BRAKE SYSTEM

SECTION BR

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When you read wiring diagrams:

- Read GI section, "HOW TO READ WIRING DIAGRAMS".
- See EL section, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING" for power distribution circuit. When you perform trouble diagnoses, read GI section, "HOW TO FOLLOW FLOW CHART IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES" and "HOW TO PERFORM EFFICIENT DIAGNOSIS FOR AN ELECTRICAL INCIDENT".

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PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION



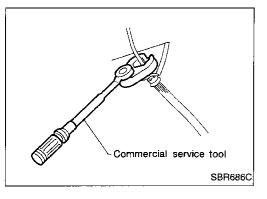
Precautions

SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) "AIR BAG"

The Supplemental Restraint System "Air Bag", used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger in a frontal collision. The Supplemental Restraint System consists of air bag modules (located in the center of the steering wheel and on the instrument panel on the passenger side), a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses are covered with yellow insulation either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness, for easy identification.



BRAKE SYSTEM

- Use brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- To clean master cylinder parts, disc brake caliper parts or wheel cylinder parts, use clean brake fluid.
- Never use mineral oils such as gasoline or kerosene.
 They will ruin rubber parts of hydraulic system.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing and installing brake tubes.
- Always torque brake lines when installing.

WARNING:

 Clean brakes with a vacuum dust collector to minimize risk of health hazard from powder caused by friction.

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PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description		—: G1
Flare nut crowfoot Torque wrench		Removing and installing brake tubes	- Ma
	NT360	a: 10 mm (0.39 in)	EM
Brake fluid pressure gauge		Measuring brake fluid pressure	- LC
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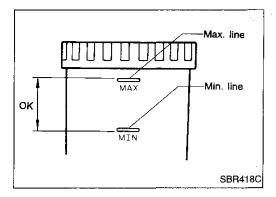
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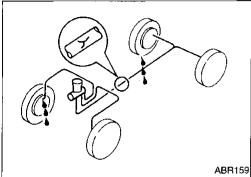
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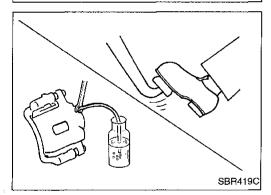
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CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT







Checking Brake Fluid Level

- Check fluid level in reservoir tank. It should be between Max, and Min, lines on reservoir tank.
- If fluid level is extremely low, check brake system for leaks.
- If the brake warning lamp comes on, check brake fluid level switch and parking brake switch.

Checking Brake Line

CAUTION:

If leakage occurs around joints, retighten or, if necessary, replace damaged parts.

- Check brake lines (tubes and hoses) for cracks, deterioration or other damage. Replace any damaged parts.
- Check for oil leakage by fully depressing brake pedal while engine is running.

Changing Brake Fluid

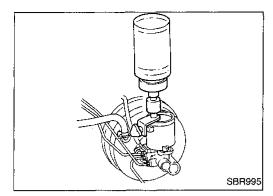
CAUTION:

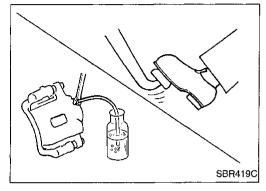
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Always keep fluid level higher than minimum line on reservoir tank.
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- 1. Clean inside of reservoir tank, and refill with new brake fluid.
- 2. Connect a vinyl tube to each air bleeder valve.
- Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve by depressing brake pedal.
- Refill until new brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder valve.

Use same procedure as in bleeding hydraulic system to refill brake fluid.

Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.

AIR BLEEDING





Bleeding Procedure

CAUTION:

- Carefully monitor brake fluid level at master cylinder @! during bleeding operation.
- If master cylinder is suspected to have air inside, bleed air from master cylinder first. Refer to "Installation", "MASTER CYLINDER", BR-13.
- Fill reservoir with new brake fluid "DOT 3". Make sure it is full at all times while bleeding air out of system.
- Place a container under master cylinder to avoid spillage of brake fluid.
- For models with ABS, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect ABS actuator connector or battery cable.
- Bleed air in the following order: Right rear brake→Left front brake→Left rear brake→Right front brake.
- Connect a transparent vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- Fully depress brake pedal several times.
- With brake pedal depressed, open air bleeder valve to release air.
- Close air bleeder valve. 4.
- Release brake pedal slowly.
- Repeat steps 2. through 5. until clear brake fluid comes out of air bleeder valve.
- 7. Tighten air bleeder valve.
 - : 7 9 N·m (0.7 0.9 kg-m, 61 78 in-lb)

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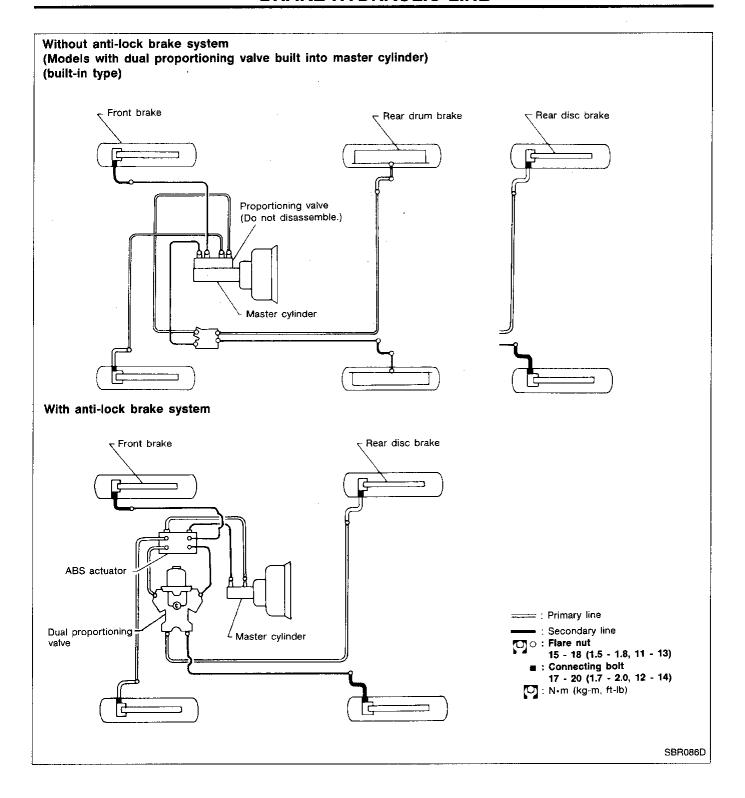
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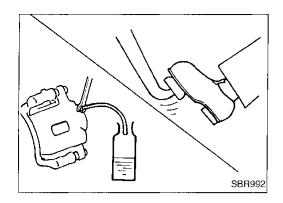
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BRAKE HYDRAULIC LINE



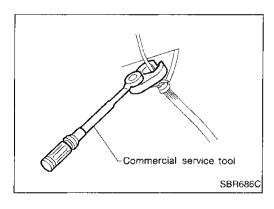
REMOVAL

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- All hoses must be free from excessive bending, twisting and pulling.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve by depressing brake pedal.
- 3. Remove flare nut securing brake tube to hose, then withdraw lock spring.
- 4. Cover openings to prevent entrance of dirt whenever disconnecting hydraulic line.

INSPECTION

Check brake lines (tubes and hoses) for cracks, deterioration or other damage. Replace any damaged parts.



INSTALLATION

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Tighten all flare nuts and connecting bolts.

Flare nut:

(1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb) Connecting bolt:

(I): 17 - 20 N·m (1.7 - 2.0 kg-m, 12 - 14 ft-lb)

- Refill until new brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder valve.
- 3. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.



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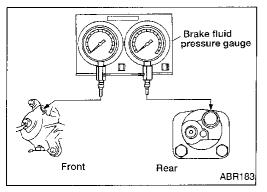
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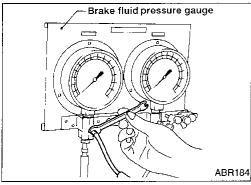
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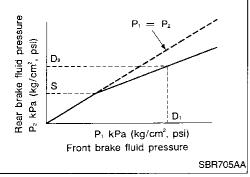
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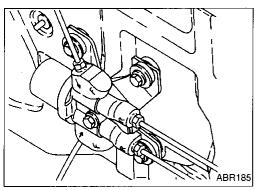
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Proportioning Valve

INSPECTION

CAUTION:

- Carefully monitor brake fluid level at master cylinder.
- Use new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Depress pedal slowly when raising front brake pressure.
- Check rear brake pressure 2 seconds after front brake pressure reaches specified value.
- For models with ABS, disconnect harness connectors from ABS actuator relay box before checking.
- Connect Tool to air bleeders of front and rear brakes on either LH or RH side.
- 2. Bleed air from the Tool.
- 3. Check fluid pressure by depressing brake pedal.

Applied model	GA16DE	SR20DE
Applied pressure (Front brake) kPa (kg/cm², psi)	7,355 (75, 1,067)	6,375 (65, 924)
Output pressure (Rear brake) kPa (kg/cm², psi)	5,100 - 5,492 (52 - 56, 739 - 796)	4,119 - 4,511 (42 - 46, 597 - 654)

If output pressure is out of specifications, replace dual proportioning valve (separated type) or master cylinder assembly (built-in type).

4. Bleed air after disconnecting the Tool. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.

REMOVAL (Separated type)

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- All hoses must be free from excessive bending, twisting and pulling.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- 2. Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve by depressing brake pedal.
- 3. Loosen flare nut.
- 4. Remove proportioning valve mounting bolt, then remove flare nut.

CONTROL VALVE

Proportioning Valve (Cont'd) INSTALLATION (Separated type)

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Temporarily fit flare nut to proportioning valve.
- 2. Tighten proportioning valve mounting bolt, then tighten flare nut.

Flare nut:

- (1.5 18 N·m (1.5 1.8 kg-m, 11 13 ft-lb)
- 3. Refill until new brake fluid comes out of each air bleeder
- 4. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Built-in type)

- Always replace together with master cylinder as an assembly.
- Refer to "MASTER CYLINDER", BR-11.

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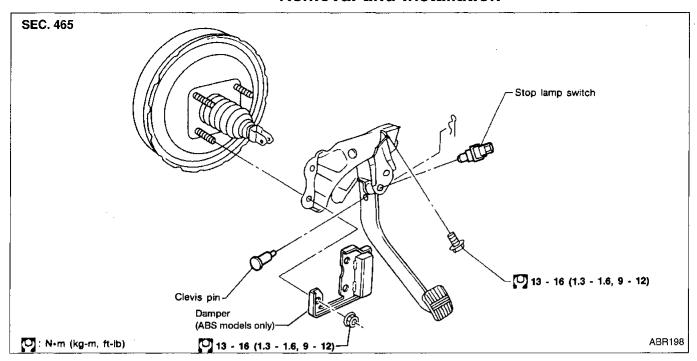
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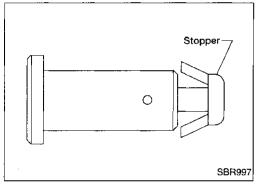
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Removal and Installation

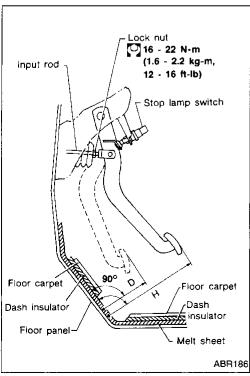




Inspection

Check brake pedal for following items:

- Brake pedal bend
- Clevis pin deformation
- Crack of any welded portion
- Crack or deformation of clevis pin stopper



Adjustment

Check brake pedal free height from floor panel.

H: Free height

Refer to SDS, BR-78.

D: Depressed height

Refer to SDS, BR-78.

Under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb)

with engine running

If necessary, adjust brake pedal free height.

- 1. Loosen lock nut and adjust pedal free height by turning brake booster input rod. Then tighten lock nut.
- 2. Check pedal free play.

BR-10

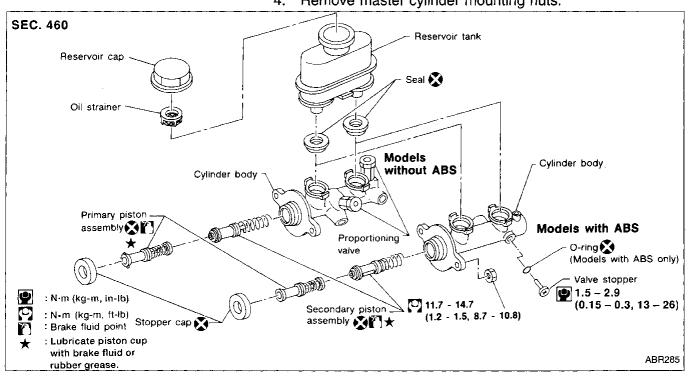
Make sure that stop lamps go off when pedal is released.

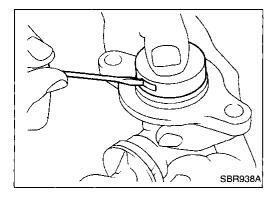
Check brake pedal's depressed height while engine is running. If lower than specification, check for leaks, air in system, or damage to components (master cylinder, wheel cylinder, etc.). Then make necessary repairs.

Removal

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- In the case of brake fluid leakage from the master cylinder, disassemble the cylinder. Then check piston cups for deformation or scratches and replace necessary parts.
- 1. Connect a vinyl tube to air bleeder valve.
- 2. Drain brake fluid from each air bleeder valve, depressing brake pedal to empty fluid from master cylinder.
- Remove brake line flare nuts.
- 4. Remove master cylinder mounting nuts.





Disassembly

1. Bend claws of stopper cap outward.

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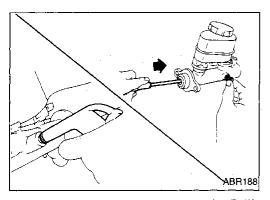
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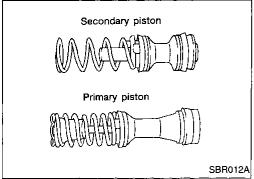
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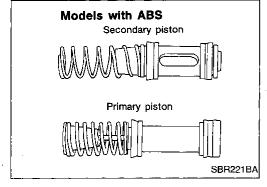
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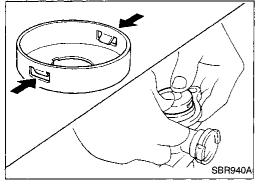
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MASTER CYLINDER









Disassembly (Cont'd)

- 2. Remove valve stopper while piston is pushed into cylinder (Models with ABS only).
- 3. Remove piston assemblies.

If it is difficult to remove secondary piston assembly, gradually apply compressed air through fluid outlet.

4. Remove reservoir tank.

Inspection

Check master cylinder inner wall for pin holes or scratches. Replace if damaged.

Assembly

- Insert secondary piston assembly. Then insert primary piston assembly.
- Pay attention to direction of piston cups in figure at left.
 Also, insert pistons squarely to avoid scratches on cylinder bore.
- Pay attention to alignment of secondary piston slit with valve stopper mounting hole of cylinder body (For models with ABS only).

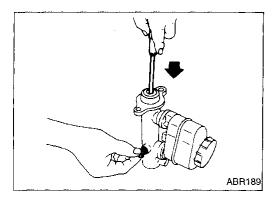
2. Install stopper cap.

Before installing stopper cap, ensure that claws are bent inward.

- 3. Push reservoir tank seals into cylinder body.
- 4. Push reservoir tank into cylinder body.

MASTER CYLINDER

Assembly (Cont'd)



5. Install valve stopper while piston is pushed into cylinder. (Models with ABS only)



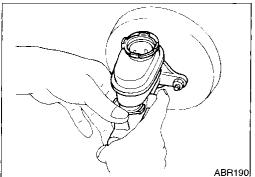
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Installation

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Place master cylinder onto brake booster and secure mounting nuts lightly.
- 2. Tighten mounting nuts.

(1.2 - 1.8 kg-m, 9 - 13 ft-lb)

- 3. Fill up reservoir tank with new brake fluid.
- 4. Plug all ports on master cylinder with fingers to prevent air suction while releasing brake pedal.
- Have driver depress brake pedal slowly several times until no air comes out of master cylinder.
- 6. Fit brake lines to master cylinder.
- 7. Tighten flare nuts.

[☑]: 15 - 18 N·m (1.5 - 1.8 kg-m, 11 - 13 ft-lb)

8. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.

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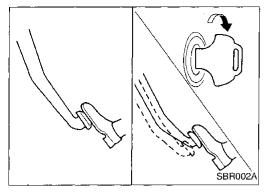
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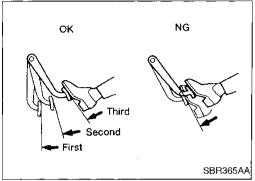
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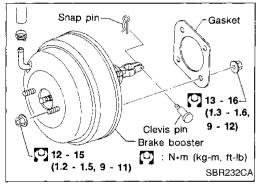
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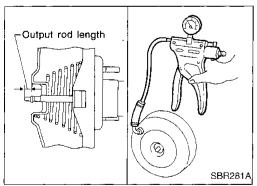
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BRAKE BOOSTER









On-vehicle Service

OPERATING CHECK

- Depress brake pedal several times with engine off. After exhausting vacuum, make sure there is no change in pedal stroke.
- Depress brake pedal, then start engine. If pedal goes down slightly, operation is normal.

AIRTIGHT CHECK

- Start engine, and stop it after one or two minutes. Depress brake pedal several times slowly. Booster is airtight if pedal stroke is less each time.
- Depress brake pedal while engine is running, and stop engine with pedal depressed. The pedal stroke should not change after holding pedal down for 30 seconds.

Removal

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to splash brake fluid on painted areas; it may cause paint damage. If brake fluid is splashed on painted areas, wash it away with water immediately.
- Be careful not to deform or bend brake tubes, during removal of booster.

Inspection

OUTPUT ROD LENGTH CHECK

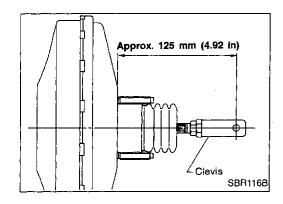
- 1. Apply vacuum of -66.7 kPa (-500 mmHg, -19.69 inHg) to brake booster with a hand vacuum pump.
- 2. Check output rod length.

Specified length:

M195, S205 OR C205

10.275 - 10.525 mm (0.4045 - 0.4144 in)

BRAKE BOOSTER



Installation

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to deform or bend brake tubes during installation of booster.
- Replace clevis pin if damaged.
- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Take care not to damage brake booster mounting bolt thread when installing. Due to the narrow angle of installation, the threads can be damaged by the dash
- 1. Before fitting booster, temporarily adjust clevis to dimension shown. (Does not apply to models with ABS).
- 2. Fit booster, then secure mounting nuts (brake pedal bracket to brake booster) lightly.
- 3. Connect brake pedal and booster input rod with clevis pin.
- 4. Secure mounting nuts. (1.3 - 1.6 kg-m, 9 - 12 ft-lb)
- Install master cylinder. Refer to BR-11.
- Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.

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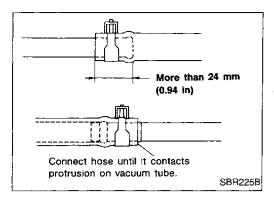
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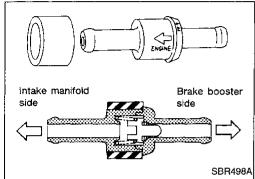
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VACUUM HOSE





Removal and Installation

CAUTION:

When installing vacuum hoses, pay attention to the following points.

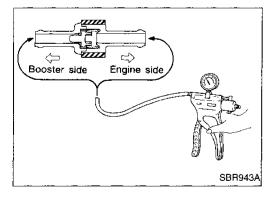
- Do not apply any oil or lubricants to vacuum hose and check valve.
- Insert vacuum tube into vacuum hose as shown.

• Install check valve, paying attention to its direction.

Inspection

HOSES AND CONNECTORS

Check vacuum lines, connections and check valve for airtightness, improper attachment, chafing or deterioration.



CHECK VALVE

BR-16

Check vacuum with a vacuum pump.

Connect to booster side	Vacuum should exist.
Connect to engine side	Vacuum should not exist.

Pad Replacement

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

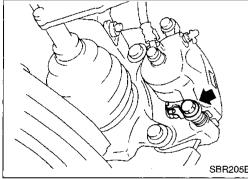
CAUTION:

When cylinder body is open, do not depress brake pedal or caliper piston will pop out.

Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor. Always replace shims when replacing pads.

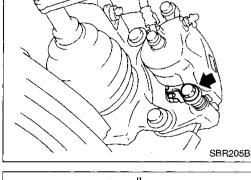
If shims are rusted or show peeling of the rubber coat, replace them with new shims.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.



Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.

2. Remove lower pin bolt.



Open cylinder body upward. Then remove pad retainers, return spring and inner and outer shims.

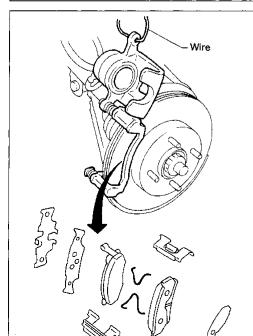
Standard pad thickness:

11 mm (0.44 in)

Pad wear limit:

2.0 mm (0.079 in)

Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.



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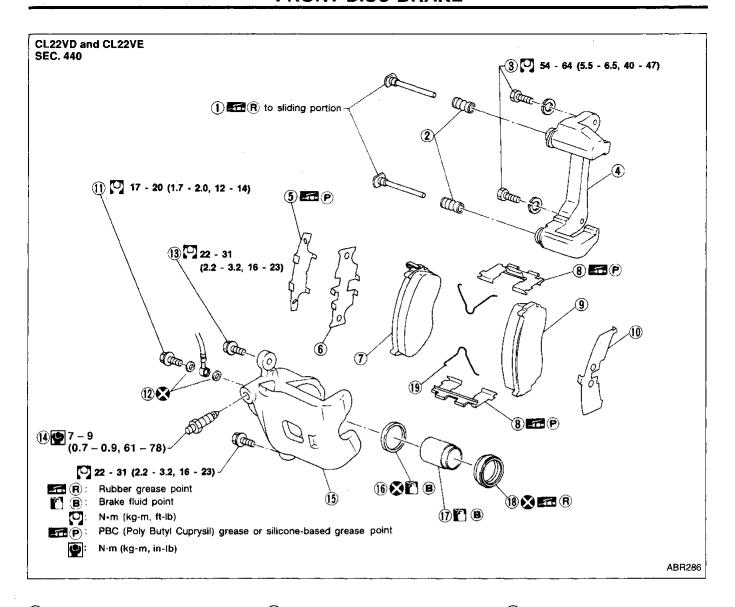
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FRONT DISC BRAKE

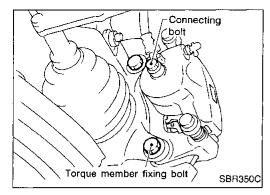


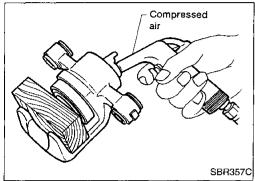
- Main pin
- ② Pin boot
- 3 Torque member fixing bolt
- 4 Torque member
- ⑤ Shim cover
- 6 Inner shim
- 7 Inner pad

- 8 Pad retainer
- 9 Outer pad
- 10 Outer shim
- 11 Connecting bolt
- 12 Copper washer
- (13) Main pin bolt

- 14 Bleed valve
- (15) Cylinder body
- (16) Piston seal
- 17 Piston
- 18 Piston boot
- 9 Pad return spring

FRONT DISC BRAKE





Removal

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.



CAUTION:

Suspend caliper assembly with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

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Remove torque member fixing bolts and connecting bolt.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend caliper assembly with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

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Disassembly

WARNING:

Do not place your fingers in front of piston.

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CAUTION:

Do not scratch or score cylinder wall.

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1. Push out piston and boot with compressed air.

2. Remove piston seal with a suitable tool.

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Inspection — Caliper

CYLINDER BODY

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Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign objects. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.

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Minor damage from rust or foreign objects may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper. Replace cylinder body if necessary.

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CAUTION:

Use brake fluid to clean. Never use mineral oil.

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PISTON

Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign objects. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

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CAUTION:

Piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign objects are stuck to sliding surface.

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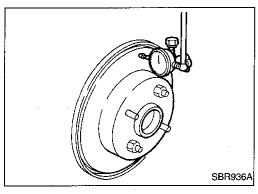
SLIDE PIN, PIN BOLT AND PIN BOOT

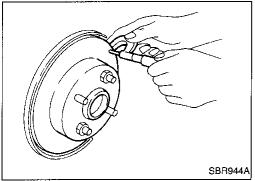
Check for wear, cracks or other damage. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

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Inspection — Rotor

RUNOUT

- 1. Secure rotor to wheel hub with at least two nuts (M12 x 1.25).
- 2. Check runout using a dial indicator.

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specifications before measuring. Refer to FA section ("Front Wheel Bearing", "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE").

Maximum runout:

0.07 mm (0.0028 in)

- 3. If the runout is out of specification, find minimum runout position as follows:
- a. Remove nuts and rotor from wheel hub.
- b. Shift the rotor one hole and secure rotor to wheel hub with nuts.
- c. Measure runout.
- d. Repeat steps a. through c. so that minimum runout position can be found.
- If the runout is still out of specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe ("MAD, DL-8700", "AMMCO 700 and 705" or equivalent).

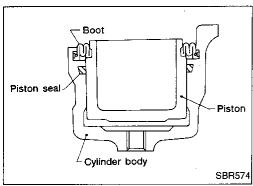
THICKNESS

Thickness variation (At least 8 positions): Maximum 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

If thickness variation exceeds the specification, turn rotor with on-car brake lathe.

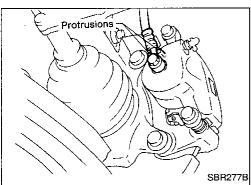
Rotor repair limit:

16.0 mm (0.630 in)



Assembly

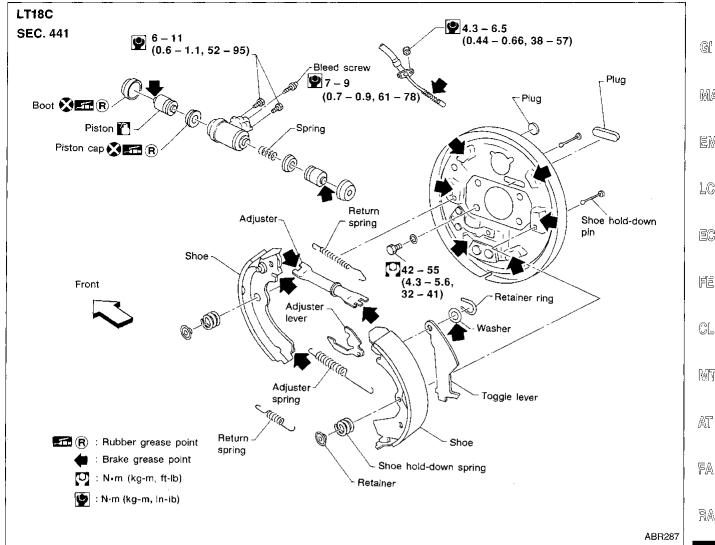
- 1. Insert piston seal into groove on cylinder body.
- With piston boot fitted to piston, insert piston boot into groove on cylinder body and install piston.
- 3. Properly secure piston boot.



Installation

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- 1. Install caliper assembly.
- 2. Install brake hose to caliper securely.
- 3. Install all parts and secure all bolts.
- 4. Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.



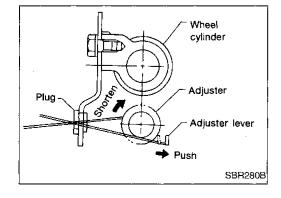
Removal

WARNING:

Clean brake lining with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

Make sure parking brake lever is completely released.



Release parking brake lever fully, then remove drum. If drum is hard to remove, the following procedures should be carried out.

a. Remove plug. Then shorten adjuster to make clearance between brake shoe and drum as shown.

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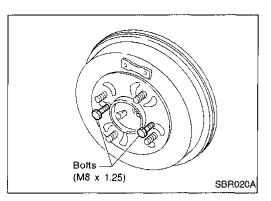
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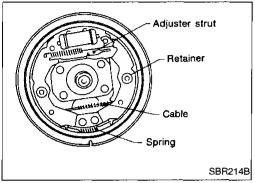
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REAR DRUM BRAKE

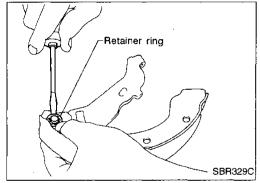
Removal (Cont'd)



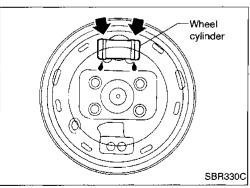
b. Install two bolts as shown. Tighten the two bolts gradually.



- 2. After removing retainer, remove spring by rotating shoes.
- Be careful not to damage wheel cylinder piston boots.
- Be careful not to damage parking brake cable when separating it.
- 3. Remove adjuster.
- 4. Disconnect parking brake cable from toggle lever.

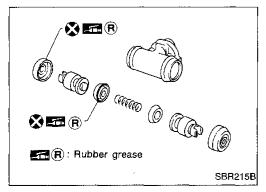


5. Remove retainer ring with a suitable tool. Then separate toggle lever and brake shoe.



Inspection — Wheel Cylinder

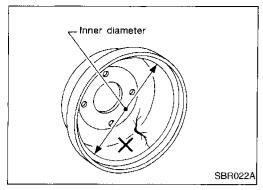
- Check wheel cylinder for leakage.
- Check for wear, damage and loose conditions.
 Replace if any such condition exists.

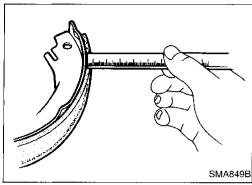


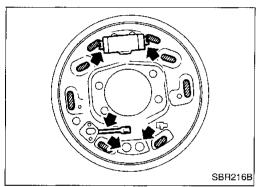
Wheel Cylinder Overhaul

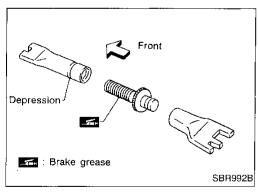
- Check all internal parts for wear, rust and damage. Replace if necessary.
- Pay attention so as not to scratch cylinder when installing pistons.

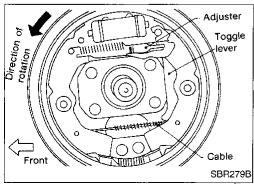
REAR DRUM BRAKE











Inspection — Drum

Maximum inner diameter:

181 mm (7.13 in)

Out-of-roundness: 0.03 mm (0.0012 in) or less

Contact surface should be fine finished with No. 120 to 150 emery paper.

Using a drum lathe, resurface brake drum if it shows score, partial wear or stepped wear.

After brake drum has been completely reconditioned or replaced, check drum and shoes for proper contact pattern.

Inspection — Lining

Check lining thickness.

Standard lining thickness: 4.0 mm (0.16 in)

Lining wear limit:

1.5 mm (0.059 in)

Installation

Always perform shoe clearance adjustment. Refer to BR-33.

Fit toggle lever to brake shoe with retainer ring.

Apply brake grease to the contact areas shown at left.

Shorten adjuster by rotating it.

Pay attention to direction of adjuster.

Wheel	Screw	Depression
Left	Left-hand thread	Yes
Right	Right-hand thread	No

Connect parking brake cable to toggle lever.

Install all parts.

Be careful not to damage wheel cylinder piston boots.

6. Check all parts are installed properly.

Pay attention to direction of adjuster assembly.

Install brake drum.

When installing new wheel cylinder or overhauling wheel cylinder, bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.

Adjust parking brake. Refer to BR-33.

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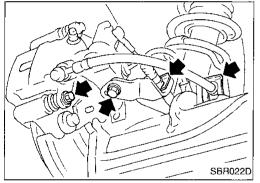
Pad Replacement

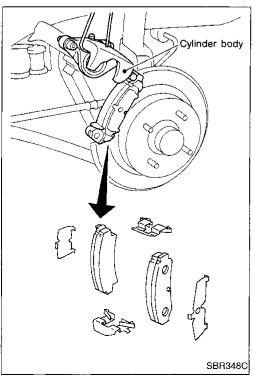
WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

CAUTION:

- When cylinder body is open, do not depress brake pedal, otherwise caliper piston will pop out.
- Be careful not to damage piston boot or get oil on rotor.
 Always replace shims when replacing pads.
- If shims are rusted or show peeling of rubber coat, replace them with new shims.
- It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend cylinder body with wire so as not to stretch brake hose
- Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.





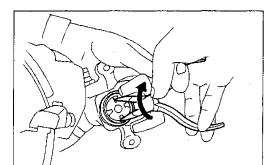
- 1. Remove master cylinder reservoir cap.
- 2. Remove brake cable lock spring.
- 3. Remove cable guide from caliper assembly.
- 4. Disconnect cable.
- Remove lock spring from brake hose. Then remove brake hose from bracket.
- Remove lower pin bolt.
- 7. Open cylinder body upward. Then remove pad retainers, and inner and outer shims.

Standard pad thickness:

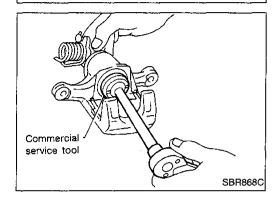
10 mm (0.39 in)

Pad wear limit:

1.5 mm (0.059 in)



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Pad Replacement (Cont'd)

8. When installing new pads, push piston into cylinder body by turning piston clockwise.

Carefully monitor brake fluid level because brake fluid will return to reservoir when pushing back piston.

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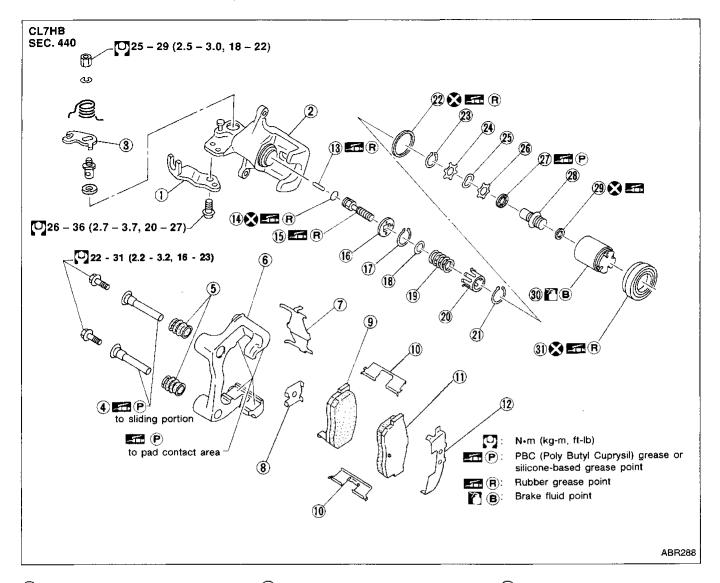
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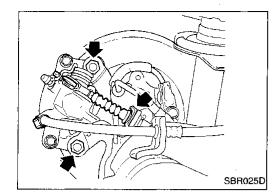
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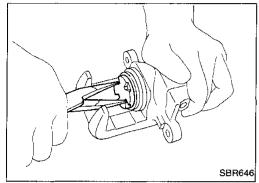


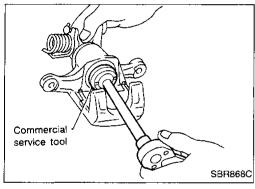
- 1 Cable guide
- ② Cylinder
- 3 Toggle lever
- 4 Pin
- 5 Pin boot
- 6 Torque member
- 7 Retainer
- 8 Inner shim
- (9) Inner pad
- (10) Pad retainer
- 11 Outer pad

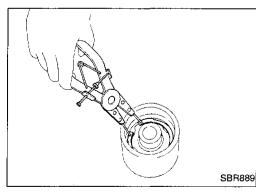
- (12) Outer shim
- 13) Strut
- (14) O-ring
- (15) Push rod
- (16) Key plate
- 17 Snap ring
- (18) Seat
- 19 Spring
- 20 Spring cover
- ②1) Snap ring

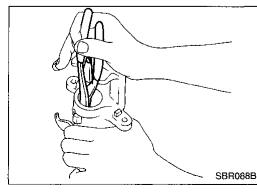
- (22) Piston seal
- 3 Snap ring
- 24) Spacer
- (25) Wave washer
- 26 Spacer
- 27 Bearing
- 28) Adjuster
- 29 Cup
- 30 Piston
- 31 Piston boot











Removal

WARNING:

Clean brake pads with a vacuum dust collector to minimize the hazard of airborne particles or other materials.

- 1. Remove parking brake cable lock plate.
- 2. Remove torque member fixing bolts and connecting bolt.

It is not necessary to remove connecting bolt except for disassembly or replacement of caliper assembly. In this case, suspend caliper assembly with wire so as not to stretch brake hose.

Disassembly

1. Remove piston by turning it counterclockwise with suitable long nose pliers or commercial service tool.

Remove snap ring from piston with suitable pliers and remove adjusting nut.

3. Disassemble cylinder body.

 a. Pry off snap ring with suitable pliers, then remove spring cover, spring and seat.

b. Remove snap ring, then remove key plate, push rod and strut.

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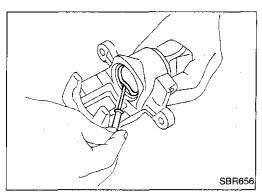
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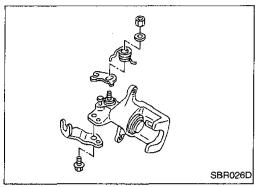
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Disassembly (Cont'd)

c. Remove piston seal.

Be careful not to damage cylinder body.





4. Remove return spring, toggle lever and cable guide.

Inspection — Caliper

CAUTION:

Use brake fluid to clean cylinder. Never use mineral oil.

CYLINDER BODY

- Check inside surface of cylinder for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign objects. If any of the above conditions are observed, replace cylinder body.
- Minor damage from rust or foreign objects may be eliminated by polishing surface with a fine emery paper.
 Replace cylinder body if necessary.

TORQUE MEMBER

Check for wear, cracks or other damage. Replace if necessary.

PISTON

CAUTION:

Piston sliding surface is plated. Do not polish with emery paper even if rust or foreign objects are stuck to sliding surface.

Check piston for score, rust, wear, damage or presence of foreign objects. Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

SLIDE PIN, PIN BOLT, AND PIN BOOT

Check for wear, cracks or other damage.

Replace if any of the above conditions are observed.

Inspection — Rotor

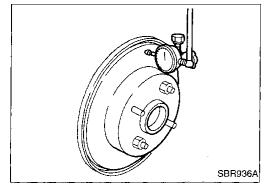
RUBBING SURFACE

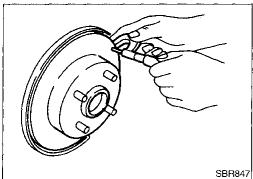
Check rotor for roughness, cracks or chips.

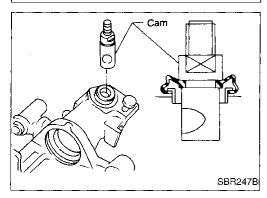
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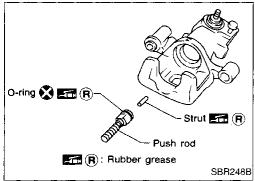
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RUNOUT

1. Secure rotor to wheel hub with at least two nuts (M12 x 1.25).

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Check runout using a dial indicator.

Make sure that wheel bearing axial end play is within the specifications before measuring. Refer to RA section ("Rear Wheel Bearing", "ON-VEHICLE SERVICE").

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3. Change relative positions of rotor and wheel hub so that runout is minimized.

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Maximum runout:

0.07 mm (0.0028 in)

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THICKNESS

Rotor repair limit:

Minimum thickness

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6.0 mm (0.236 in)

Thickness variation (At least 8 positions)
Maximum 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

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Replace rotor if any of the above do not meet the specifications.

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Assembly

 Insert cam with depression facing towards open end of cylinder.

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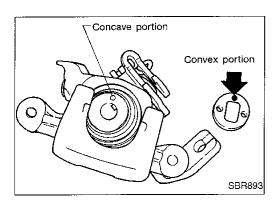
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. Generously apply rubber grease to strut and push rod to make insertion easy.

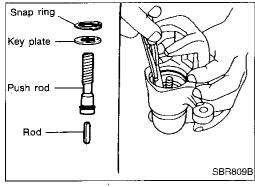
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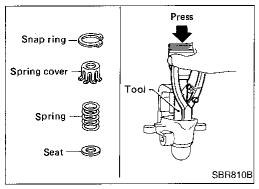
Assembly (Cont'd)



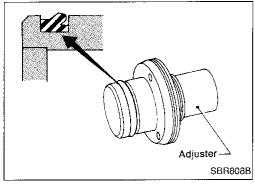
3. Match protrusion on key plate with depression in cylinder.



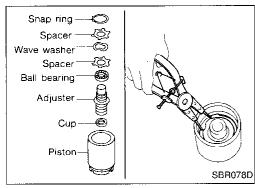
4. Install snap ring with a suitable tool.



5. Install seat, spring, spring cover and snap ring while depressing with suitable tool.

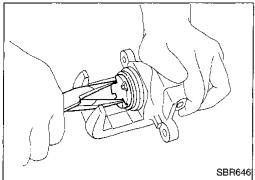


6. Install adjuster in the specified direction.



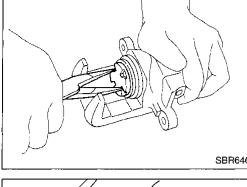
7. Install cup, adjuster, bearing, spacers, washer and snap ring with a suitable tool.

Assembly (Cont'd)



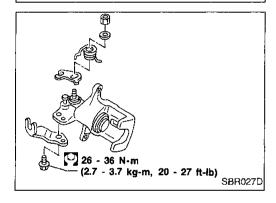
Insert piston seal into groove on cylinder body. With piston boot fitted to piston, insert piston boot into

groove on cylinder body and fit piston by turning it clockwise with long nose pliers, or suitable tool.



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10. Fit toggle lever, return spring and cable guide.



Commercial

service tool

Installation

CAUTION:

- Refill with new brake fluid "DOT 3".
- Never reuse drained brake fluid.
- Install caliper assembly.
- Install brake hose to caliper securely.
- Install all parts and secure all bolts.
- Bleed air. Refer to "Bleeding Procedure", BR-5.

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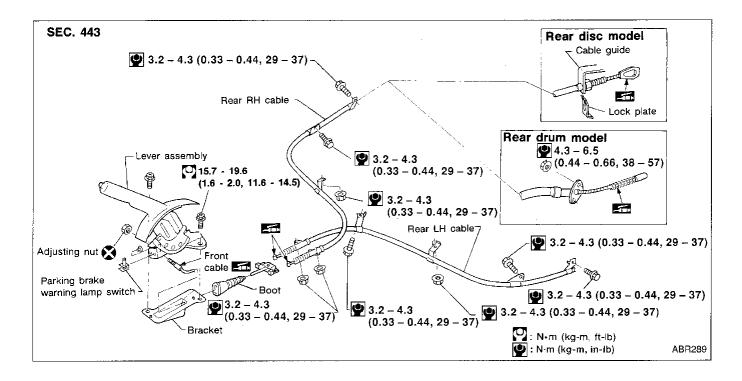
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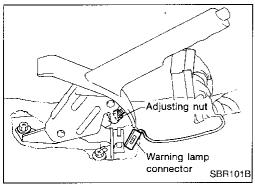
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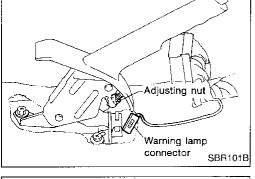
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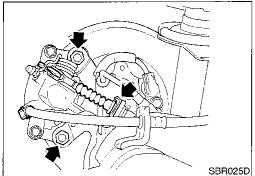
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PARKING BRAKE CONTROL









Removal and Installation

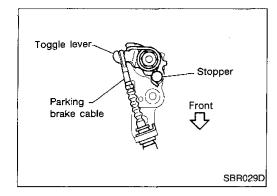
- To remove parking brake cable, first remove center console.
- Disconnect warning lamp connector.
- Remove bolts, slacken off and remove adjusting nut.

Remove lock plate and disconnect cable (disc brake only). For drum brake models, refer to BR-21.

Inspection

- 1. Check control lever for wear or other damage. Replace if necessary.
- 2. Check wires for discontinuity or deterioration. Replace if necessary.
- Check warning lamp and switch. Replace if necessary.
- 4. Check parts at each connecting portion and, if deformed or damaged, replace.

PARKING BRAKE CONTROL



- Adjusting

nut



Before or after adjustment, pay attention to the following points.

- For rear disc brake be sure toggle lever returns to stopper when parking brake lever is released.
- There is no drag when parking brake lever is released.



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- Adjust clearance between shoe and drum/pad and rotor as follows.
- Release parking brake lever and loosen adjusting nut.
- Depress brake pedal fully at least 10 times with engine
- turning adjusting nut.

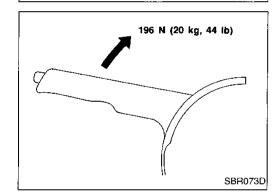


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Pull control lever 4 - 5 notches. Then adjust control lever by

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Pull control lever with specified amount of force. Check lever stroke and ensure smooth operation.

Number of notches:

Drum brake: 7 - 8 Disc brake: 8 - 9

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- Bend warning lamp switchplate to ensure:
- Warning lamp comes on when lever is lifted "A" notches.
- Warning lamp goes out when lever is fully released.

Number of "A" notches: 1 or less

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ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM

Purpose

The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) consists of electronic and hydraulic components. It allows for control of braking force so locking of the wheels can be avoided.

The ABS:

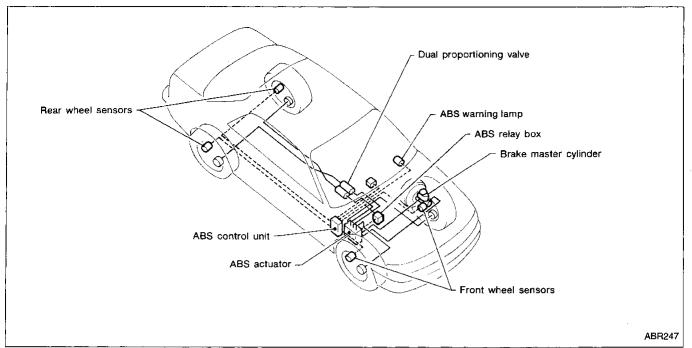
- 1) Improves proper tracking performance through steering wheel operation.
- 2) Eases obstacle avoidance through steering wheel operation.
- 3) Improves vehicle stability.

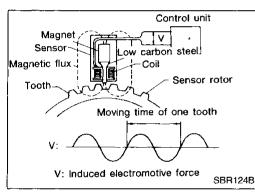
Operation

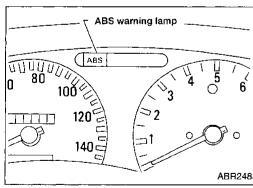
- When the vehicle speed is less than 10 km/h (6 MPH) this system does not work.
- The Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) has self-test capabilities. The system turns on the ABS warning lamp for 1 second each time the ignition switch is turned "ON". After the engine is started, the ABS warning lamp turns off. The system performs a test the first time the vehicle reaches 6 km/h (4 MPH). A mechanical noise may be heard as the ABS performs this self-test. This is a normal part of the self-test feature. If a malfunction is found during this check, the ABS warning lamp will stay on.
- While driving, a mechanical noise may be heard during ABS operation. This is a normal condition.

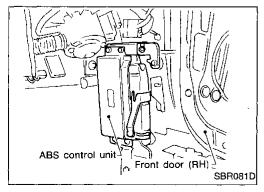
ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM

System Components









System Description

SENSOR

The sensor unit consists of a gear-shaped sensor rotor and a sensor element. The element contains a bar magnet around which a coil is wound. The sensor is installed on the back side of the brake rotor. Sine-wave current is generated by the sensor as the wheel rotates. The frequency and voltage increase(s) as the rotating speed increases.

CONTROL UNIT

The control unit computes the wheel rotating speed by the signal current sent from the sensor. Then it supplies a DC current to the actuator solenoid valve. It also controls ON-OFF operation of the valve relay and motor relay. If any electrical malfunction should be detected in the system, the control unit causes the warning lamp to light up. In this condition, the ABS will be deactivated by the control unit, and the vehicle's brake system reverts to normal operation.



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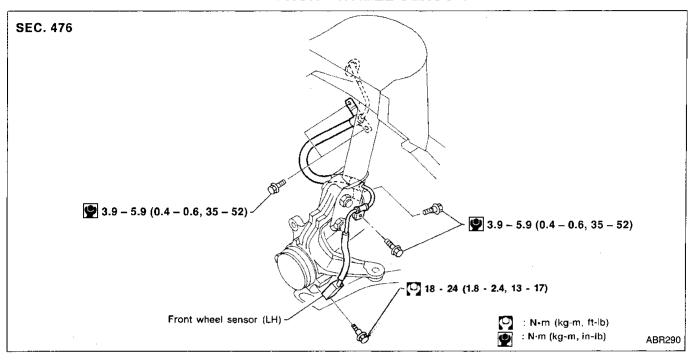
Removal and Installation

CAUTION:

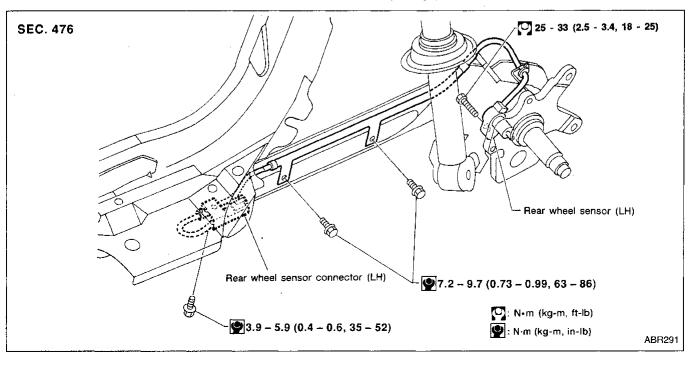
Be careful not to damage sensor edge and sensor rotor teeth.

When removing the front or rear wheel hub assembly, disconnect the ABS wheel sensor from the assembly and move it away.

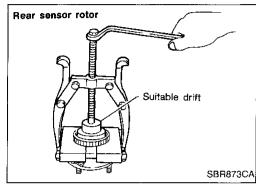
FRONT WHEEL SENSOR



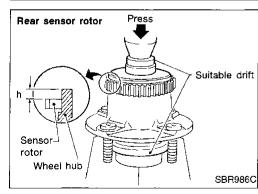
REAR WHEEL SENSOR

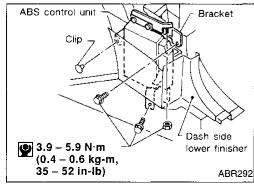


Pront sensor rotor Drive shaft SBR984C



Front sensor rotor Wooden block SBR985C





Removal and Installation (Cont'd) SENSOR ROTOR

Removal

 Remove the drive shaft and rear wheel hub. Refer to FA section ("Drive Shaft", "FRONT AXLE.") and RA section ("Wheel Hub", "REAR AXLE.")

2. Remove the sensor rotor using suitable puller, drift and bearing replacer.

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Installation

Install the sensor rotor. For front sensor rotor, use hammer and wooden block. For rear sensor rotor, use suitable drift and press.

Always replace sensor rotor with new one.

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Pay attention to the dimension of rear sensor rotor as shown in figure.

h: 4.5 - 5.5 mm (0.177 - 0.217 in)

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CONTROL UNIT

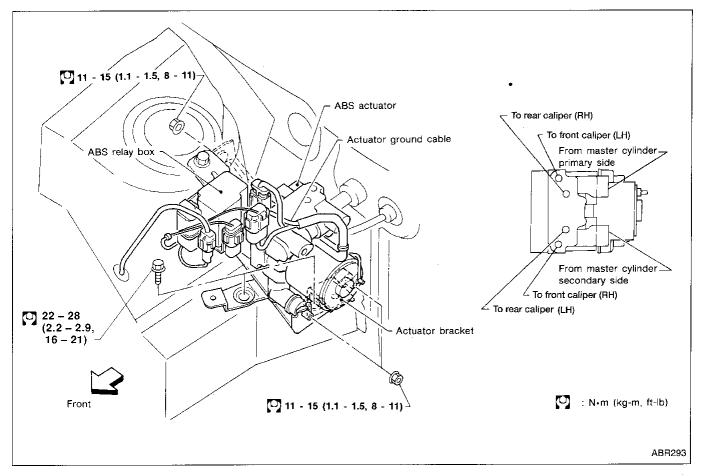
Location: Passenger side, behind dash side lower finisher.

 Make sure that the sensor shield ground cable is secured with mounting bolt.

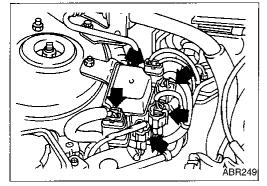
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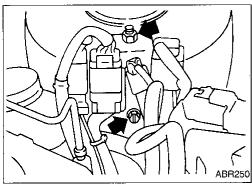
Removal and Installation (Cont'd) ABS ACTUATOR



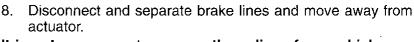
- 1. Disconnect battery cable.
- 2. Drain brake fluid. Refer to BR-4.
- Discharge air conditioner refrigerant. Refer to HA section ("R-134a Service Procedure", "SERVICE PROCEDURES").
- 4. Disconnect all connectors from ABS relay bracket.

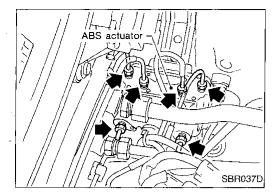


- 5. Remove mounting bolt for relay bracket.
- Remove ABS relay box with bracket.
- Remove air conditioner low-pressure tubes. Refer to HA section, ("Refrigerant Lines", "SERVICE PROCEDURES").

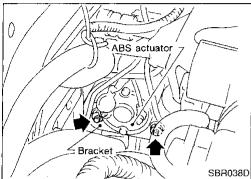


Removal and Installation (Cont'd)

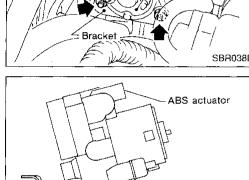




It is not necessary to remove these lines from vehicle.



9. Remove/loosen mounting nuts between actuator and bracket.



Actuator bracket

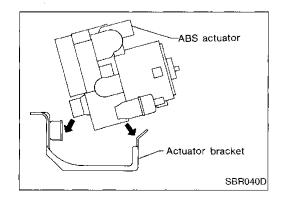
SBR039D

10. Remove ABS actuator as shown.



After installation, pay attention to the following points:

- Refill brake fluid and bleed air. Refer to "CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT", BR-4 and "AIR BLEEDING", BR-5, respectively.
- Charge air conditioning with refrigerant. Refer to HA section, ("R-134a Service Procedure", "SERVICE PROCE-DURES").



The installation procedure is the reverse of removal.

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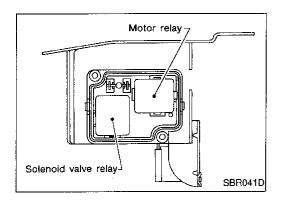
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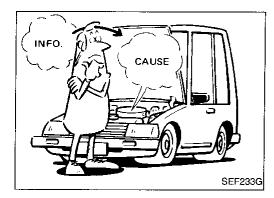
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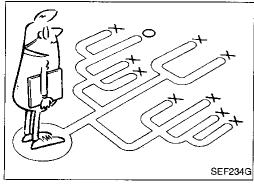


Removal and Installation (Cont'd) **ABS RELAYS**

- Disconnect negative battery cable.
 Remove ABS relay cover.

1172 **BR-40**





How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair INTRODUCTION

The ABS system has an electronic control unit to control major functions. The control unit accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives the actuators. It is essential that both kinds of signals are present and stable. It is also important to check for conventional problems: such as air leaks in booster lines, lack of brake fluid, or other problems with the brake system. It is much more difficult to diagnose a problem that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent problems are caused by poor electric connections or faulty wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspicious circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

A visual check only may not find the cause of the problems, so a road test should be performed.

Before performing actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a ABS complaint. The customer is a very good source of information on such problems; especially intermittent ones. By talking to the customer, find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur.

Start your diagnosis by looking for "conventional" problems first. This is one of the best ways to troubleshoot brake problems on an ABS controlled vehicle.

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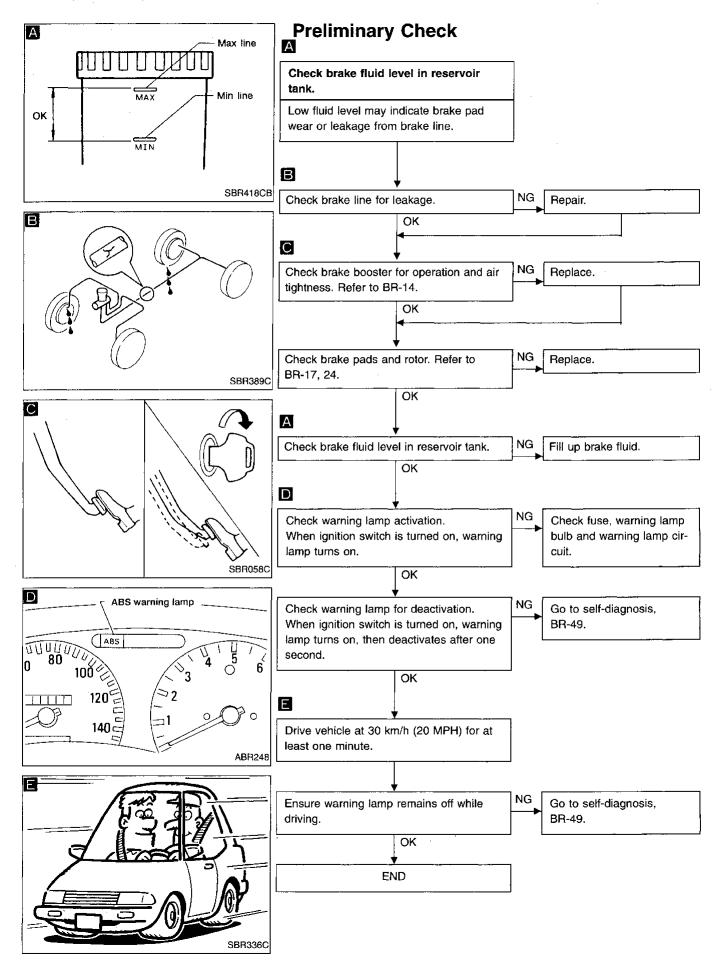
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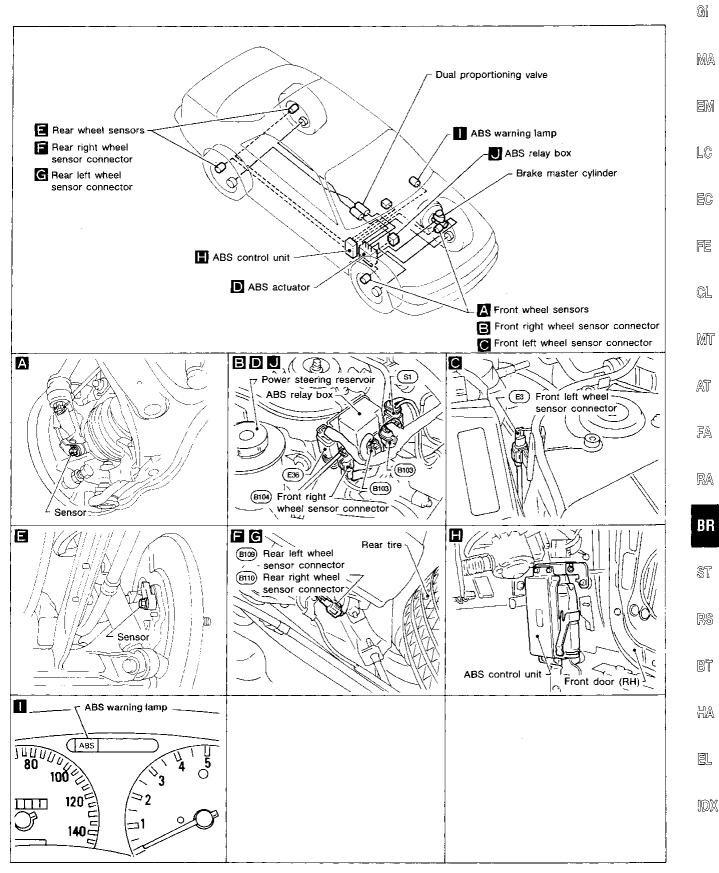
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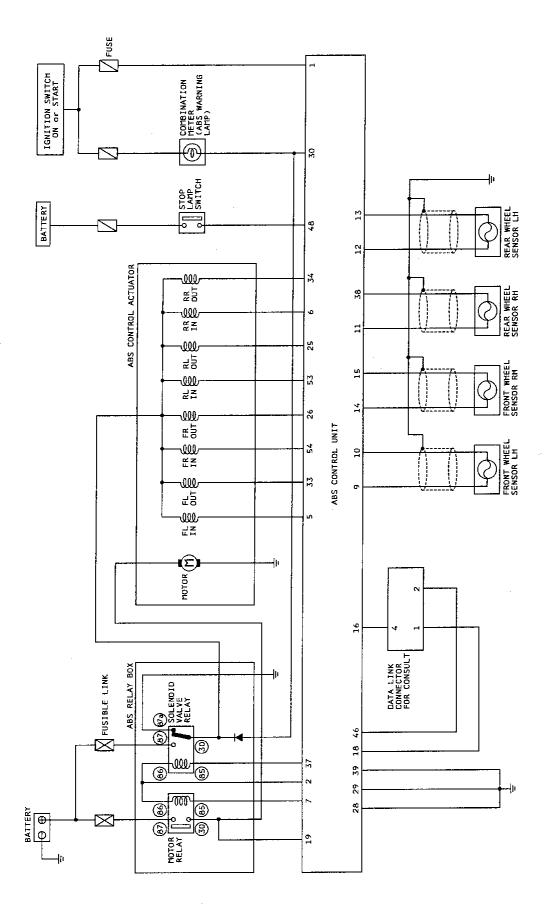
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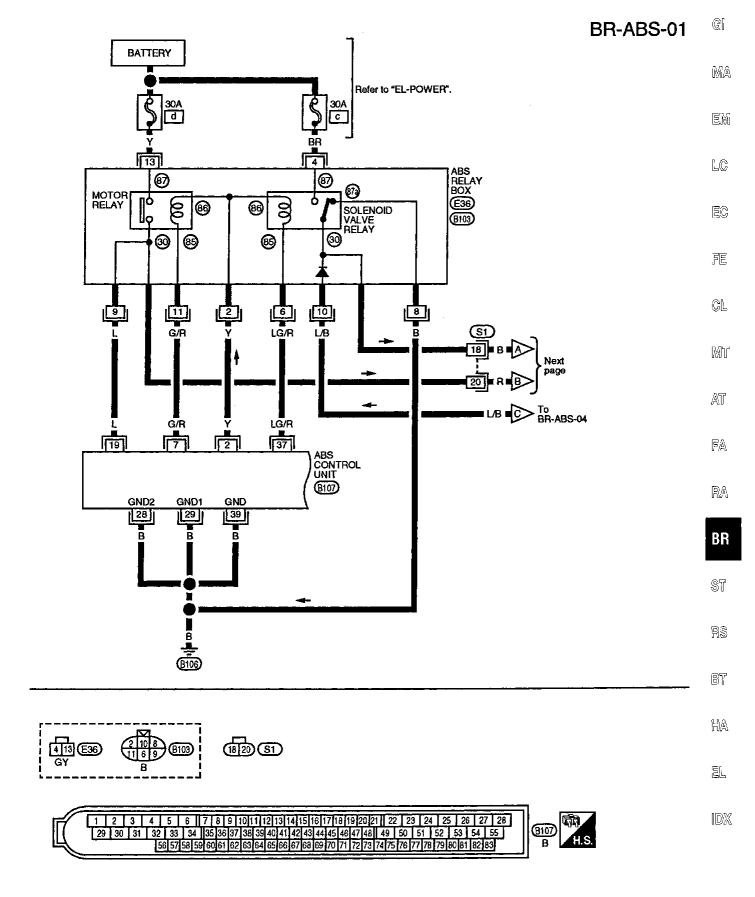
Component Parts and Harness Connector Location



Schematic

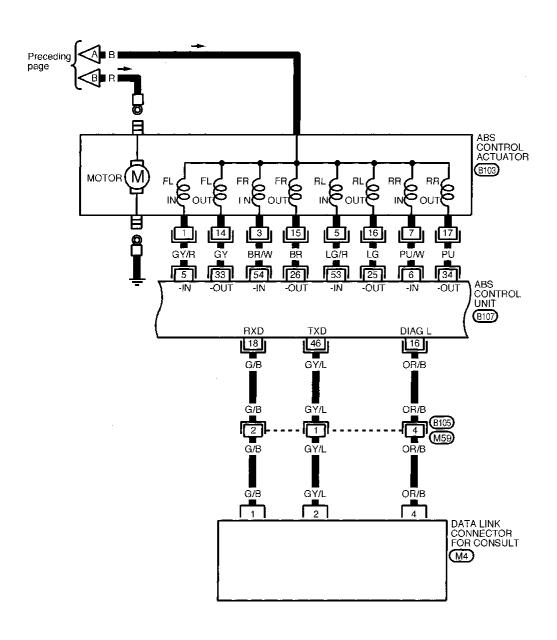


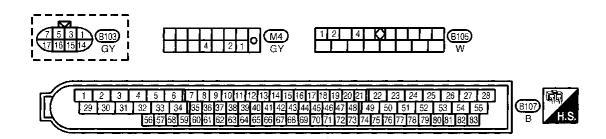
Wiring Diagram -ABS-



Wiring Diagram -ABS- (Cont'd)

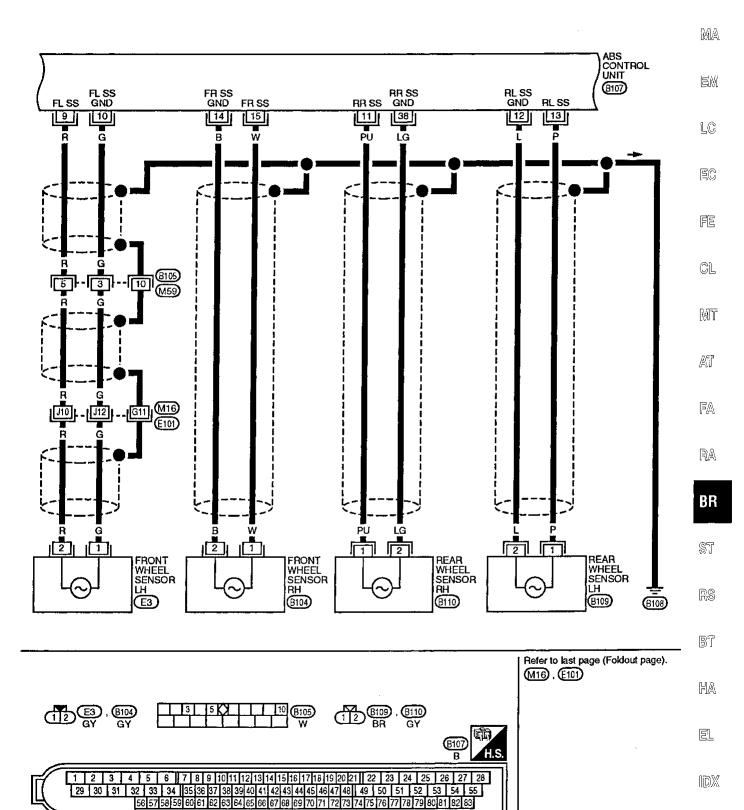
BR-ABS-02





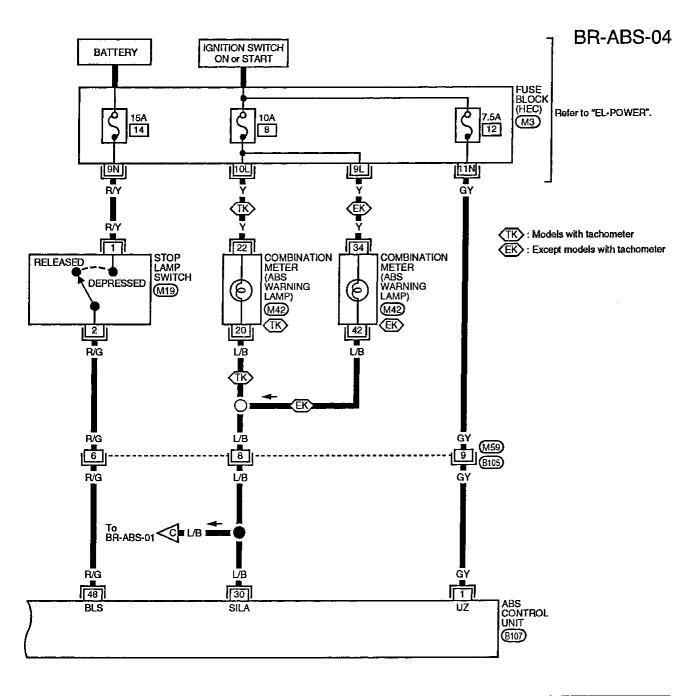
Wiring Diagram -ABS- (Cont'd)

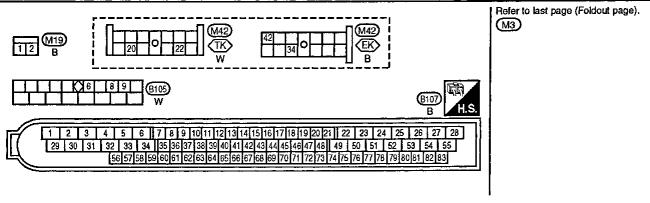




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Wiring Diagram -ABS- (Cont'd)





Self-diagnosis

FUNCTION

When a problem occurs in the ABS, the warning lamp on the instrument panel comes on. To start the self-diagnostic results mode, ground the self-diagnostic (check) terminal located on "Data Link Connector for CONSULT". The location of the malfunction is indicated by the warning lamp flashing.



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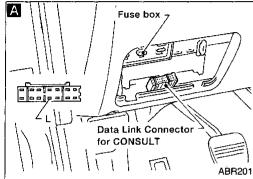
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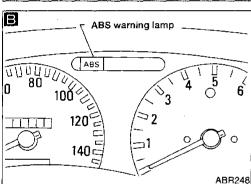
SELF-DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE

Drive vehicle over 30 km/h (20 MPH) for at least one minute.

Turn ignition switch "OFF".

Α

Ground terminal "L" of Data Link Connector for CONSULT with a suitable harness.

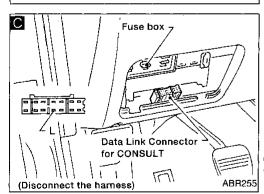


Turn ignition switch "ON" while grounding terminal "L".

Do not depress brake pedal.

В

After 3.6 seconds, the warning lamp starts flashing to indicate the malfunction code No. (See NOTE)



Verify the location of the malfunction with the malfunction code chart. Refer to BR-51. Then make the necessary repairs following the diagnostic procedures.

After the malfunctions are repaired, erase the malfunction codes stored in the control unit. Refer to BR-50.

Rerun the self-diagnostic results mode to verify that the malfunction codes have been erased.

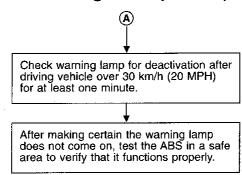
Disconnect the check terminal from the ground. The self-diagnostic results mode is now complete.

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NOTE: The indication terminates after five minutes.
However, when the ignition switch is turned from "OFF" to "ON", the indication starts flashing again.

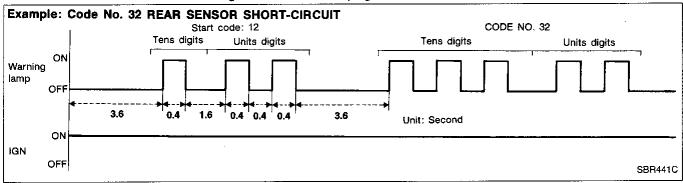
HA EL

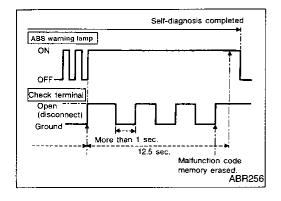
Self-diagnosis (Cont'd)



HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

- Determine the code No. by counting the number of times the warning lamp flashes on and off.
- When several malfunctions occur at one time, up to three code numbers can be stored; the latest malfunction will be indicated first.
- The indication begins with the start code 12. After that a maximum of three code numbers appear in the order of the latest one first. The indication then returns to the start code 12 to repeat (the indication will stay on for a maximum of five minutes).
- The malfunction code chart is given on the next page.





HOW TO ERASE SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

- Disconnect the check terminal from ground (ABS warning lamp will stay lit).
- Within 12.5 seconds, ground the check terminal 3 times. Each terminal grounding must last more than 1 second. The ABS warning lamp goes out after the erase operation has been completed.
- Perform self-diagnosis again. Refer to BR-49. Only the startcode should appear, no malfunction codes.

Self-diagnosis (Cont'd) MALFUNCTION CODE/SYMPTOM CHART

Code No. (No. of LED flashes)	Malfunctioning part	Diagnostic procedure	
45	Actuator front left outlet solenoid valve	3	— (
46	Actuator front left inlet solenoid valve	3	
41	Actuator front right outlet solenoid valve	3	
42	Actuator front right inlet solenoid valve	3	
51	Actuator rear right outlet solenoid valve	3	
52	Actuator rear right inlet solenoid valve	3	
55	Actuator rear left outlet solenoid valve	3	 [
56	Actuator rear left inlet solenoid valve	. 3	'
25	Front left sensor (open-circuit)	4	
26	Front left sensor (short-circuit)	4	
21	Front right sensor (open-circuit)	4	
22	Front right sensor (short-circuit)	4	[
35	Rear left sensor (open-circuit)	4	
36	Rear left sensor (short-circuit)	4	
31	Rear right sensor (open-circuit)	4	
32	Rear right sensor (short-circuit)	4	<u> </u>
18	Sensor rotor	4	
61	Actuator motor or motor relay	5	
63	Solenoid valve relay	6	
57	Power supply (Low voltage)	7	
71	Control unit	8	
Warning lamp stays on when ignition switch is turned on Control unit power supply circuit Warning lamp bulb circuit Control unit or control unit connector Solenoid valve relay stuck Power supply for solenoid valve relay coil		2	_
arning lamp stays on, during self- agnosis	Control unit	_	
larning lamp does not come on hen ignition switch is turned on	Fuse, warning lamp bulb or warning lamp circuit Control unit	1	(T
arning lamp does not come on uring self-diagnosis	Control unit	_	. <u>. </u>
edal vibration and noise	_	9	
ong stopping distance	_	10	
nexpected pedal action	_	11	
BS does not work	_	12	
BS works frequently	_	13	

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CONSULT

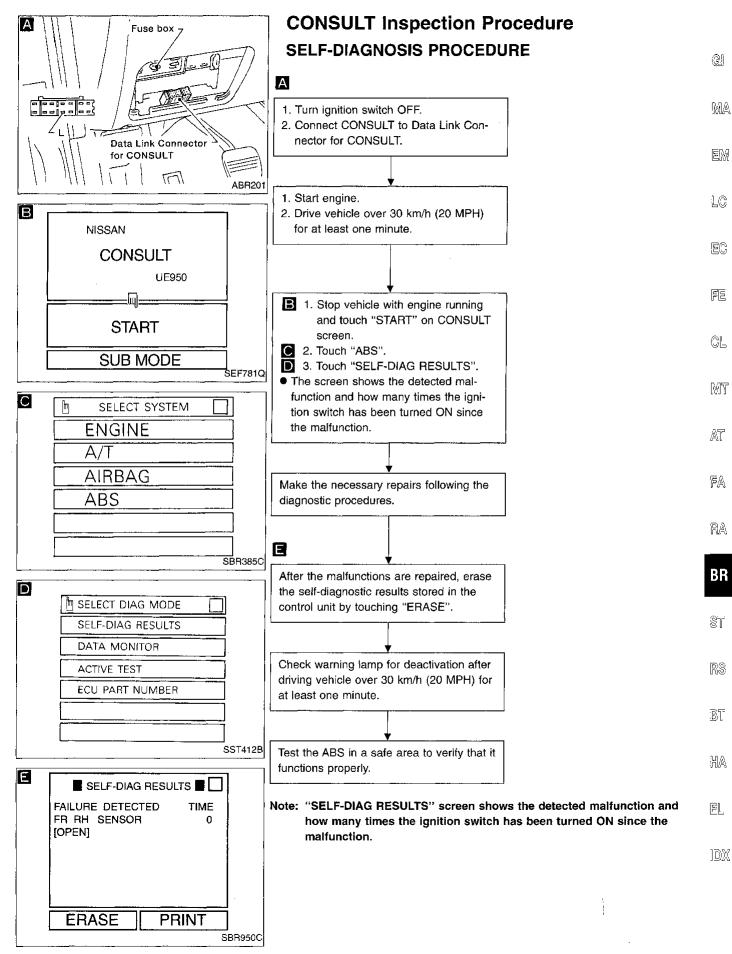
CONSULT APPLICATION TO ABS

ITEM	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	DATA MONITOR	ACTIVE TEST
Front right wheel sensor	X	Х	_
Front left wheel sensor	Х	Х	. —
Rear right wheel sensor	Х	Х	
Rear left wheel sensor	Х	Х	_
Stop lamp switch	_	Х	_
Front right inlet solenoid valve	X	Х	X
Front right outlet solenoid valve	Х	Х	×
Front left inlet solenoid valve	Х	X	X
Front left outlet solenoid valve	х	X	Х
Rear right inlet solenoid valve	x	Х	Х
Rear left inlet solenoid valve	X	Х	X
Rear right outlet solenoid valve	Х	Х	X
Rear left outlet solenoid valve	. X	Х	x
Actuator solenoid valve relay	Х	Х	-
Actuator motor relay (ABS MOTOR is shown on the Data Monitor screen.)	х	Х	×
ABS warning lamp		Х	
Battery voltage (SENSOR VOLT is shown on the Data Monitor screen.)	х	х	

ECU part number mode

Ignore the ECU part number displayed in the ECU PART NUMBER MODE. Refer to parts catalog to order the ECU.

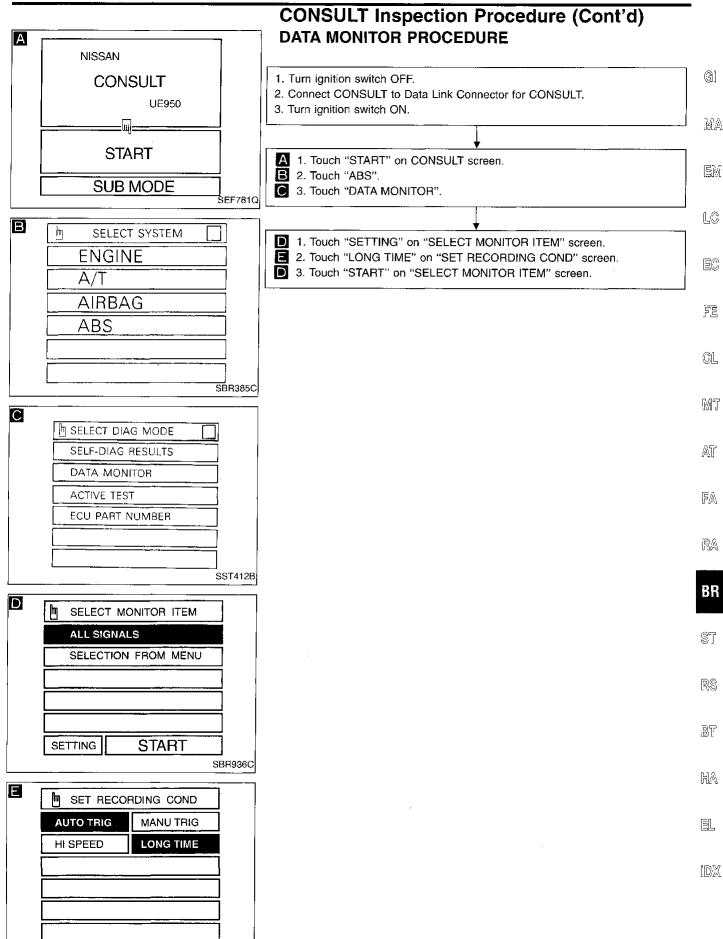
X: Applicable
—: Not applicable



CONSULT Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS MODE

Diagnostic item	Diagnostic item is detected when	Diagnostic procedure
FR RH SENSOR [OPEN]	 Circuit for front right wheel sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.) 	4
FR LH SENSOR [OPEN]	Circuit for front left wheel sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.)	4
RR RH SENSOR [OPEN]	 Circuit for rear right sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.) 	4
RR LH SENSOR [OPEN]	Circuit for rear left sensor is open. (An abnormally high input voltage is entered.)	4
FR RH SENSOR [SHORT]	Circuit for front right wheel sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.)	4
FR LH SENSOR [SHORT]	Circuit for front left wheel sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.)	. 4
RR RH SENSOR [SHORT]	 Circuit for rear right sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.) 	4
RR LH SENSOR [SHORT]	 Circuit for rear left sensor is shorted. (An abnormally low input voltage is entered.) 	4
ABS SENSOR [ABNORMAL SIGNAL]	 Teeth damage on sensor rotor or improper installation of wheel sensor. (Abnormal wheel sensor signal is entered.) 	4
FR RH IN ABS SOL [OPEN]	 Circuit for front right inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.) 	3
FR LH IN ABS SOL [OPEN]	Circuit for front left inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH IN ABS SOL [OPEN]	Circuit for rear right inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR LH IN ABS SOL OPEN]	Circuit for rear left inlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
FR RH IN ABS SOL [SHORT]	Circuit for front right inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
FR LH IN ABS SOL [SHORT]	Circuit for front left inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH IN ABS SOL [SHORT]	 Circuit for rear right inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.) 	3
RR LH IN ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for rear left inlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
FR RH OUT ABS SOL OPEN]	Circuit for front right outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
FR LH OUT ABS SOL OPEN]	Circuit for front left outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH OUT ABS SOL	Circuit for rear right outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
RR LH OUT ABS SOL OPEN]	Circuit for rear left outlet solenoid valve is open. (An abnormally low output voltage is entered.)	3
R RH OUT ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for front right outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
FR LH OUT ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for front left outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
RR RH OUT ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for rear right outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
RR LH OUT ABS SOL SHORT]	Circuit for rear left outlet solenoid valve is shorted. (An abnormally high output voltage is entered.)	3
ABS ACTUATOR RELAY FAILURE]	Actuator solenoid valve relay is ON, even if control unit sends off signal. Actuator solenoid valve relay is OFF, even if control unit sends on signal.	6
ABS MOTOR FAILURE]	Circuit for actuator motor is open or shorted. Actuator motor relay is stuck.	5
BATTERY VOLT VB-LOW]	Power source voltage supplied to ABS control unit is abnormally low.	7
CONTROL UNIT	Function of calculation in ABS control unit has failed.	8



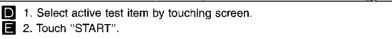
SBR937C

NISSAN CONSULT UE950 1. Turn ignition switch OFF. **START** 3. Start engine. SUB MODE SEF781Q B 2. Touch "ABS". В SELECT SYSTEM C 3. Touch "ACTIVE TEST". **ENGINE** $\overline{\mathsf{A}/\mathsf{T}}$ AIRBAG 2. Touch "START".

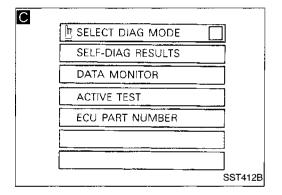
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CONSULT Inspection Procedure (Cont'd) ACTIVE TEST PROCEDURE

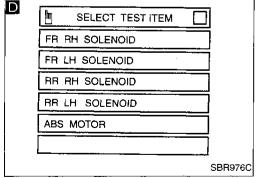
- When conducting Active test, vehicle must be stationary.
- When ABS warning lamp stays on, never conduct Active
- 2. Connect CONSULT to Data Link Connector for CONSULT.
 - 1. Touch "START" on CONSULT screen.

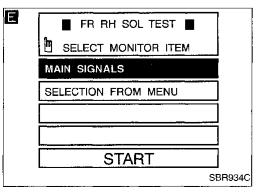


Carry out the active test by touching screen key.



ABS





CONSULT Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR MODE

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
FR RH SENSOR FR LH SENSOR REAR RH SENSOR REAR LH SENSOR	Drive vehicle. (Each wheel is rotating.)	Almost the same speed as speedometer.	GI MA
STOP LAMP SW	Brake is depressed.	Depress the pedal: ON Release the pedal: OFF	
FR RH IN SOL FR RH OUT SOL FR LH IN SOL FR LH OUT SOL RR RH IN SOL RR RH OUT SOL RR LH IN SOL RR LH IN SOL	Engine is running.	Operating conditions for each solenoid valve are indicated. ABS is not operating: OFF	lc Ec
ACTUATOR RLY		Ignition switch ON (Engine stops): OFF Engine running: ON	FE
MOTOR RELAY	Ignition switch is ON or	ABS is not operating: OFF ABS is operating: ON	CL
WARNING LAMP	engine is running.	Warning lamp is turned on: ON Warning lamp is turned off: OFF	MT
SENSOR VOLT		Power supply voltage for control unit	

ACTIVE TEST MODE

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT			
FR RH SOLENOID		Brake fluid pressure co	•	OUT COL	
FR LH SOLENOID RR RH SOLENOID RR LH SOLENOID	Engine is running.	UP (Increase): KEEP (Hold): DOWN (Decrease):	IN SOL OFF ON ON	OUT SOL OFF OFF ON	
ABS MOTOR		ABS actuator motor ON: Motor runs OFF: Motor stops			

Note: Active test will automatically stop ten seconds after the test starts. (LIMIT SIGNAL monitor shows ON.)

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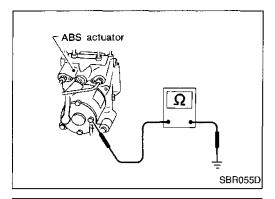
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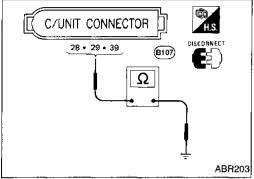
[DX]

BR-57



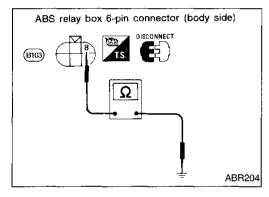
Ground Circuit Check ACTUATOR MOTOR GROUND

Check resistance between actuator motor ground terminal and body ground. Resistance: $\mathbf{0}\Omega$



CONTROL UNIT GROUND

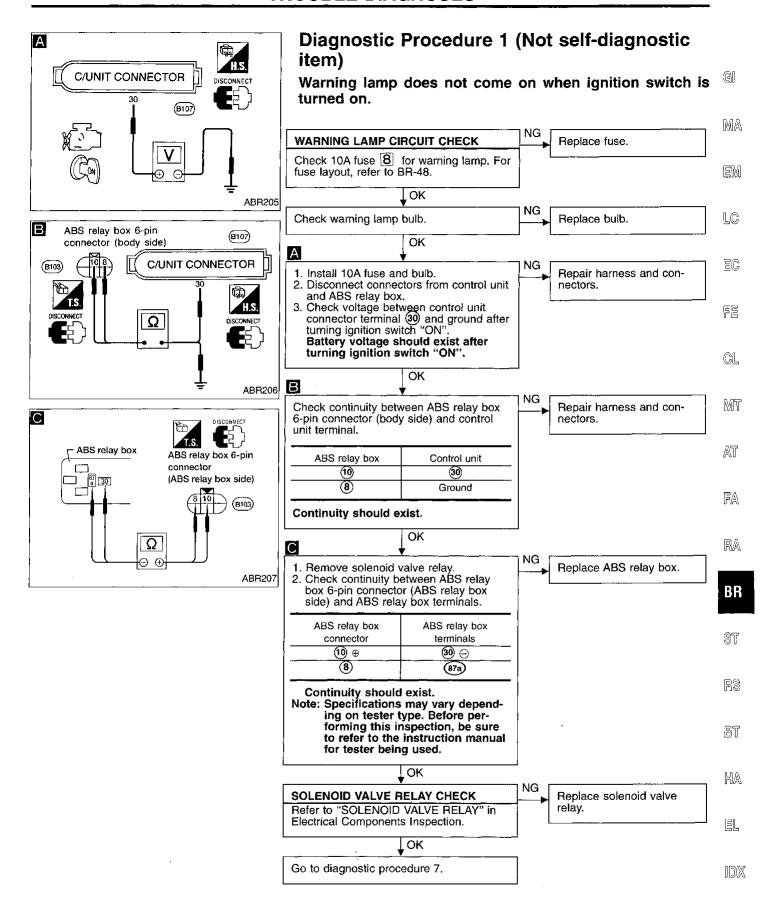
Check resistance between the terminals and ground. Resistance: 0Ω

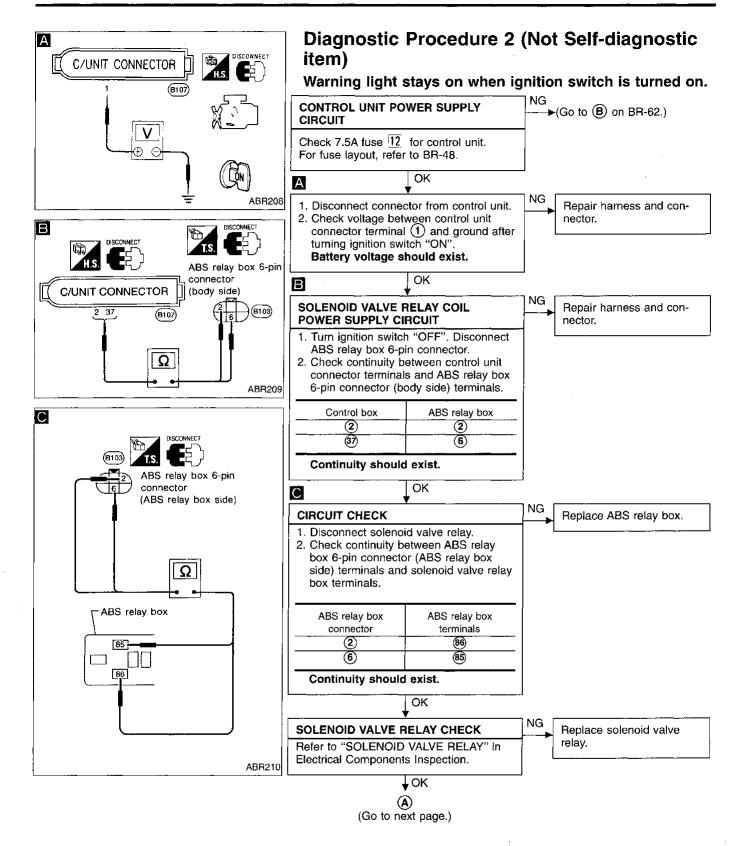


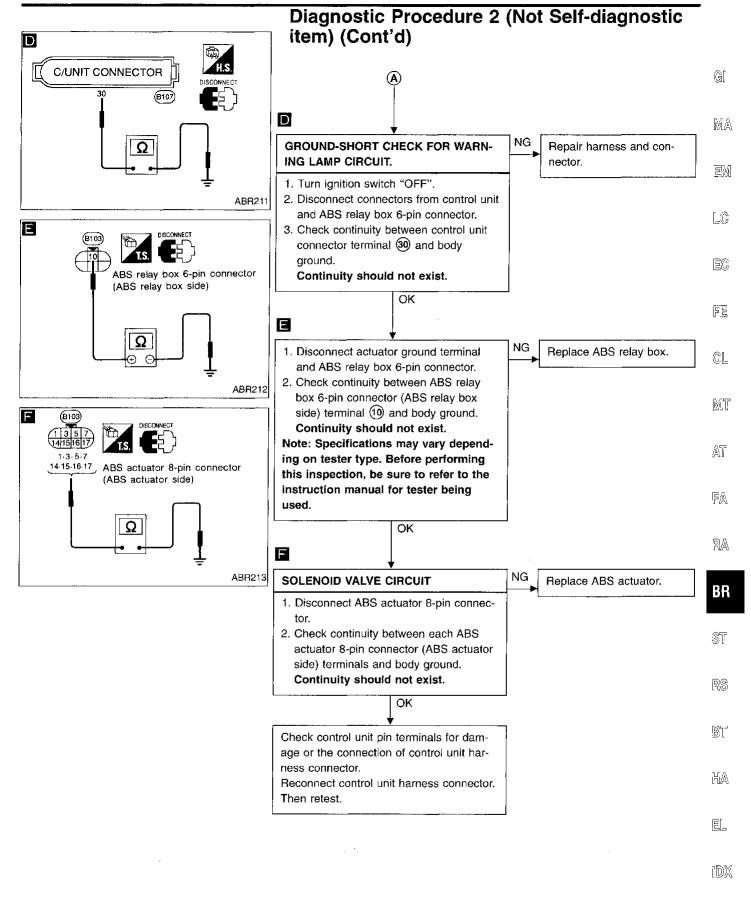
ABS RELAY BOX GROUND

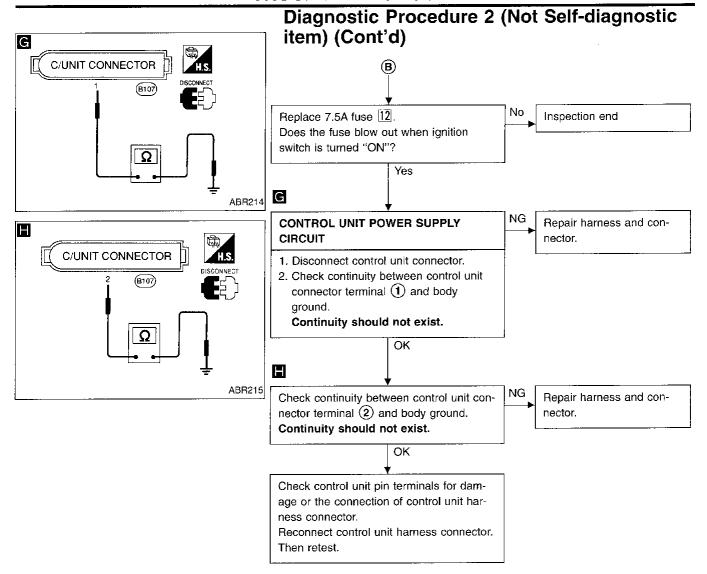
Check resistance between ABS relay box harness 6-pin connector (body side) terminal (8) and ground.

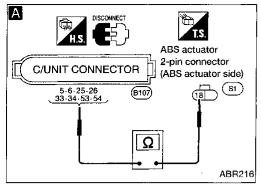
Resistance: 0Ω

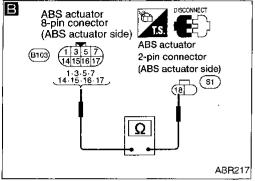












Diagnostic Procedure 3

ABS ACTUATOR SOLENOID VALVE (Malfunction code No. 41, 45, 51, 55, 42, 46, 52, 56)

 Disconnect connectors from control unit, ABS actuator and ABS relay box. Check terminals for damage or loose connections. Then reconnect connectors.

Carry out self-diagnosis again.Does warning lamp activate again?

ontrol lose connec-

ABS ACTUATOR SOLENOID VALVE CHECK

Yes

- Disconnect connectors from control unit and ABS relay box.
- Check resistance between control unit connector terminals and ABS actuator
 2-pin connector (ABS actuator side) terminal.

Code No.	Control unit	ABS actuator	Resis- tance
41	26	(18)	
45	33)	18	$4.4 - 6.0\Omega$
51	34)	(18)	4.4 - 6.032
55	25)	18	
42	54)	(18)	
46	(5)	(18)	8.5 -
52	6	(18)	11.0 Ω
56	(53)	(18)	

→ (Go to next page.)

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Disconnect ABS actuator 8-pin connector.

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 Check resistance between ABS actuator 8-pin connector (ABS actuator side) terminals and ABS actuator 2-pin connector (ABS actuator side) terminal.

Code No.	ABS actuator	ABS actuator	Resis- tance
41	(15)	(18)	
45	(14)	(18)	4.4 - 6.0Ω
51	17	18	4.4 - 6.011
55	16	(18)	
42	3	(18)	
46	1	(18)	8.5 -
52	7	(18)	11.0 Ω
56	(5)	18	
		NG	

Replace ABS actuator.

Repair harness and connector between control unit connector terminal and ABS actuator 8-pin connector terminal.

OK

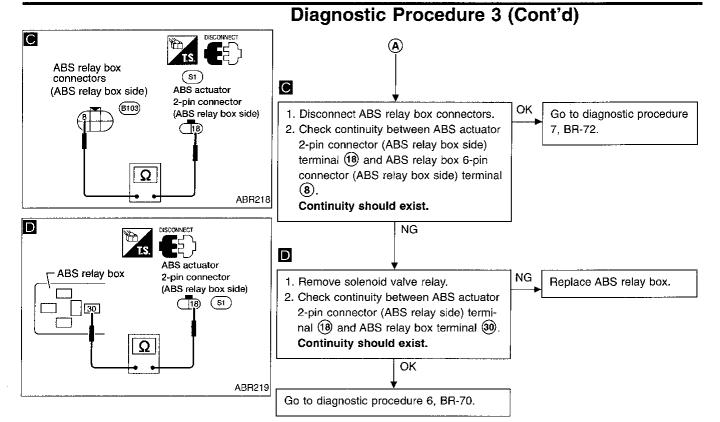
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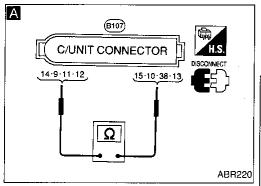
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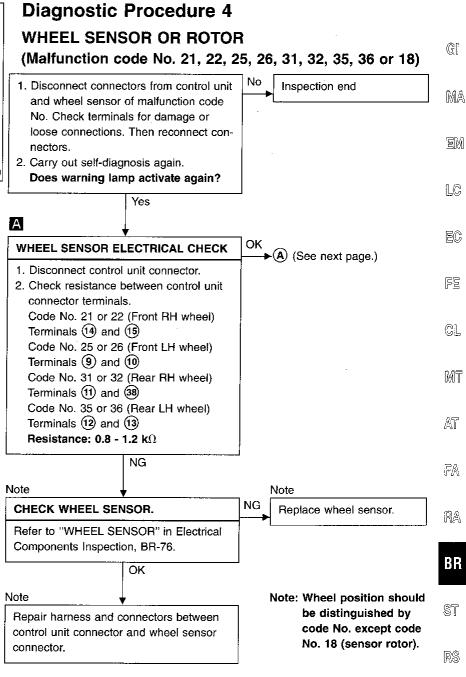
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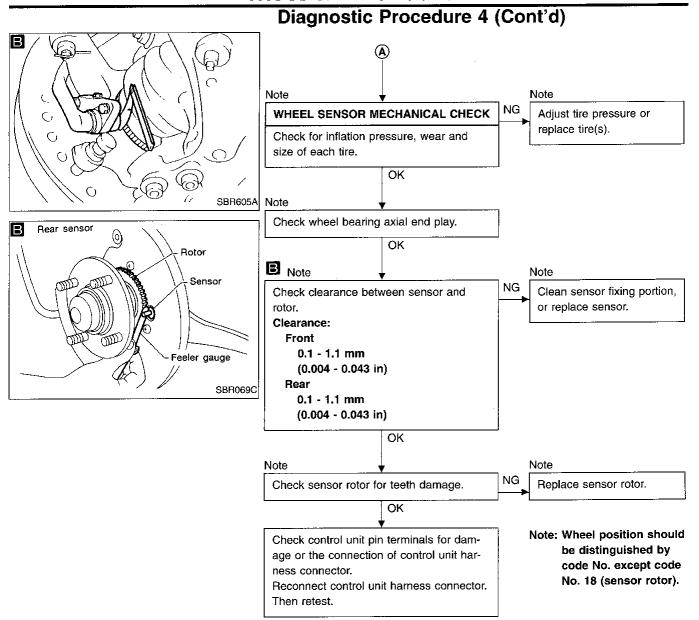
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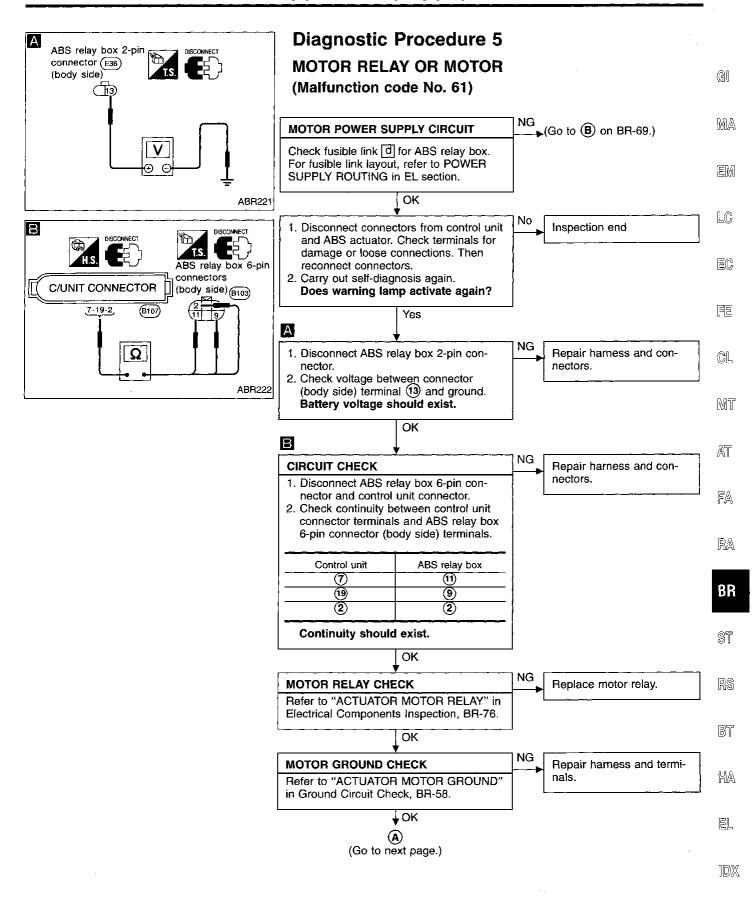
BT

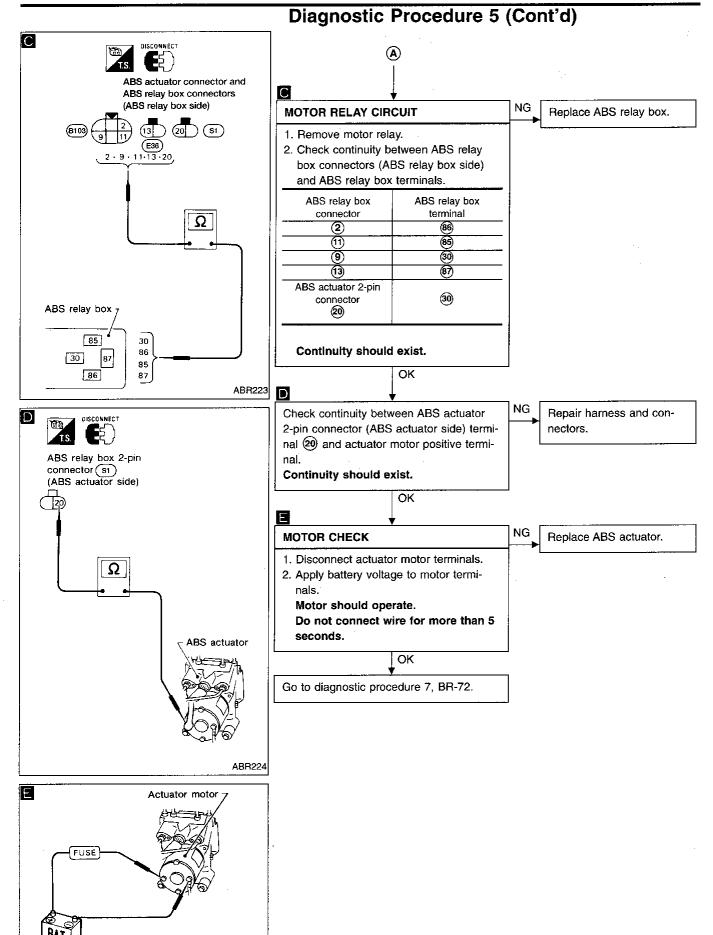
HA

EL

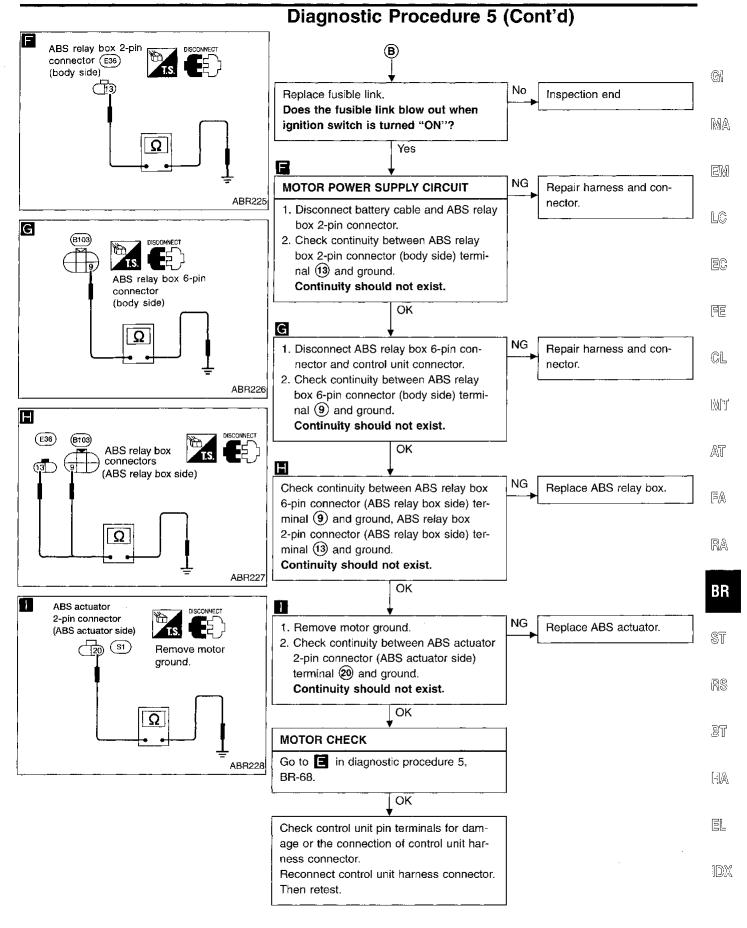
MDX

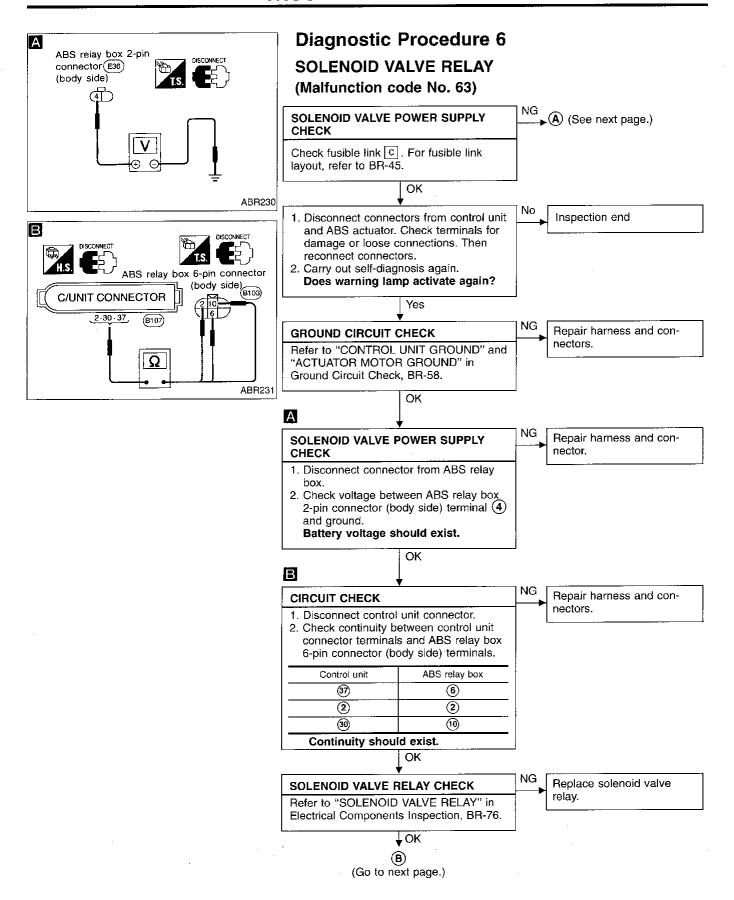


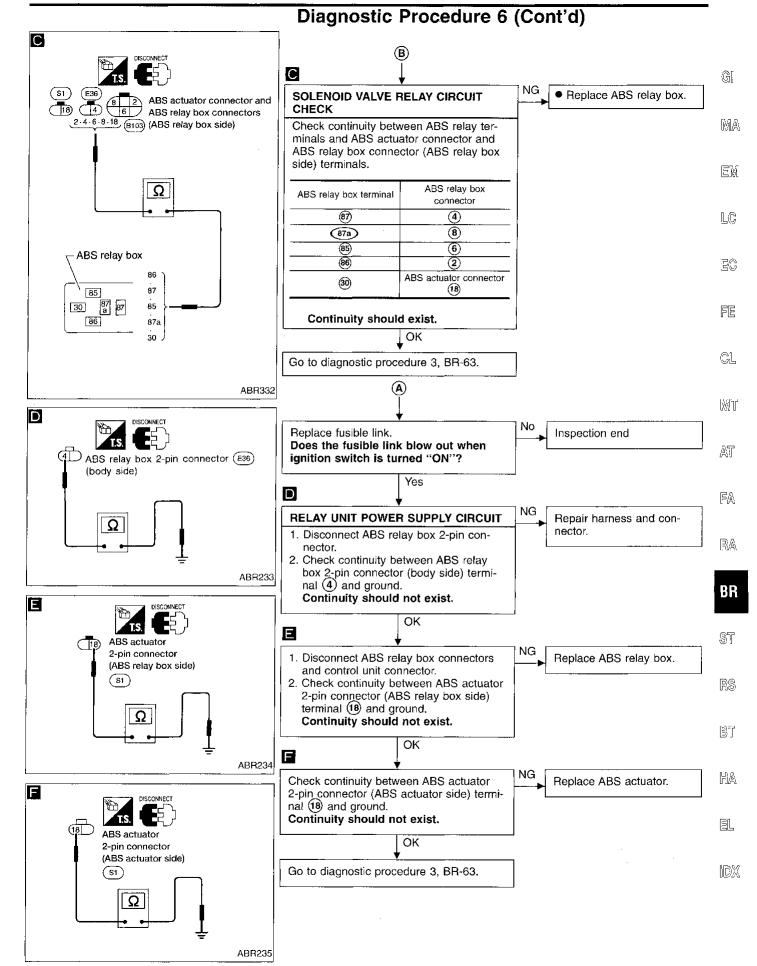


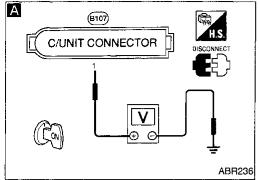


SBR062D

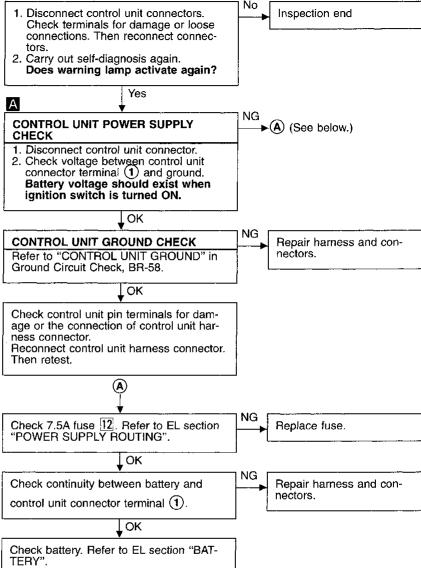








Diagnostic Procedure 7 POWER SUPPLY (Low voltage) (Malfunction code No. 57)



Diagnostic Procedure 8

CONTROL UNIT

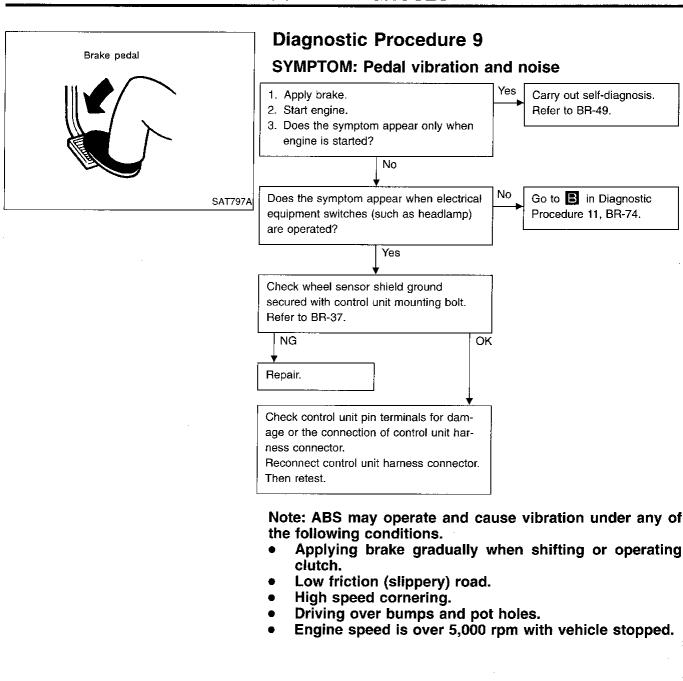
(Malfunction code No. 71)

Carry out self-diagnosis after erasing self-diagnostic results, BR-49.

Does warning lamp indicate code No. 71 again?

No

Inspect the system according to the code No.



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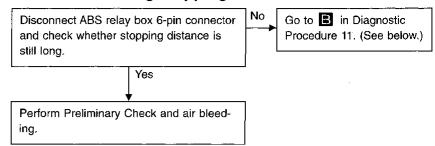
HA

EL

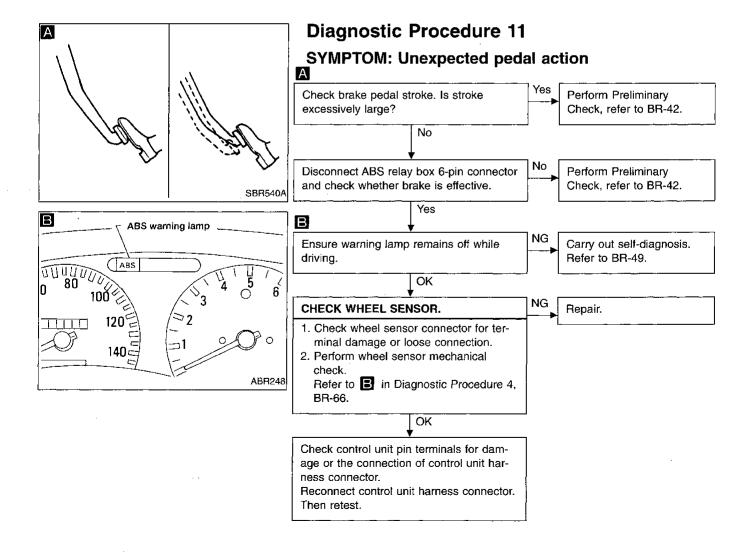
 $[\mathbb{D}]X$

Diagnostic Procedure 10

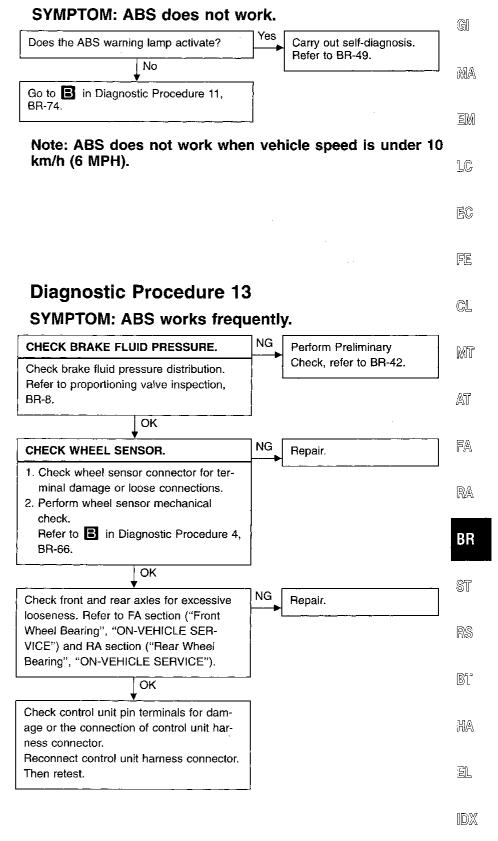
SYMPTOM: Long stopping distance



Note: Stopping distance may be larger than vehicles without ABS when road condition is slippery.



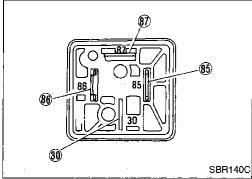
Diagnostic Procedure 12

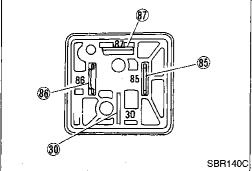


Electrical Components Inspection WHEEL SENSOR

Check resistance for each sensor.

Resistance: 0.8 - 1.2 k Ω





(87a)

ACTUATOR MOTOR RELAY

Condition	Continuity existence between terminals 30 and 87
Battery voltage not applied between terminals 85 and 86.	No
Battery voltage applied between terminals (85) and (86).	Yes

While applying battery voltage to relay terminals, insert fuse into the circuit.

SBR329B

SOLENOID VALVE RELAY

Condition	Continuity existence between terminals 39 and 87a	Continuity existence between terminals (30) and (67)
Battery voltage not applied between terminals (85) and (86).	Yes	No
Battery voltage applied between terminals (85) and (86).	No	Yes

While applying battery voltage to relay terminals, insert fuse into the circuit.

1208 **BR-76**

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

BRAKE UNIT

	Without ABS		With	ABS
Applied model	GA16DE	SR20DE	GA16DE	SR20DE
	Standard	Standard	Option*	Option
Front brake	CL22VD	CL22VE	CL22VD	CL22VE
Brake model	CL22VD	CL22VE	CLZZVD	CLZZVE
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)		54.0	(2.126)	
Pad mm (in) length x width x thickness		106 x 39.5 x 11.0 (4	4.17 x 1.555 x 0.433)	
Rotor outer diameter x thickness mm (in)	232 x 18 (9.13 x 0.71)	247 x 18 (9.72 x 0.71)	232 x 18 (9.13 x 0.71)	247 x 18 (9.72 x 0.71)
Rear brake Brake model	LT18C		CL7HB	
Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	15.87 (5/8)	30.23 (1-1/4)		
Lining or pad mm (in) length x width x thickness	172.8 x 30 x 4 (6.80 x 1.18 x 0.16)	94 x 29 x 10 (3.70 x 1.14 x 0.39)		
Drum inner diameter or rotor outer diameter x thickness mm (in)	180 (7.09)	234 x 7 (9.21 x 0.28)		
Master cylinder Cylinder bore diameter mm (in)	20.64 (13/16)		22.22 (7/8)	
Control valve Valve model	Dual proportioning valve	built into master cylinder	Dual proportioning valve se	parated from master cylinder
Split point [kPa (kg/cm², psi)] x reducing ratio	3,923 (40, 569) x 0.4	2,942 (30, 427) x 0.4	3,923 (40, 569) x 0.4	2,942 (30, 427) x 0.4
3rake booster	S205 or C205 M195T			
Booster model	3203 01 0203		W1991	
Diaphragm diameter mm (in)	205 (8.07)	Primary: 205 (8.07) Secondary: 180 (7.09)		
Recommended brake fluid		DO	Т3	

^{*:} Except E, XE models



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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment BRAKE PEDAL

DISC BRAKE

	•	Unit: mm (in)
Desire and del	Front	Rear
Brake model	CL22VD, CL22VE	CL7HB
Pad wear limit		
Minimum thickness	2.0 (0.079)	1.5 (0.059)
Rotor repair limit	:	
Minimum thickness	16.0 (0.630)	6.0 (0,236)
Maximum runout	0.07 (0.0028)	
Maximum thickness variation	0.02 (0.0008)	

DRUM BRAKE

Unit: mm (in)

Brake model	Rear
Brake model	LT18C
Lining wear limit	
Minimum thickness	1.5 (0.059)
Drum repair limit	
Maximum inner diameter	181 (7.13)
Out-of-round	0.03 (0.0012) or less

Unit: mm (in)	
148 - 158 (5.83 - 6.22)	
157 - 167 (6.18 - 6.57)	
See below.	
0.3 - 1.0 (0.012 - 0.039)	

Depressed height [Under force of 490 N (50 kg, 110 lb) with engine running]

Unit: mm (in)

M/T	75 (2.95) or more
A/T	85 (3.35) or more

PARKING BRAKE CONTROL

Brake type	Drum	Disc
Control type	Center lever	
Number of notches [under force of 196 N (20 kg, 44 lb)]	7 - 8	8 - 9
Number of notches when warning switch comes on	1 or less	