

FRONT AXLE & FRONT SUSPENSION

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CONTENTS

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION2	Symptom Chart.....29
Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER".....2	Fail-safe Remarks.....30
Precautions for Brake System.....2	Preliminary Check.....31
Special Service Tools3	Component Parts and Harness Connector Locations.....32
Commercial Service Tools4	Schematic33
NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH)	Wiring Diagram34
TROUBLESHOOTING5	Self-diagnoses39
NVH Troubleshooting Chart.....5	CONSULT-II Inspection Procedure.....41
FRONT SUSPENSION SYSTEM6	TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS47
ON-VEHICLE SERVICE7	Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Vehicle speed sensor)47
Front Axle and Front Suspension Parts7	Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Steering angle sensor)48
Front Wheel Bearing.....8	Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Stop lamp switch)49
Front Wheel Alignment9	Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Vertical G sensor).....50
FRONT AXLE12	TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS51
Wheel Hub and Knuckle.....12	Diagnostic Procedure 5 (SPORT indicator does not come on when ignition switch is turned on.).....51
ABS Sensor Rotor15	Diagnostic procedure 6 (Hard or soft feel).....53
FRONT SUSPENSION16	Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Heavy steering operation during stationary turns).....56
Coil Spring and Strut Assembly.....17	Diagnostic Procedure 8 (Light steering during high-speed operation).....57
Tension Rod and Stabilizer Bar.....21	TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION58
Transverse Link Assembly.....22	Electrical Component Inspection.....58
ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION23	SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)60
System Components23	General Specifications.....60
Component Description23	Inspection and Adjustment60
Active Damper Suspension Configuration.....25	
Active Damper26	
Removal and Installation27	
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES28	
How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair28	

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) “AIR BAG” and “SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER”

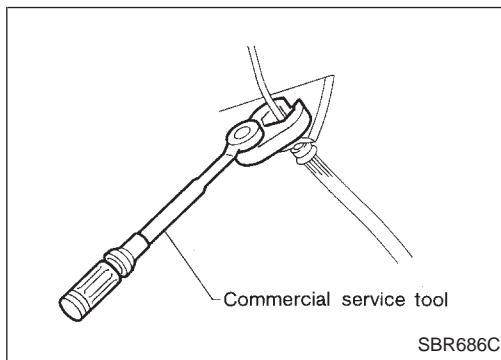
The Supplemental Restraint System such as “AIR BAG” and “SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER” used along with a seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. The SRS system composition which is available to INFINITI Q45 is as follows:

- For a frontal collision
The Supplemental Restraint System consists of driver air bag module (located in the center of the steering wheel), front passenger air bag module (located on the instrument panel on passenger side), seat belt pre-tensioners, a diagnosis sensor unit, warning lamp, wiring harness and spiral cable.
- For a side collision
The Supplemental Restraint System consists of front side air bag module (located in the outer side of front seat), satellite sensor, diagnosis sensor unit (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision), wiring harness, warning lamp (one of components of air bags for a frontal collision).

Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the **RS section** of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance should be performed by an authorized INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the RS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. Spiral cable and wiring harnesses covered with yellow insulation tape (except satellite sensor and side air bag module) either just before the harness connectors or for the complete harness are related to the SRS.



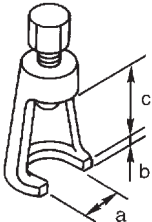
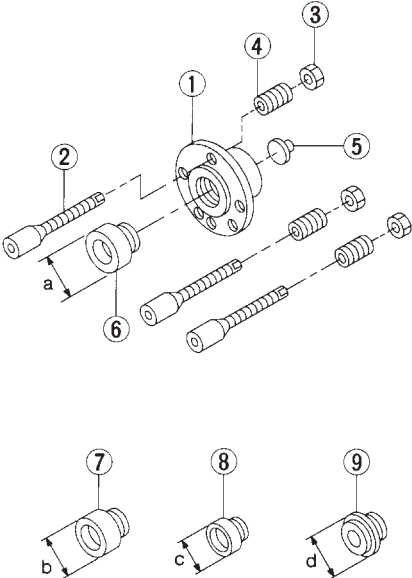
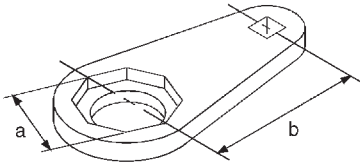
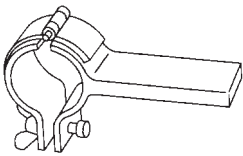
Precautions for Brake System

- When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition* with tires on ground.
*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.
- After installing removed suspension parts, check wheel alignment and adjust if necessary.
- Use flare nut wrench when removing or installing brake tubes.
- Always torque brake lines when installing.

PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

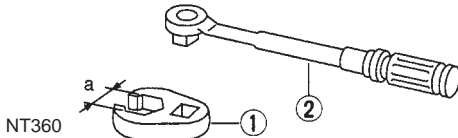
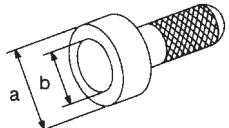
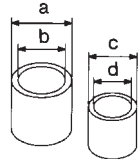
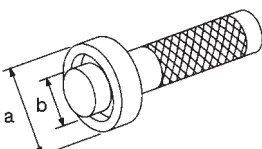
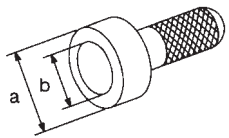
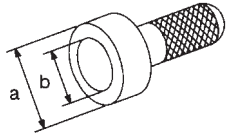
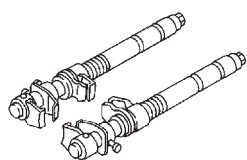
Special Service Tools

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description	
ST29020001 (J24319-01) Pitman arm puller	 <p>NT694</p> <p>a: 34 mm (1.34 in) b: 6.5 mm (0.256 in) c: 61.5 mm (2.421 in)</p>	GI MA EM LC
KV991040S0 (—) C.C.K. holder KV99104010 Attachment set ① Plate ② Guide bolts ③ Nuts ④ Springs ⑤ Center plate ⑥ KV99104020 Adapter A ⑦ KV99104030 Adapter B ⑧ KV99104040 Adapter C ⑨ KV99104050 Adapter D	 <p>NT498</p> <p>a: 72 mm (2.83 in) dia. b: 65 mm (2.56 in) dia. c: 57 mm (2.24 in) dia. d: 53.4 mm (2.102 in) dia.</p>	EC FE AT PD FA RA BR
ST35490001 (J26083) Gland packing wrench	 <p>NT383</p> <p>a: 58 mm (2.28 in) b: 100 mm (3.94 in)</p>	ST RS
ST35652000 (—) Strut attachment	 <p>NT145</p>	BT HA EL

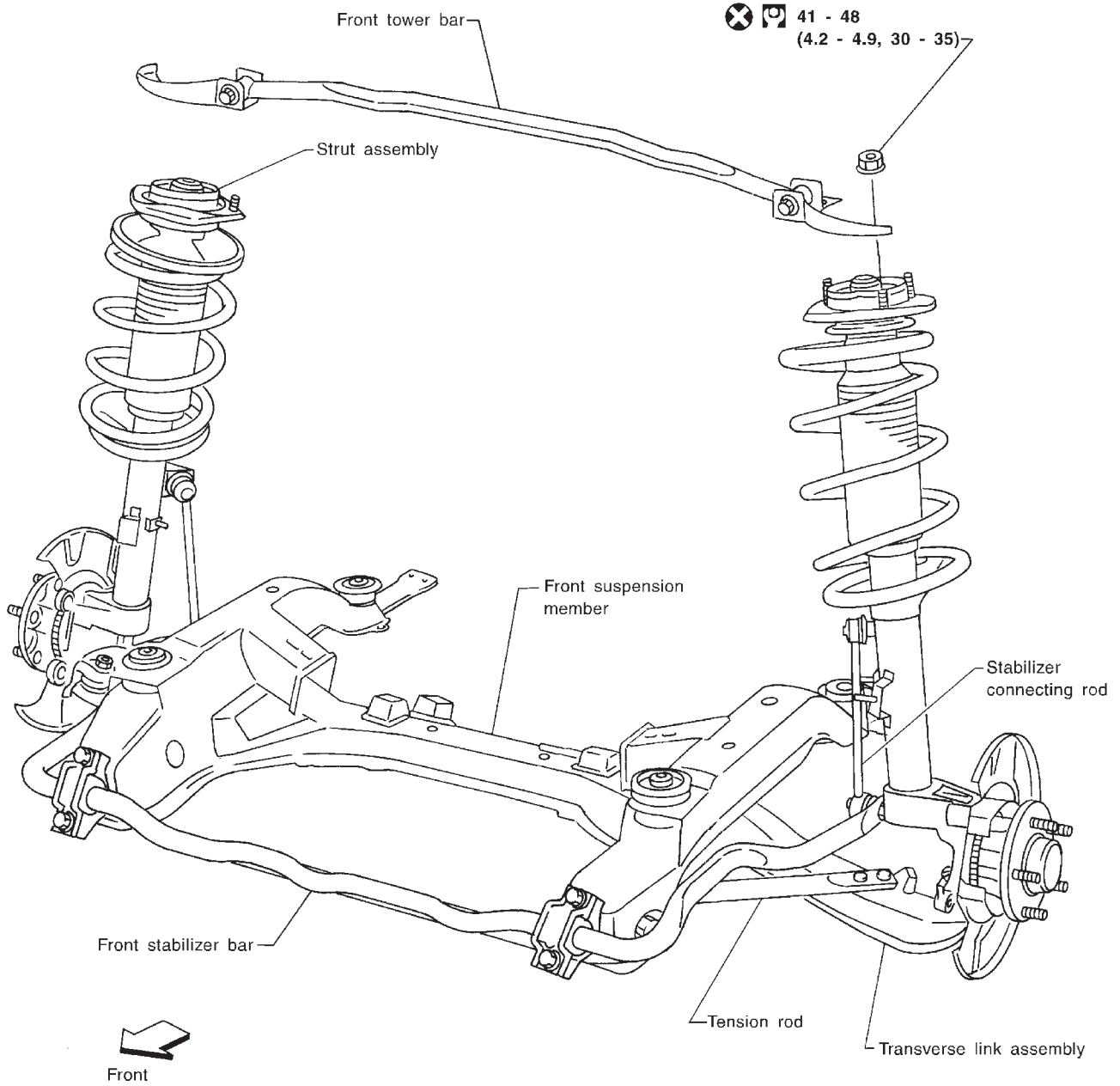
PRECAUTIONS AND PREPARATION

Commercial Service Tools

Tool name	Description
① Flare nut crowfoot ② Torque wrench	Removing and installing each brake piping  NT360 a: 10 mm (0.39 in)
Front axle grease seal drift	Installing front axle grease seal  NT115 a: 75 mm (2.95 in) dia. b: 65 mm (2.56 in) dia.
Tension rod bushing drift	Removing and installing tension rod bushing  NT155 a: 75 mm (2.95 in) dia. b: 66 mm (2.60 in) dia. c: 62 mm (2.44 in) dia. d: 25 - 55 mm (0.98 - 2.17 in) dia.
Wheel bearing drift	Removing wheel bearing  NT084 a: 49 mm (1.93 in) dia. b: 41 mm (1.61 in) dia.
Wheel bearing drift	Installing wheel bearing  NT115 a: 66 mm (2.60 in) dia. b: 60 mm (2.36 in) dia.
Cap drift	Installing hub cap  NT115 a: 77 mm (3.03 in) dia. b: 55.5 mm (2.185 in) dia.
Spring compressor	Removing and installing coil spring  NT717

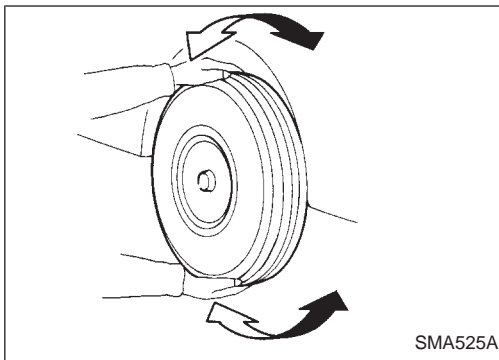
FRONT SUSPENSION SYSTEM

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: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

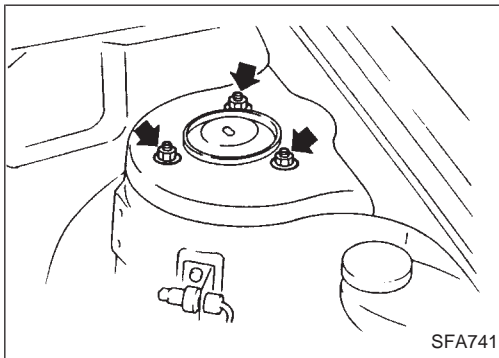
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Front Axle and Front Suspension Parts

Check front axle and front suspension parts for excessive play, cracks, wear or other damage.

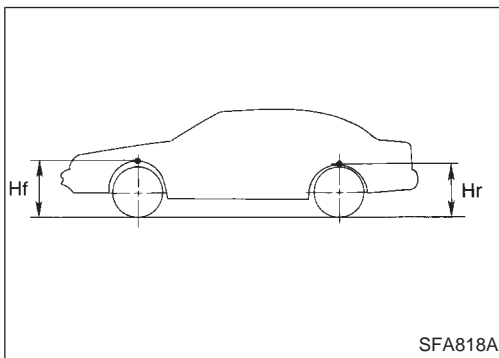
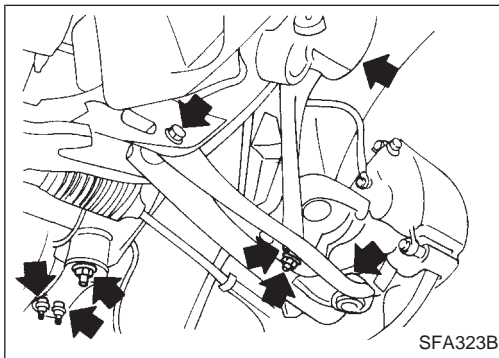
- Shake each front wheel to check for excessive play.



- Make sure that cotter pin is inserted.
- Retighten all nuts and bolts to the specified torque.

Tightening torque:

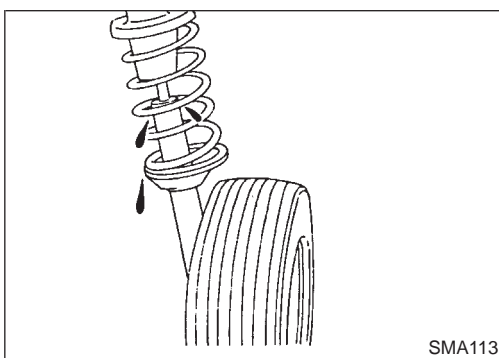
Refer to FRONT SUSPENSION (FA-16).



- Check spring height from top of wheelarch to ground.
- a. Vehicle must be unladen*, parked on a level surface, and tires checked for proper inflation and wear (tread wear indicator must not be showing).

*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

- b. Bounce vehicle up and down several times before measuring.
Standard height: Refer to SDS (FA-61).
- c. Spring height is not adjustable. If out of specification, check for worn springs or suspension parts.



- Check strut (Shock absorber) for oil leakage or damage.

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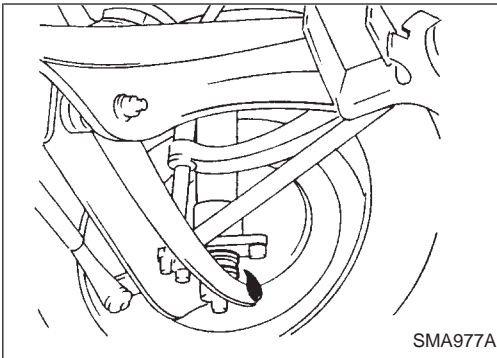
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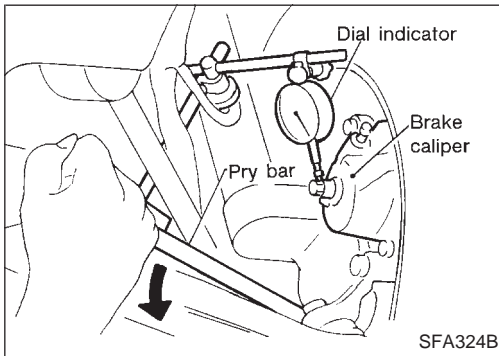
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ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

Front Axle and Front Suspension Parts (Cont'd)



- Check suspension ball joint for grease leakage and ball joint dust cover for cracks or other damage. If ball joint dust cover is cracked or damaged, replace transverse link.

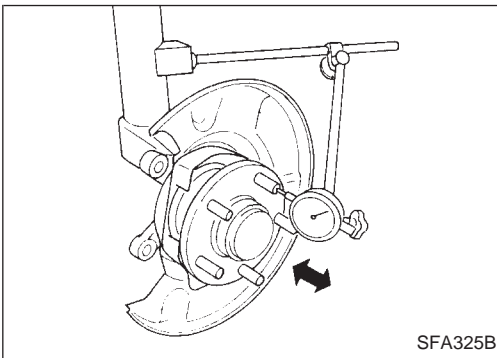


- Check suspension ball joint end play.
 - a. Jack up front of vehicle and set the stands.
 - b. Clamp dial indicator onto transverse link and place indicator tip on lower edge of brake caliper.
 - c. Make sure front wheels are straight and brake pedal is depressed.
 - d. Place a pry bar between transverse link and inner rim of road wheel.
 - e. While raising and releasing pry bar, observe maximum dial indicator value.

Vertical end play:

0 mm (0 in)

If ball joint vertical end play exists, remove transverse link and recheck the ball joint. Refer to FA-22.



Front Wheel Bearing

Check that wheel bearings operate smoothly, as well as axial end play and grease leakage.

Axial end play limit: 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) or less

- If out of specification or wheel bearing does not turn smoothly, replace wheel bearing assembly. Refer to FRONT AXLE (FA-12).

Front Wheel Alignment

CAMBER, CASTER AND KINGPIN INCLINATION

Camber, caster and kingpin inclination are preset at factory and cannot be adjusted.

1. Set vehicle on turning radius gauge.

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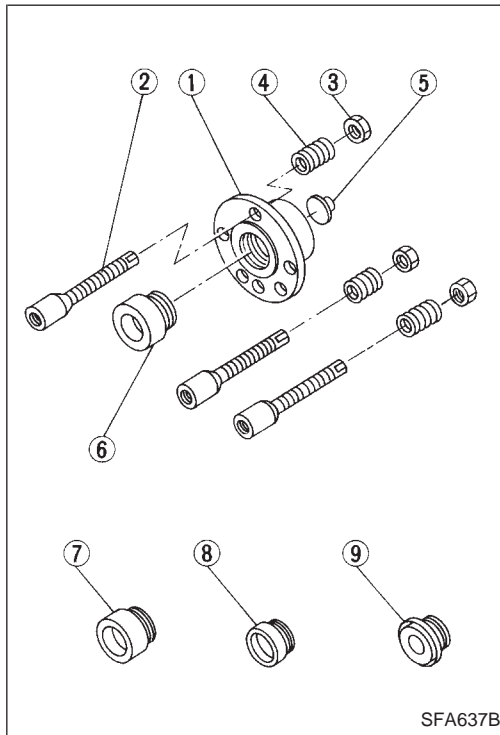
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2. Mount Tool as follows.

Tool number:

KV991040S0 (—)

KV99104010 (1 to 5)

KV99104020 (6)

KV99104030 (7)

KV99104040 (8)

KV99104050 (9)

- Select adapter which corresponds with wheel or hub shape from four types (6) to (9).
- Screw selected adapter in until it contacts plate (1).

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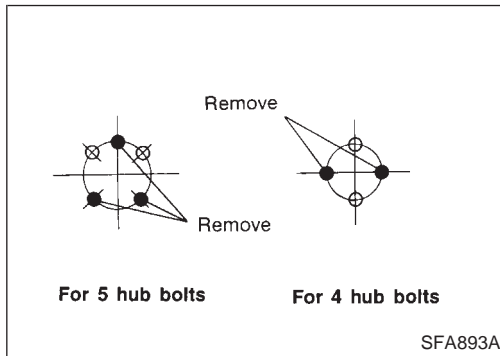
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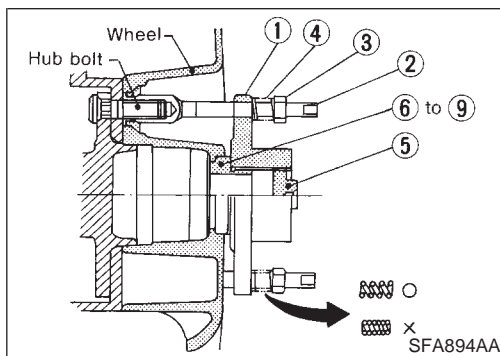
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- Remove wheel nuts.



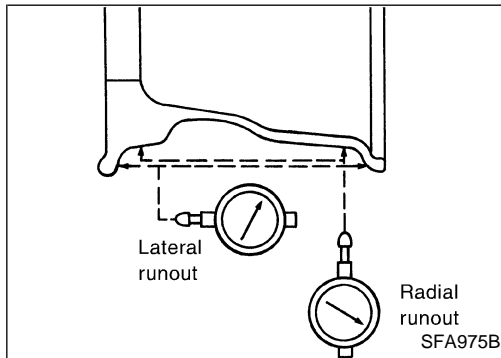
- Install guide bolts (2) to where wheel nuts were removed and tighten them by hand.
- Install plate and adapter assembly to guide bolts (2).
- Install springs (4) onto guide bolts (2). Then tighten nuts (3) evenly until a little before springs (4) are completely compressed.
- Install center plate (5).
- Mount wheel alignment gauge on attachment plate.

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

Front Wheel Alignment (Cont'd)

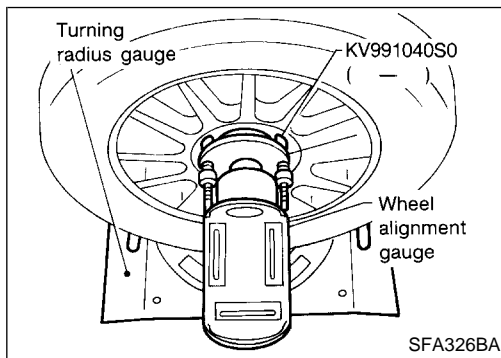
Before checking front wheel alignment, be sure to make a preliminary inspection (Unladen*).

*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.



PRELIMINARY INSPECTION

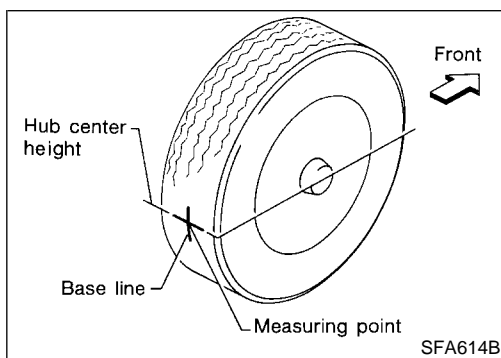
1. Check tires for wear and improper inflation.
2. Check wheels for deformation, cracks and other damage. If deformed, remove wheel and check wheel runout.
 - a. Remove tire from wheel and mount wheel on a tire balance machine.
 - b. Set dial indicator as shown in the illustration.
**Wheel runout (Dial indicator value):
Refer to SDS.**
3. Check front wheel bearings for looseness.
4. Check front suspension for looseness.
5. Check steering linkage for looseness.
6. Check that front shock absorbers work properly.
7. Check vehicle posture (Unladen).



CAMBER, CASTER AND KINGPIN INCLINATION

Camber, caster and kingpin inclination are preset at factory and cannot be adjusted.

1. Measure camber, caster and kingpin inclination of both right and left wheels with a suitable alignment gauge.
**Camber, Caster and Kingpin inclination:
Refer to SDS (FA-60).**
2. If camber, caster and kingpin inclination are not within specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn front suspension parts.



TOE-IN

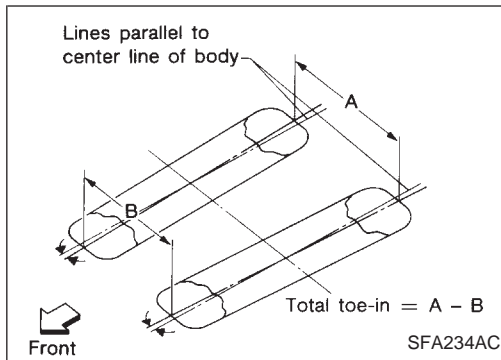
Measure toe-in using following procedure. If out of specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn front suspension parts.

WARNING:

- **Always perform the following procedure on a flat surface.**
 - **Make sure that no person is in front of the vehicle before pushing it.**
1. Bounce front of vehicle up and down to stabilize the posture.
 2. Push the vehicle straight ahead about 5 m (16 ft).
 3. Put a mark on base line of tread (rear side) of both tires at the same height as hub center. These are measuring points.

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

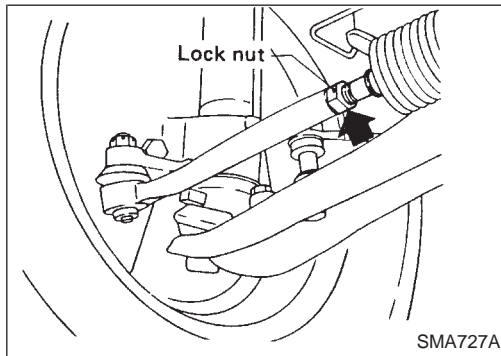
Front Wheel Alignment (Cont'd)



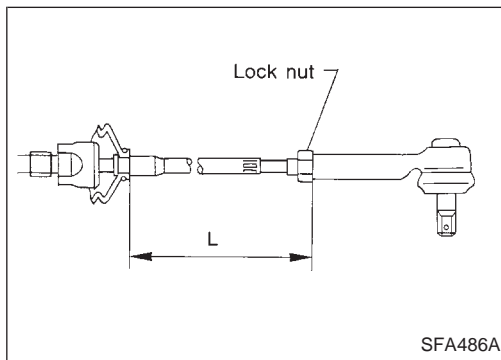
4. Measure distance "A" (rear side).
5. Push the vehicle slowly ahead to rotate the wheels 180 degrees (1/2 turn).

If the wheels have rotated more than 180 degrees (1/2 turn), try the above procedure again from the beginning. Never push vehicle backward.

6. Measure distance "B" (front side).
Total toe-in: Refer to SDS (FA-60).



7. Adjust toe-in by varying the length of steering tie-rods.
 - a. Loosen lock nuts.



- b. Adjust toe-in by screwing tie-rods in and out.

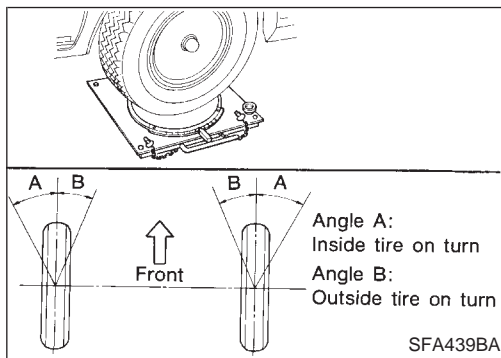
Standard length "L":

Refer to SDS in ST section.

- c. Tighten lock nuts to specified torque.

Lock nut tightening torque:

Refer to POWER STEERING GEAR AND LINKAGE in ST section.



FRONT WHEEL TURNING ANGLE

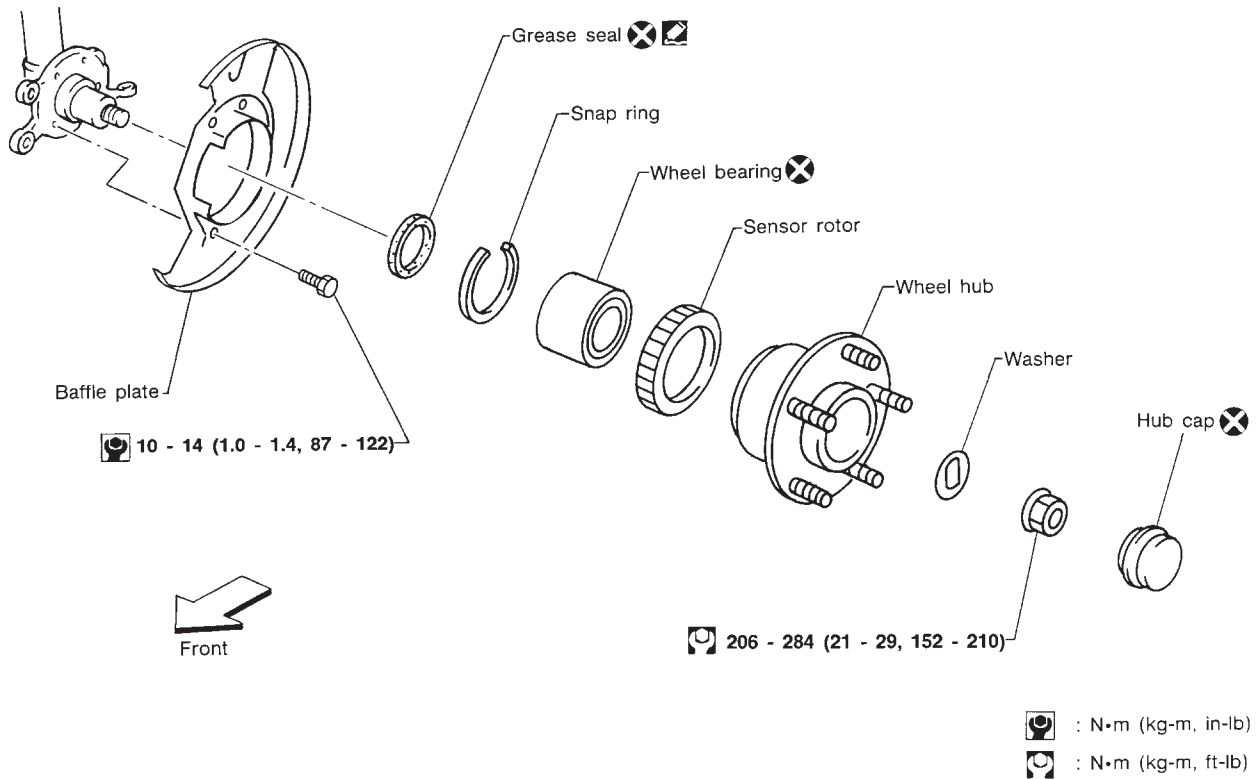
1. Set wheels in straight-ahead position. Then, move vehicle forward until front wheels rest on turning radius gauge properly.
2. Rotate steering wheel all the way right and left; measure turning angle.

Wheel turning angle (Full turn):

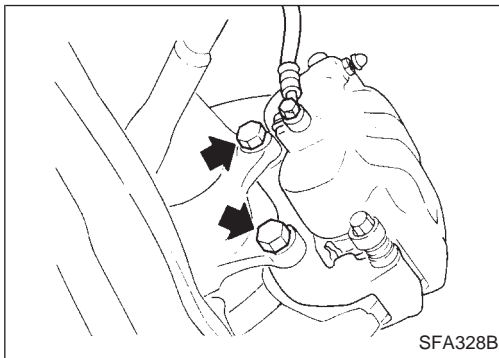
Refer to SDS (FA-60).

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Wheel Hub and Knuckle

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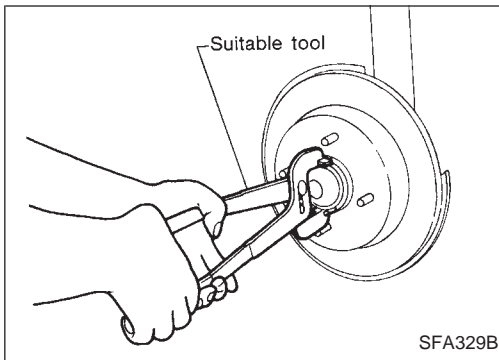
- Remove brake caliper assembly and rotor.

CAUTION:

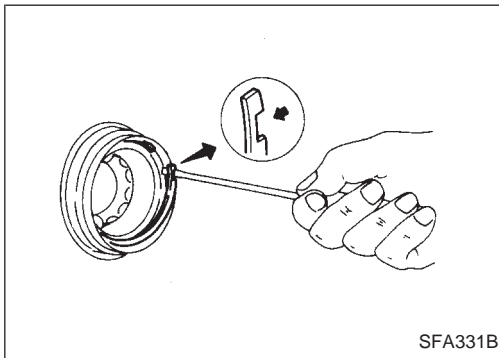
- Brake hose need not be disconnected from brake caliper. Be careful not to depress brake pedal, or piston will pop out. Do not pull or twist brake hose.
- Before removing the front axle assembly, disconnect the ABS wheel sensor from the assembly. Then, move it away from the front axle assembly area. Failure to do so may result in damaging the sensor wires and the sensor will become inoperative.

FRONT AXLE

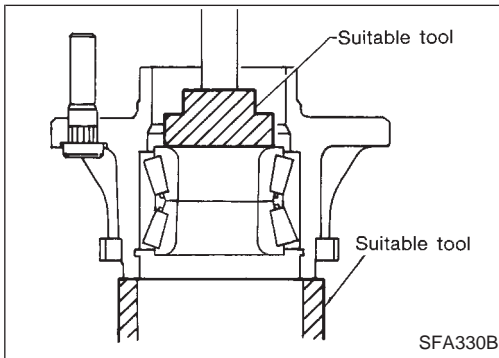
Wheel Hub and Knuckle (Cont'd)



- Remove wheel hub from spindle.



- Remove grease seal.
- Remove snap ring.



- Press out bearing and race as a set.

INSPECTION

Wheel bearing

Check wheel bearing to see that it rolls freely and is free from noise, crack, pitting, or wear, and replace if damaged.

Wheel hub

Check wheel hub for crack by a magnetic exploration or dyeing test, and replace if cracked.

Knuckle spindle

Check knuckle spindle for deformation, tapping mark, or cracks (by magnetic or dyeing test) and replace if damaged.

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FRONT AXLE

Wheel Hub and Knuckle (Cont'd)

INSTALLATION

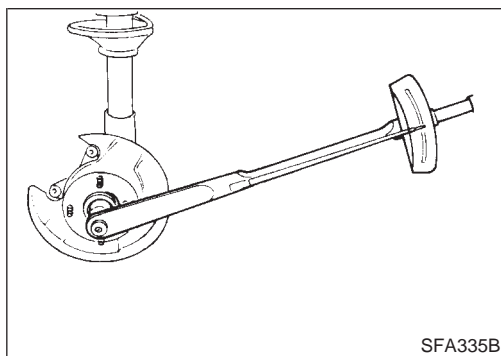
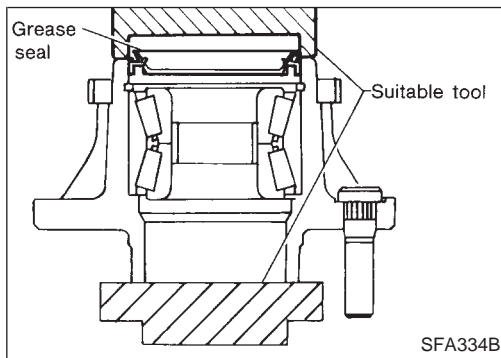
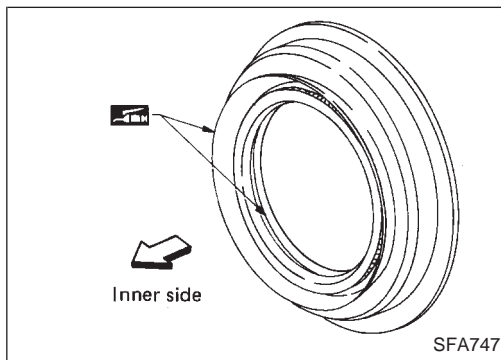
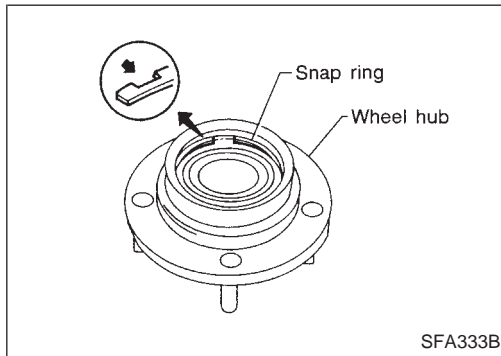
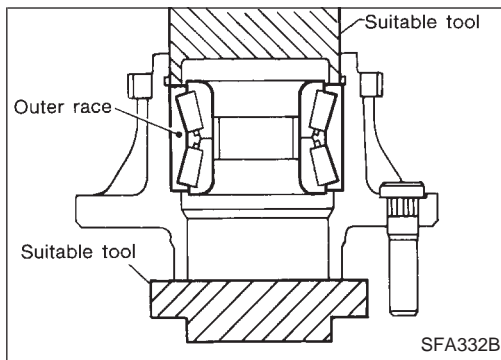
- Press new wheel bearing assembly into wheel hub.

Maximum load P:

29 kN (3 ton, 3.3 US ton, 3.0 Imp ton)

CAUTION:

- Do not press inner race of wheel bearing assembly.
- Do not apply oil or grease to mating surfaces of wheel bearing outer race and wheel hub.



- Install snap ring.

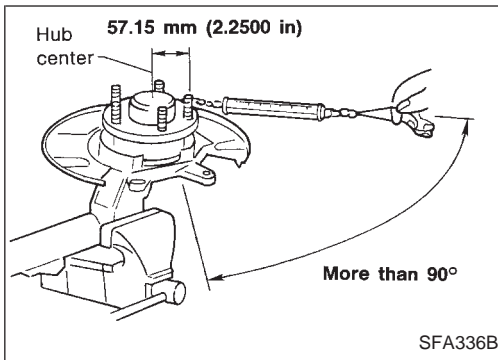
- Pack grease seal lip with recommended multi-purpose grease.

- Install grease seal.

- Install wheel hub.
- Tighten wheel bearing lock nut to the specified torque.

FRONT AXLE

Wheel Hub and Knuckle (Cont'd)



- Turn wheel hub several times in both directions to seat wheel bearing correctly.
- Attach spring balance to wheel hub bolt (as shown at left) and pull it at a speed of 10 rpm to measure rotation torque.

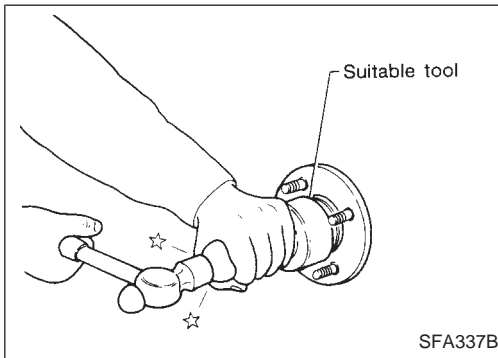
Rotation torque:

0.25 - 2.11 N·m (2.5 - 21.5 kg-cm, 2.2 - 18.7 in-lb)

Spring balance indication:

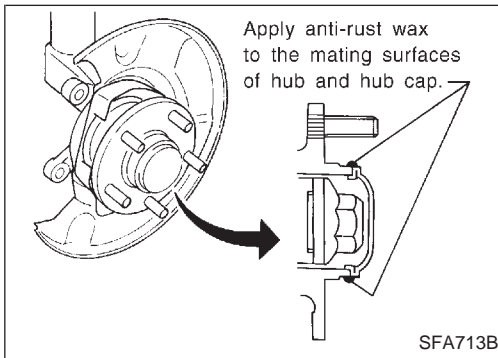
3.9 - 37.2 N (0.4 - 3.8 kg, 0.9 - 8.4 lb)

If bearing preload does not meet the specification, replace wheel bearing assembly.

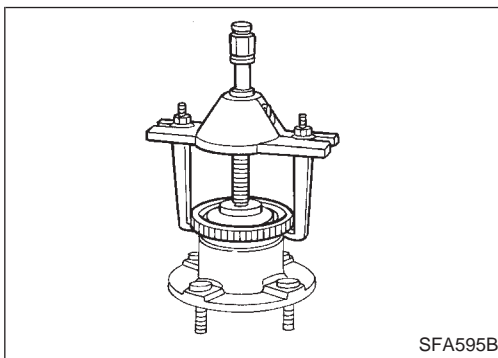


- Clinch lock nut using standard screwdriver and install hub cap using a suitable tool.

Do not reuse hub cap. When installing, replace it with a new one.



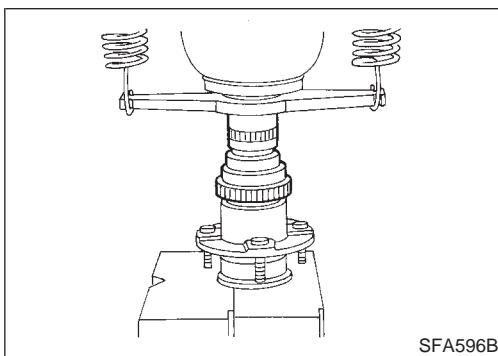
- Apply anti-rust wax to the mating surfaces of hub and hub cap.



ABS Sensor Rotor

REMOVAL

Remove ABS sensor rotor.



INSTALLATION

Press-fit ABS sensor rotor.

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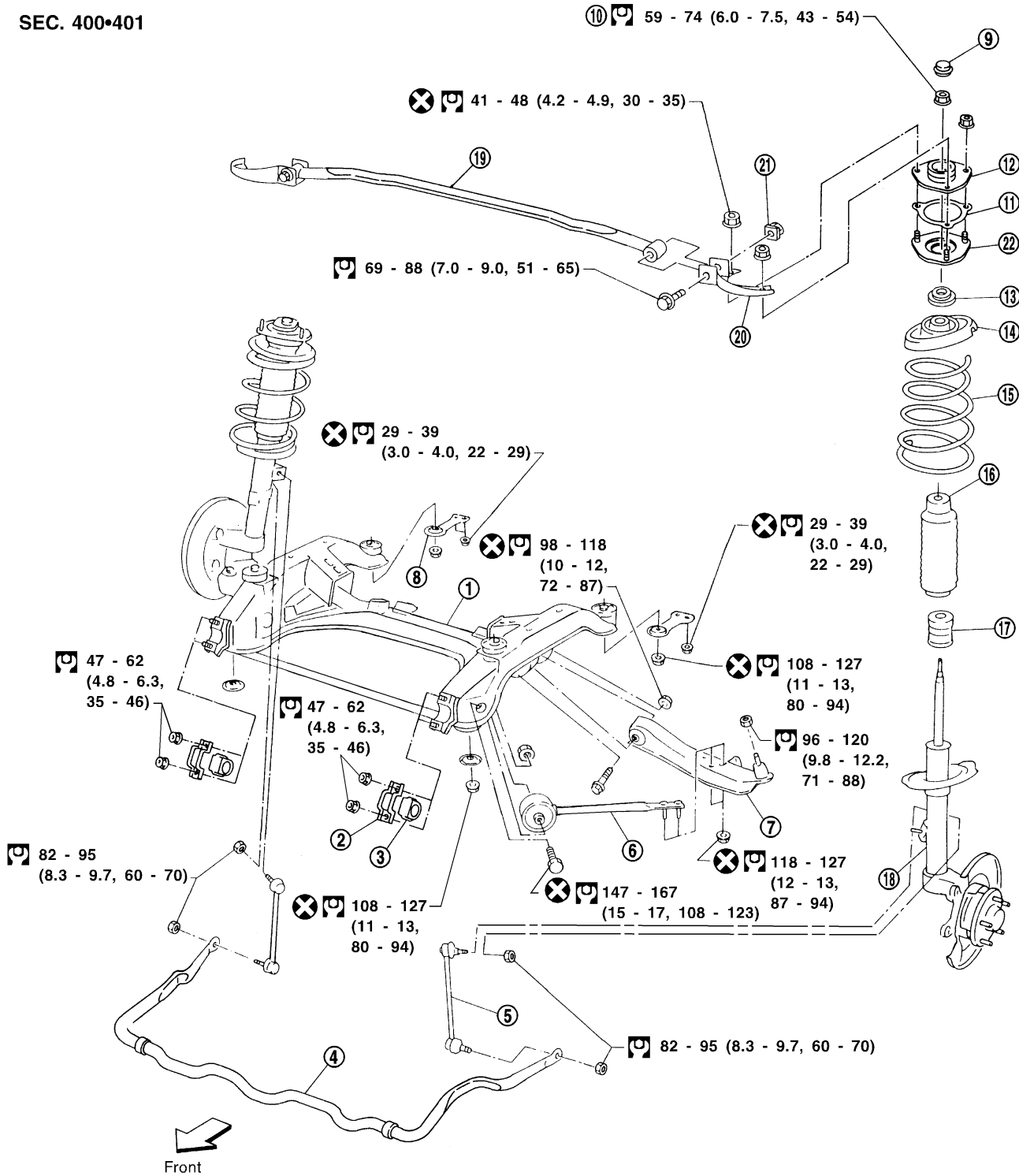
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FRONT SUSPENSION

SEC. 400•401



When installing rubber parts, final tightening must be carried out under unladen condition* with tires on ground.

* Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

: N•m (kg-m, in-lb)

: N•m (kg-m, ft-lb)

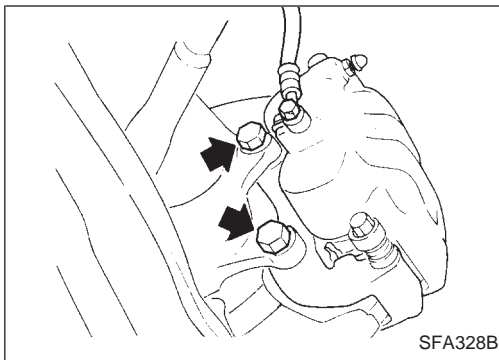
SFA793BA

- ① Front suspension member
- ② Stabilizer bar clamp
- ③ Bushing
- ④ Stabilizer bar
- ⑤ Stabilizer connecting rod
- ⑥ Tension rod
- ⑦ Transverse link
- ⑧ Member stay

- ⑨ Cap
- ⑩ Lock nut
- ⑪ Gasket
- ⑫ Strut mounting insulator
- ⑬ Strut mounting bearing
- ⑭ Spring upper seat
- ⑮ Coil spring

- ⑯ Dust cover
- ⑰ Bound bumper
- ⑱ Strut assembly
- ⑲ Front tower bar
- ⑳ Bracket
- ㉑ Plate nut
- ㉒ Strut mounting bracket

FRONT SUSPENSION



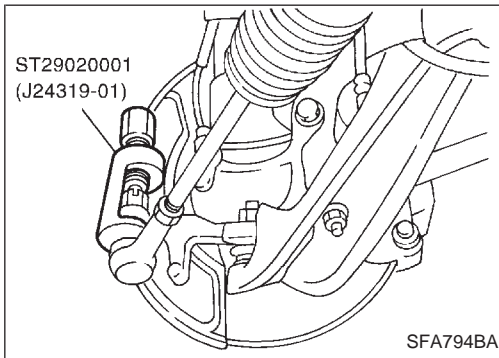
Coil Spring and Strut Assembly

NOTE:

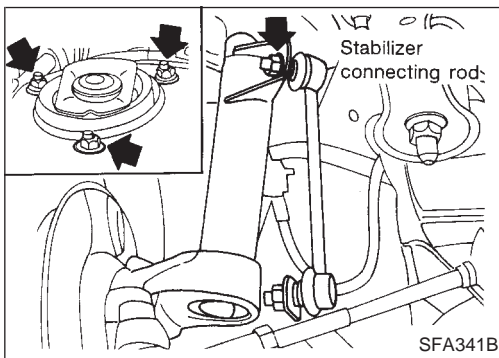
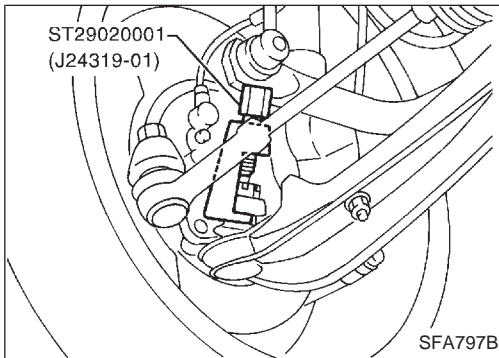
For removal and installation procedures of active damper suspension-related parts, refer to "Removal and Installation", "ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION", FA-27.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

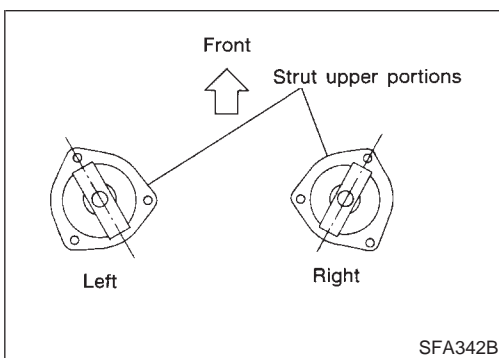
- Remove brake caliper assembly and rotor. **Brake hose need not be disconnected from brake caliper. Be careful not to depress brake pedal, or piston will pop out. Do not pull or twist brake hose.**



- Remove tie-rod ball joint and lower ball joint with Tool.



- Remove stabilizer connecting rod upper nut, separate strut assembly and stabilizer connecting rod.
- Remove strut assembly upper nuts.



- To install, reverse above removal procedures. Installation position of upper end of strut is shown at left.

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FRONT SUSPENSION

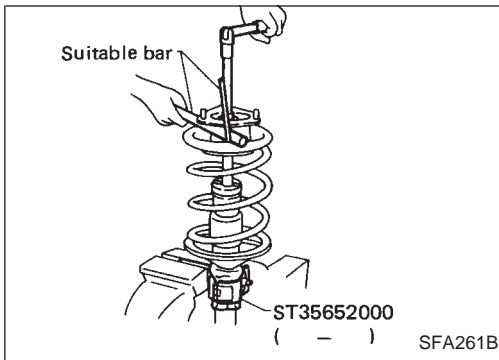
Coil Spring and Strut Assembly (Cont'd)

DISASSEMBLY

1. Set strut assembly on vice with attachment, then **loosen** piston rod lock nut.

WARNING:

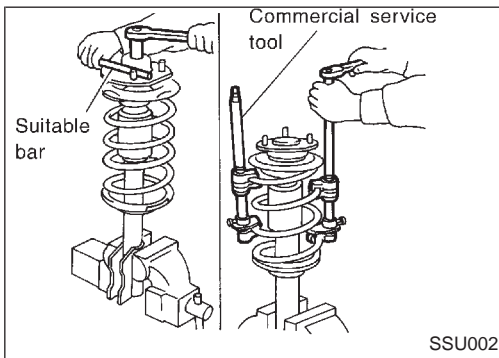
Do not remove piston rod lock nut at this time.



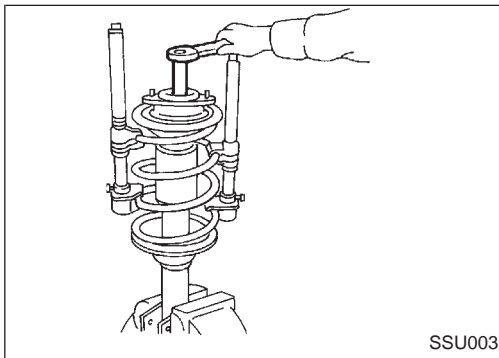
2. Compress spring with tool so as to permit turning of strut mounting insulator by hand.

WARNING:

Make sure that the pawls of the two spring compressors are firmly hooked on the spring. The spring compressors must be tightened alternately so as not to tilt the spring.



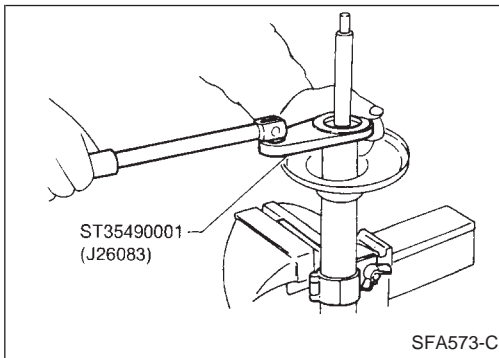
3. Remove piston rod lock nut. Then remove coil spring.



4. Remove gland packing with Tool.

- **Avoid dirt and dust getting into gland packing portion.**

5. Retract piston rod by pushing it down until it bottoms. Then, slowly withdraw piston rod from cylinder together with piston guide.



FRONT SUSPENSION

Coil Spring and Strut Assembly (Cont'd)

INSPECTION

Wash all parts, except for nonmetallic parts, clean with suitable solvent and dry with compressed air.

Blow dirt and dust off of nonmetallic parts using compressed air.

Strut assembly

- Oil oozing out around gland packing does not need strut replacement.
If oil leakage is evident on spring seat, check piston rod gland packing and O-ring.
- If oil leakage occurs on welded portion of outer strut casing, replace strut assembly.
- If shock absorber itself is malfunctioning, replace as shock absorber kit.

Gland packing

Check gland packing for oil leakage. Replace gland packing if necessary.

Strut mounting insulator

Check cemented rubber-to-metal portion for melting or cracks. Check rubber parts for deterioration. Replace if necessary.

Thrust seat

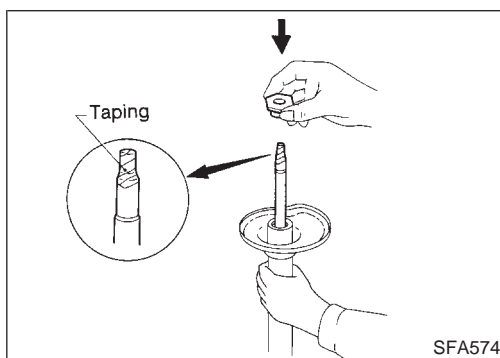
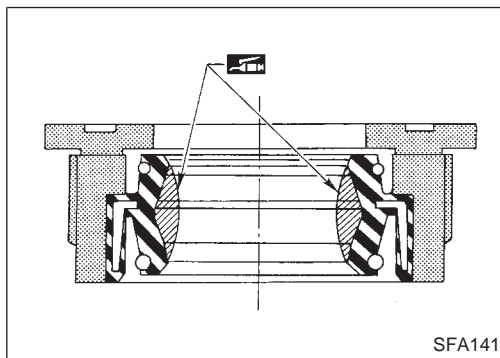
Check for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if necessary.

Coil spring

Check for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if necessary.

ASSEMBLY

- Lubricate sealing lip of gland packing.



- Install gland packing.

Cover piston rod with tape so as not to damage oil sealing lip.

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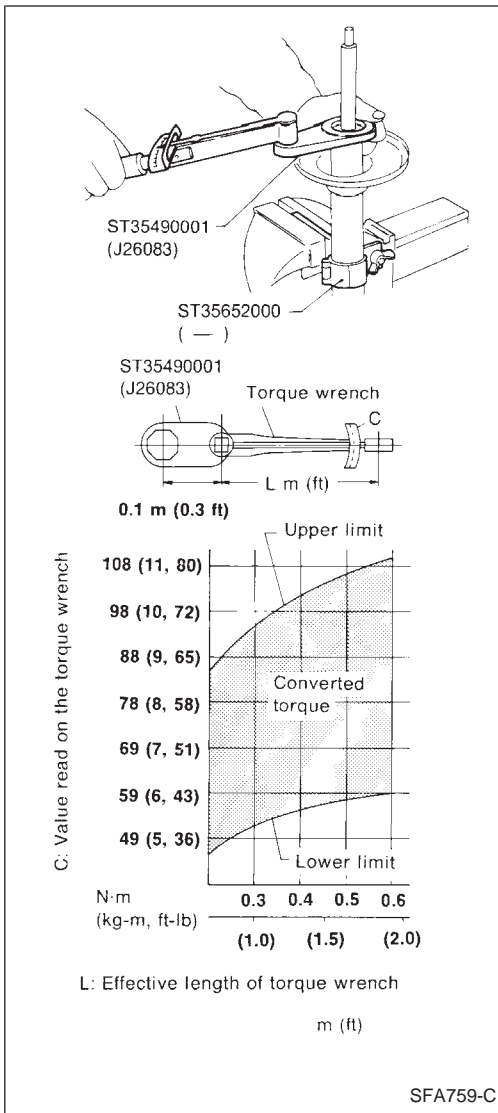
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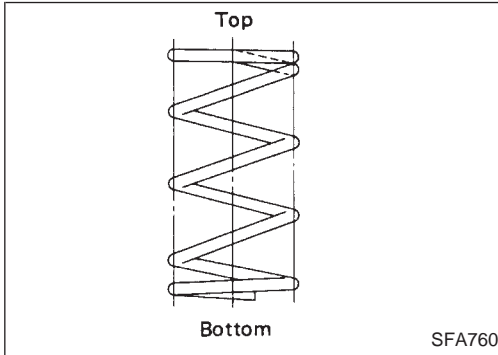
FRONT SUSPENSION

Coil Spring and Strut Assembly (Cont'd)

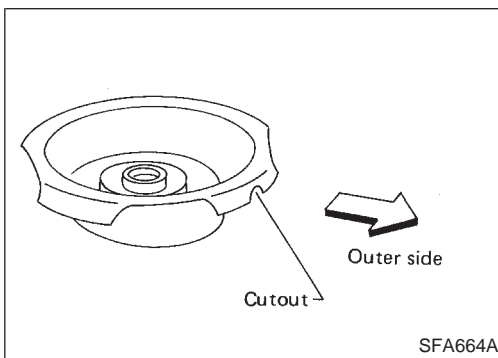
- Tighten gland packing to the specified torque (refer to chart at left) with Tool.



- When installing coil spring, be careful not to reverse top and bottom direction. (Top end is flat.)

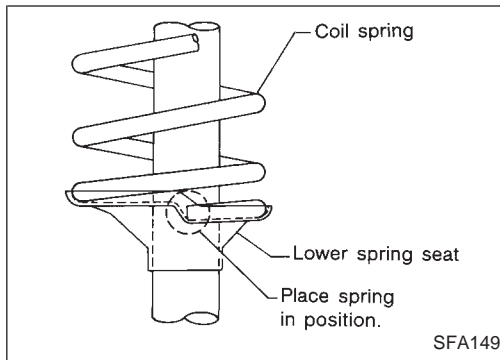


- Install upper spring seat with its cutout facing the outer side of vehicle.

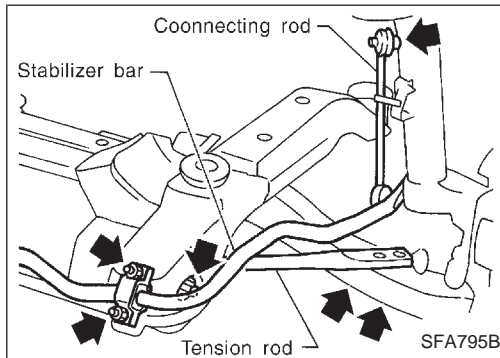


FRONT SUSPENSION

Coil Spring and Strut Assembly (Cont'd)

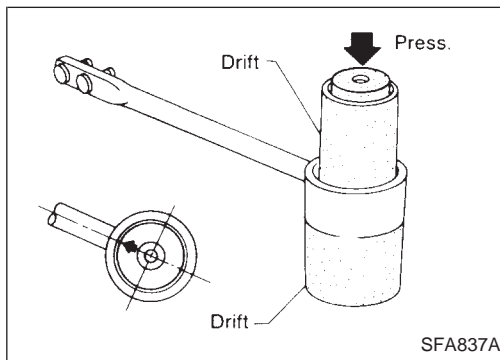


After placing spring in position on lower spring seat, release spring compressor gradually.

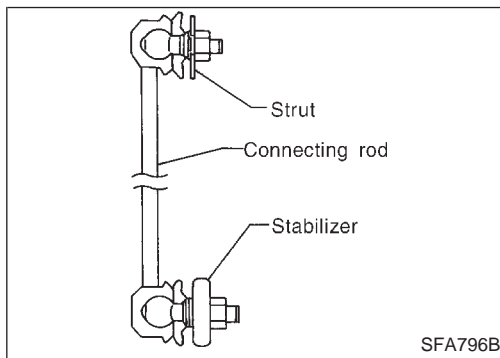


Tension Rod and Stabilizer Bar REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

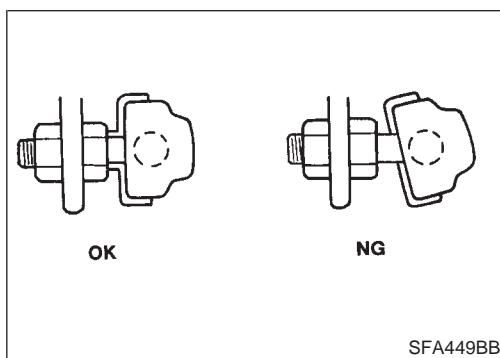
- Remove tension rod and stabilizer bar.
- Prevent stabilizer connecting rod from turning by inserting hex wrench into end of ball stud, then remove nut.



- Place a drift on lower side of tension rod bushing and another on upper side, as shown. Remove tension rod bushing by pressing it out.
- Place arrow mark on bushing facing tension rod before installing bushing.



- Install stabilizer bar with ball joint socket properly placed.



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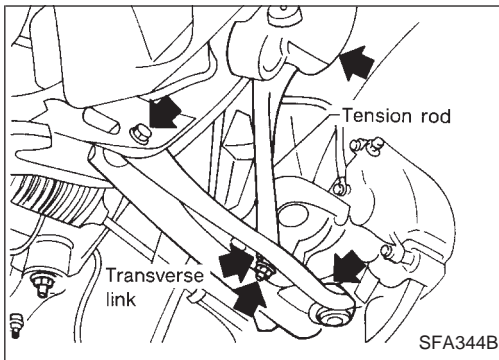
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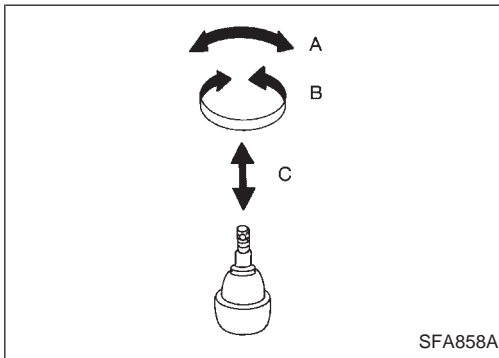
FRONT SUSPENSION



Transverse Link Assembly

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- Separate suspension ball joint from knuckle arm.
- Remove tension rod and transverse link assembly.



INSPECTION

- Check tension rod, stabilizer bar and transverse link for damage, cracks, deformation; replace transverse link assembly if necessary.
- Check rubber bushing for damage, cracks and deformation; replace tension rod or transverse link assembly if necessary.
- Check ball joint for excessive play. Replace transverse link assembly if any of the following exists:
 - Ball stud is worn.
 - Joint is hard to swing.
 - Play in axial direction is excessive.

Before checking, turn ball joint at least 10 revolutions so that ball joint is properly broken in.

Swinging force:

Refer to SDS (FA-61).

Turning torque:

Refer to SDS (FA-61).

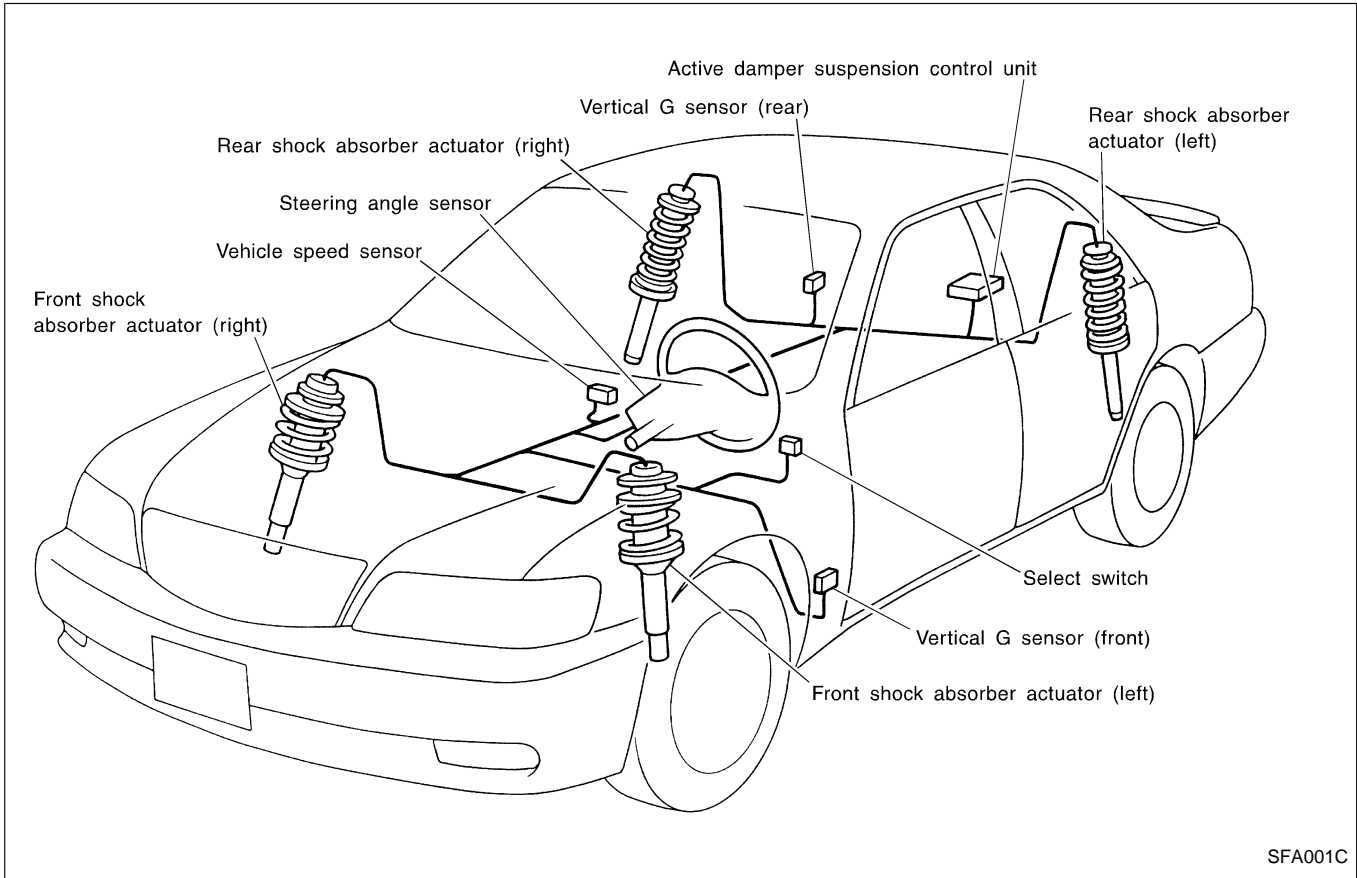
Vertical end play:

Refer to SDS (FA-61).

- Check dust cover for damage. Replace it and cover clamp if necessary.

ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION

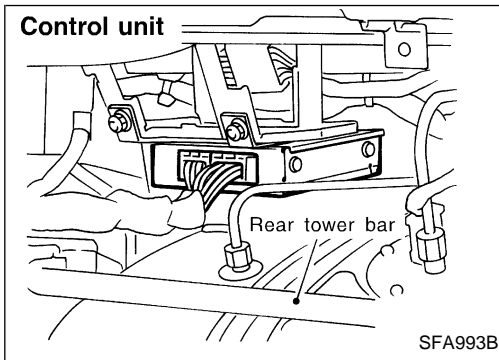
System Components



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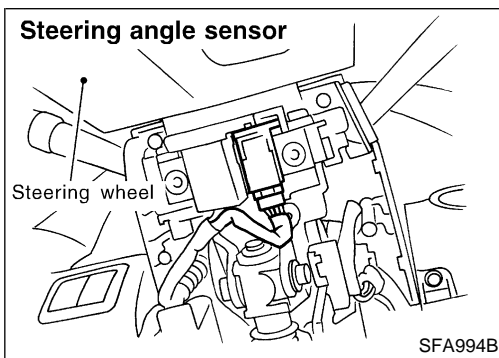
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Component Description

CONTROL UNIT

The control unit calculates the direction and the speed of the vehicle based on input signals from each sensor, and controls actuators (step motors) for optimum damping force of shock absorbers. In case of the trouble in the electric system, the control unit controls actuators (step motors) for constant damping force according to signals stored in control unit.



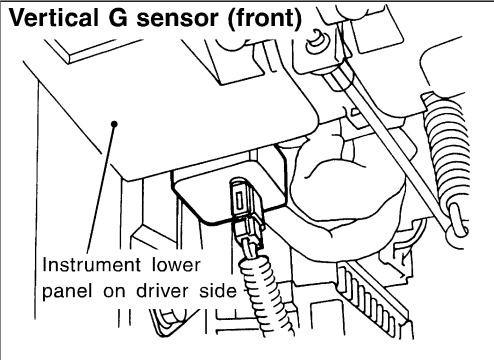
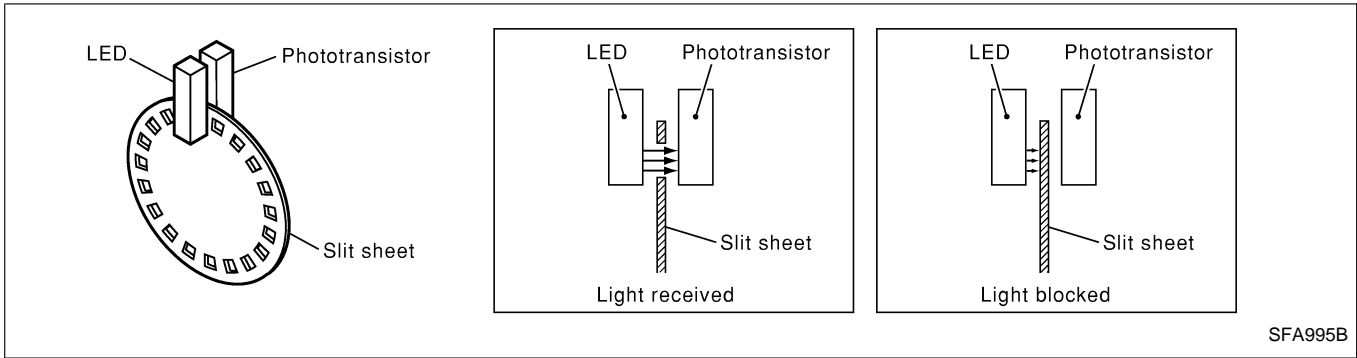
STEERING ANGLE SENSOR

Three optical, non-contact type sensors are used to send signals of the steering direction, neutral position, and lock angle to the control unit.

Steering angle sensors consist of LEDs, phototransistors which transform light to electric signals, and slit sheets which rotate with the steering wheel. The sensors receive light through slit sheets which rotate and shade light, turning ON/OFF the phototransistors.

ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION

Component Description (Cont'd)



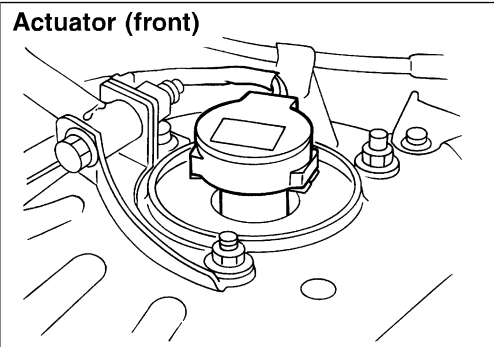
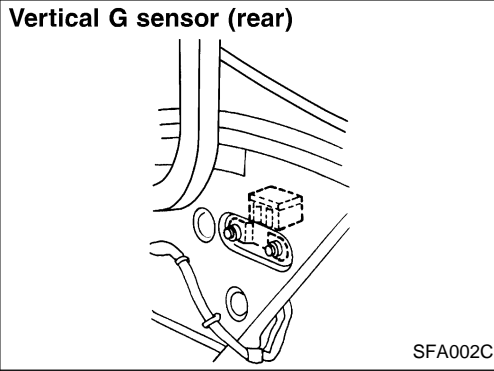
VERTICAL G SENSOR

The vertical G sensor detects the up/down accelerations of the vehicle, and sends signals to the control unit.

The vertical G sensor consists of semiconductor piezo elements for the detecting element. The sensor detects accelerations as distortion amount and transforms the amount to a voltage signal through the amplification circuit.

CAUTION:

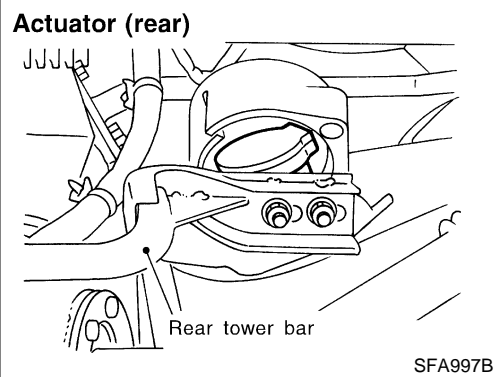
Because the sensor is susceptible to mechanical impact, be sure to handle it with care.



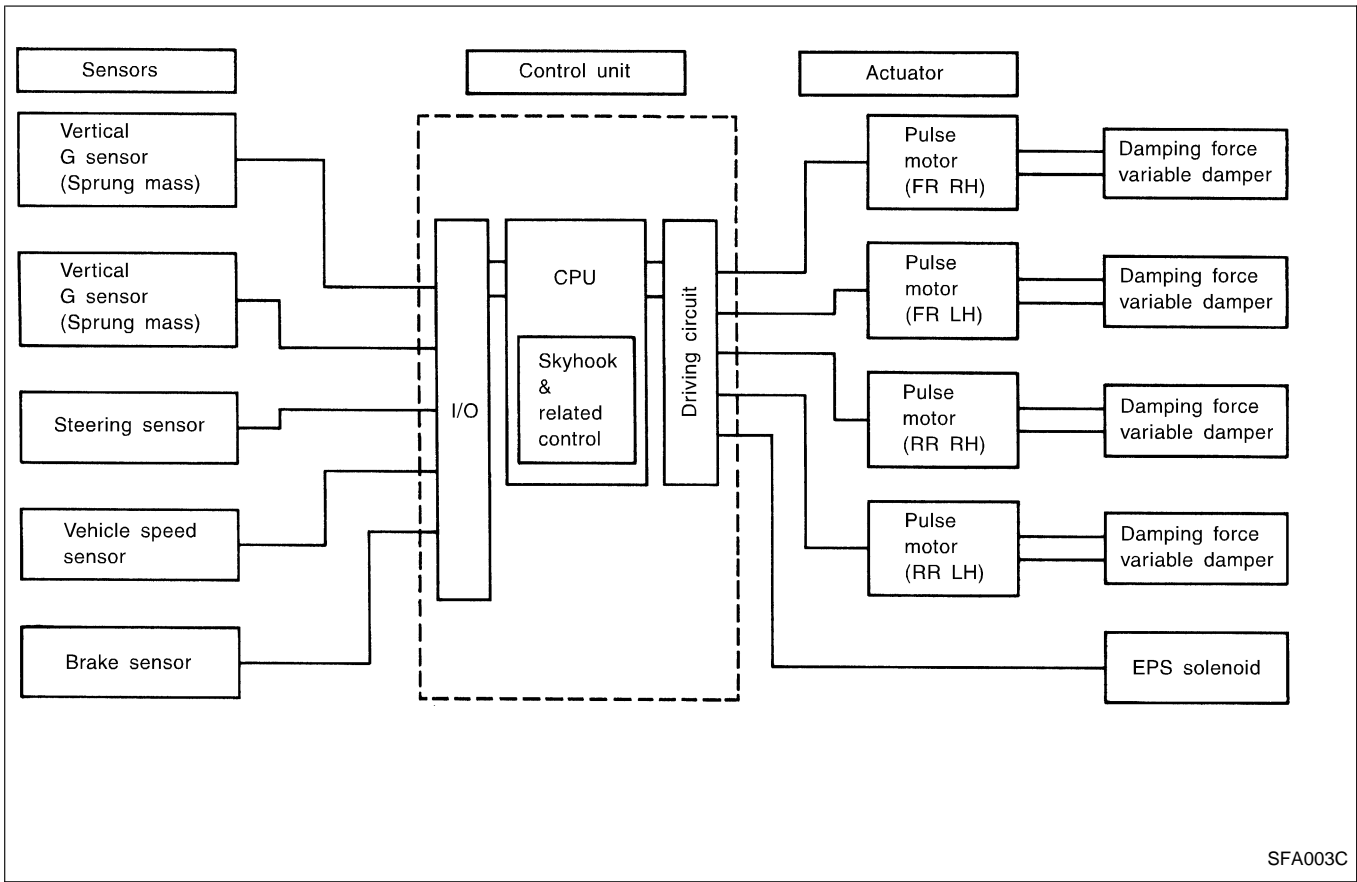
SHOCK ABSORBER ACTUATOR

Shock absorber actuators are installed on the upper part of shock absorbers to control the damping force of shock absorbers by output signals from the control unit.

The motor operating angle is about 70°. The shock absorber actuator instantly controls 140 patterns of damping force.



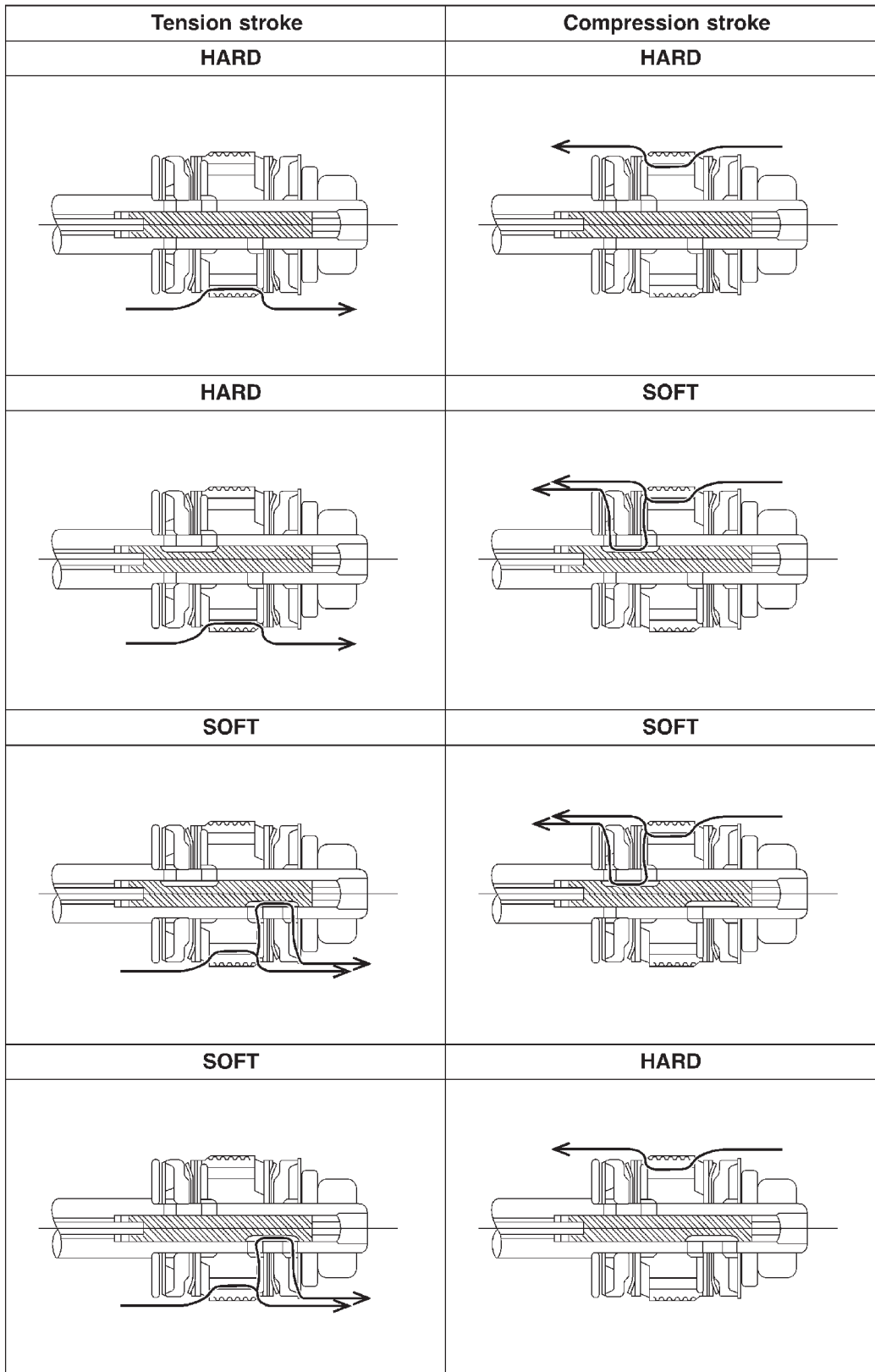
Active Damper Suspension Configuration



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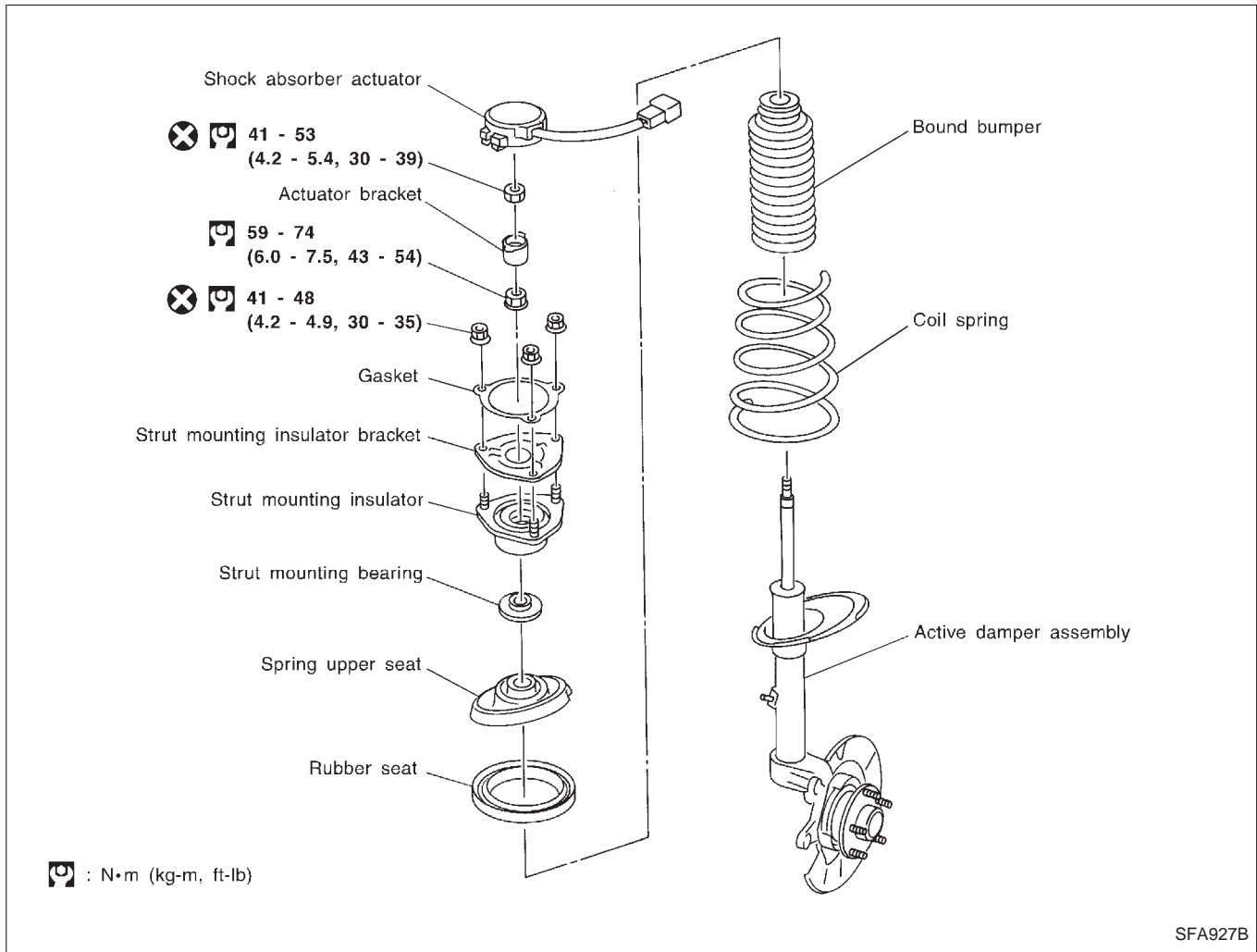
ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION

Active Damper

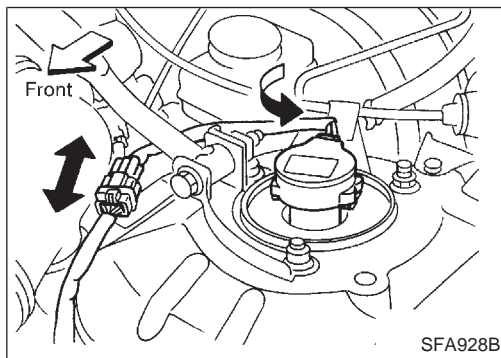


ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION

Removal and Installation

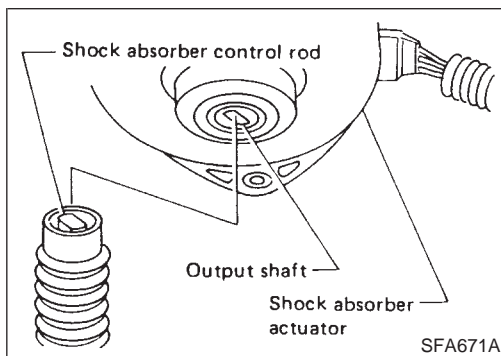


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- Disconnect sub-harness connector.
- Turn shock absorber actuator counterclockwise, then remove from bracket.

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- **Before installing actuator, ensure shock absorber control rod is aligned with actuator output shaft. Otherwise, actuator may be damaged.**
- Refer to FRONT SUSPENSION for other procedures.

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INSPECTION

- Replace shock absorber assembly if it is damaged. Refer to FRONT SUSPENSION — Coil Spring and Strut Assembly (FA-17).

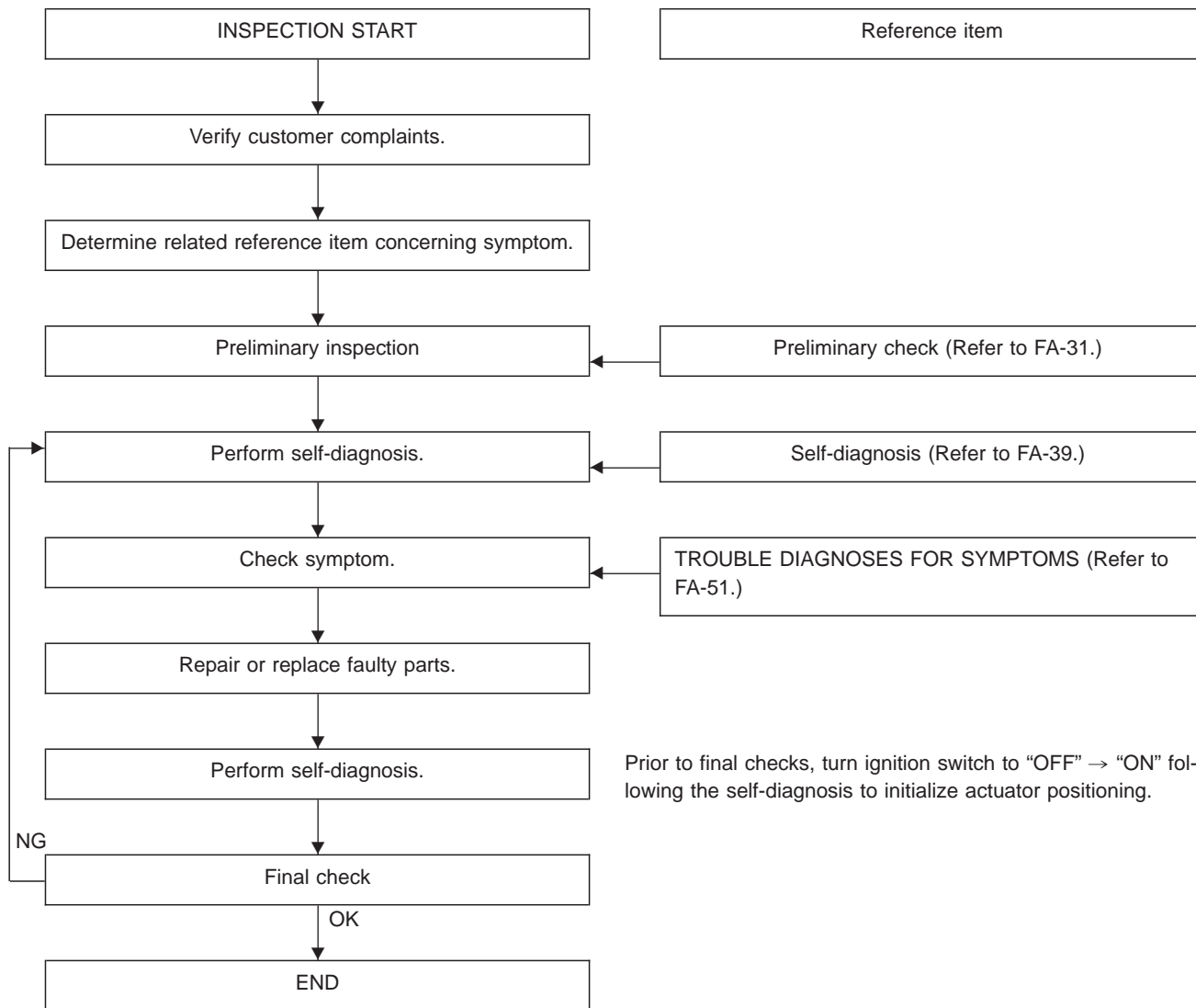
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

How to Perform Trouble Diagnoses for Quick and Accurate Repair

INTRODUCTION

- Before troubleshooting, verify customer complaints concerning his vehicle.
- If a vehicle problem is hard to reproduce, harnesses, harness connectors and/or terminals may often be faulty. Hold and shake these parts by hand to make sure they are securely connected.
- When using a circuit tester to measure voltage or resistance of each circuit, be careful not to expand connector terminals unnecessarily.

WORK FLOW



TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Symptom Chart

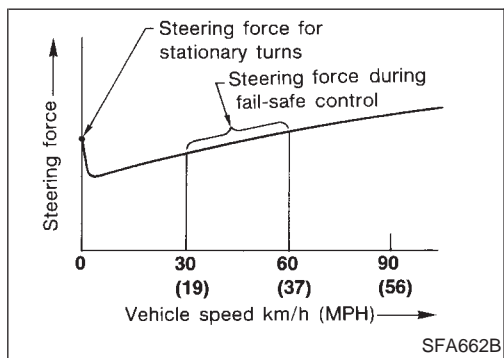
PROCEDURE				TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS				TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS			
SYMPTOM				Diagnostic Procedure 1	Diagnostic Procedure 2	Diagnostic Procedure 3	Diagnostic Procedure 4	Diagnostic Procedure 5	Diagnostic Procedure 6	Diagnostic Procedure 7	Diagnostic Procedure 8
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnosis code No.	Diagnosed part	CONSULT-II indication								
	11	Vehicle speed sensor	VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	○							
	12	Steering angle sensor (Steering angle signal)	STEERING ANG [°]		○						
	13	Steering angle sensor (Steering neutral signal)	NEUTRAL SIG [ON-OFF]		○						
	14	Stop lamp switch	DATA MONITOR mode "STOP LAMP SW" Brake pedal depressed: ON Brake pedal release: OFF			○					
	22	Vertical G sensor front	VERTI G SE FL [G]				○				
	23	Vertical G sensor rear right side	VERTI G SE RR [G]				○				
Indicator lamp in meter cluster does not illuminate.								○			
Hard or soft (riding comfort) feel.									○		
Heavy steering operation during stationary turns.										○	
Light steering during high-speed operation.											○

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Fail-safe Remarks

FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION (Active damper suspension)

The active damper suspension electronically controls the shock absorber dampening force. If, for some reason, the dampening force falls under any of the conditions listed in the "Fail-safe items" table below, the fail-safe system will activate to maintain a constant level of shock absorber dampening force. If symptoms (such as unstable steering, unpleasant riding comfort, etc.) are pointed out, check and correct the faulty part or area using the diagnostic procedure outlined under "Diagnostic Procedure 6 (Hard or soft feel)". Refer to FA-53.



FAIL-SAFE FUNCTION (Electric control power steering)

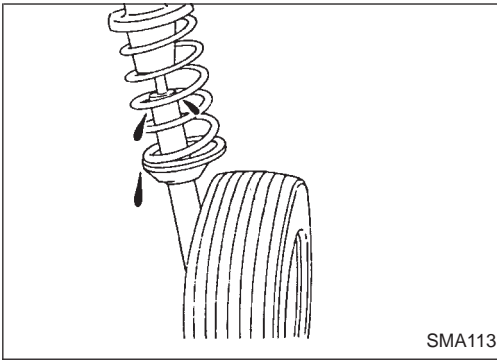
The electric control power steering (EPS) electrically controls the solenoid valve in response to vehicle speeds. If any of the conditions listed in the table below are encountered, the fail-safe system will activate so that a constant level of steering force is maintained during high-speed operation. If abnormal steering force is indicated, check and correct the problem using the diagnostic procedure outlined under "Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Heavy steering operation during stationary turns)". Refer to FA-56.

Fail-safe items

Item	Fail-safe input conditions	Fail-safe cancel conditions	Operation during fail-safe
Vehicle speed sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vehicle speed signal cannot be entered for more than 10 seconds when the vehicle is running with the engine revolution greater than 1,500 rpm. Vehicle speed signal changes from a value of greater than 30 km/h (19 MPH) to a value of less than 2 km/h (1 MPH) within 1.4 seconds. 	A signal corresponding to a vehicle speed of greater than 2 km/h (1 MPH) is entered.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Shock absorber dampening force is maintained at a preset value. Power steering control current is maintained at approximately 0.18A.
Steering angle sensor	A steering signal of greater than 1° does not change for more than 180 seconds when vehicle speed is greater than 60 km/h (37 MPH).	A steering signal of greater than 1° is entered.	Shock absorber dampening force is maintained at a preset value.
Steering angle (neutral) signal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Steering neutral signal is not entered ("ON") at all while vehicle is being driven a distance of more than 10 km (6 miles). Steering neutral signal is not entered ("ON") at all when steering wheel is turned at least 360° in either direction. Steering neutral signal is entered ("ON") only while steering wheel is being turned at least 50° in either direction. 	More than one ON-OFF signal are entered.	Shock absorber dampening force is maintained at a preset value.
Vertical G sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Vertical G sensor signal corresponding to a voltage of greater than 4.5 volts does not change for 2 seconds. Vertical G sensor signal corresponding to a voltage of less than 0.5 volts does not change for 2 seconds. 	Vertical G sensor signal corresponding to a voltage of greater than 1 volt or less than 4 volts.	When any of the vertical G sensors are determined to be faulty, shock absorber dampening force is maintained at a preset value.
Stop lamp switch	Fail-safe system does not process data. Faulty area is displayed when self-diagnosis is performed.		

NOTE: Even after the fail-safe function is canceled, the fail-safe processed history is retained in the control unit memory.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES



Preliminary Check

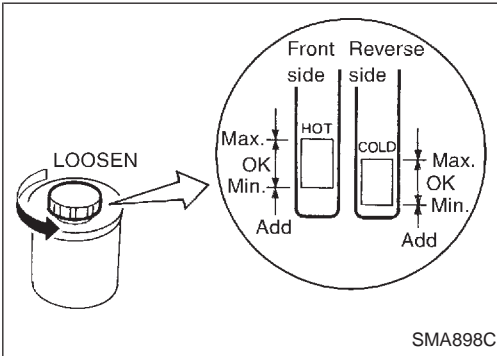
BASIC INSPECTION 1

Check shock absorber for oil leakage or other damage.

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BASIC INSPECTION 2

Check fluid level in reservoir tank.

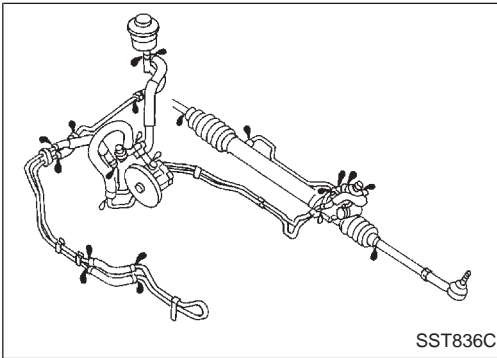
Use "HOT" range at fluid temperatures of 50 to 80°C (122 to 176°F) or "COLD" range at fluid temperatures of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

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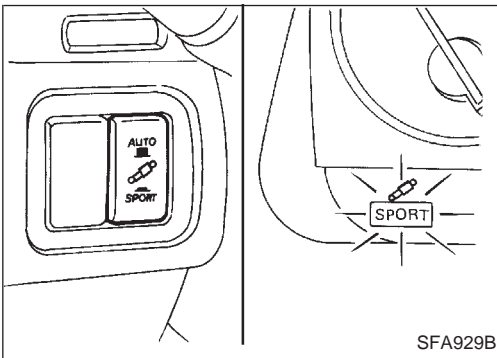
Check lines for improper attachment, leaks, cracks, damage, loose connections, chafing and deterioration.

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BASIC INSPECTION 3

Perform self-diagnosis.

Refer to "Self-diagnosis", FA-39.

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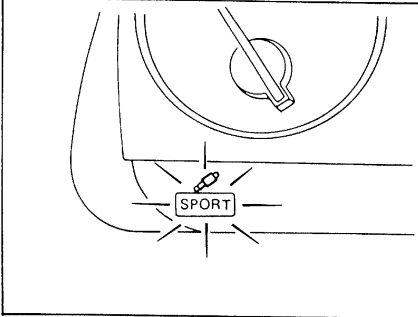
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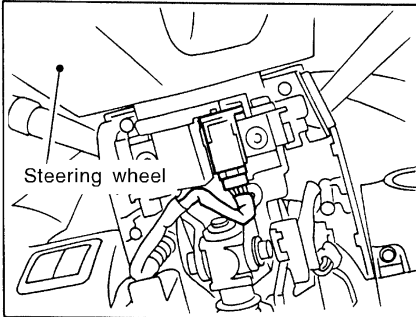
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Component Parts and Harness Connector Locations

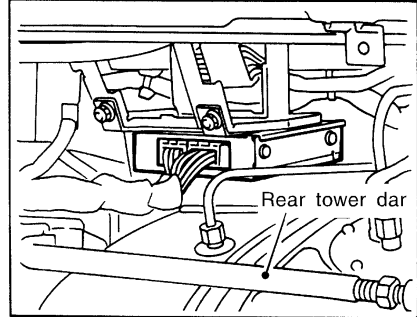
Indicator lamp (SPORT)



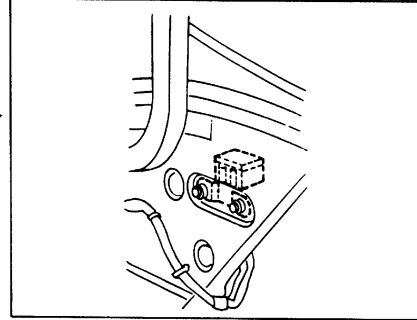
Steering angle sensor



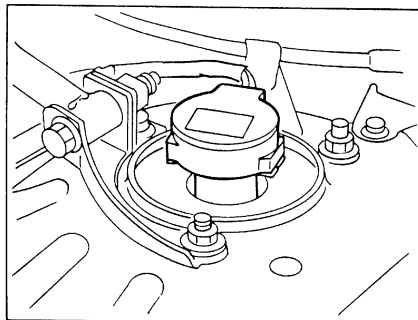
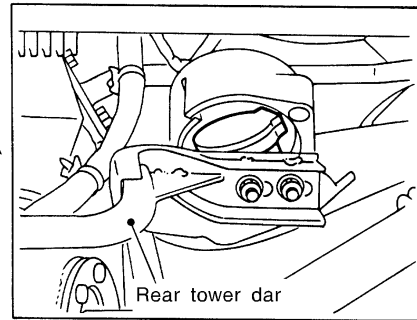
Control unit



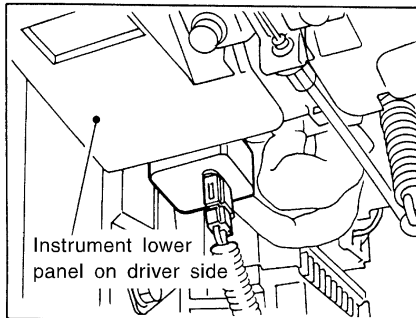
Vertical G sensor (rear)



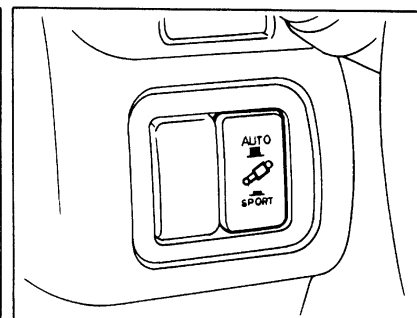
Actuator (rear)



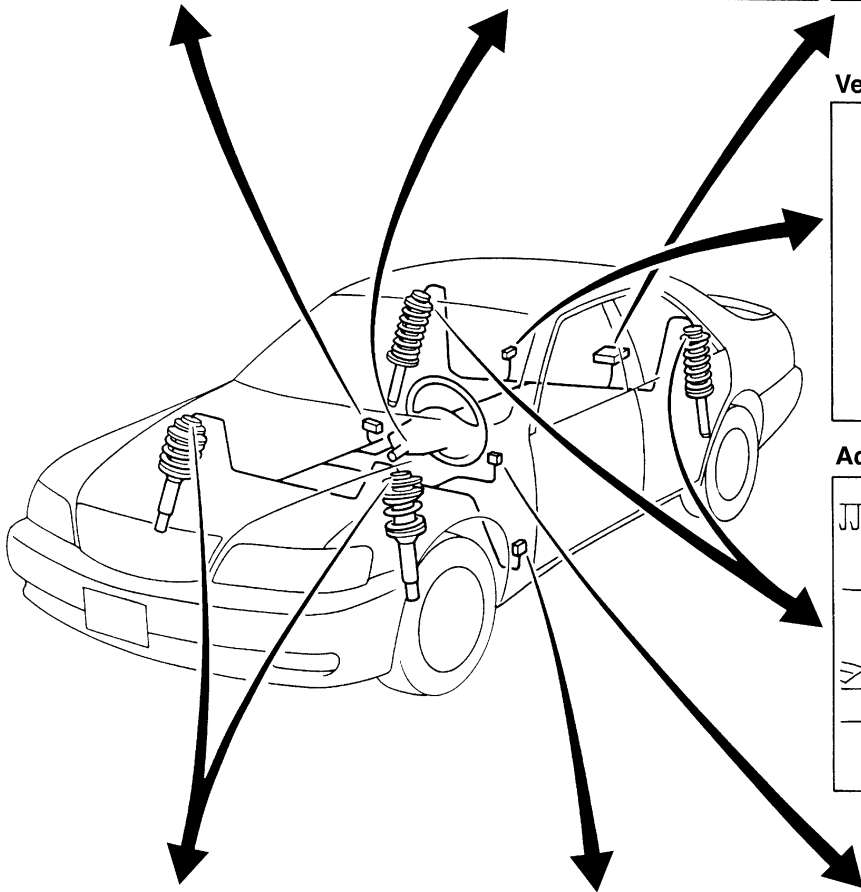
Actuator (front)



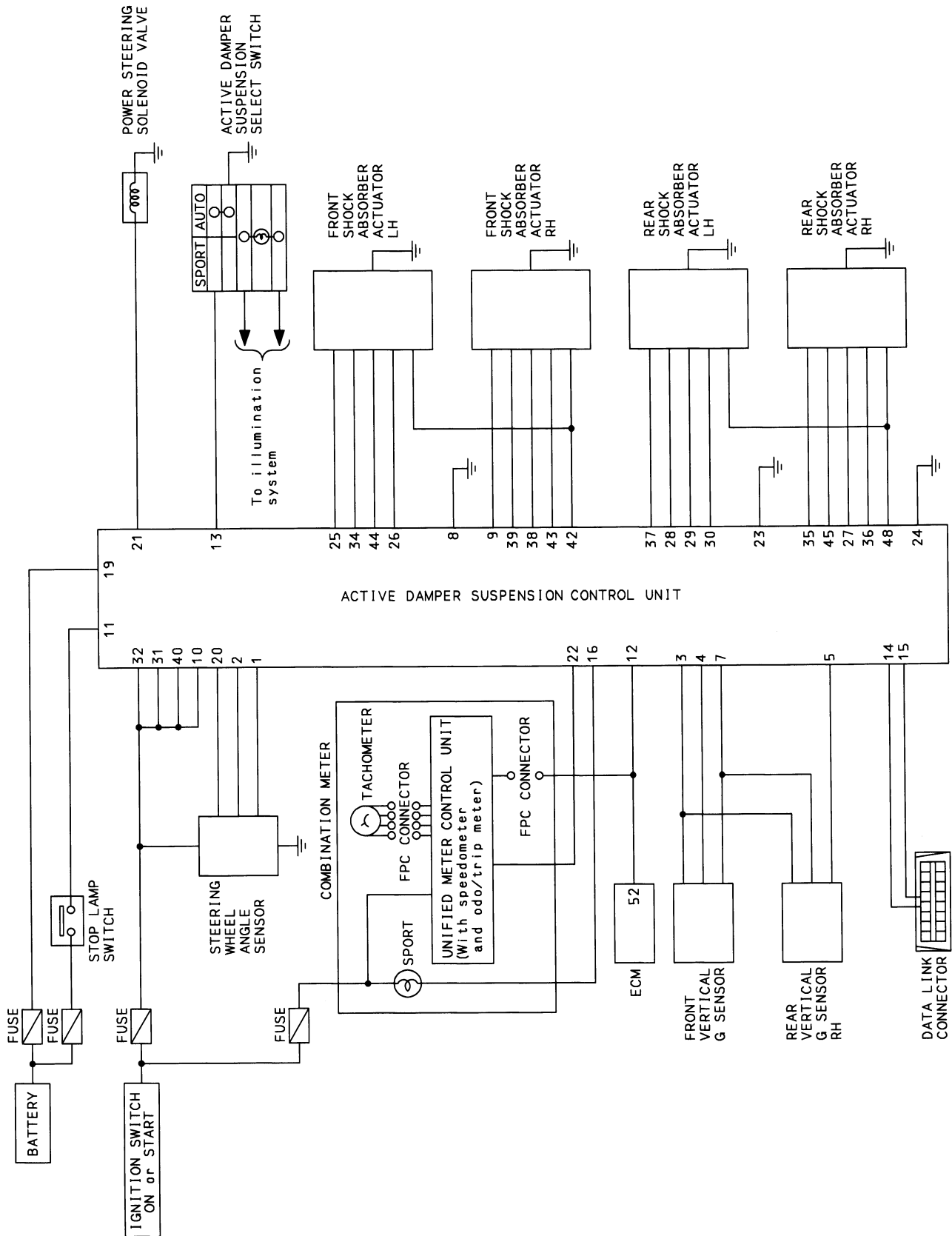
Vertical G sensor (front)



Select switch



Schematic

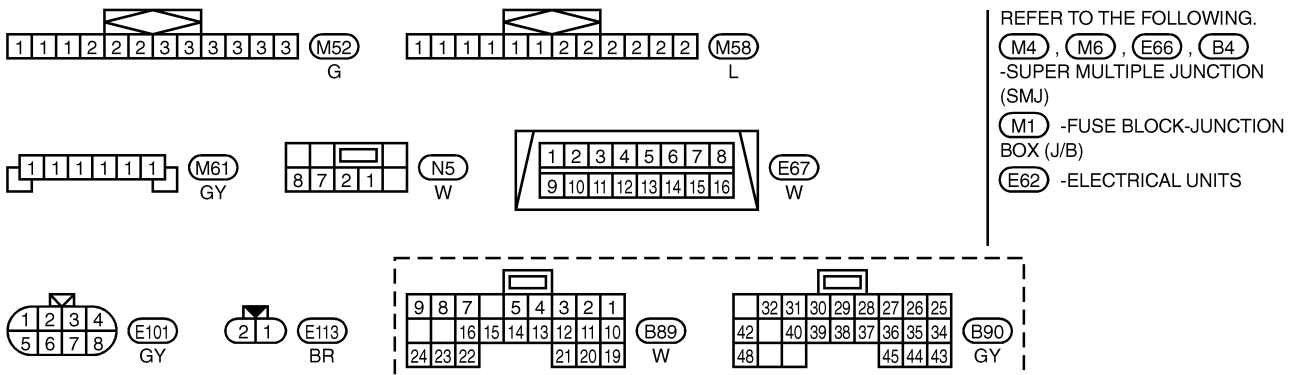
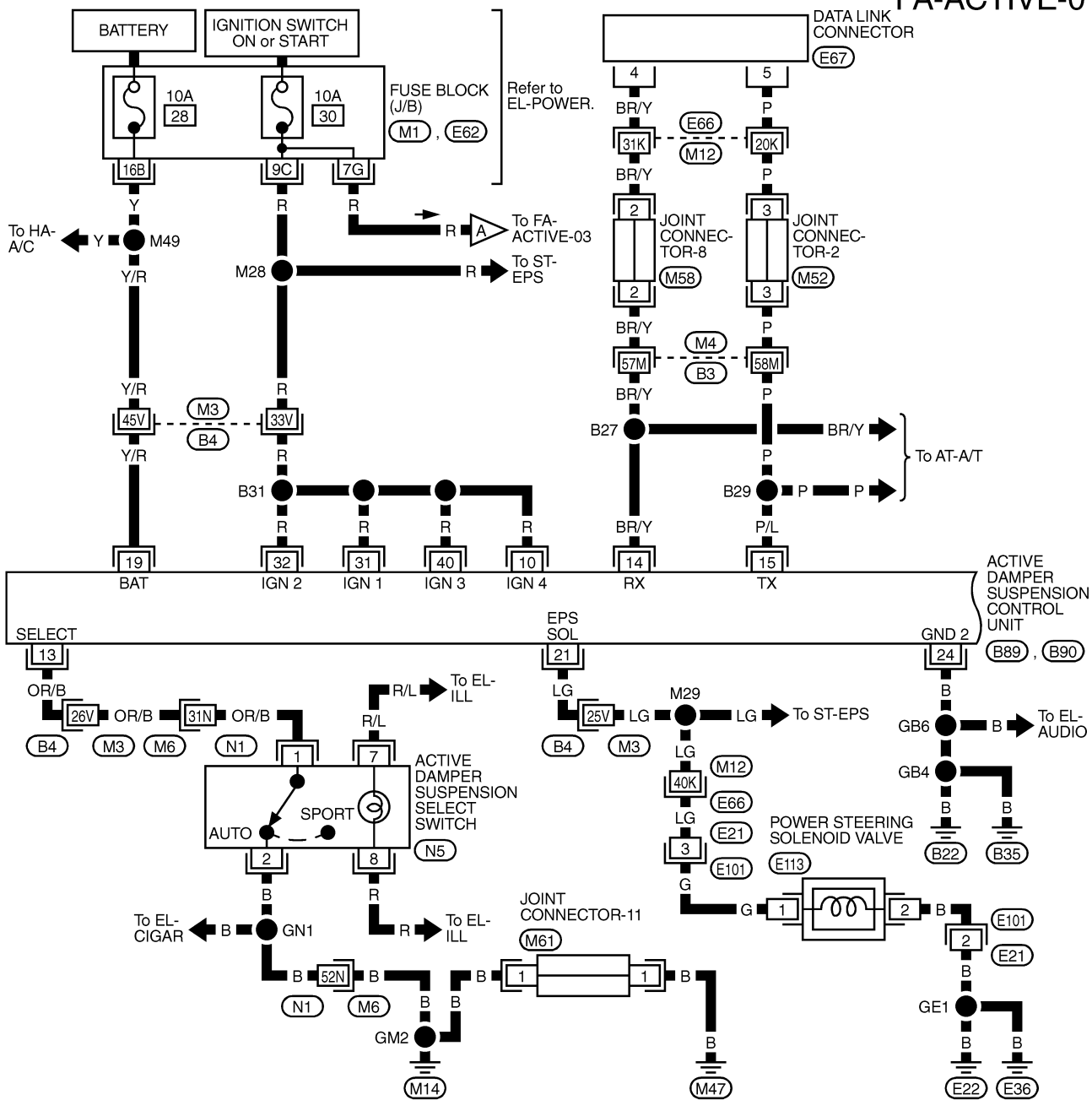


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- IDX

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Wiring Diagram

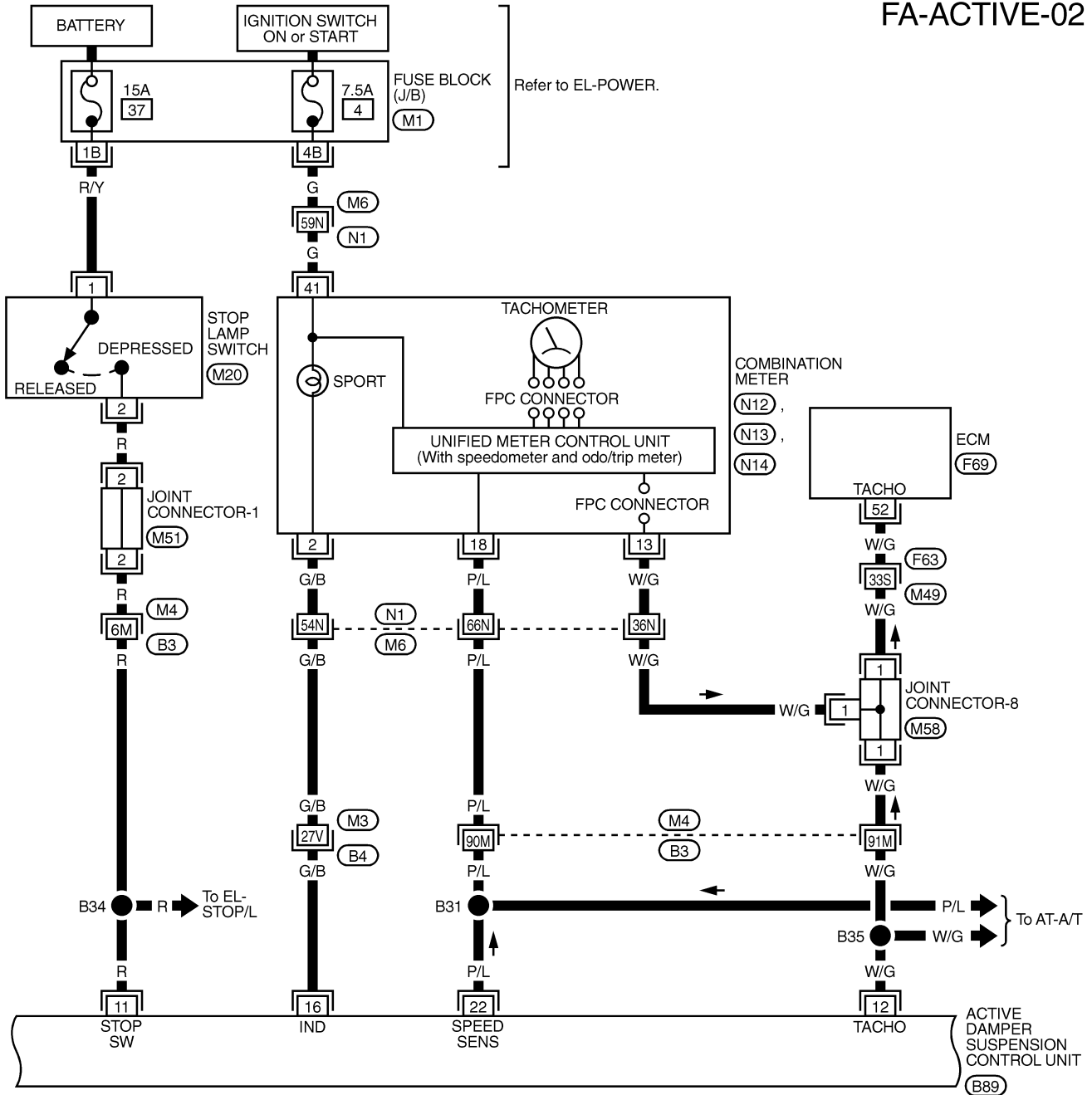
FA-ACTIVE-01



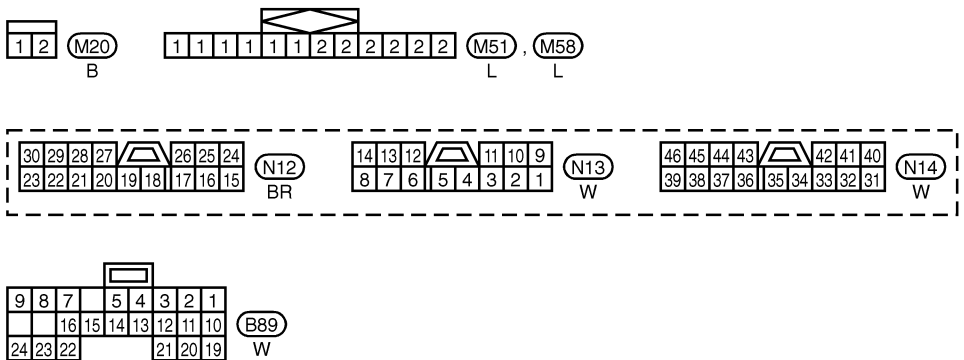
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

FA-ACTIVE-02



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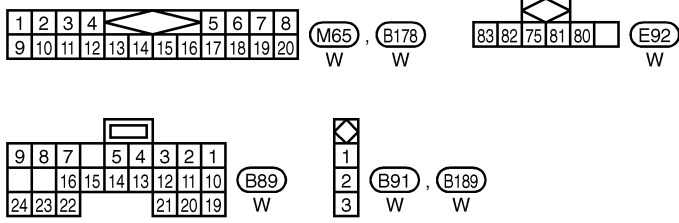
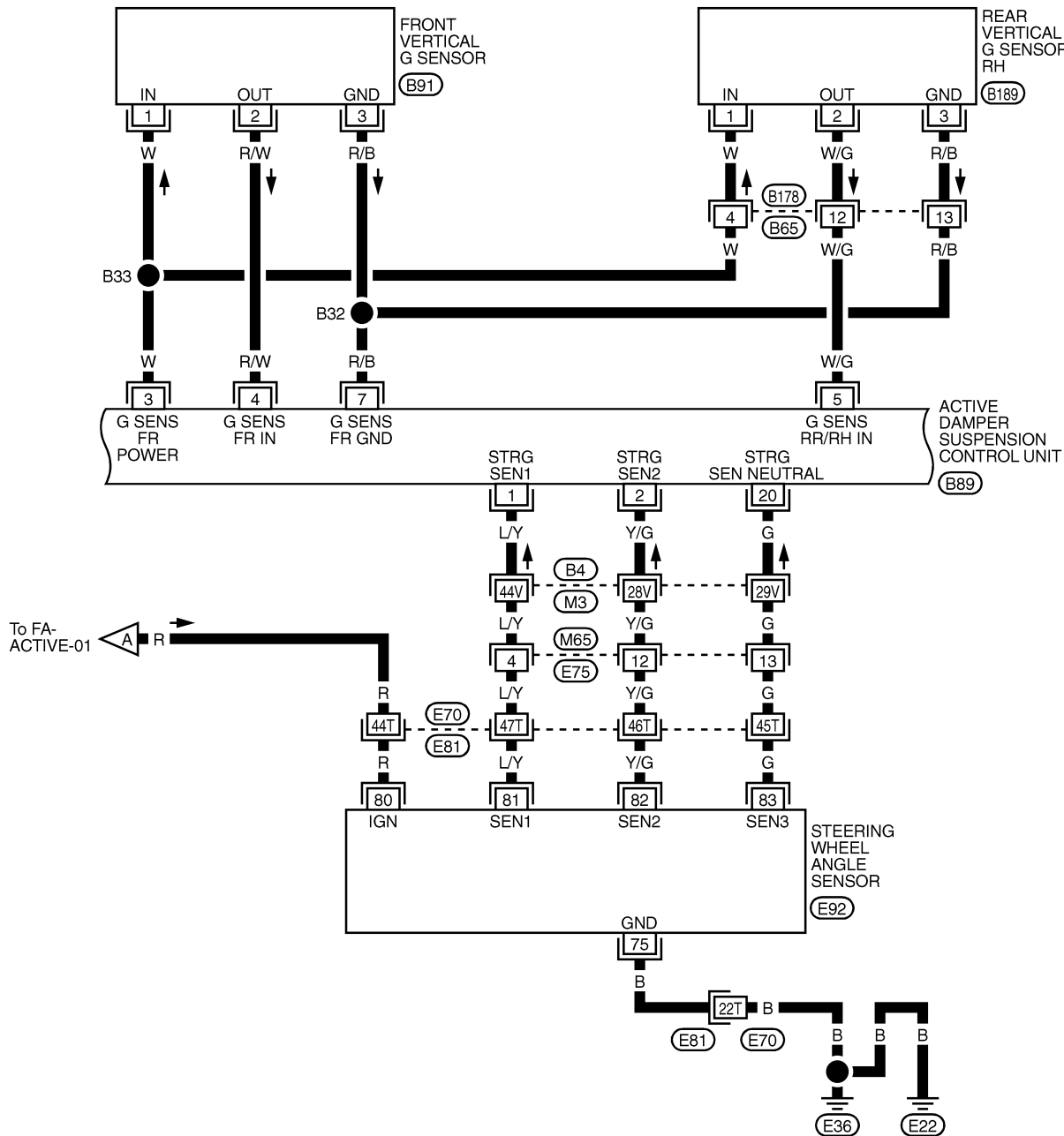


REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
 (M4), (M6), (F63), (B4)
 -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)
 (M1) -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B)
 (F69) -ELECTRICAL UNITS

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

FA-ACTIVE-03



REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
 (E81), (B4) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ)

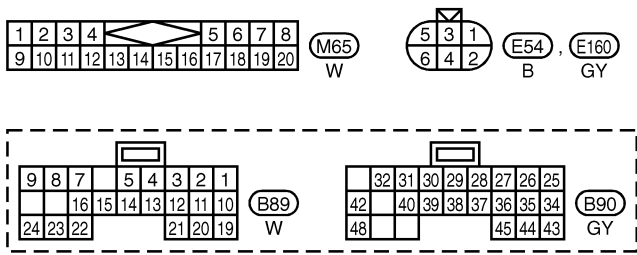
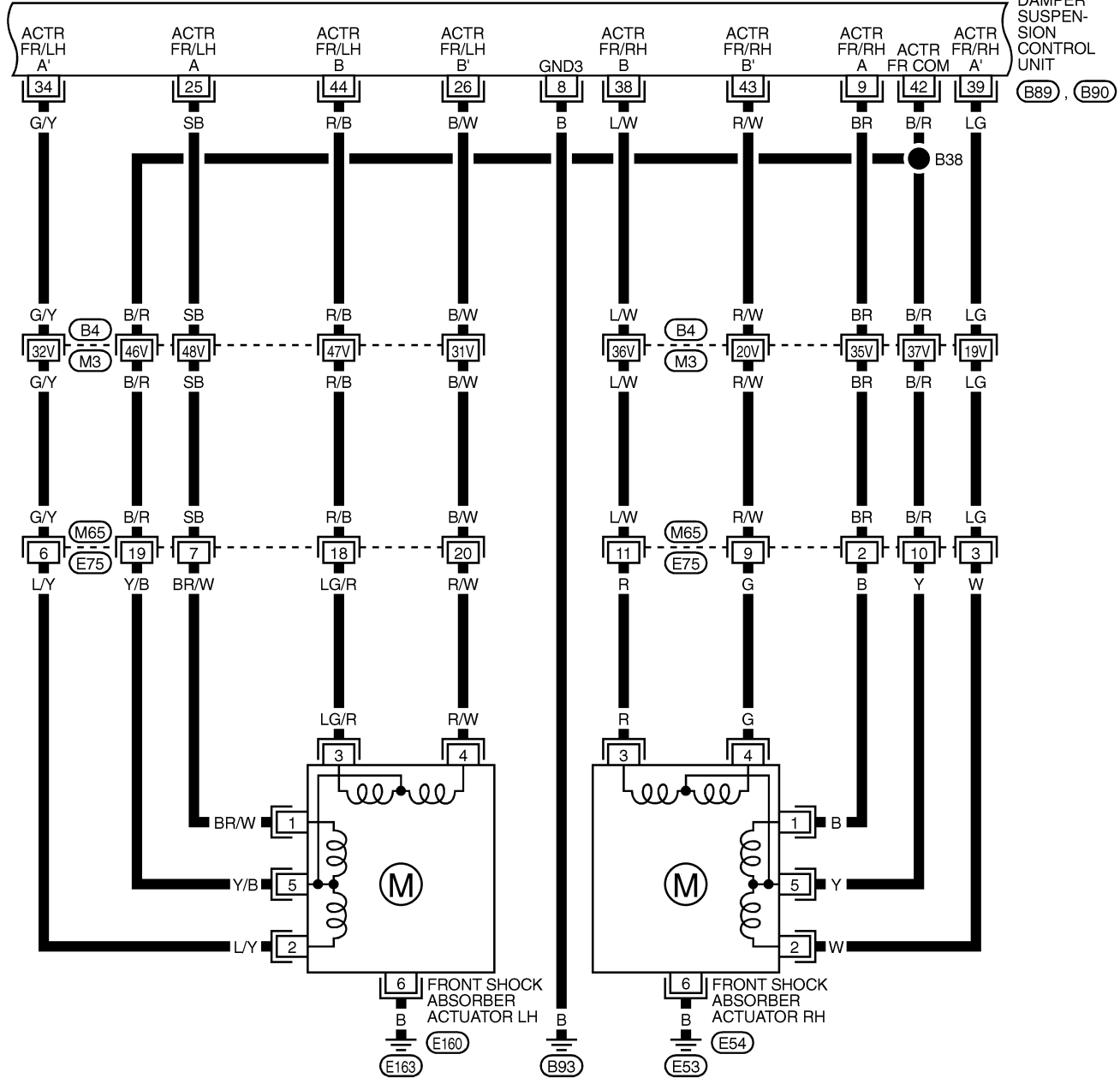
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

FA-ACTIVE-04

ACTIVE
DAMPER
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REFER TO THE FOLLOWING.
B4 -SUPER MULTIPLE
JUNCTION (SMJ)

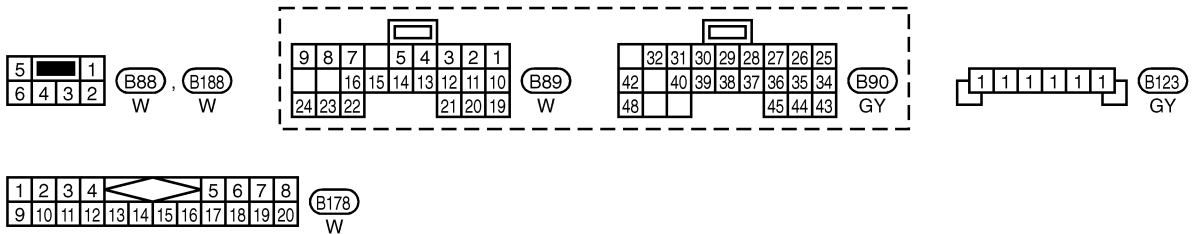
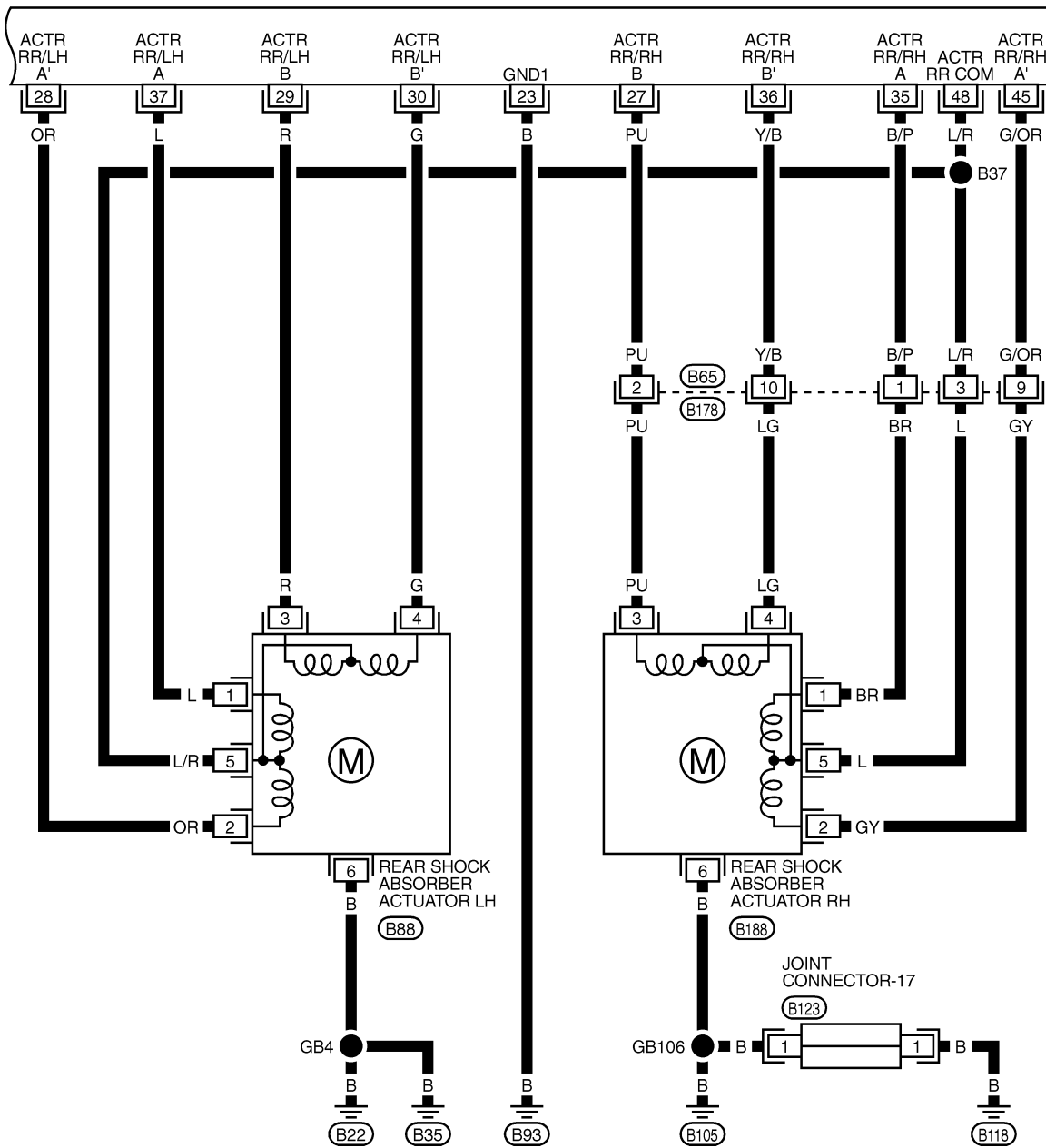
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Wiring Diagram (Cont'd)

LHD MODELS

FA-ACTIVE-05

ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION CONTROL UNIT (B89), (B90)



Self-diagnoses

FUNCTION

The self-diagnosis system can be used without using CONSULT-II. With this system, both self-diagnostic history and fail-safe history are indicated by the SPORT indicator lamp.

SELF-DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

1. Turn ignition switch to "OFF".
2. Start the engine.
3. Quickly switch the active damper suspension select switch from "SPORT" to "AUTO", and vice versa, at least 5 times within 10 seconds immediately after the engine has started.

2 or 3 seconds following the above switch operation, the indicator lamp will come on. This is not the indication of self-diagnosis.

4. Perform the following procedures to enter the corresponding signals.
 - Turn steering wheel 180° in either direction from neutral.
 - Depress brake pedal.
 - Release brake pedal.
 - Move the vehicle at least 5 m (16 ft) forward.

HOW TO READ SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

Following the steps listed under the "Self-diagnostic procedure" above, a faulty area or faulty areas, if any, are indicated by a flashing active damper suspension indicator lamp located in the meter cluster.

The indicator lamp flashes to show faulty areas corresponding with No. 11 through 14, then No. 21, 23 and 24, in that order. 2 seconds after all items are indicated, the indicator lamp repeats the flash sequence for all items again.

- When all items are in good order, the indicator lamp flashes at a cycle of 1/4 Hz [ON (2 seconds) and OFF (2 seconds)].

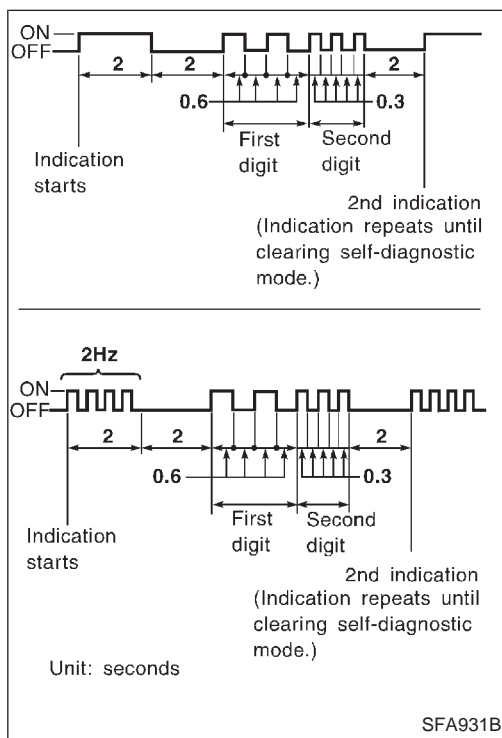
Display mode:

First digit "ON" (0.6 seconds)

Second digit "ON" (0.3 seconds)

- The upper part of the figure at left shows an example of a faulty area corresponding with No. 23.
- The lower part of the figure at left shows an example of a faulty area (No. 23) which previously fell under the fail-safe history data and is still stored in the current fail-safe data history.

After repairing the faulty area(s), erase the self-diagnostic data stored in memory. [Refer to "HOW TO ERASE SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)", FA-40].



TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

Self-diagnoses (Cont'd)

MALFUNCTION CODE/SYMP TOM CHART

Code No.	Diagnostic item
11	Vehicle speed sensor
12	Steering angle sensor
13	Steering angle (neutral) sensor
14	Stop lamp switch
22	Vertical G sensor (front)
23	Vertical G sensor (rear)

HOW TO ERASE SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS (Malfunction codes)

Disconnecting the self-diagnostic function

Disconnect the self-diagnostic function using one of the following three methods:

- Turn the ignition switch to "OFF".
- Drive the vehicle at speeds greater than 30 km/h (19 MPH).
- Connect CONSULT-II.

Clearing the self-diagnostic memory

Clear self-diagnostic data and fail-safe data stored in memory as follows:

- While self-diagnosis is being performed, depress the brake pedal at least 5 times and shift the select switch position at least 5 times. Pedal depression and switch shifting must be done within 10 seconds during self-diagnosis.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

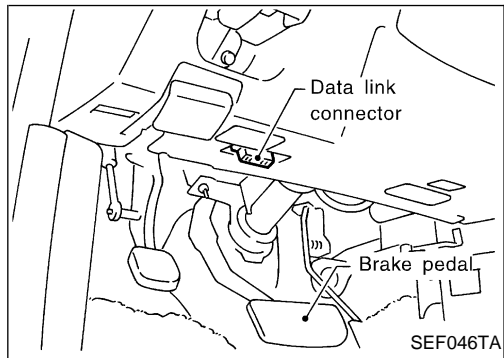
CONSULT-II Inspection Procedure

The troubleshooting system provides four functional modes — self-diagnosis, data monitor, active test and control unit part number display modes.

Mode type	Description	Mode selection	Display representation
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	Self-diagnosis	The desired functional mode can easily be selected by means of touch keys on CONSULT-II.	The desired functional mode can easily be shown on the CONSULT-II display.
DATA MONITOR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Helps locate main trouble cause according to a self-diagnostic result. Provides active damper suspension control unit input and output monitoring and print-out function (observation and recording). 		
ACTIVE TEST	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Used to precisely locate the main cause for trouble according to the self-diagnostic result obtained in the data monitor mode. Provides operational checks of indicator light and actuator circuits. 		
ECU PART NUMBER	Active damper control unit part numbers are shown on the CONSULT-II display.		

ECU (Active damper suspension control unit) part number mode

Ignore the ECU part number displayed in the ECU PART NUMBER MODE. Refer to parts catalog to order the ECU.



SELF DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
VEHICLE SPEED SEN	XXX

SFA983B

SELF-DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE

1. Connect CONSULT-II to data link connector and start the engine.
2. Touch "START", "ACT D/SUS" and "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
 - 1) When a faulty item is displayed, record the item.
 - 2) Touch "ERASE".

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

CONSULT-II Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

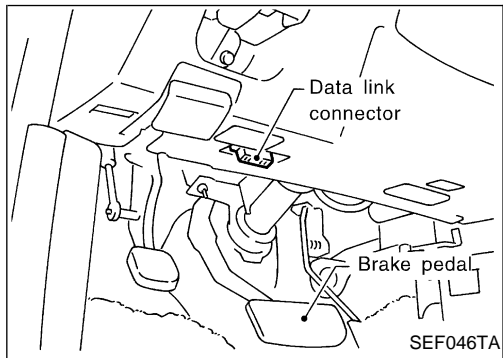
SELF DIAG RESULTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	

SFA984B

3. A self-diagnostic result is displayed again.
If "NO SELF DIAGNOSTIC FAILURE INDICATED" is displayed, check the item first shown on the display.

Items shown on display

Faulty system or circuit	Fault detecting conditions
VEHICLE SPEED SEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Input signal does not change for some length of time while driving. ● Input signal changes abruptly while driving.
VERTI G SENSOR F VERTI G SENSOR R/R	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Voltage is greater than or less than the standard value.
STEERING ANGLE SEN [ANG SIGNAL] (.a)	Input signal does not change for some length of time while driving at speeds greater than 60 km/h (37 MPH).
STEERING ANGLE SEN [NEUT SIGNAL] (.b)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Neutral ("ON") signal is not entered at all while driving a distance of more than 10 km (6 miles). ● Neutral ("ON") signal is not entered at all when steering wheel is turned at least 360°. ● Neutral ("ON") signal is entered when steering wheel is turned at least 50°.



DATA MONITOR PROCEDURE

1. Connect CONSULT-II to data link connector, then start the engine.
2. Touch "START", "ACT D/SUS" and "DATA MONITOR".

DIAGNOSIS MODE SELECTION
SELF-DIAG RESULTS
DATA MONITOR
ACTIVE TEST
ECU PART NUMBER

PST412B

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

CONSULT-II Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

DATA MONITOR
SELECT MONITOR ITEM
ALL SIGNALS
SELECTION FROM MENU

SFA985B

3. Select the signal to be monitored.
 - 1) When "ALL SIGNALS" is selected, touch "START".
 - 2) When "SELECTION FROM MENU" is to be selected, touch "SETTING". "MONITOR ITEM MENU" will then be indicated on the display. Touch the item to be monitored, then "ENTER" and "START".
 - 3) Print out the data if necessary.

GI
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DATA MONITOR MODE

Monitored item	Display	Data item selection		Remarks
		Main item	Item menu selection	
Vehicle speed sensor	VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Vertical G sensor front	VERTI G SE F [G]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Vertical G sensor rear right side	VERTI G SE RR [G]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Steering angle sensor (steering angle signal)	STEERING ANG [°]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	When the battery is disconnected and then reconnected, an abnormal value is displayed until the straight-ahead position (0°) is set during driving.
Active damper select switch	SELECT SWITCH [AUTO-SPORT]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Stop lamp switch	STOP LAMP SW [ON-OFF]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Steering angle sensor (steering neutral signal)	NEUTRAL SIG [ON-OFF]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Damper motor front right	DAMP MTR F/R [Step]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Damper motor front left	DAMP MTR F/L [Step]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Damper motor rear right	DAMP MTR R/R [Step]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Damper motor rear left	DAMP MTR R/L [Step]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Power steering solenoid valve	POWER STR SOL [A]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	EPS solenoid control current flow from control unit
Active damper indicator lamp (SPORT)	INDICATOR [ON-OFF]	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—
Voltage	■ VOLTAGE [V]	—	<input type="radio"/>	Voltage measured by the voltage probe.
Pulse	■ PULSE [msec] or [Hz] or [%]	—	<input type="radio"/>	Pulse width, frequency or duty cycle measured by the pulse probe. Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured. Figures with "#"'s are temporary ones. They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously measured.

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

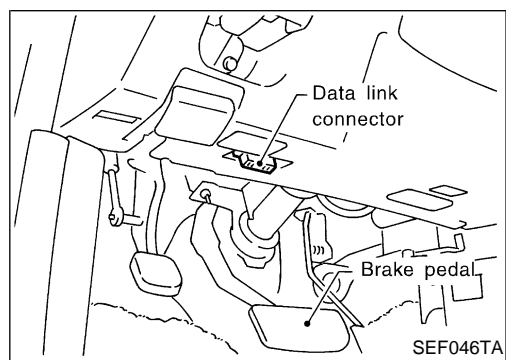
CONSULT-II Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

Specifications for control unit input and output signals

Standard values emitted by CONSULT-II

Output signals refer to the data which are operated by the control unit. If an output circuit (harness) is broken, normal values are displayed.

Items to monitor	Data monitor		Items to check (when abnormal)	Reference page
	Conditions	Reference value (when normal)		
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	During driving or drive wheel rotation	Corresponds with speedometer indication.	Vehicle speed sensor circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 1".)	FA-47
VERTI G SE F [G]	Vehicle is stopped on a flat road.	Within $\pm 0.15G$	Vertical G sensor circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 4".)	FA-50
VERTI G SE RR [G]				
STEERING ANG [°]	Steering wheel is turned in either direction.	Steering wheel angle from neutral is displayed.	Steering angle sensor circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 2".)	FA-48
SELECT SW [AUTO-SPORT]	Select switch position	Set to "AUTO": AUTO Set to "SPORT": SPORT	Select switch circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 5".)	FA-51
STOP LAMP SW [ON-OFF]	Brake pedal position	Brake pedal is depressed. : ON Brake pedal is released. : OFF	Stop lamp switch circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 3".)	FA-49
NEUTRAL SIG [ON-OFF]	Steering wheel is set at neutral or is turned in either direction.	Neutral position: ON Other position: OFF	Steering angle sensor circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 2".)	FA-48
DAMP MTR F/R [Step]	Actuator position	16 step	Shock absorber actuator circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 6".)	FA-53
DAMP MTR F/L [Step]				
DAMP MTR R/R [Step]		16 step		
DAMP MTR R/L [Step]				
POWER STR SOL [A]	Increase vehicle speed from 0 to 100 km/h (0 to 62 MPH).	0 km/h (0 MPH): Approx. 1.1A 100 km/h (62 MPH): Approx. 0.47A	EPS solenoid circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 7" and "Diagnostic Procedure 8".)	FA-56 FA-57
INDICATOR [ON-OFF]	Ignition switch is turned to "ON" or engine is operating.	Indicator lamp is on. : ON Indicator lamp is off. : OFF	Indicator lamp circuit (Refer to "Diagnostic Procedure 5".)	FA-51



ACTIVE TEST PROCEDURE

1. Connect CONSULT-II to data link connector, then start the engine.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

CONSULT-II Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

DIAGNOSIS MODE SELECTION
SELF-DIAG RESULTS
DATA MONITOR
ACTIVE TEST
ECU PART NUMBER

PST412B

2. Touch "START", "ACT D/SUS" and "ACTIVE TEST".

SELECT TEST ITEM
INDICATOR
DAMPER

SFA986B

3. Touch "INDICATOR" or "DAMPER" as required.

DAMPER
SELECT MONITOR ITEM
MAIN SIGNALS
SELECTION FROM MENU

SFA987B

- When "INDICATOR" is to be selected:
 - Touch "MAIN SIGNAL", then "START".

ACTIVE TEST	
INDICATOR	OFF
MONITOR	
DAMP MTR FR	XXX
DAMP MTR FL	XXX
DAMP MTR RR	XXX
DAMP MTR RL	XXX
INDICATOR	XXX

SFA988B

- When "OFF" is touched, indicator lamp goes out regardless of select switch positions. Monitor indicator will then be turned "OFF".
- When "ON" is touched, indicator lamp comes on regardless of select switch positions. Monitor indicator will then be turned "ON".

DAMPER
SELECT MONITOR ITEM
MAIN SIGNALS
SELECTION FROM MENU

SFA987B

- When "DAMPER" is to be selected:
 - Touch "SELECTION FROM MENU".
 - Select and touch "DAMP MTR F/R" or "DAMP MTR F/L", and "DAMP MTR R/R" or "DAMP MTR R/L", as required.
 - Touch "ENTER", then "START".

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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES

CONSULT-II Inspection Procedure (Cont'd)

ACTIVE TEST	
DAMPER TEST CONDITION	
FL-N	FR-N
RL-N	RR-N
MONITOR	
DAMP MTR FR	XXX
DAMP MTR FL	XXX

SFA989B

- 4) "4 step" for front damper motors and "4 step" for rear damper motor will be then shown on the display.
- 5) Touch "CONDITION CHANGE", "FL-N, FR-N, RL-N, RR-N" and "START".

ACTIVE TEST	
DAMPER TEST CONDITION	
FL-HS	FR-HS
RL-HS	RR-HS
MONITOR	
DAMP MTR FR	XXX
DAMP MTR FL	XXX

SFA990B

- 6) "96 step" for front damper motors and "96 step" for rear damper motor will then appear on the display.
- 7) Touch "CONDITION CHANGE", "FL-HS, FR-HS, RL-HS, RR-HS" and "START".

ACTIVE TEST	
DAMPER TEST CONDITION	
FL-SS	FR-SS
RL-SS	RR-SS
MONITOR	
DAMP MTR FR	XXX
DAMP MTR FL	XXX

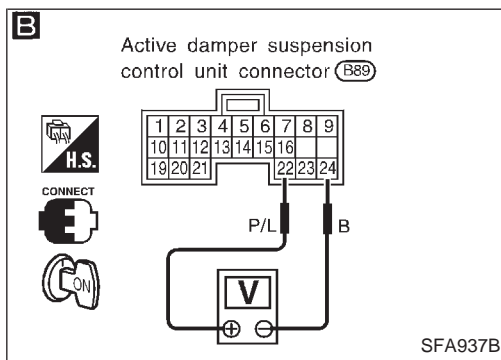
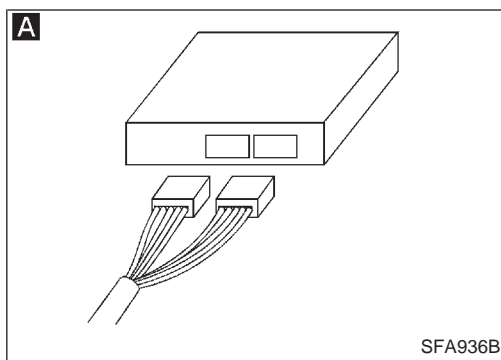
SFA991B

- 8) "0 step" for front damper motors and "0 step" for rear damper motor will then appear on the display.
- 9) Touch "CONDITION CHANGE" and "FL-SS, FR-SS, RL-SS, RR-SS" and "START".

ACTIVE TEST	
DAMPER TEST CONDITION	
FL-SH	FR-SH
RL-SH	RR-SH
MONITOR	
DAMP MTR FR	XXX
DAMP MTR FL	XXX

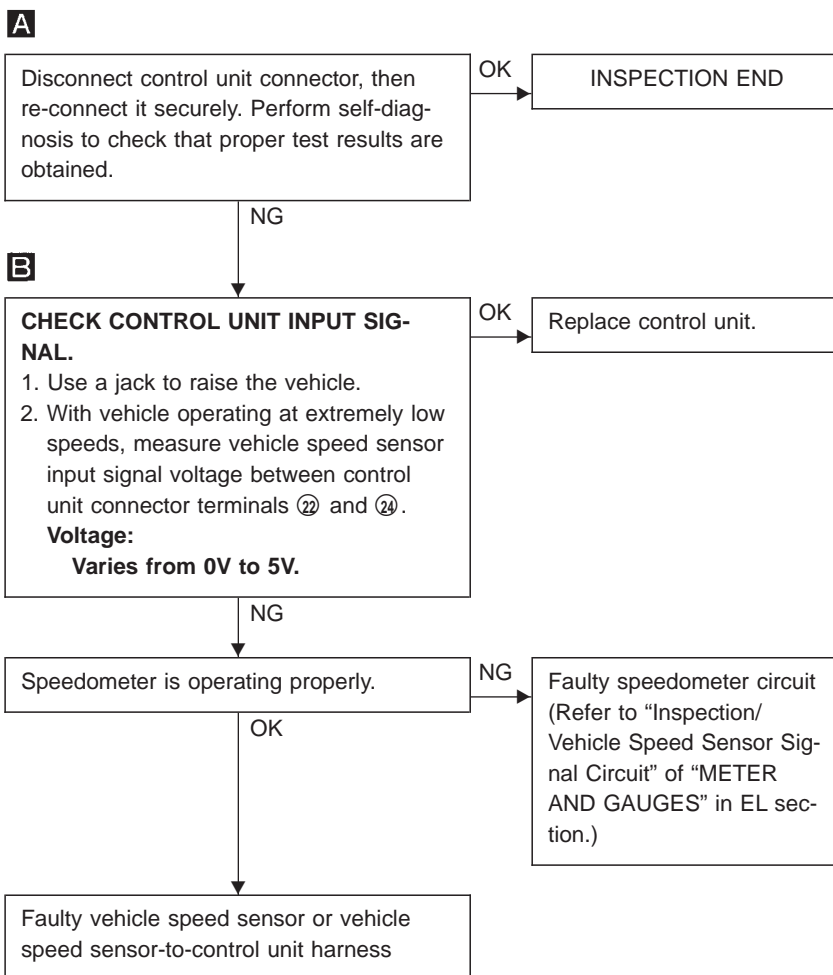
SFA992B

- 10) "-40 step" for front damper motors and "-40 step" for rear damper motor will then appear on the display.
- 11) Print out data as required.



Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Vehicle speed sensor)

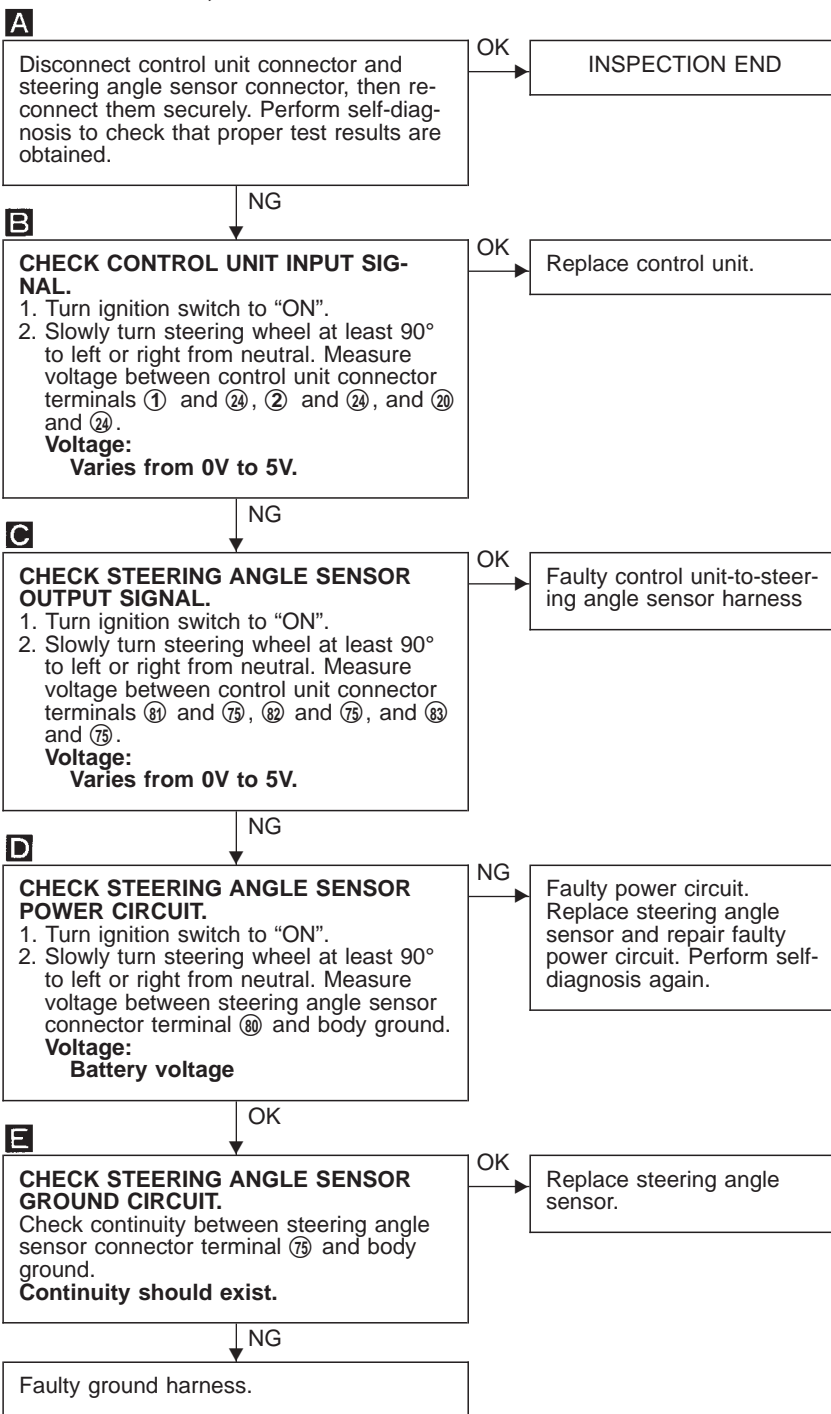
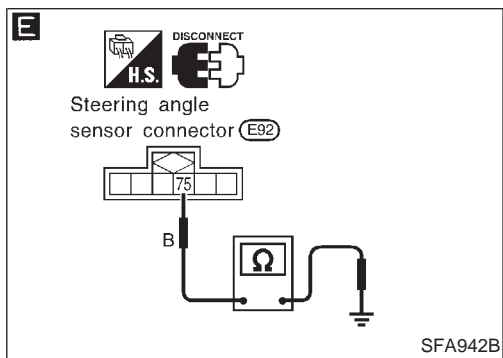
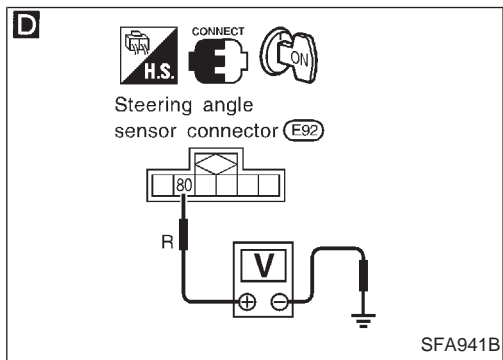
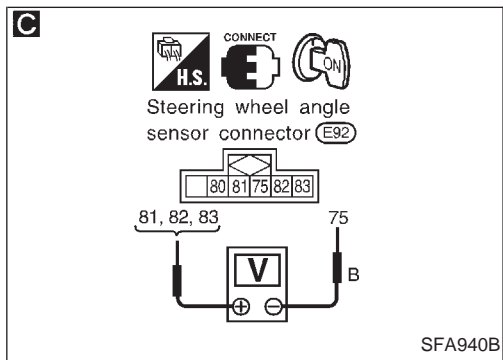
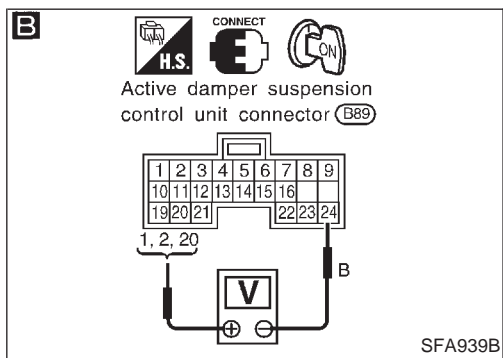
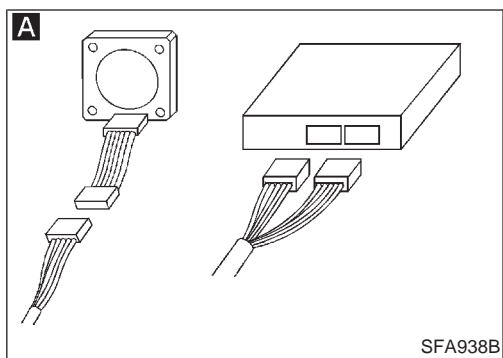
Code No. 11

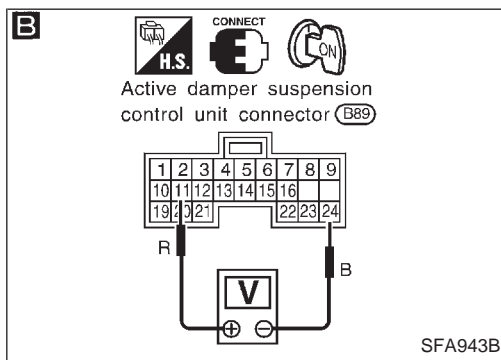
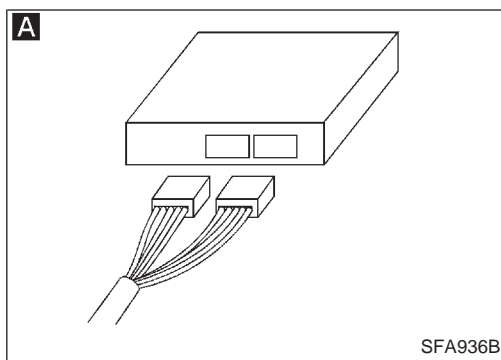


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Diagnostic Procedure 2 (Steering angle sensor)

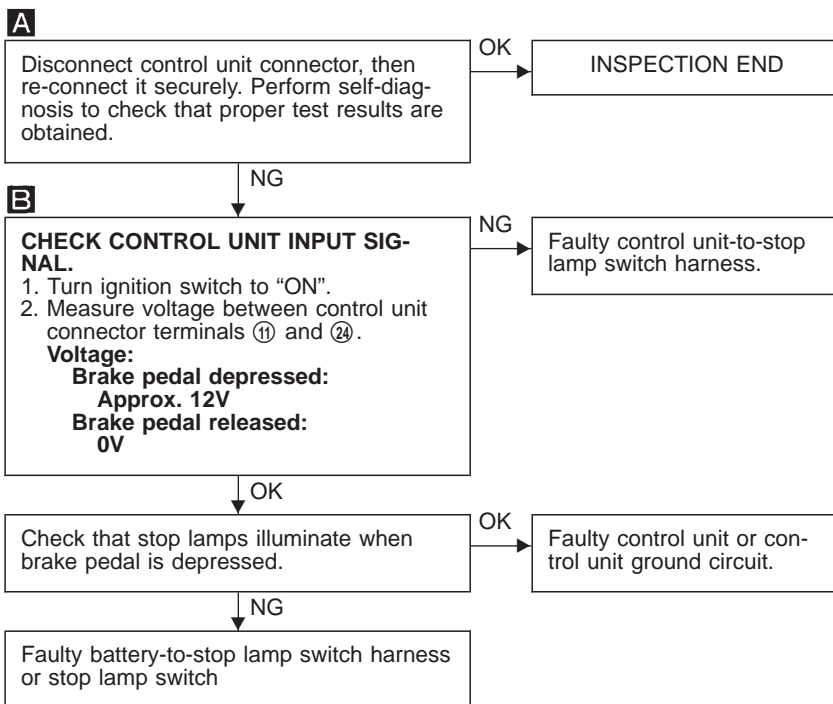
Code No. 12, 13





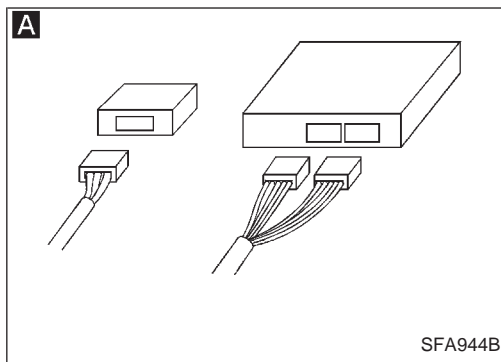
Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Stop lamp switch)

Code No. 14



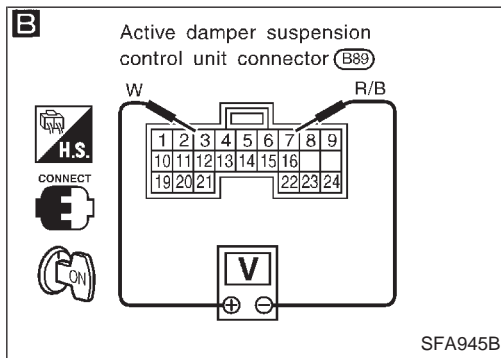
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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SELF-DIAGNOSTIC ITEMS



Diagnostic Procedure 4 (Vertical G sensor)

Code No. 22, 23



A

Disconnect control unit connector and vertical G sensor connector, then re-connect them securely. Perform self-diagnosis to check that proper test results are obtained.

OK → INSPECTION END

NG ↓

B

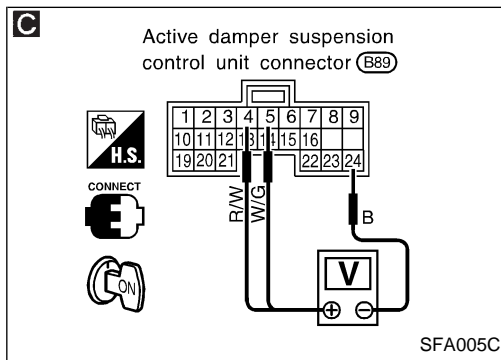
CHECK CONTROL UNIT VERTICAL G SENSOR POWER CIRCUIT.

1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
2. Measure voltage between control unit connector terminals ③ and ⑦.

Voltage:
Approx. 5V

NG → Faulty control unit or control unit ground circuit.

OK ↓



C

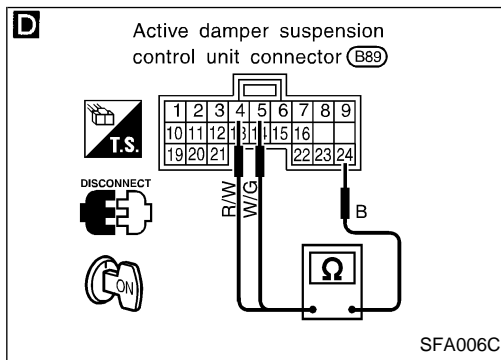
CHECK CONTROL UNIT VERTICAL G SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL.

Measure voltage between control unit connector terminals ④ and ②④, ⑤ and ②④, and ②④.

Voltage:
Approx. 2.5V

OK → Replace control unit.

NG ↓



D

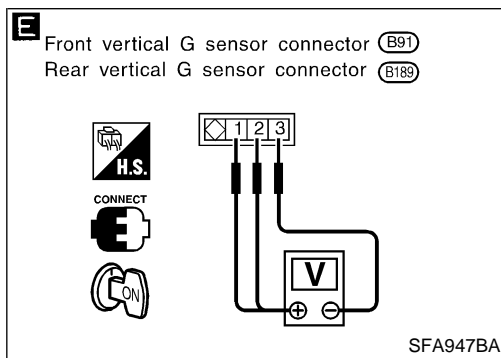
CHECK CONTROL UNIT VERTICAL G SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT.

Check continuity between control unit connector terminals ④, ⑤ and ②④.

Continuity should not exist.

NG → Faulty control unit-to-vertical G sensor harness.

OK ↓



E

CHECK VERTICAL G SENSOR OUTPUT SIGNAL.

1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
2. Measure voltage between vertical G sensor connector terminals ① and ③ and ② and ③.

Voltage:

- ① — ③
Approx. 5V
- ② — ③
Approx. 2.5V

NG → Replace vertical G sensor.

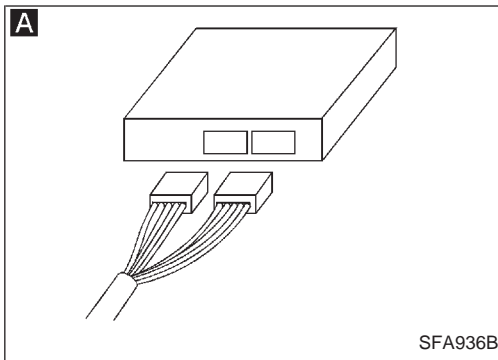
OK ↓

Faulty control unit-to-vertical G sensor harness.

Note: The front vertical G sensor is installed on the rear of the inner pillar and the rear vertical G sensor is located on the rear of the outer wheelhouse. To check each vertical G sensor output signal, remove the vertical G sensor, set it vertical, then measure voltage between terminals.

Be careful not to drop or bump the vertical G sensor as it is easy to break. If dropped or bumped, replace with a new one.

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS

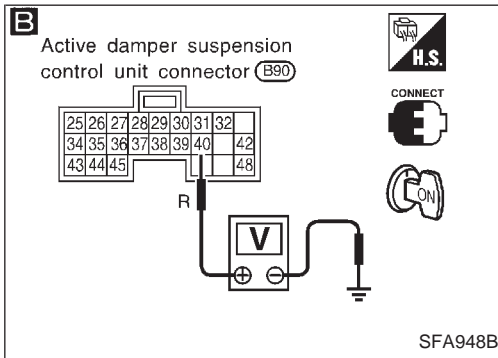


Diagnostic Procedure 5 (SPORT indicator does not come on when ignition switch is turned on.)

A Disconnect control unit connector, then re-connect it securely. Turn ignition switch to "ON" and check that indicator lamp illuminates.

OK → INSPECTION END

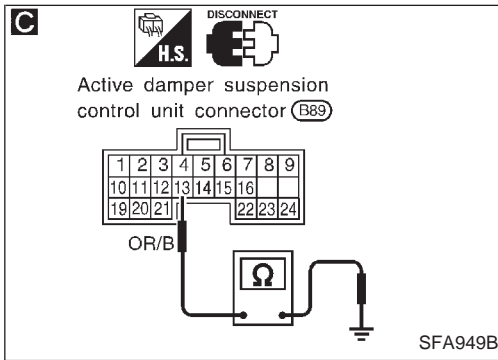
↓ NG



B **CHECK POWER CIRCUIT.**
 1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
 2. Measure voltage between control unit connector terminal ④⑩ and body ground.
Voltage:
Battery voltage

NG → Faulty power circuit.

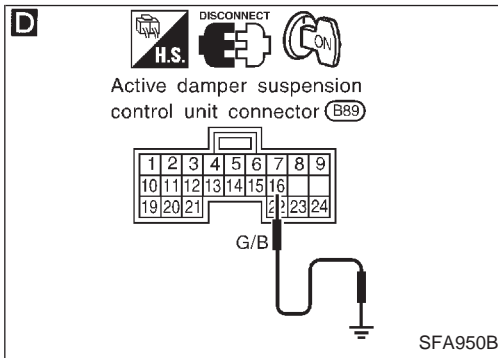
↓ OK



C **CHECK SELECT SWITCH CIRCUIT.**
 1. Disconnect control unit connector.
 2. Check continuity between control unit body harness connector terminal ⑬ and body ground.
Continuity:
AUTO: Continuity should exist.
SPORT: Continuity should not exist.

NG → A

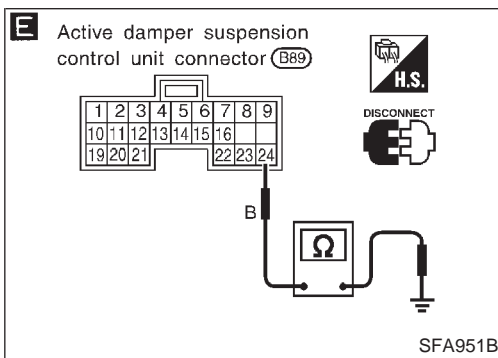
↓ OK



D **CHECK INDICATOR LAMP CIRCUIT.**
 Short control unit body harness connector terminal ⑯ to body ground to check that indicator lamp illuminates.

No → B

↓ Yes



E **CHECK CONTROL UNIT GROUND CIRCUIT.**
 Check continuity between control unit body harness connector terminal ⑳ and body ground.
Continuity should exist.

NG → Faulty control unit ground circuit.

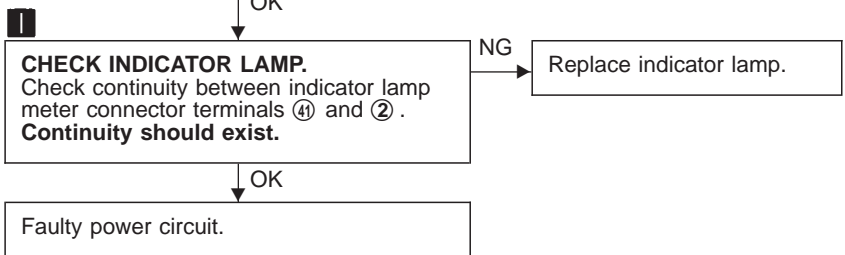
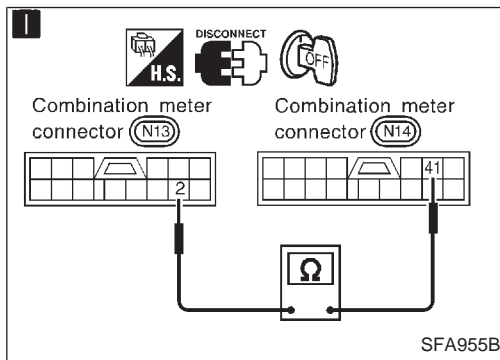
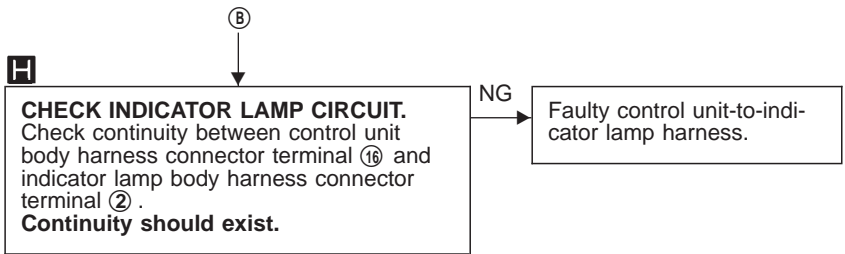
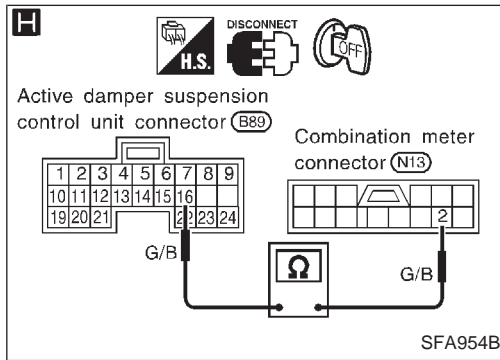
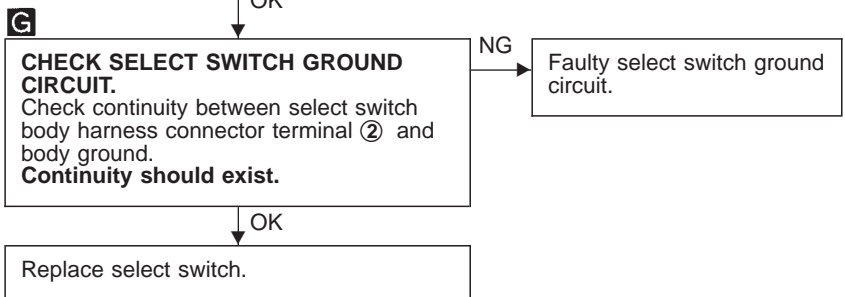
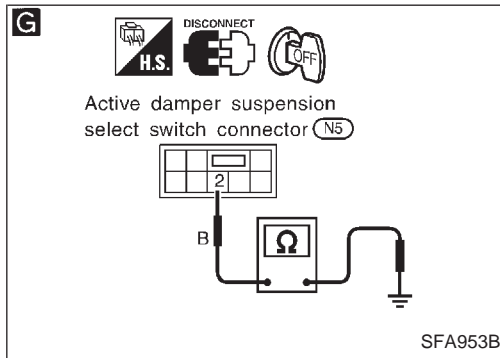
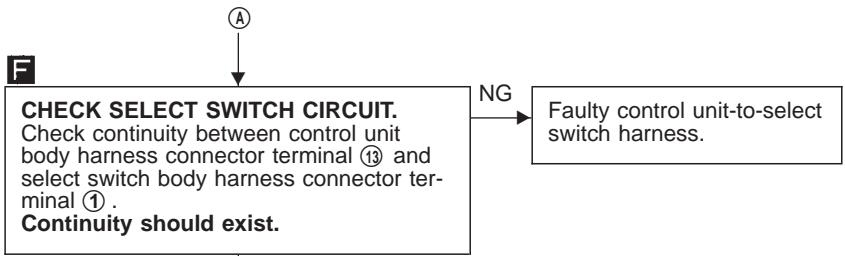
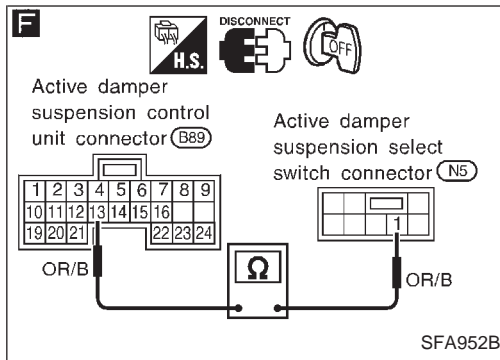
↓ OK

Replace control unit.

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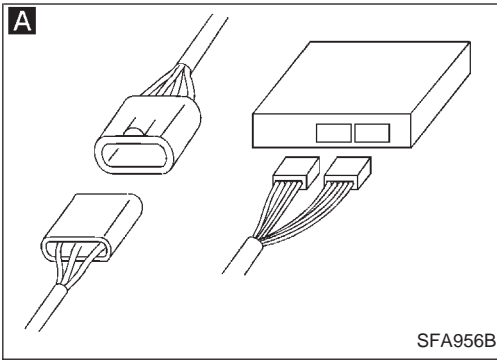
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS

Diagnostic Procedure 5 (SPORT indicator does not come on when ignition switch is turned on.) (Cont'd)



TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS

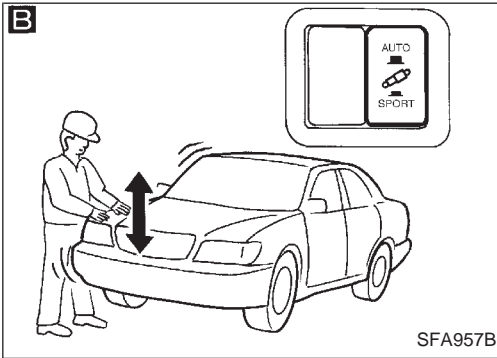
Diagnostic procedure 6 (Hard or soft feel)



A
Disconnect control unit connector and shock absorber actuator connector, then re-connect them. Perform self-diagnosis to check that proper test results are obtained.

NG → Check and repair faulty area.

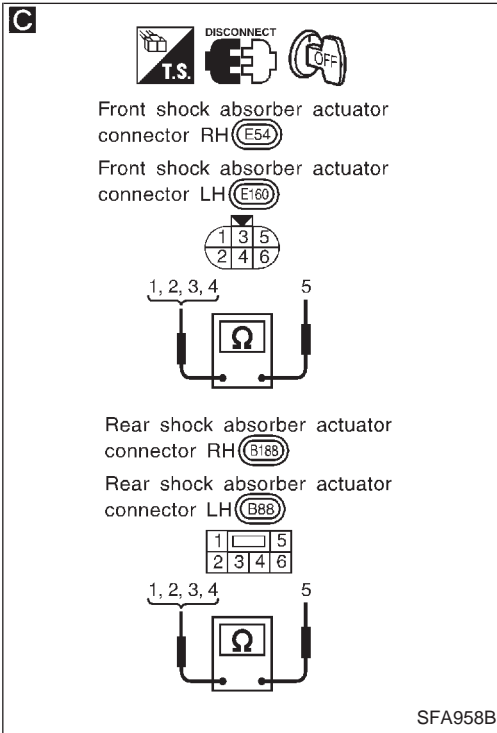
OK



B
CHECK SHOCK ABSORBER ACTUATOR OPERATION.
1. Set the diagnostic system in the self-diagnosis mode.
2. Set select switch to "AUTO", then move vehicle body up and down to check that dampening force of each shock absorber is high. Brake pedal should be released during tests.
3. Set select lever to "SPORT", then move vehicle body up and down to check that dampening force of each shock absorber is low.

OK → (A)

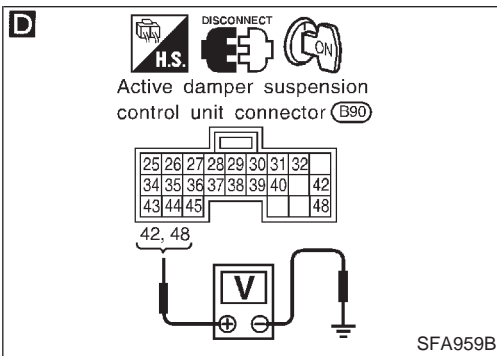
NG



C
CHECK SHOCK ABSORBER ACTUATOR.
Measure resistance between shock absorber actuator terminals ① and ⑤, ② and ⑤, and ③ and ⑤, and ④ and ⑤.
Resistance:
Approx. 9.4Ω

NG → Replace shock absorber actuator.

OK



D
CHECK CONTROL UNIT OUTPUT SIGNAL.
1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
2. Measure voltage between control unit connector terminals ④②, ④⑧ and body ground.
Voltage: Battery voltage

NG → (C)

OK

(B)

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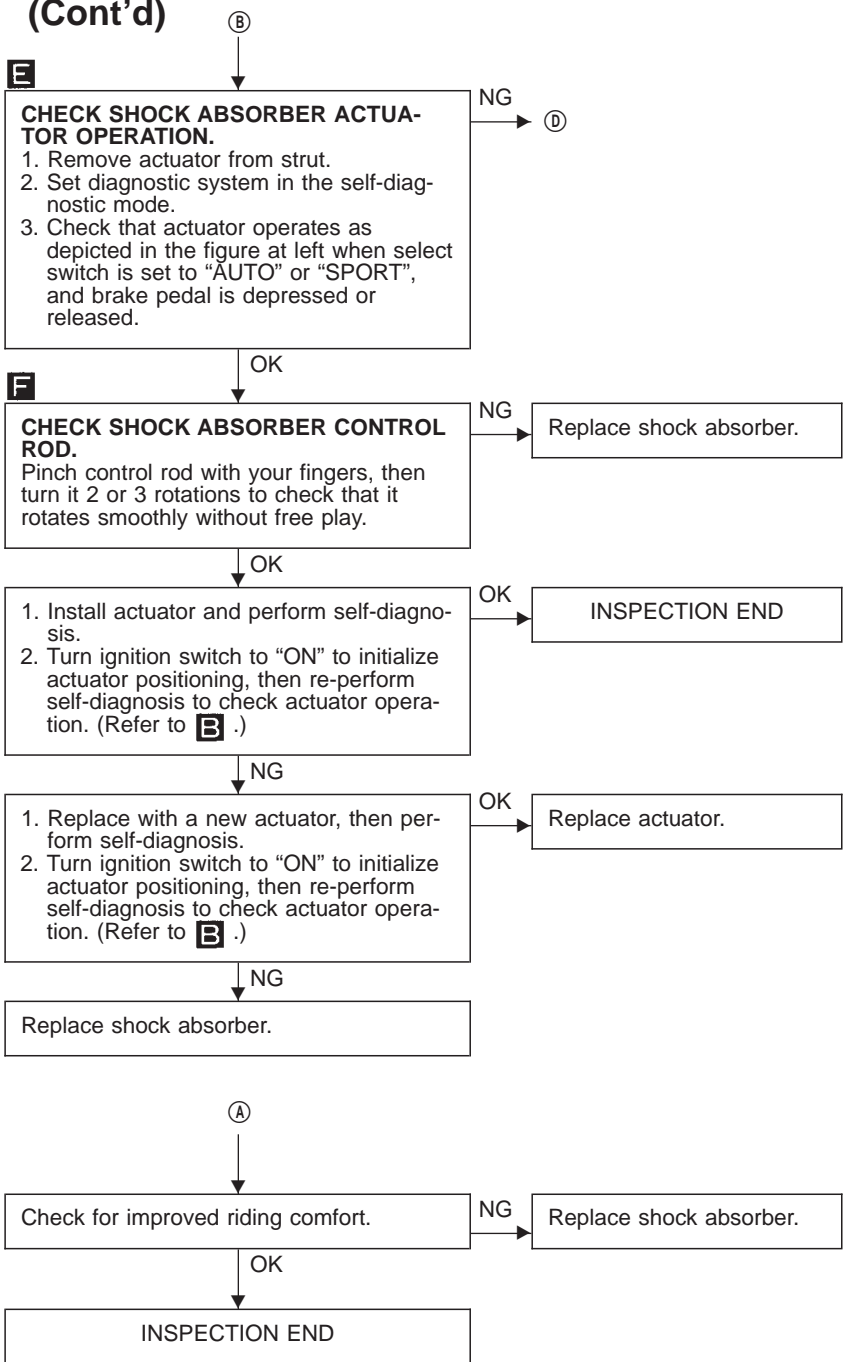
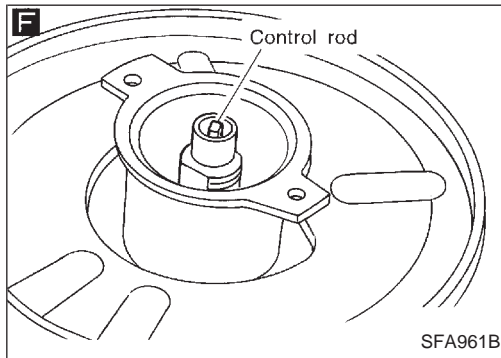
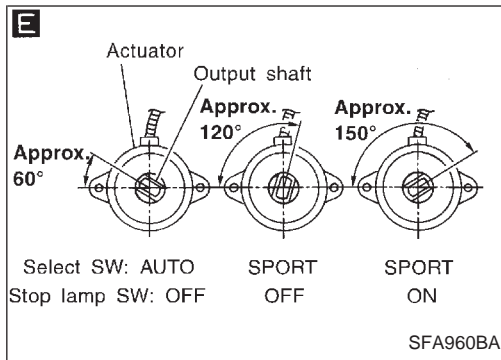
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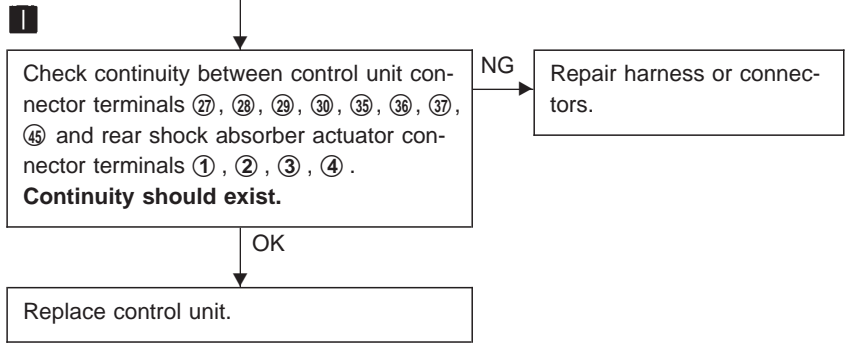
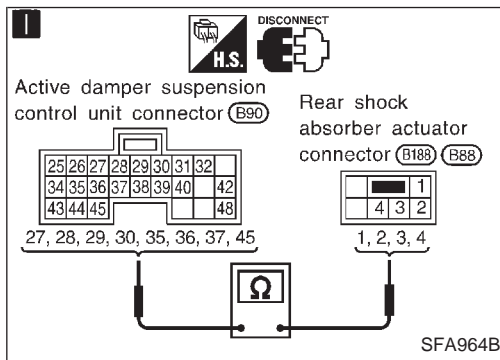
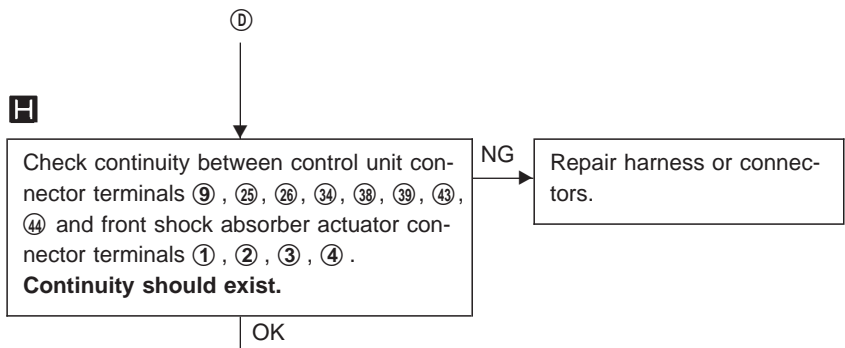
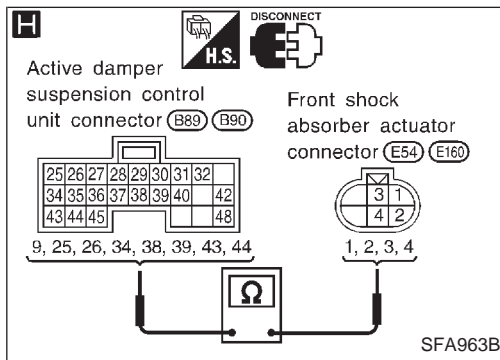
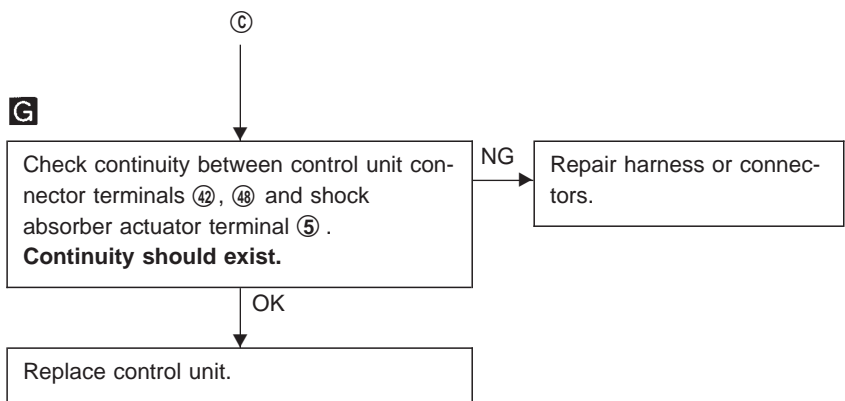
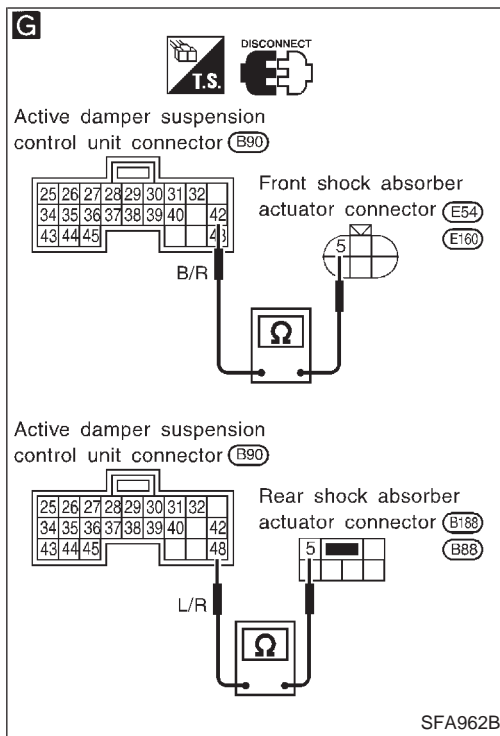
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS

Diagnostic procedure 6 (Hard or soft feel) (Cont'd)



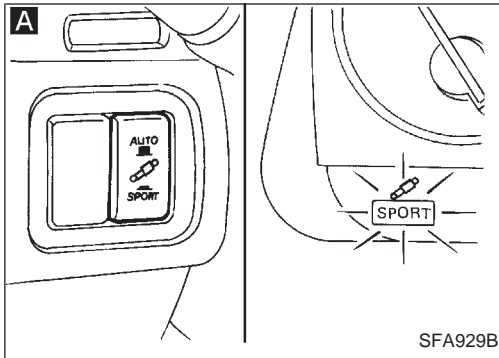
TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS

Diagnostic procedure 6 (Hard or soft feel) (Cont'd)



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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS



Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Heavy steering operation during stationary turns)

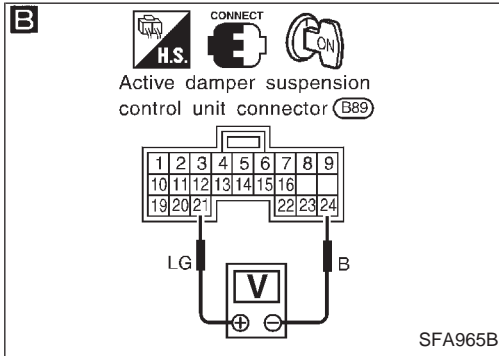
A

Perform self-diagnosis to check that vehicle speed sensor and stop lamp switch are in good order.
When self-diagnosis is performed using CONSULT-II, abnormalities concerning stop lamp switch cannot be displayed. Always perform self-diagnosis using indicator lamp located in meter cluster.

NG → Faulty vehicle speed sensor. Go to "Diagnostic Procedure 1 (Vehicle speed sensor)".

Faulty stop lamp switch. Go to "Diagnostic Procedure 3 (Stop lamp switch)".

OK

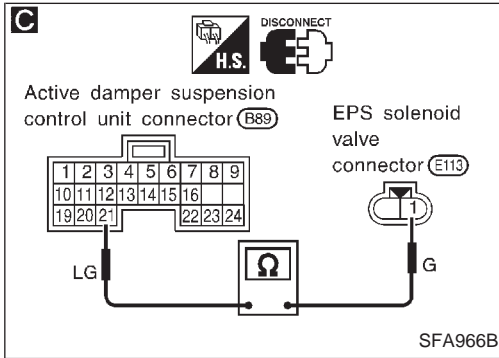


B

Check control unit output signal.
 1. Turn ignition switch to "ON".
 2. Measure voltage between control unit connector terminals ② and ④.
Voltage:
Approx. 4 - 6V

NG → Replace control unit.

OK



C

Check continuity between control unit connector terminal ② and EPS solenoid valve terminal ①.
Continuity should exist.

NG → Faulty control unit-to-EPS solenoid valve harness.

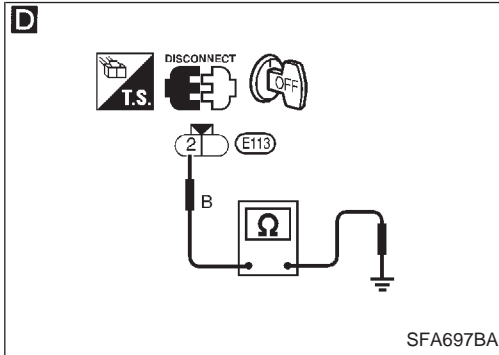
OK

D

Check continuity between EPS solenoid valve terminal ② and body ground.
Continuity should exist.

NG → Faulty EPS solenoid valve ground circuit.

OK

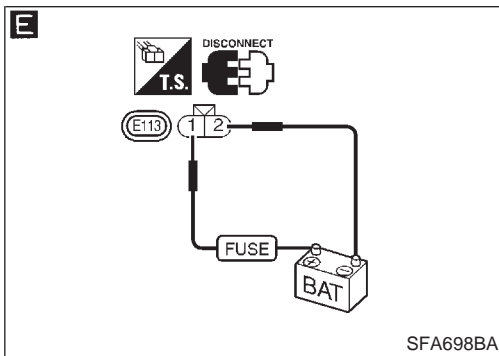


E

Check EPS solenoid valve. Disconnect EPS solenoid valve connector. Apply battery voltage to solenoid terminal to check that solenoid valve plunger clicks.

NG → Replace EPS solenoid valve.

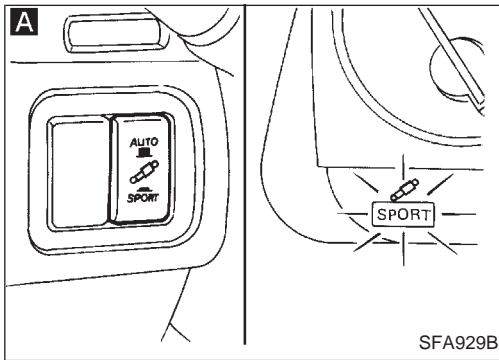
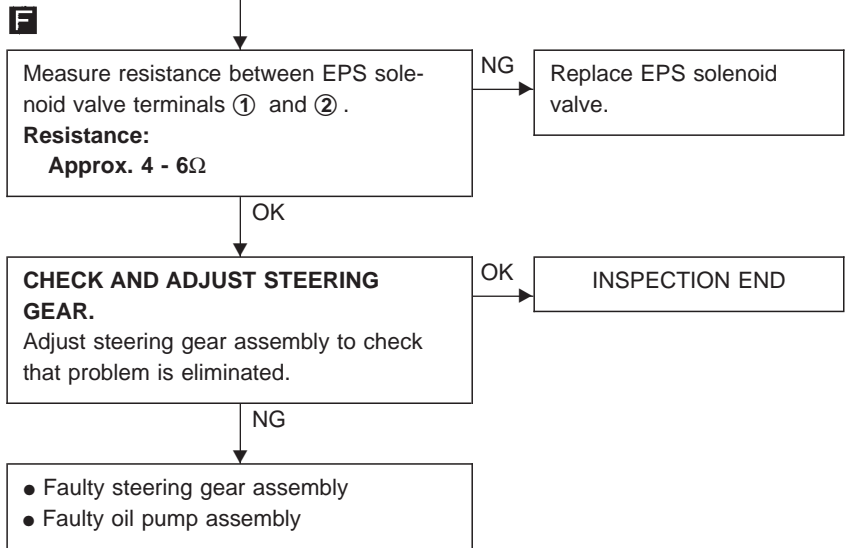
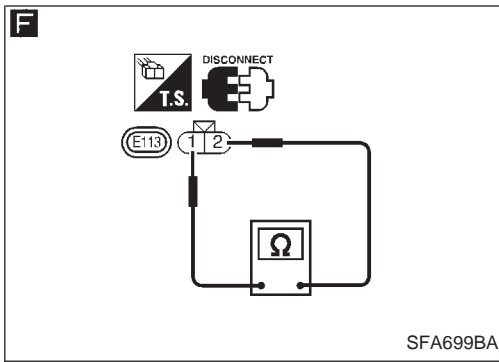
OK



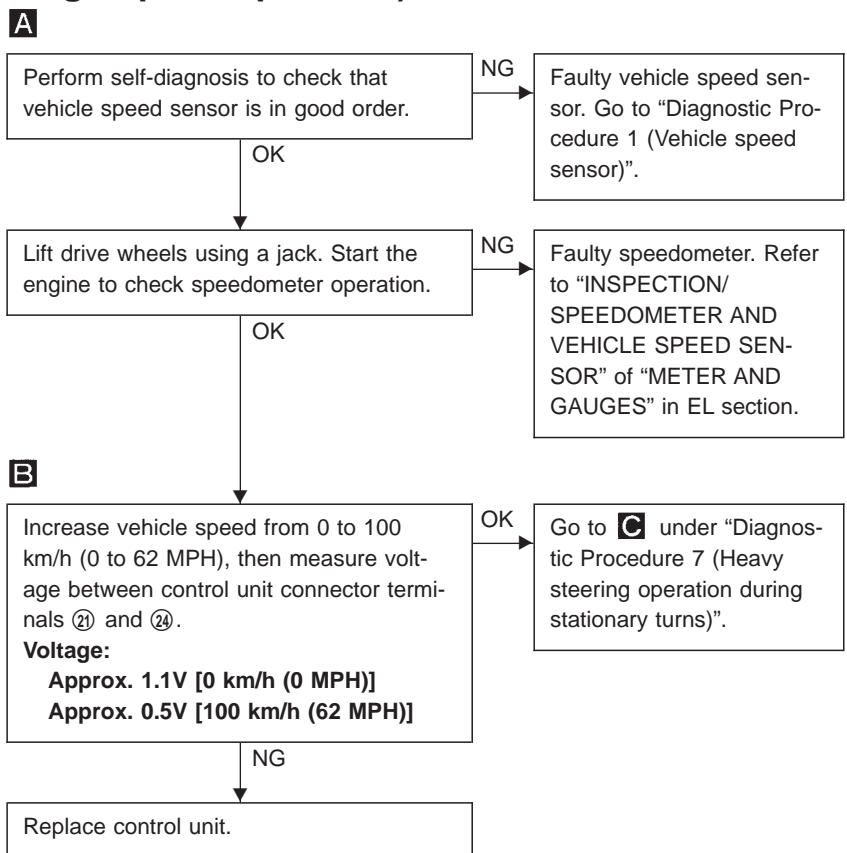
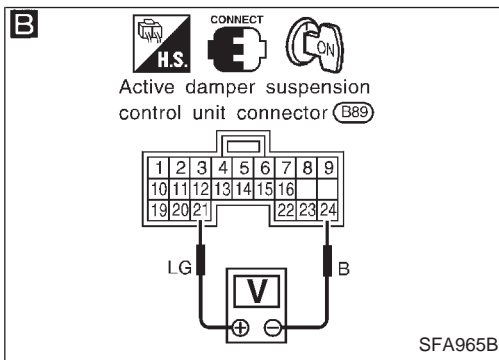
OK
 (A)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR SYMPTOMS

Diagnostic Procedure 7 (Heavy steering operation during stationary turns) (Cont'd)



Diagnostic Procedure 8 (Light steering during high-speed operation)

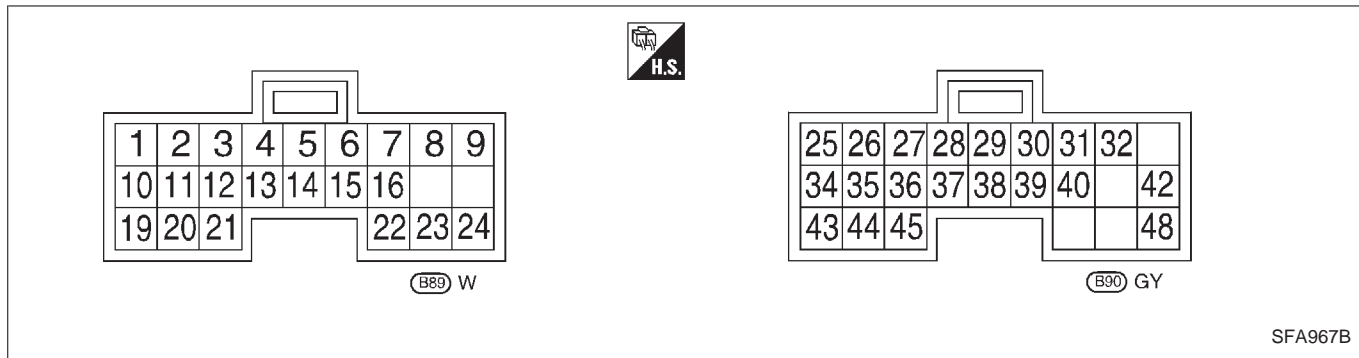


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TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION

Electrical Component Inspection

INSPECTION OF ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION CONTROL UNIT

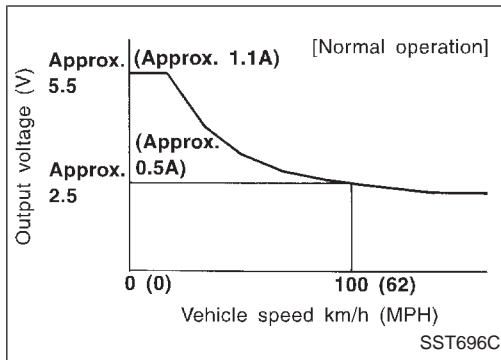


Active damper suspension control unit inspection table

Terminal No.		Parts to check	Specifications	
+	-			
10, 19, 31 32, 40	Ground	Power supply	Turn ignition switch "ON"	Battery voltage (Approx. 12V)
8, 23, 24		Ground	—	
9, 25, 26 27, 28, 29 30, 34, 35 36, 37, 38 39, 43, 44 45		Shock absorber actuator	—	
42, 48			Battery voltage (Approx. 12V)	
13		Select switch	"SPORT" "AUTO"	0V Approx. 5V
21		EPS solenoid	At 0 km/h (0 MPH) At 100 km/h (62 MPH)	Approx. 1.1A Approx. 0.47A
16		Indicator lamp (SPORT)	Select switch set to "SPORT" Select switch set to "AUTO"	0V Battery voltage (Approx. 12V)
1, 2		Steering angle sensor	Steering wheel slowly turned to either side from neutral	0 to 5V (Approx.) are repeated.
20			Steering wheel set to neutral	Approx. 5V
11		Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal released Brake pedal depressed	0V Battery voltage (Approx. 12V)
3		Vertical G sensor power supply	—	Approx. 5V
4, 5		Vertical G sensor	Vehicle standstill	Approx. 2.5V
22		Vehicle speed sensor	During extremely low speeds	0 to 5V (Approx.) are repeated.
14, 15		—	CONSULT-II	—

TROUBLE DIAGNOSES FOR ACTIVE DAMPER SUSPENSION

Electrical Component Inspection (Cont'd) EPS solenoid valve current flow characteristics



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SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specifications

Suspension type	Independent macpherson strut with coil spring
Strut type	Standard: Double-acting hydraulic Optional: Adjusting hydraulic (Active damper suspension)
Stabilizer bar	Standard equipment

Inspection and Adjustment

WHEEL ALIGNMENT (Unladen*1)

Camber	Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Minimum	-1°25' (-1.42°)	
		Nominal	-0°40' (-0.67°)	
		Maximum	0°05' (0.08°)	
		Left and right difference	1° (1.00°) or less	
Caster	Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Minimum	5°40' (5.67°)	
		Nominal	6°25' (6.42°)	
		Maximum	7°10' (7.17°)	
		Left and right difference	1° (1.00°) or less	
Kingpin inclination	Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Minimum	12°25' (12.42°)	
		Nominal	13°10' (13.17°)	
		Maximum	13°55' (13.92°)	
Total toe-in	mm (in)	Minimum	1 (0.04)	
		Nominal	2 (0.08)	
		Maximum	3 (0.12)	
Angle (left plus right)	Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Minimum	4' (0.07°)	
		Nominal	10' (0.17°)	
		Maximum	16' (0.27°)	
Wheel turning angle	Inside	Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Minimum	36°50' (36.83°)
			Nominal	39°50' (39.83°)
	Full turn*2	Degree minute (Decimal degree)	Maximum	40°50' (40.83°)
			Outside	Nominal

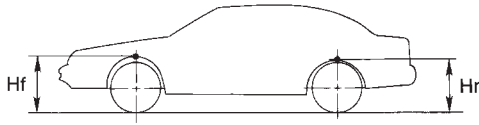
*1: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

*2: On power steering models, wheel turning force (at circumference of steering wheel) of 98 to 147 N (10 to 15 kg, 22 to 33 lb) with engine idle.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Inspection and Adjustment (Cont'd)

WHEELARCH HEIGHT (Unladen*)



SFA818A

Tire		215/60R16	225/50R17
Front (Hf)	mm (in)	731 (28.78)	722 (28.43)
Rear (Hr)	mm (in)	734 (28.90)	723 (28.46)

*: Fuel, radiator coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats in designated positions.

WHEEL BEARING

Wheel bearing end play limit	mm (in)	0.05 (0.0020) or less
Wheel bearing lock nut		
Tightening torque	N-m (kg-m, ft-lb)	206 - 284 (21 - 29, 152 - 210)
Maximum wheel bearing preload measured at wheel hub bolt	N (kg, lb)	37.3 (3.8, 8.4)

GI

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LOWER BALL JOINT

Swinging force at cotter pin hole	N (kg, lb)	8.8 - 85.3 (0.9 - 8.7, 2.0 - 19.2)
Turning torque	N-m (kg-cm, in-lb)	0.5 - 4.9 (5 - 50, 4.3 - 43)
Vertical end play	mm (in)	0 (0)

EM

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WHEEL RUNOUT (Radial and lateral)

Wheel type		Aluminum wheel
Radial runout limit	mm (in)	0.3 (0.012) or less
Lateral runout limit	mm (in)	

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