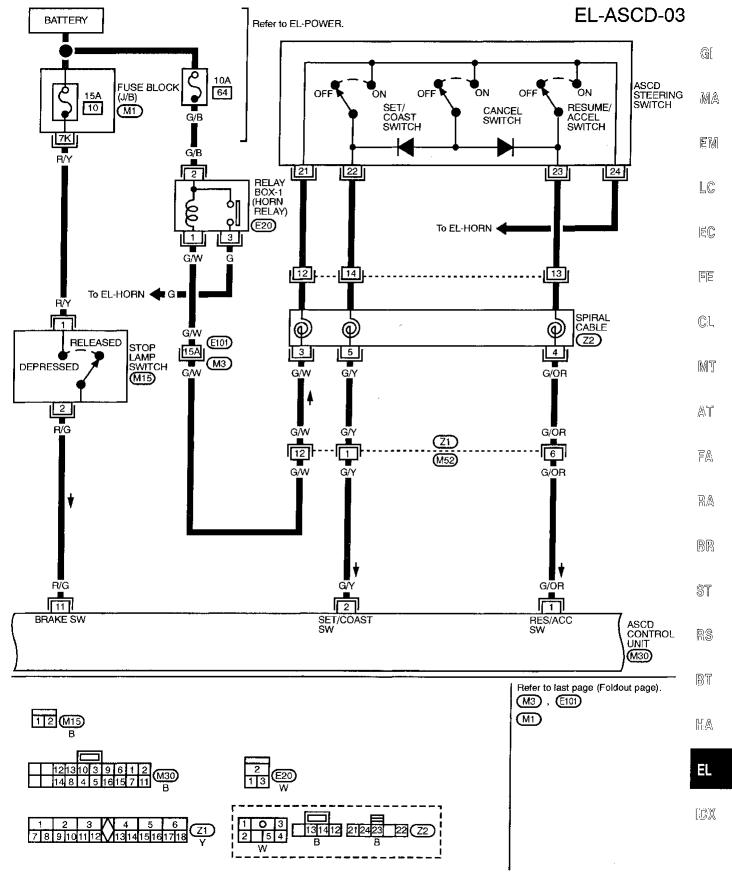
Wiring Diagram — ASCD —



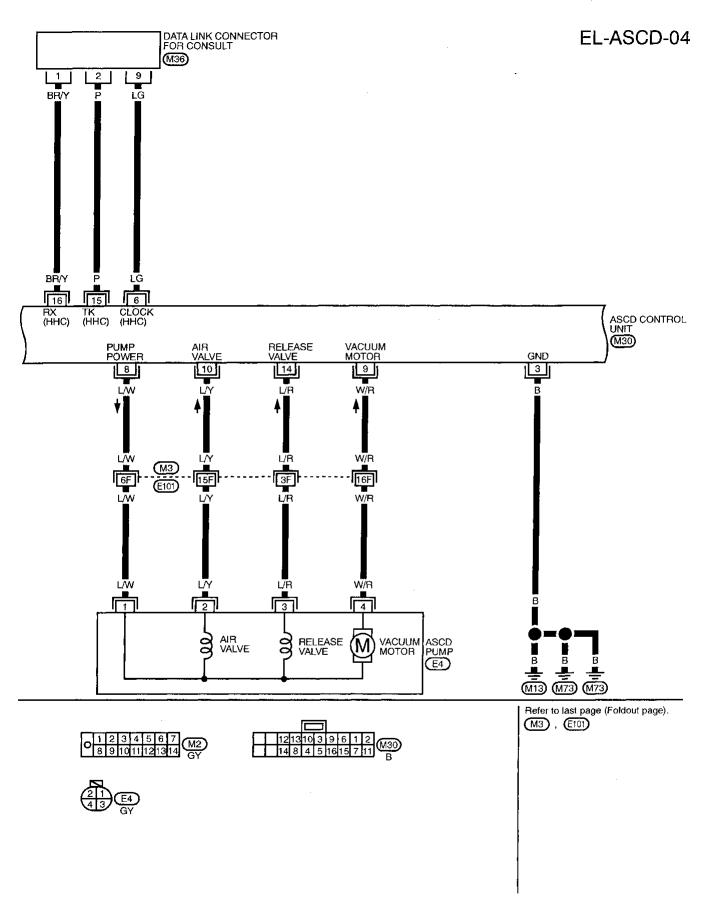
Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



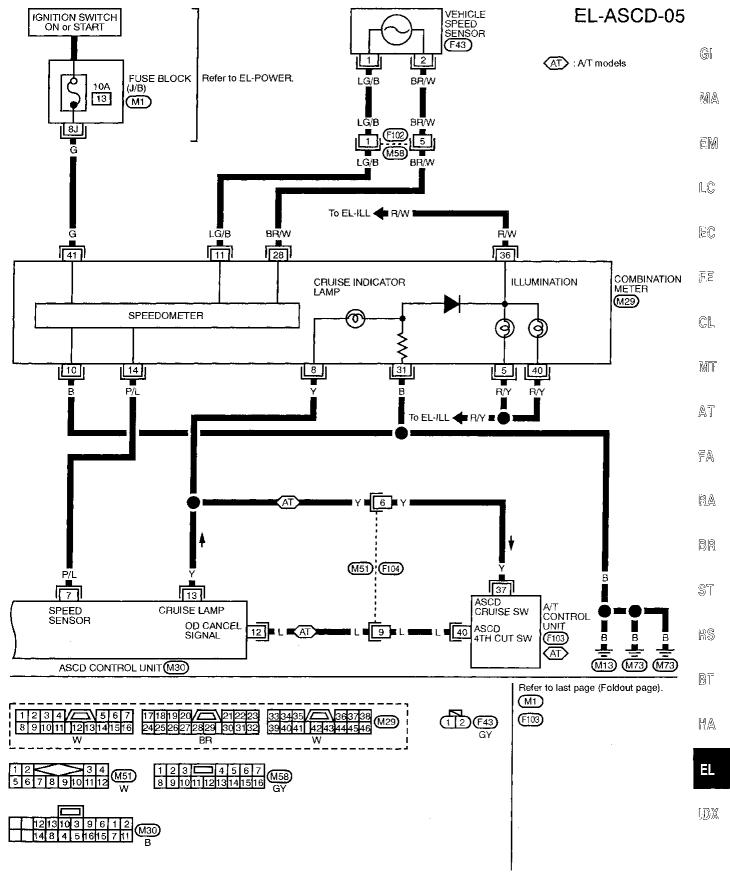
Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



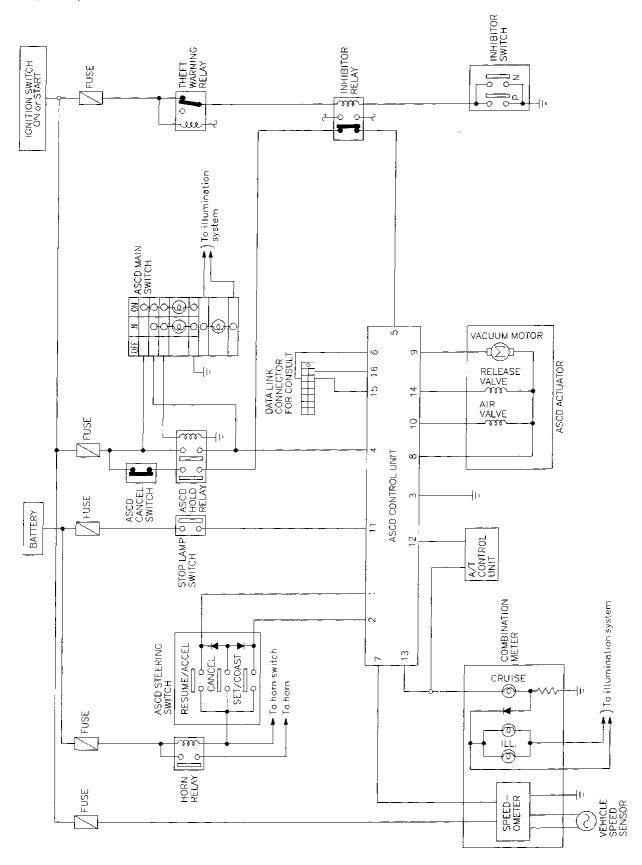
Wiring Diagram — ASCD — (Cont'd)



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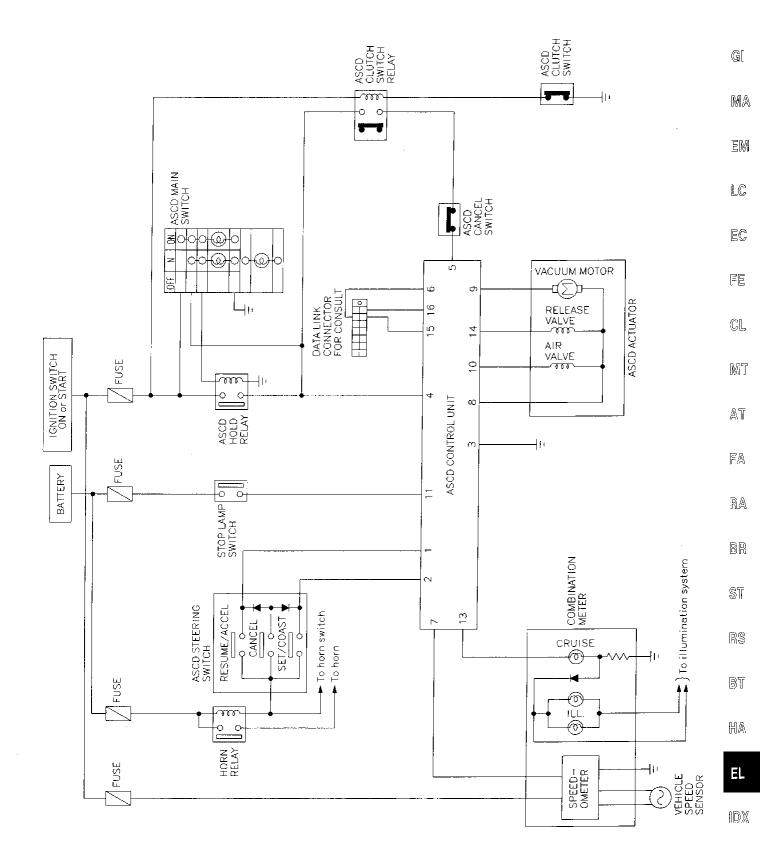
Schematic

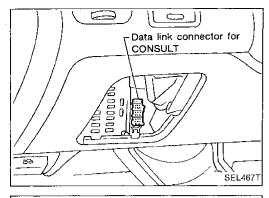
A/T MODELS



Schematic (Cont'd)

M/T MODELS

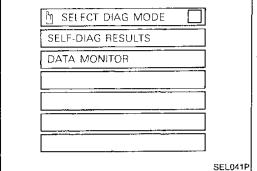




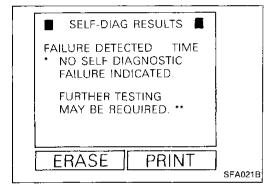
Trouble Diagnoses

CONSULT

- 1. Turn off ignition switch.
- Connect "CONSULT" to Data link connector.



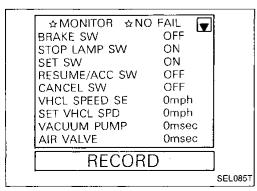
- 3. Turn on ignition switch.
- 4. Turn on ASCD main switch.
- 5. Touch START (on CONSULT display).
- 6. Touch ASCD.
- 7. Touch SELF-DIAG RESULTS.



Self-diagnostic results are shown on display.
 Refer to table on the next page.

SELECT MONITOR ITEM	
ALL SIGNALS	
SELECTION FROM MENU	
SETTING START	
	SEL043P

Touch DATA MONITOR.



- Touch START.
- Data monitor results are shown on display.
 Refer to table on the next page.

For further information, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

EL-134 1272

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Self-diagnostic results

Diagnostic item	Description	Repair/Check order	
* NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.**	Even if no self diagnostic failure is indicated, further testing may be required as far as the customer complains.		_ (GI
POWER SUPPLY-VALVE	The power supply circuit for the valves is open. (An abnormally high voltage is entered.)	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-144)	— M
VACUUM PUMP	 The vacuum pump circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered. 	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-144)	— EŅ
AIR VALVE	 The air valve circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.) 		– LC
VHCL SP·S/FAILSAFE	 The vehicle speed sensor or the fall-safe circuit is mal- functioning. 	Diagnostic procedure 6 (EL-143)	- EC
CONTROL UNIT	The ASCD control unit is malfunctioning.	Replace ASCD control unit.	_
RELEASE VALVE	The release valve circuit is open or shorted. (An abnormally high or low voltage is entered.)	Diagnostic procedure 7 (EL-144)	- FE
BRAKE SW/STOP/L SW	W/STOP/L SW ● The brake switch or stop lamp switch is malfunctioning.		- CL

Data monitor

Monitored item	Description
BRAKE SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the brake switch circuit.
STOP LAMP SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the stop lamp switch circuit.
SET SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the set switch circuit.
RESUME/ACC SW	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the resume/accelerate switch circuit.
CANCEL SW	Indicates (ON/OFF) condition of the cancel circuit.
VHCL SPEED SE	 The present vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed sensor signal is displayed.
SET VHCL SPD	The preset vehicle speed is displayed.
VACUUM PUMP	The operation time of the vacuum pump is displayed.
AIR VALVE	The operation time of the air valve is displayed.
PW SUP-VALVE	 Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the circuit for the air valve and the release valve.
CRUISE LAMP	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the cruise lamp circuit.
A/T·OD CANCEL	Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the OD cancel circuit.
FAIL SAFE-LOW	The fail-safe (LOW) circuit function is displayed.
FAIL SAFE-SPD	The fail-safe (SPEED) circuit function is displayed.

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EL-135 1273

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

FAIL-SAFE SYSTEM

ON OFF Unit: seconds

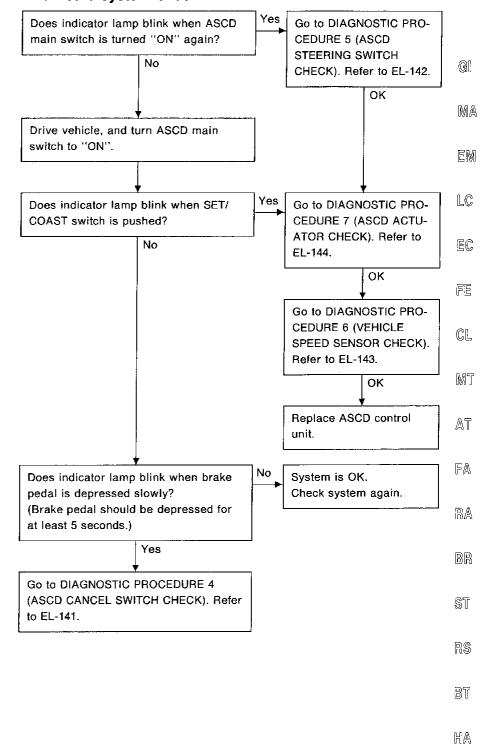
When the fail-safe system senses a malfunction, it deactivates ASCD operation. The CRUISE indicator in the combination meter will then flash.

Malfunction detection conditions

Detection conditions	ASCD operation during malfunction detection			
 ASCD steering (RESUME/ACCEL, CANCEL, SET/COAST) switch is stuck. Vacuum motor ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Air valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Release valve ground circuit or power circuit is open or shorted. Vehicle speed sensor is faulty. ASCD control unit internal circuit is malfunctioning. 	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is canceled. 			
ASCD cancel switch or stop lamp switch is faulty.	 ASCD is deactivated. Vehicle speed memory is not canceled. 			

EL-136 1274

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) Fail-safe system check



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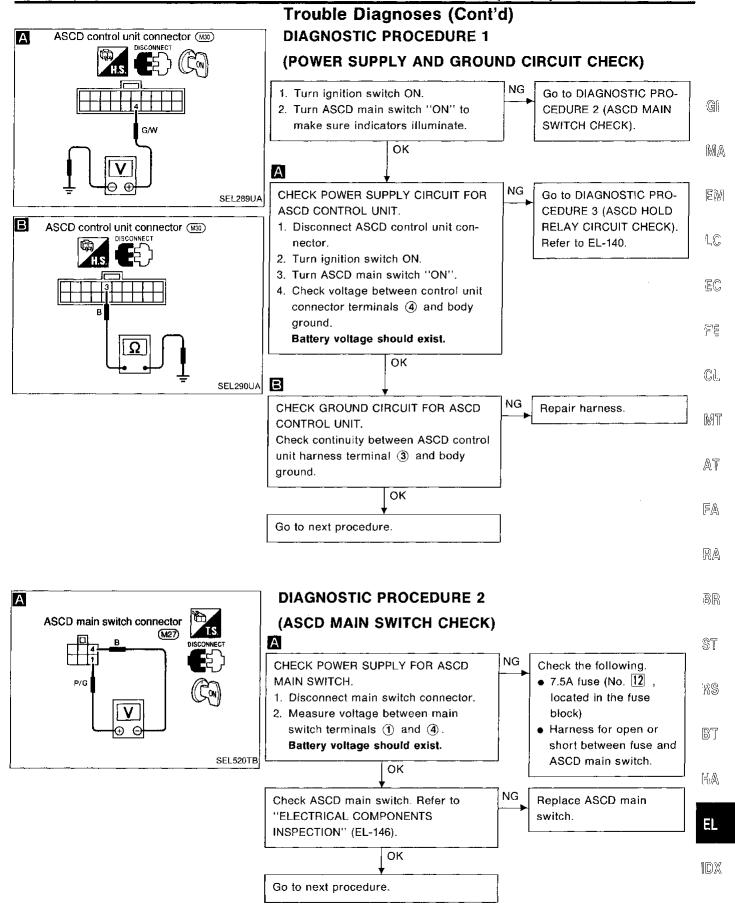
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AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD) Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

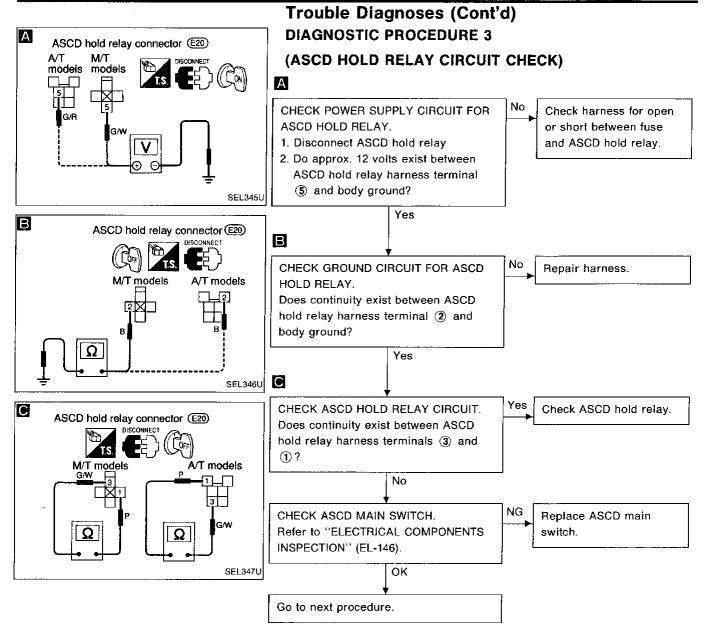
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE	_		— Diagnostic procedure							
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-134	EL-137	EL-139	EL-139	EL-140	EL-141	EL-142	EL-143	EL-144	EL-145
SYMPTOM	Self-diagnosis in CONSULT	Fail-safe system check	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 (POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 (ASCD MAIN SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 (ASCD HOLD RELAY CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 (ASCD CANCEL SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5 (ASCD STEERING SWITCH CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 6 (VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7 (ASCD ACTUATOR CHECK)	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (VACUUM HOSE AND ACCEL WIRE CHECK)
ASCD cannot be set.	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х
Steering CANCEL switch will not operate.	x						Х			
Steering ACCEL switch will not operate.	Х						Х			
Steering RESUME switch will not operate.	х						Х			
Large difference between set speed and actual vehicle speed.	х	х	Х			Х	Х	х	Х	Х
Deceleration is greatest immediately after ASCD has been set.	х	х	х			х	х	х	Х	Х
"CRUISE" indicator lamp blinks. (It indicates that system is in fail-safe.)	Х	х	х			х	х	Х	Х	
Engine hunts.	Х	Х	Х			Х	Х	X	Х	Х

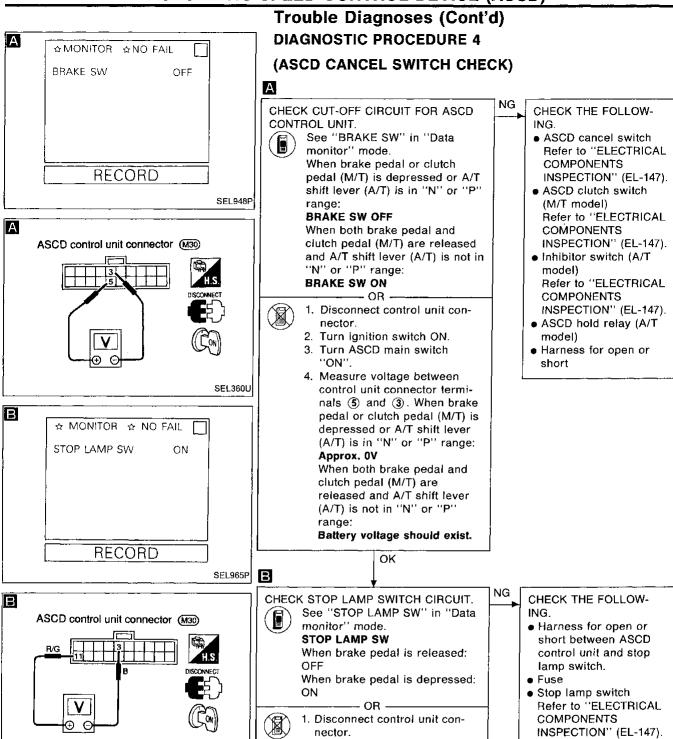
EL-138 1276



EL-139 1277



EL-140 1278



Check voltage between control unit harness terminals (1)

Depressed

Released

OK

Voltage

[V] Approx. 12

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and (3)

Condition

ASCD cancel switch is OK.

Stop lamp switch

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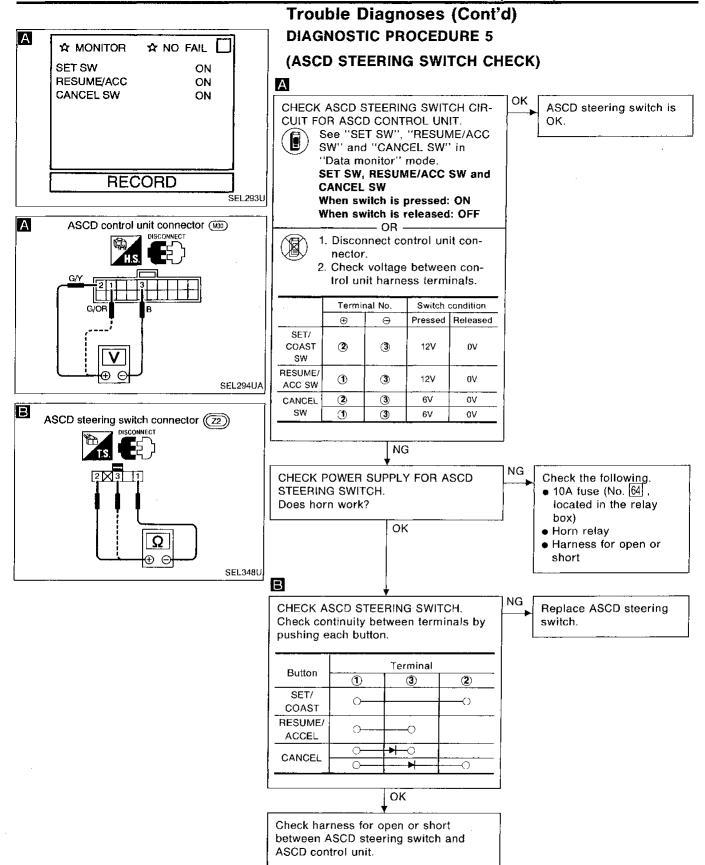
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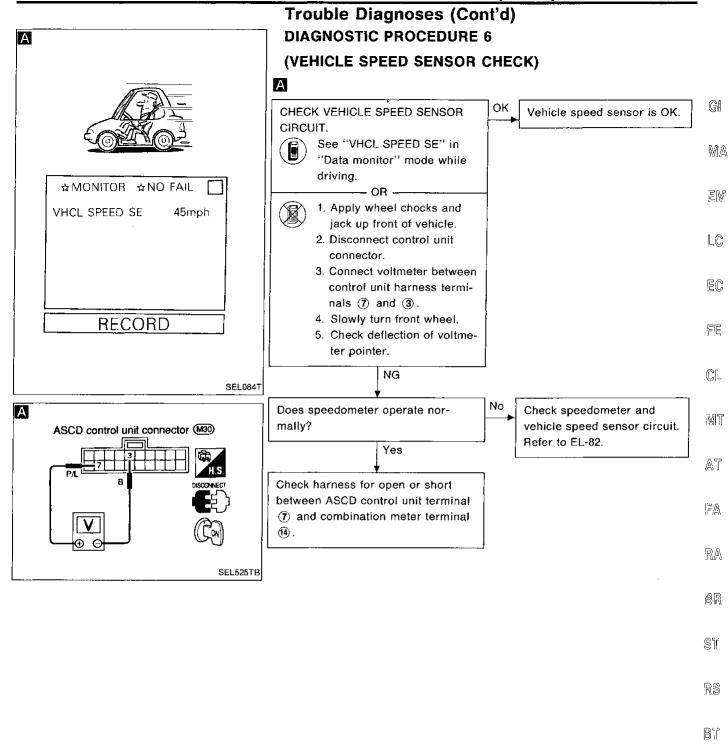
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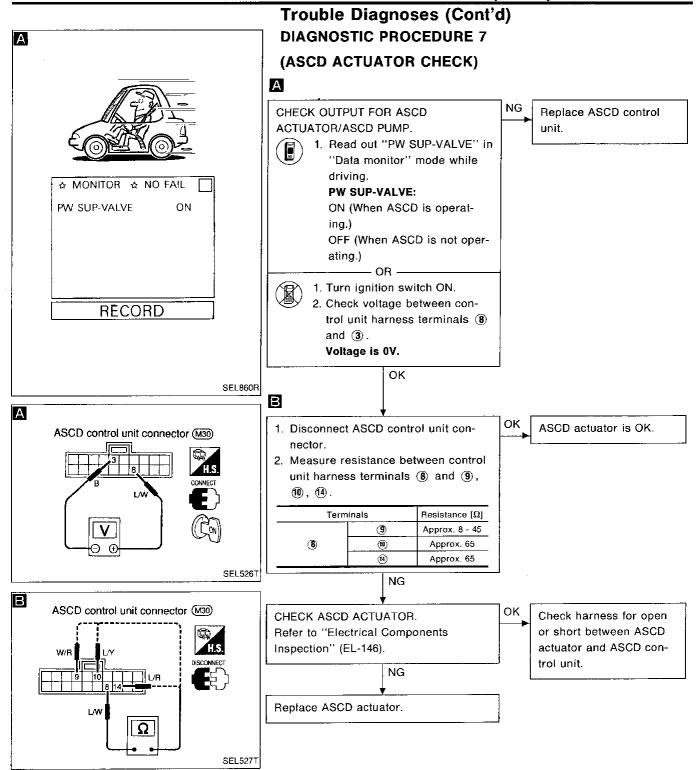
EL-142 1280



EL-143 1281

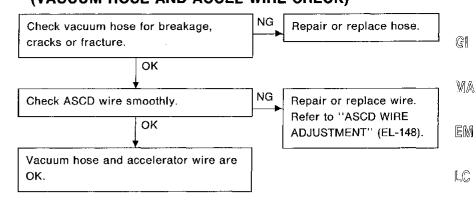
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EL-144 1282

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 8 (VACUUM HOSE AND ACCEL WIRE CHECK)



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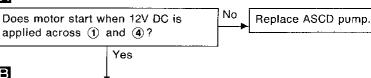
EL-145 1283

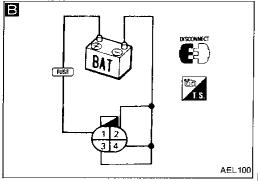
ASCD pump connector FUSE BAT SEL548T

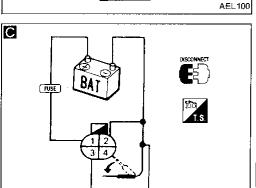
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS INSPECTION

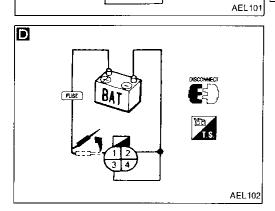
ASCD actuator/ASCD pump

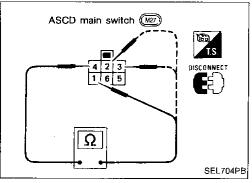
- 1. Disconnect ASCD pump connector.
- 2. Check ASCD actuator/ASCD pump operations as shown.

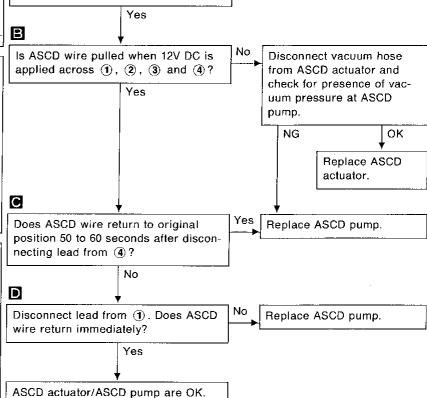












ASCD main switch

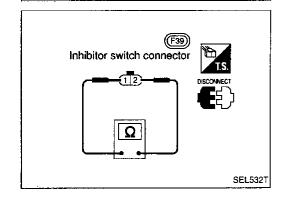
Check continuity between terminals by pushing switch to each position.

Switch position			Term	inals		
Switch position	1	2	3	4	5	6
ON	<u> </u>) —		
N		0—) —0		.L. ∮—∶
OFF						

ASCD cancel switch Stop lamp switch (M14) DISCONNECT TS. Ω Ω

SEL706PB

Clutch switch (M17) DISCONNECT SEL707PA



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

ASCD cancel switch and stop lamp switch

	Continuity		
Condition	ASCD cancel switch	Stop lamp switch	
When brake pedal is depressed	No	Yes	
When brake pedal is released	Yes	No	

Check each switch after adjusting brake pedal — refer to BR section.

Clutch switch (For M/T models)

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is depressed	No
When clutch pedal is released	Yes

Inhibitor switch (For A/T models)

Condition	Continuity
When shift lever position is "N" or "P"	Yes
When shift lever position is not "N" or "P"	No

EL-147 1285

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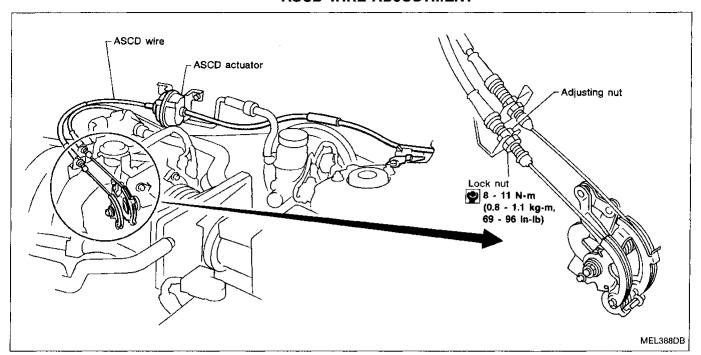
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Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ASCD WIRE ADJUSTMENT



CAUTION:

- Be careful not to twist ASCD wire when removing it.
- Do not tense ASCD wire excessively during adjustment.

Adjust the tension of ASCD wire in the following manner.

- 1. Loosen lock nut and adjusting nut.
- Make sure that accelerator wire is properly adjusted. (Refer to FE section, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM".)
- 3. Tighten adjusting nut until throttle drum just starts to move.
- 4. Loosen adjusting nut again 1/2 to 1 turn.
- 5. Tighten lock nut.

EL-148 1286

Overall Description

OUTLINE

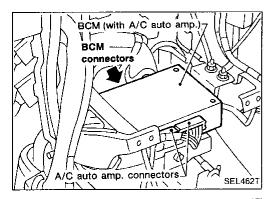
The In-Vehicle Multiplexing System, IVMS (LAN system), consists of a BCM (Body Control Module) and five LCUs (Local Control Units). Some switches and electrical loads are connected to each LCU. Some electrical systems are directly connected to the BCM. Control of each LCU, (which is provided by a switch and electrical load), is accomplished by the BCM, via two multiplex data lines (A and B) connected between them.

Refer to the System Diagram (EL-152).

BCM (Body Control Module)

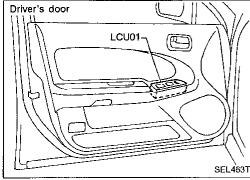
The BCM, which is a master unit of the IVMS (LAN), consists of $~ \mathbb{L} \mathbb{G}$ microprocessor, memory and communication LSI sections and has communication and control functions. It receives data signals from the LCUs and sends electrical load data signals to them.

The BCM is described as a "control assembly (for IVMS)" in the Parts Catalog.



The auto amp, for auto air conditioner, if equipped, is built into the BCM. The BCM connectors are located on the front side of the BCM. Do not be confused with the auto amp. connectors on the rear side of the BCM.

NOTE: The auto amp. function has nothing to do with the IVMS.



LCU (Local Control Unit)

The LCUs, which are slave units of the BCM, have only a communication function and consist of communication LSI and input-output interface circuits. They receive data signals from the BCM, control the ON/OFF operations of electrical loads and the sleep operation, as well as send switch signals to the BCM.

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IVMS (LAN) — SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Overall Description (Cont'd) CONTROLLED SYSTEMS

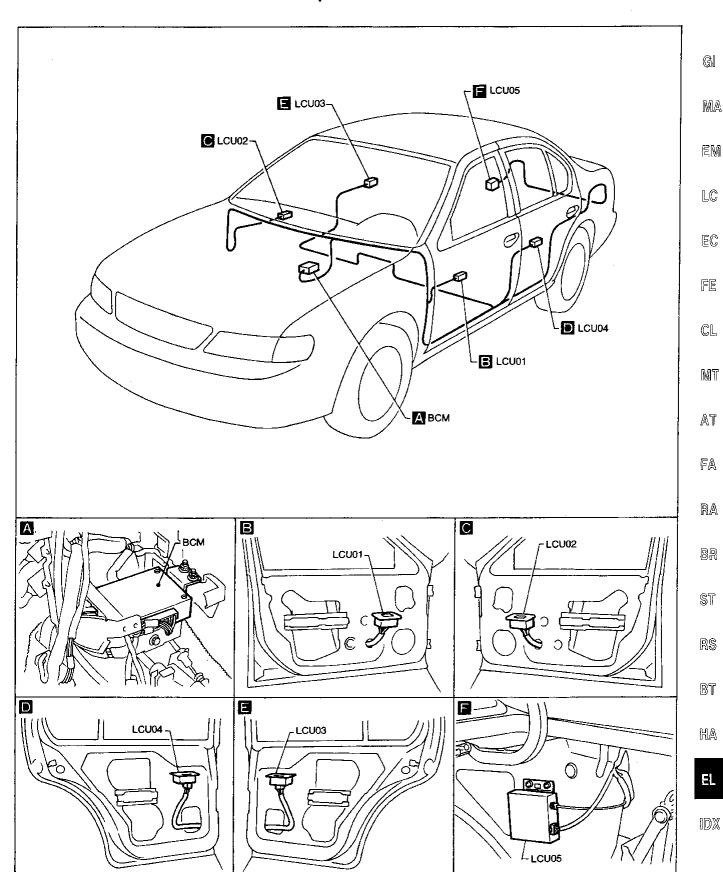
The IVMS controls several body-electrical systems. The systems included in the IVMS are as follows:

- Power window
- Power door lock
- Time control system
 - Intermittent wiper
 - Rear window defogger timer
 - Ignition key warning
 - Light warning
 - Seat belt warning
 - Battery saver
- Step lamps
- Multi-remote control system
- Illumination
- Theft warning system
- Interior lamp and ignition keyhole illumination
- Trouble-diagnosing system
 - with CONSULT
 - --- ON-BOARD

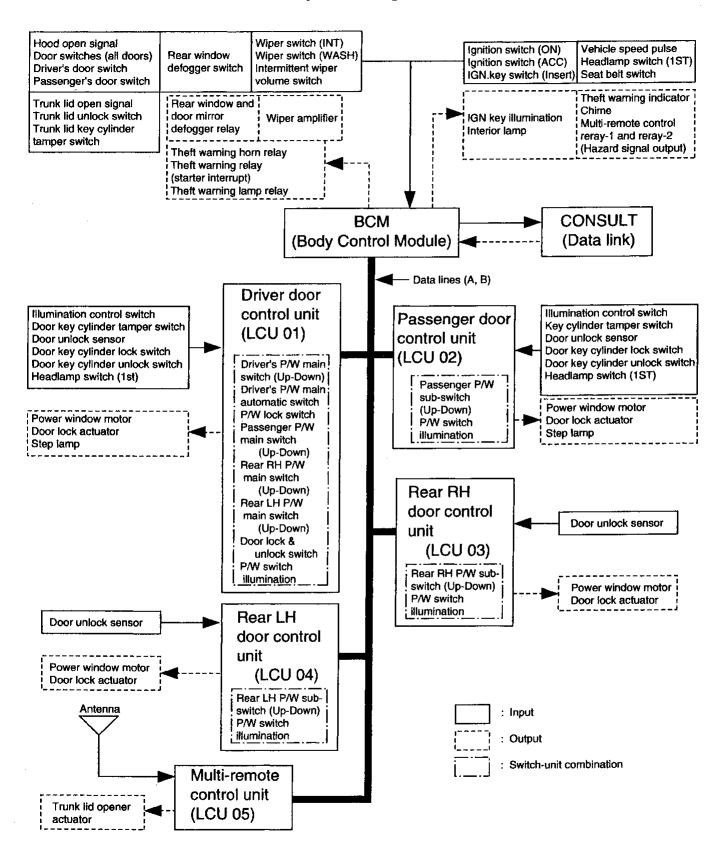
Also, IVMS has the "sleep/wake-up control" function. IVMS puts itself (the whole IVMS system) to sleep under certain conditions to prevent unnecessary power consumption. Then, when a certain input is detected, the system wakes itself up. For more detailed information, refer to "Sleep/Wake-up Control" (EL-153).

EL-150 1288

Component Parts Location

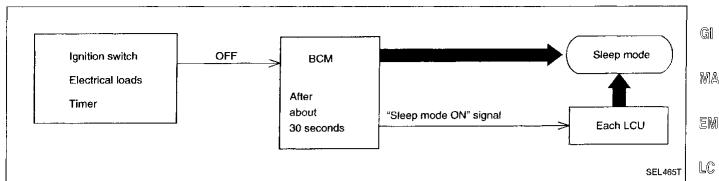


System Diagram



Sleep/Wake-up Control

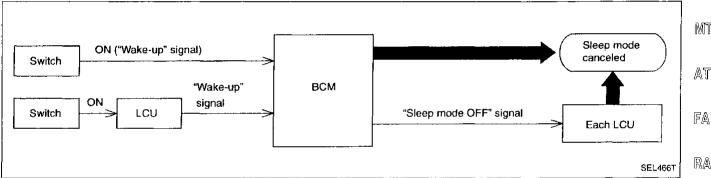
SLEEP CONTROL



"Sleep" control prevents unnecessary power consumption. About 30 seconds after the following conditions are met, the BCM suspends the communication between itself and all LCUs. The whole IVMS system is set in the "sleep" mode.

- Ignition switch "OFF"
- All electrical loads (in the IVMS) "OFF" (except the security indicator lamp)
- Timer "OFF"

WAKE-UP CONTROL



As shown above, when the BCM detects a "wake-up" signal, it wakes up the whole system and starts communicating again. The "sleep" mode of all LCUs is now canceled, and the BCM returns to the normal control mode. When any one of the following switches are turned ON, the "sleep" mode is canceled:

- Ignition key switch (Insert)*
- Ignition switch "ACC" or "ON"
- Lighting switch (1st)
- Door switches (all doors)
- Trunk lid unlock switch
- Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch
- Trunk room lamp switch
- Hood switch
- Door unlock sensors (all doors)
- Door key cylinder tamper switches (front doors)
- Door key cylinder lock switches and unlock switches (front doors)
- Also, when key is pulled out of ignition (ignition key switch is turned from ON to OFF), the "sleep" mode is canceled.

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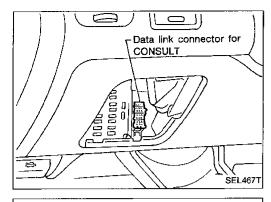
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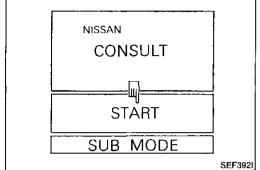
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Consult

CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- 1. Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Connect "CONSULT" to Data link connector.

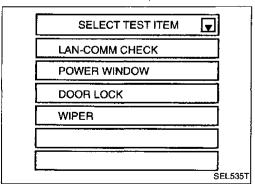


3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

4. Touch "START".

SELECT SYSTEM	
ENGINE	
A/T	
AIRBAG	
LAN	
	SEL534T

5. Touch "LAN".



6. Perform each diagnostic item according to the function chart as follows:

For further information, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

EL-154 1292

Consult (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS APPLICATION

	*			MODE		**	
Test item	Diagnosed system	LAN COMM DIAGNOSIS	WAKE-UP DIAGNOSIS	SELF-DIAG- NOSTIC RESULTS	DATA MONI- TOR	ACTIVE TEST	- GI
LAN-COMM CHECK	IVMS (LAN) communica- tion and wake-up func- tion	x	x			-	— .M∂
POWER WINDOW	Power window				Х	Х	- - []
DOOR LOCK	Power door lock			X	х	Х	— LE 38
WIPER	Wiper and washer				х	Х	- - LC
REAR DEFOGGER	Rear window defogger			,	х	Х	- LC
IGN KEY WARN ALM	Ignition key warning chime				х	Х	EC
LIGHT WARN ALM	Light warning chime				Х	Х	-
ROOM LAMP TIMER	Interior lamp timer				Х	Х	FE
SEAT BELT TIMER	Seat belt timer				Х	Х	_
THEFT WARNING SYS- TEM	Theft warning system				х	х	CL
STEP LAMP	Step lamps				Х	X	- - MT
ILLUM LAMP	Interior lamp	-			Х	Х	- 3000
MULTI-REMOTE CONT SYS	Multi-remote control				х	х	- AT

X: Applicable
For diagnostic item in each control system, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

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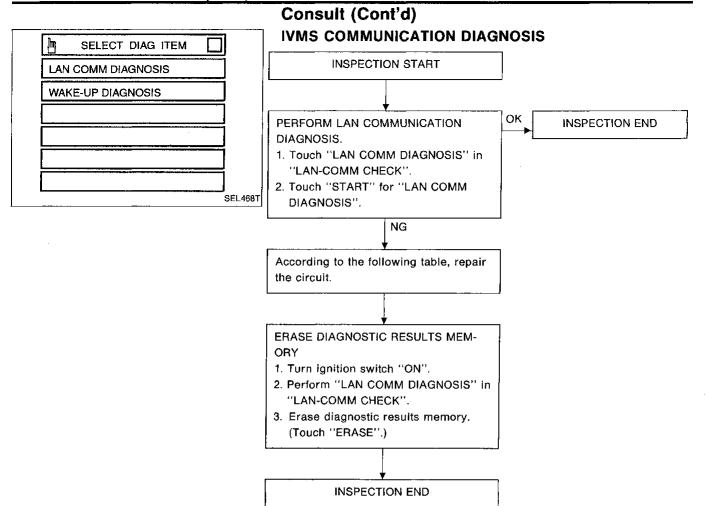
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EL-156 1294

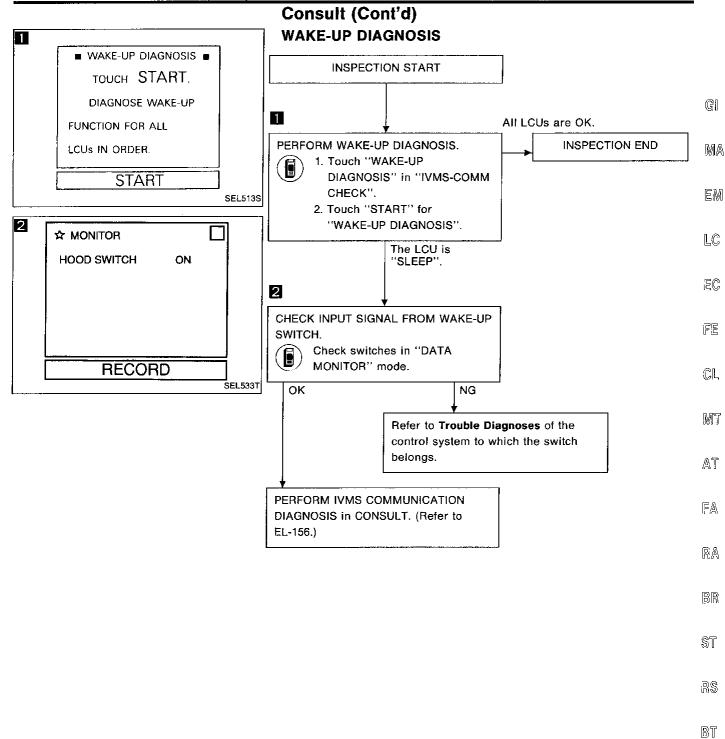
Number of the following the production of the Call in the data lines 2 Cheek continuity of the data line of and the call in th	Check continuity of the data line check for connector looseness.		:				—		
Signary A A Signary Si	ess- in in i	Diagnostic	expl	anation		Number of malfunction- ing LCUs		ause	Service procedure
ess- ess- ess- ion A A Sign or B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	cir- cir- ion Sr. A A Sr. Sr. and and and	A commul BCM to al LCUs retu they recei The signa	nicatic I LCU: rn a s ve the Is sen	on signal is sent from the s. signal to the BCM as a signal above. tt from the BCM and	Φ	One	1. Poor cor 2. Open or A and/or 3. Ground	nnection at LCU connector short circuit in the data lines • B circuit of the LCU open	1. Check for connector looseness. 2. Check continuity of the data line circuits between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connector. 3. Check ground circuit of the LCU in
essr- essr- essr- ion B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	ess ess ess and B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	same.	Logical L	.cus snould be the			4. Maffunct	doning LCU	
B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	If they are municatio are malfu	e differ in betw nctioni			Ali	1. Open or lines.	short circuit in the data	1. Check continuity of the data line circuits between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector.
B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	-					2. Malfunct	ioning BCM	2. Replace the BCM.
B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	or. A A A Sr. Sr. B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	BCM to L	Inicatic CUs vi	on signal is sent from the la data fines A and B.	<u> </u>	One	t. Poor cor the LCU	connection in the data line A at	Check for connector looseness.
Sr. A A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	Signary A A A St.	A. A. If the sid		signal via the data				cuit in the data line A	
B B A A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	line A is	malfun	ectioning.				doning LCU	
B B St. B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B					Two or more	1. Poor cor	mections at LCU connectors	1. Check for connector looseness.
B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	B and B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B							cuit in the data line A	
B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	,				Ail		oult in the data line A with	Check continuity between data line A terminal of BCM connectors and
Sr. Signary and	B and B B							nnection in the data line A at	
B S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B							coult in the data line A	
B B S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	B B S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S							connector foning BCM	
2. Open circuit in the data line B circuit between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connector. Two or more 1. Poor connection at LCU connectors or 1. Check for connector looseness. harness-to-harness connectors or 1. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. All 1. Short circuit in the data line B with ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B at ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B at ground. 3. Check continuity of the data line B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector. 4. Malfunctioning BCM .	Land the signal via the data line 2. Open circuit in the data line B circuit between the LCU in question 3. Malfunctioning. Two or more 1. Poor connectors 2. Open circuit in the data line B circuit between the LCU in question. All 1. Short circuit in the data line B with ground. 2. Poor connectors 3. Malfunctioning LCU 3. Replace the LCU in question. 1. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 2. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 3. Malfunctioning LCU 3. Replace the LCU in question. 4. Short circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 4. Replace the LCU in question. 3. Check for connector loseness. 4. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 5. Check for connector loseness. 6. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 7. Check for connector loseness. 8. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 9. Check for connector loseness. 9. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 1. Short circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 1. Short circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 1. Short circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. 2. Poor connectors 3. Check for connector loseness. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 4. Replace the LCU in question. 9. Check for connector loseness. 9. Check for connector loseness. 1. Check for connector loseness. 2. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 2. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 3. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 4. Replace BCM. 5. Check continuity of the data line	A commi	unicatio CUs vi	on signal is sent from the	a)	One	1. Poor cor	nnection in the data line B at	1. Check for connector looseness.
and harness-to-harness connectors Two or more I. Poor connection at LCU connectors or harness-to-harness connectors 2. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. All I. Short circuit in the data line B terminal of the BCM connectors and ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B terminal of the data line B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector. 3. Malfunctioning LCU 3. Replace the LCU in question. 1. Check for connector looseness. 2. Check continuity of the data line B terminal of the BCM connectors and ground. 3. Check continuity of the data line B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCU in question. 3. Check for connector looseness. 4. Replace the LCU in question. 5. Check for connector looseness. 6. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM connectors and ground. 8. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 9. Replace the LCU in question. 9. Replace the LCU in question. 1. Check for connector looseness. 1. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 2. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 3. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 4. Replace The LCU in question. 9. Replace the LCU in question. 9. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 9. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 9. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM.	and does not return, the data Two or more All 1. Short circuit in the data line B with 1. Short circuit in the data line B at the BCM connectors and ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B at the BCM connectors and ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B at the BCM connectors and ground. 3. Malfunctioning LCU 3. Malfunctioning LCU 3. Replace the LCU in question. 4. Check for connector looseness. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 3. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM connectors and ground. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 4. Replace BCM. 5. Poor connection in the data line B at the BCM connector looseness. 6. Open circuit in the data line B at circuit for the BCM. 7. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM connectors and ground. 8. Open circuit in the data line B at circuit for the BCM. 9. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 10. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 11. Short circuit in the data line B circuit for the BCM. 12. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 13. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 14. Replace BCM. 15. Analtunctioning correctly. In such line B circuit for the BCM. 16. Malfunctioning correctly. In such line B circuit for the BCM. 17. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 18. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 19. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 19. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 19. Check continuity of the data line B circuit in the dat	LCUs re	turn the	signal via the data line				cuit in the data line B	
Two or more 1. Poor connection at LCU connectors or 1. Check for connector loseness. 2. Open circuit in the data line B 2. Open circuit in the data line B with ground 3. Poor connection in the data line B terminal of the BCM connectors and ground. 3. Open circuit in the data line B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector 4. Maifunctioning BCM 1. Check for connector loseness. 3. Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the BCM. 4. Replace BCM. 4. Replace BCM.	Two or more 1. Poor connection at LCU connectors or 1. Check for connector looseness. 2. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question. All 1. Short circuit in the data line B with 1. Check continuity of the data line B ground 2. Poor connection in the data line B at ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B at ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B at ground. 3. Open circuit in the data line B at circuit for the BCM connectors and ground. 4. Malfunctioning BCM and harness-to-harness connector looseness. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 5. And the two data lines but all systems in the IVMS (such as power window or power door lock) are functioning correctly. In such line and the other data line that is functioning.	If the sig line B is	nal doe malfun	es not return, the data sctioning.			3. Malfunct	doning LCU	
2. Open circuit in the data line B aircuit for the LCUs in question. All 1. Short circuit in the data line B with ground 2. Poor connection in the data line B at line B at line B between the BCM connector looseness. 3. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the BCM. All 1. Short circuit in the data line B at line B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM.	2. Open circuit in the data line B 2. Check continuity of the data line B 3. Check continuity of the data line B 3. Check continuity of the data line B 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Malfunction is still accomplished via the other data line B 2. Check continuity of the data line B 3. Check continuity of the data line B 4. Check continuity of the data line B 5. Check continuity of the data line B 7. Check continuity of the data line B 7. Check continuity of the data line B 8. Check continuity of the data line B 9. Check continuity of the data line B 10. Check continuity of the data line B 11. Short circuit in the data line B 12. Check continuity of the data line B 13. Check continuity of the data line B 14. Replace BCM. 15. Check continuity of the data line B 16. Check continuity of the data line B 17. Check continuity of the data line B 18. Check continuity of the data line B 19. Check continuity of the data line B 1				!	Two or more	1. Poor cor	nnection at LCU connectors or	1. Check for connector looseness.
1. Short circuit in the data line B with ground ground 2. Poor connection in the data line B at terminal of the BCM connectors and ground. 3. Open circuit in the data line B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connector 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM.	around ground 2. Poor connection in the data line B at terminal of the BCM connectors and ground. 2. Poor connection in the data line B at terminal of the BCM connectors and ground. 3. Check for connector looseness, the BCM connector looseness. 3. Open circuit in the data line B at circuit for the BCM. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 4. Replace BCM. 4. Replace BCM. 5. Short circuit in the data line B at complished via the other data line that is functioning.	_				:		confirmed connectors rouit in the data line B	Check continuity of the data line B circuit for the LCUs in question.
2. Poor connection in the data line B at the Brownectors the BCM connectors 3. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the BCM. harness connector 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM.	2. Poor connection in the data line B at ground. 3. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the BCM. 4. Malfunctioning BCM ing data line. This is because communication is still accomplished via the other data line B aronector looseness. 2. Check for connector looseness. 3. Check for connector looseness. 4. Check for connector looseness. 4. Check for connector looseness. 4. Replace BCM. 4. Replace Communication is still accomplished via the other data line that is functioning.	· · · -				ΑII	1. Short cir ground	cuit in the data line B with	Check continuity between data line B terminal of the BCM connectors and
3. Open circuit in the data line B circuit for the BCM. harness connector 4. Replace BCM.	3. Open circuit in the data line B between the BCM and harness-to-circuit for the BCM. 4. Malfunctioning BCM a power window or power door lock) are functioning correctly. In such ing data line. This is because communication is still accomplished via the other data line that is functioning.							ne data line B	
harness connector 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM.	4. Replace BCM. 4. Malfunctioning BCM 4. Replace BCM. 5. In one of the two data lines but all systems in the IVMS (such as power window or power door lock) are functioning correctly. In such ing data line. This is because communication is still accomplished via the other data line that is functioning.							cuit in the data line B the BCM and harness-to-	
	I in one of the two data lines but <u>all</u> systems in the IVMS (such as power window or power door lock) are functioning correctly. In such ng data line. This is because communication is still accomplished via the other data line that is functioning.				<u>-</u>		harness 4. Malfunct	connector ioning BCM	4. Replace BCM.

EL-157

1295

Consult (Cont'd)

Diagnostic item	Diagnostic explanation	Number of malfunction- ing LCUs	Expected cause	Service procedure
[A-LINE NO RESPONSE] [B-LINE NO RESPONSE] (Communication via data lines A and B not responded)	A communication signal is sent from the BCM to LCUs via data lines A and B. LCUs return the signal via the data lines A and B. If the signal does not return, the data lines A and B are malfunctioning.		Open circuit in the power source for the LCU in question. Poor connection at LCU connector Open circuit in the data lines A and B Open circuit in LCU ground A Open circuit in LCU ground A Open circuit in LCU ground	1. Check fuse, fusible link, circuit breaker or harness. 2. Check for connector looseness. 3. Check continuity of each data line between the LCU in question and harness-to-harness connectors. 4. Check ground circuit of the LCU in question. 5. Replace the LCU in question.
		Two or more	1. Open circuit in the power source for the LCUs in question 2. Poor connection at LCU connectors or harness-to-harness connectors 3. Open circuit in the data lines A and B 4. Malfunctioning LCUs	
:		=	1. Short circuit between data lines A and B 2. Short circuits in the data lines A and B with ground 3. Poor connection at the BCM connectors fors 4. Open circuit in the data lines A and B between the BCM and harness-to-harness connectors 5. Malfunctioning BCM	1. Check continuity between data lines A and B. 2. Check continuity between data line terminals of the BCM connectors and ground. 3. Check for connector looseness. 4. Check continuity of each data line between the BCM and harness-to- harness connectors. 5. Replace the BCM.
[COMM FAIL] [A-LINE NO RESPONSE] [B-LINE NO RESPONSE]	All malfunctions indicated above are evident.	One Two or more All	Open circuit in LCU ground Open circuits in LCU grounds Malfunctioning BCM	Check ground circuit of the LCU in question. Check ground circuits of the LCUs in question. Replace BCM.

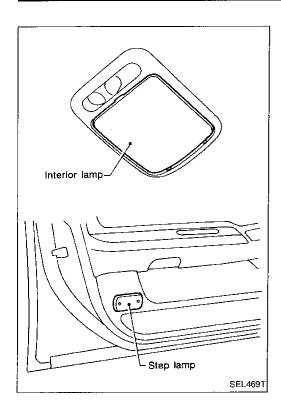


EL-159 1297

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On-board Diagnosis

ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS INDICATOR LAMP

The interior lamp and step lamps (front seats) act as the indicators for the on-board diagnosis. These lamps blink simultaneously in response to diagnostic results.

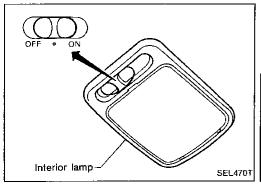
ON-BOARD DIAGNOSTIC FUNCTION

Mode		Function	Refer page
Mode †	IVMS commu- nication diag- nosis	Diagnosing any abnormality or inability of communication between BCM and LCUs (both data lines A and B).	EL-161
Mode II	Switch moni- tor	Monitoring conditions of switches connected to BCM and LCUs.	EL-163
Mode III	Power door lock self-di- agnosis		EL-201
Mode IV	Power win- dow opera- tion	Operation of driver side window	EL-186

EL-160 1298

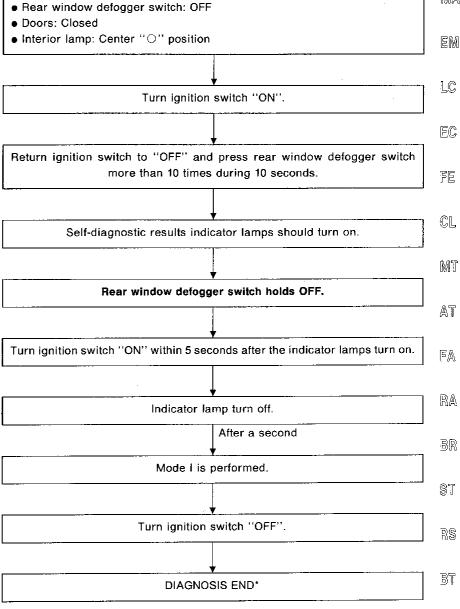
Condition

Ignition switch: OFFHeadlamp switch: OFF



On-board Diagnosis — Mode I (IVMS communication diagnosis)

HOW TO PERFORM MODE I



*: Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 HA minutes if left unattended.

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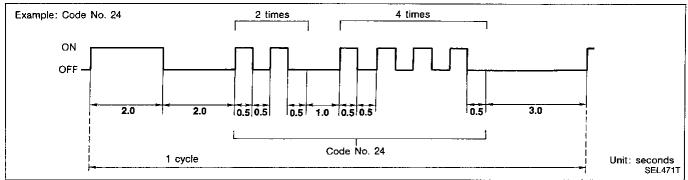
MA

EL-161 1299

On-board Diagnosis — Mode I (IVMS communication diagnosis) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In this mode, a malfunction code is indicated by the number of flashes from the interior lamp and front step lamps as shown below:



After indicator lamp turns on for 2 seconds then off for 2 seconds, it flashes [cycling ON (0.5 sec.)/OFF (0.5 sec.)] to indicate a malfunction code of the first digit. Then, 1 second after indicator lamp turns off, it again flashes [cycling ON (0.5 sec.)/OFF (0.5 sec.)] to indicate a malfunction code of the second digit. For example, the indicator lamp goes on and off for 0.5 seconds twice and after 1.0 seconds, it goes on and off for 0.5 seconds four times. This indicates malfunction code "24". The self-diagnostic results will remain in the BCM memory.

Malfunction code table

Code No.	Malfunctioning LCU	Detected items	Diagnostic procedure
24		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-157).
25	Driver door control unit (LCU01)	No response from data line A	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
26		No response from data line B	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
34		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-157).
35	Passenger door control unit (LCU02)	No response from data line A	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
36		No response from data line B	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
41		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-157).
42	Rear RH door control unit (LCU03)	No response from data line A	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
43		No response from data line B	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
44		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-157).
45	Rear LH door control unit (LCU04)	No response from data line A	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
46		No response from data line B	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
54		Malfunctioning communication	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "COMM FAIL" (EL-157).
55	Multi-remote control unit (LCU05)	No response from data line A	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "A-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
56		No response from data line B	Refer to CONSULT DIAGNOSTIC CHART, "B-LINE NO RESPONSE" (EL-157).
11	No malfunction		

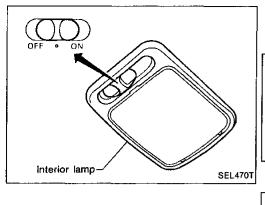
Condition

• Ignition switch: OFF

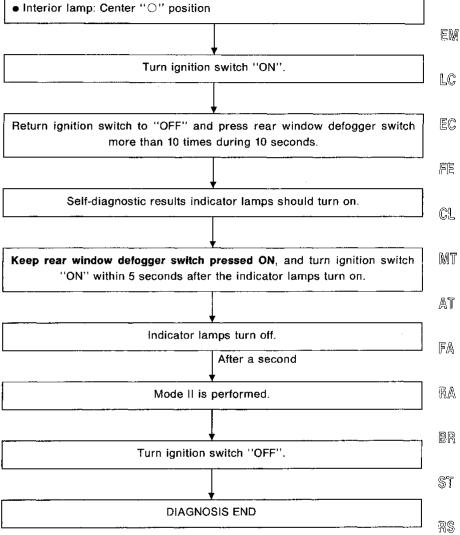
Doors: Closed

• Headlamp switch: OFF

• Rear window defogger switch: OFF



On-board Diagnosis — Mode II (Switch monitor) HOW TO PERFORM MODE II



EL-163 1301

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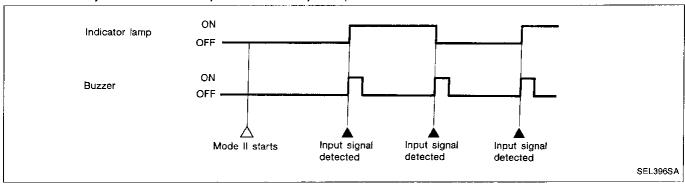
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On-board Diagnosis — Mode II (Switch monitor) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In this mode, when BCM detects the input signal from a switch in IVMS as shown below, the detection is indicated by the interior lamp and front step lamps with buzzer.



Switch monitor item

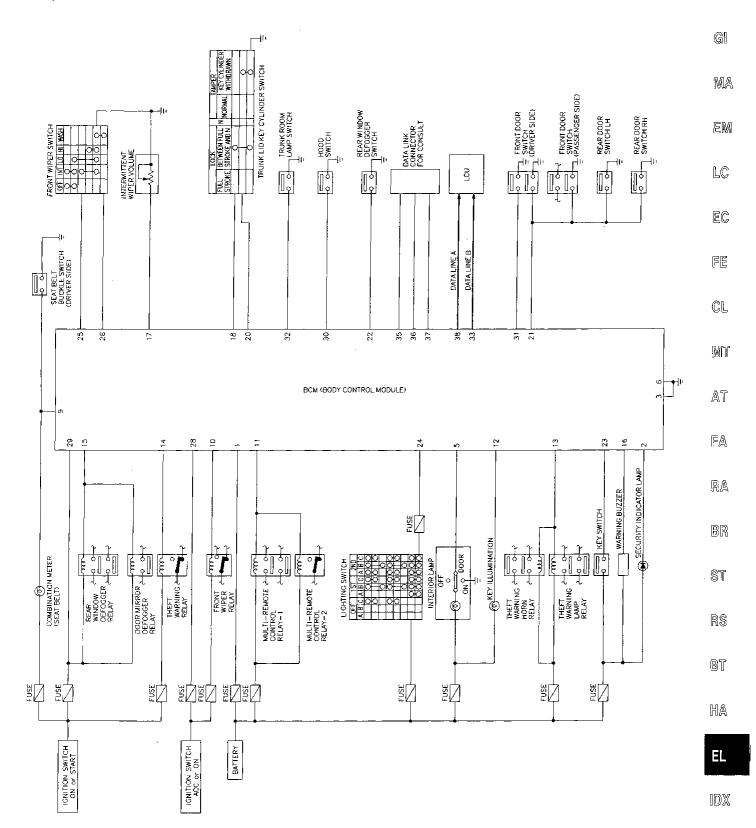
всм	 Hood switch Trunk room lamp switch Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch Trunk lid unlock switch Door switches Headlamp switch (1st) Wiper switch (INT) Wiper switch (WASH) Door switch (passenger side)
LCU 01	Seat belt buckle switch Power window lock switch Power window main switches (UP/DOWN) Power window automatic switch Illumination control switch Door lock & unlock switch (LOCK/UNLOCK) Door key cylinder switch Key cylinder tamper switch

LCU 02	Door key cylinder: Key cylinder tampe Door unlock senso Passenger power (UP/DOWN)	er switch r
LCU 03	Power window sub (UP/DOWN)	-switch (Rear RH)
LCU 04	Power window sub (UP/DOWN)	-switch (Rear LH)
LCU 05	Door lock button Door unlock button Interior lamp button Trunk lid opener button	Operated by multi- remote controller

EL-164 1302

Body Control Module (BCM)

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



Body Control Module (BCM) (Cont'd)

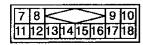
INPUT/OUTPUT OPERATION SIGNAL

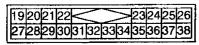
Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	Power source			_	12
			Theft warning	Illuminated	0
2	Theft warning indicator	0	control	Turned off	12
3	Ground	_	_		_
4	_			_	_
F	Interior Land		ON (Illuminated)		0
5	Interior lamp	0	OFF		12
6	Ground				_
7					
8				_	
9	Seat belt switch	l	When the seat be	It is fastened	5
9	Seat beit switch	<u>'</u>	When the seat be	elt is not fastened	0
	Wiper amplifier		Ignition switch O "ACC" or "ON" Wiper switch	ON	0
10	(ON signal)	0		OFF	12
			Flasher lamp	ON	0
11	Hazard	0		OFF	12
			ON OFF		0
12	Ignition keyhole illumination	0			12
40	Theft warning horn relays and theft		ON		0
13	warning lamp relay	0	OFF		12
4.4	T		Theft warning	ON	0
14	Theft warning relay	0	control	OFF	12
		•	Ignition switch	ON	0
15	Defogger relay	0	"ON" Time control	OFF	12
			ON		0
16	Buzzer	0	OFF		12
4-		,		Max. (20 sec)	3.6
17	Intermittent wiper volume switch	I	Intermittent time	Min. (2 sec)	0
40	Tanal Vid autoric accident		Unlocked (ON)		0
18	Trunk lid unlock switch	ì	Neutral (OFF)		5
10	December de su suitet		ON (Open)		0
19	Passenger's door switch	I	OFF (Closed)		
20	Turnels lid temporar assistate	_	ON		0
20	Trunk lid tamper switch	'	OFF		5

EL-166 1304

Terminal No.	Cor	nnections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
0.4	Door switches			Danie zwitch	ON (Open)	0	_
21 (All do	(All doors)			Door switch	OFF (Closed)	12	_
00	Pm		1	ON		0	_
22	Rear window de	erogger switch	'	OFF		5	_
Ignition key switch			IGN key removed cylinder (OFF)	from ignition key	0	_	
23	(Insert)		I	IGN key inserted into ignition key cylinder (ON)		12	_
0.4	Headlamp switch	:h		1ST, 2ND position	ns: ON	12	-
24	(1ST)		1	OFF		0	_
Wiper switch	ch		INT		0	_	
25	(Intermittent)		l	OFF		12	-
00	Wiper switch	iper switch		Ignition switch	WASH	0	_ [
26	(Wash)		'	"ACC" or "ON"	OFF	12	-
27	Vehicle speed pulse		1	Pulse		0 - 5	_
28	Ignition switch (ACC)		1	Ignition switch "ACC"		12	-
29	Ignition switch (ON)	l l	Ignition switch "ON"		12	•
20	*			Open (ON)		0	•
30	Hood switch			Closed (OFF)		5	
0.1	Dairente descrip		,	Open (ON)		0	•
31	Driver's door sw	viten		Closed (OFF)		12	•
20	Tours lid and a	inal		Open (ON) Closed (OFF)		0	-
32	Trunk lid open s	signai				12	
33	Data line (B)		1/0			-	_
34		On-board diag- nostic results		_			
35	CONSULT	TX signal					
36		RX signal		44		-	. ;
37		CLK signal		-	_		•
38	Data line (A)	e (A)				_	[

BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE)











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EL-167 1305

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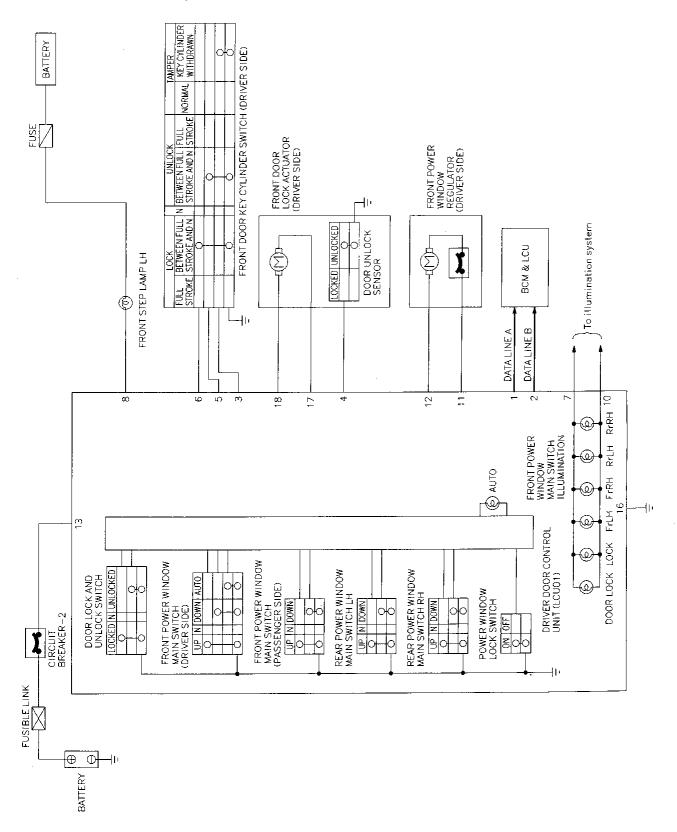
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Local Control Units (LCUs)

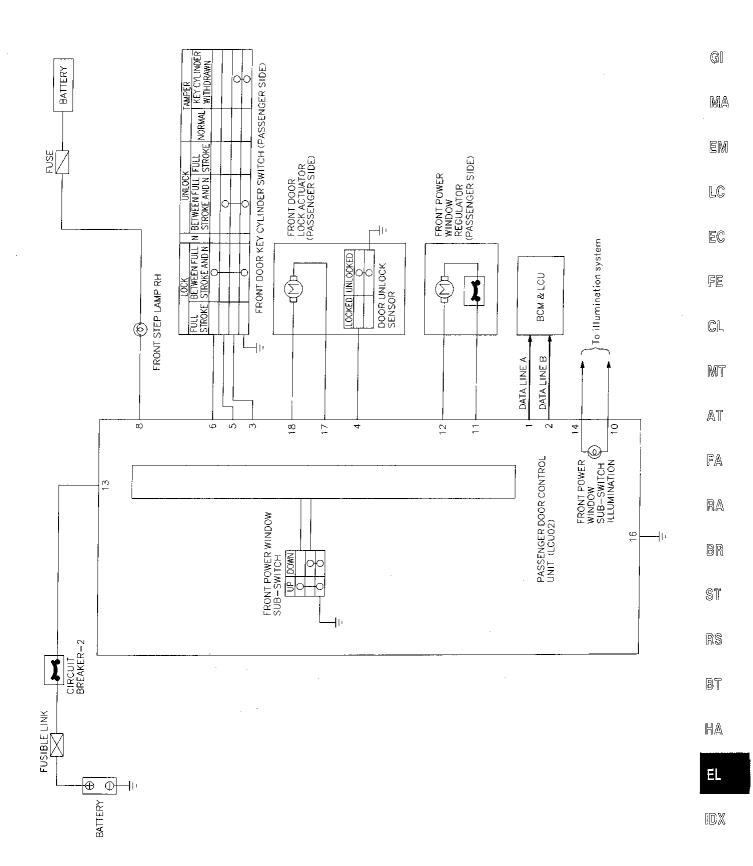
CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Driver door control unit (LCU01)



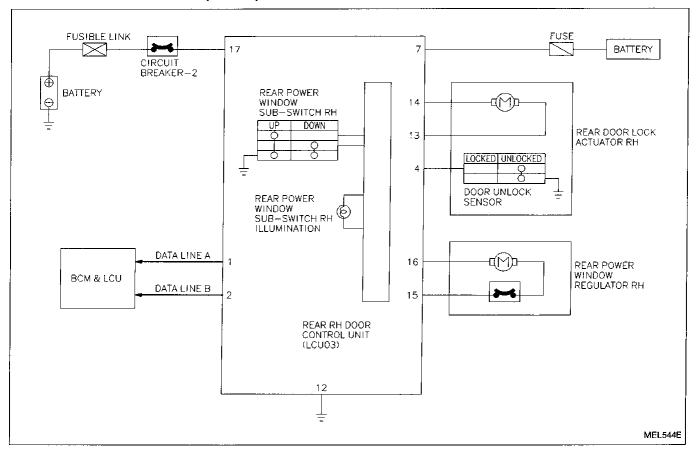
Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Passenger door control unit (LCU02)

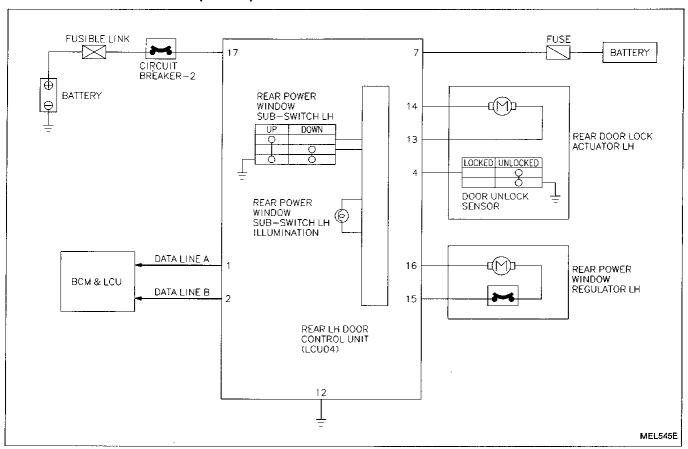


Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Rear RH door control unit (LCU03)

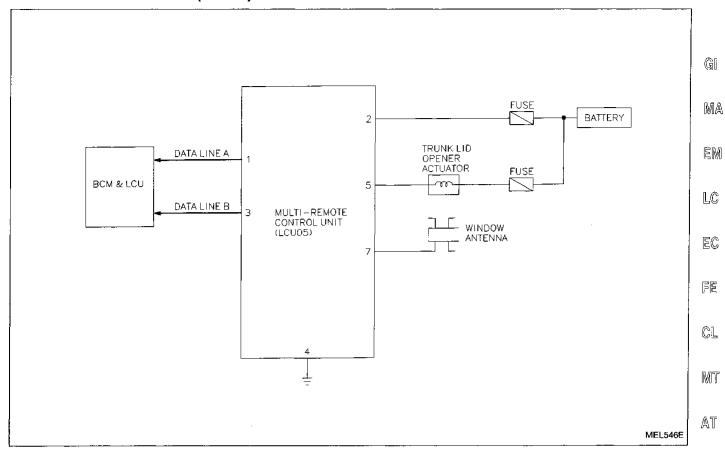


Rear LH door control unit (LCU04)



Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Multi-remote control unit (LCU05)



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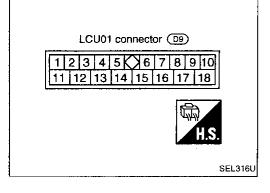
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Local Control Units (LCUs)

INPUT/OUTPUT OPERATION SIGNAL

Driver door control unit (LCU01)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition		Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
1	Data line (A)	1/0				
2	Data line (B)	1/0		_	_	
^	Door key cylinder		ON (Key cylinder remo	oved)	0	
3	tamper switch	ı	OFF (Key cylinder insta	alled)	12	
4	D		Unlocked (ON)		0	
4	Door unlock sensor	l	Locked (OFF)		5	
	Door key cylinder unlock		Unlocked (ON)		0	
5	switch	I	Locked (OFF)	-	12	
C	Door key cylinder lock		Locked (ON)		0	
6	switch	l	Unlocked (OFF)	Unlocked (OFF)		
7	1141		1st, 2nd: ON		12	
•	Headlamp switch (1st)	I	OFF		0	
0			ON		0	
8	Step lamp	0	OFF	12		
9	_				_	
10	Illumination control sig- nal	I	Headlamp switch ''1st'' Brightened - Darkened		0 - 12	
	Power window motor	0	Ignition switch "ON"	Up	12	
11	(P/W) Up	U	Driver's P/W switch	Free	0	
12	Power window motor	0	Ignition switch "ON"	Down	12	
12	(P/W) — Down	U	Driver's P/W switch	Free	0	
13	Power source (C/B)	-			12	
14	_	<u> </u>		-		
15		<u> </u>	_		-	
16	Ground	la fill res	_			
17	Door lack motor Lock	0	Door lock & unlock	Locked	12	
11	Door lock motor — Lock		switch	Free	0	
18	Door lock motor — Unlock	0	Door lock & unlock switch	Unlocked Free	12	

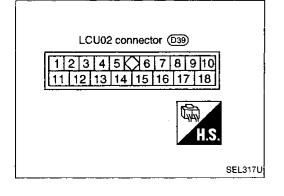


EL-172 1310

Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Passenger door control unit (LCU02)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operate	Operated condition					
1	Data line (A)	1/0	_			-			
2	Data line (B)	1/0			_	•			
•	Door key cylinder		ON		0	_			
3	tamper switch	I	OFF		12	•			
4	Door unlock sensor	1	Unlocked (ON)		0	_			
4	Door unlock sensor	1	Locked (OFF)		5				
5	Door key cylinder unlock	1	Unlocked (ON)		0	_			
	switch		Neutral (OFF)		12				
6	Door key cylinder lock	l	Locked (ON)		0	_			
	switch		Neutral (OFF)	12					
7	Power source (FUSE)		_		12				
8 8	Step lamp	0	ON		0				
			OFF	12					
9	_		_						
10	Illumination control sig- nal	1	Headlamp switch "1st" Brightened - Darkened		0 - 12				
11	Power window motor	0	Ignition switch "ON"	Up	12				
	(P/W) Up	U	Passenger's P/W switch	Free	0				
40	Power window motor	0	Ignition switch "ON"	Down	12				
12	(P/W) — Down	U	Passenger's P/W switch	Free	0	;			
13	Power source (C/B)	<u>-</u>			12				
	4 11- 11- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1- 1	And the second s	Handlann awitch (104)	Handlann switch (104)	,	1st, 2nd: ON		12	
14	Headlamp switch (1st)		OFF		0				
15			-		_	[
16	Ground		-						
17	Door look motor Look	0	Door lock & unlock	Locked	12	(
17	Door lock motor — Lock		switch	Free	0				
10	Door lock motor —	0	Door lock & unlock	Unlocked	12	[
18 i	Unlock	inlock	ock switch	switch	Free	0	,		



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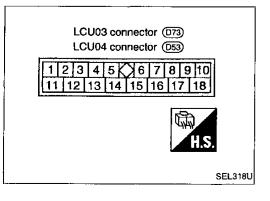
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Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Rear RH door control unit (LCU03) and rear LH door control unit (LCU04)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operat	ed condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)
1	Data line (A)	1/0		_	_
2	Data line (B)	1/0			_
3	_				_
	Dan untart		Unlocked (ON)		0
4	Door unlock sensor	I	Locked (OFF)		5
5	_				Participant.
6	Arrama	_			<u> </u>
7	Power source (FUSE)	_		_	12
8	_				<u> </u>
9		_	_		<u> </u>
10		_	_		<u> </u>
11	_		_		_
12	Ground	_		- Company	-
13	Door lock motor — Lock	0	Door lock & unlock	Locked	12
13	Door lock motor — Lock	0	switch	Free	0
14	Door lock motor —	0	Door lock & unlock	Unlocked	12
	Unlock		switch	Free	0
15	Power window motor	Ignition switch "ON"	Ignition switch "ON"	Up	12
	(P/W) — Up	0	Rear P/W switch	Free	0
16	Power window motor	motor	Ignition switch "ON"	Down	12
10	(P/W) — Down	0	Rear P/W switch	Free	o
17	Power source (C/B)			-	12
18	_	_	——————————————————————————————————————		_

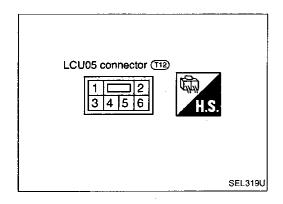


EL-174 1312

Local Control Units (LCUs) (Cont'd)

Multi-remote control unit (LCU05)

Terminal No.	Connections	INPUT (I)/ OUTPUT (O)	Operated condition	Voltage (V) (Approximate values)	
1	Data line (A)	1/0	_		GI
2	Power source			12	
3	Data line (B)	1/0		_	MA
4	Ground	_	_	_	
5	Trunk lid opener actua-	0	Open	0	EM
ą.	tor	U	OFF	12	
6				_	LC



EL-175 1313

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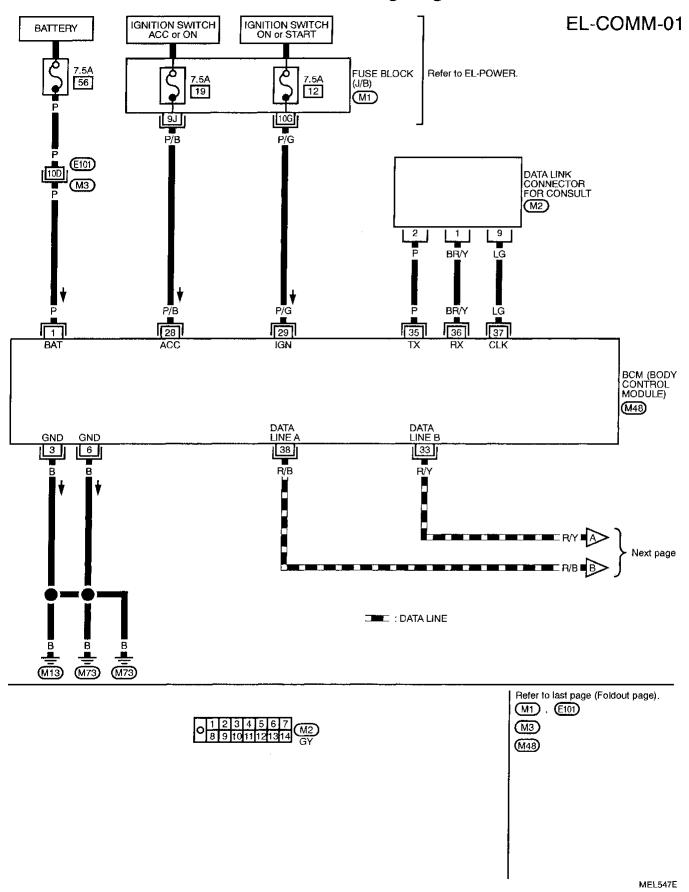
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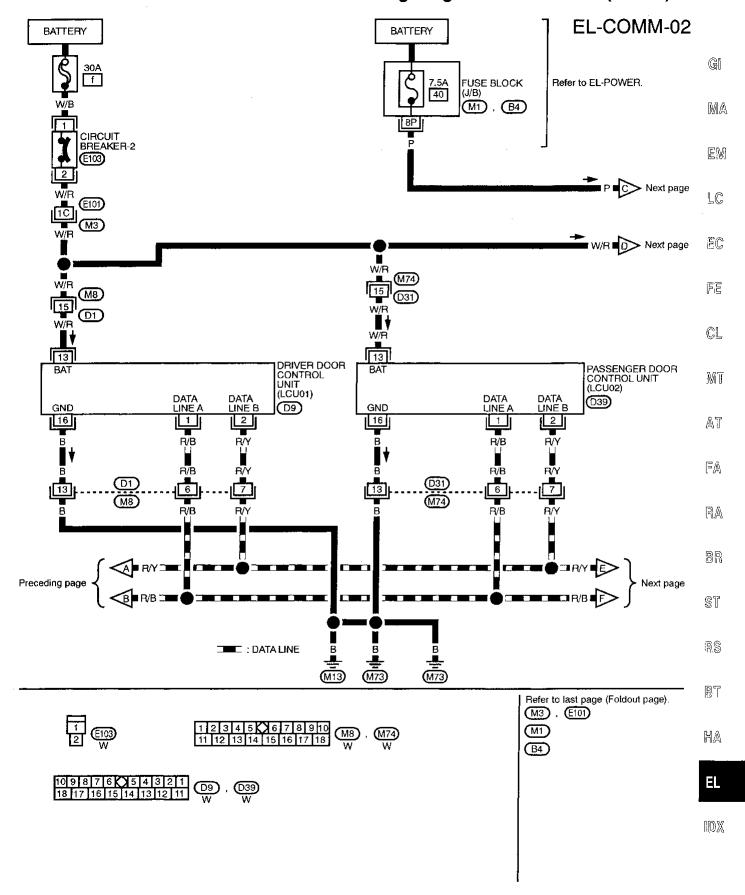
EL

Main Power Supply, Ground and Communication Circuits/Wiring Diagram — COMM —



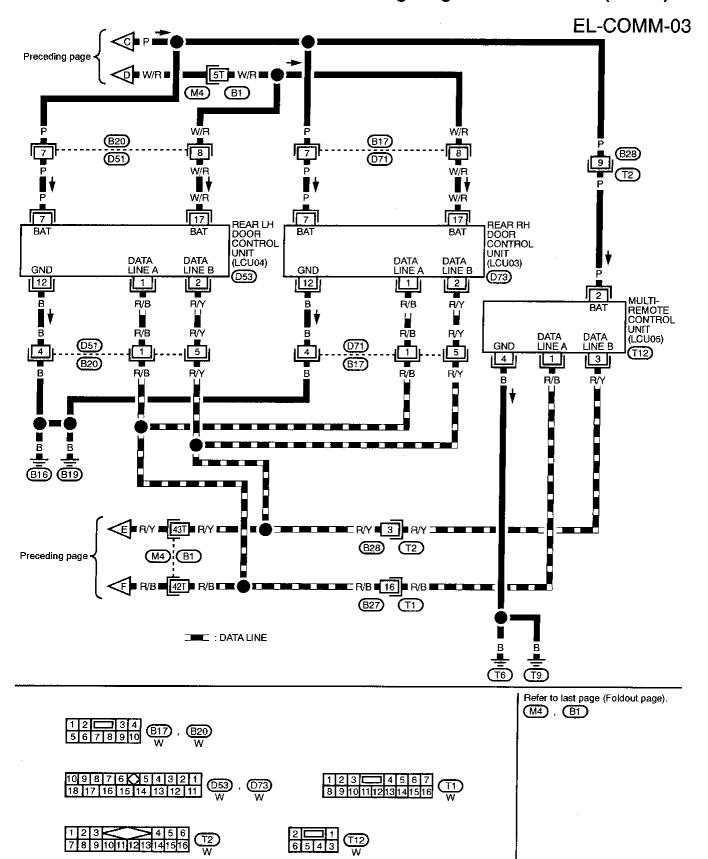
EL-176

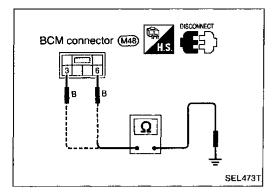
Main Power Supply, Ground and Communication Circuits/Wiring Diagram — COMM — (Cont'd)



MEL548E

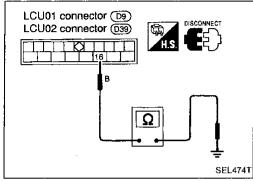
Main Power Supply, Ground and Communication Circuits/Wiring Diagram — COMM — (Cont'd)

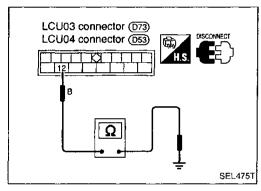


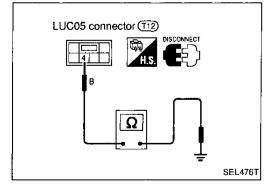


Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check GROUND CIRCUIT CHECK

Control unit	Terminals	Continuity	
DOM	③ - Ground		G1'
ВСМ	6 - Ground		
LCU01	6 Cuanad		
LCU02	16 - Ground	Yes	MA
LCU03	@ O1		
LCU04	Ground		rea a
LCU05	4 - Ground		EM







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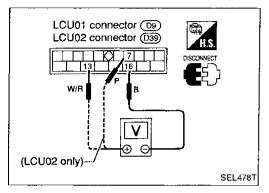
BT

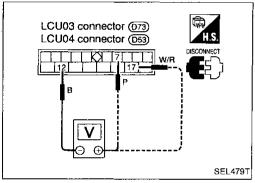
AH

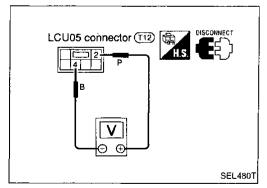
EL

EL-179 1317

BCM connectors (M48) P/L P/G B B B SEL477T







Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check (Cont'd)

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT CHECK

Control	Terminals	Ignition switch position				
unit	ierminais	OFF	ACC	ON	START	
	1 - 3, 6	Battery voltage				
всм*	28 - 3, 6	Approx. 0V	i Battery voltage i		Approx. 0V	
	29 - 3, 6	Approx. 0V Batt		Battery	voltage	
LCU01	13 - 16	Battery voltage				
LCU02	13 - 16	Battery voltage				
LC002	7 - 16	Battery voltage				
LCU03 and	? - 12	Battery voltage				
LCU04	17 - 12	Battery voltage				
LCU05	2 - 4	Battery voltage				

^{*} CONSULT (data monitor) may be used to check for the ignition switch input (ACC, ON).

EL-180 1318

System Description

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- from 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 29.

Driver door control unit (LCU01) terminals ① and ② are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ as ⑤ DATA LINES A and B. Also, driver door control unit terminals ① and ② are connected to driver's side power window regulator terminals ② and ① respectively.

Rear LH door control unit (LCU04) and rear RH door control unit (LCU03) terminals ① and ② are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ as DATA LINES A and B. Also, rear LH and RH door control unit terminals ⑤ and ⑥ are connected to rear power window regulator LH and RH terminals ② and ① respectively.

Passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminals ① and ② are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ as DATA LINES A and B. Also, passenger door control unit terminals ① and ② are connected to driver's side power window regulator terminals ② and ① respectively.

When a power window switch is pushed, a signal is sent to BCM as DATA LINES. BCM sends a signal to all door control units and all door control units supply power and ground to all power window regulators.

EL-181 1319

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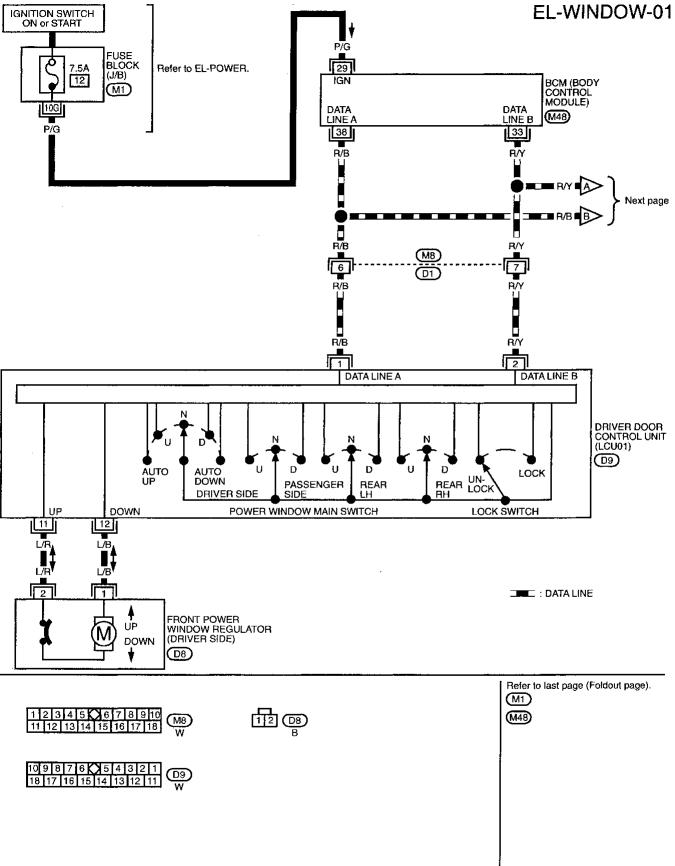
37

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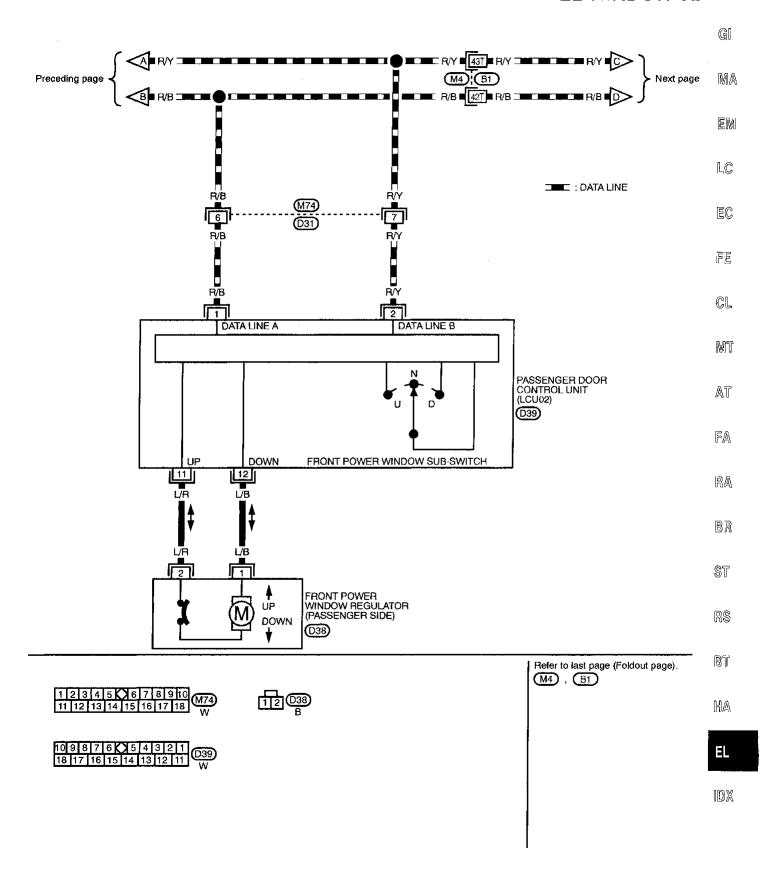
Wiring Diagram — WINDOW —



MEL550E

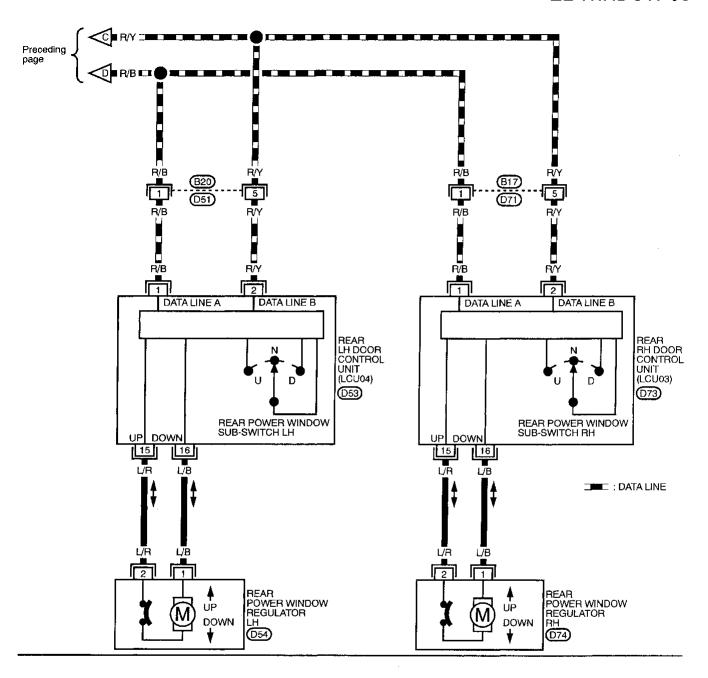
Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

EL-WINDOW-02



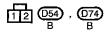
Wiring Diagram — WINDOW — (Cont'd)

EL-WINDOW-03

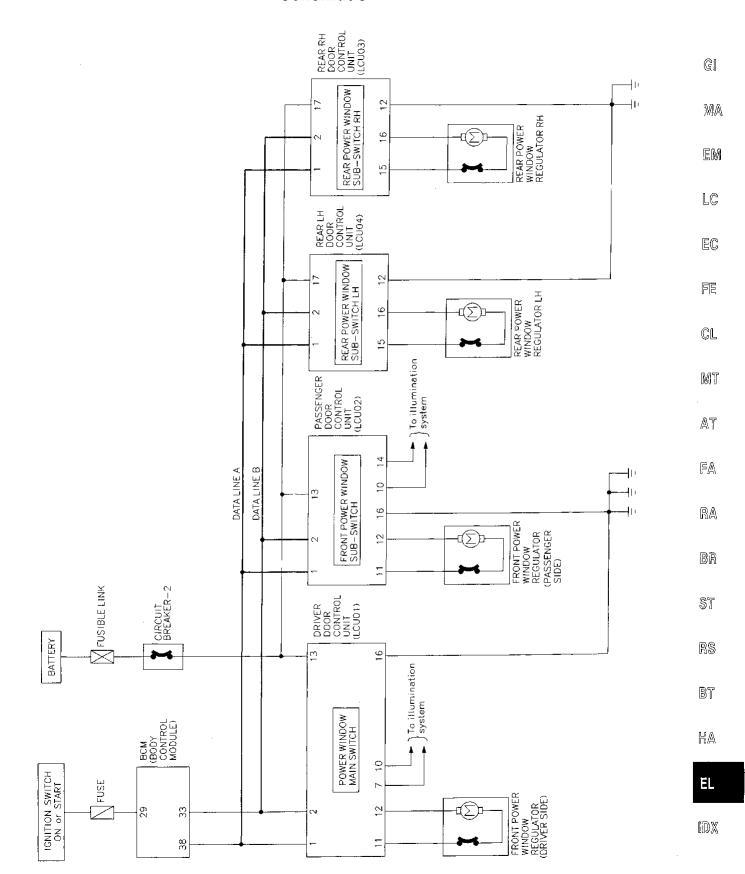


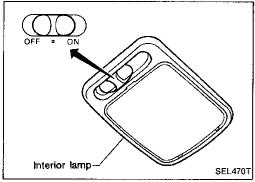






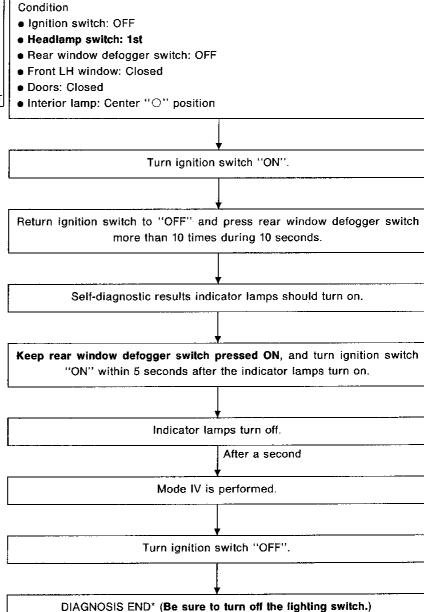
Schematic





On-board Diagnosis — Mode IV (Driver power window operation)

HOW TO PERFORM MODE IV



^{*:} Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 minutes if left unattended.

EL-186 1324

On-board Diagnosis — Mode IV (Driver power window operation) (Cont'd)

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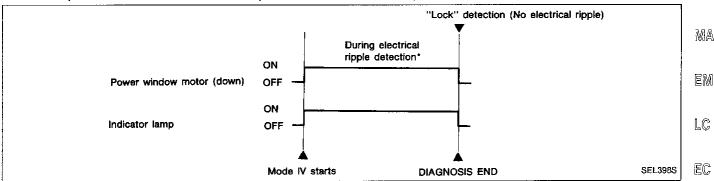
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DESCRIPTION

In mode IV, driver window is automatically operated. In conjunction with power window motor (DOWN) "ON", indicator lamps (interior lamp and front step lamps) turn on. When power window "lock" is detected, power window motor will stop and the indicator lamps will turn off.



NOTE: As soon as manual switches (each seat's power window switch) turn ON, driver power window motor (DOWN) stops and diagnosis ends.

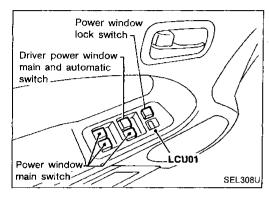
* While power window motor is being operated, electrical ripple occurs.

EL-187 1325

Trouble Diagnoses

OPERATIVE CONDITION

- Power windows can be raised or lowered with each sub-switch or the power window main switch located on the driver's door trim when ignition key is in the "ON" position and power window lock switch on the driver's door trim is unlocked.
- When power window lock switch is locked, no windows can be raised or lowered except for driver side window.
- When ignition key is in the "ON" position, to fully open the driver side window, press down completely on the automatic switch (main switch) and release it; it needs not be held. The window will automatically open all the way. To stop the window, pull up then release the switch.



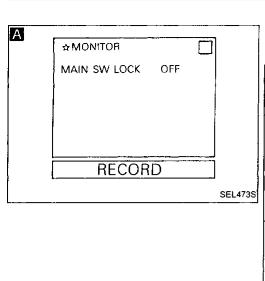
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE		munication nosis		upply and rouit check	Diagnostic procedure				
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-156	EL-161	EL-179	EL-180	EL-189	EL-189	EL-190	EL-191	
SYMPTOM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Procedure 1 (Power window lock switch)	Procedure 2 (Power window main switch)	Procedure 3 (Power window sub-switch)	Procedure 4 (Power window regulator)	
One or more of the subswitches do not function.	Х	x	x	х			Х	х	
One or more of the main switches on driver's door trim do not function (including automatic switch).	x	x	Х	x		х	ī	х	
Power window lock switch on main switch does not lock and/or unlock all windows.	х	х	х	х	х				
All power window main switches and sub-switches do not function.	Х	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	

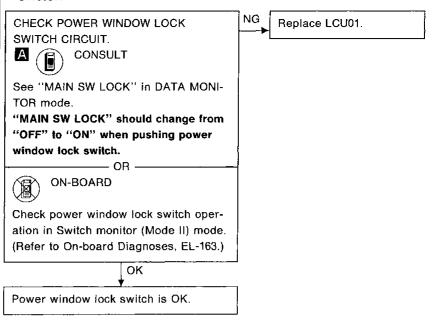
Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with power window diagnostic procedure.

EL-188 1326

POWER WINDOW — IVMS



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1 — Power window lock switch



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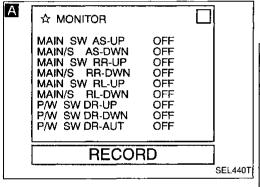
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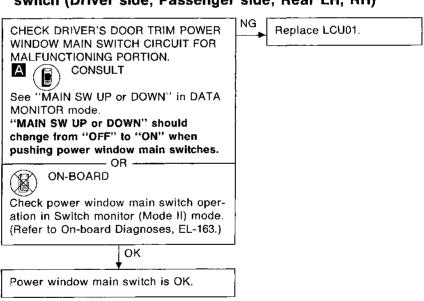
BT

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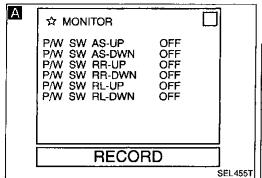
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DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 2 — Power window main switch (Driver side, Passenger side, Rear LH, RH)



EL-189 1327



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 3 — Power window sub-switch (Passenger side, Rear LH, RH)

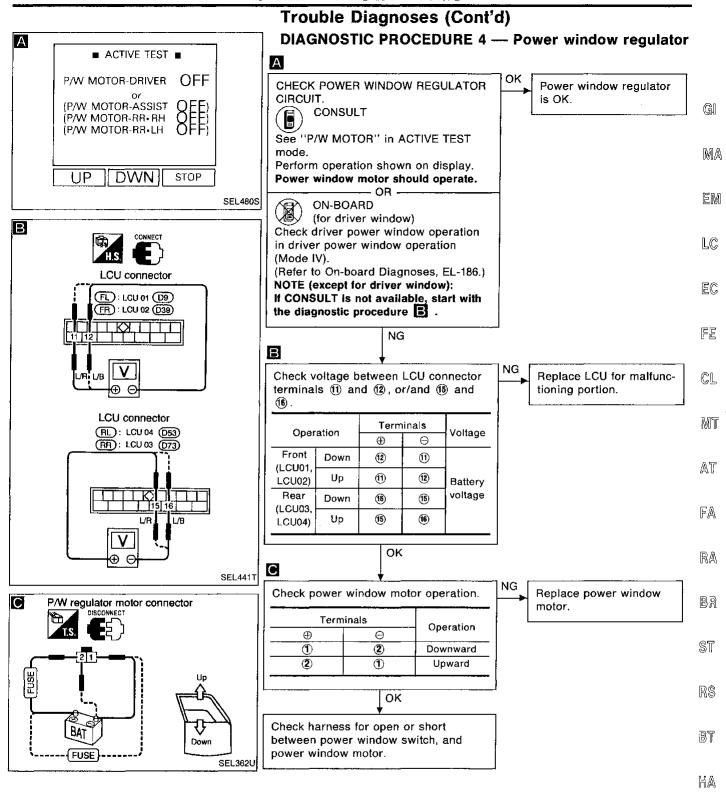
CHECK POWER WINDOW SUB-SWITCH CIRCUIT FOR MALFUNCTIONING POR-TION. A (CONSULT See "P/W SW UP or DOWN" in DATA MONITOR mode. "P/W SW UP or DOWN" should change from "OFF" to "ON" when each subswitch is turned ON. --- OR -ON-BOARD Check power window sub-switch operation in Switch monitor (Mode II) mode. (Refer to On-board Diagnoses, EL-163.) OK

Power window sub-switch is OK.

NG Replace LCU for malfunctioning portion.

- Passenger: LCU02
- Rear LH: LCU04
- Rear RH: LCU03

EL-190 1328



EL

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EL-191 1329

System Description

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal $\overline{\mathbf{1}}$.

Power is supplied to BCM terminal ③ through key switch terminal ② when key switch is in ON position (ignition key is inserted in the key cylinder).

With the ignition switch in ON or START position, power is also supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal 29.

BCM terminal **3** is connected to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal **1**, passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminal **1**, rear LH door control unit (LCU04) terminal **1** and rear RH door control unit (LCU03) terminal **1** by DATA LINE A.

Also, BCM terminal ③ is connected to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ②, passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminal ②, rear LH door control unit (LCU04) terminal ② and rear RH door control unit (LCU03) terminal ② by DATA LINE B.

Ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal (1) or (19)
- from front LH or RH door switch terminal (2)
- through front LH or RH door switch terminal 3 when door switch is in OPEN position and
- through body grounds (816) and (819).

Ground is supplied

- to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminals (6), (5) or (4)
- from front LH door key cylinder switch terminals ① or ②, or door unlock sensor (in the front LH door lock actuator) terminal ② when door key cylinder is in BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N position
- through front LH door key cylinder switch terminal (4) or front LH door lock actuator terminal (4) and
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

Ground is supplied

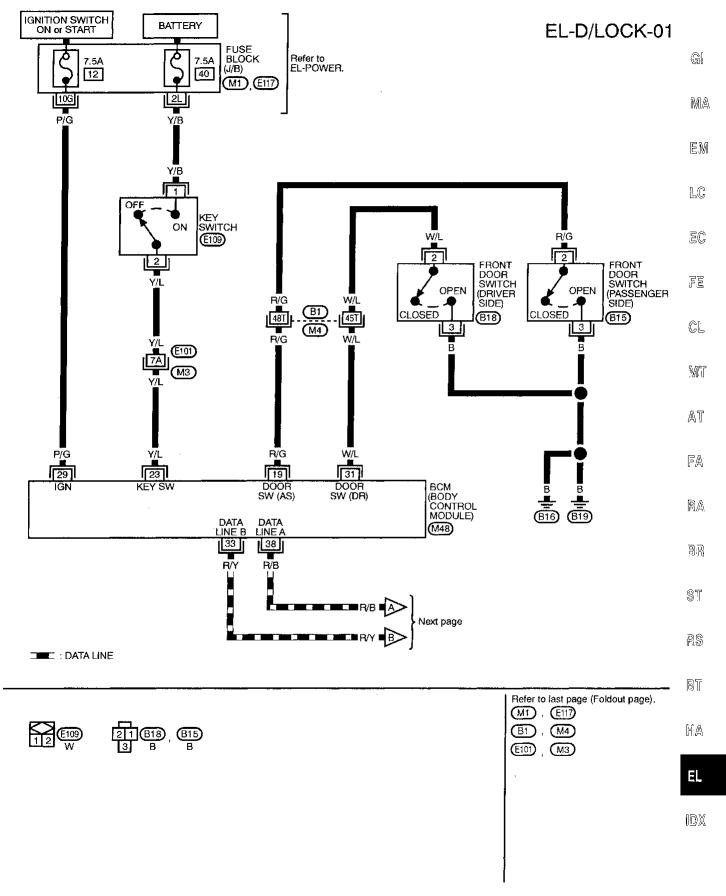
- to rear LH door control unit (LCU04) or RH (LCU03) terminals 4, 13 or 14
- from door unlock sensor (in the rear LH or RH door lock actuator) terminal ② when door lock is in UNLOCKED position
- through rear LH or RH door lock actuator terminal 4 and
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

Ground is supplied

- to passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminals 6, 5 or 4
- from front RH door key cylinder switch terminals ① or ②, or door unlock sensor (in the front RH door lock actuator) terminal ② when door key cylinder is in BETWEEN FULL STROKE AND N position
- through front RH door key cylinder switch terminal ④ or front RH door lock actuator terminal ④ and
- through body grounds M13 and M73.

EL-192 1330

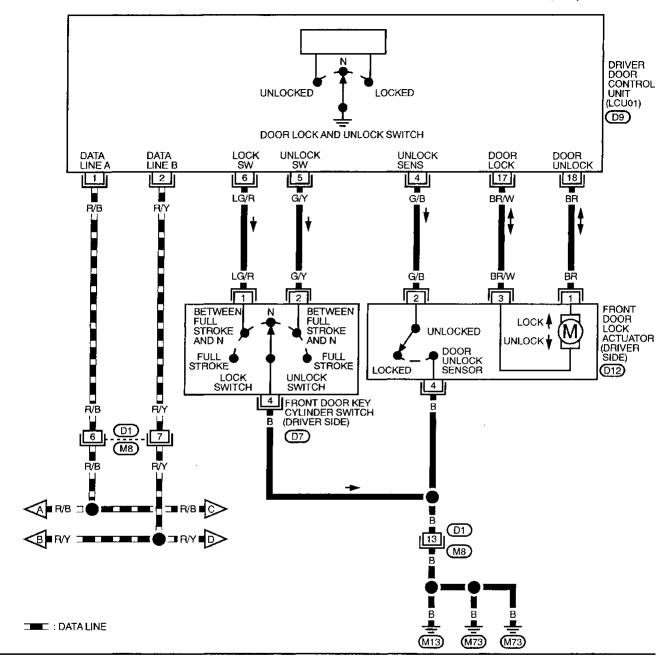
Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK —

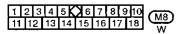


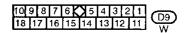
MEL554E

Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-02





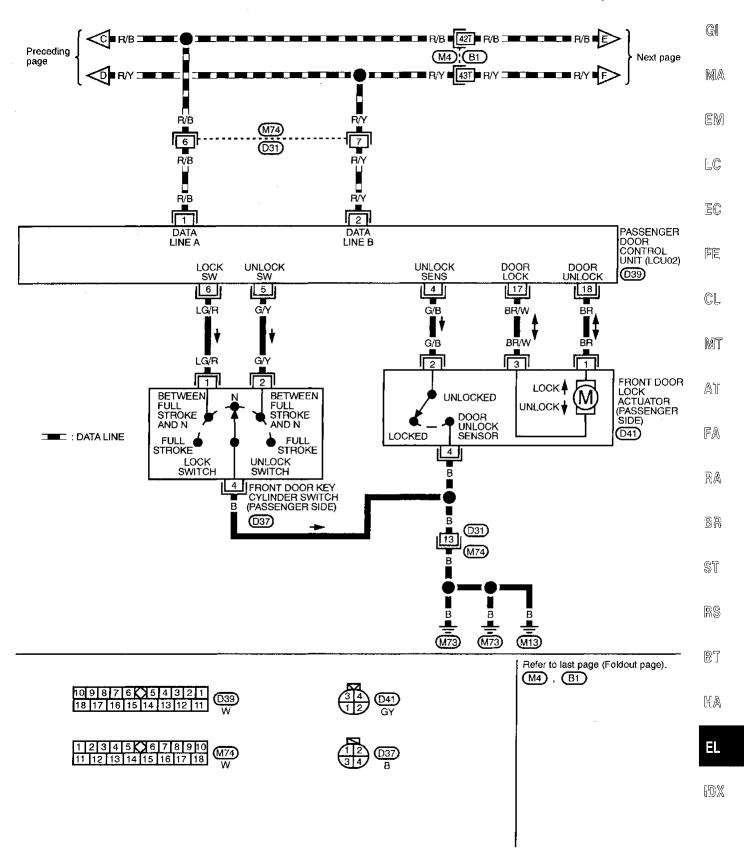






Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

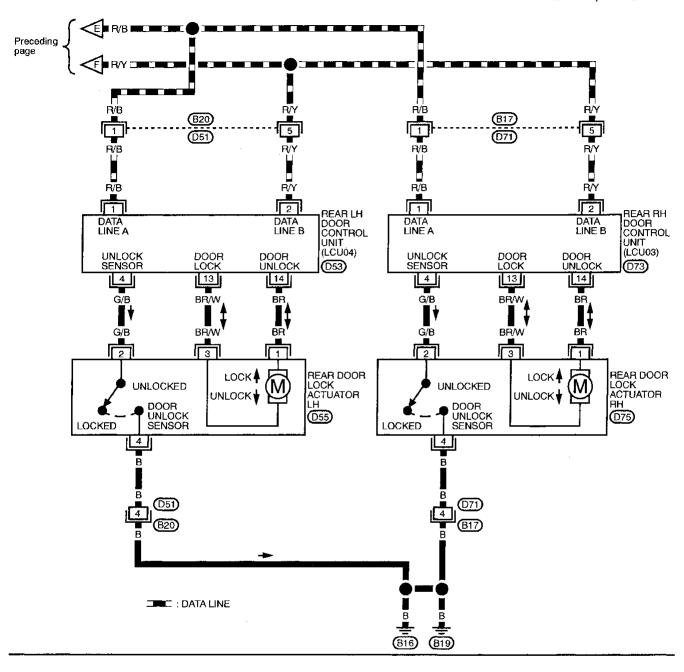
EL-D/LOCK-03



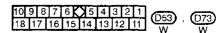
MEL556E

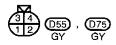
Wiring Diagram — D/LOCK — (Cont'd)

EL-D/LOCK-04

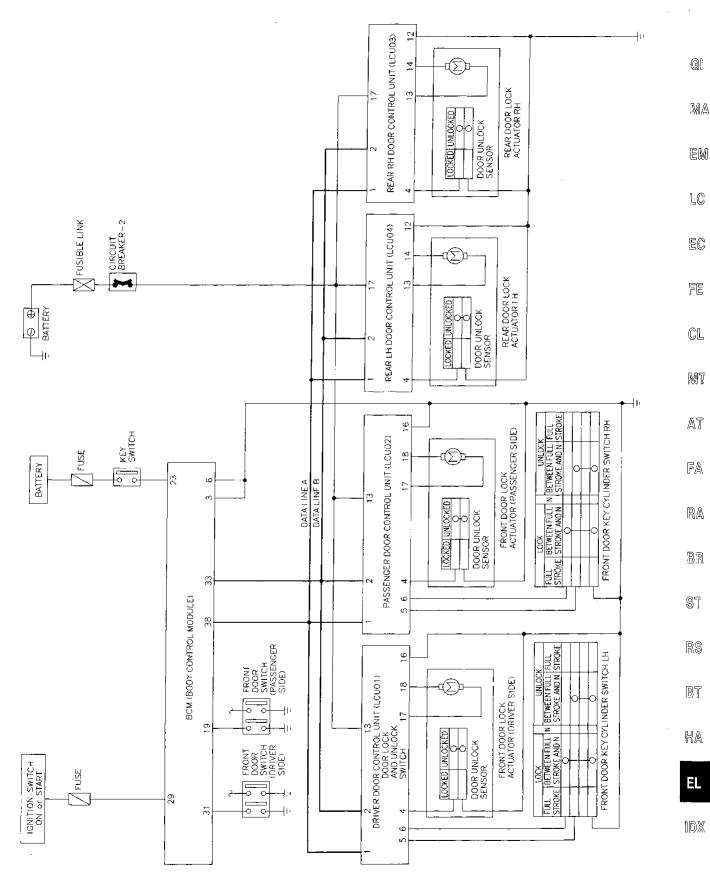


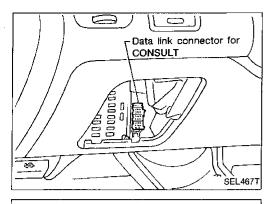






Schematic

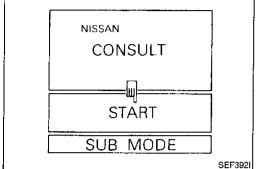




Consult

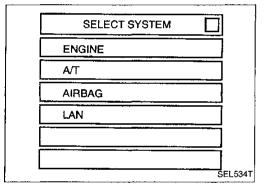
CONSULT INSPECTION PROCEDURE

- Turn ignition switch "OFF".
- 2. Connect "CONSULT" to Data link connector.

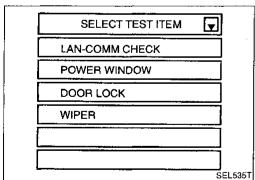


3. Turn ignition switch "ON".

4. Touch "START".



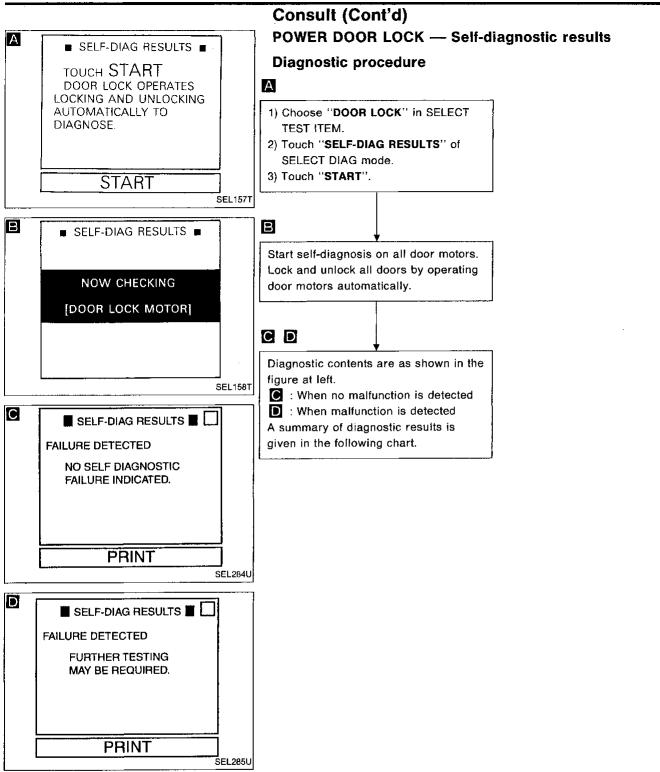
5. Touch "LAN".



6. Perform each diagnostic item according to the function chart as follows:

For further information, read the CONSULT Operation Manual.

EL-198 1336



EL-199 1337

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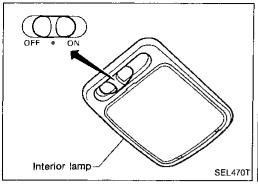
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Consult (Cont'd)

Power door lock result list

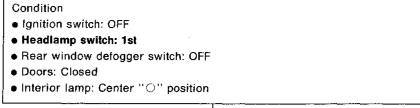
Diagnostic item	Explanation	Repair order			
*NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED/FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.**	Normal The door lock system is in good order.				
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-DR	The circuit for the driver side door lock motor is malfunctioning.	1. Visually check the wiring harness			
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-AS	The circuit for the passenger side door lock motor is malfunctioning.	connections. 2. Diagnose the door lock motor circuit			
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-RR/RH	The circuit for the rear RH side door lock motor is malfunctioning.	referring to the DIAGNOSTIC PROCE- DURES of "POWER DOOR LOCK — IVMS" (EL-203).			
DOOR LOCK MOTOR-RR/LH	The circuit for the rear LH side door lock motor is malfunctioning.				

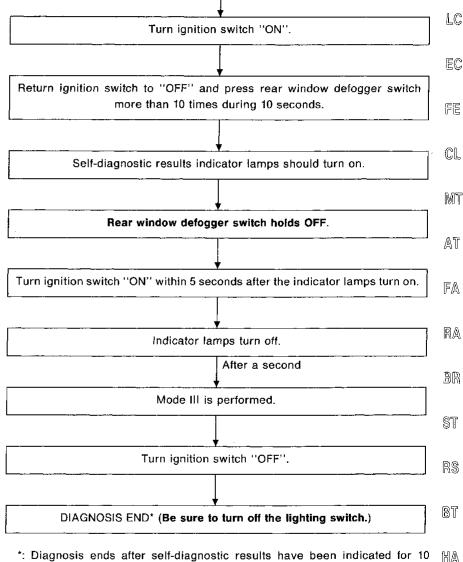
EL-200 1338



On-board Diagnosis — Mode III (Power door lock operation)

HOW TO PERFORM MODE III





^{*:} Diagnosis ends after self-diagnostic results have been indicated for 10 minutes if left unattended.

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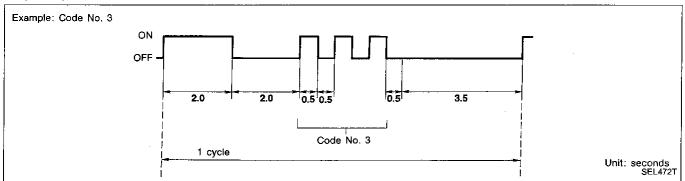
EM

EL-201 1339

On-board Diagnosis — Mode III (Power door lock operation) (Cont'd)

DESCRIPTION

In this mode, a malfunction code is indicated by the number of flashes from the interior lamp and front step lamps as shown below:



After indicator lamp turns ON for 2 seconds and then turns OFF, it flashes to indicate a malfunction code. For example, the indicator lamp goes on and off for 0.5 seconds three times. This indicates malfunction code "3".

The self-diagnostic results will remain in the BCM memory.

Malfunction code table

Code No.	Detected items	Repair order				
1	Driver door lock motor circuit	Visually check the wiring harness connections.				
2	Passenger door lock motor circuit	Diagnose the door lock motor circuit referring to the				
3	Rear RH door lock motor circuit	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES of "POWER DOOR				
4	Rear LH door lock motor circuit	LOCK — IVMS'' (EL-203).				
9	No malfunction in the above circuit	_				

EL-202 1340

Trouble Diagnoses

OPERATIVE CONDITION

- The lock & unlock switch (SW) on driver's door trim can lock and unlock all doors.
- With the lock knob on front LH or RH door set to "LOCK", all doors are locked.
- With the door key inserted in the key cylinder on front LH or RH door, turning it to "LOCK", will lock all doors; turning it to "UNLOCK" once unlocks the corresponding door; turning it to "UNLOCK" again within 5 seconds after the first unlock operation unlocks all of the other doors.

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However, if the ignition key is in the steering key cylinder and one or more of the front doors are open, setting the lock & unlock switch, lock knob, or the door key to "LOCK" locks the doors once but then [5] immediately unlocks them. — (KEY REMINDER DOOR SYSTEM)

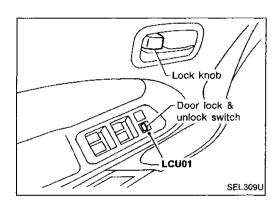
If any of the following symptoms occur, key reminder door system is malfunctioning.

With ignition key removed from the steering key cylinder and all doors closed, operating the lock & LC unlock switch or lock knob on the front LH or RH door trim unlocks all doors the instant they are locked.

EC

With ignition key inserted into the steering key cylinder and front LH or RH door opened, operating the lock & unlock switch or lock knob on the front LH or RH door trim to "Lock" does not unlock all doors.

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EL-203 1341

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE	1	ommuni- iagnosis	and gro	Power supply and ground cir-cuit check		liagnosis		Diagnostic procedure					
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-156	EL-161	EL-179	EL-180	EL-199	EL-201	EL-205	EL-206	EL-206	EL-207	EL-208	EL-209	
SYMPTOM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode III)	Procedure 1 (Door switch)	Procedure 2 (IGN key switch)	Procedure 3 (Lock & unlock switch)	Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch)	Procedure 5 (Door unlock sensor)	Procedure 6 (Door lock actuator)	
Key reminder door system does not oper- ate properly.	х	х	х	х	х	x	x	x			x	х	
One or more doors are not locked and/or unlocked	x	Х	х	х	x	х					x	х	
Lock & unlock switch does not operate.	x	х	Х	х	х	х			Х				
None of the doors lock/ unlock when operating door key cylinder switch.	x	X	X	X	x	X				×			
None of the doors lock when operat- ing front door knob lock switch.	х	x	×	x	Х	×	,				x		

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with power door lock diagnostic procedure.

The following ABBREVIATIONS are used in this Trouble Diagnoses.

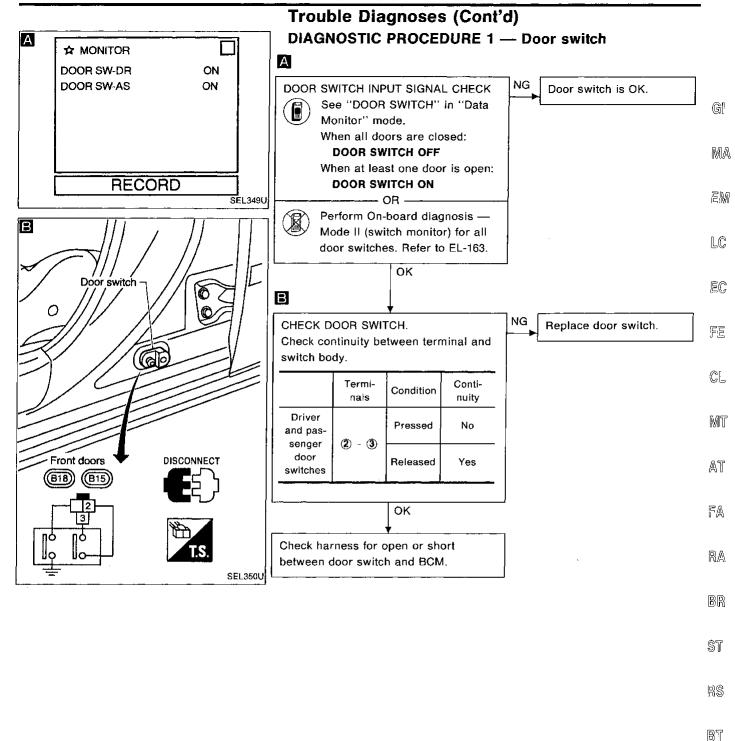
FI: Front LH

Front RH

RL: Rear LH

RR: Rear RH

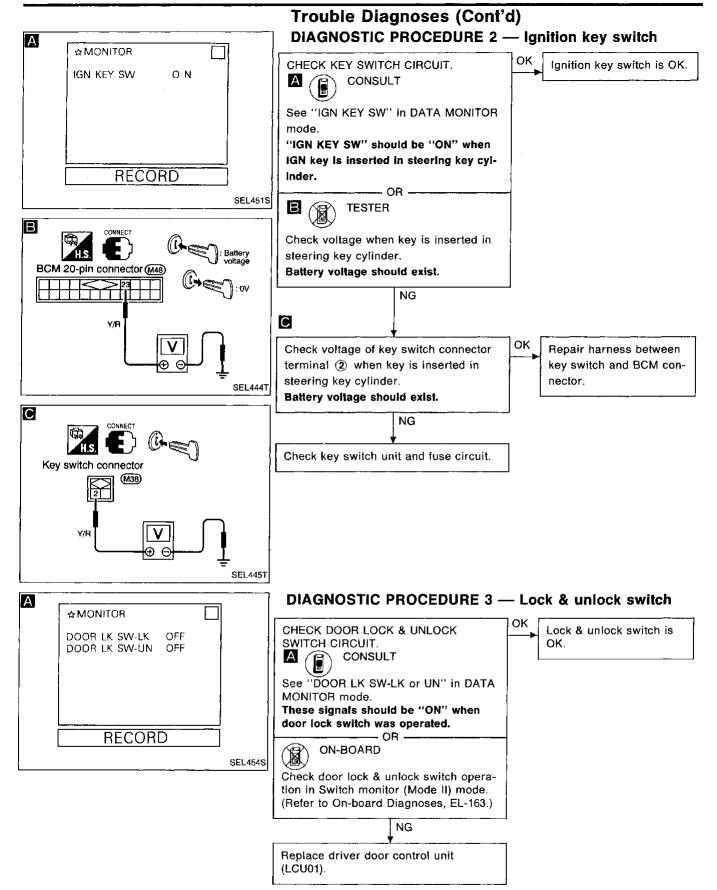
EL-204 1342



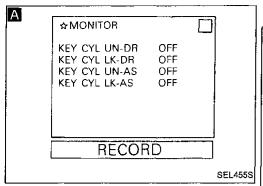
EL-205 1343

HA

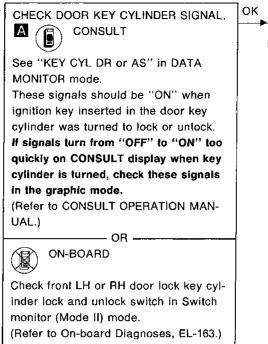
EL



EL-206 1344



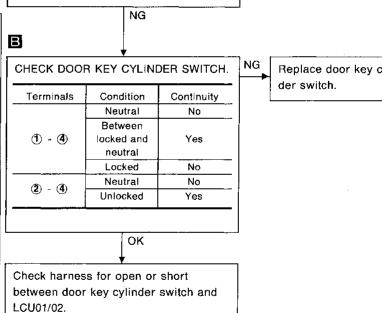
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4 — Door key cylinder switch



В **Neutral** Full stroke Full stroke Door lock switch Door unlock switch Key cylinder tamper switch

SEL320U

Driver side (D7) Passenger side (D37)



Replace door key cylin-

Door key cylinder switch

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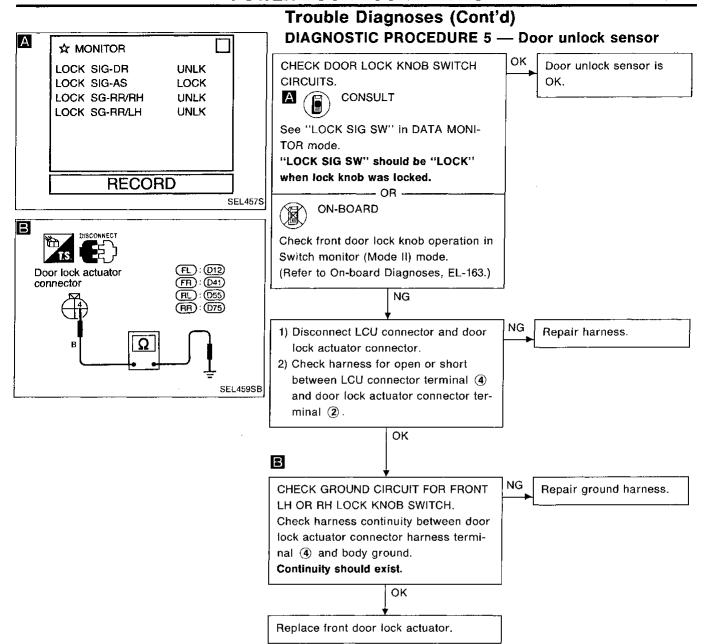
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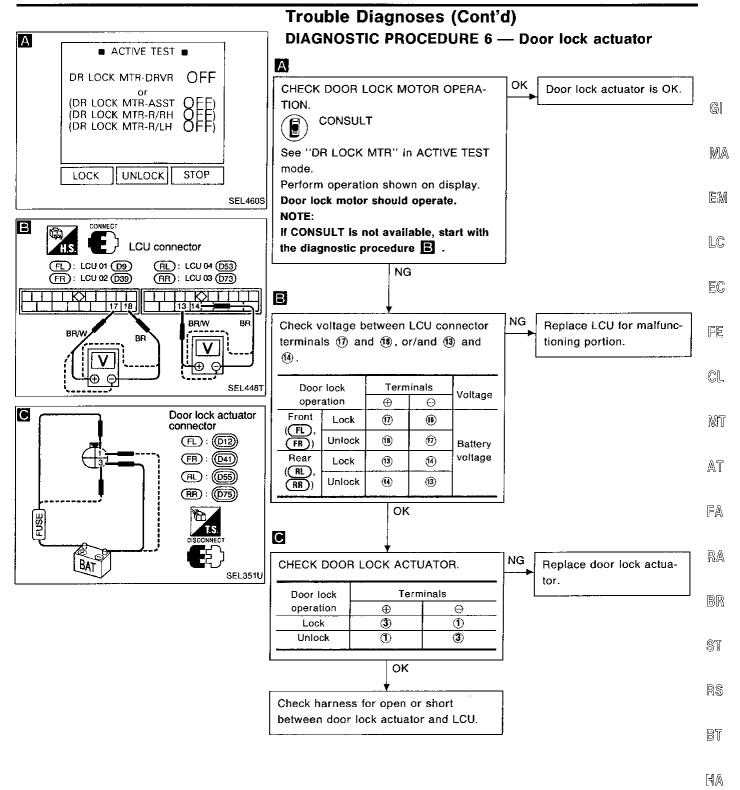
is OK.

IDX

EL-207 1345



EL-208 1346



EL-209 1347

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System Description

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

Power is supplied at all times

- through 10A fuse [No. 11], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to multi-remote control relay-1 terminals ①, ③ and ⑥, and multi-remote control relay-2 terminal ①.

Terminals ② of multi-remote control relay-1 and relay-2 are connected to BCM terminal 1.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse (No. 65), located in the fuse and fusible link box)
- to theft warning horn relay terminal 1).

Theft warning horn relay terminal ② is connected to BCM terminal ③ .

Power is supplied at all times

- through 15A fuse [No. 3], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to trunk lid opener actuator terminal 2.

Trunk lid opener actuator terminal ① is connected to multi-remote control unit terminal ⑤

BCM is connected to Multi-remote control unit, driver door control unit, passenger door control unit, rear LH door control unit and rear RH door control unit as DATA LINES A and B.

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal ①.

When the key switch is in ON position (ignition key is inserted in key cylinder), power is supplied

- through key switch terminal 2
- to BCM terminal ②.

When any of the four door switches is in OPEN position, ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal 21)
- through door switches body grounds.

When the driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is supplied

- to driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal 4
- through driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal (2)
- to driver side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal (4)
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

When the passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is supplied

- to passenger door control unit (LCU02) terminal (4)
- through passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal 2
- to passenger side door lock actuator (door unlock sensor) terminal 4
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

When the rear door lock actuator LH and/or RH (door unlock sensor) is in UNLOCKED position, ground is supplied

- to rear LH and/or RH door control unit terminal 4
- through rear door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal ② and/or
- through rear door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal ②
- to rear door lock actuator LH (door unlock sensor) terminal (4) and/or
- to rear door lock actuator RH (door unlock sensor) terminal (4)
- through body grounds (B16) and (B19).

Remote controller signal input

- through window antenna
- to multi-remote control unit (LCU05) terminal (7).

MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS

System Description (Cont'd)

The multi-remote control system controls operation of the

- power window
- power door lock
- trunk lid opener
- panic alarm
- hazard reminder

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OPERATING PROCEDURE

Multi-remote control unit can receive signals from remote controller when key switch is in OFF position (key not in cylinder). And it sends the signals to BCM and LCUs as DATA LINES A and B.

Power door lock operation

Multi-remote control unit is connected to BCM, driver door control unit, passenger door control unit and rear LH/RH door control units as DATA LINES A and B.

- Key switch OFF signal (ignition key is not in key cylinder)
- Door switch CLOSE signal (all doors closed)

The two above signals are already input into BCM. At this point, multi-remote control unit receives a EC LOCK signal from remote controller. Multi-remote control unit will then send a LOCK signal

- from its terminals ① and ③ (DATA LINES A and B)
- to each door control unit terminal (1) and (2)

When multi-remote control unit (LCU05) receives a LOCK signal, ground is supplied

- to multi-remote control relays-1 and -2 terminal ②
- through BCM terminal ①.

Multi-remote control relays are now energized and door lock actuators lock all doors. (Hazard warning lamps flash twice as a reminder — HAZARD REMINDER.)

When an UNLOCK signal is sent from remote controller, door lock actuators unlock all doors. For detailed description, refer to "POWER DOOR LOCK — IVMS" (EL-192).

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Trunk lid opener operation

Ground is supplied

- to trunk lid opener actuator terminal ①
- through multi-remote control unit.

When power and ground are supplied, trunk lid opener actuator opens trunk lid.

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Panic alarm operation

Multi-remote control system activates horn and headlamps intermittently when an alarm signal is sent after the multi-remote control system.

For detailed description, refer to "THEFT WARNING SYSTEM — IVMS" (EL-240).

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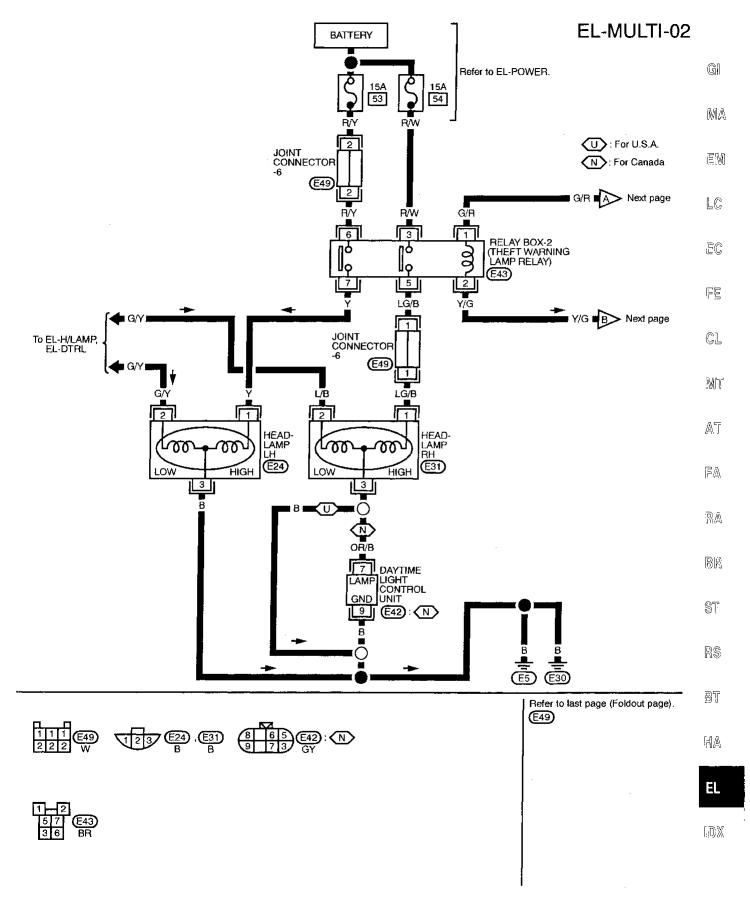
MDX

EL-211 1349

Wiring Diagram — MULTI — **EL-MULTI-01 BATTERY** FUSE BLOCK (J/B) Refer to EL-POWER. 40 11 (E117), (B3) 4L OR/L Y/B G/OR Y/B G/OR 13 KEY SWITCH (E109) (B28) G/OR RELAY BOX-2 (MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL RELAY-2) (E43) To EL-TURN G/OR G/OR G/OR 3 6 MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL RELAY-1 (T5) 5 (M3) G/B $\overline{M3}$ \bigcirc To EL-TURN (B28) OR 221 OR (BI) (M4) OR♥ 11 23 BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE) (M48) Refer to last page (Foldout page). M3 , (£101) , (£117) M4 , B1 $\overline{M1}$ (M48) (B3)

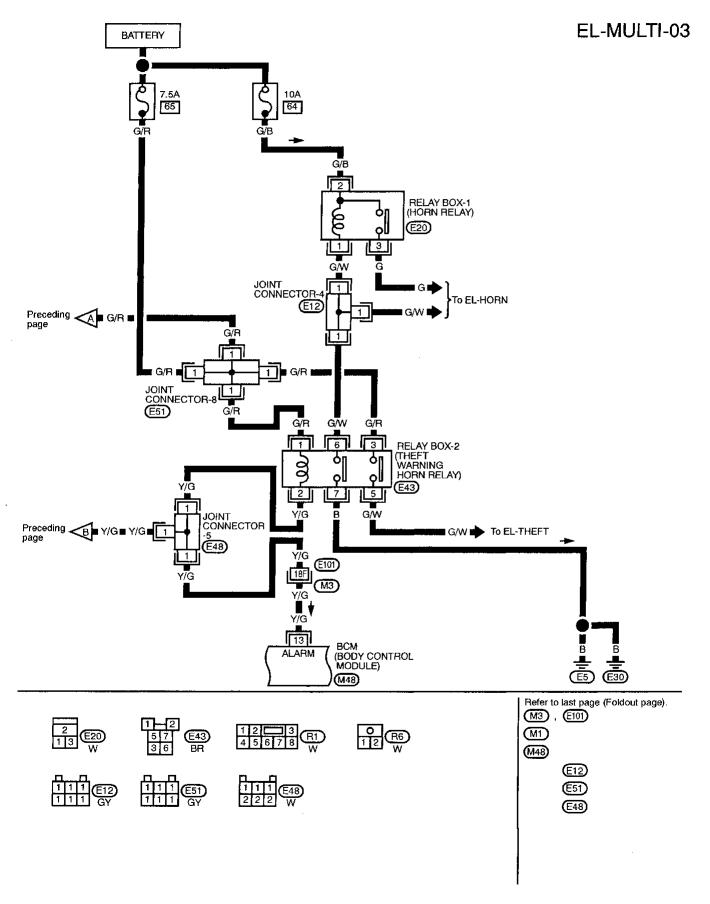
MEL559E

Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)



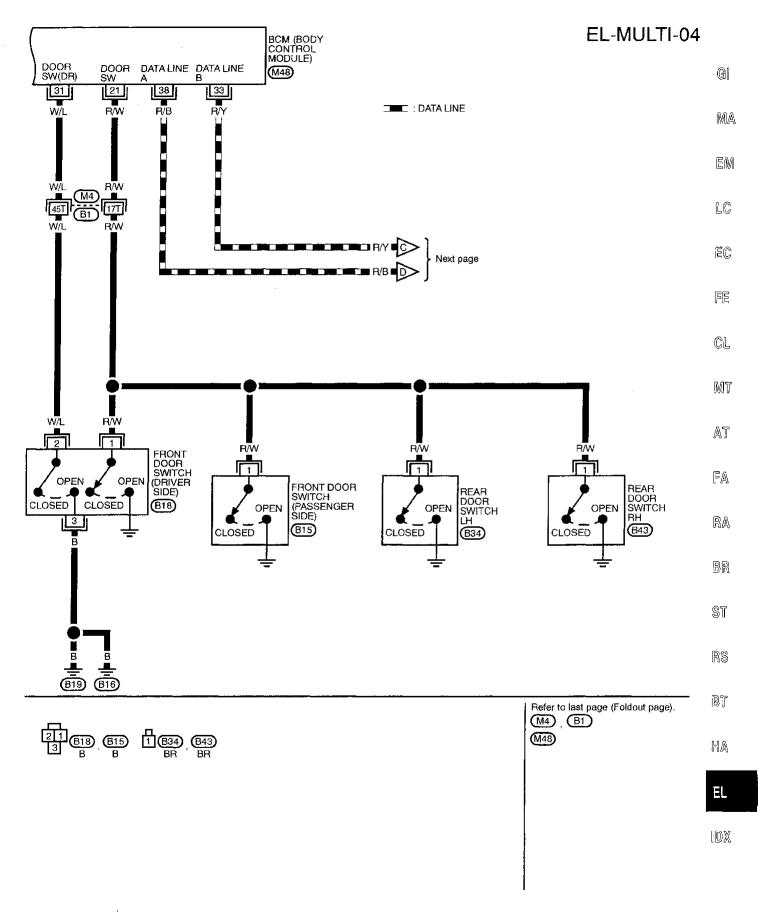
MEL612E

Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)



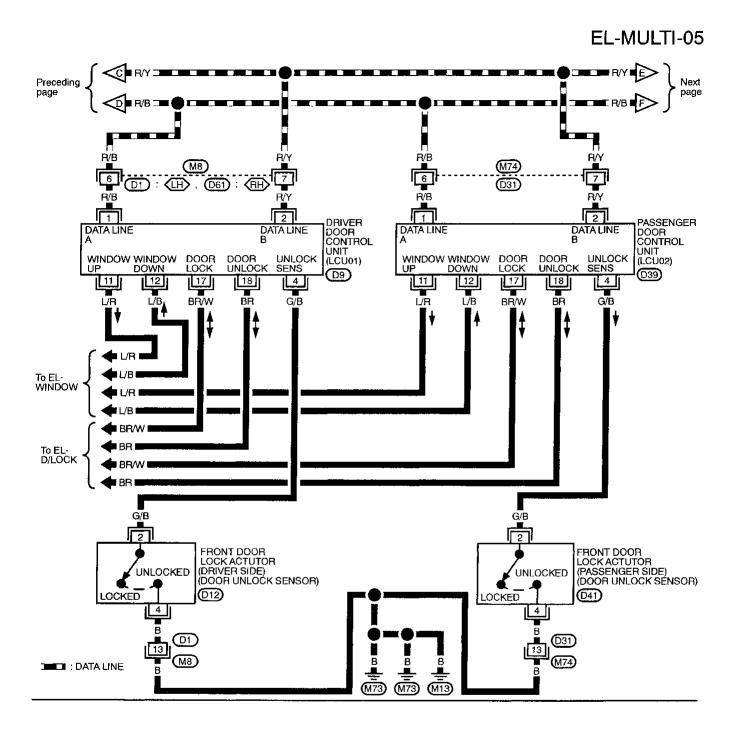
MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS

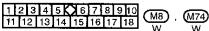
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)

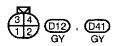


MEL561E

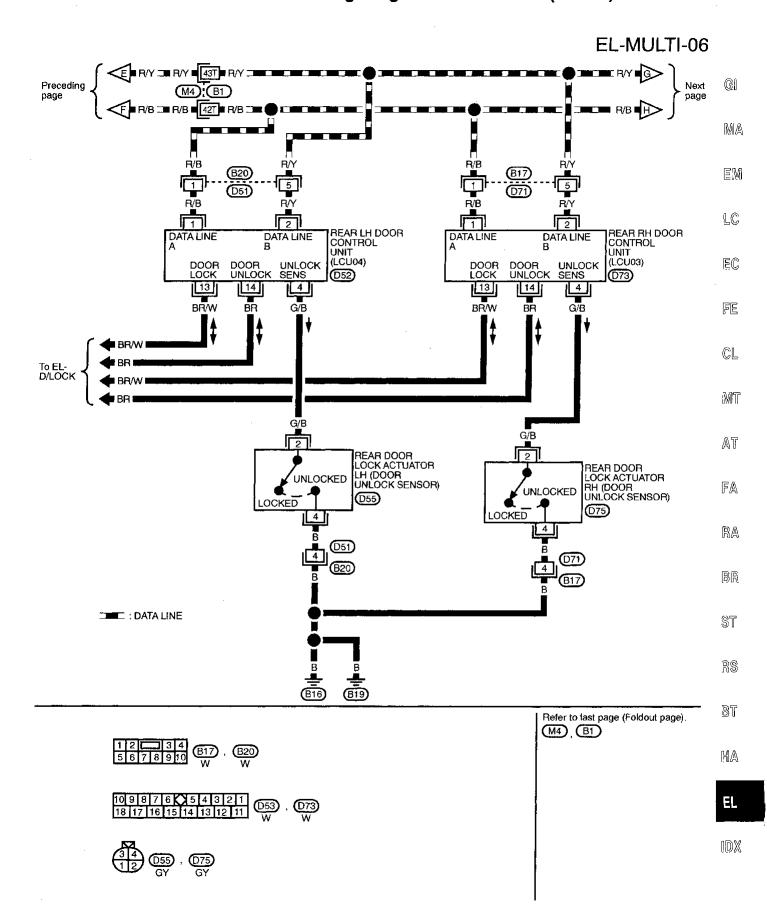
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)





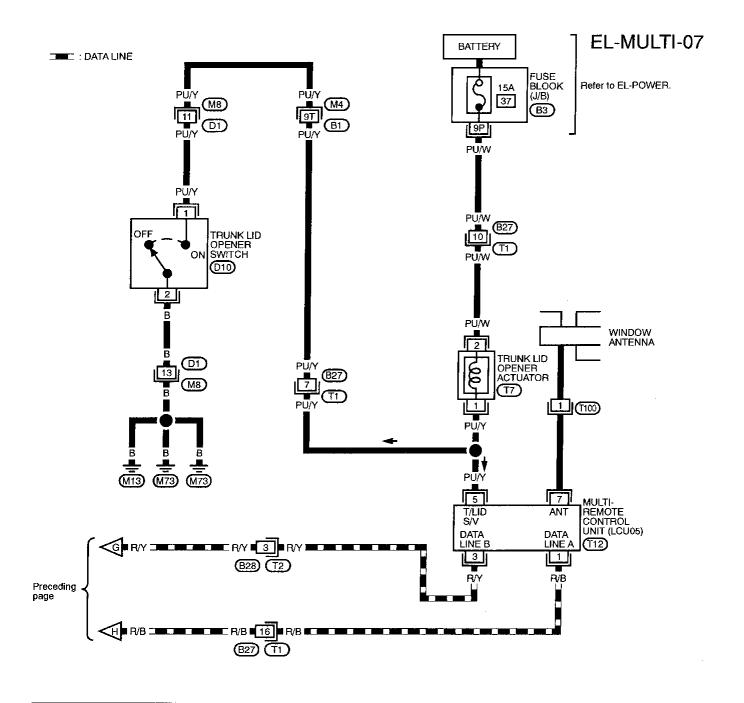


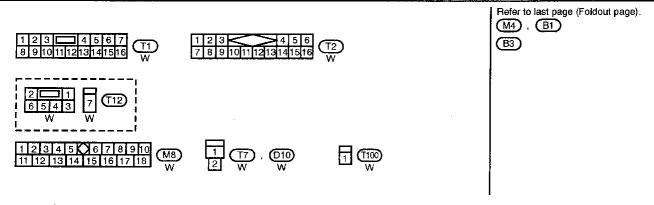
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)



MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS

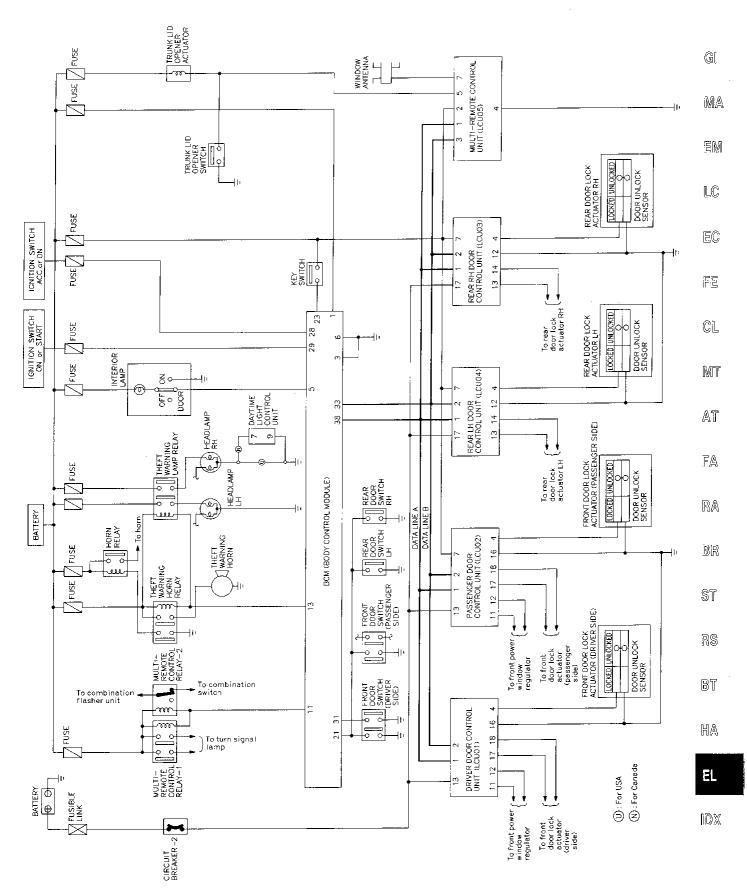
Wiring Diagram — MULTI — (Cont'd)





MEL564E

Schematic



MEL565E

MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS

Trouble Diagnoses

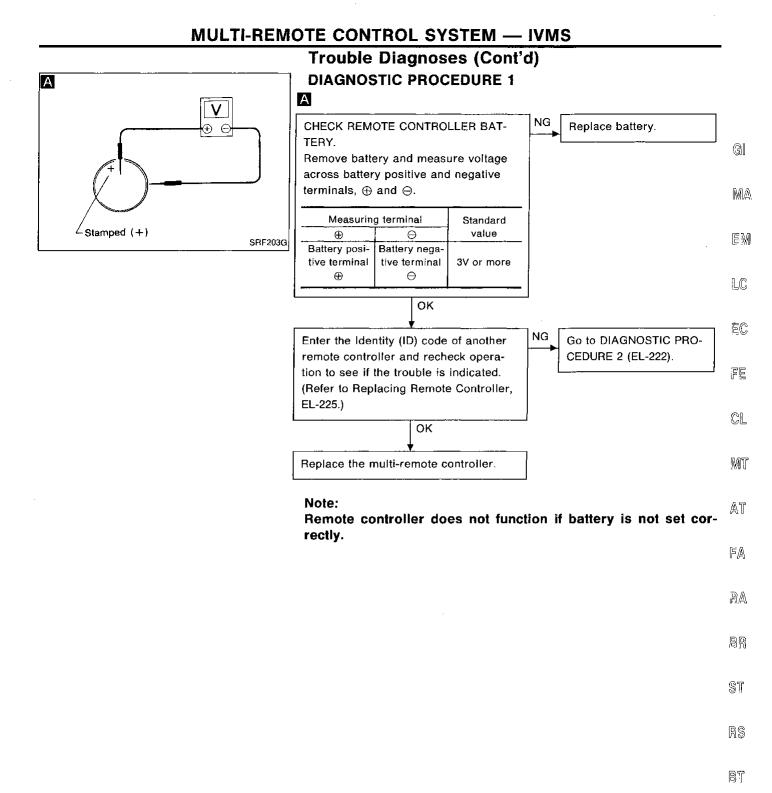
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCEDURE	nicatio	commu- n diag- sis	and g	supply round check			D	iagnostic	procedi	ıre		
REFERENCE PAGE	EL-156	EL-161	EL-179	EL-180	EL-221	EL-222	EL-223	EL-223	EL-224	EL-203	EL-246	EL-188
SYMPTOM	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic procedure 1	Diagnostic procedure 2	Diagnostic procedure 3	Diagnostic procedure 4	Diagnostic procedure 5	Check "POWER DOOR LOCK" system.	Check "THEFT WARNING" system.	Check "POWER WINDOW" system.
All functions of remote control system do not function.	х	х	х	Х	х	х						
Door lock or unlock does not function.	х	х	Х	х						х		
Panic alarm does not activate when panic alarm button is continuously pressed for more than 1.5 seconds.	Х	x	X	х					·		x	
Front power windows do not lower when door lock button is continuously pressed for more than 1.5 seconds.	X	x	х	X								X
Trunk lid does not open when trunk open button is continuously pressed more than 0.5 seconds.	x	x	X	x			X	×				
Hazard reminder does not activate.									х			

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with multi-remote control system diagnostic procedure.

Note: The multi-remote control system does not activate with the ignition key inserted in the ignition key cylinder.

EL-220 1358

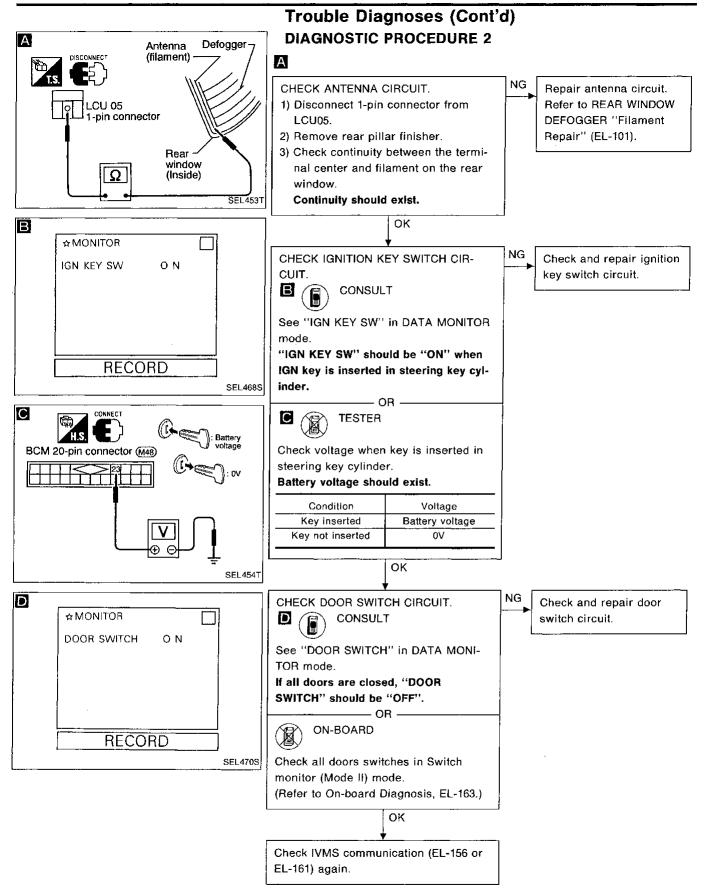


EL-221 1359

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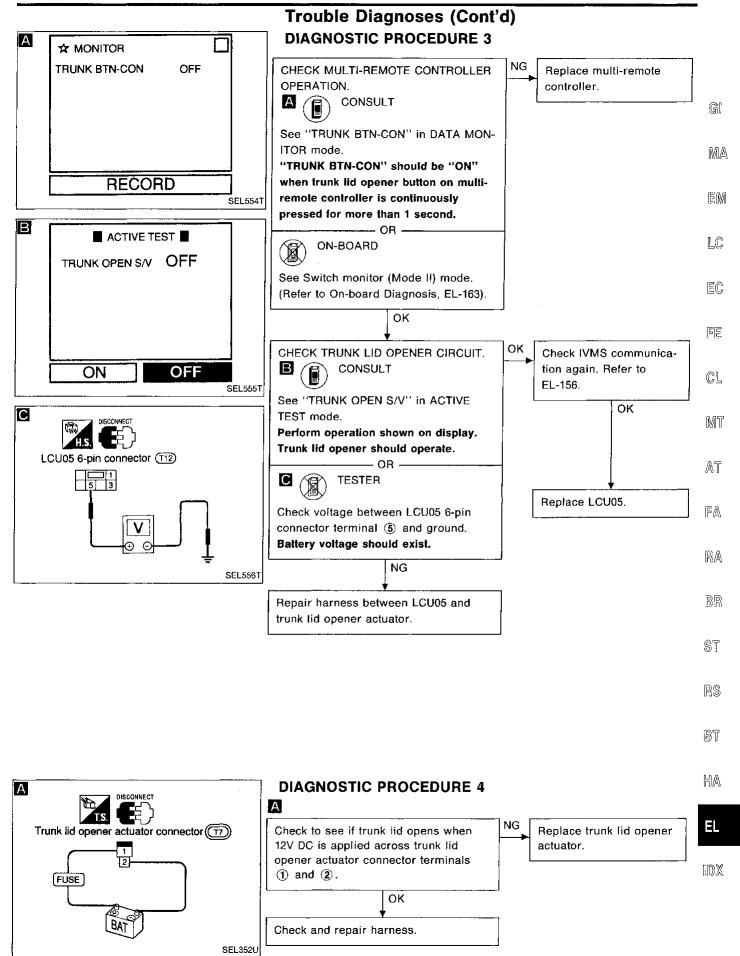
IDX

MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS



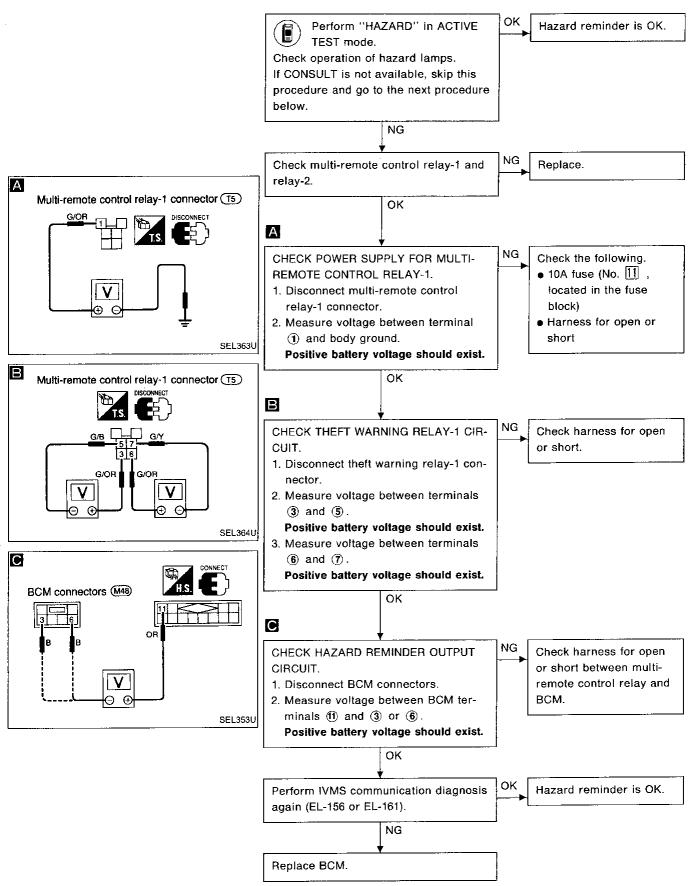
EL-222 1360

MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM — IVMS



EL-223

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5



EL-224 1362

Replacing Remote Controller or Multi-Remote Control Unit (LCU05)

Control Unit (LCU05)	
Enter the identity (ID) code manually when: • remote controller or multi-remote control unit LCU05 is replaced. • an additional remote controller is activated. ID Code Entry Procedure	G[:
To enter the ID code, follow this procedure. "Setting mode":	MA
(1) Close and lock all doors.(2) Insert and remove the key from the ignition more than six times within 10 seconds. (The hazard warning lamp will then flash twice.)	EM
is code chary.	LC
(3) Turn ignition key to "ACC" position.(4) Push lock button on the new remote controller once (for example, if door is locked using the remote controller during this ID code entry enable state, a new ID code can be entered).	E¢
radial is odd only	
(5) If you need to activate additional remote controllers, unlock the driver's door, then lock again with door lock knob.(6) Push lock button on the additional new remote controller once.	CL
 (7) This ID code entry enable state and setting mode remain until the driver's door is opened. NOTE If you need to activate more than two additional new remote controllers, repeat the procedure 	MT
 "Additional ID code entry" for each new remote controller. If the same ID code that exists in the memory is input, the hazard warning lamps will flash twice but the entry will be ignored. 	AT
 Entry of maximum four ID codes is allowed and any attempt to enter more will be ignored. Any ID codes entered after termination of the "setting mode" will not be accepted. Additionally remote control signals will be inhibited when an ID code has not been entered during the "setting" 	FA
mode.	RA
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EL-225 1363

System Description

FUNCTION

The IVMS has the following time control functions.

ltem	Details of control						
Intermittent wiper control	Regulates intermittent time approximately from 2 to 21 seconds depending on the intermittent wiping time setting.						
Washer and wiper combination control	Operates wiper when washer switch is turned "ON" for at least 0.3 seconds.						
Light warning buzzer timer	Sounds warning buzzer when driver's door is opened with light switch in the 1st or 2nd position and ignition switch "OFF".						
Ignition key warning buzzer timer	Sounds warning buzzer when driver's door is opened with key in ignition.						
Seat belt warning buzzer timer	Sounds warning buzzer for about 6 seconds if ignition switch is turned "ON" when driver's seat belt is unfastened.						
Rear window defogger timer	Turn off rear window defogger and door mirror heater, if equipped, about 15 minutes after the rear window defogger switch is turned "ON".						
Battery saver	Shuts off interior lamp, step lamps and ignition keyhole illumination in 30 minutes if any door is left open when ignition switch is "OFF". The battery saver will reset if ignition switch is cycled or any door is opened or closed.						

INTERMITTENT WIPER CONTROL

Intermittent operation

Intermittent operation can be set variable by turning the intermittent wiper volume knob. The wiper motor then operates the wiper at low speed at a set interval of about 1 to 20 seconds. This function is controlled by the BCM.

Ground is supplied from body grounds (5) and (50) to front wiper switch terminals (7) and (8). When the wiper switch is placed in the INT position, ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal 25
- from wiper switch terminal (5)

The desired interval time is input

- to BCM terminal ①
- from wiper switch terminal (19).

For further information, refer to "WIPER AND WASHER" (EL-92).

Washer and wiper combination operation

Operates wiper when washer switch is turned "ON" for at least 0.3 seconds.

Power is supplied at ignition switch ACC or ON

- through 20A fuse [No. 20], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to wiper relay terminal 1.

Ground is supplied from body grounds (5) and (53).

When wiper switch is placed in the WASH position, ground is supplied

- to BCM terminal 26
- from wiper switch terminal (18).

Then ground is supplied from BCM terminal (1) to wiper relay terminal (2) to operate wiper.

REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER TIMER

The rear window defogger and door mirror defogger system are controlled by the BCM. With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- to the rear window defogger relay terminal (1),
- to the door mirror defogger relay terminal (1) and
- to BCM terminal 29
- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)].

Ground is supplied to terminal ② of the rear window defogger switch through body grounds (MT3) and (MT3).

EL-226 1364

System Description (Cont'd)

When the rear window defogger switch is ON, ground is supplied through terminal ① of the rear window defogger switch to BCM terminal (2). Terminal (5) of the BCM then supplies ground to the rear window defogger relay terminal (2) and the door mirror defogger relay terminal (2). GI. With power and ground supplied, the rear window defogger relay and the door mirror defogger relay are energized to operate rear window defogger and door mirror defogger for about 15 minutes. For further information, refer to "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER" (EL-99). MA IGNITION KEY WARNING BUZZER TIMER Power is supplied at all times EM through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to warning buzzer terminal (1), and LC key switch terminal 1. With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)] EC to BCM terminal 29. Ground is supplied to BCM terminal 3 through front driver's side door switch LH terminals 2 and 3 when switch is in OPEN position from body grounds (B16) and (B19). FE With the key in the ignition switch in the ACC or OFF position, and the driver's door OPEN, the warning buzzer will sound. CL. LIGHT WARNING BUZZER TIMER Power is supplied at all times MT • through 15A fuse (No. 66), located in the fuse and fusible link box) • to lighting switch terminal (1). Power is supplied at all times AT • through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to warning buzzer terminal (1). With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied FA • through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to BCM terminal 29. Ground is supplied to BCM terminal (f) through front driver's side door switch LH terminals (2) and (3) RA when switch is in OPEN position from body grounds (B16) and (B19). With the ignition switch in the ACC or OFF position, the driver's door OPEN, and the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, the warning buzzer will sound. BR **SEAT BELT WARNING BUZZER TIMER** ST Power is supplied at all times through 7.5A fuse [No. 40, located in the fuse block (J/B)] to warning buzzer terminal (1). RS With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied • through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)] to BCM terminal 29. Ground is supplied to BCM terminal (9) through seat belt buckle switch terminals (1) and (3), when seat belt buckle switch is in UNFASTENED position, and body grounds (816) and (819).

when ignition switch is turned from OFF to ON and seat belt is unfastened (seat belt buckle switch

This warning buzzer sounds for about 6 seconds

ON).

EL-227 1365

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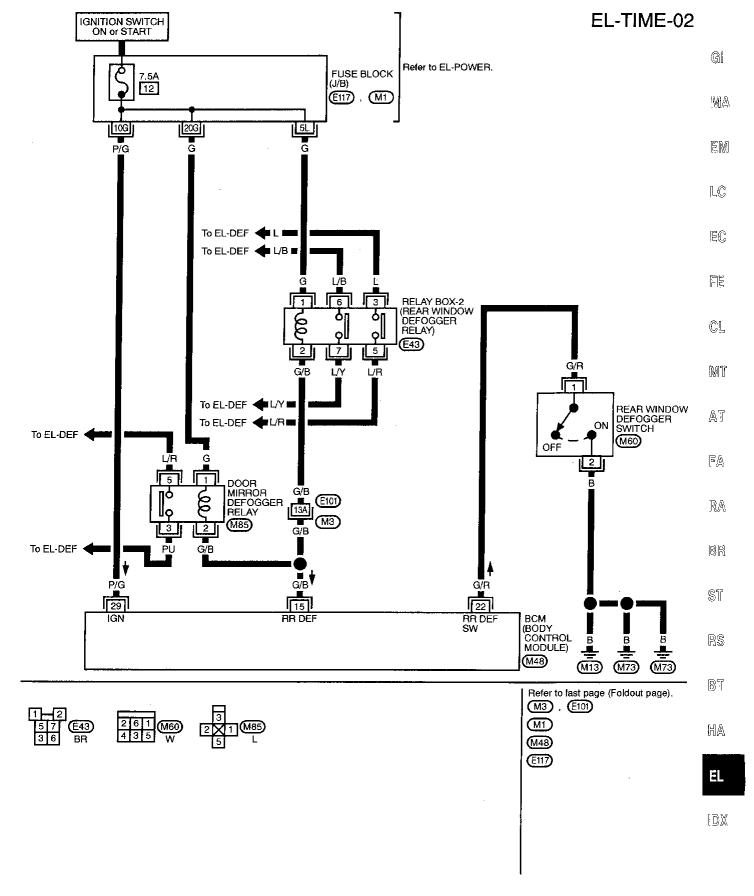
Wiring Diagram — TIME —

INTERMITTENT WIPER CONTROL **EL-TIME-01** IGNITION SWITCH ACC or ON FUSE BLOCK (J/B) Refer to EL-POWER. 19 20 (E117) (E119) , (M1) INTERMITTENT WIPER VOLUME 9J P/B 15L 4R FRONT WIPER SWITCH (E112) OFF To EL-WIPER ◆ BR ■ LO 15 18 19 20 BR/W P/W FRONT WASHER MOTOR ΒŔ (E46) RELAY BOX-2 (WIPER RELAY) 5 B (E43) To EL-WIPER P/B BR/W 12A 5C (E101) (M3) P/B BR/W BR/W P/B P/B P/W PU 28 17 10 25 26 BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE) (M48) Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M3) , (E101) M1(M48) **E**117 (E119)

MEL566E

Wiring Diagram — TIME — (Cont'd)

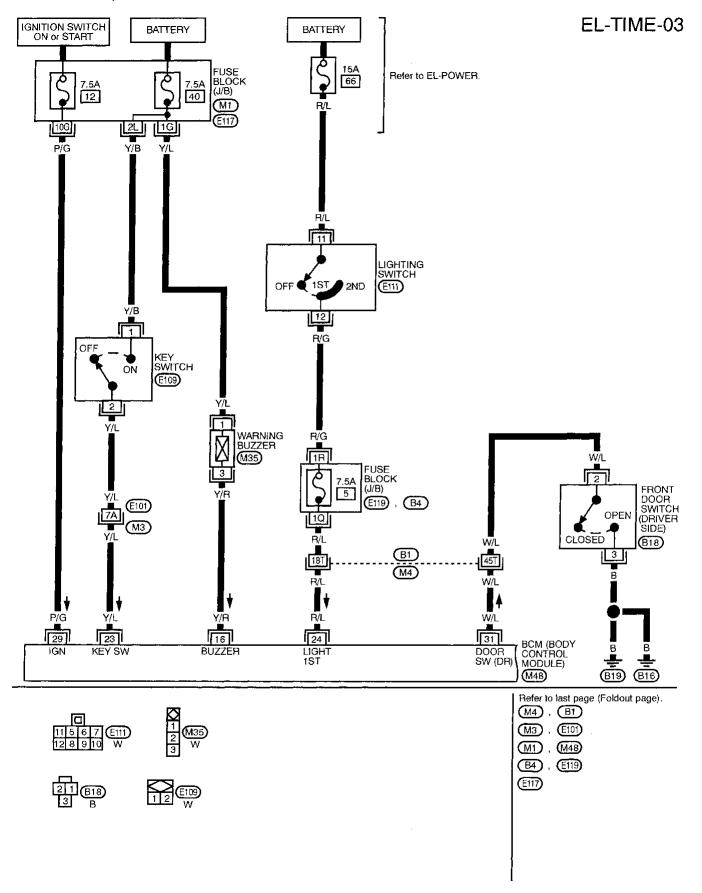
REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER TIMER CONTROL



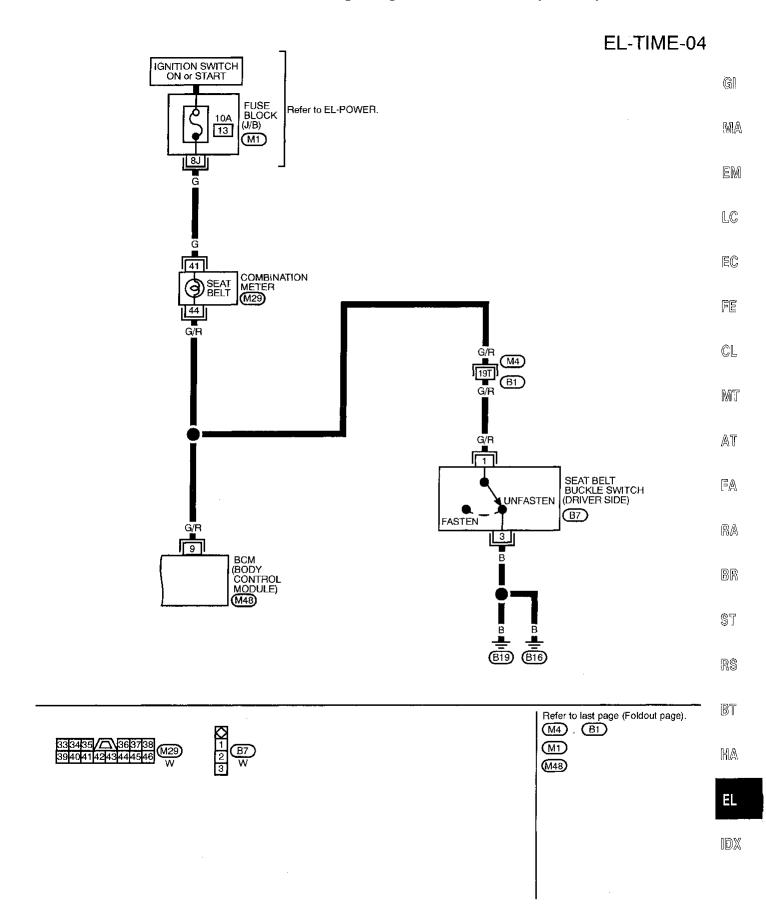
MEL567E

Wiring Diagram — TIME — (Cont'd)

IGNITION KEY, LIGHT AND SEAT BELT WARNING CONTROL



Wiring Diagram — TIME — (Cont'd)



MEL569E

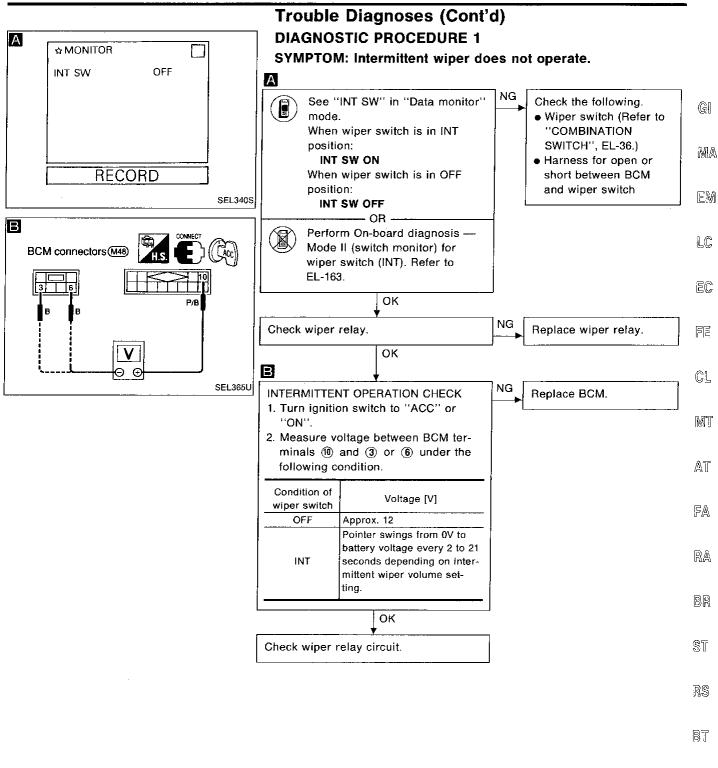
Trouble Diagnoses

Perform "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" as necessary before starting Diagnostic Procedures.

SYMPTOM CHART

PROCE	PROCEDURE		supply pround t check	Diagnostic Procedure							
REFERENCE PAGE		EL-179	EL-180	EL-233	EL-234	EL-235	EL-236	EL-236	EL-237	EL-238	EL-239
SYMPT	ОМ	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic Procedure 1	Diagnostic Procedure 2	Diagnostic Procedure 3	Diagnostic Procedure 4	Diagnostic Procedure 5	Diagnostic Procedure 6	Diagnostic Procedure 7	Diagnostic Procedure 8
Jer	Intermittent wiper does not operate.	всм	всм	Х							
& washer	Intermittent time of wiper cannot be adjusted.	всм	всм		x						_
Wiper	Wiper and washer activate individually but not in combination.	всм	всм			х					
-	Light warning chime does not activate.	всм	всм				х			х	
Warning	Ignition key warning chime does not activate.	всм	всм					X		X	
	Seat belt warning chime does not activate.	всм	всм					•	x	X	_
Rear defogger	Rear defogger does not activate, or go off after activating.	всм	всм				·				x

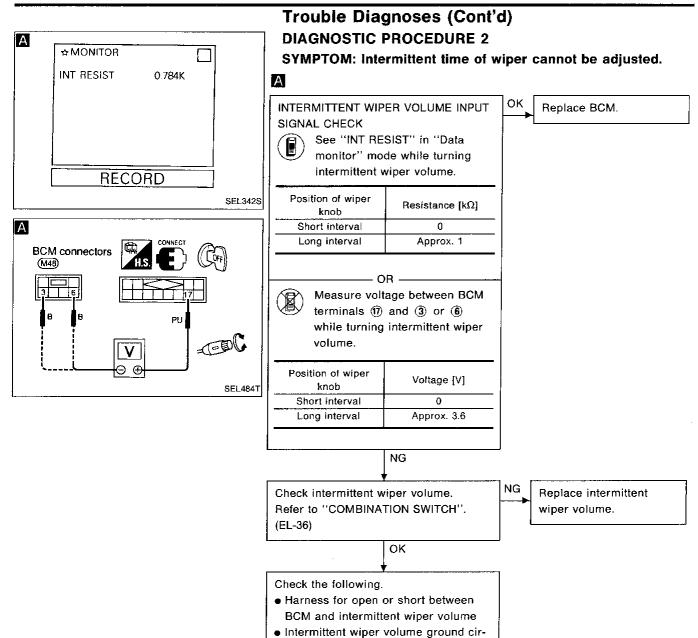
EL-232 1370



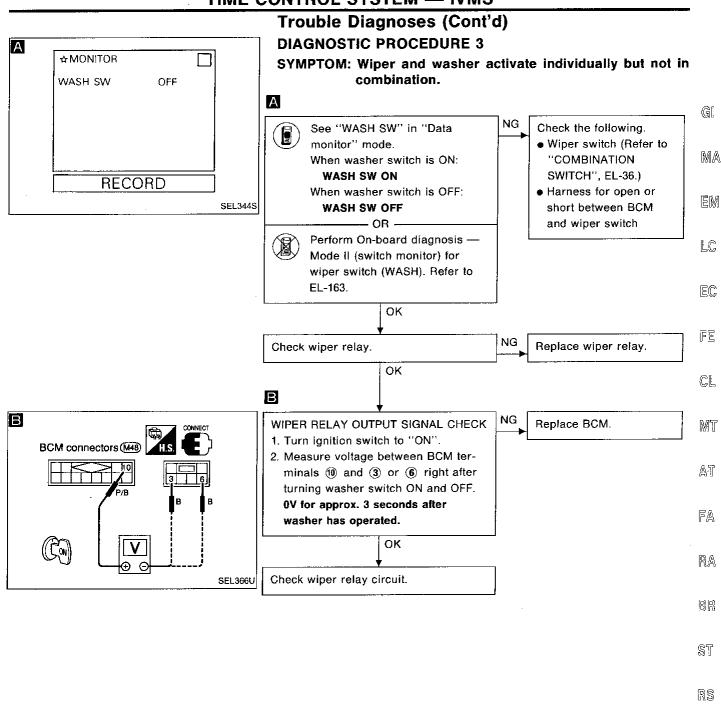
EL-233 1371

HA

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EL-234 1372



EL-235

BT

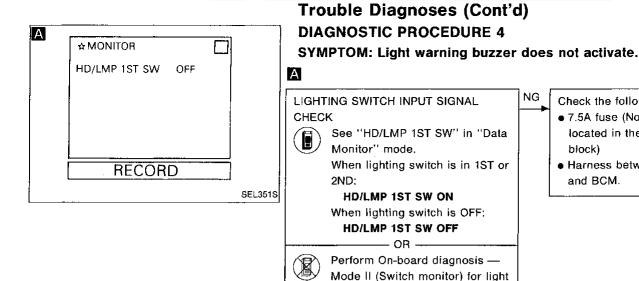
HA

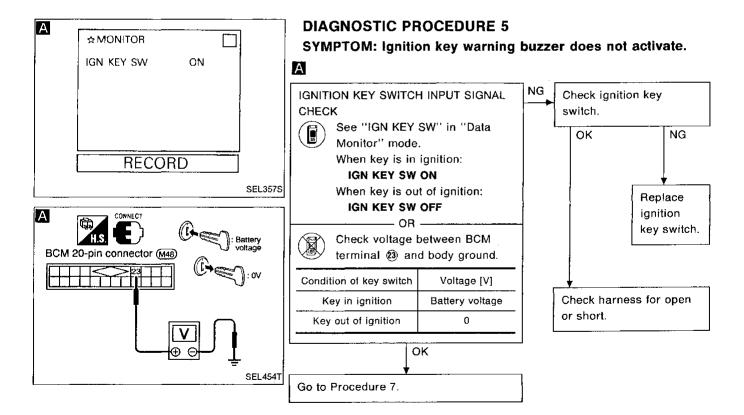
FID)X

switch. Refer to EL-163.

Go to Procedure 7.

OK





EL-236 1374

Check the following.

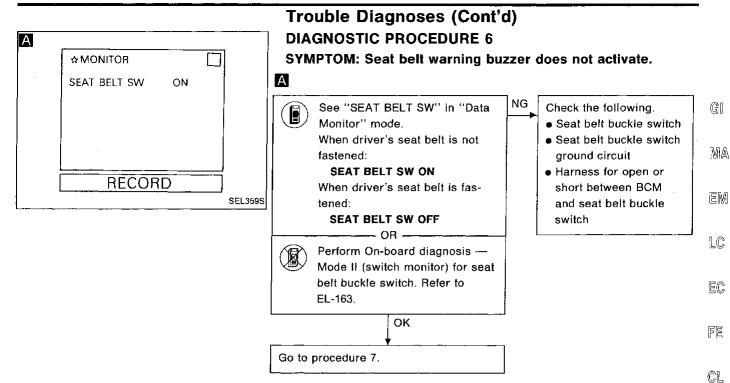
• 7.5A fuse (No. 5,

block)

and BCM.

located in the fuse

Harness between fuse



EL-237 1375

MIT

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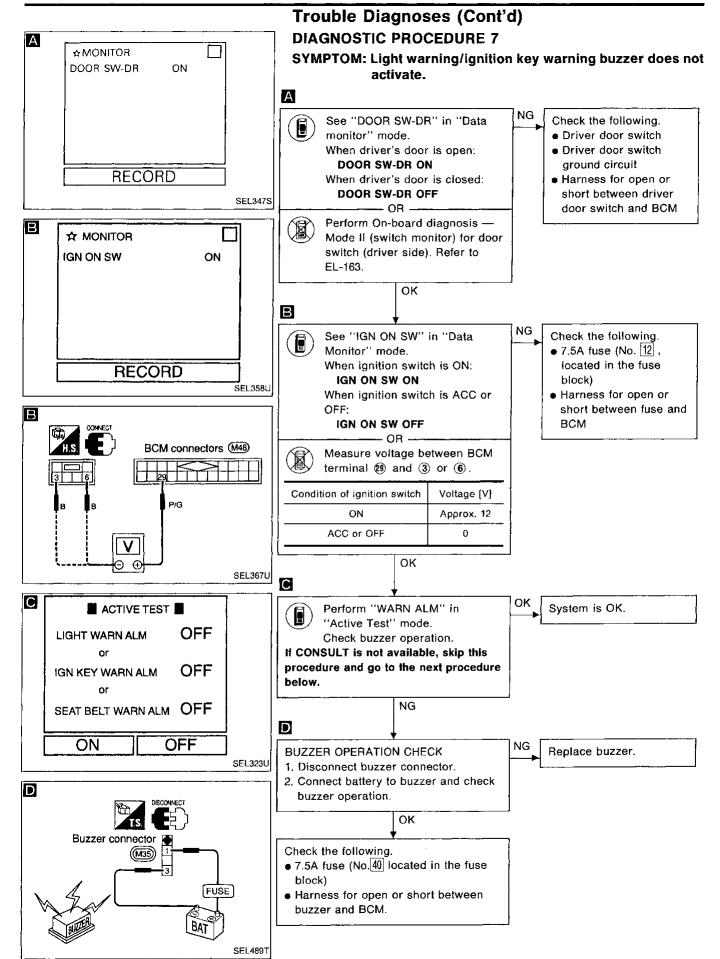
BR

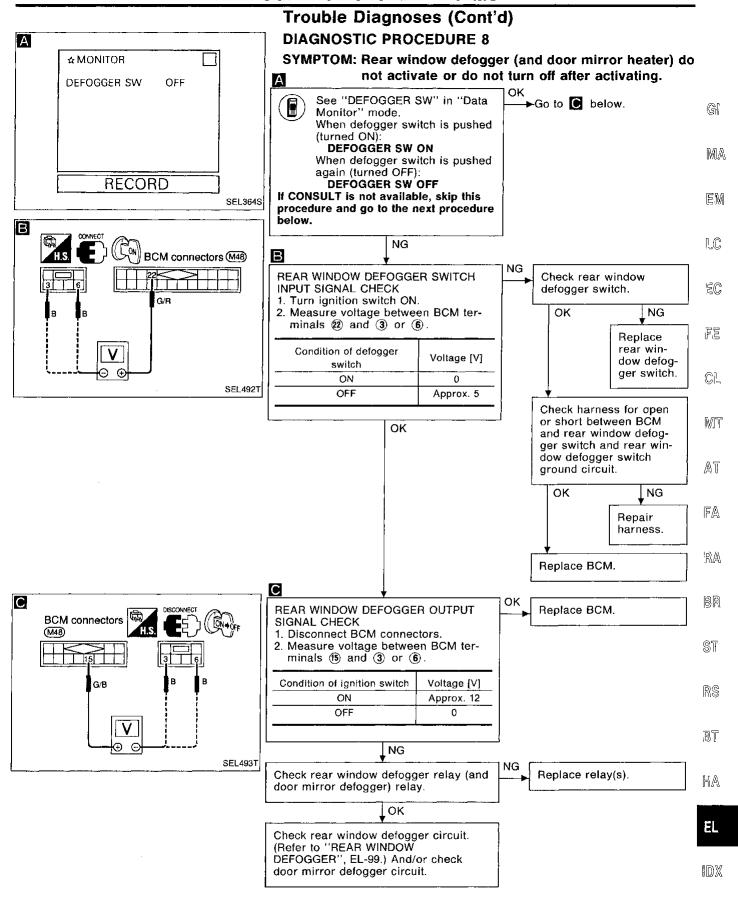
ST

RS

BT

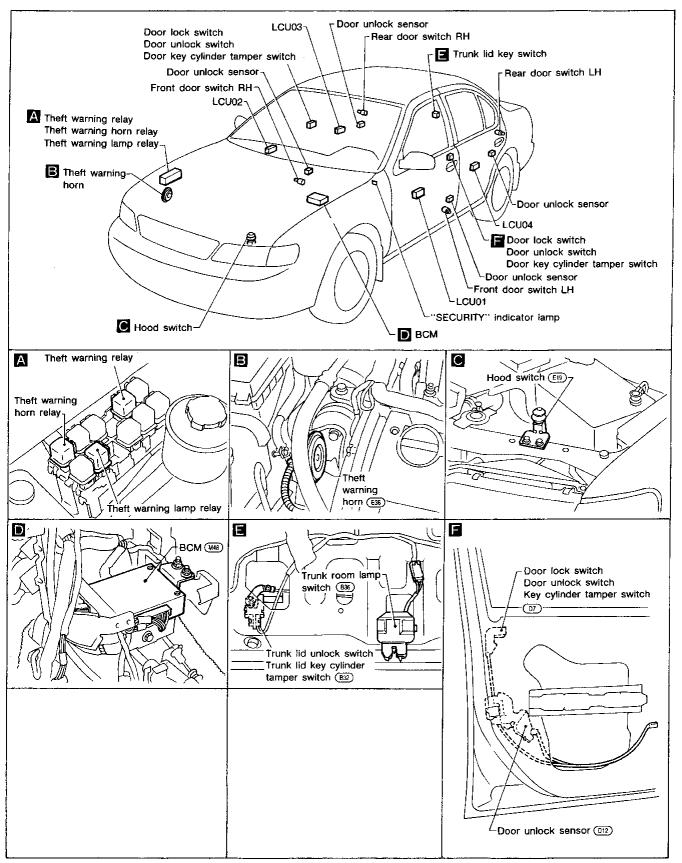
HA





EL-239 1377

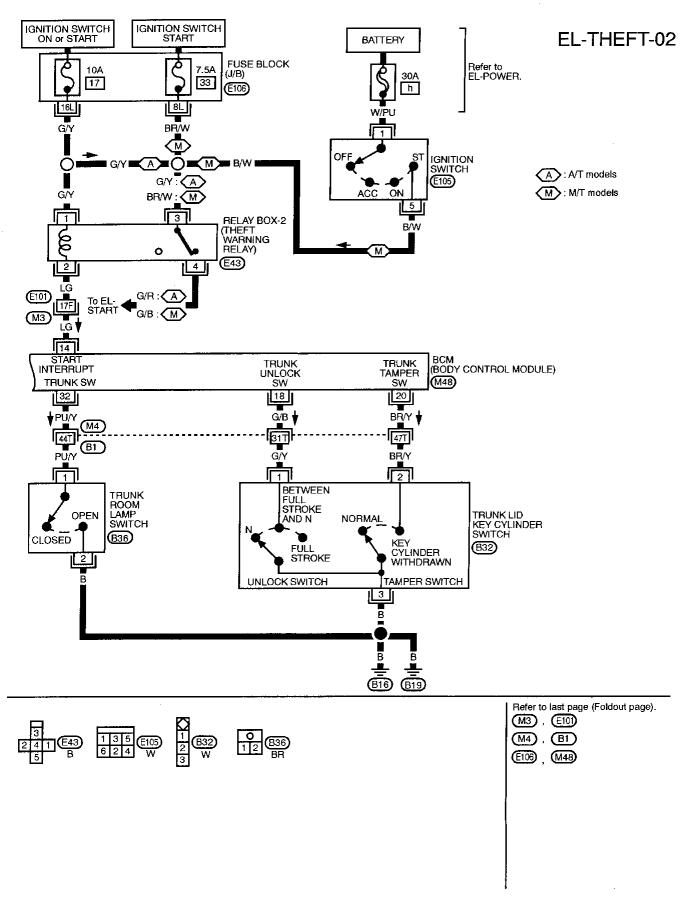
Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



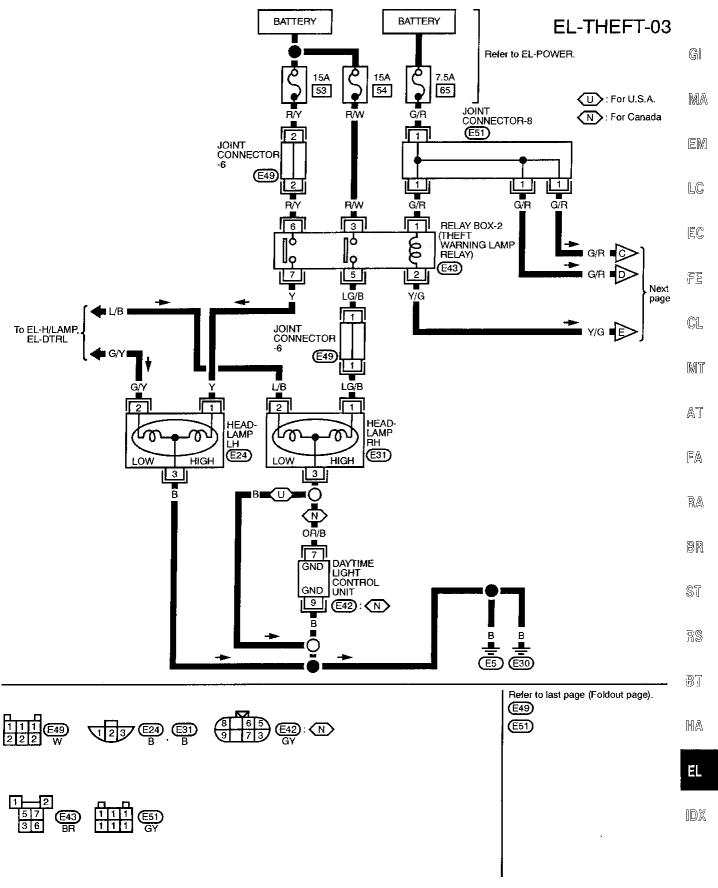
MEL588E

Wiring Diagram — THEFT — IGNITION SWITCH ACC or ON IGNITION SWITCH ON or START **EL-THEFT-01** BATTERY : DATA LINE Refer to EL-POWER. GI FUSE BLOCK 7.5A 7.5A (J/B) 19 12 40 (M1) MA [1G 10G P/G Y/L EM LC To EL-MULTI-05 EC SECURITY INDICATOR LAMP (M28) E G/OR ♥ R/B P/L P/G 29 2 38 33 28 CL **BCM** ACC IGN THEFT DATA LINE DATA LINE (BODY CONTROL MODULE) IND DOOR SW HOOD SW (M48) MT 30 21 RW Y/B M₃ AT 19F Y/B (E101) FA HOOD SWITCH OPEN $\overline{M4}$ RA (E19) (B2) CLOSED 2 BR В ₽₩ R₩ ST FRONT FRONT REAR REAR DOOR DOOR SWITCH (DRIVER SIDE) DOOR SWITCH RH DOOR В SWITCH (PASSENGER SIDE) **OPEN** OPEN **OPEN** OPEN SWITCH LH RS (B18) (B43) CLOSED CLOSED (B34) CLOSED (B15) CLOSED (E5) (E30) BŢ Refer to last page (Foldout page). (M3), (E101) 112 W 211 B15 B18 11 B34 BA3 BA (M4)(B2) KA M1), M48 =1, [D)X

Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)

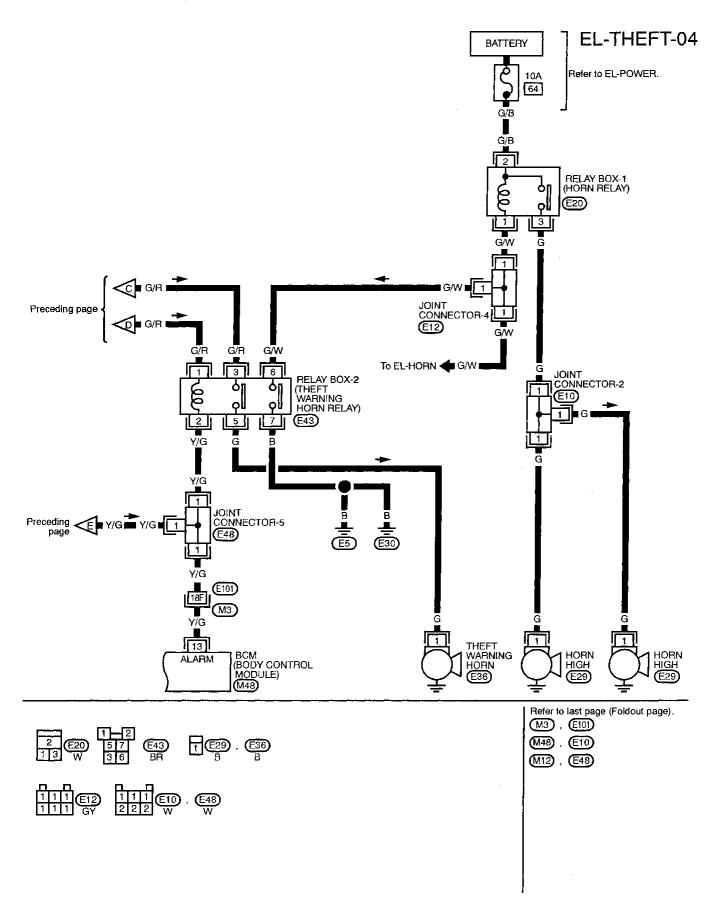


Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)



MEL574E

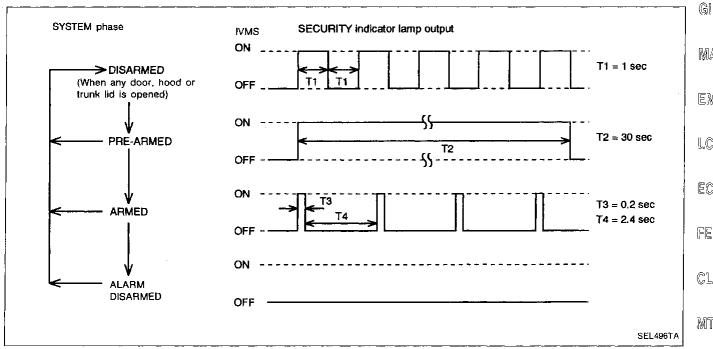
Wiring Diagram — THEFT — (Cont'd)



Trouble Diagnoses

DESCRIPTION

1. Operation flow



2. Setting the theft warning system

Initial condition

- (1) Close all doors.
- (2) Close hood and trunk lid.
- (3) Pull key out of ignition.

Disarmed phase

The theft warning system is in the disarmed phase when any door(s), hood or trunk lid is opened. The security indicator lamp blinks every second.

Pre-armed phase and armed phase

The theft warning system turns into the "pre-armed" phase when hood, trunk lid and all doors are closed and locked by key or multi-remote control. (The security indicator lamp illuminates.)

After about 30 seconds, the system automatically shifts into the "armed" phase (the system is set). (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.)

3. Canceling the set theft warning system

When the following (a) or (b) operation is performed, the armed phase is canceled.

- (a) Unlock the doors or the trunk lid with the key.
- (b) Unlock the doors or the trunk lid with the multi-remote controller.

4. Activating the alarm operation of the theft warning system

Make sure the system is in the armed phase. (The security indicator lamp blinks every 2.4 seconds.) When any of the following operations (a), (b) and (c) is performed, the system sounds the horns and flashes the headlamps for about 2.5 minutes. (At the same time, the system disconnects the starting system circuit.) The starting system is kept dead even after the alarm turns off.

- (a) Open the engine hood or trunk lid using the hood or trunk lid opener.
- (b) Unlock any door without key or multi remote controller.
- (c) Pull out the key cylinder from either front door or the trunk lid.

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EL-245 1383

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

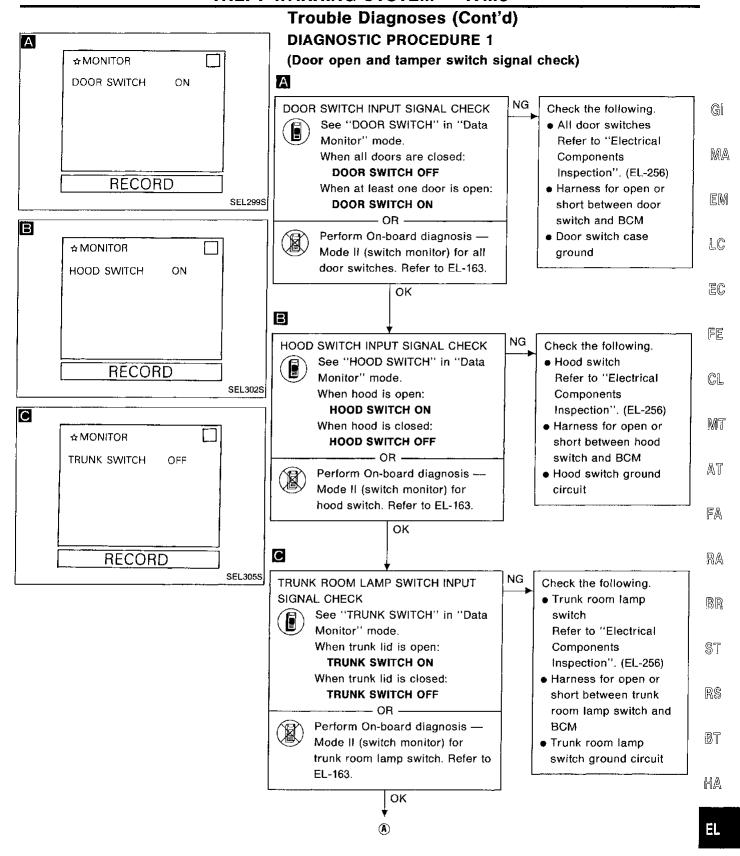
SYMPTOM CHART

PROCE	DURE	muni	S com- cation nosis	and g	supply ground t check	İ		Dia	agnostic	proced	dure			_
REFER	ENCE PAGE	EL-156	EL-161	EL-179	EL-180	EL-247	EL-249	EL-250	EL-251	EL-252	EL-253	EL-254	EL-255	EL-220
SYMPT	ОМ	CONSULT	On-board diagnosis (Mode I)	Ground circuit check	Power supply circuit check	Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Door open and tamper switch signal check)	Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Security indicator lamp check)	Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Door unlock sensor check)	Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Door key cylinder switch check)	Diagnostic Procedure 5 (Theft warning horn alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 6 (Headlamp alarm check)	Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Starter interrupt system check)	Diagnostic Procedure 8 (Trunk lid key unlock signal check)	Check "MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL" system.
Theft w does no blinking	arning indicator ot turn ''ON'' or J.	х	×	Х	х		х							
ت غر ::	All items	Х	Х	Х	х	Х		Х						-
Theft warning system cannot be set by	Door out side key	Х	х	Х	х				Х					
Theft syste be s	Multi-remote control	х	х	X	х							•		X
ig not	All function	X	Х	Х	Х	Х								
Theft warning system does not activate.	Horn alarm	Х	×	Х	х					х				
eft warni em does activate.	Turn lamp	х	Х	х	х						Х			<u></u>
Th	Starter interrupt	Х	х	x	x							×		
ning not be	Door out side key	Х	Х	х	Х				х					
war can	Trunk lid key	х	х	х	Х								Х	
Theft warning system cannot be canceled by	Multi-remote control	Х	х	х	х									Х

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis", "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" before starting with theft warning system diagnostic procedure.

X : Applicable

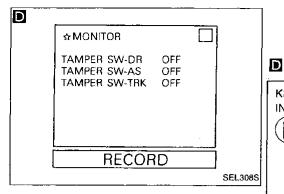
EL-246 1384

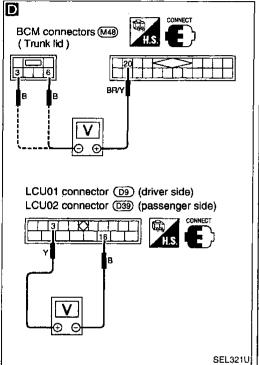


EL-247 1385

M

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)







removed.

KEY CYLINDER TAMPER SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CHECK

See "TAMPER SW" in "Data Monitor" mode. When driver side key cylinder is

TAMPER SW-DR ON

When driver side key cylinder is installed.

TAMPER SW-DR OFF

When passenger side key cylinder is removed,

TAMPER SW-AS ON

When passenger side key cylinder is installed,

TAMPER SW-AS OFF

When trunk lid key cylinder is removed,

TAMPER SW-TRK ON

When trunk lid key cylinder is installed,

TAMPER SW-TRK OFF

OR -

Measure voltage between BCM terminals (2) and (3) or (6) (trunk lid), LCU01 terminals (3) and (6) (driver side), and LCU02 terminals (3) and (6) (passenger side).

Cond	Voltage [V]				
Key cylinde	0				
Key cylinder	Front doors	Approx. 12			
installed	Trunk∃id	Approx. 5			

ΟK

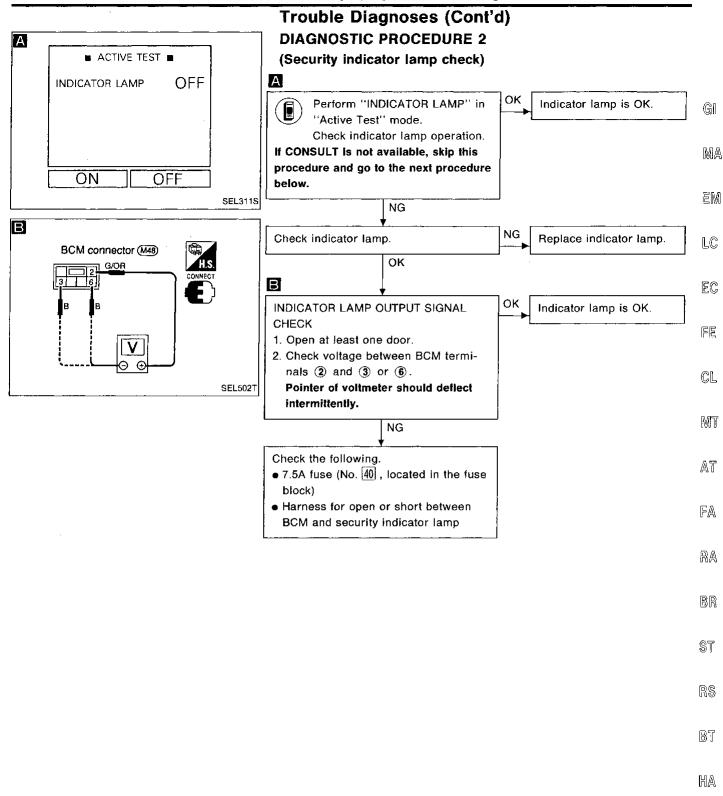
Door open and tamper switch is OK.

Check the following.

NG

- Key cylinder tamper switch in question.
 Refer to "Electrical Components Inspection" (EL-257).
- Harness for open or short between tamper switch and BCM/LCU
- Tamper switch ground circuit

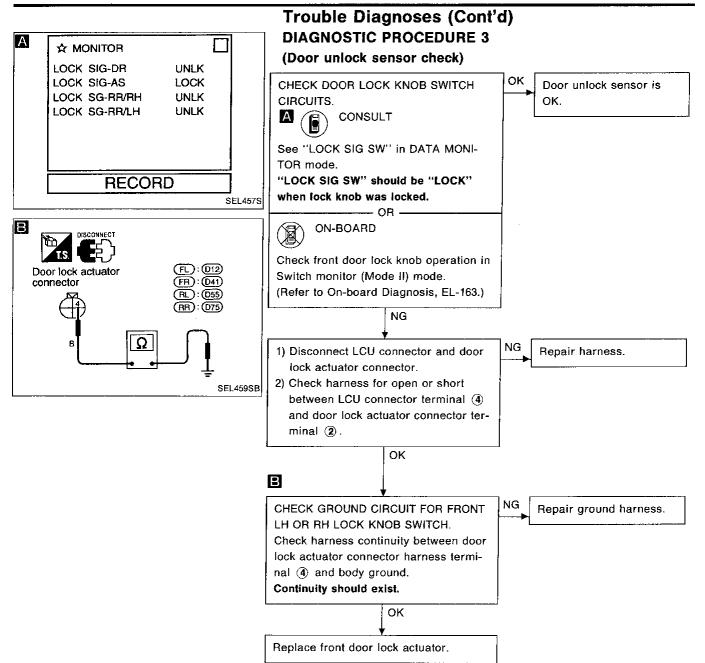
EL-248 1386



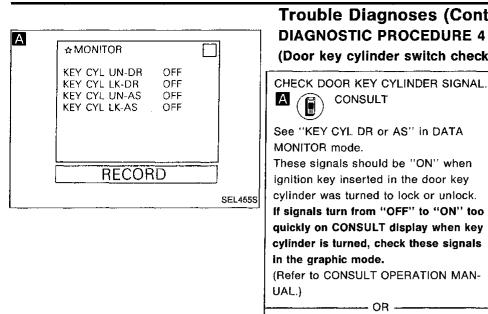
EL-249 1387

ΞΙ.

M

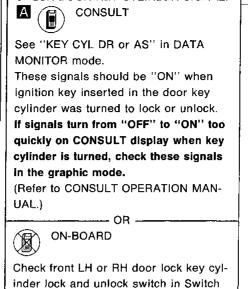


EL-250 1388



Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 4

(Door key cylinder switch check)



NG

Condition

Neutral

Between

locked and

monitor (Mode II) mode.

Door key cylinder switch is OK.

Replace door key cylin-

der switch.

OK

NG

Continuity

No

Yes

LC

G

MA

EM

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CL

MT

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E A

RA BR

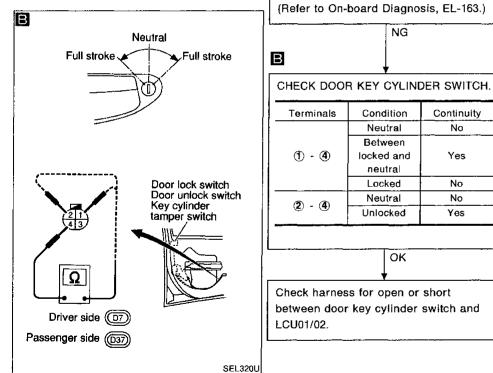
ST

RS

BT

HA

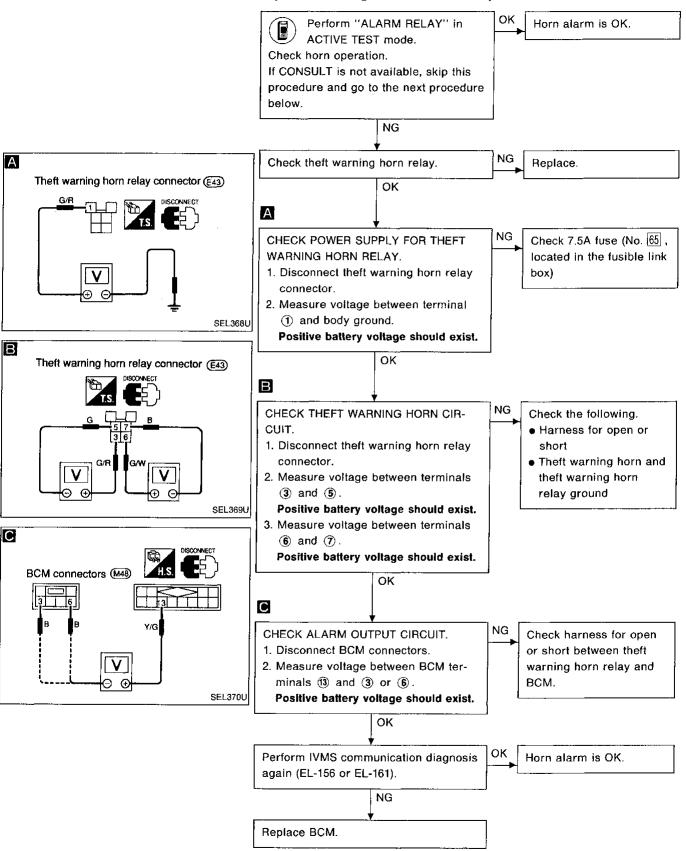
IDX



neutral Locked No Νo Neutral Unlocked Yes OK Check harness for open or short between door key cylinder switch and

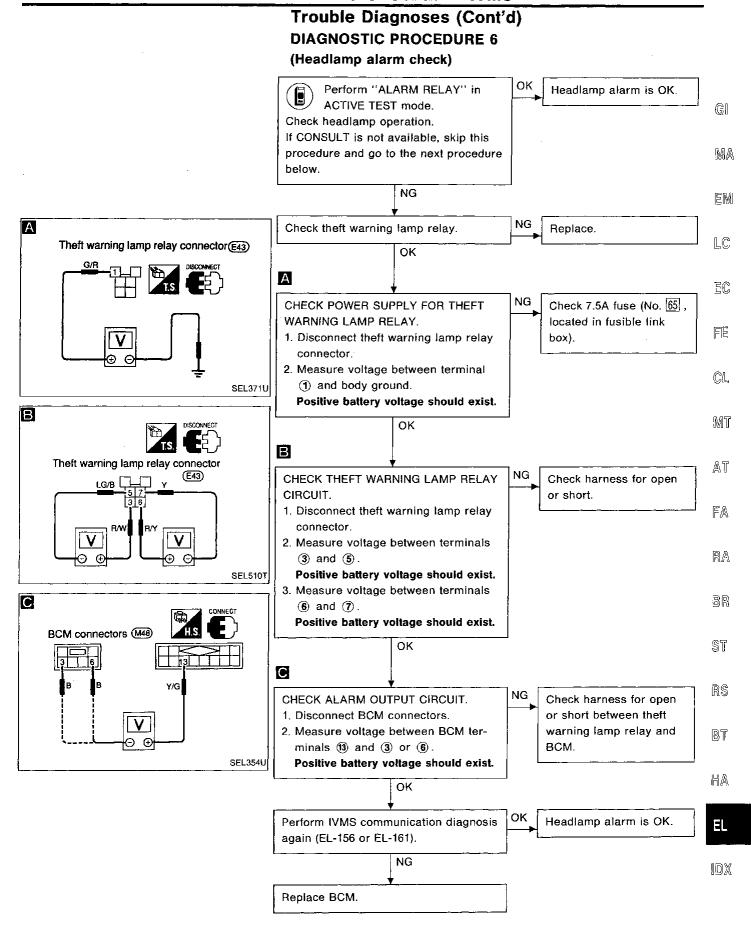
Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 5

(Theft warning horn alarm check)



EL-252

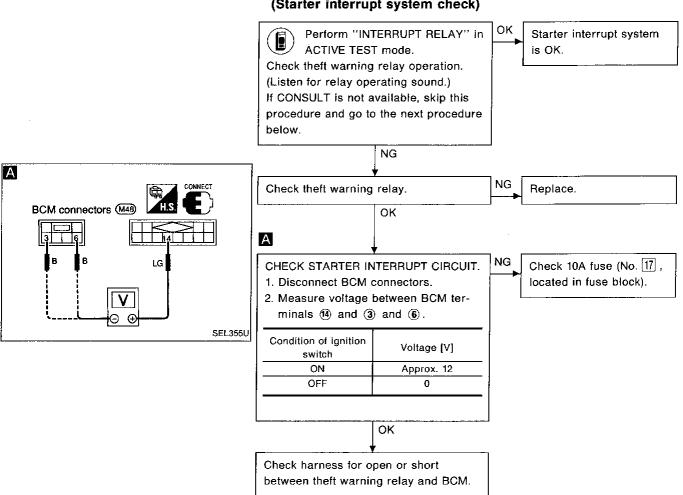
1390



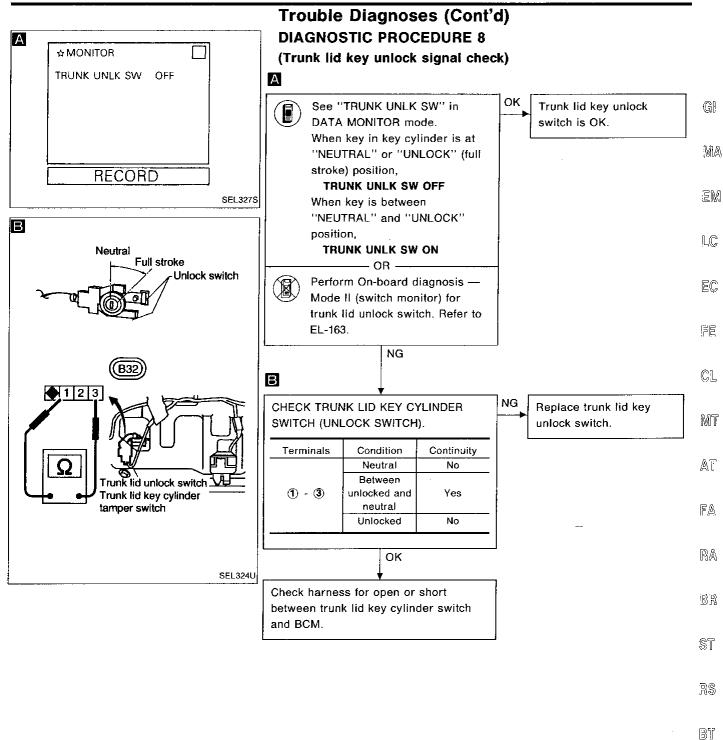
EL-253 1391

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 7

(Starter interrupt system check)



EL-254 1392



EL-255 1393

HA

IDX

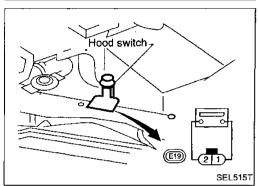
Pront doors B18 B15 B34 B43 SEL356U

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd) ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS INSPECTION

Door switches

Check continuity between terminal and switch body.

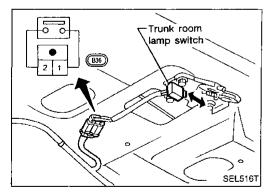
	Terminals	Condition	Continuity
Front door	(1) - switch body	Pressed	No
switches	- switch body	Released	Yes
Rear door	① - switch body	Pressed	No
switches	(i) - switch body	Released	Yes



Hood switch

Check continuity between terminals.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity				
a a	Pressed	No				
(1) - (2)	Released	Yes				



Trunk room lamp switch

Check continuity between terminals.

Terminals	Condition	Continuity
	Pressed	Yes
① - ②	Released	No

EL-256 1394

Trunk lid unlock switch Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch

Trouble Diagnoses (Cont'd)

Trunk lid key cylinder tamper switch

	Terminals	Condition	Continuity		
Tamper	② - ③	Key cylinder installed	No		
switch	. ② - ③	Key cylinder removed	Yes		

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Door key cylinder tamper switch

	Terminals	Condition	Continuity
Tamper	(3) - (4)	Key cylinder installed	No
switch	3 - 4	Key cylinder removed	Yes

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ST

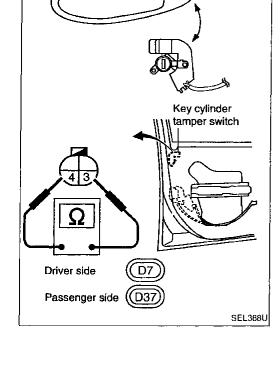
RS

BT

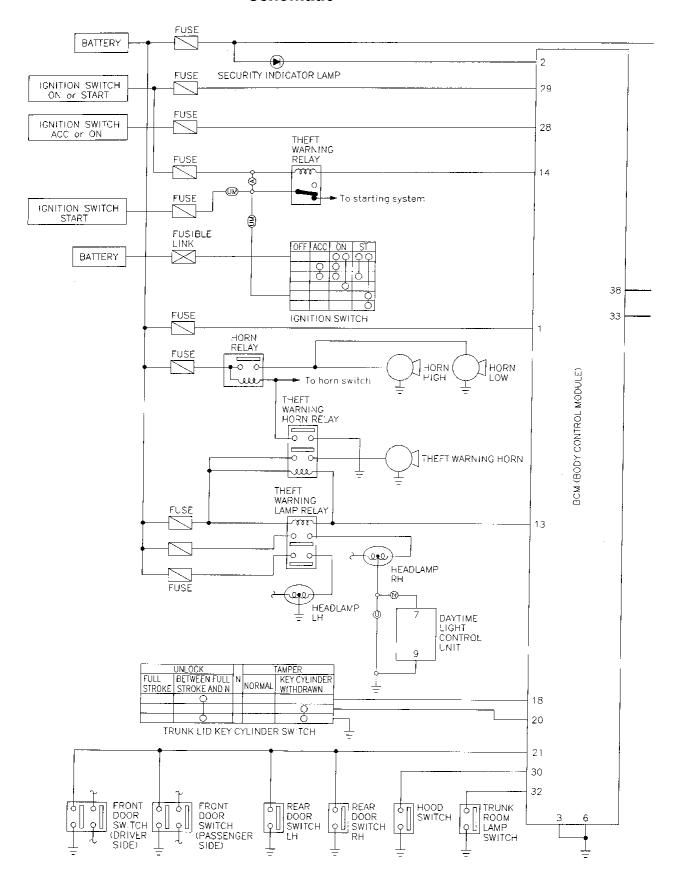
HA

EL

IDX

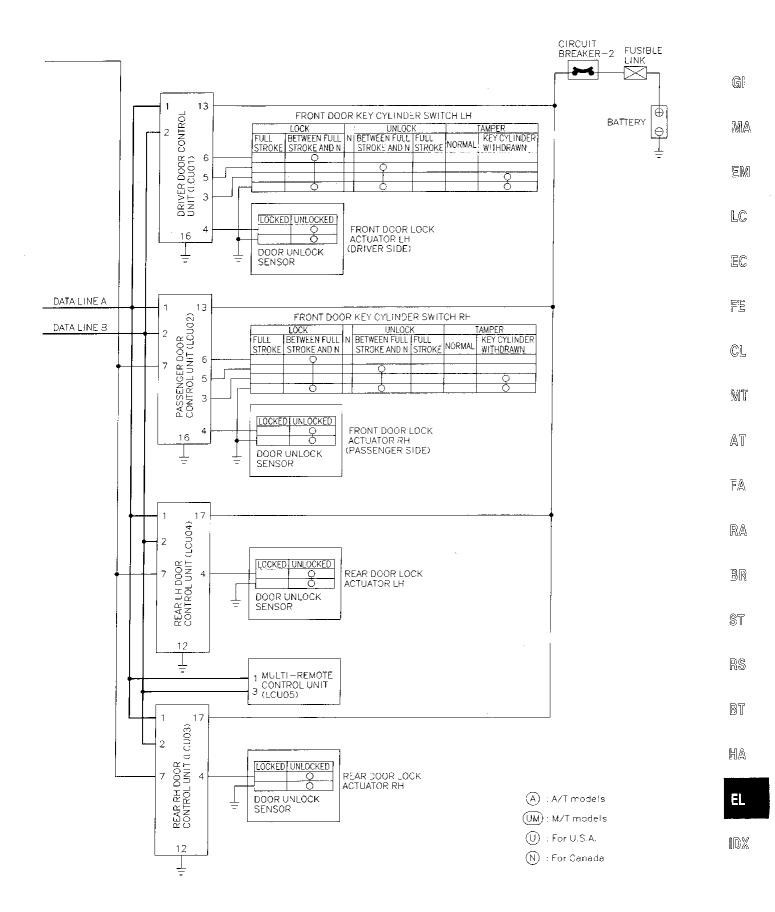


Schematic



EL-258 1396

Schematic (Cont'd)



System Description

Power is supplied at all times

- to lighting switch terminal (1)
- through 15A fuse (No. 66), located in the fuse and fusible link box).

With the lighting switch in the 1ST or 2ND position, power is supplied

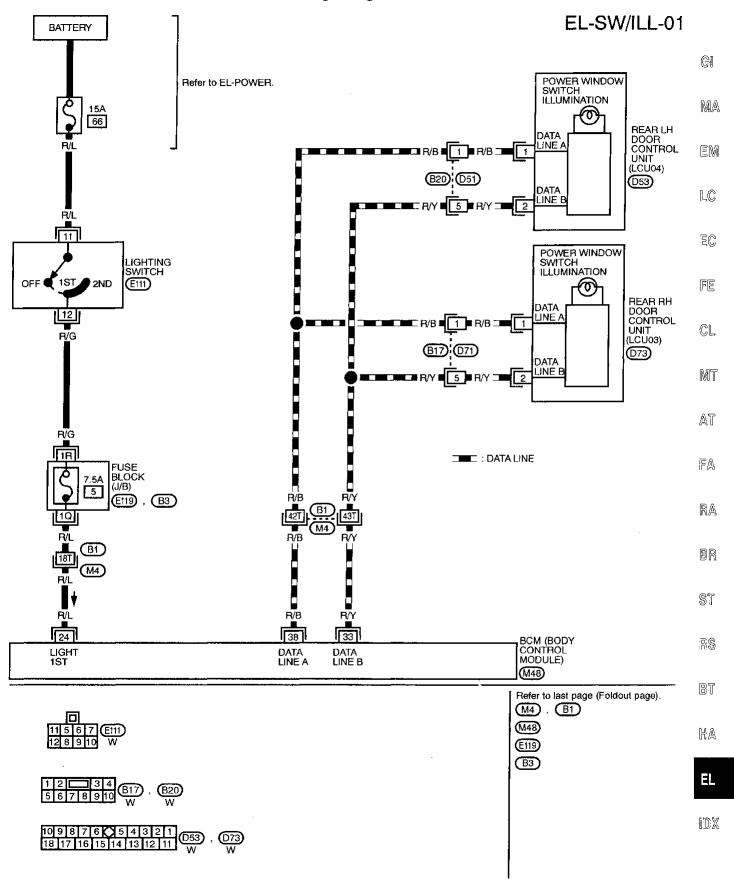
- to BCM terminal (4)
- through lighting switch terminal 12 and
- 7.5A fuse [No. [5], located in the fuse block (J/B)].

Terminals ① and ② of the power window switch illumination (located in the rear LH and RH door control units) are connected to BCM terminals ③ and ③ as DATA LINES A and B respectively.

When power is supplied to BCM terminal ②, BCM sends a signal to rear LH and RH door control units to turn on power window switch illumination. Power and ground are supplied to power window switch illumination turns on.

EL-260 1398

Wiring Diagram — SW/ILL —



MEL577E

ILLUMINATION — IVMS

Trouble Diagnoses

Perform "IVMS Communication Diagnosis" (EL-156 or EL-161) and "Power Supply and Ground Circuit Check" (EL-179) before starting with the following chart.

Symptom	Possible cause	Repair order					
	1. 7.5A fuse	1. Check 7.5A fuse (No. 5, located in fuse block).					
Power window switch illumination does not illuminate when lighting switch is	2. Open in lighting switch circuit	Check harness for open or short between 7.5A fuse and BCM.					
turned to 1st or 2nd.*	3. LCU	3. Replace LCU.					
	4. BCM	4. Replace BCM.					

^{*} CONSULT (data monitor and/or active test) may also be used to confirm the cause of malfunction.

EL-262 1400

System Description

INTERIOR LAMP, IGNITION KEYHOLE ILLUMINATION TIMER CONTROL

Function

Interior lamp timer keeps interior lamp and ignition keyhole illuminated for about 30 seconds when:

- driver's door is unlocked while key is out of ignition,
- · key is pulled out of ignition while driver's door is closed, and
- key is pulled out of ignition and driver's door is opened and then closed.

The timer is cancelled, and interior lamp and ignition keyhole illumination turn off when:

- driver's door is locked, or
- ignition switch is turned "ON".

Power supply and ground

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to interior lamp terminal 1,
- to ignition keyhole illumination terminal ①.

Power is also supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to key switch terminal 1.

With the ignition switch in the ON or START position, power is supplied

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 12], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to BCM terminal ② .

Driver door control unit (LCU01) terminal ① is connected to BCM terminal ③ by DATA LINE A. Also, MT driver door control unit terminal ② is connected to BCM terminal ③ by DATA LINE B.

Ground is supplied to driver door control unit terminal 4

- through front driver's side door lock actuator (unlock sensor) terminals ② and ④ when front door AT lock actuator is in UNLOCK position
- through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

Timer operation

Driver's door is unlocked, driver's door is opened and then closed or key is withdrawn from ignition key cylinder.

Ground is then supplied to interior lamp terminal ② and ignition key hole illumination terminal ② to illuminate.

While timer is activated, ignition switch is turned ON or driver's door is locked. Timer will then be canceled.

INTERIOR LAMP ON-OFF CONTROL

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to interior lamp terminal ①.

BCM terminal ② is grounded when any door switch is in OPEN position.

When the front driver side door switch, front passenger side door switch, rear LH door switch or rear RH door switch is in OPEN position, interior lamp turns on.

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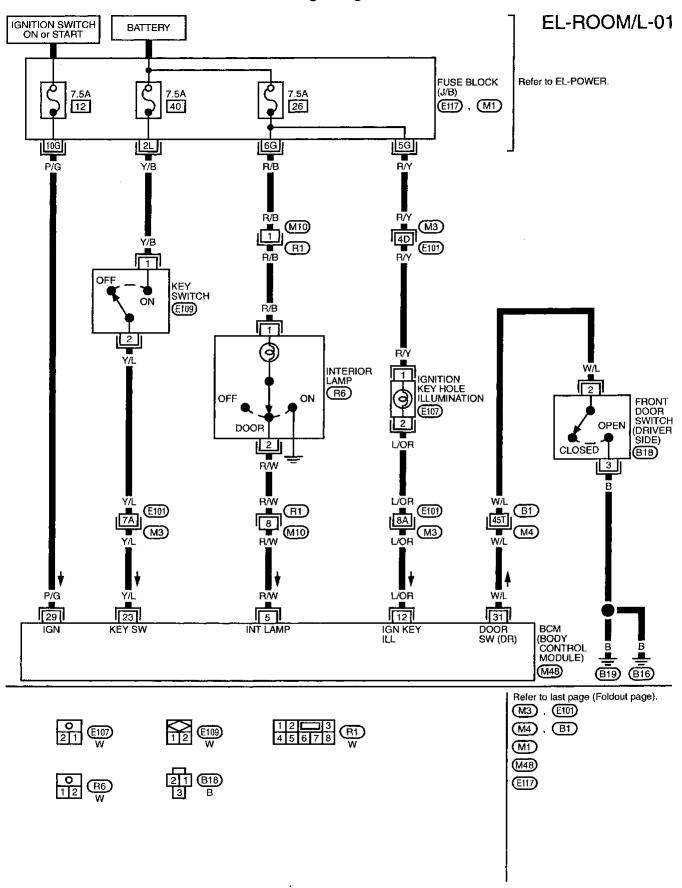
RS

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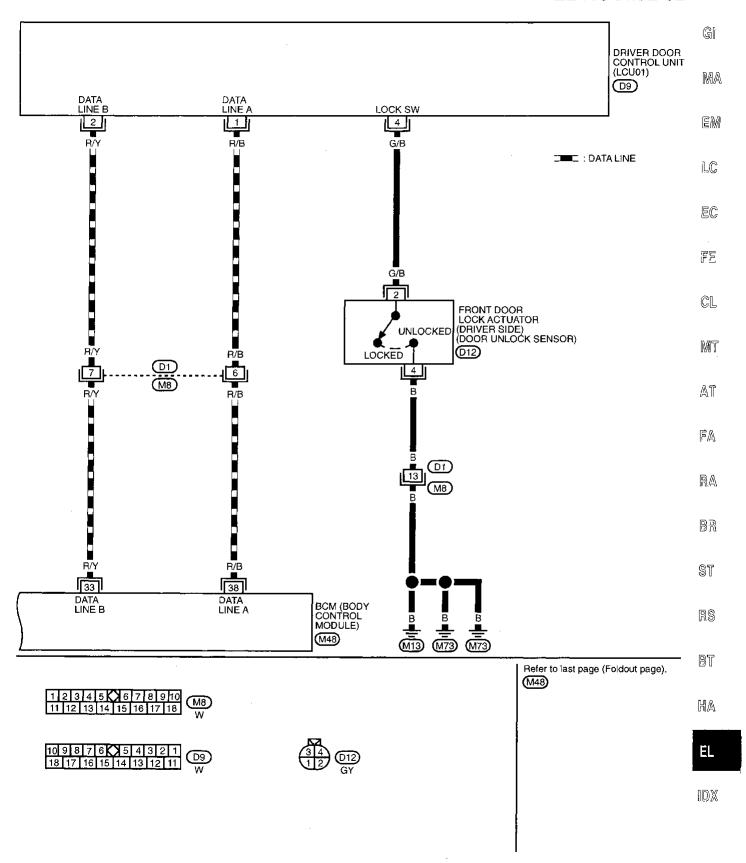
 $\mathbb{D}X$

Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L —



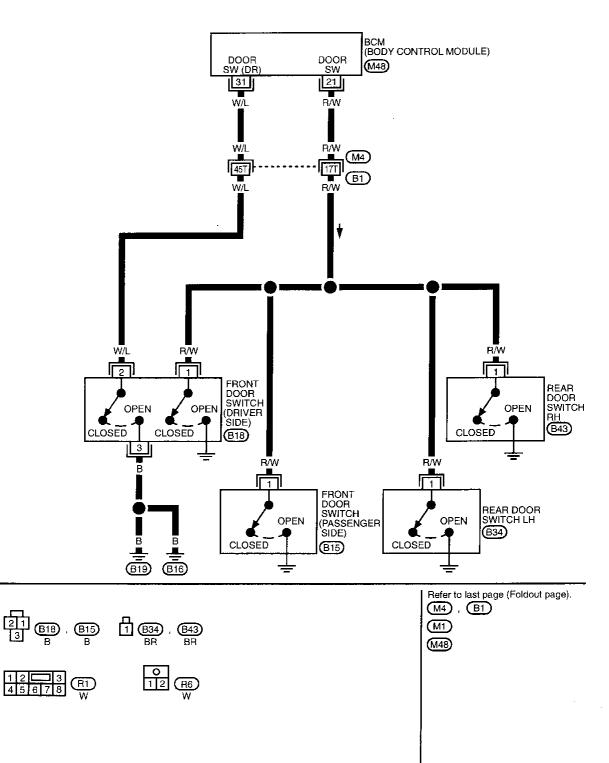
Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L — (Cont'd)

EL-ROOM/L-02



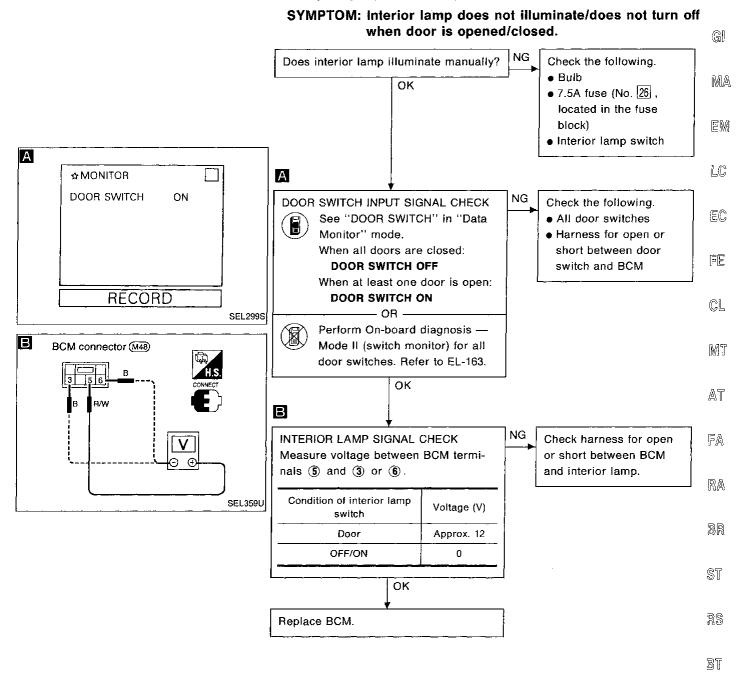
Wiring Diagram — ROOM/L — (Cont'd)

EL-ROOM/L-03



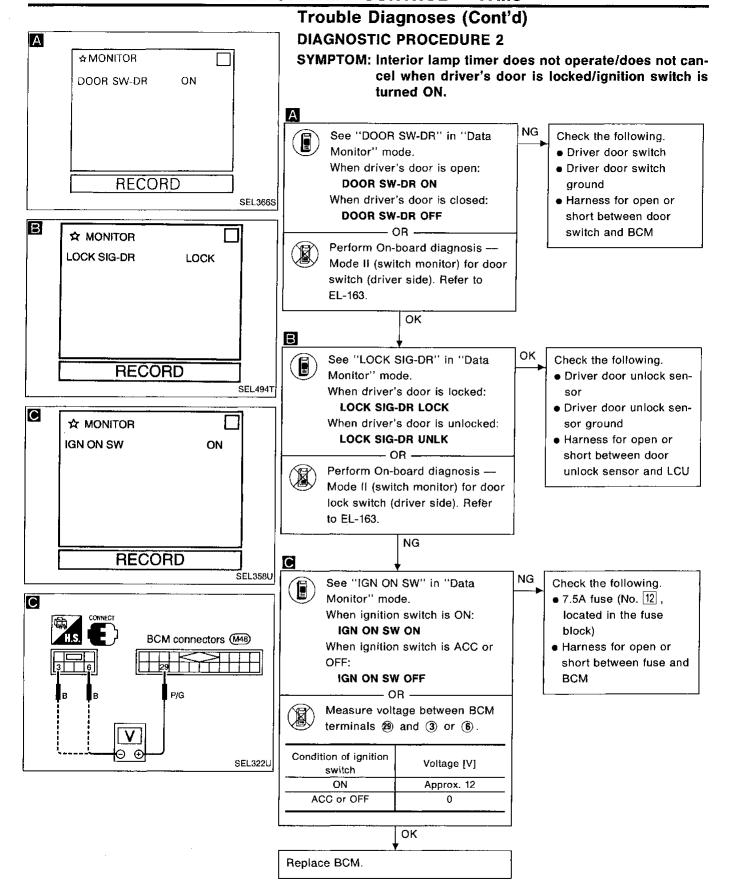
Trouble Diagnoses

DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE 1



HA

EL-267 1405



EL-268 1406

System Description

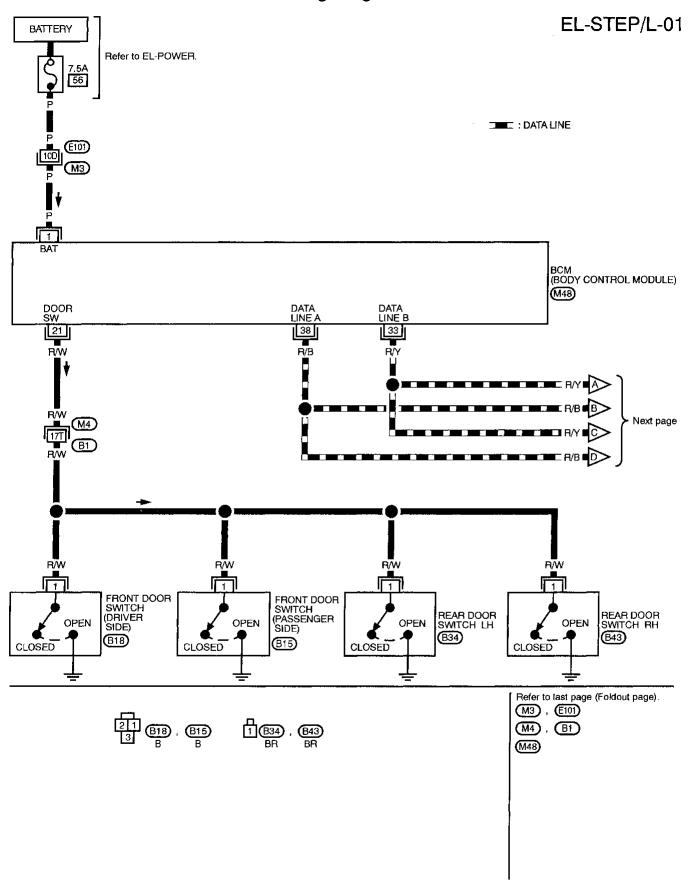
Power is supplied at all times • to BCM terminal 1 through 7.5A fuse (No. 56), located in the fuse and fusible link box). Power is supplied at all times GI to front step lamp LH and RH terminals (1) through 7.5A fuse [No. 26], located in the fuse block (J/B)]. MA Ground is supplied to terminal (6) of LCU01 and LCU02 through body grounds (MT3) and (MT3). Terminal ① of LCU01 and LCU02 and terminal 39 of BCM are connected as DATA LINE A. Terminal ② of LCU01 and LCU02 and terminal ③ of BCM are connected by DATA LINE B. EM BCM terminal (1) is grounded when any door switch is in OPEN position. When the driver door switch, passenger door switch, rear RH door switch, or rear LH door switch is in OPEN position, BCM sends a signal to driver and passenger door control units to turn on front LH and LC RH step lamps. With power and ground supplied, front step lamps turn on. EC CL MT AT FA RA 88 ST RS BT HA

NDX

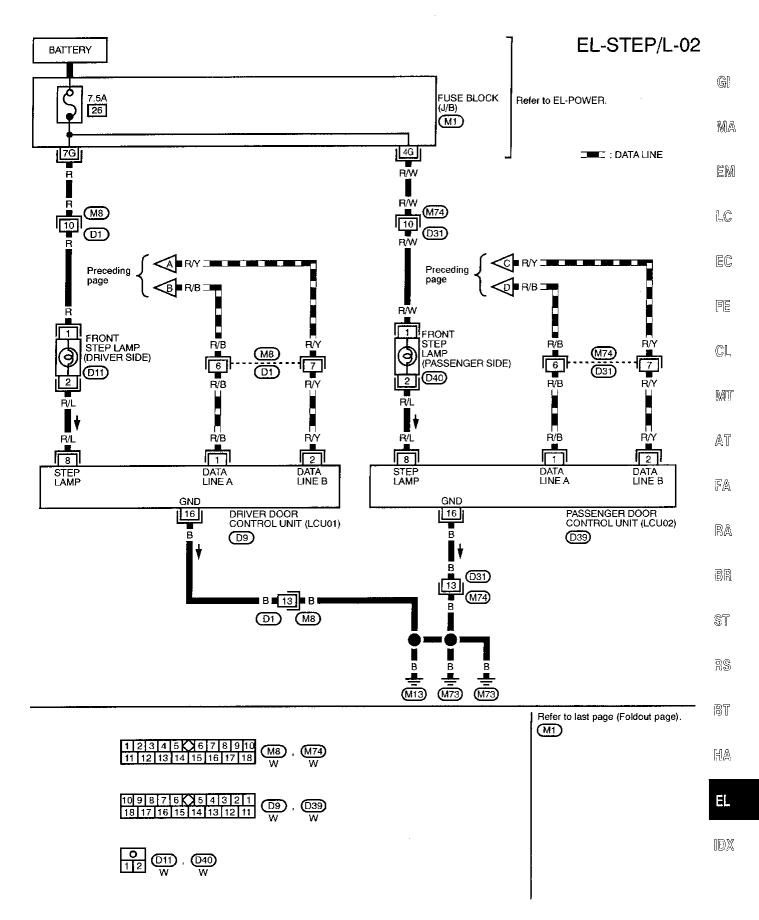
EL

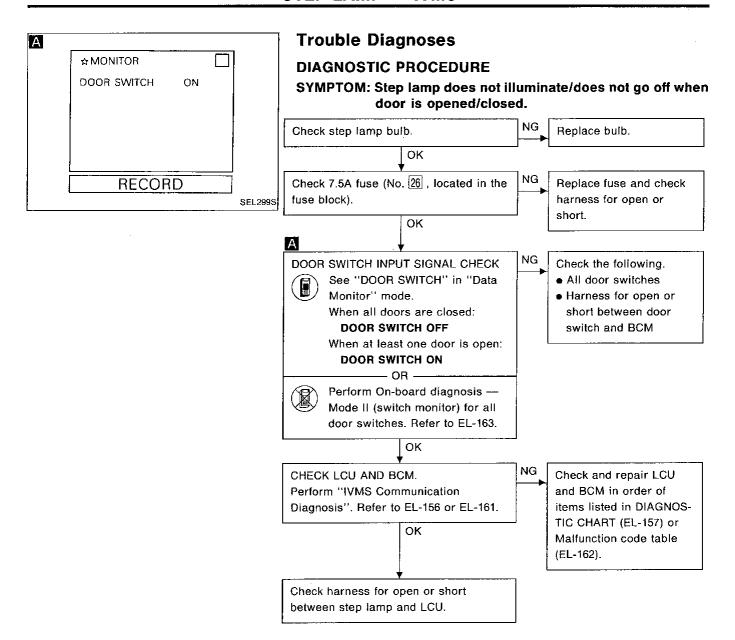
EL-269 1407

Wiring Diagram - STEP/L -



Wiring Diagram — STEP/L — (Cont'd)





EL-272 1410

INTEGRATED HOMELINK TRANSMITTER

System Description

Refer to Owner's Manual for Integrated HomeLinkTM Transmitter operating instructions.

POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND

Power is supplied at all times

- through 7.5A fuse [No. 40], located in the fuse block (J/B)]
- to Transmitter terminal (2).

Ground is supplied to terminal ① of Transmitter through body grounds (M13) and (M73).

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LC

EC

FE

CL

MT

AŢ

FA

RA

BR

ST

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BŢ

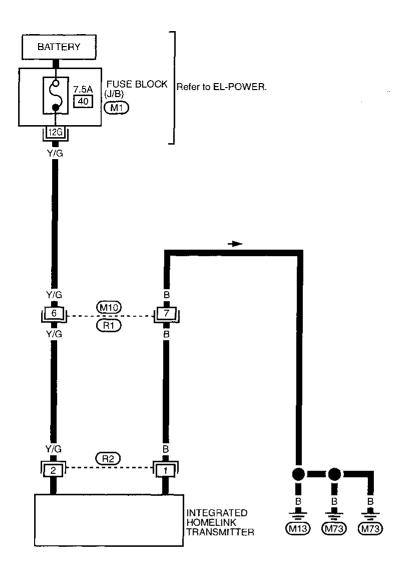
HA

EL

EL-273 1411

Wiring Diagram — TRNSMT —

EL-TRNSMT-01

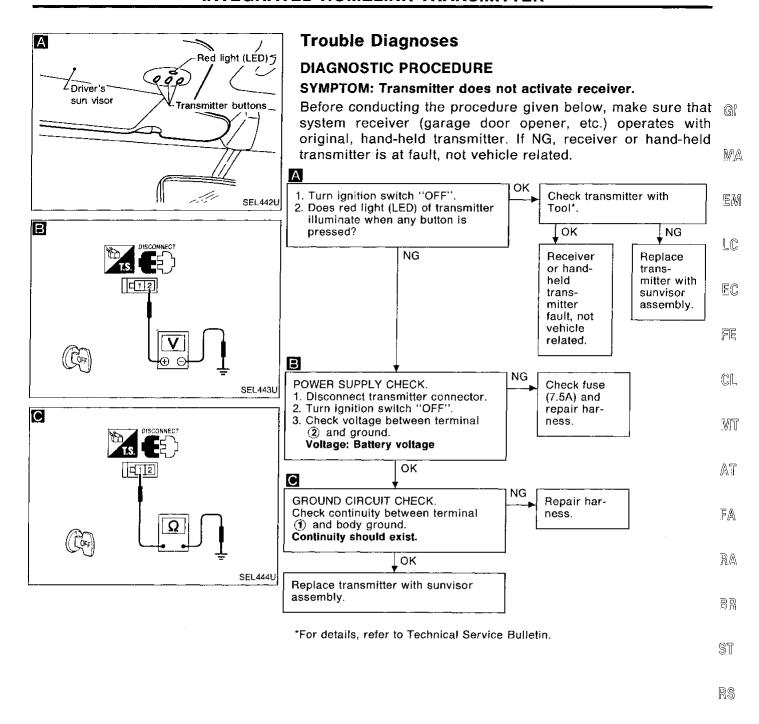






Refer to last page (Foldout page).

MEL608E



EL-275 1413

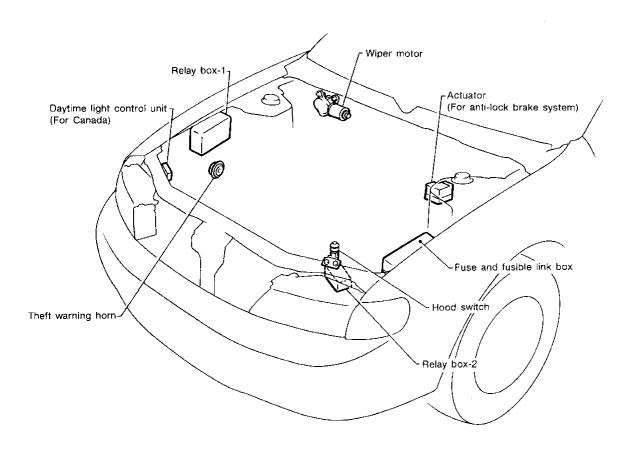
图子

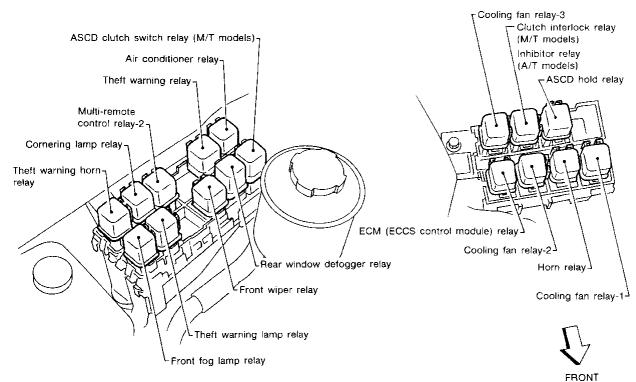
MA

EL

DX

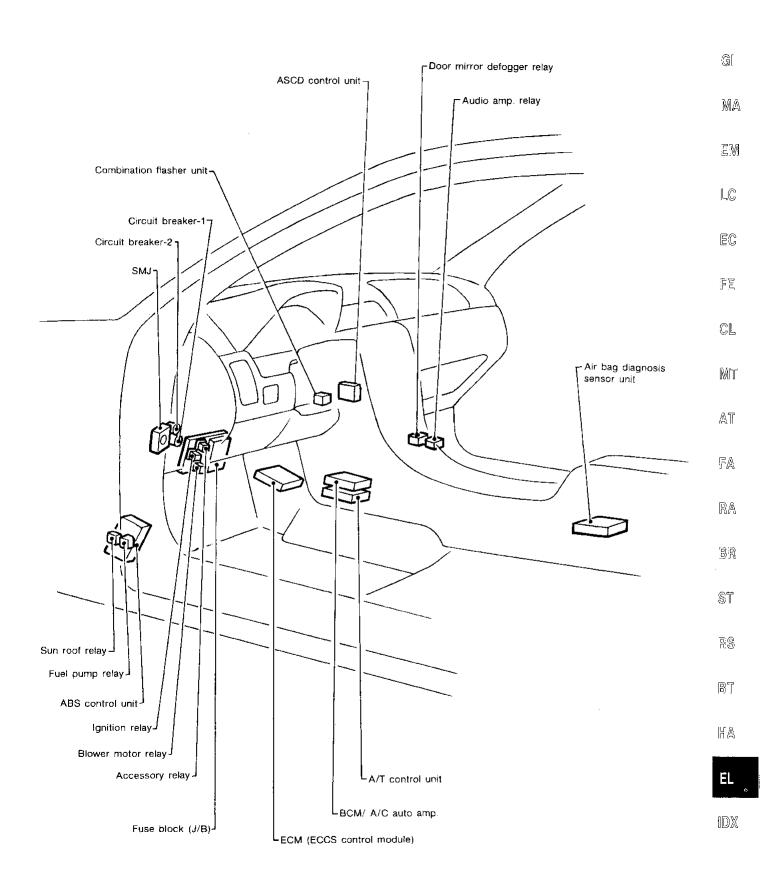
Engine Compartment



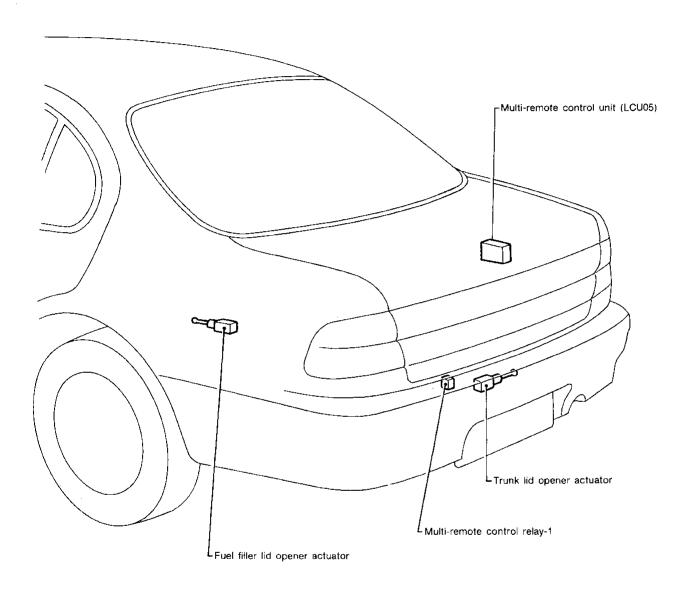


MEL589E

Passenger Compartment

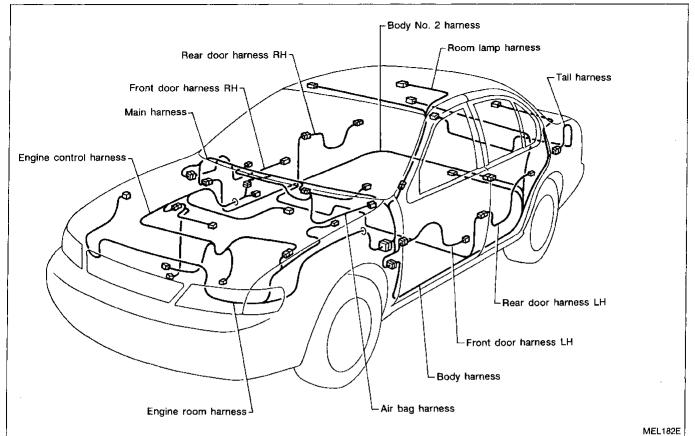


Luggage Compartment



HARNESS LAYOUT

Outline



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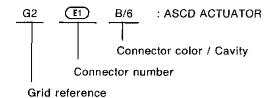
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How to Read Harness Layout

Example:



The following Harness Layouts use a map style grid to help locate connectors on the drawings:

- Engine Room Harness (Engine Compartment)
- Main Harness
- Engine Control Harness
- Body Harness

To use the grid reference

- 1) Find the desired connector number on the connector list.
- 2) Find the grid reference.
- 3) On the drawing, find the crossing of the grid reference letter column and number row.
- 4) Find the connector number in the crossing zone.
- 5) Follow the line (if used) to the connector.

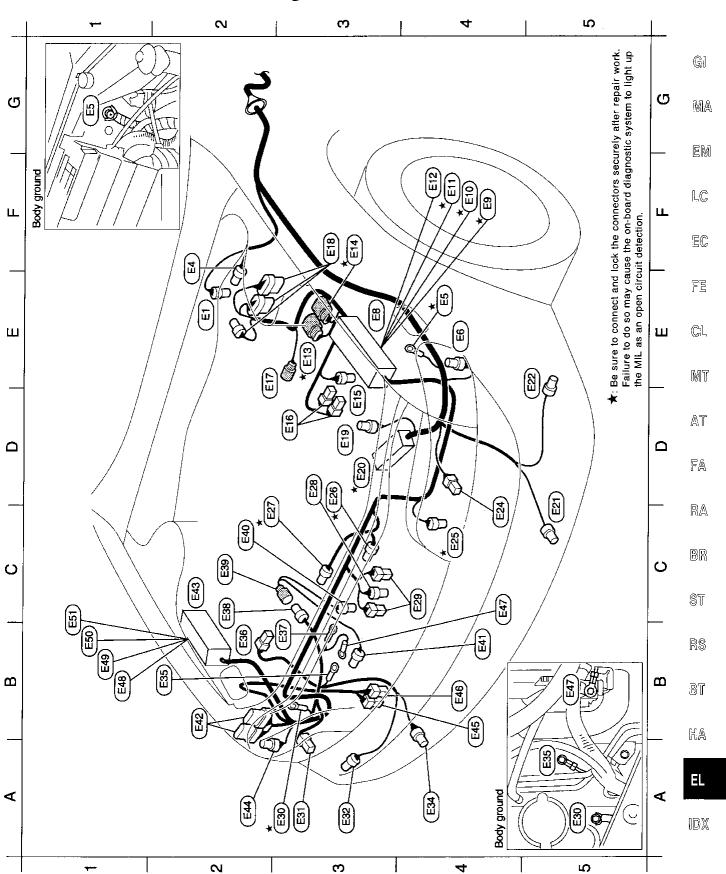
CONNECTOR SYMBOL

Main symbols of connector (in Harness Layout) are indicated in the below.

Connector to	Water p	roof type	Standard type				
Connector type	Male	Female	Male	Female			
Cavity: Less than 4 Relay connector	Ø	60	Ø				
Cavity: From 5 to 8			③				
Cavity: More than 9	_	_	\$	\Diamond			
Ground terminal etc.	_		Ø				

EL-280 1418

Engine Room Harness



Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)

Triple-pressure switch Cooling fan motor-1

Cornering lamp LH

Headlamp LH

Front fog lamp LH

GY/2 GY/2

Relay box-2

Cooling fan motor-2	Ambient sensor	Horn		Body ground	Headlamp RH	Cornering lamp RH	Front fog lamp RH	Body ground	Theft warning horn	Alternator	To (E39)	To (E38)	Alternator	Compressor (A/C)	Daytime light control unit (For Canada)		Relay box-1	Clearance lamp and Front turn signal lamp RH	Washer level switch	Front washer motor	Alternator	Joint connector-5	Joint connector-6	Joint connector-7	Joint connector-8
• •	• •	• •		• •	• •	• •	• •	- •	• •	• •	- •	• •	• •	• •			• •	• •			••	• •	••	- •	• •
GY/4	B/2	B/1	B/1	1	B/3	GY/2	GY/2		B/1		GY/4	GY/4	GY/4	B/1	GY/8	GY/6	1	GY/3	BR/2	GY/2	1	W/6	9/M	9/M	GY/6
(E21)	(#ZB	(R)			<u> </u>	(E)		(E)	(E)	<u> </u>		(E39	<u></u>		[#Z]		E#3	(E)	E.B.5	(A)	(F)	8	(§#)		
C2 ,	ස	2		A3 1	Р	A3	A 4	82	B 2	B 3	C5	C5	8	84	B2		C5	۸۶	84	B 4	Ω	9	8 0	B	5

B/1 : Battery
B/1
BR/2 : Front wheel sensor LH (Anti-lock brake system)
W/2 : ABS control actuator
B/6

3 E

Hood switch (Theft warning system)

GY/8 W/2

Clearance lamp and Front turn signal lamp LH

Body ground ASCD pump

Engine room harness (Engine room)

Brake fluid level switch

Fuse and fusible link box

Joint connector-2 Joint connector-3 Joint connector-4

GY/16

BH/8

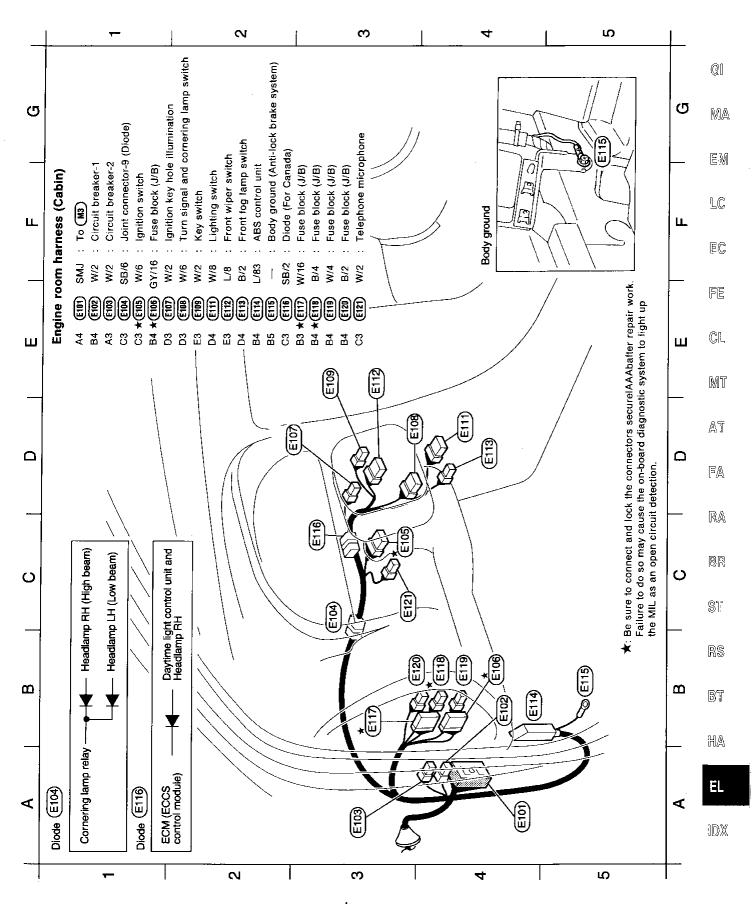
Starter motor

GY/1

: Joint connector-1

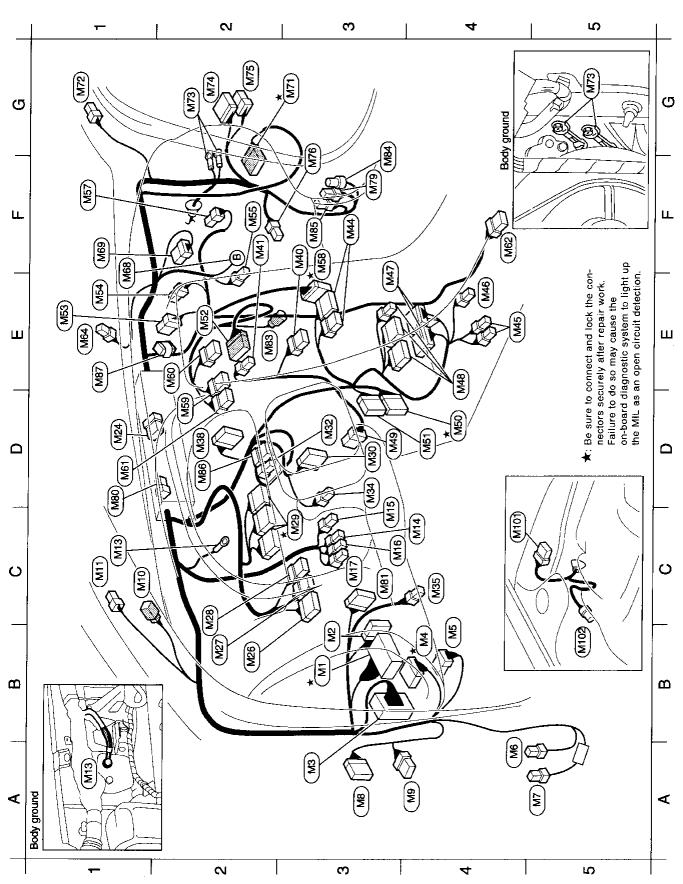
★: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection.

Engine Room Harness (Cont'd)



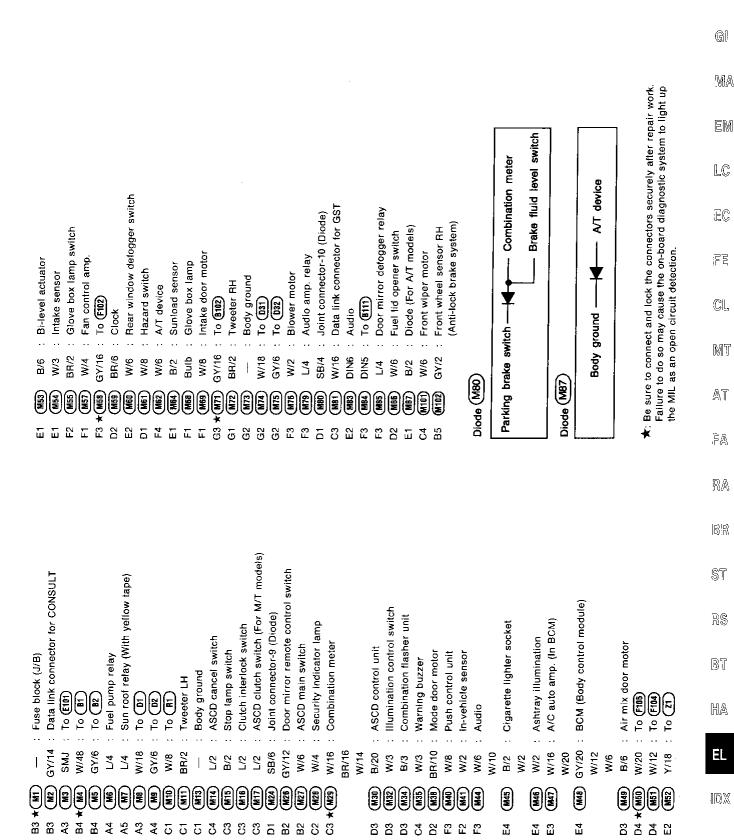
MEL592E

Main Harness



HARNESS LAYOUT

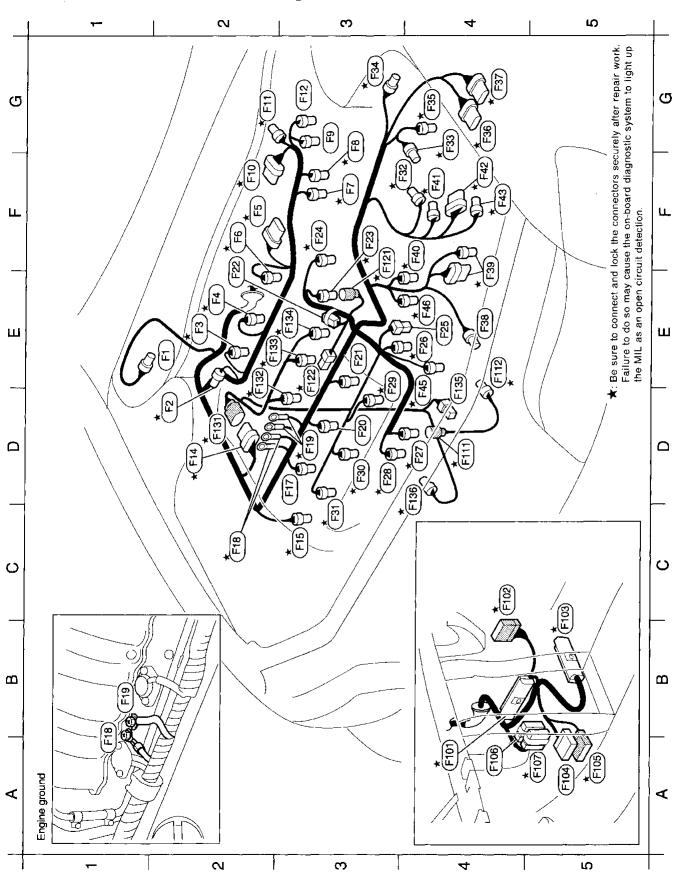
Main Harness (Cont'd)



MEL593E

EL-285 1423

Engine Control Harness



HARNESS LAYOUT

Engine Control Harness (Cont'd)

 3 : Mass air flow sensor 2 : Intake air temperature sensor 2 : Dropping resistor (For A/T modets) 8 : To Et3 9 : To Et4 9 : Front engine mounting (For A/T models) 8 : Inhibitor switch (For A/T models) 9 : EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve 		6 : Joint connector-11 2 : Joint connector-12 3 : Crankshaft position sensor (POS) 9 : To (F33) 9 : To (F44) 19 : Injector No. 1 19 : Injector No. 3 10 : Oil pressure switch 2 : Crankshaft position sensor (REF)
0000000	6	69//6 69//6 1/12
	***	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	 /6 : IACV-AAC valve //2 : EGR temperature sensor //2 : IACV-FICD solenoid valve-1 //8 : To (Fi31) //2 : Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) //2 : Injector No. 2 - : Engine ground 2 : Injector No. 4 //2 : Injector No. 6 //2 : Injector No. 6 	
0 00 002	W/8 BR/2 BR/2 BR/2 BR/2 BR/2 BR/2 BR/2 BR/2	200 0000000
	2	7 C C C 2 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4

: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection. Gł

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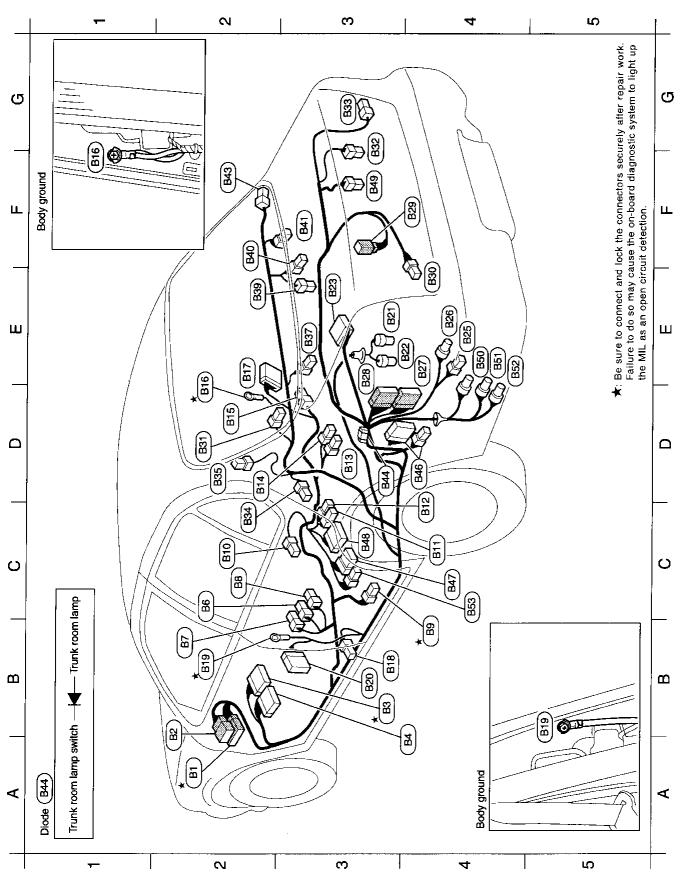
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Body Harness



HARNESS LAYOUT

Body Harness (Cont'd)

(828) W/16 : To (12)	(B29) W/2 : To high-mounted stop lamp sub-harness	(Models equipped with rear air spoiler)	(830) W/4 : Trunk lid combination lamp LH	(831) BR/2 : Not used	(632) W/3 : Trunk lid key cylinder switch	(833) W/4 : Trunk lid combination lamp RH	(B34) BR/1 : Rear door switch LH	(835) B/1 : Rear window defogger	(637) W/4 : Rear speaker LH	(839) W/2 : Trunk room lamp	(840) W/2 : High-mounted stop lamp	(Models without rear air spoiler)	(B41) W/4 : Rear speaker RH	(B43) BR/1 : Rear door switch RH	(B44) SB/2 : Diode	(B46) W/16 : Transceiver	B/4	(B47) W/12 : Handset	(B48) W/6 : Hand free switch	(B49) B/2 : Trunk room lamp switch	*(850) B/2 : EVAP canister vent control valve	*(B51) G/2 : Vacuum cut vaive bypass valve	E4 ★(862) GY/3 : EVAP control system pressure sensor	(853) W/4 : Telephone pre-wire
E3	F 4		E4	D5	63	63	22	D2	E3	E2	F2		F3	F2	D3	D4		C4	ຮ	E3	E4 ★(E4 ★(E4 ★	2
• •	s : To (NS)	6 : Fuse block (J/B)	2 : Fuse block (J/B)	: To power seat harness LH	: Seat belt buckle switch	: Heated seat LH	3 : Rear heated oxygen sensor		: Heated seat switch LH		: Heated seat RH	: To power seat harness RH	٠.	: Body ground		• •	: Body ground		: Fuel pump			٠.		••
) W/48	9/A5 () BR/16) W/12	$\overline{}$	6/W ($\overline{}$) BR/3				W/3			1	W/10) B/3	1) W/10	_	W/4	_	W/4) B/2) W/16
A2 ★ (B1	B2 (82)	B3 ★ (B3	A4	23 88	B2 (B)	BB 75	B4 ★ (B9	C2	2 <u>=</u>	C4 (B12	8	02	02 (815)	D2 ★ (B16	E2 (817)	B3	B2 ★ (B19	83 83 83	E3	E4 ★(B22	E3 ★ (B23	E4 ★ (B25	E4 ★ (B26	E4 (827)

★: Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after repair work. Failure to do so may cause the on-board diagnostic system to light up the MIL as an open circuit detection.

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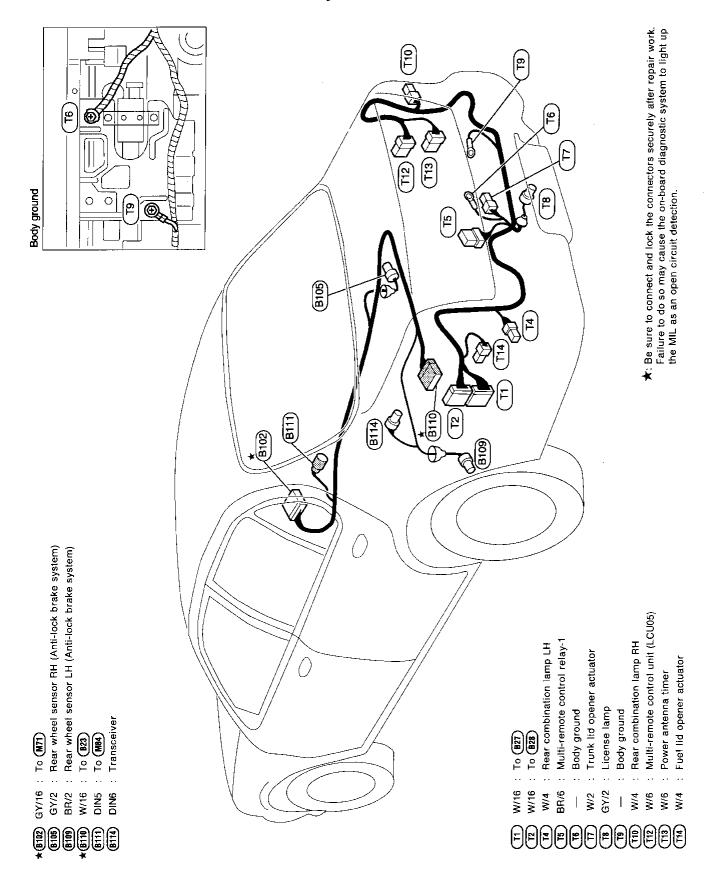
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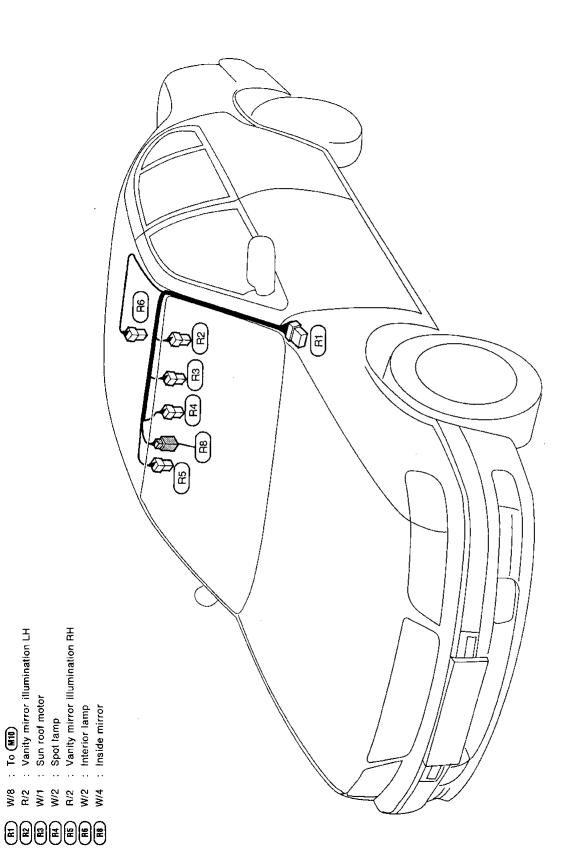
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Body No. 2 Harness and Tail Harness



MEL596E

Room Lamp Harness



Vanity mirror illumination LH

Sun roof motor

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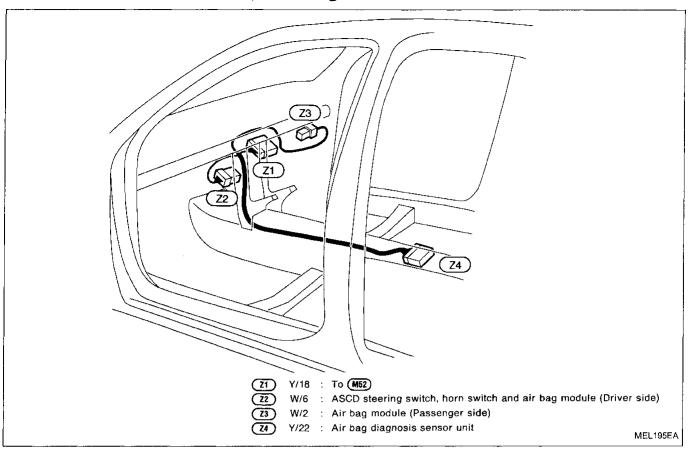
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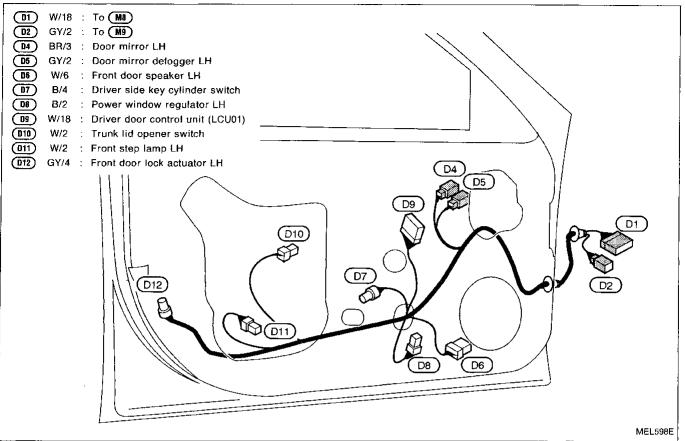
Air Bag Harness



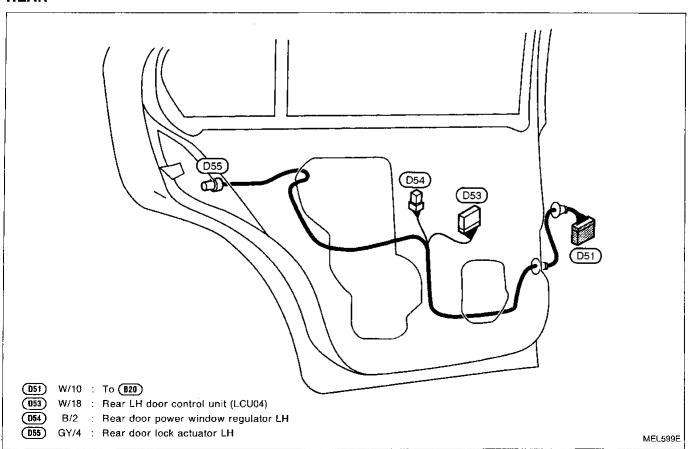
EL-292 1430

FRONT

Front Door Harness (LH side)



REAR



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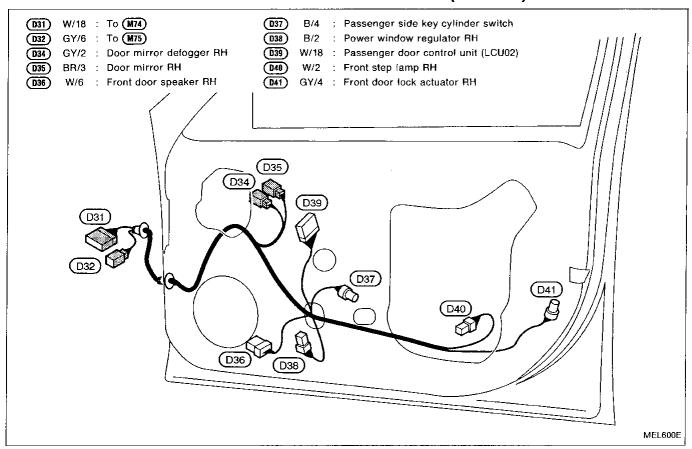
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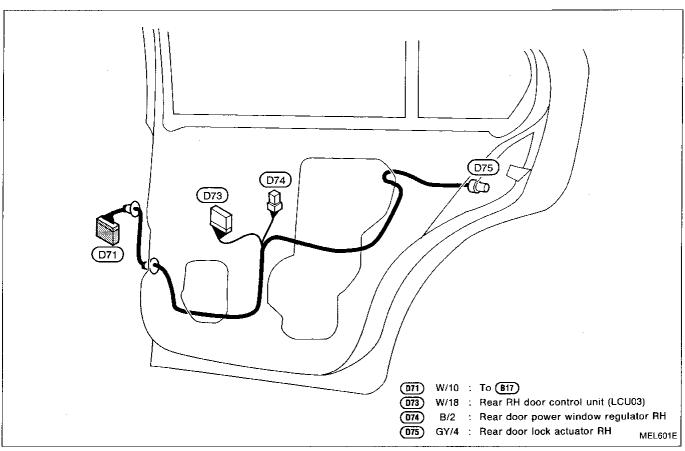
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FRONT

Front Door Harness (RH side)



REAR



EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD	
E5/E30	ABS CONTROL ACTUATOR	E18	BR-ABS	
	ASCD HOLD RELAY	E20	EL-ASCD	
	BRAKE FLUID LEVEL SWITCH	E1	EL-WARN	
	CLEARANCE LAMP LH	E6	EL-TAIL/L	
	CLEARANCE LAMP RH	E44	EL-TAIL/L	
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-1	E26	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A	
	COOLING FAN MOTOR-2	E27	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A	
	COOLING FAN RELAY-2	E20	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A	
	COOLING FAN RELAY-3	E20	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A	
	CORNERING LAMP LH	E22	EL-CORNER	
	CORNERING LAMP RH	E32	EL-CORNER	
	CORNERING LAMP RELAY	E43	EL-CORNER	
	DAYTIME LIGHT CONTROL UNIT	E42	EL-DTRL	
	FRONT FOG LAMP LH	E21	EL-F/FOG	
	FRONT FOG LAMP RH	E34	EL-F/FOG	
	FRONT FOG LAMP SWITCH	E113	EL-F/FOG	
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP LH	E6	EL-TURN	
	FRONT TURN SIGNAL LAMP RH	E44	EL-TURN	
	FRONT WIPER SWITCH	E112	EL-WIPER EL-TIME	
	HEADLAMP LH	E24	EL/H/LAMP EL-DTRL EL-THEFT	_
	HEADLAMP RH	E31	EL-H/LAMP EL-THEFT	
	HOOD SWITCH	E19	EL-THEFT	
	THEFT WARNING HORN RELAY	E43	EL-MULTI EL-THEFT	
	TRIPLE-PRESSURE SWITCH	E25	EC-COOL/F HA-A/C, A	
	WASHER LEVEL SWITCH	E45	EL-WARN	
	FRONT WIPER RELAY	E43	EL-WIPER	
	A/C AUTO AMP (In BCM)	M47	HA-AC, A	
E35	ALTERNATOR	E37	EL-CHARGE	
E115	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT LH WHEEL SENSOR)	E17	BR-ABS	-
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT RH WHEEL SENSOR)	M102	BR-ABS	
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR LH WHEEL SENSOR)	B109	BR-ABS	
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR RH WHEEL SENSOR)	B105	BR-ABS	
/113/M73	ABS CONTROL UNIT	E114	BR-ABS	
	A/T DEVICE (OD CONTROL SWITCH)	M62	AT-A/T	
	A/T DEVICE (PARK POSITION SWITCH)	M62	AT-SHIFT	
	A/T DEVICE (SHIFT LOCK SOLENOID)	M62	AT-SHIFT	_
	ACCESSORY RELAY	M1	EL-POWER	_
	ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH	M17	EL-ASCD	
	ASCD CONTROL UNIT	M30	EL-ASCD	_
	ASCD MAIN SWITCH	M27	EL-ASCD	
	ASHTRAY ILLUMINATION	M46	EL-ILL	

EL-295 1433

EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD
/13/M73	AUDIO AMP RELAY	M79	EL-AUDIO
	BCM (BODY CONTROL MODULE)	M48	EL-COMM
	BLOWER RELAY	M1	EL-POWER
	CIGARETTE LIGHTER SOCKET	M45	EL-HORN
	CLOCK	M59	EL-HORN
	CLOCK (ILLUMINATION)	M59	EL-ILL
	CLUTCH INTERLOCK SWITCH	M16	EL-START
	COMBINATION FLASHER UNIT	M34	EL-TURN
	COMBINATION METER (AIR BAG)	M29	RS-SRS EL-WARN
	COMBINATION METER (BUZZER)	M29	EL-METER
	COMBINATION METER (CRUISE INDICATOR LAMP)	M29	EL-ASCD EL-WARN
	COMBINATION METER (FUEL GAUGE)	M29	EL-METER
	COMBINATION METER (HIGH BEAM INDICATOR)	M29	EL-H/LAMP EL-DTRL
	COMBINATION METER (SPEEDOMETER)	M29	AT-A/T EL-METER EL-ASCD
	COMBINATION METER (TACHOMETER)	M29	EL-METER
	COMBINATION METER (TURN)	M29	EL-TURN
	COMBINATION METER (WATER TEMP GAUGE)	M29	EL-METER
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR CONSULT	M2	EC-MIL AT-A/T BR-ABS RS-SRS EL-COMM
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M81	EC-MIL
	DOOR MIRROR REMOTE CONTROL SWITCH	M26	EL-MIRROR
	FAN CONTROL AMP.	M57	HA-AC, A
	FRONT WIPER MOTOR	M101	EL-WIPER
	FUEL FILLER LID OPENER SWITCH	M86	EL-TLID
	GLOVE BOX LAMP SWITCH	M55	EL-ILL
	IGNITION RELAY	M1	EL-POWER
	ILLUMINATION CONTROL SWITCH	M32	EL-ILL EL-I/MIRROR
	INTAKE DOOR MOTOR	M69	HA-A/C, A
	MODE DOOR MOTOR	M38	HA-A/C, A
	PUSH CONTROL UNIT	M40	HA-A/C, A
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH	M60	EL-DEF EL-TIME
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SWITCH (INDI- CATOR LAMP)	M60	EL-DEF
	SUN ROOF RELAY	M7	EL-SROOF
	IACV-FICD SOLENOID VALVE-2	F9	EC-FICD
	DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER LH	D5	EL-DEF
	DOOR MIRROR DEFOGGER RH	D34	EL-DEF
	DRIVER DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU01)	D9	EL-COMM EL-STEP/L
	DRIVER SIDE KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	D7	EL-THEFT
	PASSENGER SIDE KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	D37	EL-THEFT

EL-296 1434

EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD
M13/M73	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D12	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT EL-TIME EL-MULTI
	FRONT DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH (DOOR UNLOCK SENSOR)	D41	EL-D/LOCK EL-THEFT EL-MULTI
	FRONT DOOR SPEAKER LH	D6	EL-AUDIO
	FRONT DOOR SPEAKER RH	D36	EL-AUDIO
	PASSENGER DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU02)	D39	EL-COMM EL-STEP/L
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT DOOR SPEAKER AND TWEETER LH)	M11, D6	EL-AUDIO
	SHIELD WIRE (FRONT DOOR SPEAKER AND TWEETER RH)	D36, D36	EL-AUDIO
	TRUNK LID OPENER SWITCH	D10	EL-TLID EL-MULTI
	SPOT LAMP	R4	EL-INT/L
	INTEGRATED HOMELINK TM TRANSMITTER	R2	EL-TRNSMT
	VANITY MIRROR ILLUMINATION LH	R2	EL-ILL
	VANITY MIRROR ILLUMINATION RH	R5	EL-ILL
	INSIDE MIRROR	R8	EL-I/MIRROR
	AIR BAG DIAGNOSIS SENSOR UNIT	Z4	RS-SRS
F18/F19	A/T CONTROL UNIT	F103	AT-A/T
	CONDENSER	F22	EC-IGN/SG
	ECM (ECCS CONTROL MODULE)	F101	EC-MAIN AT-A/T
	IACV-FICD SOLENOID VALVE-1	F12	EC-FICD
	IGNITION COIL NO. 1	F3	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 2	F31	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 3	F4	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 4	F30	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 5	F6	EC-IGN/SG
	IGNITION COIL NO. 6	F29	EC-IGN/SG
	INHIBITOR SWITCH	F39	EL-START EL-ASCD
	NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH	F32	EC-PNP/SW
	POWER STEERING OIL PRESSURE SWITCH	F1	EC-PST/SW
	SHIELD WIRE [CAMSHAFT POSITION SEN- SOR (PHASE)]	F15	EC-PHASE
	SHIELD WIRE [CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)]	F112	EC-POS
	SHIELD WIRE [CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (REF)]	F136	EC-REF
	SHIELD WIRE FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SEN- SOR LH	F28	EC-FRO2LH EC-FUELLH EC-F02H-L
	SHIELD WIRE FRONT HEATED OXYGEN SEN- SOR RH	F2	EC-FRO2RH EC-FUELRH EC-F02H-R
	SHIELD WIRE (KNOCK SENSOR)	F122	EC-KS
	SHIELD WIRE (MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR)	F33	EC-MAFS
	SHIELD WIRE (THROTTLE POSITION SEN- SOR)	F8	EC-TPS, AT-A/T

EL-297 1435

EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD
F18/F19	SHIELD WIRE (ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR)	F45	EC-AP/SEN
	DATA LINK CONNECTOR FOR GST	M81	EC-MIL
	FUEL PUMP (Non-California)	B21	EC-F/PUMP
	SHIELD WIRE (FUEL TANK PRESSURE SENSOR)	B52	EC-PRE/SE
	SHIELD WIRE (REAR HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR)	B9	EC-RR02
B16/B19	DROPPING RESISTOR (For California)	B26	EC-F/PUMP
	FRONT DOOR SWITCH LH	B18	EL-MULTI EL-TIME RS-SRS EL-ROOM. L EL-D/LOCK EL-WINDOW
	FRONT DOOR SWITCH RH	B15	EL-D/LOCK
	FUEL TANK GAUGE UNIT	B22	EL-METER EL-WARN EC-FTS
	FUEL PUMP CONTROL MODULE (For California)	B25	EC-FPCM EC-F/PUMP
	HANDSET	B47	EL-H/PHON
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH LH	B11	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH RH	B12	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT LH	B8	EL-HSEAT
	HEATED SEAT RH	B13	EL-HSEAT
	TELEPHONE (TELEPHONE PRE WIRE)	B53	EC-PHONE
T6/T9	HIGH-MOUNTED STOP LAMP (With rear air spoiler)	B29	EL-STOP/L
	HIGH-MOUNTED STOP LAMP (Without rear air spoiler)	B40	EL-STOP/L
	POWER SEAT LH	B6	EL-SEAT .
	POWER SEAT RH	B14	EL-SEAT
	REAR SPEAKER LH	B37	EL-AUDIO
	REAR SPEAKER RH	B41	EL-AUDIO
	SEAT BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	B7	EL-WARN EL-TIME
	TELEPHONE PRE-WIRE	B53	EL-PHONE
	TRANSCEIVER	B46	EL-H/F PHONE
	TRUNK LID COMBINATION LAMP LH	B30	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-BACK/L
	TRUNK LID COMBINATION LAMP RH	B33	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-BACK/L
	TRUNK LID KEY CYLINDER SWITCH	B32	EL-THEFT
	TRUNK ROOM LAMP SWITCH	B49	EL-INT/L EL-THEFT
	REAR LH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU04)	D53	EL-CONN
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR LH	D55	EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	REAR RH DOOR CONTROL UNIT (LCU03)	D73	EL-COMM
	REAR DOOR LOCK ACTUATOR RH	D75	EL-D/LOCK EL-MULTI EL-THEFT
	HEATED SEAT SWITCH RH	B12	EL-HSEAT
	REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER	B35	EL-DEF
	MULTI-REMOTE CONTROL UNIT (LCU05)	T12	EL-COMM

EL-298 1436

EARTH	CONNECT TO	CONN. NO.	CELL CORD
T6/T9	POWER ANTENNA TIMER	T13	EL-P/ANT
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP LH	T4	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-TURN
	REAR COMBINATION LAMP RH	T10	EL-TAIL/L EL-STOP/L EL-TURN

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